Questions on Notice and Supplementary Questions

#	Question	Response
Office of Sport		
1.	Has there been a request for a Certificate of Occupancy for WIN and Newcastle Stadiums?	Specific questions regarding Venues NSW venues should be referred to Venues NSW. The information below has been provided by Venues NSW in response to this question. There have been no additional requests for Certificates of Occupancy outside of recent upgrades at WIN Stadium (2012) and McDonald Jones Stadium (2011).
2.	What is the basis for the assumption that stadia upgrades will increase attendances? Singapore Stadium has had a decrease in crowd attendances.	Specific questions regarding the Business Case should be referred to Infrastructure NSW. The information below has been provided by Infrastructure NSW in response to this question It is widely acknowledged that diverse and high quality arts, cultural and sporting facilities help to attract visitors, new residents and investors to NSW (2012 World Cities Report, Infrastructure NSW 2014 State Infrastructure Strategy). There is substantial evidence to suggest upgrading these sorts of facilities, will deliver a substantial increase in their demand. The Sydney Football Stadium Redevelopment Final Business Case includes a number of case studies that demonstrate increased attendances at upgraded stadia. A study in the US (Clapp and Hakes, 2005), using panel data of Major League Baseball team attendance from 1950 to 2002, determined that the attendance honeymoon effect of a new stadium, after separating quality of-play effects, increases attendance by 32% to 37% in the opening year of a new stadium. Attendance was found to remain statistically above the average pre-redevelopment levels for 6 to 10 seasons post opening at newer ballparks. A redeveloped Adelaide Oval has experienced increased annual attendances since its redevelopment in 2016. Attendances at Port Adelaide Power matches increased by 89% in the opening year compared to the pre-redevelopment period and the Adelaide Crows attendance increased 27% immediately post the redevelopment. Annual attendances at Adelaide Oval remain considerably higher than prior to the redevelopment of the stadium.

#	Question	Response
		In 2003, the Brisbane Broncos moved from the Queensland Sport and Athletics Centre (QSAC) back
		to the redeveloped Lang Park. Average attendances at home matches increased by 28% and this
		uplift has been held over the 15 years since the move.
		In 2010, the Melbourne Storm relocated their home matches from Olympic Park Stadium to the
		newly developed AAMI Park. The average attendance since the shift has increased by 30%, and this
		has been retained for the subsequent eight years. The Melbourne Storm drew a higher average
		home crowd than any Sydney-based NRL team in the 2017 season.
		For more information, see pages 91 to 96, and 155 to 158 of the Sydney Football Stadium
		Redevelopment Final Business Case.
3.	Why will Sydney lose events, including	Specific questions regarding the Business Case should be referred to Infrastructure NSW. The
J.	international events, if the upgrades do not	information below has been provided by Infrastructure NSW in response to this question
	proceed? Why will Sydney not be able to	
	compete globally for events?	Sydney competes with other Australian capital cities for the right to host major national and
	, , ,	international events. As the Sydney Football Stadium Business Case indicates, venues are only one
		component of the competition for event attraction, with event funding also part of the decision.
		The capacity and facilities of the venue are, however, key considerations as they largely determine
		the yield the sport club, sporting code or concert promoter can expect from their event.
		The standard of venues in NSW reflects a lack of recent investment. This contrasts with major
		investment in Victoria, South Australia and Western Australia.
		Sporting codes have indicated that major events are at risk of maying from NSW if the standard of
		Sporting codes have indicated that major events are at risk of moving from NSW if the standard of venues is not addressed. This position is reflected, for example, in the MOU between NSW and the
		NRL that describes the role of stadia investment in securing long-term major events for the State.
		TWILE that acsendes the role of stadia investment in securing long-term major events for the state.
		The relative capacity and condition of the venue clearly plays a role in attracting and retaining
		events. The most recent Australian example is the loss of the season-opening cricket test that has
		traditionally been held in Queensland. Cricket Australia has announced that the Gabba will not
		host one of the four India test matches in the next season. The venue is no longer competitive with

