INQUIRY INTO ABILITY OF LOCAL GOVERNMENTS TO FUND INFRASTRUCTURE AND SERVICES

Name: Name suppressed

Date Received: 19 April 2024

Partially Confidential

Introduction

I would like to thank the Committee for the opportunity to make a submission to the Inquiry into the ability of local governments to fund infrastructure and services.

I note that this is replacing the proposed review of local council financial models that was to be undertaken by iPart.

I also note that the Terms of Reference differ from the iPart Review which included:

- Visibility of Councillors and the community over the financial and operational performance of their councils.
- Whether the current budget and financial processes used by councils are delivering value for money for ratepayers and residents.
- Whether the current funding model will sustainably support the needs of the communities.
- Whether councils (both Councillors and staff have the financial capacity and capability to meet current and future needs of communities.
- How can better planning and reporting systems improve long term budget performance, transparency, and accountability to the community.

I support the Terms of Reference of this Inquiry to ensure that the mechanisms to fund local government are appropriate to provide the level of infrastructure and services required.

However, it is equally important that there are robust processes to ensure that communities are getting the best possible outcome from all sources of funding.

Format of this Submission.

The format of this submission is to provide you with the rationale for requiring Councils to have fiscal transparency and accountability. This is critical to ensure that their communities can readily evaluate if their Council is delivering services that are appropriate and financially responsible. This is because it is equally important to ensure adequate funding sources and that this funding is used appropriately and equitably.

This submission will outline a range of issues, demonstrating the risk to communities from inadequate checks and balances of financial management by their local Council.

Infrastructure.

In October 2023, Sutherland Shire Council published a Draft Overland Flood Study for community feedback. At the same time, they wrote to 15,600 residents whose properties were affected in the Draft Study and informed them that 'the land has been potentially flood prone based on the available information. Council has adopted a policy to restrict the development of flood prone land in accordance with NSW Government's Flood Prone Policy. Further investigation will be required to determine the flood risk on this land'.

Council had determined **not** to conduct the normal format of community engagement prior to conducting the Overland Flood Study due to the cost and time involved. As a result, residents receiving these letters were blindsided. Because it was an Overland (stormwater) Flood Study, it affected many residents who did not live near any waterways, on high ground and in many cases sloping blocks and had no experience or expectation of flooding.

The letter advising them that they would be restricted from developing their land, created uproar.

In response, there were 2 subsequent Mayoral Minutes delivered at the November and December 2023 Council meetings. Copies of these Mayoral Minutes were mailed to the 15,600 residents.

Additional Agenda of Council Meeting - Monday, 6 November 2023 (nsw.gov.au)

Additional Agenda of Council Meeting - Monday, 11 December 2023 (nsw.gov.au)

These Mayoral Minutes acknowledged the overwhelming community angst, adverse community feedback and concern. This correspondence blamed the NSW State Government, the Overland Flood Study consultants and later the community. (for not understanding the technical aspect of the study). It also acknowledged that there were flaws in the methodology as Councillors had not been provided with the full suite of information to inform their decisions.

This fuelled a strong community campaign which resulted in council resolving to investigate options, including an option of abandoning the current Overland Flood Study and starting again.

Minutes of Council Meeting - Monday, 18 March 2024 (nsw.gov.au) (page8)

However, in the context of this submission, the fracas about the Draft Overland Flood Study turned the communities focus on management of Stormwater Infrastructure.

Sutherland Shire Infrastructure Management.

There were widespread concerns, expressed by the community, that the Sutherland Shire Council Stormwater Infrastructure was poorly maintained and under resourced.

The first task was to compare the Sutherland Shire Council Capital Expenditure with a peer group to establish if there was any justification for the community concern.

Below is comparative data sourced from the Operational Plans from several Councils.

This demonstrates significant variances in revenue and expenditure, including Operational and Capital Grants, Capital Expenditure budgets and Stormwater Expenditure.

Whilst it is acknowledged that all Local Government Areas are different with varying priorities and cost drivers, there were several factors which indicated the need for further review. This included the low Capital Expenditure Budget including the allocation for Stormwater Infrastructure.

23/24 Council CAPEX Budget Comparison									
	Population	Income (million)	CAPEX Budget (million)	Stormwater/ Drainage Budget (million)		Operational Grants (million)		Capital Grants (million)	
Sutherland Shire Council	231 K	\$ 287	\$ 76.11	\$	1.70	\$	14.50	\$	14.00
Northern Beaches Council	263 K	\$ 437	\$ 102.00	\$	4.77	\$	27.50	\$	32.30
Wollongong Council	216 K	\$ 357	\$ 106.00	\$	6.80	\$	29.50	\$	38.70
Penrith City Council	219 K	\$ 384	\$ 153.00	\$	7.07	\$	9.00	\$	43.00
Lake Macquarie Council	213 K	\$ 351	\$ 118.00	\$	4.30	\$	27.30	\$	41.00
Inner West Council	188 K	\$ 307	\$ 111.16	\$	2.60	\$	9.10	\$	37.80

Council Income from Rates Comparison		
	Population	Rates revenue (million)
	231	\$
Sutherland Shire Council	K	190
	263	\$
Northern Beaches Council	K	246
	216	\$
Wollongong Council	K	232
	219	\$
Penrith City Council	K	148
	213	\$
Lake Macquarie Council	K	158
	188	\$
Inner West Council	K	132

The next step was to review Sutherland Shire Councils 2022-32 Resourcing Asset Management Strategy.

The Asset Management Plan for Stormwater and Waterways Infrastructure commences on page 51.

<u>04-resourcing-strategy-asset-management-2022-32-adopted.pdf (nsw.gov.au)</u>

Below is a screenshot of the Stormwater Lifecycle costs, listed as approximately \$5 million per annum.

Forecast Lifecycle Costs and Long Term Financial plan

Our forecast lifecycle activity costs as at 2021/22 are shown below:

Year (ending June 30)	Acquisition (\$)	Operation (\$)	Maintenance (\$)	Renewal (\$)	Total (\$)
2023	700,000	519,700	3,680,335	300,000	5,200,035
2024	700,000	519,700	3,680,335	300,000	5,200,035
2025	700,000	319,700	3,680,335	300,000	5,000,035
2026	700,000	319,700	3,680,335	300,000	5,000,035
2027	700,000	319,700	3,680,335	300,000	5,000,035
2028	700,000	319,700	3,680,335	300,000	5,000,035
2029	700,000	319,700	3,680,335	300,000	5,000,035
2030	700,000	319,700	3,680,335	300,000	5,000,035
2031	700,000	319,700	3,680,335	300,000	5,000,035
2032	700,000	319,700	3,680,335	300,000	5,000,035
Total	7,000,000	3,597,000	36,803,350	3,000,000	50,400,350

The outlays forecast for operations, maintenance, renewals and upgrades in this plan are network-wide estimates and are accommodated in the Long Term Financial Plan over the ten year period. Specific projects and programs are selected on a priority basis. The level of accuracy in estimating future works diminishes as the forward planning period is further away. These estimates will be updated in future plan revisions as more data becomes available.

Outlays for new assets will be accommodated on the basis of service priority, confirmation of grant funding or developer contribution.

It is noted that the Capital Expenditure Budgets listed in the 2023-33 Long-Term Financial Plan for Stormwater Assets is significantly **less** than outlined in the Assets Management Resourcing Strategy.

The Lifecycle cost for the Stormwater Assets is \$5 million dollars per annum which is comparable to the expenditure of similar sized Councils.

The Sutherland Shire Council 23-33 Long-Term Financial Strategy allocation for Stormwater Drainage averages \$2.4 million dollars per annum.

Their Draft 24-25 Long-Term Financial Strategy has increased the Stormwater Drainage budget allocation to an average of \$3 million dollars per annum, still significantly less than the Lifecycle cost and less than peer Councils.

Resourcing Strategy - Long Term Financial Plan 2023 - 2033 | 19

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	
Capital Expenditure	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	
	\$ '000	\$ '000	\$1000	\$ '000	\$ '000	\$ '000	\$ '000	\$1000	\$ '000	
Infrastructure Capital Expenditure										
Roads	15,245	16,756	14,137	16,597	13,893	14,165	14,444	14,730	15,023	
Footpaths	11,551	7,420	3,530	3,709	3,289	3,371	3,456	3,542	3,631	
Stormwater Drainage	2,338	1,353	2,455	2,440	2,477	2,514	2,552	2,591	2,631	
Open Space/Recreational Assets	27,122	27,209	25,229	17,988	14,967	15,341	15,724	16,117	18,520	
Buildings	13,512	24,648	19,519	17,816	22,438	25,889	26,248	27,617	27,995	
Total Infrastructure	69,768	77,386	64,870	58,550	57,063	61,280	62,425	64,598	67,800	
Non-Infrastructure Capital Expenditure										
Plant and Equipment	1,503	2,356	1,765	2,514	2,432	2,493	2,556	2,619	2,685	
Office Equipment (includes CCTV and WiFi)	3,345	369	-	-	-	3,300			10	
Library Books	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,600	1,700	1,800	1,900	2,000	
Total Other	6,348	4,225	3,265	4,014	4,032	7,493	4,356	4,519	4,685	
Total Capital Expenditure	76,116	81,611	68,135	62,564	61,095	68,773	66,780	69,117	72,485	
Total Capital Expenditure	76,116	81,011	00,135	62,564	61,095	00,773	66,780	69,117	72,465	_
Source of Funds	/						10			
General Fund	30,774	41,874	39,290	35,775	38,425	46,195	43,888	45,902	48,940	
Grants and Contributions	7,343	8,357	1,630	1,630	1,930	1,978	2,028	2,078	2,130	
Unexpended Grants & Contributions	1,643	6,100	-	-	-	-		-	-	
Plant Replacement Reserve (Proceeds from Sale)	377	702	450	900	778	797	817	838	858	
Developer Contributions	15,695	5,916	14,150	13,500	12,316	12,549	12,788	13,033	13,283	
Stormwater Management Reserve	1,923	1,231	1,255	1,240	1,247	1,253	1,260	1,267	1,273	
Cleanaway VPA Funds	3,744	2,104	3,606	3,398	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	
Cronulla Town Centre Refurbishment Project Reserve	7,869	3,210	(-)	-	-	-	-	1-1	12-1	
Cronulla CBD Special Rates	1,514	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Sutherland Shire Climate Strategy Reserve	680	1,094	800	400	400		-	-	100	_
Leisure Centre Strategy Reserve	911	1,214	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Child Care Centres - Asset Renewal Fund	1,091	877	820	721			-		-	_
Library Reserve	757	66	-		-	-	-	-	-	_
Strategic Priorities Reserve	1,796	8,867	6,135	5,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	_

Resourcing-Strategy-LTFP-2023-33-ADOPTED.pdf (nsw.gov.au)

