



LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

NOTICE PAPER

No. 18

TUESDAY 22 AUGUST 2023

The House meets this day at 12.30 pm

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FORMAL BUSINESS LIST

ITEM NO.	MEMBER	TITLE
PMB No. 295	Mr Rath	Darren Bark
PMB No. 302	Mr Farlow	Australia Bangladesh Business Forum
PMB No. 307	Mr Farlow	National Korean War Veterans Armistice Day 2023

GOVERNMENT BUSINESS—NOTICE OF MOTION

1. Ms Sharpe to move—

- (1) That this House celebrates the life and contribution of Fabian Lo Schiavo and notes:
 - (a) Fabian was a long-time activist for queer rights, marching in the first Mardi Gras in 1978 and founded the gay protest movement, the Sisters of Perpetual Indulgence,
 - (b) Fabian is a survivor of gay conversion therapy and went on to live a life where he was authentically himself and fought passionately for the rights of others to live as their true selves too,
 - (c) Fabian also fought for the rights of women to access healthcare by intervening at reproductive healthcare clinics to ensure women had safe access to abortion and reproductive healthcare,
 - (d) as an activist Fabian also fought for the rights of women sex workers, drug users, archivists and the State Records Office and fought for peace and supported international solidarity movements,
 - (e) Fabian maintained his Anglican faith and used his connection with faith groups to advance the cause of gay and queer rights in Australia, and
 - (f) Fabian founded AngGays, the fourth ever lesbian and gay religious group in Sydney and always attended his weekly mass at St Luke's Anglican Church in Enmore.
- (2) That this House recognises that Fabian played a critical role in the AIDS crisis in Sydney where he as Mother Inferior and the Sisters conducted safe sex programs for gay men, drug users and sex workers whilst also providing support for those diagnosed with AIDS.
- (3) This House sends its sincere condolences to the many people who loved Fabian including his brother Marco, sisters Francesca, Victoria and Martina and their children and niece Georgia.

(Notice given 22 June 2023)

GOVERNMENT BUSINESS—ORDERS OF THE DAY

- *1. **Electoral Funding Amendment Bill 2023:** resumption of the adjourned debate of the question on the motion of Mr Graham (moved by Mr D'Adam): That this bill be now read a second time (5 calendar days from 3 August 2023)—Mr Nanva. (20 minutes)

- *2. **ICAC and LECC Legislation Amendment Bill 2023:** resumption of the adjourned debate of the question on the motion of Mr Graham (moved by Mr D'Adam): That this bill be now read a second time (5 calendar days from 3 August 2023)—Mr Nanva. (20 minutes)

- 3. **Joint Select Committee on Protecting Local Water Utilities from Privatisation:** consideration of Legislative Assembly's message of 3 August 2023—Mr Buttigieg.

- 4. **Address-in-Reply to the Lieutenant-Governor's Opening Speech:** resumption of the adjourned debate (30 May 2023) of the question on the motion of Ms Sharpe:

That the following Address be adopted and presented by the Whole House to the Governor, in reply to the speech which His Excellency had been pleased to make to both Houses of Parliament:

To His Excellency the Honourable Andrew Bell, Lieutenant-Governor of New South Wales in the Commonwealth of Australia.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY—

We, the members of the Legislative Council of the State of New South Wales, in Parliament assembled, desire to express our thanks for Your Excellency's speech, and to express our loyalty to Australia and the people of New South Wales.

We assure Your Excellency that our earnest consideration will be given to the measures to be submitted to us, and that we will faithfully carry out the important duties entrusted to us by the people of New South Wales.

We join Your Excellency in the hope that our labours may be so directed as to advance the best interests of all sections of the community—Mr Graham speaking.

- * Council bill
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COMMITTEE REPORTS AND GOVERNMENT RESPONSES— ORDERS OF THE DAY

(Debate on committee reports and government responses takes precedence at 5.30 pm on Tuesdays until 6.30 pm according to sessional order.)

1. **Public Accountability Committee:** Report No. 15 entitled "Appointment of Mr John Barilaro as Senior Trade and Investment Commissioner to the Americas: Interim report", dated February 2023: resumption of the adjourned debate (20 June 2023) of the question on the motion of Ms Faehrmann: That the House take note of the report and the government response—Mr Nanva. (10 minutes remaining)
2. **Public Accountability Committee:** Report No. 16 entitled "Appointment of Mr John Barilaro as Senior Trade and Investment Commissioner to the Americas: Final report", dated February 2023: resumption of the adjourned debate (10 May 2023) of the question on the motion of Ms Faehrmann: That the House take note of the report and the government response— Ms Faehrmann speaking. (15 minutes remaining)
3. **Standing Committee on State Development:** Report No. 49 entitled "Allegations of impropriety against agents of the City of Canterbury Bankstown Council", dated February 2023: resumption of the adjourned debate (23 May 2023) of the question on the motion of Mrs MacDonald: That the House take note of the report and the government response— Mrs MacDonald speaking. (8 minutes remaining)
4. **Portfolio Committee No. 7 – Planning and Environment:** Report No. 18 entitled "Allegations of impropriety against agents of the Hills Shire Council and property developers in the region", dated March 2023: resumption of the adjourned debate (23 May 2023) of the question on the motion of Ms Higginson: That the House take note of the report and the government response—Ms Higginson speaking. (2 minutes remaining)
5. **Government responses to Standing Committee on Law and Justice:**
 - (a) Report No. 82 entitled "2022 Review of the Compulsory Third Party insurance scheme", tabled 24 February 2023.
 - (b) Report No. 83 entitled "2022 Review of the Lifetime Care and Support scheme", tabled 24 February 2023.

Resumption of the adjourned debate (27 June 2023) of the question on the motion of Mr Rath: That the House take note of the government responses—Mr Rath speaking. (15 minutes remaining)

6. **Government response to Public Works Committee:** Report No. 6 of the Public Works Committee entitled "Impact of the Western Harbour Tunnel and Beaches Link", tabled 5 December 2022: resumption of the adjourned debate (1 August 2023) of the question on the motion of Ms Boyd: That the House take note of the government response—Ms Graham. (10 minutes)
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PRIVATE MEMBERS' BUSINESS

- *2. **Road Transport Amendment (Medicinal Cannabis) Bill 2023:** resumption of the adjourned debate of the question on the motion of Mr Buckingham: That this bill be now read a second time (5 calendar days from 2 August 2023)—Mr Nanva. (20 minutes)

4. **Mrs Ward to move—**

That this House:

- (a) notes that significant infrastructure projects across NSW are under threat of cancellation due to the Commonwealth Government's 90-day infrastructure review announced on 1 May 2023 by the Commonwealth Minister for Infrastructure, Transport, Regional Development and Local Government, and
- (b) calls on the NSW Government to take all steps possible to secure continued Commonwealth funding for these projects.

(Notice given 10 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 21)

7. **Ms Hurst to move—**

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Companion Animals Act 1998 to regulate the conduct of businesses breeding companion animals; and for related purposes.

(Companion Animals Amendment (Puppy Farms) Bill)

(Notice given 10 May 2023)

- *8. **Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Amendment (Battery Cage Prohibition) Bill 2023:** resumption of the adjourned debate of the question on the motion of Ms Hurst: That this bill be now read a second time (5 calendar days from 31 May 2023)—Mr Fang. (20 minutes)

9. **Ms Hurst to move—**

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Animal Research Act 1985 to prohibit the carrying out of forced swim tests and animal research in which an animal is forced to inhale smoke; and for related purposes.