#	Question	Response
		new stadia that have opened in Adelaide (Adelaide Oval) and Perth (Perth Stadium). Test matches in January 2019 have been allocated to Adelaide, Perth, Sydney and Melbourne.
		Further, other Australian capital cities have secured major sporting and eSports events at the expense of Sydney. The MCG will host a WWE (wrestling) event in October, while Melbourne's Rod Laver and Margaret Court arenas and the Melbourne Park Function Centre will host the Melbourne eSports Open in September — an event that is expected to generate up to \$25m over five years for Victoria. Perth's Optus Stadium will host English Premier League soccer giants Chelsea in their only Australian match this year.
4.	What is the experience of other states with their stadia? Why is Perth pursuing a similar strategy to NSW?	Detailed information on these states' strategies was included in both the Final Business Case for the Redevelopment of Sydney Football Stadium; and the Strategic Business Case for the Redevelopment of Stadium Australia.
		In summary, the Victorian, Western Australian, South Australian and Queensland governments' sports infrastructure strategies share common objectives with NSW: improve the spectator experience, support the development of elite and community sport and sport and recreation based tourism.
		The rationale as to why states pursue a stadia strategy is a matter for the relevant state authority in each jurisdiction and stadia strategy information is publicly available for states including Victoria, Queensland, Western Australia and South Australia.
		Specific questions on the stadia Business Cases should be referred to Infrastructure NSW.
5.	What are the Allianz Stadium attendance figures comparable to those provided for the Sydney Cricket Ground Trust area	Specific questions regarding the Sydney Cricket and Sports Ground Trust operations should be referred to the Trust. The information below has been provided by the Sydney Cricket and Sports Ground Trust in response to this question.
		The question sought data on attendances on all ticketed events. Attendances include all people within the stadium, so turnstile counts include contra or complimentary tickets, officials,

#	Question	Response	
			a and staff. Tours of the venue and occasional charity events such as a ticketed events, are not included in the figures below.
		2013/14 Allianz Attendance	es
		Rugby	254,133
		Football	293,379
		NRL	380,184
		Concert (Taylor Swift)	38,669
		Total	966,365
		 NRL Anzac Day Cup, NRL preliminary fina NSW Waratahs vs Br Taylor Swift concert Sydney FC vs Wester Sydney FC vs Wester FIFA International Fr 	Roosters v Newcastle, 37,752 itish and Irish Lions, 40,805 38,669 In Sydney Wanderers 40,388 In Sydney Wanderers, 40,285 iendly Australia v Costa Rica, 20,165 ydney FC vs Adelaide United, 26,783
		Rugby	196,055
		Football	259,829
		NRL	378,336
		Concert (One Direction)	57,085
		Total	891,305

#	Question	Response		
		Wallabies v France,Super Rugby semi-	o, 38,784 n Roosters v Rabbitohs 32,553 n, 43,188 final Waratahs v Brumbies, 38,800 ern Sydney Wanderers, 41,213	
		2015/16 Allianz Attendance	ces	
		Rugby	236,477	
		Football	245,763	
		NRL	299,054	ļ
		Concert (Ed Sheeran)	47,641	ļ
		Total	828,935	
		 NRL Anzac Day Cup NRL semi-final Roo Ed Sheeran concert Sydney FC vs Weste Sydney FC vs Weste International Sydne Super Rugby semi-final 	esters v Bulldogs, 35,711 t 47,641 ern Sydney Wanderers 40,539 ern Sydney Wanderers, 40,382 ey Sevens, 73,313 final Waratahs v Highlanders, 32,632 alifier Australia v Jordan, 24,975	
		Rugby	269,976	
		Football	232,812	

#	Question	Response		
		NRL	232,635	
		Concert (Coldplay)	97,822	
		Total	833,245	
		 Coldplay concert Sydney FC vs Wes NRL preliminary f International Syd 	p Roosters v Dragons, 34	,483 10,143 5,717
		2017/18 Allianz Attenda	nces	
		Rugby	195,582	
		Football	301,323	
		NRL	246,786	
		Concert (Sia)	28,562	
		Total	772,253	
		 A-League grand fi US College Footba To date during the 2018 vevents 	p, 40,864 tern Sydney Wanderers 4 nal Sydney FC v Melbourr Il Rice v Stanford, 33,181 rinter football season, All	10,388 ne Victory, 41,546

#	Question Response		
		Wallabies v Ireland, 44,085 – all-time venue record crowd	
6.	Attendance figures for the Sydney Olympic Park precinct including the Aquatic Centre, Tennis NSW and Netball Central	Specific questions on SOPA attendance figures should be referred to SOPA. The information below has been provided by SOPA in response to this question.	
		 SOPA's most recent available data (dated 19 June 2018) shows that: Total visitor attendance to Sydney Olympic Park for 2016-17 was 10.7 million visitors. Attendance at Sports and Entertainment Venues within Sydney Olympic Park was 6.3 million visitors. (this includes ANZ Stadium Sydney Showground, Aquatic Centre, Archery Centre, Athletic Centre, Genea Netball Centre, Hockey Centre, Quaycentre, Qudos Bank Arena, Sports Halls and Tennis Centre) Aquatic Centre: 1.07 million visitors Tennis Centre: 0.17 million visitors Genea Netball Centre: 0.13 million visitors SOPA advises that the Aquatic Centre and Genea Netball Centre are based on admissions and 	
		bookings data. Tennis Centre is a best estimate based on program enrolment and event attendance extrapolated over the year.	
7.	Why were the entire Sydney Cricket Ground Trust figures included in the submission?	The figures included ticketed attendances for major events at all of NSW's Tier 1 stadia (Sydney Cricket Ground, Sydney Football Stadium and Stadium Australia).	
8.	What were the number of complimentary tickets handed out by the Sydney Cricket Ground and Sports Trustfor Allianz Stadium? How many are for the Minister's Office?	Specific questions regarding the Sydney Cricket and Sports Ground Trust operations should be referred to the Sydney Cricket Ground and Sports Trust. The information below has been provided by the Sydney Cricket and Sports Ground Trust in response to this question. Complimentary member day pass for proved to Allianz Stadium per event. Please note, sold out events such as Wallabies Tests and A-League grand finals have no allocation of complimentary tickets.	
		The below table represents a regular season fixture at Allianz Stadium, not a marquee or peak event such as a finals match or international fixture. Allocated tickets may or may not be used.	