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	
Capital Expenditure	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	
oupital Experiantalo	\$,000	\$.000	\$ '000	\$,000	\$.000	\$.000	\$ '000	\$.000	\$1000	
Infrastructure Capital Expenditure										
Roads	25,237	26,125	29,601	24,882	26,858	26,918	26,980	27,043	27,109	
Stormwater Drainage	2,910	2,376	2,684	3,102	3,100	3,100	3,100	3,100	3,100	
Open Space/Recreational Assets	20,956	25,697	11,103	29,288	24,000	22,900	21,700	22,000	22,100	
Buildings	23,915	19,653	18,923	16,260	17,222	17,382	21,656	23,961	24,475	
Total Infrastructure	73,017	73,851	62,312	73,532	71,180	70,300	73,435	76,105	76,784	· ·
Non-Infrastructure Capital Expenditure										
Plant and Equipment	2,825	2,215	2,766	2,050	2,676	2,743	2,811	2,882	2,954	
Office Equipment	369	-	-	-	-	3,300	-	-	-	
Library Books	1,670	1,650	1,650	1,650	1,700	1,700	1,800	1,900	2,000	
Total Other	4,864	3,865	4,416	3,700	4,376	7,743	4,611	4,782	4,954	
Total Capital Expenditure	77,881	77,716	66,728	77,231	75,556	78,043	78,047	80,886	81,738	
Total Capital Expenditure	//,001	//,/10	00,728	//,231	75,556	78,043	78,047	80,886	01,/30	
Source of Funds										
General Revenue	35,877	39,253	32,338	39,768	38,120	40,213	41,920	43,460	45,709	
General Revenue Grants and Contributions	2,933	5,889	3,240	3,268	4,058	4,118	4,180	4,243	4,309	
General Revenue Grants and Contributions Plant Replacement Reserve (Proceeds from Sale)					-					
General Revenue Grants and Contributions Plant Replacement Reserve (Proceeds from Sale) External Reserves	2,933 702	5,889 769	3,240 990	3,268 274	4,058 856	4,118 877	4,180 899	4,243 921	4,309 944	
General Revenue Grants and Contributions Plant Replacement Reserve (Proceeds from Sale) External Reserves Developer Contributions	2,933 702	5,889 769	3,240 990	3,268 274 11,267	4,058 856	4,118 877 22,500	4,180 899 22,500	4,243 921 22,500	4,309 944 22,500	2
General Revenue Grants and Contributions Plant Replacement Reserve (Proceeds from Sale) External Reserves Developer Contributions Stormwater Levy	2,933 702 16,174 2,377	5,889 769	3,240 990	3,268 274	4,058 856	4,118 877	4,180 899	4,243 921	4,309 944	2
General Revenue Grants and Contributions Plant Replacement Reserve (Proceeds from Sale) External Reserves Developer Contributions Stormwater Levy Unexpended Grants & Contributions	2,933 702 16,174 2,377 7,996	5,889 769 16,217 2,376	3,240 990 11,191 2,684	3,268 274 11,267 3,102	4,058 856 22,000 2,600	22,500 2,600	4,180 899 22,500 2,600	4,243 921 22,500 2,600	22,500 2,600	2
General Revenue Grants and Contributions Plant Replacement Reserve (Proceeds from Sale) External Reserves Developer Contributions Stormwater Levy Unexpended Grants & Contributions Lucas Heights Resource Recovery Park VPA	2,933 702 16,174 2,377 7,996 3,812	5,889 769	3,240 990	3,268 274 11,267	4,058 856	4,118 877 22,500	4,180 899 22,500	4,243 921 22,500	4,309 944 22,500	
General Revenue Grants and Contributions Plant Replacement Reserve (Proceeds from Sale) External Reserves Developer Contributions Stormwater Levy Unexpended Grants & Contributions Lucas Heights Resource Recovery Park VPA South Village VPA Funds	2,933 702 16,174 2,377 7,996	5,889 769 16,217 2,376 - 5,566	3,240 990 11,191 2,684 - 4,832	3,268 274 11,267 3,102	4,058 856 22,000 2,600	22,500 2,600	4,180 899 22,500 2,600	4,243 921 22,500 2,600	22,500 2,600	
General Revenue Grants and Contributions Plant Replacement Reserve (Proceeds from Sale) External Reserves Developer Contributions Stormwate Levy Unexpended Grants & Contributions Lucas Heights Resource Recovery Park VPA South Village VPA Funds Woolooware Bay Town Centre VPA	2,933 702 16,174 2,377 7,996 3,812 289	5,889 769 16,217 2,376	3,240 990 11,191 2,684	3,268 274 11,267 3,102	4,058 856 22,000 2,600 - 5,500	4,118 877 22,500 2,600 - 5,000	4,180 899 22,500 2,600 - 4,500	22,500 2,600 - 5,500	4,309 944 22,500 2,600 - 4,000	2
General Revenue Grants and Contributions Plant Replacement Reserve (Proceeds from Sale) External Reserves Developer Contributions Stormwater Levy Unexpended Grants & Contributions Lucas Heights Resource Recovery Park VPA South Village VPA Funds Woolcoware Bay Town Centre VPA Breen VPA Funds	2,933 702 16,174 2,377 7,996 3,812 289	5,889 769 16,217 2,376 - 5,566	3,240 990 11,191 2,684 - 4,832	3,268 274 11,267 3,102 - 8,085	4,058 856 22,000 2,600	22,500 2,600	4,180 899 22,500 2,600	4,243 921 22,500 2,600	22,500 2,600 4,000	2
General Revenue Grants and Contributions Plant Replacement Reserve (Proceeds from Sale) External Reserves Developer Contributions Stormwater Levy Unexpended Grants & Contributions Lucas Heights Resource Recovery Park VPA South Village VPA Funds Woolcoware Bay Town Centre VPA Breen VPA Funds Breen VPA Funds Internal Allocations	2,933 702 16,174 2,377 7,996 3,812 289	5,889 769 16,217 2,376 - 5,566 - 400	3,240 990 11,191 2,684 - 4,832 129	3,268 274 11,267 3,102 - 8,085 -	22,000 2,600 - 5,500 - 2,000	4,118 877 22,500 2,600 - 5,000 - 2,300	4,180 899 22,500 2,600 - 4,500 - 1,000	22,500 2,600 - 5,500 - 1,200	22,500 2,600 - 4,000 - 1,200	2
General Revenue Grants and Contributions Plant Replacement Reserve (Proceeds from Sale) External Reserves Developer Contributions Stormwater Levy Unexpended Grants & Contributions Lucas Heights Resource Recovery Park VPA South Village VPA Funds Woolooware Bay Foun Gentre VPA Breen VPA Funds Internal Allocations Linternal Allocations Linternal Allocations	2,933 702 16,174 2,377 7,996 3,812 289 - 83	5,889 769 16,217 2,376 - 5,566	3,240 990 11,191 2,684 - 4,832	3,268 274 11,267 3,102 - 8,085	4,058 856 22,000 2,600 - 5,500	4,118 877 22,500 2,600 - 5,000	4,180 899 22,500 2,600 - 4,500	22,500 2,600 - 5,500	4,309 944 22,500 2,600 - 4,000	2
General Revenue Grants and Contributions Plant Replacement Reserve (Proceeds from Sale) External Reserves Developer Contributions Stormwater Levy Unexpended Grants & Contributions Lucas Heights Resource Recovery Park VPA South Village VPA Funds Woolcoware Bay Town Centre VPA Breen VPA Funds Breen VPA Funds Internal Allocations	2,933 702 16,174 2,377 7,996 3,812 289	5,889 769 16,217 2,376 - 5,566 - 400	3,240 990 11,191 2,684 - 4,832 129	3,268 274 11,267 3,102 - 8,085 -	22,000 2,600 - 5,500 - 2,000	4,118 877 22,500 2,600 - 5,000 - 2,300	4,180 899 22,500 2,600 - 4,500 - 1,000	22,500 2,600 - 5,500 - 1,200	22,500 2,600 - 4,000 - 1,200	2
General Revenue Grants and Contributions Plant Replacement Reserve (Proceeds from Sale) External Reserves Developer Contributions Stormwater Levy Unexpended Grants & Contributions Lucas Heights Resource Recovery Park VPA South Village VPA Funds Woolooware Bay Foun Gentre VPA Breen VPA Funds Internal Allocations Linternal Allocations Linternal Allocations	2,933 702 16,174 2,377 7,996 3,812 289 - - 83 1,000 4,840	5,889 769 16,217 2,376 - 5,566 - 400 - 1,085 - 440	3,240 990 11,191 2,684 - 4,832 129	3,268 274 11,267 3,102 - 8,085 -	4,058 856 22,000 2,600 - 5,500 - 2,000	4,118 877 22,500 2,600 - 5,000 - 2,300	4,180 899 22,500 2,600 - 4,500 - 1,000	22,500 2,600 - 5,500 - 1,200	4,309 944 22,500 2,600 - 4,000 - 1,200	2
General Revenue Grants and Contributions Plant Replacement Reserve (Proceeds from Sale) External Reserves Developer Contributions Stormwater Levy Unexpended Grants & Contributions Lucas Heights Resource Recovery Park VPA South Village VPA Funds Woolcoware Bay Town Centre VPA Breen VPA Funds Internal Allocations Children Services Reserve Gronulla Town Centre Refurbishment Project	2,933 702 16,174 2,377 7,996 3,812 289 - 83 1,000 4,840	5,889 769 16,217 2,376 - 5,566 - 400 - 1,085 - 440 423	3,240 990 11,191 2,684 - 4,832 - 129 -	3,268 274 11,267 3,102 - 8,085 - - -	4,058 856 22,000 2,600 - 5,500 - 2,000	4,118 877 22,500 2,600 - 5,000 - 2,300	4,180 899 22,500 2,600 - 4,500 - 1,000	22,500 2,600 - 5,500 - 1,200	4,309 944 22,500 2,600 - 4,000 - 1,200	2
General Revenue Grants and Contributions Plant Replacement Reserve (Proceeds from Sale) External Reserves Developer Contributions Stormwater Levy Unexpended Grants & Contributions Lucas Heights Resource Recovery Park VPA South Village VPA Funds Woolcoware Bay Town Centre VPA Breen VPA Funds Internal Allocations Children Services Reserve Cronulla Town Centre Refurbishment Project Sutherland Shire Climate Strategy Reserve	2,933 702 16,174 2,377 7,996 3,812 289 - - 83 1,000 4,840	5,889 769 16,217 2,376 - 5,566 - 400 - 1,085 - 440	3,240 990 11,191 2,684 - 4,832 - 129 -	3,268 274 11,267 3,102 - 8,085 - - -	4,058 856 22,000 2,600 - 5,500 - 2,000	4,118 877 22,500 2,600 - 5,000 - 2,300 435	4,180 899 22,500 2,600 - 4,500 - 1,000	4,243 921 22,500 2,600 - 5,500 - 1,200	4,309 944 22,500 2,600 - 4,000 - 1,200	2
General Revenue Grants and Contributions Plant Replacement Reserve (Proceeds from Sale) External Reserves Developer Contributions Stormwater Levy Unexpended Grants & Contributions Lucas Heights Resource Recovery Park VPA South Village VPA Funds Woolcoware Bey Town Centre VPA Breen VPA Funds Internal Allocations Linternal Allocations Children Services Reserve Cronulla Town Centre Refutibishment Project Sutherland Shire Climate Strategy Reserve Leisure Centres Reserve	2,933 702 16,174 2,377 7,996 3,812 289 - - 83	5,889 769 16,217 2,376 - 5,566 - 400 - 1,085 - 440 423	3,240 990 11,191 2,684 - 4,832 - 129 -	3,268 274 11,267 3,102 - 8,085 - - -	4,058 856 22,000 2,600 - 5,500 - 2,000	4,118 877 22,500 2,600 - 5,000 - 2,300 435	4,180 899 22,500 2,600 - 4,500 - 1,000	4,243 921 22,500 2,600 - 5,500 - 1,200	4,309 944 22,500 2,600 - 4,000 - 1,200	2

20 | Resourcing Strategy - Long Term Financial Plan 2024 - 2034

The 2022-32 Resourcing Assets Management Strategy also provided further information regarding the level of resources allocated to the Stormwater Assets Infrastructure.

The screenshot below states that there were insufficient resources to address all known deficiencies. The document provided details of known locations where there were performance deficiencies.

Asset Management Plan - Stormwater and Waterways

Asset capacity and performance



Assets are generally provided to meet design standards where these are available. However, there is insufficient resources to address all known deficiencies. Known locations where deficiencies in service performance exist are shown below. Source: Flood studies, site inspections and customer complaints.

The above figure shows location which are serviced on a periodic basis i.e. pit in some locations are cleaned once every 12 weeks and others once a year.

Council's stormwater and waterway assets are generally provided to meet industry design standards at that time where these are available. It is considered that Council's stormwater and waterway assets are meeting appropriate performance requirements.

Council is reviewing the information regarding capacity, utilisation and performance of stormwater assets through flood studies and drainage investigations to inform future asset management planning and decision-making.

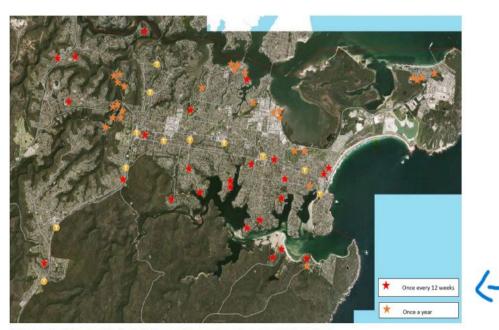


Figure 2: Known "hotspots" requiring more frequent cleaning

It is important to acknowledge that resourcing Infrastructure is challenging for all Councils however the purpose of this submission is to review how Sutherland Shire Council has addressed this issue.

Below is a screenshot of the Monitoring and Improvement Plan (2021) for the Stormwater and Waterways Infrastructure. This demonstrates that, at that time, there was **no** Catchment and Waterways (Stormwater) Management Plan, **no** programme of works for low lying stormwater assets and **no** sustainable waterway (watercourse) management program.

The document stated that the Plan would be monitored and reviewed by Asset Services annually.

GIPA requests for copies of these annual reviews have been unsuccessful to date.

Resourcing Strategy - Asset Management 2022 - 2032 | Appendix B | 67

Asset Management Plan - Stormwater and Waterways

Monitoring and Improvement Program

Council has an Asset Management Improvement Plan (2021) which details specific actions to improve our asset management practices and our asset management plans.

The next steps resulting from this AM Plan to improve asset management practices are:

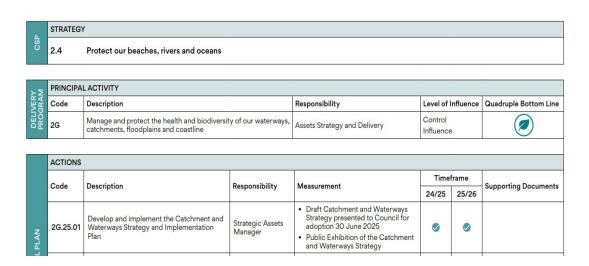
- Verification of asset inventory data
- Development of Sutherland Shire catchment and waterway management plan
- Development and implement program of works for managing low lying stormwater assets
- · Develop sustainable waterway (watercourse) management program
- · Review of remaining useful life of assets and develop asset degradation curves

The plan will be monitored and reviewed by Asset Services annually.

It is also noteworthy that Sutherland Shire Council still has **no** Catchment and Waterways (Stormwater) Management Strategy.

Below is a screenshot from the Draft 24/25 Operational Plan listing delivery of this long-awaited Stormwater and Waterways (Stormwater Management) and Implementation Plan. Note that the Draft will not be presented to Council for adoption until 30th June 2025. The timeframe for implementation is unclear, listed as possibly 25/26.

Corporate Governance Committee 8 April 2024



It is also relevant that this Catchment and Waterways (Stormwater Management) Strategy was reported in the January-June 2019 Progress Report (screenshot below) as having been completed. Yet, 5 years later, it will not be delivered for a further 12 months.

2C	Develop and implement a Catchment and Waterway Management Strategy and Plans		•		Asset Management Services	
2C.01	Develop draft strategy that frames how catchment and waterways will be designed and managed	Draft strategy developed in consultation with relevant stakeholders Aligned to Environment & Sustainability Strategy	Q1 - Q4	0	Asset Management Services	Complete. Draft Strategy developed.
2C.02	Review policies relevant to the development of the Catchment and Waterway Management Strategy	All relevant policies reviewed External and internal stakeholders engaged where necessary to validate or provide input into reviews	Q1 - Q4	0	Asset Management Services	Complete. All relevant policies reviewed.

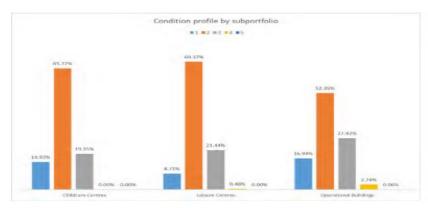
sutherlandshire.nsw.gov.au | Operation Plan 2018/19 - January to June 2019 - Progress Report 21

Below is another screenshot from the 2022-32 Resourcing Asset Management Strategy outlining the maintenance budgets for Building Assets.

Note, that benchmarking with **comparable** Councils suggested that the required maintenance should be 2.05% of the Capital Replacement Cost (CRC) of the building portfolio.

The Sutherland Shire Council maintenance budget is approximately 1.2% of the CRC.

As a result, it is evident that Sutherland Shire Council's allocation of resources for Infrastructure is significantly less than peer Councils across many Asset Classes.



Lifecycle Management Plan

Operations and Maintenance

Operations include regular activities to provide services. Examples of typical operational activities include cleaning, and utilities costs (water, electricity and gas).

Maintenance includes all actions necessary for retaining an asset as near as practicable to an appropriate service condition including regular ongoing day-to-day work necessary to keep assets operating. Examples of typical maintenance activities planned inspections, cyclical maintenance and reactive maintenance.

Maintenance budget levels are considered to be adequate to meet current service levels. However benchmarking of comparable councils suggests that the required maintenance should be 2.05% of the CRC of the portfolio. The current maintenance budget is approximately 1.2% of the CRC.

Assessment and priority of reactive maintenance is undertaken by staff using experience and judgement.

Reactive maintenance is carried out in accordance with response levels of service in the relevant Service Level Agreement.

Renewal Plan

Assets requiring renewal/replacement are identified from either the asset register or an alternative method. These methods are part of the Lifecycle Model.

- Asset Register data is used to forecast the renewal costs using the previous survey date and the remaining useful life (acquisition dates are applied to whole facilities only not components),
- Additional estimates of renewal costs are prepared for specific buildings or components as part of the capital program preparation process

Resourcing Strategy - Asset Management 2022 - 2032 | Appendix B | 87

Below is a screenshot from the Sutherland Shire Council Draft 2022-23 Annual Report which provides more insight into their Infrastructure management.

It is also noteworthy that this Service Review findings, nor subsequent Action plan nor costings to address these issues nor any progress reports have been tabled at any Council meeting.

In summary, so far there is evidence to support community concerns about the efficacy of Sutherland Shire Council's management of Infrastructure, including the Stormwater Assets.

This includes.

• The variance in Stormwater Infrastructure budget allocation with similar Councils.



- The significant variance between Sutherland Shire Council's Lifecycle Costs and their allocated budget.
- The deficit in funding maintenance and renewals.
- Failure to deliver a Catchment and Waterways (Stormwater Management) Strategy and Implementation plan.
- Concern that the disproportionate expenditure on Sports fields (and playgounds) vs Infrastructure is not affordable, and will result in a future massive financial imposition on the community, to bring the Infrastructure up to standard.
- Failure to provide evidence of compliance with a Quality Monitoring and Improvement Plan.

Council Meeting 6 November 2023





During 2022/23 a Service Review was conducted for the operational areas within the Infrastructure and Operations Directorate which included: Open Space, Cleansing, Buildings and Civil. The Service Review was established to assist with the implementation of a new Enterprise Asset Management (EAM) system.

The Service Review commenced in January 2023 with overall key findings including:

- Service standards don't match community expectations and is inconsistent
- Quality of maintenance is below the typical standard for a metropolitan Council
- Productivity can be improved with changes to work methods and equipment
- Supervision and management can be improved
- Predominantly reactive in many activities and not triages based on priorities
- Asset information is poor, making it difficult to benchmark performance and to program works
- Key major building assets do not have Asset Management Plans
- Internal communication is not adequate and results in budget impacts
- Planned compliance and maintenance programs are under funded for buildings

 High-profile public domain and tourist areas require additional presence for cleansing services during weekends and evenings

Opportunities for Improvement

An implementation framework has been developed based on the key findings from the review. This will include two streams working collaboratively through the next 12 months to create and commence implementation plans for the identified improvements.