(Animal Research Amendment (Prohibition of Forced Swim Tests and Forced Smoke Inhalation Experiments) Bill)

(Notice given 10 May 2023)

- *10. Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Amendment (Gassing Devices Prohibition) Bill 2023:** resumption of the adjourned debate of the question on the motion of Ms Hurst: That this bill be now read a second time (5 calendar days from 28 June 2023)—Mr Nanva. (20 minutes)

11. Ms Hurst to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Unlawful Gambling Act 1998 to outlaw gambling on activities involving live animals; and for related purposes.

(Unlawful Gambling Amendment (Betting on Animals) Bill)

(Notice given 10 May 2023)

13. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) 'Mickey Doo' is a four year-old former racing greyhound from New South Wales,
 - (b) Mickey Doo was illegally exported to China in February 2023 and is now a part of the underground greyhound breeding and racing industry,
 - (c) Mickey Doo's fate has not been exposed before today, but is one of several Australian greyhounds that have been identified in an online investigation conducted by 'Free the Hounds' that have been sent overseas, and ended up in illegal racing industries,
 - (d) this conduct is in breach of the Greyhound Racing Rules and the Greyhound Welfare – Code of Practice, and raises grave concern for Mickey Doo's future, and
 - (e) while the Government and the Greyhound Racing industry claim to have implemented 'whole of life' tracking of hounds from birth to death, the reality is that nobody really knows where these animals are ending up, and dogs are continuing to go missing from, and be killed by, this profit-driven industry who sees retired dogs as 'wastage'.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to address the systemic failures of the greyhound whole-of-life tracking system and take urgent steps to ensure New South Wales greyhounds are not ending up overseas in illegal racing industries.

(Notice given 10 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 21)

14. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) on 27 April 2023, Byron Shire Council passed a motion recognising dingoes as native animals with an important ecological role, who are worthy of protection and care,
 - (b) the motion is the first of its kind in New South Wales, and was put forward by Councillor Sama Balson, supported by the Animal Justice Party, Dingo Den Animal Rescue, Northern Rivers Dingo Advocacy and other advocates, and
 - (c) the motion is important because in New South Wales, dingoes are the only native animals who are not treated as a protected species, which means they are legally subjected to cruel trapping and 1080 poisoning.

- (2) That this House congratulate Councillor Balson and Byron Shire Council on passing this important motion to protect dingoes in New South Wales.

(Notice given 10 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 21)

15. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) in 2022, over 20,000 people signed an e-petition to the Legislative Assembly titled "Save the koalas of Sydney",
 - (b) the petition highlighted the increasing threats to the Macarthur Campbelltown koala population, namely, loss of habitat and loss of wildlife corridors and crossings caused by ongoing development activity,
 - (c) the petition called on the Government to:
 - (i) declare an Upper Georges River koala National Park,
 - (ii) stop the rezoning of Stage 2 of the Gillead development and review the approval of Stage 1,
 - (iii) build five effective koala crossings on Appin Road,
 - (iv) implement minimum 450 metre wide koala corridors across the rivers and creeks of Macarthur, and
 - (d) since the petition was presented, the threat to the Campbelltown koalas has continued to escalate, as Lendlease has recently been given approval to proceed with the next stage of its development.
- (2) That this House take note of the over 20,000 petitioners calling for protection of the Campbelltown koalas, and call on the Government take urgent action to protect these koalas and their habitat.

(Notice given 10 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 21)

16. Mrs Mitchell to move—

- (1) That this House supports the full implementation of the NSW Regional Road Safety Program which is targeted at saving lives and preventing harm on roads throughout Regional NSW.
- (2) That this House notes that this vital, life-saving program is under threat from the Commonwealth Government's 90-day infrastructure review announced on 1 May 2023 by the Commonwealth Minister for Infrastructure, Transport, Regional Development and Local Government.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to take all steps possible to guarantee the full implementation of the NSW Regional Road Safety Program.

(Notice given 10 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 21)

17. Ms Faehrmann to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to legalise cannabis and cannabis products; to regulate the sale, supply and advertising of cannabis and cannabis products; and for other purposes.

(Cannabis Legalisation Bill)

(Notice given 10 May 2023)

18. Ms Faehrmann to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Road Transport Act 2013 to exclude users of medicinal cannabis from the application of the offence relating to driving with the presence of certain drugs in a person's oral fluid, blood or urine; and for related purposes.

(Road Transport Amendment (Medicinal Cannabis-Exemptions from Offences) Bill)

(Notice given 10 May 2023)

19. Ms Faehrmann to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to provide for pill testing services for the purposes of drug harm reduction; and for other purposes.

(Pill Testing Bill)

(Notice given 10 May 2023)

20. Ms Faehrmann to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Drugs Misuse and Trafficking Act 1985 to replace criminal penalties for drug possession offences with a civil penalty scheme and establish a drug panel to administer that scheme; to amend the Criminal Records Act 1991 to allow historical drug possession offences to be extinguished; and for other purposes.

(Drug Misuse and Trafficking Amendment (Decriminalisation) Bill)

(Notice given 10 May 2023)

22. Ice inquiry recommendations: resumption of the interrupted debate (11 May 2023) of the question on the motion of Ms Faehrmann:

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the Special Commission of Inquiry into 'Ice', which reported in March 2020, conducted 47 days of hearings and roundtables at a total cost of \$10.85 million,
 - (b) the inquiry heard from experts in the field, service providers, people with lived experience, community members and many others,
 - (c) among the inquiry's key recommendations are that the Government:
 - (i) establish a whole-of-Government Alcohol and other Drug Treatment Policy (AOD) policy that recognises drug use is a health and social issue,
 - (ii) appoint a dedicated Minister with a drug and alcohol portfolio to oversee and coordinate the implementation of the Special Commission of Inquiry's recommendations,
 - (iii) remove all criminal offences of use and possession for the personal use of prohibited drugs,
 - (iv) establish a State-wide clinically supervised substance testing, education and information service, with branches at appropriate fixed-site locations, and that in addition, with a view to establishing an outreach capacity of the service to settings where there is a high risk of harm, a trial be undertaken onsite at a music festival, and independently evaluated,

- (v) expand the availability of drug consumption services like the Medically Supervised Injecting Centre,
 - (vi) end the use of drug detection dogs at music festivals, and
- (d) the Inquiry's report is a comprehensive, evidence-based document that provides a roadmap for the new Minns Government to reduce drug-related harm.
- (2) That this House acknowledges that:
- (a) on 12 April 2023, in an article in the Sydney Morning Herald the Ice Inquiry Commissioner, Professor Dan Howard, SC, urged the Minns Government to not “reinvent the wheel” with another summit and further delay implementing the inquiry's recommendations and Gabrielle Bashir, SC, President of the NSW Bar Association stated that a drug summit would be “a superfluous and unnecessary public expense in light of the ice inquiry's clear road map for reform”, and
 - (b) the Government's proposed drug summit represents a costly replication of the Ice Inquiry and will see the same experts provide the same evidence resulting in the same conclusions.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to take urgent action on all 109 recommendations of the Special Commission of Inquiry into Ice.

Upon which Mr Buckingham has moved: That the question be amended as follows:

- (1) Omit paragraph (2)(b).
- (2) Omit paragraph (3) and insert instead:
 - "(3) That this House calls on the Government to continue to work in response to the recommendations of the Special Commission."—Mr Tudehope speaking. (Time concluded)

Debate: 18 minutes remaining.

23. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) in September 2020, the Independent Planning Commission approved the Narrabri gas project despite a record 23,000 objections to the Project, the overwhelming majority of which were objections,
 - (b) the IPC's approval placed 134 conditions on the project including a four-phase approvals process and additional conditions on modelling and monitoring of groundwater impacts, reporting of fugitive emissions, biodiversity, offsets, waste storage and treatment and consultation on Aboriginal cultural heritage,
 - (c) the Narrabri gas project will see over 850 coal seam gas wells constructed over 95,000 hectares across the Gunnedah Basin, including the Pilliga forest,
 - (d) the Narrabri gas project will release 127 million tonnes of CO₂ over 25 years, creating a carbon bomb and undermining the NSW Government's stated climate targets, and
 - (e) Santos has commenced gas exploration across the Liverpool Plains after the Government renewed PELs 1, 12, and 238 leaving 1.2 million hectares of the Liverpool Plains open to gas exploration.

- (2) That this House acknowledges that
- (a) if the Narrabri CSG project goes ahead it will pose an unacceptable risk to the groundwater of the Liverpool Plains, our nation's food bowl, and result in the destruction of the Pilliga forest,
 - (b) the project has been fiercely and overwhelmingly opposed by the community for a decade including the Gomerói, Githabul and Ngarabal people and local farmers,
 - (c) Australia exports 7 per cent of the world's fossil fuels by CO₂ potential while only being home to 0.33 per cent of the world's population,
 - (d) according to Professor Penny D Sackett, 50 per cent of Australia's gas reserves must remain in the ground to keep global temperature increase below 2 degrees Celsius making any new fossil fuel project incompatible with keeping warming below 2 degrees Celsius,
 - (e) Victoria's Government has modelled a 50 per cent reduction in gas consumption by 2030 to aid in their goal of achieving net zero emissions, and
 - (f) the Government has yet to approve the Narrabri Lateral Gas Pipeline which is necessary for the viability of the Narrabri gas project and could refuse consent to prevent the project from proceeding.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to withdraw the previous Government's NSW Future of Gas Statement, commit to modelling at least a 50 per cent reduction in gas consumption in New South Wales by 2030 and reject the Narrabri Lateral Gas Pipeline.

(Notice given 10 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 21)

27. Mr Buckingham to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) the Mullaley Gas and Pipeline Accord (MGPA) is a community group that was formed in 2010 after the company Eastern Star Gas announced that they were planning to construct a high-pressure gas pipeline from Narrabri to Wellington which was to pass through their area (Mullaley),
 - (b) the plan for this pipeline has now been abandoned but the MGPA, with over 100 members, has continued in its pursuit to protect the Namoi Valley which boasts world-renowned, high-quality soil and underground water resources capable of sustaining high levels of agricultural productivity,
 - (c) the MGPA group works tirelessly to ensure that our state's valuable and irreplaceable soils and underground water resources are not irreversibly damaged by the coal seam gas industry or its associated infrastructure, and
 - (d) the members of the MGPA and communities of the Liverpool Plains and Namoi Valley continue to be exposed and threatened by the coal seam gas industry following the previous government's renewal of petroleum exploration licences in the region, and more recently seismic testing near Gunnedah, the reactivation and operation of the Kahlua pilot wells, and the approval of Santos' acquisition of Hunter Gas Pipeline Pty Ltd.

- (2) That this House calls on the newly elected government to:
- (a) make the Liverpool Plains a coal seam gas exclusion zone under section 2.12 of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Resources & Energy) 2021, noting the previous government's Deputy Premier promised there would be no mining on the Liverpool Plains,
 - (b) ensure that the Narrabri Lateral pipeline will require approval under the Commonwealth Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999,
 - (c) seek a national domestic gas reservation policy and a public interest test on all gas exports, arguing that NSW should use existing national gas supplies before tapping new resources,
 - (d) request expert advice from the Federal Independent Expert Scientific Committee on the proposed water model being prepared by Santos for the Narrabri Gas Project production phase, and ensure that it is fully implemented, and
 - (e) rule out any variation of the approval lapse date of 15 October 2024 for the Hunter Gas Pipeline if the proponent does not physically commence the project.

(Notice given 10 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 21)

30. Ms Boyd to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979 to establish an independent statutory body responsible for ensuring the welfare of animals in the State; and for other purposes.

(Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Amendment (Independent Office of Animal Welfare) Bill)

(Notice given 10 May 2023)

31. Ms Boyd to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979 to recognise the sentience of animals and their intrinsic value; to define cruelty to an animal by reference to different forms of suffering; and for other purposes.

(Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Amendment (Animal Sentience) Bill)

(Notice given 10 May 2023)

33. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House notes the tragedy unfolding through the outbreak of violence in Sudan, with over a thousand people killed and millions trapped without access to food, water or electricity, and recognises it as the emergence of a severe humanitarian crisis.
- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the capital of Sudan, Khartoum, has been the centre of violent outbreaks between the army and a 100,000 strong Rapid Support Forces (RSF) paramilitary group as they fight for power and control,
 - (b) this follows four years of Sudan's attempt to build a civilian led government arising from decades of military rule,

- (c) plans for civilian rule have been jeopardised as ceasefires across the country are repeatedly breached,
 - (d) the two clashing forces have both been linked to war crimes across the nation, including ethnic cleansing in regions such as Darfur, South Kordofan, the Nuba Mountains and the Blue Nile region, and
 - (e) this battle follows on from the killing of 2000 peaceful protesters in front of the military headquarters on 3 June 2019.
- (3) That this House notes that:
- (a) Sudanese people in the country and across the diaspora have repeated their wish to remove the military dictatorship and call for the army and RSF to cease-fire in a powerplay that will see one of their leaders installed as the new dictator of Sudan,
 - (b) outside Khartoum, violence has been reported in Darfur, a region that suffered from a conflict in 2003 which saw 300,000 people die and 2.7 million displaced, and
 - (c) there is concern across the globe of a broader conflict unfolding involving external powers.
- (4) That while countries rush to evacuate their citizens, this House extend solidarity with the people of Sudan left behind, desperately seeking an exit route towards a democratic nation themselves.
- (5) That this House also extends our thoughts to the families of the diaspora here in Australia, painfully waiting to hear of news from their families in Sudan.
- (6) That this House calls on the Australian Government to:
- (a) immediately ensure urgent humanitarian assistance is provided,
 - (b) explicitly call for peace and a return to civilian rule,
 - (c) provide urgent evacuation assistance for Australian-Sudanese,
 - (d) call for humanitarian corridors and medical supplies to be accessible, and
 - (e) speak to the Sudanese embassy in Australia and condemn the people responsible for these atrocities.

(Notice given 10 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 21)

34. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House notes that the Australian Broadcasting Corporation's (ABC's) 7.30 Report, on 27 March 2023 and 26 April 2023, aired footage of pigs being stunned by carbon dioxide before slaughter in an Australian pig abattoir, and further notes:
- (a) the footage shows that as pigs are exposed to carbon dioxide they thrash, gasp, squeal, froth at the mouth and attempt to escape before succumbing to the gas,
 - (b) research funded by industry peak body Australian Pork Limited has shown that this footage is consistent with responses of pigs to carbon dioxide,
 - (c) Australian Pork Limited Chief Executive Officer, Margo Andrae, told a federal parliamentary committee in March 2023 that “[the pigs] literally go to sleep. It's not a hands-on process over a very micro amount of time they go to sleep”,