#	Question	Response		
		 Office of the NSW Minister for Sport - 25 Current Sydney Cricket Ground and Sport Trust Trustees - 60 Former Sydney Cricket Ground and Sport Trust Trustees - 74 Charities and donations - 35 As outlined above, the Sydney Cricket and Sports Ground Trust provides 25-member day passes to Minister for Sport for discretionary use. This practice was formally documented in 2005 by Sandra Nori. 		
9.	Did the Sydney Cricket Ground Trust send Matt Miller a copy of the Asset Technology Pacific report in May 2016?	Yes		
10.	Did the Asset Technology Pacific report include items such as the refurbishment of the pool decking, the refurbishment of the squash courts, lounge areas being recreated and suite upgrades?	Yes. The Asset Technology Pacific Report identified works such as upgrade and refurbishment works to the pool deck, squash courts, club lounge and suites. It also identified safety, security and compliance works such as major structural works for the prevention of structural corrosion, code compliance, fire safety, egress, backup power, accessibility and upgrades of physical and electronic security.		
		Further questions on the details of the Asset Technology Pacific report should be referred to the Sydney Cricket Ground and Sports Trust.		
11.	Did the May 2016 advice from the Trust to Matt Miller include these refurbishments and the safety, security and compliance issues?	Yes. The Asset Technology Pacific Report identified works such as upgrade and refurbishment works to the pool deck, squash courts, club lounge and suites. It also identified safety, security and compliance works such as major structural works for the prevention of structural corrosion, code compliance, fire safety, egress, backup power, accessibility and upgrades of physical and electronic security.		
		Further questions on the details of the Asset Technology Pacific report should be referred to the Sydney Cricket and Sports Ground Trust.		

#	Question	Response
12.	Did the Trust send Matt Miller a legal document from Henry Davis York? Does this document refer to safety, security and compliance issues?	Yes. On 2 June 2017, the Trust sent Matt Miller a copy of a letter dated 5 May 2017 from Henry Davis York to the Trust setting out their views on the steps taken by the Trust to deal with the safety, security and compliance concerns.
13.	What is the total cost of the Brogden Report? Does the total costs include the \$37,353 paid to MI Associates?	MI Associates were engaged to develop a Stadia Strategy to provide clear direction that future capital investment is prioritised to NSW Government owned or leased stadia. This included consulting with stakeholders, developing options for governance and advising on future capital investment priorities for NSW Government owned or leased stadia. The cost of the consultancy was \$37,353, as reported in the Office of Sport's 2014-15 Annual Report. The MI Associates report was considered by the Stadia Strategy Steering Group, chaired by John Brogden and established by the Minister for Sport in January 2015. The role of this committee was to provide advice to Government on the location, scope, capacity and sequencing of key stadia projects in the Moore Park Precinct and Parramatta/Sydney Olympic Park. The Stadia Strategy Steering Group summarised the MI Associates report to produce what became known as the "Brogden Report."
14.	What new events have been assumed for the Allianz Business Case?	Questions regarding the Business Case should be referred to Infrastructure NSW. The information below has been provided by Infrastructure NSW in response to this question The event assumptions are included in the Business Case are summarised in the attached table for convenience. The table shows the event types included in the Business Case, how many of these events were held at the Sydney Football Stadium for each of the last 5 years, and the number of these events assumed for each option considered in the Business Case. This allows the event assumptions in the Business Case to be compared against the actual event calendar at the Sydney Football since 2013.

