Election Costing Request Form

Details of request			
Party:	Coalition		
Name of Policy:	Free car parking at Regional Hospitals		
Date of request:	30 January 2023		

Description of policy			
Summary of policy (please attach copies of relevant policy documents and include information on what the policy aims to achieve):	Provide free car parking at regional hospitals to reduce costs for patients, their carers and families.		
Has the policy been publicly released yet?	No		

Your estimated costing of the policy ¹						
	2022/23 \$'000	2023/24 \$'000	2024/25 \$'000	2025/26 \$'000	2026/27 \$'000	Total \$'000
Impact on General Government Sector (GGS) net operating result ²	1,167	7,000	7,000	7,000	42,000	64,167
Impact on GGS capital expenditure ³						
If different from above, impact on total State Sector net financial liabilities ⁴						

Note: Has the policy been costed by a third party?

If yes, can you provide a copy of this costing and its assumptions?

 $^{^{\}mathrm{1}}$ Amounts should be expressed in nominal dollars. GGS - General Government Sector.

² Negative for a saving that reduces expenditure

³ Negative for a reduction in capital expenditure.

⁴ Only required if proposal is outside GGS. Negative for a reduction in net financial liabilities.

Key assumptions made in the policy			
Does the policy relate to a previous announcement? If yes, which announcement?	No		
What assumptions have been made in deriving the financial impacts in your estimated costing?	The policy will apply to regional hospitals only and result in foregone revenue. The regional hospitals that currently have paid parking and have been included in the costing are: • Lismore • Coffs Harbour • Maitland (up to four hours free) • Gosford • Shoalhaven All other regional hospitals do not charge for parking and therefore have no costing impact from this policy. This policy also captures the Tweed Hospital which is currently being built – meaning the Tweed Hospital will not have paid parking. Estimated parking revenue from these hospitals is \$7m per annum. Foregone revenue of \$1.2m has been estimated for 2022-23, on the assumption that this policy starts 1 May. This is based off an even collection of revenue per month.		
Is there a range for the costing or any sensitivity analysis that you have undertaken?	N/A		
Are there associated savings, offsets or, in the case of a revenue proposal, offsetting expenses? If yes, please provide details.	N/A		
Are there significant costs or savings outside the forward estimates period which should be considered in costing this policy? ⁵	N/A		

Administration of policy			
Intended date of implementation:	1 May 2022		
Intended duration of policy:	Ongoing		
Who will administer the policy (e.g. Government entity, non-government organisation, etc.)?	Ministry of Health		
Are there any specific administrative arrangements for the policy that need to be taken into account	N/A		

⁵ Particularly important for large projects with long lead times, policies with a delayed timetable for implementation, or policies where up-front investment is required to achieve long term savings.

(e.g. agreements between different levels of government)?	
Are there transitional arrangements associated with policy implementation?	N/A

If the policy is mainly an expenditure ⁶ commitment			
Demand driven or a capped amount:	N/A		
Eligibility criteria or thresholds:	Applies to certain NSW regional hospitals that currently charge for parking as outlined in the key assumptions section.		

If the policy is mainly a revenue commitment			
Transaction based or capped:	N/A		
Thresholds and/or exemptions:			
Collection method:			
Additional expenditure associated with collection:			
If the policy is mainly a capital costs ⁷ commitment			
Nature of Capital Spending			
Type of work, size and capacity:	N/A		
Proposed start and completion date of work:			
Intended construction schedule/cashflow:			
Associated asset sell off (if any):			
Recurrent Impacts			
Offsetting expenditure savings:			
On-going maintenance, depreciation and operational expenses:			
Third party funding involvement:			
Delivery model ⁸			

⁶ Expenditure is operating expenses, e.g. salaries, interest cost and grants. Expenditures are fully included in the impact on operating balance.

⁷ Capital costs differ from expenditure in that only depreciation will be included in the impact on operating balance.

⁸ There is a range of possible delivery models, e.g. built, owned and operated by a NSW government agency; built and transferred to a private operator; privately built for public operation; privately built and operated with government assuming risk or providing a guarantee in relation to future income (often applicable to public/private partnership arrangements), and so on. The policy should provide assumptions about the proposed delivery model.