- (d) this practice is legal and widespread, and eighty-five per cent of Australian pigs are stunned for slaughter using carbon dioxide,
 - (e) Animal Welfare Science Centre animal welfare expert Dr Ellen Jongman, who has conducted industry-funded research into pig reactions to carbon dioxide, has stated that "what we saw on the footage is not really acceptable",
 - (f) the first footage of carbon dioxide stunning of pigs in an abattoir, which was captured in New South Wales and showed similar reactions to carbon dioxide exposure, was publicly released in 2014, and was met with calls from RSPCA Australia for the industry to invest in research and development to allow carbon dioxide to be phased out and replaced with a humane alternative, and
 - (g) Australian Pork Limited has received more than \$50 million in government funding over the past ten years to invest in research and development initiatives, none of which has been invested in finding alternatives to the stunning of pigs.
- (2) That this House further also notes that:
- (a) footage captured at the same Victorian abattoir shows alleged animal cruelty, and breaches of the Australian standard for the hygienic production and transportation of meat products, including pigs' legs and feet getting stuck in machinery and testicles being torn off by machinery,
 - (b) another Victorian abattoir is alleged to force pigs to walk over unconscious or dead animals as they approach carbon dioxide gassing machines, in breach of industry welfare standards that prohibit animals walking over and trampling other animals,
 - (c) long-running calls from animal welfare organisations and from the public to require the installation of closed circuit television (CCTV) cameras in abattoirs are again growing, but the industry has rejected these calls,
 - (d) the ABC has reported that the abattoir at the centre of the recent 7.30 exposé has ceased operations rather than comply with instruction from the government regulator to install CCTV as a condition of its licence, and
 - (e) whistleblowers and concerned members of the public who capture footage in abattoirs and animal agriculture facilities in NSW to expose animal welfare concerns such as this face penalties up to five years in prison and \$220,000 in fines under so-called "ag-gag" laws.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to:
- (a) contribute to the ongoing national review of animal welfare standards and guidelines for the slaughter of livestock by supporting investment in welfare improvements, including through alternative gas mixtures which have less painful and aversive impacts,
 - (b) require installation of CCTV cameras in all industrial agriculture facilities, and in particular in abattoirs, and
 - (c) overturn "ag-gag" laws which criminalise whistleblowing in agriculture facilities.

(Notice given 10 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 21)

36. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That the Procedure Committee inquire into and report on the appropriateness of and alternatives to the recitation of the prayers under Standing Order 28 (the Lord's Prayer) at the commencement of proceedings each day, including the appropriateness and suitability of alternatives including:
 - (a) replacing the Lord's Prayer with a minute's silence for prayer and reflection,
 - (b) replacing the Lord's Prayer with prayers from a number of different religions, to be recited either together each day or in turn on separate days,
 - (c) replacing the Lord's Prayer with a secular reflection on Members' responsibility to the people of New South Wales, and
 - (d) the abolition of the Lord's Prayer, without replacing the reading of the Lord's Prayer with an alternative practice.
- (2) That the committee report by 30 November 2023.

(Notice given 10 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 21)

37. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House recognises the Cultural Heritage and ecological significance of Gaanha-bula/Mt Canobolas to Wiradjuri People and the communities of Orange and the Central West and that the whole of Gaanha-bula is a sacred site.
- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Gaanha-bula is not just a sacred site for its tangible history as an initiation and gathering site, the mountain as a whole is sacred as a creation story and is crucial to Wiradjuri living culture,
 - (b) a State Significant Development application by Orange City Council to construct a 100 km mountain bike track network on the mountain is incompatible with protecting, preserving and celebrating the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage values of the mountain,
 - (c) an Area of Outstanding Biodiversity Value nomination for the mountain has been with the Department of Environment and Heritage since 2018,
 - (d) there is immense opportunity for Gaanha-bula/Mt Canobolas to be recognised and celebrated as a unique and beautiful part of the Central West landscape and community for its cultural heritage and ecological values, and
 - (e) First Nations people should always be genuinely listened to and empowered to make decisions regarding Cultural Heritage across New South Wales.
- (3) That this House acknowledges the ongoing work and advocacy by Wiradjuri Elder Uncle Neil Ingram, Aunty Alice Williams, Uncle James Williams and Aunty Julie Armstrong and the Canobolas Conservation Alliance to protect Gaanha-bula/Mt Canobolas.
- (4) That this House calls on the Government to:
 - (a) reject the State Significant Development application presently before it for the mountain bike trail network,
 - (b) approve the Area of Outstanding Biodiversity Value nomination that has been with the department since 2018,

- (c) partner with Orange City Council and Orange Wiradjuri Elders to develop a long term and culturally appropriate protection for Gaanha-bula that celebrates its cultural heritage value, and
- (d) embrace a vision for Gaanha-bula based on reconciliation, regeneration and education.

(Notice given 10 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 21)

38. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the health of New South Wales residents, the health of our planet, and the health of the New South Wales economy are inextricably linked to the structure of our food system,
 - (b) our food system is easily disrupted and heavily reliant on monoculture and several chemical inputs that are banned across Europe and the United States due to their toxicity to humans,
 - (c) food insecurity is rising, yet every year in New South Wales, 1.7 million tonnes of food is sent to landfill, producing methane – a greenhouse gas twenty-five times more harmful to the climate than carbon dioxide,
 - (d) one in five children in New South Wales are now overweight or obese, yet there has been no increase in food literacy programs to encourage healthy eating habits and reduce diet-related diseases,
 - (e) managing food waste, shifting to regenerative agriculture, increasing urban farming, improving food literacy and funding food rescue programs are vital to reaching the target of net zero by 2050, and improving the economy and health of New South Wales residents, and
 - (f) the Government has no Food System Council or comprehensive plan to address failures in our food system.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to establish a Food System Council and comprehensive food system plan and implement all 36 recommendations of the Food Production and Supply in New South Wales Inquiry.

(Notice given 10 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 21)

39. Ms Higginson to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 21 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents, created since 1 July 2020 in the possession, custody or control of the Department of Communities and Justice, the Attorney General, or the Minister for Families and Communities, and Minister for Disability Inclusion relating to referrals for children exiting statutory care:

- (a) all documents, including briefings, memorandum, correspondence, submissions, presentations, advice, diary notes, diary appointments, meeting requests, or other documents, directed or provided to the Secretary of the Department of Communities and Justice relating to children who were identified as having a potential claim against the state of New South Wales for abuse whilst under the statutory care of the Minister,
- (b) any document identifying the total number of children since 30 June 2020 who left the care of the Department of Communities and Justice because they turned 18 years of age,

- (c) all documents regarding the provision of legal advice about the prospects of children who are in, or have left, the care of DCJ in relation to making a claim or seeking any other legal remedy against the state of New South Wales, and
- (d) any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

(Notice given 10 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 21)

40. Ms Higginson to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Forestry Act 2012 to remove restrictions on the bringing of certain civil and criminal enforcement proceedings by third-parties under environment protection and other legislation.

(Forestry Amendment (Third Party Proceedings) Bill)

(Notice given 10 May 2023)

- *41. Forestry Amendment (Koala Habitats) Bill 2023:** resumption of the adjourned debate of the question on the motion of Ms Higginson: That this bill be now read a second time (5 calendar days from 11 May 2023)—Mr Rath. (20 minutes)

45. Dr Cohn to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Friday 12 May is International Nurses Day, a day which celebrates the vital role and contributions of nurses to communities around the world,
 - (b) this year's theme is "Our Nurses, Our Future", which was selected by the International Council of Nurses to elevate the perception of nurses from invisible to invaluable in the eyes of policy makers, decisionmakers and the public, and
 - (c) last year the nurses and midwives of New South Wales took statewide, coordinated industrial action on four occasions to demand safe nurse-to-patient and midwife-to-patient ratios, as well as a significant number of local actions.
- (2) That this House recognises the invaluable contributions of New South Wales nurses to the safety and wellbeing of our community on International Nurses Day.
- (3) That this House notes that in November last year the Australia Institute published "The Cumulative Costs of Wage Caps for Essential Service Workers in NSW", which found that by the 2021-22 financial year the New South Wales public sector wage cap will have amounted to a cumulative loss of \$80,000 in wages for an experienced nurse.
- (4) That this House acknowledges the Government's commitment to scrapping the public sector wage cap.
- (5) That this House notes that the NSW Nurses and Midwives' Association, which represents over 72,000 nurses and midwives across New South Wales, is demanding:
 - (a) mandated shift-by-shift nurse to patient staffing ratios to improve patient safety and staff retention in emergency departments, intensive care units, multi-purpose services, maternity services, perioperative services, short stay wards, community and community mental health

services, outpatient clinics, specialists, and wards currently under the Nursing Hours Per Patient Day system, and

- (b) a pay rise of 10 per cent.