#	Question	Response
15.	What attendance was used for the Allianz BCR?	Questions regarding the Business Case should be referred to Infrastructure NSW. The information
	Were they the numbers that were provided in the Government's submission?	below has been provided by Infrastructure NSW in response to this question
		The attendance figures in the Business Case were forecast by type of event.
		The actual average attendance at each type of event over the last 5 years was calculated to establish a baseline attendance for that event type.
		Attendance figures to establish the baseline were largely sourced from historical event attendance data for the Sydney football Stadium as supplied by the Sydney Cricket and Sport Ground Trust. Additional sources were also analysed to supplement the data supplied by the Trust, for example, to analyse longer term trends and to investigate attendance levels for events not currently hosted at the Allianz Stadium.
		The attendance figures in Business Case were developed separately from the attendance figures provided in the Government submission to the Upper House Inquiry.
		The baseline attendance figure for each type of event was then assumed to increase or decrease depending on the option being analysed.
		The Base Case assumed there would be no uplift in attendances, but that the work undertaken would be sufficient for attendance levels to be maintained.
		The redevelopment option assumed a 5% uplift in attendances.
		The options to rebuild the stadium assumed a 15% uplift in attendances.
		Evidence suggests that it is likely that the initial uplift in attendances will be significantly greater than 15%. The Business Case adopts a standard 15% which acknowledges that some year will be over and some under this average.
		Attendance figures are included in the Business Case and are compiled in the attached table <i>Events</i> and Attendance Data for convenience.

#	Question	Response
16.	Were Centennial Park and Moore Park Trust consulted in the development of the Brogden Report?	Yes. The Centennial Park and Moore Park Trust was consulted in the preparation of the Brogden Report.
17.	Did the Allianz Stadium Physical Security Review high-level security design plan relate to Driver Avenue and Moore Park Road?	Yes. The Allianz Stadium Physical Safety Review, as prepared by Intelligent Risks in September 2016 refers to the ongoing partial closing of Driver Avenue, south of the car park entrance, on event days as a priority for improving security. The Review also includes a photo of temporary barriers on Driver Avenue. Driver Avenue is currently closed to vehicles on the approximately 100 event days a year at the SCG and Allianz Stadium.
		Further questions on the Allianz Stadium Physical Safety Review should be referred to the Sydney Cricket and Sports Ground Trust
18.	What is that internationally peer-reviewed academic research that supports the attendance figure projections for Allianz Stadium?	Specific questions regarding the Business Case should be referred to Infrastructure NSW. The information below has been provided by Infrastructure NSW in response to this question
		The research is cited on page 92 and on pages 155 – 157 of the Final Business Case. The papers' titles and authors are provided on those pages as per the below:
		Feddersen, Maennig & Borcherding, 2006 - The Novelty Effect of the New Football Stadia: The Case of Germany. International Journal of Sport Finance.
		Clapp and Hakes, 2005 - How long a honeymoon? The effect of new stadiums on attendance in Major League Baseball. Journal of Sports Economics.
		Danielson, 2001 - Home team: Professional sports and the American metropolis. Princeton University Press.
Office of Spo	ort supplementary questions	
19.	Given the Environmental and Assessment Act requires the provision of a certificate of	Specific questions regarding the Sydney Cricket and Sports Ground Trust operations should be referred to the Trust.

#	Question	Response
#	Question occupancy only in the following circumstances: (list follows) Can you identify which Act a. Has required the Sydney Football Stadium to provide a certificate of occupancy? b. Allows for an interim certificate of occupancy? c. Directs for the closure of a stadium on the expiry of that certificate of occupancy? d. The Minister for Sport referred to in his press statement that the closure of the Sydney Football Stadium was imminent?	The information below has been provided by the Sydney Cricket and Sports Ground Trust in response to this question a) No specific act required the Sydney Cricket and Sports Ground Trust to obtain a conditional certificate of occupancy. Obtaining a conditional certificate of occupancy is a not uncommon precaution taken by owners of ageing buildings/assets, particularly where such buildings/assets are approaching the end of their useful life. b) Sydney Cricket and Sports Ground Trust consultant Blackett Maguire and Goldsmith is an expert Building Code certifier, and has particular experience dealing with fire safety measures. Since 2004, builders of stadia have had regard to a number of stadium-specific international standards first documented in the Green Guide (UK). That Guide operates as a set of default standards, particularly useful where public funds are being used to design, construct and operate a modern stadium. Allianz Stadium was completed in 1988, before the Hillsborough disaster in 1989 - after which there was an understandable increase in scrutiny of ageing stadia and associated safety issues. The review led to the publication of the Green Guide.
		The Trust has obligations under its enabling Act, and Workplace Health and Safety legislation to ensure a safe operating environment for its staff, and a safe, secure and compliant environment for its patrons. While safety, security and compliance issues are and have always been a priority, post the April 2016 decision not to rebuild Allianz Stadium the Trust undertook a comprehensive review of its responsibilities in this regard. The Trust was assisted by an independent Building Code of Australia consultant (Blackett
		Maguire and Goldsmith) to obtain a conditional Certificate of Occupancy, as well as the identification of a framework for the Sydney Cricket and Sports Ground Trust to manage its assets so that the stadium could continue to operate safely. Having received detailed independent reports about safety, security and BCA compliance at Allianz Stadium, the Trust (Trustees and management) were concerned as to whether

