

Parliamentary Budget Office - Election Policy Costing

NSW Parliament • Parliament House, Macquarie Street Sydney NSW 2000

Referred By: Coalition Proposal No: C023
Date Referred: 31/01/2019 Date Published: 18/03/2019

Proposal Title: Open Spaces

Cluster: Planning and Environment

General Government Sector Impacts

\$'000 \$'000

Expenses (ex. depreciation)

Depreciation

-

2018-19

 Less: Offsets

 Revenue

 Net Operating Balance:
 (500)
 (1,000)
 (1,500)

2019-20

2020-21

\$'000

500

2021-22

\$'000

1,000

4 year Total

\$'000

1,500

 Capital Expenditure
 12,500
 12,500
 12,500
 37,500

 Capital Offsets

 Net Capital Expenditure:
 12,500
 12,500
 12,500
 37,500

Net Lending/(Borrowing): - (12,500) (12,500) (37,500)

Total State Sector Impacts

Net Lending/(Borrowing): - (12,500) (12,500) (37,500)

Notes and costing assumptions

This policy proposes spending \$150 million for new and improved public parklands and to create a network of connected regional parks and gardens across Sydney. An amount of \$100 million has already been funded under the current Strategic Open Spaces policy administered by the Department of Planning and Environment. The policy states that any administrative costs to implement the capital works program are to be absorbed by the Department of Planning and Environment.

The PBO estimates that the additional cost of this policy is \$37.5 million over the forward estimates, and \$50 million once the policy concludes in 2022-23. Additionally, the PBO has also estimated depreciation expenses of \$1.5 million over the forward estimates and \$3.0 million by 2022-23. The table above reflects the cost of new parks or upgrades to existing parks in locations including: Hurstville, Ermington, Penrith, Beaumont Hills, Leppington, Appin, Frenchs Forest and Carramar.

The PBO has assumed the assets are depreciated on a straight line basis at a rate of 4% over a useful life of 25 years. This is based on various local council's depreciation policies for open space assets.