(Notice given 11 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 22)

46. Dr Cohn to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:

- (a) continuity of care provided by a regular general practitioner is associated with lower mortality, lower rates of hospitalisation, emergency department attendances and hospital re-admission rates,
- (b) communities across New South Wales and particularly in rural and regional areas are already struggling to access general practitioners,
- (c) in March this year a decision in the NSW Court of Appeal enabled Revenue NSW to broaden its application of existing payroll tax laws to encompass medical practices operating service entities, and to retroactively apply payroll tax as far back as 2013,
- (d) the decision in the NSW Court of Appeal enabling Revenue NSW to broaden its application of existing payroll tax laws to encompass medical practices operating service entities, and to retroactively apply payroll tax as far back as 2013 threatens the viability of a large number of general practice clinics, and
- (e) a large number of organisations and employees are already exempt from payroll tax in New South Wales including public and non-profit hospitals, area health services and ambulance services.

- (2) That this House calls on the Treasurer to rule out retrospective application of payroll tax to general practitioners and to urgently consider exempting general practitioners from payroll tax.

(Notice given 11 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 22)

47. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:

- (a) on 28 February 2022, the biggest flood in modern Australian history inundated Lismore and caused massive devastation to the community that is still being recovered from today,
- (b) on 16 December 2022, the former Minister for Planning and Public Spaces, Anthony Roberts, announced the Lismore Flood Recovery Planning Package, including the formation of a Lismore Local Planning Panel,
- (c) in January 2023, the former Minister for Planning wrote to the Mayor of Lismore City Council, informing him that council must appoint members of the Lismore Planning Panel by 24 February 2023,
- (d) on 14 February 2023, Lismore City councillors resolved that they would resist the Minister's instruction to appoint independent experts and community representatives to the panel without an opportunity to conduct a public briefing, and

- (e) on 27 February 2023, Lismore City Council released undated correspondence from the former Minister for Planning notifying the Mayor that the Minister had appointed members of the Lismore Planning Panel, contrary to the wishes of Lismore City councillors and without any public consultation.
- (2) That this House notes that:
- (a) the Lismore Planning Panel has wide ranging powers and removes elected councillors from the planning process and strips Lismore City Council of all planning powers,
 - (b) removing powers from local communities and their local governance systems is not best practice,
 - (c) removing local decision making powers from Lismore is particularly problematic as it is a community recovering from a catastrophic disaster, and
 - (d) Lismore City Council needs continuing and increased support to find equitable and just solutions in its recovery process and facilitated engagement between councillors and government agencies.
- (3) That this House calls on the government to repeal the Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment (Lismore Flood Recovery) Regulation 2022 as a matter of priority so that Lismore Council can get on with the business of representing and working for their community.

(Notice given 11 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 22)

48. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) the NSW Minerals Strategy aims to expand mineral extraction in New South Wales and particularly metals, including gold and silver,
 - (b) mineral extraction projects that are declared to be State Significant Development by the Minister for Planning and that are decided by the Independent Planning Commission leave communities vulnerable to inappropriate and dangerous developments, and
 - (c) without strong regulation and compliance processes, mineral extraction developments can become captured by rogue operators and cause significant harm to the environment and communities.
- (2) That this House notes that:
- (a) the Cadia Hill Gold Mine, operated by Newcrest Mining, has been observed by nearby residents to emit large quantities of dust as part of the regular operations of the mine,
 - (b) residents have conducted a series of tests for heavy metal contamination in 45 drinking water tanks and have discovered that of the water samples taken:
 - (i) 27.6 per cent contained lead at levels 10 times the NSW Government guidelines,
 - (ii) 45 per cent exceeded guidelines for nickel,
 - (iii) 30 per cent exceeded guidelines for arsenic,
 - (iv) 20 per cent exceeded guidelines for cadmium,
 - (v) 65 per cent exceeded guidelines for mercury,
 - (c) several families that live near Cadia have reported blood tests, including from children, with high levels of selenium, nickel and copper, and

- (d) concerned residents have not received adequate responses from the Environment Protection Authority, the Department of Planning or NSW Health about the heavy metal contamination.
- (3) That this House notes that:
- (a) on 21 July 2022, then Minister for Planning Anthony Roberts requested the Independent Planning Commission conduct a public hearing into the carrying out of the Bowdens Silver Project,
 - (b) when the Minister requests a public hearing into a project they extinguish the rights of the community to appeal any approval to the Land and Environment Court,
 - (c) on 3 April 2023, the Independent Planning Commission approved the Bowdens Silver mine near Mudgee after holding public hearings and receiving 1,005 submissions opposing the development,
 - (d) the mine will operate for 23 years only 2 kilometres from the Lue Primary School and intends to excavate or store hazardous chemicals and minerals in tailings dams, including:
 - (i) sodium cyanide,
 - (ii) arsenic,
 - (iii) caustic soda,
 - (iv) copper sulphate,
 - (v) zinc sulphate,
 - (vi) 95,000 tonnes of lead,
 - (vii) 130,000 tonnes of zinc,
 - (e) expert reports identify, and community members are concerned about, the risk of lead exposure and poisoning,
 - (f) the Independent Planning Commission dealt with this by imposing a condition that Bowdens should offer voluntary blood testing to residents who will be exposed to heavy metals, and
 - (g) the residents of Lue and surrounds were shocked that the Independent Planning Commission approved the project, and are organising to resist the approval granted to Bowdens Silver.
- (4) That this House calls on the Government to:
- (a) investigate the source and conduct compliance activities in response to heavy metal contamination of Cadia residents' drinking water supplies,
 - (b) review the decision by the Independent Planning Commission to approve Bowdens Silver despite the likelihood of lead contamination,
 - (c) consider future declarations for State Significant Developments for mineral extraction projects where there is a risk of heavy metal contamination, and
 - (d) instruct the Minister for Planning to not request the Independent Planning Commission to conduct public hearings into State Significant Development projects extinguishing the rights of communities to appeal project approvals to the Land and Environment Court on the merits.

