Election Costing Request Form

Details of	request
Party:	Australian Labor Party (NSW Branch)
Name of Policy:	Retail worker protections
Date of request:	24 February 2023

Description	of policy
Summary of policy (please attach copies of relevant policy documents and include information on what the policy aims to achieve):	Customer abuse of shop workers This policy will increase the consequences for those who assault, threaten and/or abuse a shop worker, through added legislative protection for those customer facing workers required to be involved in this process. This would be done via legislative change through an amendment to the <i>Crimes Act</i> to include a new <i>Division 8C Assaults and other</i> <i>actions against shop workers</i> in Part 3 of the Act. Free safe parking in shopping centres Labor will ease the cost-of-living pressures on essential retail workers and support their safety by enshrining in planning legislation that in large shopping centres that charge for parking at least 15% of the total car parking spaces will be provided free of charge for employees of the businesses in the centre. Large shopping centres are shopping centres where the total of the lettable areas of all the retail shops (whether leased or available for lease) in the retail shopping centres is 20,000m ² or more. This does not apply to shopping centres where the Parking Space Levy applies. The existing regulation on those centres will remain.

Has the policy been publicly released yet?	Has the	policy	been	publicly	released v	et?
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No

	Your	estimated c	osting of the	e policy ¹		
	2022/23 \$'000	2023/24 \$'000	2024/25 \$'000	2025/26 \$'000	2026/27 and later years ² \$'000	Total \$'000
Impact on General Government Sector (GGS) net operating result ³						
Impact on GGS capital expenditure ⁴						
If different from above, impact on total State Sector net financial liabilities ⁵						

Note: Has the policy been costed by a third party?

If yes, can you provide a copy of this costing and its assumptions?

Key assumptions mad	de in the policy
Does the policy relate to a previous announcement? If yes, which announcement?	No
What assumptions have been made in deriving the financial impacts in your estimated costing? (See checklist)	
Is there a range for the costing or any sensitivity analysis that you have undertaken?	No.
Are there associated savings, offsets or, in the case of a revenue proposal, offsetting expenses? If yes, please provide details.	n/a

Ac	dministration	of policy
Intended date of implementation:		Upon formation of government

¹ Amounts should be expressed in nominal dollars. GGS - General Government Sector.

² Please provide information on other years if spending occurs outside the forward estimate years and will be required to cost the policy or will assist in public understanding of the policy.

³ Negative for a saving that reduces expenditure

⁴ Negative for a reduction in capital expenditure.

⁵ Only required if proposal is outside GGS. Negative for a reduction in net financial liabilities.

Intended duration of policy:	Ongoing.
Who will administer the policy (e.g. Government entity, non-government organisation, etc.)?	Treasury
Are there any specific administrative arrangements for the policy that need to be taken into account (e.g. agreements between different levels of government)?	No.
Are there transitional arrangements associated with policy implementation?	

If the policy is mainly an expo	enditure ⁶ commitment
Demand driven or a capped amount:	Uncapped
Eligibility criteria or thresholds:	n/a

If the policy is mainly a re	venue commitment
Transaction based or capped:	n/a
Thresholds and/or exemptions:	n/a
Collection method:	n/a
Additional expenditure associated with collection:	n/a

If the policy is mainly a cap	ital costs ⁷ commitment
Nature of Capital Spending	
Type of work, size and capacity:	
Proposed start and completion date of work:	
Intended construction schedule/cashflow:	
Associated asset sell off (if any):	
Recurrent Impacts	
Offsetting expenditure savings:	
On-going maintenance, depreciation and operational expenses:	
Third party funding involvement:	

⁶ Expenditure is operating expenses, e.g. salaries, interest cost and grants. Expenditures are fully included in the impact on operating balance.

⁷ Capital costs differ from expenditure in that only depreciation will be included in the impact on operating balance. The capital cost of the asset to be acquired will however be included in the net financial liabilities statement.

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Checklist for key assumptions (please be comprehensive and include all relevant assumptions). Assumptions could include, but are not limited to, questions such as:

- □ What is the expected community impact?
- □ How many people will be affected by the policy?
- □ What is the likely take up or other behavioural response you expect?
- □ Is there a cap on total spending proposed, a funding formula, resource agreement or other mechanism of this nature associated with the policy?
- □ Will third parties have a role in funding or delivering the policy (e.g. Commonwealth Government)?
- □ Will funding/program cost require indexation?
 - o If yes, do you have any assumptions about the index that should be applied?
- □ What assumptions have you made about costs of administering the policy?
- □ Will additional staff be needed in the agency responsible for the policy?
 - How many and at what approximate levels?
- □ Are there other resources required?
- □ Are you assuming administrative costs will be absorbed within the agency?

Please note that:

- The costing will be on the basis of information provided in this costing request.
- The PBO is not bound to accept the assumptions provided by the requester. If there is a material difference in the assumptions used by the PBO, the PBO will consult with the requester in advance of the costing being completed.
- Where the details of the policy costing request differ from the announced policy, the costing will be on the basis of the information provided in the costing request.
- These guidelines are intended to facilitate requests for costing election policies. Persons preparing such requests who wish further assistance are invited to contact the staff of the Parliamentary Budget Office.

⁸ There is a range of possible delivery models, e.g. built, owned and operated by a NSW government agency; built and transferred to a private operator; privately built for public operation; privately built and operated with government assuming risk or providing a guarantee in relation to future income (often applicable to public/private partnership arrangements), and so on. The policy should provide assumptions about the proposed delivery model.