Questions taken on notice at the Hearing

Q 1. There has been a fairly substantial decline in the number of asthma deaths; do you have any explanation for that? The percentage of asthma deaths is increasing in metropolitan areas. What are the issues for metropolitan areas? (Question of Hon Catherine Cusack MLC, Transcript p.13)

Response: We cannot be sure why asthma-related deaths are declining but we do know that the decline reflects an overall reduction in the prevalence of reported asthma, as well as emergency department visits and hospitalisations for asthma in children and young people between 1993 & 2002.

A wide range of factors can trigger airway constriction in people with asthma, including irritants such as environmental tobacco smoke and outdoor air pollutants, and allergens such as house dust mites and pollen. The most common triggers for acute severe episodes of asthma in children are viral infections. As there was no change in the prevalence of viral infections during the period we looked at, nor any of the other triggers mentioned, it is unlikely that this would be an explanation for the decline in asthma-related deaths.

The results of a 2004 study¹ suggest that the improvements that were made over our study period in asthma treatment, management and education are yet to have any impact.

The asthma-related death rate is decreasing in all geographic areas. The decrease is greater outside major cities (56 per cent in major cities compared with 85 per cent in other areas). The increased percentage of deaths in major cities arises from this greater decline in non-metropolitan areas, rather than from any increased rate in the cities.

Q 2. The Annual Report shows that six consultants were engaged during 2007-08 to provide specialist management advice at a cost of \$19,833. In what kind of work were the consultants engaged? How will the advice be utilised by the Commission? (Question of Mr Robert Coombs MP, Transcript p.16);

Response: The Commission engaged the following consultants in 2007-08:

¹ Belessis, Y., Dixon, S., Thomsen, A., Duffy, B., Rawlinson, W., Henry, R. L., & Morton, J. (2004). Risk factors for an intensive care unit admission in children with asthma. *Paediatric Pulmonology* 2004; 37: 201–209

Consultant	Amount	Nature of the	Utilising the advice
		consultancy	
Paradigm Play	\$2,000.00	Facilitating an experts	Used to develop
		forum on climate	environmental
		change	sustainability project
Paradigm Play	\$937.00	Expenses associated	Used to develop
		with the climate	environmental
		change forum	sustainability project
University of	\$476.16	Provision of expert	Improved our paper
Sheffield		commentary on	on Children and
		research paper.	Poverty
TeKnowledge	\$3,500.00	Services associated	Used to guide
IT Consulting		with the functional	development of
		requirements and	eCheck.
		design of eCheck.	
Sage	\$5,120.00	Specialist IT advice	Used to improve IT
Consulting		on software	links with Police and
		integration.	CrimTrac for the
			Working With
			Children Check.
Carolyn Quinn	\$7,800.00	Advice on operating	Used to guide
Consultancy		Relevant	improvements in the
		Employment	operations of the
		Proceedings for the	Working With
		Working With	Children Check.
		Children Check	

Q 3. What can [the Committee] do better to fulfil our statutory role? Do you have any suggestions for us? (Question of Mr Robert Coombs MP, Transcript p.26).

Response: As I said at the hearing on 15 April, I believe that the Committee's approach could already be described as "best practice", so I do not have many suggestions for the Committee.

I have appreciated the fact that, in recent years, the Committee has included both newer members with fresh and interesting approaches, and some longer- established members who have had time to absorb and reflect on a great deal of information about children's lives. I hope that this mix of experience will continue.

Perhaps you could continue to explore ways to hear directly from children and young people. This may mean developing ways of operating which are different from the traditional methods used by Parliamentary Committees, as they were developed to take evidence from adults in quite formal ways.