(Notice given 11 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 22)

50. Mr Tudehope to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 21 days of the date of passing of this resolution all documents created since 25 March 2023, in the possession, custody or control

of the Premier, the Treasurer, the Minister for Finance and Minister for Natural Resources, the Department of Premier and Cabinet, Treasury, Ministry of Health, or NSW Industrial Relations relating to the Comprehensive Expenditure Review, and any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

(Notice given 23 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 23)

56. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) on May 17 NSW Police entered an aged care home and tasered a 95 year old woman Clare Nowland, she fell and sustained life threatening injuries,
 - (b) in 2020 NSW Police entered an aged care facility and violently handcuffed an 81 year old dementia patient Rachel Grahame, causing her to be hospitalised for six weeks and her family to bring a civil case against NSW Police,
 - (c) the Law Enforcement Conduct Commission (LECC) was set up to strengthen law enforcement integrity, by preventing, detecting and investigating misconduct and maladministration within law enforcement in NSW,
 - (d) the LECC is significantly under resourced and the vast majority of complaints and allegations of police misconduct are handled by the NSW Police,
 - (e) the lack of appropriate training, independent oversight and accountability for NSW Police has led to a culture of impunity that protects police instead of people, and
 - (f) on 22 May the LECC provided to the Presiding Officers the Five Years (2017 – 2022) of Independent Monitoring of NSW Police Force Critical Incident Investigations that found:
 - (i) police investigations of critical incidents can take years when they are linked to coronial or criminal investigations,
 - (ii) a high proportion of critical incidents involve a person experiencing a mental health crisis and that despite this, police training on how to respond to someone in mental health crisis is currently extremely limited,
 - (iii) misconduct that is the subject of a critical incident investigation is usually not dealt with until after the criminal or coronial proceedings have completed and that misconduct continues to occur,
 - (iv) the power to live monitor interviews of directly involved police officers, which is set out in s 114(3)(c) of the LECC Act, has proved illusory, because the legislative provision to observe an interview is contingent on the consent of the involved police officer,
 - (v) in every case, the Commission’s request to monitor an involved officer interview has been declined by the involved officer, usually on advice from their legal representative.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to:
 - (a) refer the case of tasered of Clare Nowland to the LECC for a fully independent investigation,
 - (b) publicly release the body camera footage of the tasered of Clare Nowland,
 - (c) end police investigating police in NSW by fully empowering and resourcing the LECC,
 - (d) immediately commence better training for police to ensure they are equipped to de-escalate and respond to vulnerable people without using weapons or deadly force,

- (e) establish alternative responses for vulnerable people and those experiencing mental health episodes so that armed police who may cause harm are not the only option the NSW community has to turn to when in distress, and
- (f) establish a parliamentary inquiry into:
 - (i) NSW Police powers, policies and responses when dealing with vulnerable people,
 - (ii) NSW Police oversight, integrity and accountability mechanisms.

(Notice given 23 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 23)

58. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) feral horses are an invasive species that are pushing native species to extinction and destroying the delicate ecosystems that define Australian wilderness,
 - (b) the federal government’s own independent advisory body, the Threatened Species Scientific Committee, has described feral horses as an “imminent threat” to prevent new extinctions of plants and animals, stating feral horses “may be the crucial factor that causes the final extinction” of at least 12 native species in the alps,
 - (c) despite commitments of the previous government to reduce feral horse numbers, in the past two years, the feral horse population in Kosciuszko National Park increased alarmingly from 14,000 to over 18,000 - a 30 percent jump,
 - (d) if populations remain poorly managed, there could be more than 50,000 feral horses in Kosciuszko over the next 7 to 8 years,
 - (e) as an invasive species, feral horses carry exotic diseases and experience high levels of illness and starvation because they are not evolutionarily adapted to the Australian landscape,
 - (f) no one likes to see animals killed, but the reality is that we have a choice to make between urgently reducing the numbers of feral horses in Kosciuszko National Park or accepting the destruction of sensitive alpine ecosystems and habitats, and the decline and extinction of native animals, and
 - (g) New South Wales does not need to wait for the federal government to step in – the Government can solve this issue.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to repeal the Kosciuszko Wild Horse Heritage Act 2018 that protects feral horses and use all measures available to them to commit to a towards-zero strategy.

(Notice given 23 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 23)

62. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) on 15 May 2023, it was announced that thousands of former Australian racing greyhounds will soon be exported to the United States under a partnership between Greyhounds Australasia, Greyhound Racing NSW and the US Fraternal Order of Police,
 - (b) this export program is an indictment on the Australian greyhound racing industry, who are over-breeding to the point where the number of animals being discarded by the industry –

the so-called "wastage" - far exceeds the number of homes that can be found for retired dogs within Australia, and

- (c) in addition to the risks posed to dogs by long distance air travel there is no way to monitor these animals once they leave our jurisdiction, raising serious questions about the effectiveness of the Government's so-called 'whole of life' tracking scheme.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to urgently investigate this high-risk greyhound export program.

(Notice given 23 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 23)

64. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) last week, approximately 67 brumbies were shot and left to die near Davey's Hut in Kosciuszko National Park,
 - (b) pictures show a horse shot in the neck, in contravention of the relevant code which requires horses to be shot in the head and chest only,
 - (c) locals residents have said there was no notice given prior to the shooting, and Kosciuszko National Park was not closed, raising serious public safety concerns, and
 - (d) the shooting also appears to have occurred in a 'horse retention area' under the Wild Horse Management Plan, raising questions about how this shooting was justified.
- (2) That this House condemns the shooting of these 67 brumbies and recognises the suffering these animals would have endured and the inappropriate risk to human safety.

(Notice given 23 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 23)

65. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) helium balloons are a dangerous form of single-use plastic that does not biodegrade and cannot be recycled,
 - (b) released helium balloons can travel vast distances, and often end up as litter in fragile ecosystems, including beaches, rivers, lakes oceans and forests, where they pose a serious risk to animals due to entanglement and ingestion,
 - (c) these balloons are often mistaken for food by sea birds, turtles and other animals, blocking their digestive tracks and causing the animal to starve or choke to death,
 - (d) other animals such as shearwaters and albatross become entangled in the ribbons and strings hanging from the balloons, preventing them from accessing food or escaping predators,
 - (e) while most other states have already banned helium balloon releases or are moving to do so, New South Wales still bizarrely allows the release of up to 19 helium balloons at a time, and
 - (f) New South Wales Labor has previously supported a ban on helium balloon releases, with the Hon. Penny Sharpe MLC stating during debate that "All we are doing is tossing it into

the sky for it to be litter elsewhere, rather than throwing it in the gutter. Throwing it in the gutter is illegal, but tossing it in the sky is somehow okay. That makes no sense.”

- (2) That this House calls on the Government to urgently update our laws, and ban helium balloon releases in New South Wales.

(Notice given 23 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 23)

66. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) 20 May 2023 was World Bee Day,
 - (b) there is increasing scientific evidence that bees are sentient, self-aware, can think, problem solve, and even have their own form of consciousness,
 - (c) bees also play a critical role as pollinators, ensuring food security and biodiversity,
 - (d) the bees of New South Wales are currently under threat due to the Department of Primary Industry’s response to Varroa mite, which has seen billions of bees killed in pursuit of a dubious eradication strategy, and
 - (e) there is particular concern about the Department of Primary Industry’s use of Fipronil baiting stations, given that Fipronil is toxic to Australian native bees and will remain a threat for up to three years in tainted hives.
- (2) That this House acknowledges World Bee Day, and urge the Government to ensure a humane, science-based response to the Varroa Mite situation that does not result in unnecessary bee deaths.

(Notice given 23 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 23)

70. Mr Buckingham to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Hemp Industry Regulation 2016 to remove and modify certain restrictions and licence conditions relating to the cultivation and supply of low-THC hemp; and for related purposes.