The implementation framework includes:

- Development of service standards that match community expectations as endorsed in strategies
- Update maintenance schedules to meet the service standards
- Develop information (Asset Data) management requirements to support the delivery and regular monitoring of performance
- Transition to a proactive planned approach rather than reactive
- Develop key facility asset plans
- Undertake analysis for gaps in buildings maintenance and develop a business plan for long term funding
- Review and align functions and key tasks across the Directorate
- Review and improve contractor management and supervision
- Review services in 2025 with the aim of achieving improved performance

Capital Works Programme

The next step was to compare the Capital Works programmes with similar Councils. Prior to 2024, Sutherland Shire Council provided very limited information on their actual annual Capital Works Programme.

CAPITAL WORKS AND ASSET REPLACEMENT PROGRAM 2022/23

Childcare Centres	
Bradman Road EEC Playground Upgrade	132,000
Program - Early Learning Centre Building Renewal	515,000
	132,000
Program - Playground Upgrades in Long Day Care Centres	779,000
Leisure Centres	772,000
Engadine Leisure Centre Water Main Upgrade	110,000
Sutherland Leisure Centre Heating Efficiency Improvements	55,000
Sutherland Leisure Centre Solar Energy Upgrade	440.000
Program - Leisure Centre Building Renewal	424,600
Fragiani- bear water serving framewa	1,029,600
Operational Buildings	1,023,000
Albert DeLardes Reserve - Public Toilets Upgrade	218,000
Castelnau Reserve Public Amenities	375,000
Cooper Street Reserve - Adult Accessable Toilets and Change	450,000
Cooper Street Reserve - Community Building Improvements	297.000
CWWRS - Plant Equipment Renewal	123,245
Dunningham Park Public Amenities Renewal	240,000
Kirrawee Town Centre - Tollets Upgrade	315,000
LED Lighting Upgrades - Public Domain	198,000
North Cronulla SLC Lifeguards and First Aid Facilities	605,54
North Cronulla SLSC BCA Renewal Works	445,000
Shelly Park Pavilion - Toilets and Change Upgrade	220,000
Sutherland Entertainment Centre Upgrade	9,570,23
Woolcoware Shared Pathway New Public Amerities	365,000
Program - Fire Risk Management and Compliance	204,716
Program - Operational Buildings New	90,521
Program - Operational Buildings Renewal	6,715,950
Program - Operational Buildings Upgrade	345,000
	20,178,233
Buildings Total	21,986,633
Open Space	200
Foreshore Facilities	
Cronulla to North Cronulla Esplanade Upgrade	200,000
North Cronula Beach Seawall	200,000
Sandy Point Boat Ramp Facility Upgrade	310,000
Program - Foreshore Facilities Renewal	944.54
	1,654,545

Parks	
Gunnamatta Park Improvements alongside Nicholson Parade	220,000
Oak Road Kirrawee - New Park	75,000
Grays Point Reserve Boardwalk Upgrade	406,593
Engadine Active Sports Youth Precinct	60,000
Miranda Community Centre Park Landscaping	174,500
Heathcote Oval Dog Off Leash Park	150,000
Program - Parks Renewal	1,401,844
	2,487,937
Playgrounds	
Cooper Street Reserve - Active Youth Precinct	2,390,000
Cooper Street Reserve - All Abilities Playground	2,300,000
Cronulla Town Centre - Stage 28 Playground	1,200,000
Don Lucas Reserve Fitness Precinct	310,000
Dunningham Park - Picnic and Playground Extension	581,818
Oyster Bay Oval Basketball Precinct	80,000
Program - Playground Shade Structures	110,000
Program - Playgrounds New	20,000
Program - Playgrounds Renewal	2,036,000
Program - Playgrounds Upgrade	27,975
	9,055,793
Sports Fields	
Anzac Oval Irrigation Upgrade	320,000
Box Road Sylvania - Playing Fields and Spectator Facilities	2,050,000
Grays Point Oval 1 and 2 Drainage Upgrade	133,000
Gymea Bay Oval 1 and 2 Lighting Improvements	600,000
Heathcote Oval Lighting Improvements	1,148,000
Jenala Park Playing Fields Improved Utility	40,000
North Caringbah Oval Lighting Improvements	427,000
Prince Edward Park - Oval Raising, Paths & Lighting	1,265,000
Program - Cricket pitch and net upgrades	330,000
Program - Upgrade existing courts to multipurpose facilities	330,000
Seymour Shaw Park Upgrade - Stage 1	5,581,742
Seymour Shaw Stage 2 - Playing Field Upgrades	383,72
Warstah Park Sports Complex Upgrade - Stage 1	1,450,000
Woolcowere Oval 1 and 2 Lighting Improvements	572,000
Program - Sports Field Capacity Improvements	36,364
Program - Sports Field Renewal	2,930,000
XXI	17,596,827
Open Space Total	30,795,102

106 | Delivery Program 2022 - 2026 Operational Plan 2022 - 2023

Drainage	
Program - Drainage New	627,000
Program - Drainage Renewal	1.040.000
Program - Drainage Upgrade	165,000
	1,832,000
Water Quality	
Program - Water Quality Improvement - New	555,000
	555,000
Water Infrastructure Total	2,387,000
Transport Infrastructure	5
Carparks	
Seymour Shaw Park - Wandella Road Carpark Upgrade	104,651
Program - Carparks New	588,000
Program - Carparks Renewal	282,150
Program - Carparks Upgrade	275,330
	1,250,131
Footways and Cycleways	
Beach Park Avenue Cronulla - Footway Widening & Improvements	658,150
Cronulla Town Centre - Stage 28	593,000
Eton Street Sutherland - Footway, Safety & Parking Upgrade	814,778
Miranda Town Centre - Kingsway Upgrade	275,000
Nicholson Parade Cronulla Shared Patheray, Safety & Parking	1,300,000
Program - Footways New	1,000,000
Woollooware Bay Town Centre to Cronulla Active Transport Link	1,400,000
Program - Cyclesiays New	75,000
Program - Footways Renewal	173,300
Program - Pedestrian Accessibility and Improved Mobility	107,800
Program - Stairs and Link Paths Renewal	233,640
Program - Street Furniture Renewal	216,959
·	6,847,627

Road Structures	
Program - Road Structures Renewal	565,000
	565,000
Roads	
Bus Stop Infrastructure DDA Compliance	163,680
Program - Kerb and Gutter Renewal	56,430
Program - Road Pavement Renewal	5,762,220
Program - Road, Kerb and Gutter Upgrade	2,426,600
Program - Street Furniture Upgrade	126,455
Program - Street Lighting at Pedestrian Crossings	215,600
Program - Sutherland Shire Way finding Signage	194,040
Program - Traffic Facilities Renewal	205,930
Program - Traffic Facilities Upgrade	872,300
	10,023,255
Transport Infrastructure Total	18,686,013
Non-Infrastructure	
Fleet & Workshop	
Program - Vehicle Sales and Purchases	1,858,552
	1,858,552
Library Resources	
Program - Library Resources Improvement	1,450,000
	1,450,000
Non-Infrastructure Total	3,308,552
Capital Budget Total	77,163,500

As demonstrated above, the 22/23 Capital Works and Asset Replacement Program provides minimal information.

Below is a screenshot of Sutherland Shire Council's 2023/24 Water (Stormwater) Infrastructure Capital Works Programme which also provides minimal detail.

Delivery Program 2022 - 2026 Operational Plan 2023 - 2024 | sutherlandshire.nsw.gov.au | 109



Transport Infrastructure	\$
Footways and Cycleways	
Program - Active Transport New	1,000,000
Program - Active Transport Upgrade	230,000
Program - Footway Renewal	400,000
Program - Pedestrian Access and Mobility	150,000
Program - Stairs and Link Paths Renewal	50,000
Program - Traffic Facilities Upgrade	126,500
n Him	1,956,500
Road Structures	1.100000000
Program - Road Structures Renewal	597,000

In comparison, below is a copy of the Northern Beaches Council Capital 23/24 Expenditure spreadsheet. It is noted that Sutherland Shire Council's budget is less than 50% of Northern Beaches Council.

154 Consolidated renewal works

			2023/24 Funding Source						
CSP	Project	Budget 2023/24 \$'000	General \$'000	Reserves \$'000	Dev Contri \$'000	Grants \$'000	2024/25 \$'000	2025/26 \$'000	2026/27 \$'000
Environn	nent and sustainability								
	Stormwater program				*				
G2	Planned stormwater renewal works	4,775	4,775			15.0	4,760	5,972	6,272
G2	Reactive stormwater renewal works	948	948				1,006	1,029	1,053
G2	Gross pollutant trap renewal works	96	96		-		102	104	106
	Water and energy saving initiatives								
G4 G5	Energy Savings Initiatives Program	298	298		- 1		113	321	329
G4 G5	Water saving and re-use initiatives	71	71		- 10		25	77	79
	Total renewal works - Environment and sustainability	6,188	6,188		-	-	6,005	7,503	7,839

The 2024/25 Draft Operational Plan format has changed and now includes a separate, standalone Capital Expenditure Report.

Attachments of Corporate Governance Committee - Monday, 8 April 2024 (nsw.gov.au) (page 168)

Unfortunately, this new format does not provide details, scope, or location, of any of the individual projects funded under the Stormwater Drainage Renewal or Drainage Upgrade Capital Programmes, just the budgeted expenditure.

This is problematic as there is no transparency which results in no accountability. The community have no information of what work is planned so no understanding if it has been delivered.

This is in comparison to the detail provided for Playgrounds (page 18) and Sportsgrounds (page 20).



This is in sharp contrast with other Councils who provide their communities with comprehensive information.

Below are screenshots of Wollongong and Liverpool Council data.

Project Name	Suburb	Description	2023-24 Activity	2024-25 Activity	2025-26 Activity	2026-27 Activity
Stormwater Services			\$10,560,000	\$7,780,000	\$4,945,000	\$4,090,000
Floodplain Management			\$3,670,000	\$3,735,000	\$2,680,000	\$3,000,000
Floodplain Structures - New			\$3,670,000	\$3,735,000	\$2,680,000	\$3,000,000
Channel recon Railway to Holy Spirit College	Bellambi	Upgrade	Construction	Construction		
Gordon Hutton Park, Debris Control Structure	Bulli	Construct New	Construction			
Jrsula Rd Flood Mitigation Scheme Stage 1	Bulli	Upgrade	Design	Construction	Construction	
Jrsula Rd Flood Mitigation Scheme Stage 3	Bulli	Upgrade		Design	Construction	
Memorial Dr, Bellambi Gully, Debris Control Structure	Corrimal	Construct New	Construction			
Brooks Creek, Byamee St. Debris Control Structure	Dapto	Construct New	Design	Construction	Construction	
Kanahooka Rd Flap Gate	Dapto	Construct New	Construction			
Dawson St Culvert Flood Mitigation	Fairy Meadow	Upgrade			Design	Design
McMahons St Detention Basin	Fairy Meadow	Construct New	Design	Design	Construction	Constructio
35 Uralba St - Channel Works	Figtree	Construct New	Design	Construction		
Byarong Creek (Arrow Avenue), bank support	Figtree	Construct New	Design	Design		
The Avenue, Debris Control Structure	Figtree	Construct New	Design	Construction	Construction	
Golf Course, Debris Control Structure	Russell Vale	Construct New		Construction		
allegalla St Flood Mitigation	Unanderra	Construct New		Design	Design	
mplement High Priority Options Allans Creek FRMSP	Various	Construct New	Design	Design		
mplement High Priority Options Hewitts Creek FRMSP	Various	Construct New	Design	Design	Construction	
mplement High Priority Options Towardgi Creek FRMSP	Various	Construct New	Design	Design	Construction	
Stormwater Management			\$6,890,000	\$4,045,000	\$2,265,000	\$1,090,000
Stormwater Drainage - New			\$945,000	\$470,000	\$260,000	\$245,000
9 Franklin Ave Drainage Improvements	Bulli	Upgrade			Design	Constructio
Byamee St Drainage Upgrade	Dapto	Upgrade			Design	
Cabbage Tree Ln/Dawson St Channel Stabilisation	Fairy Meadow	Upgrade	Construction			
River Oak Rd Drainage Upgrade	Farmborough Heights	Construct New		Design	Construction	
D'Briens Ln pit upgrade	Figtree	Upgrade	Construction			
ligh St pit modification and kerb & gutter	Helensburgh	Upgrade	Design	Construction		
Old Station Rd drainage	Helensburgh	Upgrade	Design	Design	Construction	
Eirene Ave/Meares Ave overland flow	Mangerton	Upgrade		Design	Construction	
Wollongong High School Detention Basin Drainage	North Wollongong	Upgrade	Construction			
27A Murrawal Rd drainage upgrade	Stanwell Park	Upgrade		Design	Construction	
Beach Rd Drainage Upgrade	Stanwell Park	Upgrade			Design	Constructio
-3 Spray St	Thirroul	Upgrade	Construction			
3 George St, Debris Control Structure	Thirroul	Upgrade			Design	
Beveles Avenue Bank Stabilisation	Unanderra	Construct New	Design	Construction		
Blackman Pde drainage swale	Unanderra	Upgrade			Design	Constructio
9 Auburn St drainage upgrade	Wollongong	Upgrade			Design	Constructio
29 Gipps Street Drainage Upgrade	Wollongong	Upgrade	Design	Construction		
SI Market St drainage upgrade	Wollongong	Upgrade	Design	Construction		

450,000			6,776,572
430,000	0	0	450,000
250,000	0	250,000	0
18,919,000	0	18,919,000	0
2,500,000	2,500,000	0	0
1,045,000	0	1,045,000	0
26,392,000	0	26,392,000	0
1,744,000	0	1,744,000	0
6,481,000	0	6,481,000	0
715,000	0	715,000	0
	18,919,000 2,500,000 1,045,000 26,392,000 1,744,000 6,481,000	18,919,000 0 2,500,000 2,500,000 1,045,000 0 26,392,000 0 1,744,000 0	18,919,000 0 18,919,000 2,500,000 2,500,000 0 1,045,000 0 1,045,000 26,392,000 0 26,392,000 1,744,000 0 1,744,000 6,481,000 0 6,481,000

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Projects	Total Expenditure	Grants	S7.11 Developer Contributions	Consolidated Funds
Erosion Protection - Harris Creek & Helles Park	1,050,000	250,000	800,000	
Flood Detention Basin 11 - Construction	1,000,000	0	1,000,000	(
Flood Detention Basin 14 Edmondson Park - Construction	3,200,000	960,000	2,240,000	(
Flood Detention Basin 29 - Austral - Construction (staged)	5,740,000	0	5,740,000	(
Flood Detention Basin 5 - Construction	3,500,000	0	3,500,000	(
Flood Mitigation - 11 Elvira Pl	150,000	0	0	150,000
Flood Mitigation - 12 Henrietta Cl	80,000	0	0	80,000
Flood Mitigation - Burton Ave	80,000	0	0	80,000
Flood Mitigation - Riverview Rd	80,000	0	0	80,000
Gross Pollutant Trap	503,000	0	0	503,00
Gross Pollutant Traps (GPT)	75,000	0	0	75,00
Jardine Drive – Flood Mitigation	70,000	70,000	0	
Moorebank Voluntary Acquisition Scheme	1,500,000	1,000,000	0	500,00
Programmed Drainage Renewal	100,000	0	0	100,00
Sinozich Park - Design and Construction	4,000,000	0	1,116,428	2,883,57
Stormwater Drainage Improvement Works - Western Depot	1,500,000	475,000	0	1,025,00
Stormwater Pipe Inspection, Assessment & Ancillary Works	150,000	0	0	150,00
Stormwater Pipe Relining	300,000	0	0	300,000
Stormwater Pipe Structural Patches	300,000	0	0	300,000
Telemetry System Maintenance	50,000	0	0	50,00
Various Regional Road and Culvert Upgrades - Design	2,985,000	0	2,985,000	
Wetlands - Riverside Park	50,000	0	0	50,00
Information Technology	3,182,775	0	900,000	2,282,775

Allocation of Infrastructure Resources

Given the limitations of the available funding, it is relevant to consider how Sutherland Shire Council allocates its Capital Expenditure budget.

