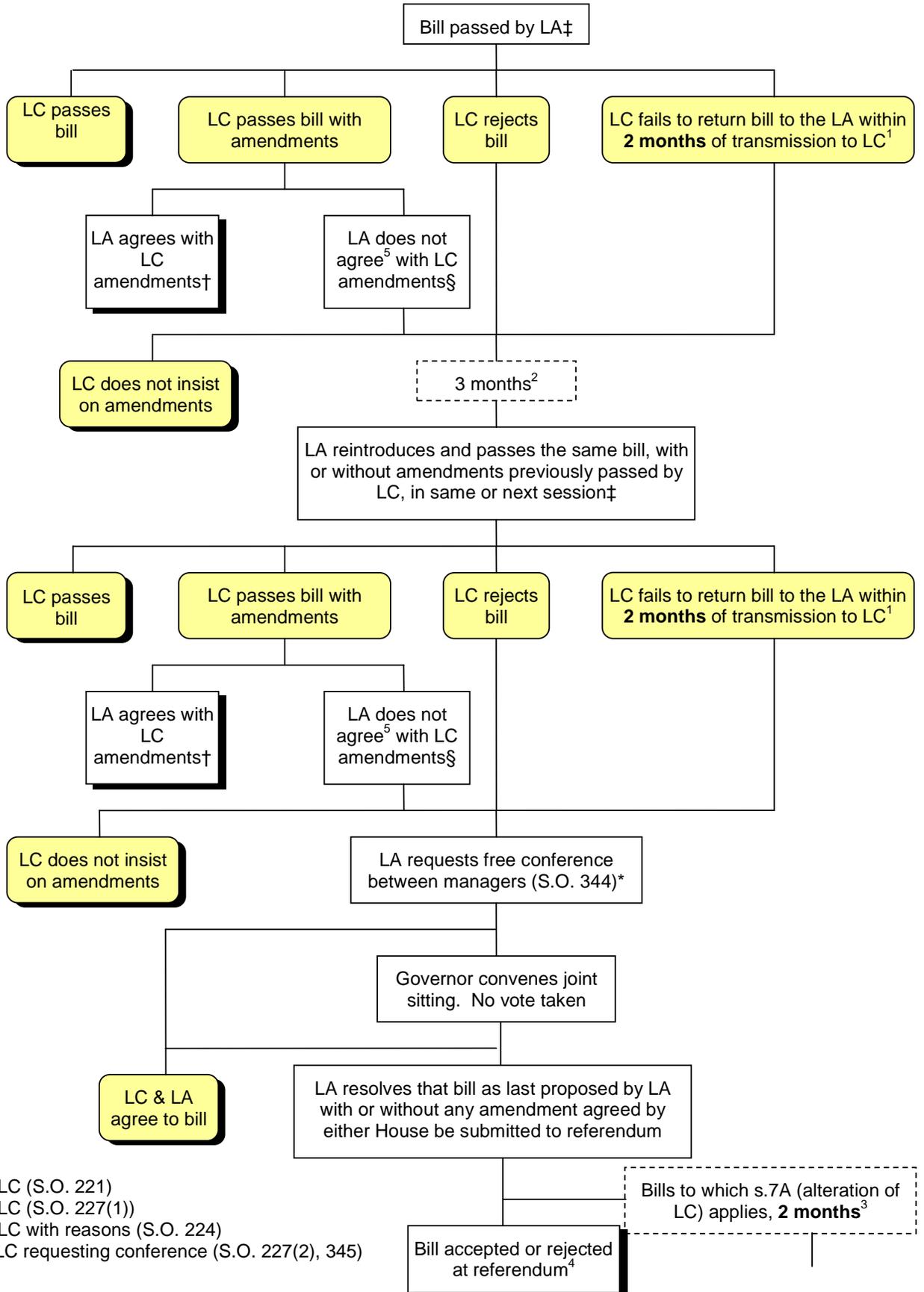


Appendix F Legislative Assembly Bills other than those Appropriating Revenue or Moneys for the Ordinary Annual Services of the Government
Section 5B Constitution Act 1902



‡ Message to LC (S.O. 221)

† Message to LC (S.O. 227(1))

§ Message to LC with reasons (S.O. 224)

* Message to LC requesting conference (S.O. 227(2), 345)

Bill accepted or rejected at referendum⁴

Bills to which s.7A (alteration of LC) applies, 2 months³

NOTES ON SECTION 5B BILLS

- ¹ Constitution Act 1902 s. 5B(4). This period commences when the Clerk of the Legislative Assembly delivers the bill and the message to a member or one of the Clerks-at-the-Table of the Legislative Council while the House is sitting, or to the Clerk or President of the Legislative Council when the House is not sitting. Prorogation during the two month-period prevents the Legislative Council being taken to have failed to pass a bill under s. 5B(4).
- ² Constitution Act 1902 s. 5B(1). This period commences when the Legislative Assembly disagrees with the Legislative Council amendments, the Legislative Assembly rejects the bill, or when the Legislative Assembly has failed to pass the bill after the elapse of two months under s. 5B(4).
- ³ Constitution Act 1902 s. 5B(5)(c). For bills to which s. 7A (bills altering the powers of the Legislative Council) applies, two months must elapse from the time the Legislative Assembly passes a resolution calling for the referendum before the referendum is held. The referendum must be held during the life of the Parliament. Paragraph 5B(5)(c) does not provide for a referendum on the day of a general election.
- ⁴ A referendum, other than for bills to which s. 7A applies, shall be held at any time during the life of the Parliament or at the next general election (s. 5B(2)).
- ⁵ Passing amendments with further amendments would not constitute agreement under s. 5B.