

Please find attached my responses to questions on notice:

For Mark Latham:

Information on Education Department resources associated with transgender ideology

Education Dept materials on transgender

Tool Kit

https://education.nsw.gov.au/search?search_start=%2Fcontent%2Fmain-education%2Fen%2Fhome%2Fpublic-schools%2Feducation-week&referrer=%2Fcontent%2Fmain-education%2Fen%2Fhome%2Fpublic-schools%2Feducation-week%2Fteacher-toolkit&q=transgender

Crossroads

<https://www.google.com/search?client=firefox-b-d&q=NSW+Deperament+of+education+crossroads>

A number of articles on this curriculum material can be accessed from this site

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Response to David Shoebridge on percentage increases in young people presenting to gender clinics.

For David Shoebridge:

Please see www.diannakenny.com.au

From DSM 5: For natal adult males, prevalence ranges from 0.005% to 0.014%, and for natal females, from 0.002% to 0.003%. Since not all adults seeking hormone treatment and surgical reassignment attend specialty clinics, these rates are likely modest underestimates. Sex differences in rate of referrals to specialty clinics vary by age group. In children, sex ratios of natal boys to girls range from 2:1 to 4.5:1. In adolescents, the sex ratio is close to parity; in adults, the sex ratio favors natal males, with ratios ranging from 1:1 to 6.1:1. In two countries, the sex ratio appears to favor natal females (Japan: 2.2:1; Poland: 3.4:1).

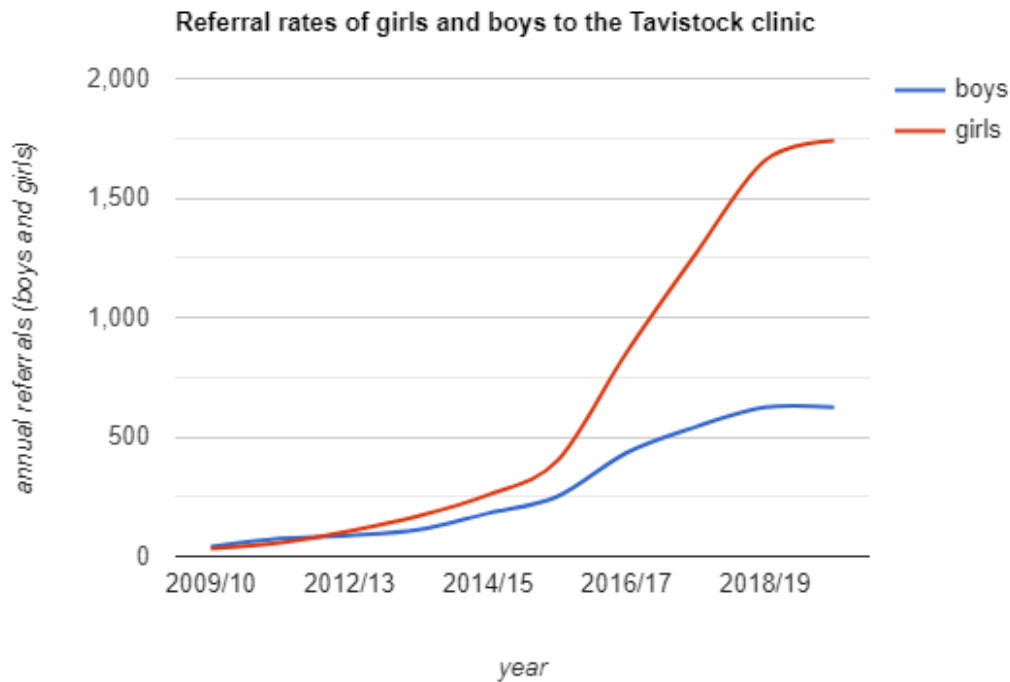
4000% increase in young people declaring themselves transgender

<https://www.telegraph.co.uk/politics/2018/09/16/minister-orders-inquiry-4000-per-cent-rise-children-wanting/>

In the UK, young people referred for "gender treatment" has increased from 97 in 2009 to 2,510 in 2017-2018, an over 4,000 percent increase in 10 years.

The Surge in Referral Rates of Girls to the Tavistock Continues to Rise

- Post author: [Transgender Trend](#)
- Post published: July 1, 2019



Following an unprecedented surge in 2015, the referral rate of girls to Tavistock GIDS continues on its upward trajectory. The number of boys referred over the past year remains the same as the year before, so girls alone account for this year’s 6% rise in referrals. The total number of referrals for this year is 2,590, up from 2,444 last year.

A 6% rise may seem small compared with the last few years, but each year’s percentage rise is based on a much larger base number each consecutive year. In 2009/10 there were 32 girls and 40 boys referred to Tavistock GIDS. In 2011/12 the sex ratio reversed and the gap between boys and girls has continued to widen year on year ever since. The total number of referrals for 2018/19 in England alone is 624 boys and 1,740 girls. In less than a decade there has been a 1,460% increase in referrals of boys and a staggering 5,337% increase in girls.

To understand this year’s figures we have to look closer at age groups. [Andrew Gilligan in the Sunday Times reports:](#)

“The number of 13-year-olds seeking treatment rose by 30% in a year to 331. Referrals of 14-year-olds went up by a quarter, to 511. The number of 11-year-olds is up by 28%. The youngest patients were three.”