(Hemp Industry Amendment (Deregulation) Bill)

(Notice given 23 May 2023)

71. Mr Buckingham to move—

- (1) That this House notes:
- (a) that hemp is one of humanities oldest domesticated plants and has been an integral agricultural crop utilised for food, fibre, textiles, oils, feedstocks, construction material, personal care, furniture, recycling and medicine for millennia,
 - (b) that commercial or trial hemp crops are grown in all states in Australia, with most Australian commercial production in Tasmania,

- (c) that in the 2020-21 growing season, approximately 1,000 hectares was planted in Tasmania, with a farm gate value of \$3 million, and in 2020-21 New South Wales plantings were approximately 500 hectares,
 - (d) that in New South Wales hemp cultivation and processing for commercial and research purposes is regulated and licensed under the Hemp Industry Act 2008,
 - (e) that the global industrial hemp market is valued at USD \$3.5 billion and predicted to grow to \$26.6 billion by 2025,
 - (f) that Canada is the largest hemp food producer and exporter globally—in 2018, over 31,500 hectares was licensed for hemp production, and Canada’s hemp production and export are in hulled hemp seeds, hemp oil, and hemp protein powder,
 - (g) the comments of Hunter Valley farmer and New South Wales hemp pioneer Bob Doyle who said:

“As a grain crop it has a lot of potential in NSW. We need to refine the agronomy. Once that work is done, I’m sure broadacre cereal grain growers would be more interested in using it as a rotational crop. Australian farmers are very good and precise at growing grain crops, so it would be relatively easy to transition into growing hemp”,
 - (h) the excellent work of the New South Wales Department of Primary Industries and its staff in supporting the growth of the New South Wales hemp industry to this point,
 - (i) that on the 29 August 2019, the Victorian Government established the Industrial Hemp Taskforce to explore the challenges and opportunities facing the industrial hemp industry, the Taskforce engaged directly with industry stakeholders, participants and research organisations to gain a thorough understanding of the industry and how Victoria could maximise hemp’s economic potential,
 - (j) the Victorian Industrial Hemp Taskforce final report identified three priority areas for their State’s hemp industry: industry development, research & development and regulatory reform, and
 - (k) that in March 2022, AgriFutures released the Australian Industrial Hemp Strategic R&D Plan 2022–2027 following consultation with key industry stakeholders, the plan is part of AgriFutures Australia’s Emerging Industries program and identified “regulatory barriers” and the need to reduce the “regulatory burden” as a high priority activity.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to consider a Hemp Industry Taskforce with terms of reference that:
- (a) examines information from key stakeholders on the current state of the industry, issues, barriers and opportunities,
 - (b) considers uses of industrial hemp in other jurisdictions and appropriate learnings for New South Wales,
 - (c) examines how the NSW Government can support industry development and growth across New South Wales,
 - (d) examines the regulatory and licencing framework for hemp cultivation and hemp products, and
 - (e) considers any other relevant matters.

(Notice given 23 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 23)

73. Mrs Maclaren-Jones to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Exercise Right Week is held on the last full week of May each year,
 - (b) Exercise Right Week raises awareness to the benefits of exercise for health and well-being,
 - (c) the 2023 theme is ‘The Right Advice’ which highlights the importance of seeking advice for exercise, health and sporting needs from qualified experts, and
 - (d) the importance of encouraging healthy exercise habits at a young age through community sport.
- (2) That this House condemns the Government for scrapping the Active Kids Voucher which encourages healthy exercise habits in young children.

(Notice given 23 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 23)

74. Mr Ruddick to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Julian Assange is an award-winning journalist,
 - (b) Mr Assange is an Australian citizen who has been effectively incarcerated overseas since June 2012 for things he published as a journalist,
 - (c) the United States Department of Justice is seeking to extradite Mr Assange to indict him under their Espionage Act, and if found guilty he could be sentenced to prison for up to 170 years, and
 - (d) the allegations against Mr Assange relate to actions committed predominantly by Chelsea Manning, who received an unconditional pardon from President Barack Obama in 2017 after seven years of confinement.
- (2) That this House recognises that:
 - (a) many people see Julian Assange as a free speech hero who brought much-needed transparency to the public view and should be a free man, and
 - (b) many others believe that Julian Assange committed a crime for which he deserved some sort of sanction, but after 11 years the time has long-since come to end his ongoing punishment.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to write to the Australian Government, the United States Government, and Julian Assange, and lobby them to urgently negotiate a settlement that will end the charges against Mr Assange and allow him to return to Australia.

(Notice given 23 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 23)

76. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House notes that if the AUKUS plan for Australia to acquire nuclear-powered submarines goes ahead it would result in a huge expansion of militarism in the Asia-Pacific region and that the AUKUS pact looks like a dangerous version of 21st century imperial dominance.

- (2) That this House notes that:
- (a) not one credible defence analyst has stated that war with China is inevitable, and that this position is supported across the political divide from Greens Senators David Shoebridge and Jordon Steele-John, former Prime Ministers Paul Keating and Malcolm Turnbull and former Foreign Minister Bob Carr,
 - (b) China has one overseas military base while the United States of America has over 800, many of them bordering China, and
 - (c) an ugly aspect of the government and the media's propaganda towards China is that it is leading to a rise in racism directed at people living in Australia from Asia and of Asian descent.
- (3) That this House notes that:
- (a) history shows that major defence projects routinely blow their budgets,
 - (b) the AUKUS project will drain money from public services, First Nations justice and climate action, and
 - (c) the federal government has not been honest and transparent with the true costs of the AUKUS project, with recent revelations showing that the publicised figure of \$368 billion will only pay for five of eight committed submarines, and that the true current estimate of this project is closer to \$500 billion.
- (4) That this House notes that:
- (a) the AUKUS submarine deal will require Australia to set up storage sites for highly enriched nuclear waste that will remain dangerous for about 125,000 years, and
 - (b) in addition to the risk of nuclear waste, the presence of US nuclear-powered and armed submarines visiting Fremantle and an east coast submarine base, possibly at Port Kembla, would add these locations along with Pine Gap and the US military base in Darwin to a list of likely targets in the event of a war.
- (5) That this House notes the enormous groundswell of opposition from peace groups, anti-nuclear proliferation organisations, trade unions and everyday working people to the AUKUS nuclear subs plan, including:
- (a) a mass mobilisation on 6 May in Port Kembla, organised by the South Coast Labor Council and affiliated unions, which saw 5,000 unionists, peace campaigners and community members march down through Port Kembla to say "No Nuclear Subs in Port Kembla or Anywhere!", and
 - (b) the 24 May action organised by the Sydney Anti-AUKUS Coalition, along with unions, MPs and community groups, to protest AUKUS and its associated war drive on China and call on the Australian government to reallocate the half a trillion dollars earmarked for AUKUS submarines to health, housing and education programs amid a cost of living crisis.
- (6) That this House notes the criticism of the submarine deal that the AUKUS pact undermines Australia's sovereignty, as AUKUS will require essential technology development to be under the direction of the partners in this project at different stages of its development and operations, Australia's sovereign capabilities will be compromised.
- (7) That this House calls on the federal Albanese Labor government to:
- (a) withdraw from the AUKUS pact,

- (b) discontinue plans to build or purchase nuclear submarines,
 - (c) sign and ratify the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons,
 - (d) work collaboratively with our Asia-Pacific neighbours to promote the Asia-Pacific region as one that is independent of power blocks, non-aligned and non-nuclear,
 - (e) commit to promoting a foreign policy with China based on respect and peaceful coexistence,
 - (f) commit to an independent defence force and a reduction in military expenditure consistent with the defensive security needs of Australia,
 - (g) agree to legislation that would require the parliament to approve the sending of Australian troops to an overseas conflict, and
 - (h) redirect the hundreds of billions of dollars earmarked for AUKUS to addressing the urgent crises of climate catastrophe, affordable housing and the cost of living.
- (8) That this House:
- (a) recognises that the key to the Albanese or any future government adopting the above proposal or something similar will be the activism of a massive broad-based peace movement, and
 - (b) notes that peace and anti-nuclear groups, unions, the Greens and some former Labor leaders have expressed their opposition to AUKUS.
- (9) That this House commits to opposing the AUKUS nuclear submarine deal, and blocks the development of any enabling infrastructure regarding storage or maintenance of nuclear powered submarines.