Note that Sutherland Shire Council has significantly less Capital Budget than similar sized Councils yet the allocation of funding to Infrastructure, specifically Stormwater Drainage seems to be grossly disproportionate to Sport Fields. This also appears to be disproportionate to other Councils. It is noted that the data below is inconsistent as some major Sports field projects are now listed separately as Major Project. As a result, there are additional costings not represented in the table below which only contains projects listed under Sports Fields.

Capital Works	20/21	21/22	22/23	23/24	24/25	25/26	26/27	28/29
Total Capital Works Budget	\$52.7 m	\$76.3 m	\$77.2 m	\$76.1 m	\$77.8 m	\$77.7 m	\$66.7 m	\$77.3 m
Stormwater Drainage Budget	\$750k	\$530 K	\$1.83 m	\$1.63 m	\$2.24 m	\$2.38 m	\$2.68 m	\$3.11 m
Sports Field Budget	\$4.07 m	\$10.6 m	\$17.5 m	\$10.8 m	\$4.09 m	\$14.07m	\$5.38 m	\$16.79 m
	7.70%	13.80%	22.60%	14.20%	5.40%	18%	8%	21.00%
Drainage new		175	627	195				
Drainage renewal	300	185	1.4	1149.5	1.14	1.52	1.46	1.51
Drainage upgrade	450	170	165	285	1.1	0.86	1.22	1.6
Total	\$750k	\$530 K	\$1.83 m	\$1.63 m	\$2.24 m	\$2.38 m	\$2.68 m	\$3.11 m
Sports field renewal	2,219	3,380	2,930					
Sportsfield capacity improvement		160	36					
Anzac Oval irrigation			320	302.4				
Box Road Sylvania Playing Field and Spectator Facilities		2,237	2.050					
Grays Point Ovals Drainage		2,207	133					
Gymea Bay Oval lighting			600					
Heathcote Oval lighting			1,148					
Jenola Park Playing Fields upgrade	240	31	40					
North Caringbah Oval lighting			427					
North Caringbah Oval reconstruction	800							
Prince Edward Park Oval raising, lights			1,265					
Program- upgrade cricket pitches and	100		330					
nets Program-upgrade courts to	100		330					
multipurpose			330					
Seymour Shaw upgrade Stage1 Seymour Shaw playing field upgrade		2,745	5,581					
Stage2			384					
Waratah Park complex upgrade Stage 1		1,500	1,450					
Woolooware Oval irrigation	180							
Woolooware Oval lighting			572					
Woronora Heights Oval Drainage		120						
Sutherland Oval irrigation		200						
Sports field Advanced Design Program		50						

NSW Legislative Council: Inquiry into the ability of local governments to fund infrastructure and services. April 2024

Total	\$4.07 m	\$10.6 m	\$17.5 m	\$10.8 m	\$4.09 m	\$14.07m	\$5.38 m	\$16.79 m
Irrigation upgrade	160			790				
Program- Sports Field Drainage and								
Program- Sports Facility renewal				2154.5				
Program- Sports Facility upgrade	20			2317				
Kareela Masterplan parking				60				
Kareela Sports Precinct Electrical Substation	350							
Glenn McGrath Oval Wicket upgrade				253				
Sports field Accessibility upgrade				50				
Program- Sports field lighting upgrade				4925				
Greenhill Merang Parkland Stage 2		150						

It is also relevant to note the limited information that is provided by Sutherland Shire Council in comparison to other Councils.

As noted above, other Councils provide clear information, structured so that it is easily read by the public, to facilitate transparency and accountability.

This is easily demonstrated by comparing the standard of Annual Reports, Progress Reports and Operational Plans.

Below are links to examples of reports from peer Councils who use qualitative and quantitative data.

It is important to note that all other Councils use Performance Outcome Measures

Revised-Delivery-Program-2022-2026-Operational-Plan-2023-24-ADOPTED.pdf (nsw.gov.au)
Sutherland Shire Council

delivery-program-2023-2027 (4).PDF Northern Beaches Council

GRC-DELIVERY-AND-OPS-PLAN-2023-FINAL-V2.pdf (nsw.gov.au) Georges River Council

<u>lowresforCnclExhibition-27Mar2024-DraftDPOP2024-27.pdf</u> (amazonaws.com) Hornsby Council

Below are links to the Wollongong Infrastructure Plan for comparison to the 24/25 format of Sutherland Shire Council's Capital Works Program. The difference in the standard of data is stark.

<u>Delivery-Program-2022-26-and-Operational-Plan-2023-24.pdf (nsw.gov.au)</u> Wollongong Council

Attachment-2-Infrastructure-Delivery-Program-2023-2024-to-2026-2027.pdf (nsw.gov.au) Wollongong Council Infrastructure Plan

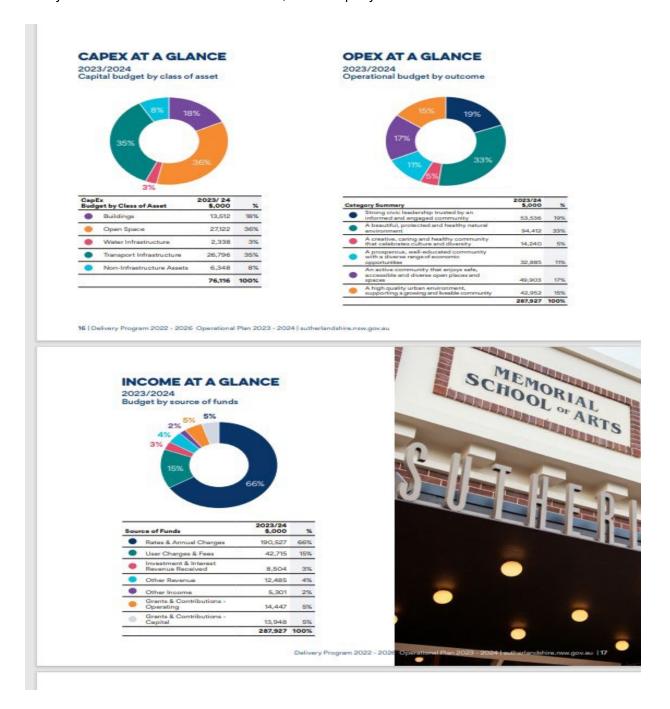
5266e87a4a0d13b2bb158901023baa1a_DPOP_24-25_Version3.pdf (amazonaws.com)
Sutherland Shire Council 24/25 Draft

<u>Microsoft Word - FINAL Draft Capital Works Program Public Facing Program 24-25 (A9206824) (amazonaws.com)</u> Sutherland Shire Council 24/25 Draft Capital Works Program.

There are more anomalies with the standard of information provided to the public. Below is the pie chart provided on page 17 of the 23/24 Operational Plan.

This informs the community of the allocation of Capital Expenditure per Asset Class. Or so it appears. However, below is a spreadsheet derived from information provided in the same Operational Report but from the Capital Works Program on page 108.

Note that both the Pie Chart and the Capital Works plan both add up to \$76, 116 million dollars but completely different allocation. Note that the Water Infrastructure (Stormwater Assets) took a hit with a reduced budget. Also recall that their Asset Management Strategy lists the Annual Lifecycle Costs for Stormwater Assets is \$5 million per year.



Sutherland Shire Council 23	3/24 Capital	Expenditure Allocation
	Pie	
	Chart	Capital Works Plan
Asset Class		
Buildings	\$13,512	\$11,027,047
Open Space	\$27,122	\$16,972,325
Water Infrastructure	\$2,338	\$1,739,500
Transport Infrastructure	\$26,796	\$14,836,925
Non-Infrastructure Assets	\$6,348	\$6,003,400
Key Projects		\$25,537,047
Total	\$76,116	\$76,116,244

2023/24 September Quarterly Budget Review

It is relevant to consider the outcome of the September 2023/24 budget review.

The complete budget review report can be found on page 43 of the link below.

Agenda of Council Meeting - Monday, 6 November 2023 (nsw.gov.au).

Note that this review was conducted 3 months into the new financial year.

Below is a screenshot of the Executive Summary of this report.

Note that the Capital Expenditure Budget had been 'revised down' by approximately \$11 million dollars in the first 3 months of the financial year.

The variance from the stated \$76,116 million dollar budget listed in the 23/24 Operational Plan is noted. However, this is likely due to funding that has been rolled over from the previous year for continuance.

The September Quarterly Budget Report notes that the Capital Works Program included in the Draft 2023/24 Operational Plan and Budget will be amended to incorporate the rephased capital projects in all Quarterly Budget Reviews throughout the year, including the September Review. This may result in existing projects in the Capital Works Program to be deferred to future financial years.

As a result, the Capital Works Plan and Budget presented in the 23/24 Operational Plan, 3 months before, has been completed disrupted.

The community have no reference point of what is funded or what will be delivered. In the end, they will have no idea of what was delivered.

Council Meeting 6 November 2023

COR044-23 QUARTERLY BUDGET REVIEW - SEPTEMBER 2023

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- The Quarterly Budget Review for the period ended 30 September 2023, has been prepared in accordance with section 203 of the Local Government (General) Regulations 2021.
- After incorporating the proposed variations included in the Quarterly Budget Review, the
 projected 2023/24 net operating result has deteriorated from a deficit of \$13.460 million to a
 deficit of \$20.304 million. Council's projected Operating Result before Capital Revenue
 deteriorated from a deficit of \$27.408 million, to a deficit of \$35.241 million.
- The 2023/24 Capital Budget has been revised downwards from \$89.816M to \$78.650 million during the September Capital Review.
- The proposed variations to the 2023/24 Budget as outlined in this report, including operating, capital and reserves, delivers an improved funding result of \$1.247 million.

REPORT RECOMMENDATION

THAT:

- The report 'Quarterly Budget Review September 2023' be received and noted.
- The proposed variations to the 2023/24 Budget, detailed in Appendix A and B to this report, be adopted and the Operational Plan and Budget 2023/24 be amended accordingly.
- The information provided by the Local Government Grants Commission in relation to the future of the Financial Assistance Grants be noted.

It is timely to consider the recommendations from the Chair of the Audit, Risk, and Improvement Committee end of year, 2023 report. This was tabled at the November 2023 Council meeting, screenshot below. I note that the recommendation included that:

ARIC are **concerned** about the programming of Capital Works and its expenditure against the budget.

ARIC has recommended the establishment of a 3-year capital works program to break down the amounts for each project to be spent each year.

It is also noteworthy that the response from Council to this important recommendation, is that management is progressing this concept recommended by ARIC.

The reason that this is notable is that there is no target date. This is because Sutherland Shire Council does **not** have a Performance Measurement Framework so does not use or report against Performance Indicators, Outcome Measures, Target Dates.

CHARTER AREA	HIGHLIGHTS
Financial Management and Externa	I Reporting
Financial Sustainability and Financial Strategy	The ARIC considered the December 2022 Quarterly Budget Review March 2023 Quarterly Budget Review and the September 2023 Quarterly Budget Review across the 2023 calendar year. These reviews contained Council's performance against the financial strategy parameters set out in the Long Term Financial Plan. The ARIC discussed with Management the adoption of the 2022/25 Budget and also the process of the development and delivery of the 2023/24 Capital Works program. ARIC has been concerned about the
→	programming of Capital Works and its expenditure against the budget. ARIC has recommended the establishment of a 3 year capital work program to break down the amounts for each project to be spent each year. Management is progressing this concept recommended by ARIC
Financial Management and External Reporting	The ARIC reviewed and endorsed the Draft 2022/23 Financial Reports and the signing of the Statement of Opinion. The ARIC continued its support of Council's position that it does not control Rural Fire Service Red Fleet even though the qualification had been removed by the Audit Office.
	The ARIC considered financial related work including the review of the Credit Card Determination and Management, Cash Handling Internal Assurance Review, Investment Policy Review.
Implementation of Strategic Plan, D	Delivery Program and Strategies
Delivery Program 2022-2026 and Annual Operational Plan	The ARIC considered the 2022/23 Operational Plan six monthly Progress Reports.

Page 3

Below is a screenshot from the June 2023 Council where the Draft 23/34 Operational Plan was adopted by Council following public consultation.

It is noted there was feedback from the public regarding the absence of performance reporting.

Councils' response was that they had recognised that this needed to be reviewed. It had been listed in the previous 22/23 Operational Plan (but had not been delivered). Council had decided **not** to include the delivery of the Performance Measurement Framework in the 23/24 Operational

Plan as they had already commenced work on it, and it would become part of their Service Review Program.

Unfortunately, by omitting it from the 23/24 Operational Plan meant that the progress, or lack of, would not be tracked in the 6 monthly Progress Report.

The Performance Measurement Program from the 22/23 Operational Plan has still **not** been delivered. As a result, the 24/25 Draft Operational Plan does not contain Performance Indicators, Outcome Measures or Targets.

Council Meeting 26 June 2023

Other changes to the draft documents include:

- Minor updates to the Mayor and CEO Messages
- Updates to the Highlights for 2023/24 page
- Updates to demographic information
- A new section highlighting five key projects from the Capital Program
- Updates to the information explaining the Integrated Planning and Reporting Framework including new details on our Supporting Documents and the role they play in planning for our future.
- Other minor updates to action details and formatting amendments



A number of submissions and feedback received related to the way Council identifies and documents performance measures, and how we monitor and report on performance across our Delivery Program and Operational Plan as well other strategic documents. It is not proposed to amend the draft 2022-2026 Delivery Program and 2023/24 Operational Plan, however it is recognised that this is an area that needs to be reviewed and the current 2022/23 Operational Plan contains an action to develop and implement a Performance Measurement Program. Work on this action has commenced and will continue in the draft 2023/24 Operational Plan with an action that will look to develop and implement a Service Review Program focused on continuous improvement.

A revised 2022-2026 Delivery Program and Operational Plan 2023/24 is included at Appendix A

A summary of submissions can be found later in this report under Community Consultation and a full summary of submissions including officer comment and copies of written submissions is included in Appendix D and Appendix E.

Below is a link to the Council Meeting Business Papers with the complete report.

Additional Agenda of Council Meeting - Monday, 26 June 2023 (nsw.gov.au)

It should be the **minimum** standard that local Councils, using public funding to provide services for the community are required to report on delivery of those services and their financial management to ensure transparency and accountability.

There should also be a standard for a minimum level of a data set of information provided to the community so that they can assess the efficacy of the level of service that is being provided by their local Council.

Commercial Waste Service

The episode of the management of Sutherland Shire Council's Commercial Waste Service is another example of the need for oversight of local Council financial management.

In October 2023, the NSW Auditor advised Sutherland Shire Council that their Commercial Waste Management Service had run at a **deficit** of \$247K for Financial Year 2022/23.