#	Question	Response
		we could continue to operate the facility in a safe manner. The Trust regards the safety of its patrons as its highest priority. A conditional certificate of occupancy from independent experts gave the Trust the confidence to continue to operate Allianz Stadium pending essential investment in safety, security and compliance.
		c) No direction was sought or granted. Blackett Maguire and Goldsmith made it clear that a further certificate (conditional or otherwise) would not be granted unless and until substantial remedial and upgrade works are undertaken by the Sydney Cricket and Sports Ground Trust within the term of the current conditional certificate.
		d) The statement is correct. As remedial and upgrade works had not been agreed upon or funded, such works would not be able to be completed within the term of the current conditional certificate of occupancy. Given such works would take many months to complete, it is highly unlikely the venue would have been considered by the Sydney Cricket and Sports Ground Trust as safe to host major sporting events at Allianz Stadium in 2019.
20.	In regards to the Future Needs of Sport Infrastructure Study: a. What stages of this project have been completed? b. As an "ongoing study" how and when does it report?	 a) The Study was undertaken in 2014-15 and 2017-2018. b) The 2014-15 study was reported in 2015 and the 2017 -18 study was reported in 2018. c) The Study is focused on community sporting facilities, not stadia. d) No. e) Yes.
	c. How does this Study relate to, or inform, the Rebuilding the Stadia Network Strategy (2015)? d. Are there any participation targets that guide this project? e. Has the study identified any areas with significant infrastructure gaps or area for priority investment? i. If yes, what areas are these?	 i. Trends that have been identified in the 2017-18 Future Needs of Sport Infrastructure Study –include ageing aquatic facilities across the state, ageing amenity buildings and the need for female amenities, ongoing demand for supporting infrastructure such as lighting, drainage, irrigation and synthetics surfaces. There is also a trend towards increasing multipurpose and multi-use facilities. f) Results of the Future Needs of Sport Infrastructure Study will be communicated to those organisations that participated in the study, but the document is not publicly available. i. The Future Needs of Sport Infrastructure Study is important research and is used as an evidence base in the preparation of future plans such as the State Sport Infrastructure

#	Question	Response
	f. Can the Office of Sport provide the Committee with a copy of the most recent deliverables as a result of this Study? i. If not, can the Office of Sport provide an outline of any assessments that have been made as a part of this study or otherwise, into the sporting infrastructure needs in Sydney metropolitan suburbs and regional NSW?	Strategy, the District Sport Facility Plans for Greater Sydney and the Regional Sports Plans currently under development. The Office of Sport is currently investigating how the results of the next iteration of the study in 2019 can be used to better inform community infrastructure planning for the sector. The Future Needs of Sport Infrastructure Study is also used to demonstrate strategic alignment when assessing applications for the Governments grant programs.
21.	In regards to the Business Case for the redevelopment of Sydney Football Stadium: a. What information was provided by the Office of Sport to inform assumptions about events that would be lost at the stadium as a result of the base case? i. What events were assumed to be lost? ii. What were the reasons assumed for this loss? b. What information was provided by the Office of Sport to inform assumptions about events that would be gained at a redeveloped stadium as a result of redevelopment? i. What events were assumed to be gained? ii. What were the reasons assumed for these gains? c. Please provide the Committee with the attendance figures provided for the Sydney Football Stadium only - as compared to the compilation data in the submissions - for the last 5 years.	The Office of Sport provided information on the interim scheduling of events during the anticipated stadia construction period from 2018 to 2021. No other information was provided by Office of Sport to inform the Business Case assumptions

#	Question	Response		
Infrastructur	re NSW			
22.	Attendance figures: How much lower is that (the Base Case attendance figure of 719, 000) from what they are doing now?	The attached table <i>Events and Attendance Data</i> contains information from the Sydney Football Stadium Business Case and shows the events held at the Sydney Football Stadium each year since 2013, together with the attendances for each year.		
		The attendance figures are calculated by multiplying each event by the average 5-year attendance for that type of event at the Sydney Football Stadium. This allows the annual attendance assumed for the Base Case (719,000) to be considered on a comparable basis with attendances over the last 5 years.		
23.	Events Schedule: How much lower is that (the Base Case 34-37 events) than what you are doing at the moment?	The event assumptions relating to the Base Case are included in the Business Case and summarised in the attached table for convenience. The table shows the event types included in the Business Case, how many of these events were held at the Sydney Football Stadium for each of the last 5 years, and the number of these events assumed in the Business Case Base Case.		
24.	Can you provide on notice a breakdown of the \$341m (the Base Case cost) and what were the costs for that Base Case?	The Base Case included works to make the stadium safe and fit for purpose for the next 30 years. A breakdown of the estimated cost of the Base Case is attached (RLB attachment)		
25.	Have you seen the letter that was sent to the Minister about the notification from Tony Shepherd from Henry Davis York?	Yes		
26.	Who owns Driver Avenue?	Driver Avenue is Crown Land		
Infrastructur	re NSW – supplementary questions			
27.	Given the Environmental and Assessment Act requires the provision of a certificate of occupancy only in the following circumstances: 6.9 Requirement for occupation certificate (1) An occupation certificate is required for: (a) the commencement of the occupation or use of the whole or any part of a new building, or	 a) Sydney Cricket and Sports Ground Trust is not required under statute to seek an occupancy certificate for the venue in the absence of upgrades or alterations. b) Infrastructure NSW understands that the Sydney Cricket and Sports Ground Trust commissioned an audit of the Sydney Football Stadium against the current BCA to provide an independent assessment of the fire and life safety credentials of the venue against an objective and contemporary standard. Infrastructure NSW considers this prudent. 		
	,, 3,	c and d) Decisions about the venue's continuing operations are the responsibility of the Sydney Cricket and Sports Ground Trust. The Sydney Cricket and Sports Ground Trust has		

