Submission No 7

INQUIRY INTO THE MANAGEMENT OF NSW PUBLIC HOUSING MAINTENANCE CONTRACTS

Organisation: Housing Action Plan Now!

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SUBMISSION TO THE legislative Assembly Public Accounts Committee Inquiry into the Management of NSW Public Housing Maintenance Contracts

ORGANISATION: Glebe Housing Action Plan Now (HAPN)

HAPN welcomes the opportunity to participate in this Inquiry into the Management of NSW Public Housing Maintenance Contracts

HAPN is a subcommittee of the Forest Lodge and Glebe (FLAG) coordination group made up of local residents and representatives from local service providers, community organisations, churches, local council and schools in the Glebe, Forest Lodge and Camperdown area. FLAG's membership includes Glebe Community Development Project (Sydney University), StJohn's Church, Glebe Youth Service, Glebe Primary School, City of Sydney, Glebe Police, Glebe Treehouse, The Glebe Society and local residents from the Aboriginal community and public housing estate. FLAG has approximately 80 members and meets monthly.

HAPN's primary a1m is to build and support a resilient community that can engage and participate 1n processes, conversations and appropriate forums and networks regarding socialhousing in the Glebe Estate and other social housing properties (Minogue Crescent and Camperdown).

Glebe is an inner city village situated within the City of Sydney LocalGovernment Area. Of the just over 11,000 individuals living in the area, there is evidence of socially polarised populations, with the two most common personal incomes being greater than \$2000 per week and between \$200 and \$299 per week. According to data from the 2011 ABS Census, approximately 19% of the Glebe population live in public or social housing, with around 19% owning their homes outright {ABS Community Profiles for Glebe based on 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census data (published in 2002, 2007, 2012); ABS Census Quickstats 2011 accessed via

 $\frac{\text{http://www.censusdata.abs.qov.au/census services/getoroducUcensus/2011/guickstaUGL} {\text{NSW1659?op endocument\&navpos=220}})$

HAPN – Housing Action Plan Now

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A) The current repair status and physicalcondition of the public housing stock managed by Housing NSW

HAPN see evidenced in the Glebe estate and the Johanna O'Dea complex in Camperdown a long penod of neglect to the repair and ma1ntenance needs of these properties. They are progressively agetng unfit for purpose and in increastngly short supply.

There appears to have been considerable inaction m specifically the three years pnor to 2015, with tenants pat1ently allowing "specialists" to access their homes annually to assess required repairs. There is a sense from tenants that nothing will happen AND this has been exacerbated by the split of tenancy management and 'asset ma1ntenance' under two separate Government departments (Hous1ng NSW (HNSW) and Lands and Housing Corporation [LAHC)).

Restdents of the Johanna O'Dea complex and members of the Johanna O'Dea and Alexandria Dwelling Action Group (JAAG) have specifically advocated for major repairs to the1r hot water system since 2011. They complained of a lack of cons1stent water pressure and temperature regulation throughout the entire 150 units in the bU1ld1ng, only very recently remedied according to their advtce.

We suggest the development of "Area plans – (for tenant precmcts) that include tnput from local tenant representatives. This will allow for progressive and responsive solutions that meet the needs of local tenants, a move away from a one stze fits all approach or the ptckmg off of two to three properties in the street. The 'tenant precmcts could come from NAB's –a HNSW approved tenant participation structure.

B) The costs of maintenance of the current public housing stock, variations in expenditure trends over the previous five years and projected expenditure for the next five years

The publicly owned flats at Cowper/Elger Streets, Glebe were demolished 1n early 2011 for subdivision and h1gh nse development. The sale was finalized prior to a development application being approved for the s1te. Subsequently the NSW Government has privated over 50 per cent of the Cowper/Eiger Street site by selling to a Smgaporean developer (Roxy Pacific) to December 2015. The redevelopment of this site will not result to an increase in the supply of social housing in Glebe or the greater Sydney area. The entire site was previously occupied by public housing. The Auditor General adv1sed that selling properties and delaying some capital and maintenance expenditure will only impact the level of stock and is not a financially sustainable long-term (Making the best use of public housing, New South Wales Auditor-General's Report, Audit Office of NSW, 30 July 2013).

The drive to reduce the cost of maintenance to public housing stock to economtically suspect. Delaying the commencement of wori<s from the prev1ous 5 years and over the next 5 years will contribute 1 ncreased cost to the LAHC in the long term g1ven properties continue to detenorate as a result of neglect and incomplete wori<s or "band atd" solutions. Where once a gutter or downptpe repatr would have been sufficient, now the property may requ1re new fasc1a board or verandah supports, replacement of a warped door and thermal painting and treatment to address internal mould issues.