- A Report was tabled at the November 2023 Infrastructure and Operations meeting with a recommendation from the Council Officer, that Council withdraw commercial waste collection from private businesses.
- The Commercial Waste Service was being provided to a small cohort of 18% Shire businesses who include 67 Real Estate Agents.
- The fee being charged by Council is significantly less than the commercial rate and does not cover all the direct and indirect costs of running the service.
- The Report stated that the Commercial Waste Service had an income of \$1.713 million, with operating expenses of \$1.96 million.
- It noted that to match commercial waste collection fees, it would need increase its fees by 45.6% in the 24/25 Financial Year.
- This report noted that the service was **not** in compliance with legislation.
- The breach of legislation was stated to be that the Commercial Waste Service was being **subsidised** by the Domestic Waste Service Levy Section 496 of the Local Govt Act 1993. Use of these funds being applied to any other purpose (i.e.: subsidise a Commercial Waste Business) is a breach of the Section 504(3) of the Act.
- The failure to comply with the National Competition Policy which requires competitive neutrality principles. This means that Council should not have a competitive advantage over private businesses.
- Whilst the National Competition Policy does not preclude Council from subsidising business activities where it is in the **public interest**, it requires any subsidies to be considered and deliberate.
- Council was aware that they were exercising competitive advantage over private businesses as it was noted in their Report that they received regular complaints from private operators that Council was undercutting them by charging less than the market rate.
- Sutherland Shire Council's business model for their Commercial Waste Service did not comply with the model outlined in their 2018/19 Operational Plan. (Screenshots below).
- An internal review of Waste Services was conducted during 2022/23 Financial Year, as stated in the Draft Annual Report (P 32). This internal review did not identify that the Service breached the Local Govt Act 1993, the National Competition Policy or that it was running at a deficit.
- At the November Infrastructure & Operations Committee and subsequent December Council meeting, Councillors voted to continue the Service, receive further quarterly reports until full cost recovery is achieved and monitor within the annual Special Purpose Funds Statement.
- There were **no** targets or milestones set to implement any specific changes to the business model.
- It was not proposed to raise the fees until the 2024/25 Financial Year.

- It has since been confirmed in the December 2023 Quarterly budget review (tabled at the February 2023 Council meeting) listed the Commercial Waste Service in **deficit at \$101k for 2023/24 Financial Year.**
- As a result, the total deficit for 22/23 (\$247 k) and 23/24 (\$101 K) = \$348 K
- There are several critical issues with this decision:
 - Obviously, continuing to operate the Commercial Waste service at a loss, subsidised by ratepayers.
 - That the deficit was identified by the NSW Audit Office following an audit of the 22/23 Special Purpose Funds Statement, so it is highly likely that the 'service' has been running at a loss since its inception which appears to have been in 2018/19.
 - It is unclear if any Councillors have conflicts of interest with endorsing the ratepayer subsidy of this service. This is relevant due to the cohort of Commercial Waste Service customers include 67 Real Estate Agents. This would appear to be a significant percentage of the Shire's Real Estate Agents. The customer list also includes local food outlets.
 - The fact that these businesses are being subsidised is not explicit. This
 arrangement does not appear to be in the public interest. There has been no
 community engagement to assess if the ratepayers agree to their funds being
 used to subsidise a small group of businesses.
 - The numbers of customers are capped so the opportunity to have Commercial Waste collection at a fee that is substantially less than market rate is not available to all Shire businesses.
 - Sutherland Shire Council is under financial stress. The September 2023
 Quarterly Budget reported a deficit deterioration, and \$11 million dollars has been cut from the Capital Budget.
 - It does not appear to be financially responsible decision to oppose the recommendation to cease this Commercial Waste Service and commit to further losses of ratepayer funds.
 - There have **not** been any subsequent reports tabled to address the resolutions from the December Council meeting. This includes seeking advice from the NSW Office of Local Govt regarding the legality of the subsidy, or the quarterly performance reports.

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Sutherland Shire Council Commercial Waste Service.

The full **Commercial Waste Services Review** is listed in the November 2023, Infrastructure and Operations Committee Business Paper, link below.

Agenda of Infrastructure and Operations Committee - Monday, 27 November 2023 (nsw.gov.au) Page 33.

There are major concerns regarding this situation.

- Councils Commercial Waste service is only used by a 1, 096 customers, **18**% of Shire Businesses.
- The remaining 83% pay full fee, using private contractors.
- The cost being charged by Sutherland Shire Council was significantly less than the market rate. Some Councils who run a Commercial Waste Service charge \$32.60 per 240 litre bin per bin. The average Private Contractor charges \$18 per bin. Sutherland Shire Council is charging \$12.92 per bin.
- Council was also offering a bespoke serviced for this low charge, allowing these businesses to nominate what days they wanted their rubbish to be collected.
- It is noted in the report, Page 36, that the resources used to service these 1,096 commercial customers each week was more than 20 different waste vehicles and 18 staff, across the week.
- It was also noted that (page 36) that Council was **not** charging by bin weight, but a flat quarterly fee. This was despite the variation in bin weights of between 20kg and 36.5 kg.
- Council had undertaken a Service Review of the Waste Dept as part of its 'continuous improvement' program in 22/23 as outlined in their Draft Annual Report. Yet had **failed** to identify that the Commercial Service was running at a loss.
- The Report tabled at the November 2023 Infrastructure and Operations Committee meeting was in response to the NSW Auditors correspondence in October 2023.
- It is noted on Page 36 of the Commercial Waste Services Report that Council had received **regular** complaints from private sector businesses stating that Council was offering a waste collection service and disposal **below** fair market prices.
- Whilst the Commercial Waste service is only used by 18% of Shire businesses, there is an extraordinary percentage of Shire Real Estate Agents (67 Agents, Page 35) using Councils low-cost service.
- It is also noted that there are retail and food providers.
- This Report confirmed that 18% of Shire businesses were having their Commercial Waste collection subsidised by Ratepayers as a cost of \$247k per annum.
- It is unclear how businesses access this subsidised Commercial Waste Collection Service provided by Council. There appears to be no reference to it on Councils' website.
- There is a significant opportunity cost to Ratepayers as the \$247K lost to this Service could have been used to benefit the broader community.
- At the December 2023 Council meeting, Councillors elected to proceed with Option B in the Report. This was **NOT** recommended by Council officers. Option A, to withdraw from Waste Service Provision was the preferred option.
- Minutes of Council Meeting Monday, 11 December 2023 (nsw.gov.au) Page 13
- There was no conflict of interest declared by any Councillor in relation to any of the businesses receiving a subsidy.
- It is noted that there is **no** plan for any community engagement with Ratepayers who are subsidising this Service.
- The only community engagement proposed, was with customers if Council had elected to cease the service.
- This report does not state that there will be any changes to the fees and charges for the remainder of this Financial Year.
- Instead, it appears that increased fees and charges will be listed in the 24/25 Fees and Charges Schedule. This is the normal process for reviewing all of Councils fees and charges which goes out for public exhibition in around May, each year.
- It is noted that the decision to continue the Commercial Waste Service, running at a loss, was made in December 2023.

 This was despite, the previous month at the November 2023 Council meeting, the September Quarterly Budget Review was tabled. Councillors were advised of a **budget deterioration** resulting in the Capital Expenditure being reduced by \$11 million dollars.

Governance Issues

The Motion tabled by the Labor Councillors, at the December 2023 Council meeting, seeking support to continue the Commercial Waste Service was **misleading**.

It stated that the Commercial Waste Service provided an income to Council of \$1.713 million dollars (2022/23)

- It **failed** to acknowledge that the service had operating costs of \$1.96 million and was in deficit.
- It required that Council consult with the NSW Office of Local Government and relevant Council officers to clarify the considered subsidy of \$247 k. with a view of providing ongoing clear costs and recovery.
- This matter continues to be monitored within Council's Special Purpose Financial Statement, reported on annually.
- Further reports to be provided **quarterly** until full cost recovery is achieved at a minimum and identifying the performance of this operation.
- It is noted that 4/12 **after** this resolution, there has been **no** report to Council of the outcome of the consultation with OLG.
- There has been **no** subsequent quarterly report to Council regarding full cost recovery or the performance of the operation up to an including the April 2024 Council meeting.
- The fees for the Commercial Waste Service have been increased in the Draft 24/25 Fees and Charges Schedule. The increased fee schedule will commence on the 1st July 2024. 2024 2025 FEES AND CHARGES - DRAFT (amazonaws.com)
- It is noted that it is a flat fee with no bin weight and there is no GST. It is unclear how this compares with the private sector charges.
- It appears that despite the commitment, in the 2018/19 Operational Report, to manage the Commercial Waste Service in compliance with the National Competition Policy and as a full cost recovery model, the Financial Reports from 2019/20 indicate that this was never done.

Rationale for this decision.

Failure of the Commercial Waste Service to be managed in compliance with the National Competition Strategy and Local Govt Act since 2018, is the responsibility of the CEO.

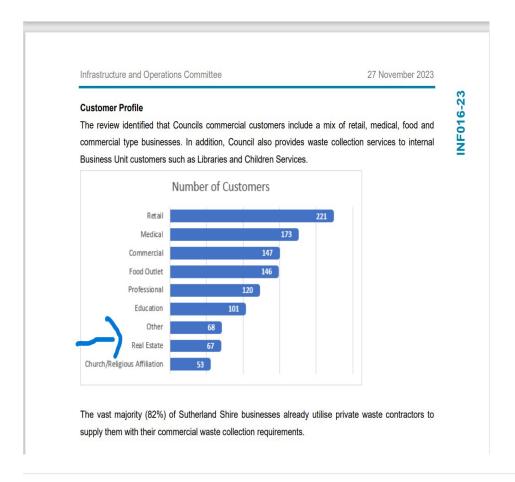
However there has been no explanation for the Councillors decision to disregard the staff recommendation, and to continue this 'service' at the significant expense to the ratepayer.

The outcome of committing ratepayer funds to subsidise the waste collection of the small cohort of 18% of Shire businesses, where there is no public benefit, is unacceptable. This is especially true regarding the 67 Real Estate Agents.

This appears to be a gross misuse of public funding.

Below are relevant screenshots.

- 1. Commercial Waste Service Customer Profile.
- 2. Sept 2023 Quarterly Budget Report for Domestic/Commercial Waste Service **before** NSW Auditor advice
- **3.** Dec 2023 Quarterly Budget Report with Domestic and Commercial Waste Services separated **after** NSW Auditor advice. Note the deficit of \$101k.
- **4.** Income Statement for Commercial Waste Services from 2023 Financial Report. Note the \$247 K deficit reported as a subsidy. Also note the variance from the 2022 Financial Report.
- 5. Income Statement for Commercial Waste Services from 2022 Financial Report.
- 6. Income Statement for Commercial Waste Services from 2020 Financial Report.
- **7.** Statement of Accounting Compliance for NSW Local Govt Act and National Competition Policy 2023.
- 8. As above.
- **9.** September 2023 Quarterly Budget Review noting budget deterioration and \$11 million cut to Capital Expenditure.
- **10.** Recommendations from the Commercial Waste Service Report tabled at the December 2023 Council meeting.
- **11.** Motion to continue the Commercial Waste Service tabled and endorsed at the December 2023 Council meeting.
- **12.** Excerpt from the Draft 22/23 Annual Report noted that there had been a Service Review of the Waste Services.
- **13.** Statement from 2018/19 Operational Plan citing compliance with the National Competition Policy
- **14.** Above Statement stating that the Business Waste pricing was designed to cover all costs, including direct and indirect overheads, and would be set at a level commensurate with market competitors.
- **15.** Excerpt from the 2023 -33 Long Term Financial Plan citing that the Commercial Waste Service and Early Education Childcare Services were planned over time to be full cost recovery and contribute \$1.2 million to revenue. Note that the Long Day Care Service is listed as being subsidised by Council @ \$3,192,000 in the 2023 Financial Report.



Council Meeting 6 November 2023



Quarterly Budget Review Statement

2023-24 Income Statement by Fund

Revised Budget

000's	0.00	General	Consolidated
	Domestic	Fund	Resul
	Waste	151-011-	
Income			
Rates and annual charges	(40,951)	(149,910)	(190,861
User charges and fees	0	(42,580)	(42,58
Interest & investment income	(1,953)	(9,168)	(11,12
Other income	0	(5,374)	(5,374
Grants and contributions provided for operating purposes	0	(13,284)	(13,28
Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes	0	(14,938)	(14,93
Other Revenue	(168)	(12,661)	(12,82
otal Income	(43,072)	(247,914)	(290,98
Expenditure			
Employee benefits and on-costs	7,413	114,718	122,13
Borrowing costs	26	507	53
Materials & Services	28,206	91,323	119,53
Depreciation Amortisation & Impairment	1,977	51,479	53,45
Other expenses	0	9,975	9,97
Net loss from the disposal of assets	0	5,665	5,66
Internal Charges	5,959	(5,959)	
otal Expenditure	43,582	267,709	311,29
perating Result - Deficit/(Surplus)	509	19,795	20,30
perating Result before Capital Revenues - Deficit/(Surplus)	509	34,732	35,24
perating Performance Result	Forecast	Target	Resu
Waste Management	-1.18%	0.00%	
General Fund	-12.57%	0.00%	
Consolidated Result	-10.79%	0.00%	

COTHERLANDSHIP.		Inco		Budget Itement I		Appendix A
000's	Domestic Waste	Commercial Waste	Children Services	General Fund	Consolidated Result	COR007-24 A
						?
Income Rates and annual charges	(40,950,892)	0	0	(149,824,114)	(190,775,006)	
User charges and fees	(40,550,852)	(1,586)	(15,793)	(26,759,931)	(44,138,140)	~~~
Interest & investment income	(2,437,069)	0	0	(12,184,873)	(14,621,942)	0
Other income	0	0	0	(5,453,648)	(5,453,648)	
Grants and contributions provided for operating purposes	0	0	(931)	(12,422,889)	(13,354,235)	×
Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes	0	0	0	(19,818,954)	(19,818,954)	O
Other Revenue	(212,259)	0	(5)	(12,900,518)	(13,117,277)	
otal Income	(43,600)	(1,586)	(16,729)	(239,365)	(301,279)	
Expenditure						
Employee benefits and on-costs	7,413,422	724	10,570	100,180,630	118,887,897	
Borrowing costs	25,664	0	0	541,202	566,866	
Materials & Services	28,119,517	864	5,520	84,235,671	118,739,143	
Depreciation Amortisation & Impairment	802,973	110	364	51,110,912	52,387,947	
Other expenses	0	0	0	9,713,651	9,713,651	
Net loss from the disposal of assets Internal Charges	5,958,619	(11)	679	5,664,519 (6,626,466)	5,664,519 0	
otal Expenditure	42,320	1,687	17,133	244,820	305,960	
perating Result - Deficit/(Surplus)	(1,280)	101	405	5,455	4,681	
perating Result before Capital Revenues - Deficit/(Surplus)	(1,280)	101	405	25,274	24,500	
perating Performance Result	Forecast	Target	Result			
Waste Management	2.94%	0.00%				
Commercial Waste	-6.37%	0.00%				
Children Services	-2.42%	0.00%				
General Fund	-9.17%	0.00%				

Council Meeting 6 November 2023

Sutherland Shire Council | Income Statement of Commercial Waste | for the year ended 30 June 2023

Sutherland Shire Council

Income Statement of Commercial Waste

for the year ended 30 June 2023

	2023 Category 2 \$ '000	2022 Category 2 \$ '000
	\$ 000	3 000
Income from continuing operations		
User charges	1,709	1,522
Other income	4	77
Total income from continuing operations	1,713	1,599
Expenses from continuing operations		
Employee benefits and on-costs	856	51
Materials and services	795	694
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	128	_
Internal rent	1	1
Other notional internal expenses	180	128
Total expenses from continuing operations	1,960	874
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations before capital amounts	(247)	725
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations after capital amounts	(247)	725
Surplus (deficit) from all operations before tax	(247)	725
Less: corporate taxation equivalent (25%) [based on result before capital]	-	(181)
Surplus (deficit) after tax	(247)	544
Pius accumulated surplus Pius adjustments for amounts unpaid:	9,375	8,521
Corporate taxation equivalent	_	181
- Internal Rent	1	1
Other notional internal expenses	180	128
Closing accumulated surplus	9,309	9,375
Return on capital %	0.0%	0.0%
Subsidy from Council	247	_