#	Question	Response
	(b) the commencement of a change of building	indicated that if the venue was assessed as not capable of meeting contemporary
	use for the whole or any part of an existing	standards for fire and life safety, it would likely cease to host events.
	building.	
	(2) However, an occupation certificate is not	Specific questions regarding the Sydney Cricket Ground and Sports Trust operations should
	required:	be referred to the Trust
	(a) for the commencement of the occupation or	
	use of a new building:	
	(i) for any purpose if the erection of the building	
	is or forms part of exempt development or	
	development that does not otherwise require	
	development consent, or	
	(ii) that is the subject of a compliance certificate	
	in circumstances in which that certificate is an	
	authorised alternative to an occupation	
	certificate (such as a swimming pool or altered	
	part of an existing building), or	
	(iii) by such persons or in such circumstances as	
	may be prescribed by the regulations, or	
	(iv) that has been erected by or on behalf of the	
	Crown or by or on behalf of a person prescribed	
	by the regulations, or	
	(b) for the commencement of a change of	
	building use for the whole or any part of an	
	existing building:	
	(i) if the change of building use is or forms part of	
	exempt development or development that does	
	not otherwise require development consent, or	
	(ii) by such persons or in such circumstances as	
	may be prescribed by the regulations, or	
	(iii) if the existing building has been erected by or	
	on behalf of the Crown or by or on behalf of a	
	person prescribed by the regulations	

#	Question	Response
28.	Can you identify which Act: a. Has required the Sydney Football Stadium to provide a certificate of occupancy? b. Allows for an interim certificate of occupancy to be issued? c. Directs for the closure of the stadium on the expiry of that certificate of occupancy? d. Can you also identify the applicable Act for the following statement in the KPMG Final Business Case for Sydney Football Stadium "Loss of the OC will likely result in the closure of the venue"? Can you inform the committee if any of the consultants employed by the SCGT whose reports were relied upon for the Final Business Case stated there was a requirement for a certificate of occupancy and whether any of these consultants put forward an alternative view that Allianz Stadium complied with the requirements of the code at the time it was built and that a building that has not changed its codes did not need to consider current codes? If so, which consultants and where does that information appear in the Final Business case for the Sydney Football Stadium?	Infrastructure NSW was provided with reports on the condition of the current Sydney football Stadium. These reports were commissioned by the Sydney Cricket and Sports Ground Trust. Consultants were not asked to provide an opinion on the need for an occupancy certificate. The firms were engaged to provide advice, within their area of expertise, on the current condition and performance of the current Sydney Football Stadium and compliance with current codes and standards. The reports covered Fire and life safety relative to the requirements of the BCA Egress Evacuation Physical security Access compliance with the Disability Discrimination Act Structural condition The scope of the Base Case described and costed in the Business Case included all works required for the Stadium to meet the required standards.
29.	In regards to the Business Case for the redevelopment of Sydney Football Stadium: a. What information was provided by Infrastructure NSW to inform assumptions about	a) i The event assumptions relating to the Base Case are included in the Business Case and summarised in the attached table <i>Events and Attendance Data</i> for convenience. The table shows the event types included in the Business Case, how many of these events were held at

