

Parliamentary Budget Office - Election Policy Costing

NSW Parliament • Parliament House, Macquarie Street Sydney NSW 2000

Referred By: Date Referred:	Australian Labor Party 14/03/2019	Proposal No: Date Published:	B443 18/03/2019
Proposal Title:	Labor's Plan to support live music		
Cluster:	Industry		

General Government Sector Impacts

	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	4 year Total			
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000			
Expenses (ex. depreciation)	-	7,863	6,063	5,763	19,689			
Depreciation	-	-	250	250	500			
Less: Offsets	-	850	850	850	2,550			
Revenue	-	-	-	-	-			
Net Operating Balance:	-	(7,013)	(5,463)	(5,163)	(17,639)			
Capital Expenditure	-	10,000	-	-	10,000			
Capital Offsets	-	-	-	-	-			
Net Capital Expenditure:	-	10,000	-	-	10,000			
Net Lending/(Borrowing):	-	(17,013)	(5,213)	(4,913)	(27,139)			
Total State Sector Impacts								
Net Lending/(Borrowing):	-	(17,013)	(5,213)	(4,913)	(27,139)			

Notes and costing assumptions

The policy is to provide \$35 million (including \$30 million in the forward estimates) to support live music in NSW through various initiatives including the creation of a new music development hub. The policy is estimated to reduce the net operating balance by \$17.6 million over the forward estimates, and reduce net lending by \$27.1 million. The cost over the forward estimates is estimated at \$30.189 million comprising \$27.139 million new funding, \$2.550 million in redirected funds from Arts NSW and \$0.5 million depreciation.

Costing assumptions

The policy specifies that recurrent spending will be \$7.863 million in 2019-20, \$6.063 million in 2020-21 and \$5.763 million in 2021-22 (with a further \$5.713 million in 2022-23). Of these amounts, the policy specifies \$0.850 million per year will be reallocated from within existing funding from relevant agencies (noted as offsets in the table above).

The policy also specifies that capital funding of \$10 million in 2019-20 would support the construction and fitout of a music development hub, specifications for which would be scaled to available resources. We have assumed the capital spending is completed in 2019-20, and produces assets that are depreciated over 40 years in a straight line. This produces depreciation expenses of \$0.250 million a year in 2020-21 and 2021-22 (and 2022-23).

Notes and costing assumptions continued:

The policy specifies the recurrent funding would support:

- various programs including grants and the creation of a Music Industry Office, which would be scaled to available resources
- machinery of government changes to simplify and amalgamate noise and live music regulation, to be funded through reallocating existing resources
- a Night Life Commissioner, funded from existing resources with hours and remuneration scaled to available resources, and
- an on-going round table on the night time economy, funded from within existing resources.

Funding for the policy is provided to 30 June 2023.