Sutherland Shire Council | Income Statement of Commercial Waste | for the year ended 30 June 2022

Sutherland Shire Council

Income Statement of Commercial Waste

for the year ended 30 June 2022

\$ '000	2022 Category 2	2021 Category 2
Income from continuing operations		
User charges	1,522	1,511
Other income	77	75
Total income from continuing operations	1,599	1,586
Expenses from continuing operations		
Employee benefits and on-costs	51	62
Materials and services	694	504
Internal rent	1	1
Other notional internal expenses	128	124
Other expenses		1
Total expenses from continuing operations	874	692
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations before capital amounts	725	894
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations after capital amounts	725	894
Surplus (deficit) from all operations before tax	725	894
Less: corporate taxation equivalent (25%) [based on result before capital]	(181)	(232)
Surplus (deficit) after tax	544	662
Plus accumulated surplus Plus adjustments for amounts unpaid:	8,521	7,502
Corporate taxation equivalent	181	232
- Internal Rent	1	1
Other notional internal expenses	128	124
Closing accumulated surplus	9,375	8,521
Return on capital %	0.0%	0.0%
Subsidy from Council		n=

Sutherland Shire Council

Special Purpose Financial Statements 2020

Income Statement - Commercial Waste

for the year ended 30 June 2020

\$ '000	2020 Category 2	2019 Category 2
Income from continuing operations		
User charges	1,481	1,404
Other income	77	20
Total income from continuing operations	1,558	1,424
Expenses from continuing operations		
Employee benefits and on-costs	64	49
Materials and contracts	374	171
Internal rent	1	1
Other notional internal expenses	120	116
Other expenses	27	204
Total expenses from continuing operations	586	541
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations before capital amounts	972	883
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations after capital amounts	972	883
Surplus (deficit) from all operations before tax	972	883
Less: corporate taxation equivalent (27.5%) [based on result before capital]	(267)	(243)
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) AFTER TAX	705	640
Plus accumulated surplus Plus adjustments for amounts unpaid:	6,409	5,409
Corporate taxation equivalent	267	243
- Internal Rent	1	1
Other notional internal expenses	120	116
Closing accumulated surplus	7,502	6,409
Return on capital %	0.0%	0.0%
Subsidy from Council	_	_

Sutherland Shire Council
Special Purpose Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2023

Contents Page
Statement by Councillors and Management 3
Special Purpose Financial Statements:
Income Statement of Long Day Care
Income Statement of Long Day Care
Income Statement of Commercial Waste 5
Statement of Financial Position of Long Day Care 6
Statement of Financial Position of Commercial Waste 7
Note – Significant Accounting Policies 8
NSW Auditor-General's Report on Special Purpose Financial Statements 10

Background

i. These Special Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared for the use by both Council and the Office of Local Covernment in hulfilling their requirements under National Competition Policy.

ii. The principle of competitive neutrality is based on the concept of a Tevet playing field between persons/entities competing in a market place, paticularly between private and public sector competitors.

Essentially, the principle is that government businesses, whether Commonwealth, state or local, should operate without net competitive advantages over other businesses as a result of their public competitive.

uncil Meeting 6 November 2023

COR044-23 QUARTERLY BUDGET REVIEW - SEPTEMBER 2023

 For Council, the principle of competitive neutrality and public reporting applies only to declared business activities. Council formally declared, by resolution COR042-21, that its business activities are its Long Day Care Centres and its Commercial

Attachments: Appendix A, Appendix B and Appendix C ...

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- The Quarterly Budget Review for the period ended 30 September 2023, has been prepared in accordance with section 203 of the Local Government (General) Regulations 2021.
- After incorporating the proposed variations included in the Quarterly Budget Review, the
 projected 2023/24 net operating result has deteriorated from a deficit of \$13.460 million to a
 deficit of \$20.304 million. Council's projected Operating Result before Capital Revenue
 deteriorated from a deficit of \$27.408 million, to a deficit of \$35.241 million.
- The 2023/24 Capital Budget has been revised downwards from \$89.816M to \$78.650 million during the September Capital Review.
- The proposed variations to the 2023/24 Budget as outlined in this report, including operating, capital and reserves, delivers an improved funding result of \$1.247 million.

REPORT RECOMMENDATION

THAT:

- The report 'Quarterly Budget Review September 2023' be received and noted.
- The proposed variations to the 2023/24 Budget, detailed in Appendix A and B to this report, be adopted and the Operational Plan and Budget 2023/24 be amended accordingly.
- The information provided by the Local Government Grants Commission in relation to the future of the Financial Assistance Grants be noted.

INF016-23 Commercial Waste Service Review File Number: 2023/0987

Minute No: 259

RESOLVED UNANIMOUSLY: (Councillor McLean/Councillor Steinwall)

THAT:

- The report 'Commercial Waste Collection Service Review' be received and noted.
- Council proceed with option B, page 38 of the Report:
 - Without a separate business unit, as its category two National Competition Policy (NCP).
 - b. Noting Council supports the application of NCP, and the 'Pricing and Costing of Council Businesses: a Guide to Competitive Neutrality' issued by Office of Local Government' Council also defines this service being category two, (see Council Business Paper, 6 November 2023, COR041-23, Special Purpose Financial Statement).
 - Council further notes, as above financial statements, that this business provides an income to Council of \$1.713 million (2022/2023).
- Council consult with the Office of Local Government and relevant Council Officers to clarify the considered subsidy, of \$247,000 with a view to providing ongoing clear costs and recovery.
- This matter continue to be monitored within Councils 'Special Purpose Financial Statements' reported on annually.
- Further reports be provided quarterly until full cost recovery is achieved at a minimum and identifying the performance of this operation.

Page 13

INF016-23 COMMERCIAL WASTE SERVICE REVIEW

Attachments: Appendix A (under separate cover)

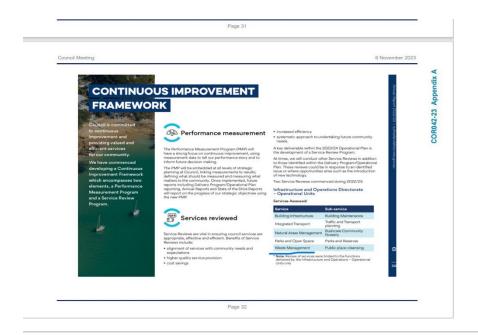
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- This report provides a review of the current commercial waste delivery model to ensure
 provision of a cost effective, innovative and sustainable waste and resource recovery service.
- Council provides an opt in commercial waste, recycling and organics collection to an estimated 18% of businesses across the Sutherland Shire Local Government Area.
- The Auditor General's Office "Special Purpose Financial Statement" signed and dated 18
 October 2023, declared that Council's commercial waste collection was operating at a deficit of
 \$247,000 per annum after tax for the year ending 30 June 2023.
- To eliminate this deficit, Council would be required to increase its current general waste fee for financial year 2024-25 by a minimum of 45.6% to match competitive market prices.
- Given the complexity of the current commercial collection delivery model and the legislative requirement to operationally structure and allocate resources independently, it is recommended that Council withdraw commercial waste collection of private businesses.

REPORT RECOMMENDATION

THAT:

- The report 'Commercial Waste Collection Service Review' be received and noted.
- 2. Council withdraw from the commercial waste collection market, effective 1 July 2024.
- A detailed communications plan be implemented to support the effective transition of existing commercial customers.



Council Meeting 16 April 2018

IATIONAL COMPETITION OLICY

In 1995 the Commonwealth Government, in agreement with the State Government, signed a series of agreements to institute the National Competition Policy. The broad aims of this policy are to introduce competition into areas of government and remove government restrictions which inhibit competition. The National Competition Policy has a number of aims which are targeted towards government in general; however, the two which have most relevance to local government are:

- no participant in the market should be able to engage in anti-competitive conduct against the public interest

In response to the Commonwealth Government National Competition Policy, the NSW government produced a statement in response to National Competition Policy and the application of the policy to Local Government. Implementation within Local Government relates to:

improving the quality, effectiveness and efficiency of Council services

improving planning and decision-making within Council

increasing consumer and business choice

- building cooperative partnerships within the community, other councils, other government bodies and business.

In the light of these issues, Sutherland Shire Council has adopted its own policy, outlined in a document titled Competition Policy - The Next Steps in Reform.

- These are:

 Adopt a corporatisation model for the business;

 Activities include debt guarantee fees, where the business benefits from the Council borrowing position by comparison with commercial rates;

 Factor into prices an appropriate return on capital invested;

 Make any subsidies provided to customers and the funding of those subsidies explicit;

 Operate within the same regulatory framework as other businesses; and

 Include in their costs the same Federal, State and Local Government taxes and charges as private businesses do.

Dusinesses do.

The principle of competitive neutrality applies only to the business activities of Council and not to Councils non-business, non-profit activities. The definition of Category One businesses is those which have a gross operating income of more than \$2 million a year, while Category Two businesses have a gross operating income of less than \$2 million per annum.

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Council Meeting 16 April 2018

PRICING POLICY OPERATIONAL PROPERTY

Operational property is a program involved in producing a rental income stream for Council from a stock of investment properties. In the process, Council may be involved in developing and selling operational land and property.

It aims to produce returns commensurate with the general market place, both in terms of rentals received and capital gain on properties held. All costs are taken into account and no subsidies are involved.

PRICING POLICY -BUSINESS WASTE

Business waste pricing is designed to cover all costs, including direct and indirect overheads, and is set at a level commensurate with market competitors.

PRICING POLICY - SUTHERLAND ENTERTAINMENT CENTRE

Prices charged for the hire of the centre, together with prices for consumables such as liquor, confectionery and meals, are generally set at levels commensurate with market competitors. (Certain hirings by local voluntary community groups are subsidised directly by Council, and reference to the subsidised hiring rates is mentioned in Council's Schedule of Fees and Charges.)

However, in regard to its operation as a 'business', when all support unit costs plus Notional Costs (taxation equivalent, etc.) are taken into account, the centre operates at a deficit -- this deficit is the subsidy Council has recognised and approved as a community service obligation in providing this type of facility.



As part of Councils commitment to continuous improvement a program of service reviews will be implemented. These reviews, in conjunction with any new or revised Council Strategy, will provide an opportunity to optimise service delivery which may result in cost savings and efficiencies. Included as part of that process review, will be a review performed on Council's commercial business activities including an Early Education Childcare Service across 11 sites and a Commercial Waste Collection Service. Council's efforts to ensure that these services are operating at full cost recovery will over time be able to contribute an additional \$1.2M annually to Council's operating result.

Strategy Development

Over the last three years, Council has been developing strategies and plans across most of its services. This continues as part of the 2023/24 Operational Plan, with plans such as the Leisure Centres Strategy, Catchment and Waterways Strategy and the various Precinct Plans for centres across the local government area being developed.

The challenge that Council has is to successfully implement all of these new and revised strategies and plans in a financially sustainable way and continue to work with the financial strategies of Council's LTFP.



Alternate Model

To eliminate future operating deficits, Council must either increase its operating revenue (excluding capital revenue) and/ or decrease its operating expenditure on a recurrent basis.

An alternate financial model that has been undertaken illustrates that this revenue increase and/or expenditure decrease must equate to approximately \$16 million per annum. The table below illustrates the impact this will have on the operating performance ratio in an alternate model.

Operating Performance Ratio - Alternate Model										
FY24	FY25	FY26	FY27	FY28	FY29	FY30	FY31	FY32	FY33	
•				•	•		•		•	

This can be achieved by implementing any or all of the following pathway options, in varying compositions.

3.20% 2.86% 2.62% 1.52% 1.09%

Resourcing Strategy - Long Term Financial Plan 2023 - 2033 | 27

1.51%

Current Financial Long -Term Plan

In the context of this, issues that have been covered so far in this submission include:

-5.09% 0.24%

- inadequate Infrastructure resourcing,
- capital expenditure disproportionally skewed to favour investment in Sports Fields,
- mismanagement of the Commercial Waste Program including their lack of awareness of non -compliance with the NSW Local Govt Act, National Competition policy or that, following an internal Service Review, that it was in deficit,
- adjustment of the 23/24 Capital Expenditure Budget 3/12 into the Financial Year by \$11 million dollars

It is relevant to review the Draft 24/25 Long Term Financial Strategy uploaded to Council's website for Public Comment.

There is a link to the document below.

7b51f008b0b6c21085b9ead948332a07_Appendix_D_-<u>Draft_Revised_Long_Term_Financial_Plan_(A9260732).pdf (amazonaws.com)</u>

Below is a screenshot of the updated page for the 24/25 edition.

Service Reviews

As part of Councils commitment to continuous improvement a program of service reviews will be implemented. These reviews, in conjunction with any new or revised Council Strategy, will provide an opportunity to optimise service delivery which may result in cost savings and efficiencies. Included as part of that process review, will be a review performed on Council's commercial business activities including an Early Education Childcare Service across 11 sites and a Commercial Waste Collection Service. Council's efforts to ensure that these services are operating at full cost recovery will over time be able to contribute an additional \$1.2M annually to Council's operating result.

IPART Review of Financial Modelling of Councils

In January 2024, the New South Wales Premier requested the Independent Pricing and Regulatory Tribunal (IPART) to conduct an inquiry and subsequently produce a comprehensive report concerning the financial model utilised by councils in New South Wales. The investigation aims to assess the effectiveness of councils in identifying and leveraging alternative revenue sources beyond grants and rates to adequately meet the needs of communities and sustainably deliver essential services mandated by council. Council will be monitoring progress and participating in the various engagement components of the review. This inquiry presents an opportunity for councils useful cauching in the various engagement components of the review.

Strategy Development

Over the last three years, Council has been developing strategies and plans across most of its services. This continues as part of the 2024/25 Operational Plan, with plans such as the Roads and Freight Strategy, Catchment and Waterways Strategy and the various Place Plans for centres across the local government area being developed.

The challenge that Council has is to successfully implement all of these new and revised strategies and plans in a financially sustainable way and continue to work with the financial strategies of Council's LTFP.

Alternate Model

To eliminate future operating deficits, Council must either increase its operating revenue (excluding capital revenue) and/or decrease its operating expenditure on a recurrent basis.

An alternate financial model that has been undertaken illustrates that this revenue increase and/or expenditure decrease must equate to approximately \$14 million per annum. The table below illustrates the impact this will have on the operating performance ratio in an alternate model.

Operating Performance Ratio – Alternate Model										
FY25	FY26	FY27	FY28	FY29	FY30	FY31	FY32	FY33	FY34	
	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
-2.32%	2.18%	2.65%	2.39%	3.72%	3.25%	3.82%	3.68%	2.03%	1.75%	

This can be achieved by implementing any or all of the following pathway options, in varying compositions.

