## **Election Costing Request Form**

Details of request		
Party:	Liberals & Nationals Government	
Name of Policy:	ANSTO Nuclear Medicine and Technology Precinct	
Date of request:	18 February 2019	

Description of policy	
Summary of policy (please attach copies of relevant policy documents and include information on what the policy aims to achieve):	ANSTO Nuclear Medicine and Technology Precinct at Lucas Heights will be a hi-tech hub in partnership with the Australian Nuclear Science and Technology Organisation. It will focus on technological and digital advances in health; advanced manufacturing and industry; agriculture, food & nutrition.  The government will contribute \$12.5m over 5 years that will go towards:  - nandin Blue - next-generation nuclear medicine industry cluster - Industry Laboratory Suites - Prototyping and Maker space - Graduate Institute Industry Foundation Program - Design Factory Sydney
Has the policy been publicly released yet?	No

	2018/19 \$'000	2019/20 \$'000	2020/21 \$'000	2021/22 \$'000	Total \$'000
Impact on GGS expenses					
Impact on GGS revenue					
Impact on General Government Sector (GGS) net operating result <sup>1</sup>					
Impact on GGS capital expenditure <sup>2</sup>					
Impact on GGS net lending/borrowing					

**Note:** Has the policy been costed by a third party? If yes, can you provide a copy of this costing and its assumptions?

Key assumptions made in the policy	
Does the policy relate to a previous announcement? If yes, which announcement?	No
What assumptions have been made in deriving the	It is assumed:
financial impacts in your estimated costing?  (See checklist)	- the \$12.5m grant will be paid progressively over the five financial years beginning from 2018-19
	Funding will be met from within existing resources
Is there a range for the costing or any sensitivity analysis that you have undertaken?	Nil identified.
Are there associated savings, offsets or, in the case of a revenue proposal, offsetting expenses?  If yes, please provide details.	
Are there significant costs or savings <b>outside</b> the forward estimates period which should be considered in costing this policy? <sup>3</sup>	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Negative for a saving that reduces expenditure

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Negative for a reduction in capital expenditure.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Particularly important for large projects with long lead times, policies with a delayed timetable for implementation, or policies where up-front investment is required to achieve long term savings.

Administration of policy		
Intended date of implementation:	May 2019	
Intended duration of policy <sup>4</sup> :	5 years	
Who will administer the policy (e.g. Government entity, non-government organisation, etc.)?	Australian Nuclear Science and Technology Organisation (ANSTO), an Australian Government body	
Are there any specific administrative arrangements for the policy that need to be taken into account (e.g. agreements between different levels of government)?	Proposal success depends on adequate and continued financial commitment by the Commonwealth Government towards the ANSTO's programs and initiatives that the NSW Government would co-commit towards.	
Are there transitional arrangements associated with policy implementation?		

If the policy is mainly an expenditure⁵ commitment		
Demand driven or a capped amount:	Capped amount \$12.5m	
Eligibility criteria or thresholds:	N/A	

If the policy is mainly a revenue commitment		
Transaction based or capped:		
Thresholds and/or exemptions:		
Collection method:		
Additional expenditure associated with collection:		
If the policy is mainly a capital costs <sup>6</sup> commitment		
Nature of Capital Spending		
Type of work, size and capacity:		
Proposed start and completion date of work:		
Intended construction schedule/cashflow:		
Associated asset sell off (if any):		
Recurrent Impacts		
Offsetting expenditure savings:		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Where a policy is intended to be ongoing, please indicate "ongoing" in the space to the right

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Expenditure is operating expenses, e.g. salaries, interest cost and grants. Expenditures are fully included in the impact on operating balance.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Capital costs differ from expenditure in that only depreciation will be included in the impact on operating balance.

_	going maintenance, depreciation and rational expenses:		
Third	d party funding involvement:		
Deliv	very model <sup>7</sup>		
	klist for key assumptions (please be comprehensive a mptions could include, but are not limited to, question	•	
	What is the expected community impact?		
	How many people will be affected by the policy?		
	What is the likely take up or other behavioural response you expect?		
	Is there a cap on total spending proposed, a funding formula, resource agreement or other mechanism of this nature associated with the policy?		
	Will third parties have a role in funding or delivering the policy (e.g. Commonwealth Government)?		
	Will funding/program cost require indexation?		
	<ul> <li>If yes, do you have any assumptions about</li> </ul>	the index that should be applied?	
	What assumptions have you made about costs of administering the policy?		
	Will additional staff be needed in the agency responsible for the policy?		
	<ul> <li>How many and at what approximate levels</li> </ul>	?	
	Are there other resources required?		

## Please note that:

• The costing will be on the basis of information provided in this costing request.

☐ Are you assuming administrative costs will be absorbed within the agency?

- The PBO is not bound to accept the assumptions provided by the requester. If there is a material difference in the assumptions used by the PBO, the PBO will consult with the requester in advance of the costing being completed.
- Where the details of the policy costing request differ from the announced policy, the costing will be on the basis of the information provided in the costing request.
- These guidelines are intended to facilitate requests for costing election policies. Persons preparing such requests who wish further assistance are invited to contact the staff of the Parliamentary Budget Office.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> There is a range of possible delivery models, e.g. built, owned and operated by a NSW government agency; built and transferred to a private operator; privately built for public operation; privately built and operated with government assuming risk or providing a guarantee in relation to future income (often applicable to public/private partnership arrangements), and so on. The policy should provide assumptions about the proposed delivery model.