events that would be lost at the stadium as a result of the base case?	the Sydney Football Stadium for each of the last 5 years, and the number of these events assumed in the Business Case Base Case.
 i. What events were assumed to be lost? ii. What were the reasons assumed for this loss? What information was provided by Infrastructure NSW to inform assumptions about events that would be gained at a redeveloped stadium as a result of redevelopment? i. What events were assumed to be gained? ii. What were the reasons assumed for these gains? 	 ii The assumption that events will be reduced is based on the following: The Base Case includes work to make the venue fit for purpose for the next 30 years. It does not improve amenity shortcomings including those relating to poor weather protection and sight lines. Event owners will have the option of using the new Western Sydney Stadium and the redeveloped Stadium Australia, both of which will offer superior facilities. b) i The attached Table also includes the events assumed to be held at a rebuilt stadium with 45,000 seats, at a stadium with 40,000 seats and at a refurbished stadium. This allows the event assumptions in the Business Case to be compared against the actual event calendar at the Sydney Football Stadium since 2013. ii Additional events are assumed to be held at the stadium because of the quality of the facilities provided
Provide Occupancy Certificates for each venue and provide a timeframe for each Occupancy Certificate	The following Certificates of Occupancy are attached for each stadium's upgrade: • ANZ Stadium – 1999 • WIN Stadium - Western Grandstand 2012 • McDonald Jones Stadium – Western Grandstand 2011
Does the NRL MOU have a requirement for Allianz Stadium to be knocked down by the end of the year?	The NRL MOU includes a requirement to commence on-site works at the Sydney Football Stadium (Allianz Stadium) by 31 December 2018.
Have you done assessments around earthquake risk for ANZ Stadium?	Structural engineers considered seismic risks and included designs to satisfy the relevant standards at the time (eg. inclusion of earth quake pins is part of the structure for the moving stands to prevent any lateral movement of the stands in the event of an earthquake).
	What information was provided by Infrastructure NSW to inform assumptions about events that would be gained at a redeveloped stadium as a result of redevelopment? i. What events were assumed to be gained? ii. What were the reasons assumed for these gains? Provide Occupancy Certificates for each venue and provide a timeframe for each Occupancy Certificate Does the NRL MOU have a requirement for Allianz Stadium to be knocked down by the end of the year? Have you done assessments around earthquake

#	Question	Response						
33.	On page 21 of the hearing transcript, a '2016	The Destinati	ion NSW	docume	nt can be	found at:		
	report from Destination NSW' is referred to. Is	https://www	.destina	tionnsw.c	:om.au/r	ews-and-	media/me	dia-releases/millions-visitors-travelling-
	this report publicly available? If not, can a copy of	nsw-packed-calendar-major-sporting-events						
	this report be provided to the Committee?							
34.	As a result of the proposed redevelopment of the		Specific questions regarding the Business Case should be referred to Infrastructure NSW. The					
	Sydney Football Stadium, has a reduction in	information below has been provided by Infrastructure NSW in response to this question.						
	National Rugby League games played in suburban							
	and regional stadiums been assumed? If so,							6 NRL regular season (non-finals) club
	which venues and games are likely to be affected					_	ne last 5 ye	ears, the current Sydney Football
	at suburban and regional stadiums?	Stadium has				1	_	,
			2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
		NRL Club	15	13	14	13	12	
		Games						
Suda ou Cristada	Convent and Smorts Tweet	Football Stad home games In addition to at the Sydney from the club and Dragons	ium and This is a these 1 Footba s who co increas	that they assumed the 1 games, Il Stadiun urrently p ing their p	y would uto be 11 the Busineach years blay some	use the Syngames. ness Case ear. The Bue of their go	assumes a usiness Cas games at t om attract	to host club matches at a new Sydney ball Stadium for all but one of their another 5 NRL club games would be held se indicates that these games may come he Sydney Football Stadium (Rabbitohs ting NRL games currently being played ons about which clubs will provide the
	Ground and Sports Trust	T I					·	and a Albandan and a labella and a
35.	What are the figures for attendance at ticketed events at Allianz Stadium for the past five years?	within the sta	adium, so accredite	o turnstile ed media	e counts and staff	include co f. Tours of	ontra or co the venue	rents. Attendances include all people implimentary tickets, officials, and occasional charity events such as ded in the figures below.
		the Staulalli.	stomp, a	iitiiougii (licketeu	events, an	a not metu	ded in the figures below.

#	Question	Response		
		2013/14 Allianz Attendances		
		Rugby	254,133	
		Football	293,379	
		NRL	380,184	
		Concert (Taylor Swift)	38,669	
		Total	966,365	
		Capacity and major domestic ar NRL round one Roosters NRL Anzac Day Cup, 40, NRL preliminary final Roosters NSW Waratahs vs Britis Taylor Swift concert 38, Sydney FC vs Western S Sydney FC vs Western S FIFA International Frien FFA Cup semi-final Sydr	s v Rabbitohs, 752 posters v Newo h and Irish Lio 669 ydney Wande ydney Wande dly Australia v	31,824 castle, 37,752 ns, 40,805 rers 40,388 rers, 40,285 Costa Rica, 20,165
		2014/15 Allianz Attendances		
		Rugby	196,055	
		Football	259,829	
		NRL	378,336	
		Concert (One Direction)	57,085	
		Total	891,305	
		Capacity and major internationa NRL Anzac Day Cup, 38, NRL regular season Roo	784	ohs 32,553

