RE: Gwydir Cap v WSP Scenario

| From | Andrew Brown | |
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| То: | Pori Simpson | Marina Sivkova |
| | | Richard Beecham |
| | | Linda Holz |

Date: Thu, 21 Jan 2021 03:46:49 +0000

Interesting.

Remember that it isn't the BDL until we propose it to MDBA formally, and they accept it (formally).

That will also trigger a WRP resubmission, new APT etc etc.

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From: PPri Simpson

Sent: Wednesday, 20 January 2021 5:33 PM

To: Marina Sivkova Richard Beecham

Linda

Holz

Subject: Gwydir Cap v WSP Scenario

People,

Just wanted to note that the Gwydir modelling has the Cap scenario 1.9% lower than the "WSP scenario", so it becomes the PLan Limit (and BDL I presume).

Andrew Brown

One interesting outcome is that the FPH component of the Plan limit under Cap is 104 GL/year, instead of 138 GL/year under the WSP scenario. We have calculated that the reduction in FPH to bring total diversions back within the Plan Limit is 30% (37% of non-exempt FPH), which is 52 GL/year. This would bring the total FPH back to 122 GL/year.

If the WSP Scenario was slightly higher the Cap, this would mean we could only lower FPH to 138 GL/year instead of 122 GL/year (Border Rivers has set precedent that FPH will not be reduced below its Plan Limit component), and the remaining reduction would need to come from a growth in use action for metered use (GS + Supp).

Either way, water users get the cut, but the current situation means the cut is solely borne by FPH entitlements. I note these things because Cap and the WSP scenario are so close together, and someone may figure this out and question the department at some point about how well the WSP and Cap scenarios have been calibrated in the new FPH model (we don't document this in the model build reports).

Cheers