C) The nature and administration of maintenance contracts, including private sector arrangements

Government contractors should be assessed against measures of providing an eth1calservice to the Australian community. In January 2016, the Spotless Group was awarded a further five-year contract to deliver Asset Services Maintenance for NSW LAHC. The annualized total revenue from the contract is over S62m to contribute maintenance, capital works and restoration/hentage works to 24,000 properties across NSW mclud1ng the Inner West Last year Spotless were accused of underpaying thelf staff work1ng at department store Myer, although they made \$2.2 billion they paid no tax

Where possible, preference should be given to local contractors in the delivery of maintenance contracts.

Contractors should receive mandatory tra1n1ng regard1ng protocols of working with diverse customers and work1ng1n a culturally respons1ve and mclusive manner

D) Methodologies and processes for ensuring consistent public housing maintenance standards across NSW, including quality assurance, effectiveness, efficiency and contract supervision

HAPN were advised of a current issue yesterday where a family of 3 children (includ1ng a 7 month year old) have been without showenng facilities for two weeks due to bathroom ma1ntenance. The family were unaware the J0b would take 2 weeks to complete and has not been placed in alternate temporary accommodation as they have 2 older labrador dogs liv1ng as pets in the home (who are unable to J0in w1th them 1n temporary accommodation). Although maintenance is welcomed by soc1al housing tenants, tenants need to have the opportunity to shower each day and options to provide this opportumty need to be predetermined in advance through a consultative process with tenants

HAPN suspect that 1n the near future there are plans for Contractors to become eligible for "bonus payments for delivening under quota and expedient serv1ces HAPN ask how the quality of Contractors workmanship, as well as the satisfaction of tenants needs will be momentored? Unless regulated, Contractors will be incentivized to produce a lower quality of serv1ce and w1ll be rewarded as a result

HAPN are aware of countless accounts of the provision of substandard maintenance and repairs to properties and of tenants be1ng coerced by Contractors to report a J0b well done. HAPN recommend a transparent process where tenants are voluntanly issued a copy of the relevant work order and job number are aware of the details of the Contractor attending thelf home and are prov1ded a formal avenue for report1ng on J0b completion 1n a t1mely manner as a matter of process

Social Housing tenants engaged with HAPN have suggested that tenants should be prov1ded with the opportunity to complete a Condition Report at the commencement of their tenancy (not dissimilar to the version mandated for people renting in the private market). Subsequent property Inspections should require tenants and "specialists" the opportunity to sit and review the progress of outstanding unresolved maintenance 1ssues from the original cond1t1on report with agreed Ilmeframes associated w1th the completion of works



E) Statutory obligations on tenants to take care of properties and report maintenance needs in a timely fashion

LAHC need to prov1de a user fnendly system for tenants to report and lodge a mamtenance request. A direct and Immediate call back system for reporting may be considered for recommendation by the Legislative Assembly There IS a hidden cost to tenants who often wa1t on line for up to 1 hour to lodge a maintenance request, many utilizing mobile phone serv1ces that are unaffordable when wa1t1ng on hold for such an extended period of time. HAPN representatives know of one instance where an older man became trapped 1n 1 of the 2 operating lifts within the Johanna O'Dea building (these lifts are used to serv1ce all the tenants living in the 150 unit complex). The man has significant health issues and wa1ted on hold for 45 mmutes to lodge the report, in total he was in the lift for 4 hours although he had been advised the response t1me to h1s call would not exceed 1 hour. LAHC also need to be held accountable for responding to ma1ntenance requests in a timely manner.

F) Measures to meet the special maintenance requirements of aged and disabled tenants

Aged and d1sabled tenants should be supported In mamtammg their homes. As an example, uncleaned guttening can contribute considerable damp to properties, impact on external cladding and fascia, as well as access to the property 1n extreme cases. Aged and disabled tenants can further be inhibited in their ability to ma1ntain the1r own homes due to restricted mob1hty and cognitive function enabling their participation In the processes involved with even regular household maintenance tasks.

Ensure all modifications to the home installed to address age or disability related factors are to Australian standards.

The current Government appears to push an agenda of revitahzmg social housing properties in order that !hey are not able to be differentiated to their private counterparts HAPN argue that the maJorrty of soc1al housing tenants are 1ndeed qu1te house proud—interested in maintaining the liveability—and aesthetiCS of their home in the same way as a home owner or someone renting 1n the private rentalmarket. They are currently Inhibited 1n this endeavor by the mamtenance contracts servicing their homes. The po1nt IS not to necessarily camouflage soc1alhous1ng and private hous1ng together—but to acknowledge that everyone deserves the right to safe and secure shelter that affords ease of part1c1pat1on—1n the broader community.

We look forward to hearing from you with regards to th1s submiSSIOn

Kind Regards,

Kayleigh Ellis (on behalf of HAPN)