#	Question	Response		
		 Wallabies v France, 43,188 Super Rugby semi-final Waratahs v Brumbies, 38,800 Sydney FC vs Western Sydney Wanderers, 41,213 One Direction concerts, 57,085 2015/16 Allianz Attendances		
		Rugby	236,477	
		Football	245,763	
		NRL	299,054	
		Concert (Ed Sheeran)	47,641	
		Total	828,935	
		 Capacity and major domestic a NRL Anzac Day Cup, 33 NRL semi-final Rooste Ed Sheeran concert 47 Sydney FC vs Western Sydney FC vs Western International Sydney S Super Rugby semi-fina FIFA World Cup qualif 	5,510 rs v Bulldogs, 7,641 Sydney Wan Sydney Wan Sevens, 73,31 Il Waratahs v ier Australia v	35,711 derers 40,539 derers, 40,382 3 Highlanders, 32,632
		Rugby	269,976	
		Football	232,812	
		NRL	232,635	
		Concert (Coldplay)	97,822	
		Total	833,245	

#	Question	Response		
		 NRL Anzac Day Concert Coldplay concert Sydney FC vs Wee NRL preliminary for International Syd 	 Coldplay concert 97,822 Sydney FC vs Western Sydney Wanderers 40,143 NRL preliminary final Sharks v Cowboys, 36,717 International Sydney Sevens, 75,412 	
		2017/18 Allianz Attenda	ances	
		Rugby	195,582	
		Football	301,323	
		NRL	246,786	
		Concert (Sia)	28,562	
		Total	772,253	
		 NRL Anzac Day Co Sydney FC vs Wes A-League grand f US College Footb To date during the 2018 vevents NRL Anzac Day Co 	estic and international events: up, 40,864 stern Sydney Wanderers 40,388 final Sydney FC v Melbourne Victory, 41,546 all Rice v Stanford, 33,181 winter football season, Allianz Stadium has hosted the following capacity up, 41,142 – largest crowd since match first played in 2002 and, 44,085 – all-time venue record crowd	

#	Question	Response
36.	What is the risk level associated with likelihood of an earthquake in the safety, security and compliance audit works of 2016?	As part of the independent SSC audit works, the likelihood of an earthquake was assessed using accepted industry standards. The likelihood of an earthquake was determined as rare, with the residual risk of collapse of non-structural items and local collapse of failure of the primary structure determined as extreme. While the likelihood may be rare, the consequences could be devastating, as evidenced in Newcastle in 1989 with 13 deaths and more than 160 serious injuries. The Hillsborough Disaster in the UK in 1991 caused 96 deaths and, while not the result of an earthquake, demonstrates what can happen in the case of an emergency in a crowded stadium with inadequate exits.
37.	Could you provide event assumptions given to Infrastructure NSW for production of the Final Business Case.	The Sydney Cricket and Sports Ground Trust provided historical actual data related to events, including numbers of events and crowds. The Trust provided a range of events that a new venue could attract, including crowd estimates. These events included music festival (1), US special events (1), additional NRL club games (5), NRL double header (1), exhibition match by touring European football team (1), motorsport event (1), rodeo sports event or similar (1 every two years), eSports or drone racing or similar (5). The event assumptions provided to Infrastructure NSW were also based on the current long-term contracted events at Allianz Stadium, including NRL regular season (12) and finals matches (2-4), A-League regular season (14) and Super Rugby regular season (7-8) matches. The assumptions were also based on current long-term contracted major events, including Wallabies Test matches (3 in any four years), Sydney Sevens (1), FFA International (1) and a concert by a major international artist (1-2) The event assumptions did not include current regular content such as AFLX or W-League matches. Assumptions in the business case related to the above were not made by the SCG Trust.
38.	Could you provide the names of the companies involved in the safety, security and compliance audit works of 2016.	The consultants are listed below:

#	Question	Response
39.	Does the Trust have a copy of the Rider Levett	Yes. A summary of this report is included as attachment.
	Bucknall report detailing the \$141m safety,	
	security and compliance upgrade cost plan?	
Sydney Cricke	t and Sports Ground Trust supplementary questions	
40.	Will you provide a copy of the MI Associates and Populous reports identified in the Final Business Case report on page 14?	There was no report prepared that is referenced on page 14 of the Final Business Case. The footnote is: ^The numbers of DDA seats for the options were agreed between a DDA consultant and Populous, it is below the recommended 400 but an acceptable provision according to the DDA consultant.
41.	Could you provide the name of the DDA Consultant and the amount paid for this consultancy noted on page 14 of the Final Business Case?	The iAccess Consultants Access Audit Report is the document relied upon for assumptions related to DDA seating. The iAccess Consultant report was led by Richard Seidman. Invoices for preparation of the report totalled \$29,105.