Resourcing Strategy - Long Term Financial Plan 2024 - 2034 | 27

Council Meeting 6 November 2023

Sutherland Shire Council | Income Statement of Long Day Care | for the year ended 30 June 2023

Sutherland Shire Council

Income Statement of Long Day Care

for the year ended 30 June 2023

	2023	2022
	Category 1	Category 1
	\$ '000	\$ '000
Income from continuing operations		
User charges	14,613	13,898
Grants and contributions provided for operating purposes	1,016	294
Other income	13	10
Total income from continuing operations	15,642	14,202
Expenses from continuing operations		
Employee benefits and on-costs	11,842	9,493
Materials and services	3,895	4,771
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	308	4
Calculated taxation equivalents	953	589
Internal rent	_	1,304
Other notional internal expenses	1,834	1,985
Other expenses	2	1
Total expenses from continuing operations	18,834	18,147
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations before capital amounts	(3, 192)	(3,945)
Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes	_	_
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations after capital amounts	(3, 192)	(3,945)
Surplus (deficit) from all operations before tax	(3, 192)	(3,945)
Surplus (deficit) after tax	(3,192)	(3,945)
Plus accumulated surplus	4,792	4,859
Plus adjustments for amounts unpaid:		
- Taxation equivalent payments	953	589
- Internal Rent	-	1,304
- Other Notional Internal Expenses	1,834	1,985
Closing accumulated surplus	4,387	4,792
Return on capital %	(8.7)%	(28,178.6)%
Subsidy from Council	3,192	3,946

Note that the narrative for the Commercial Waste Service in the 2023 LTPF before they were advised that it was in deficit is the same text in the 24/25 LFFP.

It is unclear how the Early Education Childcare Services will be able to contribute to Council's operating result when they receive a subsidy from Council. See above screenshot of June 2023 Income Statement.

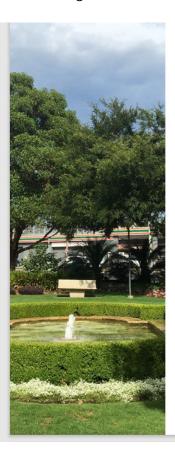
It is also noted that this updated 2024-2034 Long-Term Financial Plan refers to Strategy Development, as did the previous edition of the 2023-2033 version.

It is noted that the Catchment and Waterways Strategy is not listed in the Draft 24/25 Operational Plan until June 2025. It does not appear that it will be implemented until 2025/26.

The Precinct Plan outlined in the 2023-2033 Long Term Financial Plan have turned into Place Plans in the 2024-2034 edition. However, there have not been any delivered.

It is also noted that there is the same reference in both versions of these Long-Term Financial Plans, to the *financial challenge* to *implement these new and revised strategies*.

This is extremely concerning in the context of the requirement to either increase revenue or decrease expenditure by \$14million dollars (2024-2045 LTFP) considering the known issues of under resourcing of Infrastructure.



Pathway Option: Decreasing Operating Expenditure

Councils operating expenditure includes employee costs, materials and services, other expenses, borrowing costs and depreciation. The pathway option of decreasing operating expenditure would require a reduction in any of these categories.

As part of the Special rate Variation implemented in 2019-20, Council committed to providing a 1.25% operating expenditure efficiency dividend of \$54 million over a ten year period (2019-2028). This efficiency dividend is included in all models included in the LTFP. An increase or extension of the efficiency dividend would generate a further reduction in operating expenditure, however any increase would be limited to the point where it started to impact existing service levels. Increasing the efficiency dividend to 1.50% would increase the dividend by \$10 million over life of the plan.

Although depreciation is a non-cash item it is still included as an operating expense of Council. As Council's asset management maturity levels increase this will allow for a more comprehensive review of councils asset accounting methodologies which has the potential to drive down these expenditure levels.

As a comprehensive suite of service reviews take place across the Council services, combined with the introduction of new and/or revised strategies and plans, new and innovative ways of operating should be introduced. This combined with new technologies and methodologies should also create efficiencies and contribute to the decreasing the levels of operating expenditure without compromising service levels.

As part of the service reviews, Council will work closely with the community to understand the services they value, the standards they expect and what they are willing to pay for. This conversation with the community will include determining whether adjustments can be made to service provision for example rationalising community facilities, changing park maintenance standards and/or closing library branches.

Resourcing Strategy - Long Term Financial Plan 2024 - 2034 | 29

It is even more concerning to read the Pathway Option for decreasing Operating Expenditure, including: as part of Service Reviews, rationalising community facilities, changed park maintenance standards and/or closing library branches.

There is good reason for a lack of confidence in the Sutherland Shire Council Service Reviews including failure to understand that their Commercial Waste Service was in deficit whilst reporting a surplus.

It is also noted that the 2023 Service Review of the Infrastructure and Operations Directorate found that there were major deficits. Rectification of many of these issues will require additional funding. It is also noted that this Service Review, included Open Space (parks), cleaning and buildings identified many serious issues including that:

- Service standards don't match community expectations.
- The quality of maintenance is below the typical standard of peer Metropolitan Councils.
- Asset information is poor.
- Internal communication is poor and has an impact on budget.
- Planned compliance and maintenance programs are underfunded.

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During 2022/23 a Service Review was conducted for the operational areas within the Infrastructure and Operations Directorate which included: Open Space, Cleansing, Buildings and Civil. The Service Review was established to assist with the implementation of a new Enterprise Asset Management (EAM) system.

The Service Review commenced in January 2023 with overall key findings including:

- · Service standards don't match community expectations and is inconsistent
- . Quality of maintenance is below the typical standard for a metropolitan Council
- Productivity can be improved with changes to work methods and equipment
- · Predominantly reactive in many activities and not triages based on priorities
- · Asset information is poor, making it difficult to benchmark performance and to program works
- Key major building assets do not have Asset Management Plans
- · Internal communication is not adequate and results in budget impacts
- · Planned compliance and maintenance programs are under funded for buildings

· High-profile public domain and tourist areas require additional presence for cleansing services during weekends and evenings

Opportunities for Improvement

An implementation framework has been developed based on the key findings from the review. This will include two streams working collaboratively through the next 12 months to create and commence implementation plans for the identified improvements.

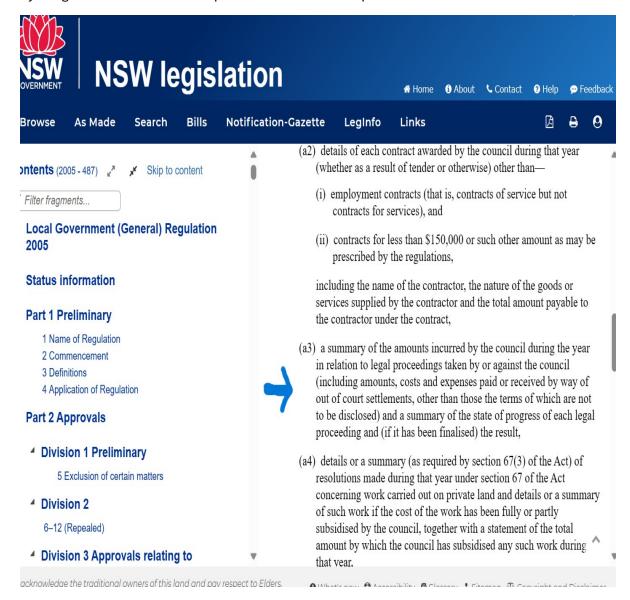
The implementation framework

- · Development of service standards that match community expectations as endorsed in strategies
- · Update maintenance schedules to meet the service standards
- management requirements to support the delivery and regular monitoring of performance
- · Transition to a proactive planned approach rather than reactive
- · Develop key facility asset plans
- · Undertake analysis for gaps in buildings maintenance and develop a business plan for long term funding
- · Review and align functions and key tasks across the Directorate
- · Review and improve contractor management and supervision
- . Review services in 2025 with the aim of achieving improved performance

It is relevant to reiterate, that there has been **no** Action Plan including costing implications, or Progress Reports tabled at any Council meetings regarding management of the issues listed in this Service Review.

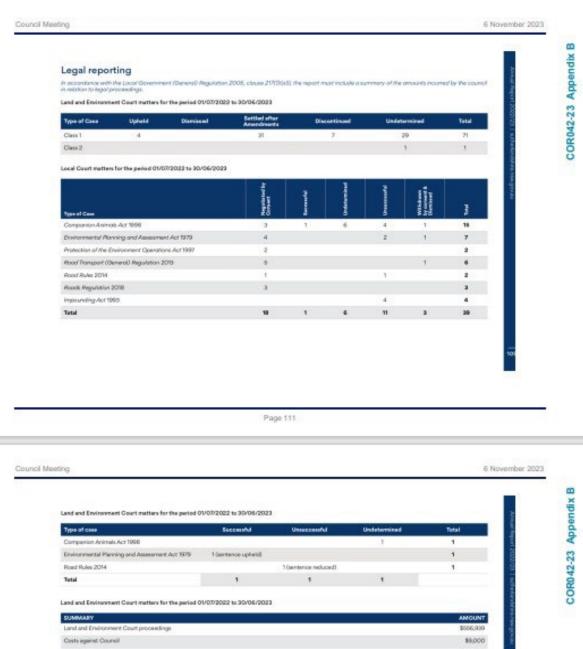
Transparency of Sutherland Shire Council's Legal Costs.

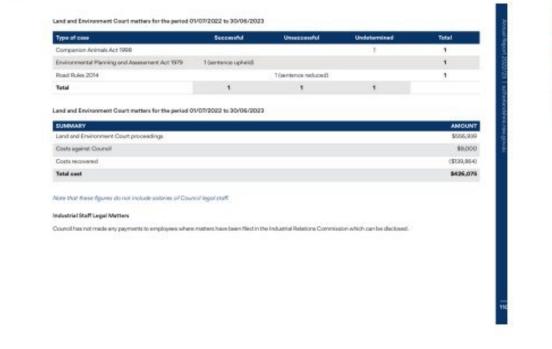
As per the NSW Local Government (General) Regulation, Councils are required to provide a summary of amounts incurred by Council during the year in relation to legal proceedings taken by or against Council. This is reported in the Annual Report.



Below is a screenshot of the information provided in the Draft 2022/23 Annual Report.

It is noted that there is **no** data provided for costs in the Supreme, District Courts or NCAT. There is also very limited/inconsistent information listed for the Industrial Court. This is despite members of the community reporting being engaged in complex, protracted expensive legal disputes with Council and there is no record of the resultant legal costs.





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In comparison, below is a screenshot of the standard of data provided by Georges River Council. Whilst the report doesn't itemise the 'other' legal costs, it provides the amount expended.

Summary of amounts incurred by Council in relation to legal proceedings

The table provides in summary, amounts incurred by Council in relation to legal proceedings taken by or against Council (including amounts, costs and expenses paid or received by way of out-of-Court settlements, other than those the terms of which are not to be disclosed) and a summary of the state of progress of each legal proceeding and (if it has been finalised) the result.

Legal Costs 2022-2023

The Legal Costs indicated below exclude staff time:

Development and Building	1,335,085
Proceedings and Advice	
Environmental, Regulatory, Waste and Compliance	493,719
Proceedings and Advice	
Property	160,645
Relates to property Acquisitions, Commercial and Venue Hire Lease Arrangements and Strategic Property (individual cases not disclosed)	
Governance	7,264
Advice (including Code of Conduct)	
Other Legal Costs	438,386
Related to general legal costs not covered in the above (including HR, Executive Services, Project Delivery)	
Total	2,435,099
Legal Costs Recovered	
Rates	-307,293
Development and Building	-748,498
Total	-1,005,791

It is also noted that in 2023, Sutherland Shire Council engaged a consultant to review their Land and Environment legal costs. They now provide a monthly confidential report on Land and Environment Court Matters to Council. This information is not available to the public.

CONFIDENTIAL REPORTS OF THE PLANNING AND GROWTH COMMITTEE HELD ON 8 APRIL 2024 PLN004A-24 Land and Environment Court Matters – Monthly Status Update for February 2024 (pg. 96)

The reason for this is unclear as other Councils provide comprehensive information including the outcome of each case. This transparency allows the community to assess the outcome of the legal proceedings and assess Council's efficacy re their legal costs.

Below is an example from Georges River Council. Many other Councils provide the cost of each case in addition to the outcome. Sutherland Shire Council provides no case level information.

Applicant / Proceedings Number	Description of Matter	Status / Critical Dates	
88-92 Botany Street, Carlton Applicant: Hurstville Community Centre Incorporated Proceedings: 2021/360407	Class 1 Appeal against refusal of DA2019/0644 for demolition works, alterations to existing building and change of use from nursing home to place of public workshop, community facilities and associated works.	Matter listed for hearing on 17-19 August 2022. Following amendment of application. Appeal upheld subject to conditions. Date of grant 6 September 2022.	Completed
47 Boronia Street, Kyle Bay Applicant: Harry Myliotis Proceedings: 2022/16300	Class 1 Appeal against deemed refusal of modification application MOD 2021/0142 for various modifications at basement level including increase in basement footprint along with relocation of external vents, inclusion of plant room, and inclusion of storage area. The modifications also include conversion of car space adjacent to lift into store and plant room; and lowering of pool coping level on 47 Boronia, removal of pool at 34 Cross Street, and relocation of alfresco and additional fill to north-western corner and demolition of fencing and new timber, fencing boundary.	Matter listed for S34AA Conference on 3 and 4 May 2022. Mediation terminated. Further S34AA Conciliation Conference listed on 1 September 2022. Section 34 Agreement entered into, following amended plans. Date of grant 27 September 2022.	Completed
6-10 Torrens Street, Blakehurst Applicant: Lioncrest Capital Holdings Pty Limited Proceedings: 2022/25659	Class 1 Appeal against deemed refusal of DA2021/0478 which seeks consent for the demolition of existing dwellings and ancillary structures and construction of a five-storey residential flat building over basement parking.	Matter listed for hearing 20 and 21 September 2022.	Not Completed
36 Chamberlain Street, Narwee Parties: Commitment Pty Limited Proceedings: 2022/44228	Class 1 Appeal against deemed refusal of DA2021/0415 for demolition works and construction of a child care centre.	Matter discontinued by Applicant on 20 September 2022	Completed
26 Bowden Street, Connells Point Applicant: Yasser Elgammal Proceedings: 2022/45831	Class 1 Appeal against Stop Work Order dated 11 February 2022.	Matter discontinued by Applicant on 20 October 2022	Completed
12-14 Bembridge Street, Carlton Applicant: Michel Murr Proceedings: 2022/65497	Class 1 Appeal against deemed refusal of DA2021/0400 for demolition of existing structures and construction of five storey residential flat building comprising of 16 apartments with rooftop communal space and 2 levels of basement parking.	Matter was discontinued by Applicant on 7 October 2022.	Completed

Below is an analysis of the expenses listed in the Annual Report vs Councils Financial Report to try and understand the quantum of their legal costs. Apologies for the poor standard of spreadsheet however this is indicative of the inconsistency of information provided in their Annual Report. It also demonstrated the difficulty trying to track known major legal expenses of \$300k per case.

Sutherl	land Shire Co	ouncil Legal C	osts									
Legal Expense	Dec-23	Sep-23	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
	Quarter Budget review	Quarter Budget Review	Fin Report	Fin Report	Fin Report	Fin Report	Fin Report	Fin Report	Fin Report	Fin Report	Fin Report	Fin Report
Debt Recovery			\$ 111	\$ 194	\$ 316	\$ 232	\$ 504	\$ 591	\$ 478	\$ 147	\$ 98	\$ 168
Other			\$ 448	\$ 387	\$ 370	\$ 426	\$ 354	\$ 426.00	\$ 592	\$ 903	\$ 982	\$ 899
Planning and Development			\$ 317	\$ 165	\$ 99	\$ 182.	\$ 159	\$ 115.00	\$ 84	\$ 69	\$ 34	\$ 43
Total	\$ 893,252	\$ 463,974	\$ 876	\$ 746	\$ 785	\$ 840.	\$ 1,017	\$ 1,132.	\$ 1,154	\$ 1,119	\$ 1,114	\$ 1,110.
Annual Report		nce with Loca curred by the					(1) (a3), th	e Annual Re 2017/1	eport must	include a	summary of	the
			3	2	1	0	9	8	7			
Land and Environment			\$ 556,93 9.	\$ 380,01 4	\$ 304,96 2.	\$ 390,18 7	\$ 297,92 3	\$ -	\$ -			
Local Court			\$	\$ 4,474.	\$ 12,871	\$ 185,59 6	\$ 10,080.	\$	\$			
Risk and Audit Legal Matters			\$	\$	\$ 24,923	\$ 40,864.	\$ 61,660.	\$ 46,863.	\$ 110,83 8			
							listed all the Risk and Audit cases					
Industrial Court Legal			\$	Harmer Industri al \$20k to date, not finalise d	No ext. investig ators or legal firms	No ext. investig ators or legal firms	\$ -	\$ 22,261	\$ 39,665			

Grant Funding for Local Councils

It is noted that Capital and Operational Grants are a substantive part of Council Revenue.

