

Election Costing Request Form

Details of request	
Party:	Liberals and Nationals Government
Name of Policy:	Reducing the Opal Cap
Date of request:	10 March 2023

Description of policy	
Summary of policy (please attach copies of relevant policy documents and include information on what the policy aims to achieve):	<p>To reduce pressure on household budgets, there will be a temporary reduction in the weekly Opal cap by 20%, to \$40 for adults and \$20 for concession card holders.</p> <p>The reduction will be in place from 1 May, or as soon as practically possible post-election, until 30 June 2024.</p>
Has the policy been publicly released yet?	No

Your estimated costing of the policy ¹						
	2022/23 \$'000	2023/24 \$'000	2024/25 \$'000	2025/26 \$'000	2026/27 \$'000	Total \$'000
Impact on General Government Sector (GGS) net operating result ²	10,150	60,898	-	-	-	71,048
Impact on GGS capital expenditure ³						
If different from above, impact on total State Sector net financial liabilities ⁴						

Note: Has the policy been costed by a third party? Yes – cost estimates have been provided by Transport for NSW

If yes, can you provide a copy of this costing and its assumptions?

¹ Amounts should be expressed in nominal dollars. GGS - General Government Sector.

² Negative for a saving that reduces expenditure

³ Negative for a reduction in capital expenditure.

⁴ Only required if proposal is outside GGS. Negative for a reduction in net financial liabilities.

Key assumptions made in the policy	
Does the policy relate to a previous announcement? If yes, which announcement?	The policy builds upon the existing \$50 per week Opal cap.
What assumptions have been made in deriving the financial impacts in your estimated costing? <i>(See checklist)</i>	Administration of this policy will be met through existing resources.
Is there a range for the costing or any sensitivity analysis that you have undertaken?	
Are there associated savings, offsets or, in the case of a revenue proposal, offsetting expenses? If yes, please provide details.	
Are there significant costs or savings outside the forward estimates period which should be considered in costing this policy? ⁵	

Administration of policy	
Intended date of implementation:	1 May 2023
Intended duration of policy:	Until 30 June 2024, subject to evaluation in the context of the economy
Who will administer the policy (e.g. Government entity, non-government organisation, etc.)?	Transport for NSW
Are there any specific administrative arrangements for the policy that need to be taken into account (e.g. agreements between different levels of government)?	
Are there transitional arrangements associated with policy implementation?	

If the policy is mainly an expenditure⁶ commitment	
Demand driven or a capped amount:	Demand driven
Eligibility criteria or thresholds:	

If the policy is mainly a revenue commitment	
Transaction based or capped:	

⁵ Particularly important for large projects with long lead times, policies with a delayed timetable for implementation, or policies where up-front investment is required to achieve long term savings.

⁶ Expenditure is operating expenses, e.g. salaries, interest cost and grants. Expenditures are fully included in the impact on operating balance.

Thresholds and/or exemptions:	
Collection method:	
Additional expenditure associated with collection:	
If the policy is mainly a capital costs⁷ commitment	
Nature of Capital Spending	
Type of work, size and capacity:	
Proposed start and completion date of work:	
Intended construction schedule/cashflow:	
Associated asset sell off (if any):	
Recurrent Impacts	
Offsetting expenditure savings:	
On-going maintenance, depreciation and operational expenses:	
Third party funding involvement:	
Delivery model ⁸	

⁷ Capital costs differ from expenditure in that only depreciation will be included in the impact on operating balance.

⁸ There is a range of possible delivery models, e.g. built, owned and operated by a NSW government agency; built and transferred to a private operator; privately built for public operation; privately built and operated with government assuming risk or providing a guarantee in relation to future income (often applicable to public/private partnership arrangements), and so on. The policy should provide assumptions about the proposed delivery model.