Below is the comparison comparing Sutherland Shire Council revenue and expenditure with similar Councils. This data was sourced from their 22/23 Operational Plans.

Note the significant variance in Operational and Capital Grant revenue.

This is clearly a major concern for the Sutherland Shire community. It is a reasonable expectation that there should be oversight and transparency of Councils performance in application and the success rate in Grant Applications.

23/24 Council CAPEX Budget Comparison							
	Population	Income (million)	CAPEX Budget (million)	Stormwater/ Drainage Budget (million)	Gra	erational nts lion)	Capital Grants (million)
	231	\$	\$	\$			\$
Sutherland Shire Council	K	287	76.11	1.70	\$	14.50	14.00
	263	\$	\$	\$			\$
Northern Beaches Council	K	437	102.00	4.77	\$	27.50	32.30
	216	\$	\$	\$			\$
Wollongong Council	K	357	106.00	6.80	\$	29.50	38.70
	219	\$	\$	\$			\$
Penrith City Council	K	384	153.00	7.07	\$	9.00	43.00
	213	\$	\$	\$		•	\$
Lake Macquarie Council	K	351	118.00	4.30	\$	27.30	41.00
	188	\$	\$	\$			\$
Inner West Council	K	307	111.16	2.60	\$	9.10	37.80

Council Income from Rates		
Comparison		
	Population	Rates revenue (million)
	231	\$
Sutherland Shire Council	K	190
	263	\$
Northern Beaches Council	K	246
	216	\$
Wollongong Council	K	232
	219	\$
Penrith City Council	K	148
	213	\$
Lake Macquarie Council	K	158
	188	\$
Inner West Council	K	132

Office of Local Government

The Office of Local Government purport to provide oversight and guidance to Councils.

The Integrated Planning and Reporting (IP&R) Guidelines were first issued by the Office of Local Government (OLG) in 2010. The Guidelines have been updated to reflect legislative changes enacted through the Local Government Amendment (Governance and Planning) Act 2016.

All councils in NSW use the IP&R framework to guide their planning and reporting activities. County councils also plan and report under a modified IP&R framework. Joint organisations must consider member councils' strategic priorities developed through IP&R when preparing and reporting on their strategic regional priorities. The requirements for IP&R are set out in the Local Government Act 1993 (the Act) and the Local Government (General) Regulation 2021 (the Regulation).

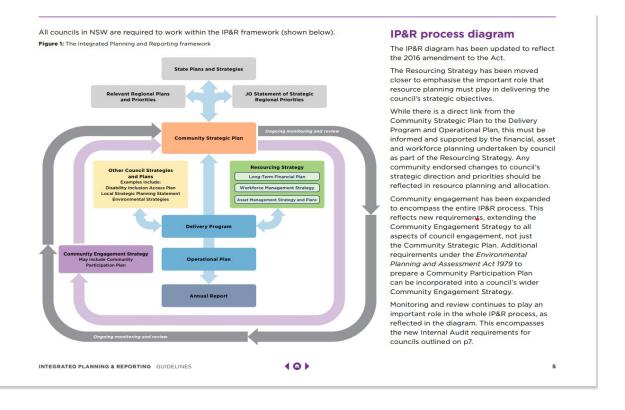
These Guidelines explain what councils, county councils and joint organisations **must** do to ensure they comply with their planning and reporting requirements set out in the Act. The Guidelines are issued under section 406 of the Act and the Regulation.

Below are links to the OLG Guidelines and Handbook.

IPR Guidelines 2021 (nsw.gov.au)

Integrated Planning & Reporting Handbook for Local Councils in NSW

Below is a copy of the OLG Integrated Planning and Reporting Framework.



A significant issue is that the OLG have **no systems to validate** that Council's comply with the Integrated Planning and Reporting Framework.

As a result, the Integrated Planning and Reporting Framework is basically voluntary.

There are no enforceable standards for the quality of/or the requirement for any suite of Strategies.

Note that Sutherland Shire Council does not have a Biodiversity Study/Strategy, an Urban Tree Canopy Management Strategy, a Climate Strategy, a Catchment and Waterways (Stormwater Mgt) Strategy and their Environment and Sustainability Strategy is dated 2012 so is out of date. This is inconsistent with peer Sydney Metropolitan Councils.

In the context of this submission, Sutherland Shire Council do not have a Performance Management Framework, use or report using Performance Indicators or Measurable Outcomes.

However, the Office of Local Government state that *Performance Measurement is a key element of the Integrated Performance Management Framework.*

It is important that councils have a framework in place to monitor progress. The type of monitoring councils undertake depends on the objectives and strategies that have been set. The aim of the assessment process is to answer a few key questions: • Are we reflecting our principles? • Are we moving towards or away from achieving our long-term objectives? • Are the partners identified in the CSP doing what they said they would do. **Integrated Planning and Reporting Framework Handbook P 24.**

Below are screen shots from the Handbook. This demonstrates an expectation but unfortunately not any enforceable requirement for using Performance Measures.



2.9 Monitoring and measuring performance

Monitoring performance is the process of collecting, analysing and reporting data regarding the performance of an organisation.

It is a tool to help local government evaluate the quality and effectiveness of their services and an important accountability mechanism between council's administration and councillors, and between councillors and the community.

The IP&R framework requires councils to report in the following ways:

- Quarterly Financial Budget Review Statements
- Delivery Program Progress Reports
- Annual Report
- State of our City Report.

Performance information assists in understanding how well council, parts of the council and individuals are performing. It allows for evidence-based decision making to inform other stages in the planning cycle, whether it be the annual operational plan or the longer-term community strategic plan.

It addresses the question 'how will we know when we have arrived?' by additional que tions such as:

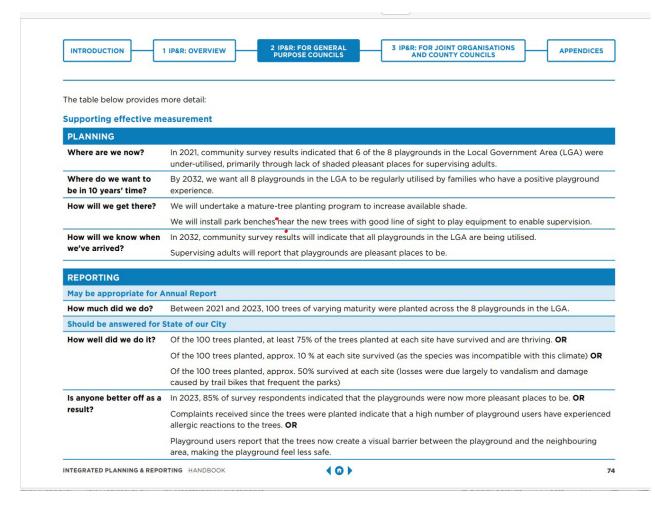
- Did we do what we said we would do?
- If not, what were the barriers?
- How much did we do?
- How well did we do it?
- Is anyone better off as a result of what we did?

As each component of the IP&R framework has a different purpose, so too they will have different measures to monitor progress and performance.

Performance measures can include outcomes (the actual results of programs and services), inputs (resources used), outputs (program activities) and efficiency measures (ratio of inputs to outputs).

Deciding on measures

It is up to each council to put in place a framework for monitoring performance. Reporting that considers what worked, as well as what didn't, supports better future processes and creates trust with the community.



1 IP&R: OVERVIEW

2 IP&R: FOR GENERAL PURPOSE COUNCILS

3 IP&R: FOR JOINT ORGANISATIONS AND COUNTY COUNCILS

AND COUNTY COUNCILS

Using measures, indicators, baselines, targets and data for quality reporting

In order for the planning cycle to continue, periodic measurement of progress against the objectives set in the plans needs to occur to ensure that the strategies and actions identified are delivering the intended outcomes.

Setting measures and indicators for strategies and actions in plans, with an identified baseline and target, a timeframe and a known source of data, will enable the key IP&R questions to be answered:

- Where are we now? (the baseline)
- Where do we want to be in 10 years' time? (the target)
- How will we get there? (the strategy, activity, program or action)
- How will we know when we've arrived? (the measure or indicator supported by data).

The IP&R framework requires councils to report to their communities on progress toward the achievement of the objectives of the Community Strategic Plan (CSP) and Delivery Program (DP). Key to successful reporting is sound measurement using reliable data.

Many NSW State agencies collect and publish data that will be useful for councils' reporting. The Australian Bureau of Statistics also collects data that can be sorted by local government area. While these data collections may not coincide exactly with the IP&R cycle (e.g. the Australian census occurs every 5 years), they nevertheless provide useful information that can assist councils to monitor trends over time in relation to the things that matter in local communities.

The CSP objectives are specifically measured and reported on through the State of our City. Sound measurement and understanding how well the strategies have worked in achieving the CSP's objectives are key steps in informing the development of the next CSP.

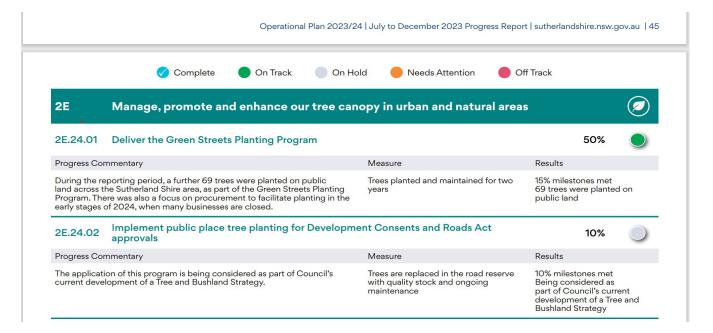
Principles

When establishing a framework for reporting there are a few key principles to keep in mind:

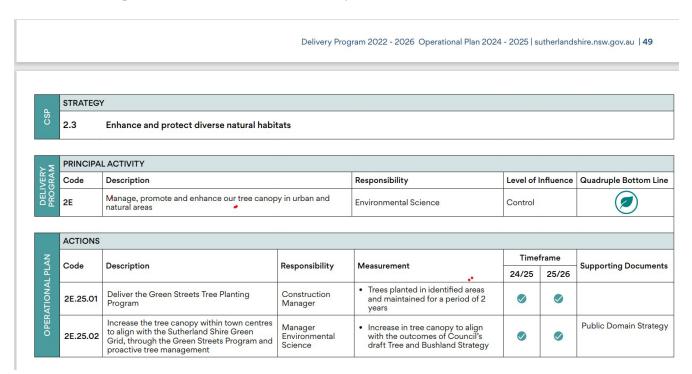
- All reporting in the council has the clear purpose of monitoring the progress of implementation of the council's suite of plans.
- Reporting informs reviews and amendments as necessary to keep the council on track for meeting its objectives.
- Every strategy, activity and action across the entire suite of IP&R documents is allocated a measure to determine its success. This includes identifying the baseline (where are we now?), the target (where do we want to be?), the timeframe in which the target is expected to be achieved and the indicator or measure that will be used to identify progress (how will we know when we've arrived?).
- Each indicator or measure is assigned a data source, and there is agreement from the data custodian that the required information will be provided at agreed times to enable reporting.

Below are screen shots from Sutherland Shire Council's most recent Progress Report. It is unclear how the Green Streets Planting Program could be 50% on track when it has met 15% of its milestone, noting that there is no baseline target provided.

The second action to implement public place tree planting for Development Consents and Roads Act approvals is even more baffling. This program is being *considered* as part the development of the Tree and Bushland Strategy (which is several years overdue) but not delivered and there is no timeframe. Yet, they have achieved 10 % of an undefined milestone.



The 24/25 Draft Operational Plan below does not list any Performance Indicators.



The lack of Measurable Outcome means that it is difficult, if not impossible, to monitor or compare Council's performance in the delivery of services.

It is extremely relevant and concerning that Sutherland Shire Council also does not comply with the 'requirements' for Asset Management Planning, outlined in the Integrated Planning and Reporting Handbook, page 74. This is evidenced by the Service Review Report on page 40 of this submission.

Summary

Whilst it is important to ensure that local Councils are adequately resourced, it is equally important that there is governance to ensure that those resources are managed responsibly and equitably.

As outlined, the Office of Local Government does not have any oversight of the performance of local Councils. It is not clear that there is any external oversight of compliance with the Local Government Act or Regulations. This is demonstrated by the inconsistency of information provided about legal costs in the Sutherland Shire Council Annual Report.

The Office of Local Government's advice is that it is **not** their role to be monitoring the effectiveness and efficiency of Councils. They state that it is up to the community to vote them out if they are unhappy with the Council's performance. That is all well and good, but there is nothing to inform communities about the performance of their Council.

As this submission has demonstrated, there is **nothing** between a poorly performing council and that community.

There is **no** governance over the standard of information that a Council is required to provide to their community.

This includes that there is **no** requirement to use a Performance Measurement Framework.

The average member of the public should not need high level financial skills to be able to evaluate the performance of their local Council. In addition, the available data should have some level of consistency so that the public can make some basic comparisons with peer Councils.

This submission has demonstrated that unlike other LGAs, the Sutherland Shire community have **no** idea of the details of most of the Capital Works projects that are scheduled each year, so **no** idea if they were delivered.

They have **no** idea that the Council is subsidising the waste service for 18% of local businesses that include most local real estate agents nor that this has cost ratepayers at least \$347 k over the last 2 financial years and most likely more over the past 6 years.

They have **no** idea that the Stormwater Infrastructure is being under resourced or the expenditure on Sports Fields is disproportionate.

They have **no** idea that the Building Maintenance is funded at 50% of the benchmark of peer Councils.

They have **no** idea that there is no suite of contemporary Environmental Strategies to inform Council decision making.

They have **no** idea that the yield of Grant funding is substantially less than other Councils.

They have **no** idea that there is **no** system in place to ensure that Council meeting resolutions are carried out. (There are multiple examples of reports to council **never** being delivered, including

those arising from the Commercial Waste Service motion to deliver quarterly reports until full cost recovery is achieved).

They have **no** idea of the poor outcomes from Sutherland Shire Council's Service Reviews.

Most of then have no idea that there is **no** regulatory oversight and infact, the community are responsible to monitor the performance of their local Council.

Recommendations.

It is recommended that the Standing Committee considers the iPart Terms of Reference.

- Visibility of Councillors and the community over the financial and operational performance of their councils.
- Whether the current budget and financial processes used by councils are delivering value for money for ratepayers and residents.
- Whether the current funding model will sustainably support the needs of the communities.
- Whether councils (both Councillors and staff have the financial capacity and capability to meet current and future needs of communities.
- How can better planning and reporting systems improve long term budget performance, transparency, and accountability to the community.

It is also recommended that the Office of Local Government:

- Implement a system to validate Council compliance with their Integrated Planning and Reporting Framework.
- Implement a system of mandatory performance standards for Local Councils to ensure transparency and accountability.
- Mandate that Councils undergo a process of external review against a core set of standards.
- Provide the community with a suite of comparable Council performance data, in a format that enables the public to make an informed assessment.
- Mandate that Council Audit, Risk and Improvement Committees audit and report on a defined set of performance indicators. This should include an audit on the delivery of Council Meeting resolutions.
- Implement a system to ensure that Councils allocate equitable funding to maintain Infrastructure.