(Notice given 23 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 23)

(This motion is co-sponsored by Ms Boyd, Dr Cohn, Ms Faehrmann and Ms Higginson)

77. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) under New South Wales' coal royalty scheme, a flat rate is applied to the value of coal produced depending on the type of coal mine (with open cut mines paying a royalty of 8.2 per cent of the sale value of the coal, underground mines paying 7.2 per cent and deep underground mines paying 6.2 per cent),
 - (b) the last time coal royalty rates were changed in New South Wales was 15 years ago (when they were increased by 1.2 per cent),
 - (c) the Queensland coal royalty system is progressive, meaning that as the coal price increases the rate of royalty increases at staggered intervals,
 - (d) commencing in July last year, Queensland updated its coal royalty scheme to provide for the old maximum rate of 15 per cent to apply at prices over \$150 per tonne, added three additional tiers over \$175 per tonne and applied a new maximum rate of 40 per cent to prices over \$300 per tonne, and

- (e) the changes to Queensland’s royalty scheme have not had any material impacts on the coal industry or the viability of producers, given the increases have been applied only at relatively high prices.
- (2) That this House notes that:
- (a) according to a research paper by The Australia Institute entitled “Northern Direction: If New South Wales had the Queensland coal royalty system” published in March 2023, New South Wales would have raised an additional \$2.8 billion in 2021-22 had it adopted Queensland’s progressive coal royalty system and could raise between \$4.2 billion and \$6.2 billion in additional royalties for the 2022-23 financial year, and
 - (b) given State budget constraints and the continued profitability of the fossil fuel industry, there is scope for New South Wales to adopt higher royalty rates than Queensland has implemented and to raise upwards of an additional \$25bn by 2026.
- (3) That this House calls on the NSW Government to urgently implement a progressive coal royalty scheme similar to that adopted in Queensland in order to ensure that the State has sufficient revenue to pay for public sector wage rises and other essential expenditure.

(Notice given 23 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 23)

84. Mr Buttigieg to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) the APRA Music Awards were held in Sydney, Gadigal land, on 27 April 2023,
 - (b) the APRA Music Awards recognise and celebrate excellence in contemporary music, honouring songwriters and publishers that have achieved artistic excellence and outstanding success in their fields, and
 - (c) the success of New South Wales songwriters, artists and publishers at the awards signals the immense potential for New South Wales as a leading jurisdiction for songwriting, recording, export and music industry development.
- (2) That this House congratulates the winners from New South Wales, including Flume, MAY-A, The Kid Laroi, Dean Lewis, RÜFÜS DU SOL, and Brothers.
- (3) That this House acknowledges our musicians, publishers and others in the industry for their continued resilience and passion, the importance of nurturing a burgeoning creative sector, and the need to support our people, venues and organisations.

(Notice given 23 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 23)

87. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House notes that 12 May 2023 was Empty the Tanks Worldwide Day 2023.
- (2) That this House further notes that:
- (a) Empty the Tanks Worldwide Day is a global day of peaceful protest in support of education and awareness to end cetacean captivity and promote ocean conservation worldwide,

- (b) the life of a dolphin in the wild, where they live in close-knit family units and travel up to 100km a day, is vastly different to life in captivity, where they have restricted space, unnatural social groupings and inappropriate physical and mental stimulation, and
- (c) health outcomes of dolphins in captivity are consistently poor, with lifespans of many captive dolphins more than halved from that of the life expectancy of wild dolphins and:
 - (i) at least 10 percent of captive dolphins experience the eye condition medial keratopathy due to UV light exposure linked to the amount of time spent with their heads above the water surface,
 - (ii) 100 percent of captive orcas experiencing dorsal fin collapse, which is experienced by only 1 per cent of wild orcas, due to nutrition intake, time spent above or near the water surface and lack of physical activity,
 - (iii) emotional, psychophysiological, and behavioral changes, including stress, depression, stereotypic behaviours, aggression and self-destructive and self-harming behaviours are prevalent amongst most captive dolphins,
 - (iv) the likelihood of stress-related physical health impacts including appetite loss, ulcers and increased susceptibility to disease is greatly increased,
 - (v) the likelihood of developing respiratory, liver, hematological and metabolic diseases is greatly increased.
- (3) That this House notes that New South Wales has effectively ended the use of dolphins for entertainment, with the Biodiversity Conservation Amendment (Cetacea) Regulation 2021 prohibiting the breeding or importation of cetaceans for anything other than genuine scientific or educational purposes, or any purpose connected with the conservation or protection of marine animals.
- (4) That this House commends Empty the Tanks and associated Empty the Tanks Worldwide Day event organisers.
- (5) That this House notes with concern that dolphin breeding and captivity for entertainment continues to occur in Queensland, and states that it is time to empty the tanks.

(Notice given 23 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 23)

***90. Fiscal Responsibility Amendment (Wellbeing Budget) Bill 2023:** resumption of the interrupted debate (2 August 2023) of the question on the motion of Ms Boyd: That this bill be now read a second time—Mr Latham speaking. (14 minutes remaining)

91. Mr Buckingham to move—

- (1) That this House affirms its support for Mr Julian Assange.
- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) more than sixty doctors have written an open letter saying they fear Julian Assange’s health is so bad that the WikiLeaks founder could die in jail,
 - (b) Julian Assange has been held in brutal conditions in maximum-security Belmarsh prison for over four years while potential extradition to the United States is considered, and
 - (c) Julian Assange should not be facing ongoing imprisonment.
- (3) That this House calls on the Premier to write to the Prime Minister requesting that the Australian Government pursue further efforts for his release and return to Australia.

(Notice given 24 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 24)

92. Dr Cohn to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 21 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents from January 2022 to December 2022 in the possession, custody or control of the Department of Planning and Environment, or the Minister for Climate Change, Environment, Energy and Heritage:

- (a) the final report of the NSW Chief Engineer's Synthetic Turf in Public Spaces Independent Review 2022, and
- (b) any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

(Notice given 24 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 24)

94. Ms Higginson to move—

(1) That this House notes that:

- (a) aged care resident and dementia patient Claire Nowland tragically passed away last night following the use of a taser against her by NSW Police,
- (b) the matter is presently under investigation by the NSW Police Homicide Squad, monitored by the NSW Police Professional Standards Committee and overseen by the Law Enforcement Conduct Commission (LECC),
- (c) the NSW Police Commissioner, Karen Webb has urged the public not to turn on the police and instead that police are an appropriate authority to investigate other police,
- (d) to date NSW Police have charged Senior Constable Kristian White with:
 - (i) recklessly causing grievous bodily harm,
 - (ii) assault occasioning actual bodily harm,
 - (iii) common assault,
- (e) a former senior official at the LECC has warned that there are too many failings in a system that relies on police examining the actions of colleagues,
- (f) the LECC tabled its report entitled "Five Years of Independent Monitoring of NSW Police Force Critical Investigations" this week, which shows LECC oversight powers into NSW Police investigations are largely illusory, and
- (g) the LECC released a statement that they can only launch an independent probe if the police commissioner requested it and that this has not occurred.

(2) That this House calls on the Police Minister to:

- (a) assist the NSW Police Commissioner to repair some damage caused by this incident by:
 - (i) providing direction to the NSW Police Commissioner to refer this incident to the LECC for investigation and reporting,
 - (ii) urgently respond to the reports by the LECC regarding the extremely limited training provided to NSW Police when involved in cases that have mental health components.

(Notice given 25 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 25)

95. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that in August last year, under the former Coalition Government:
 - (a) there were 205 young people held in youth detention in New South Wales, of those young people eight were under the age of 14 and the youngest was 11 years of age,
 - (b) the state was spending around \$713,940 per child per year of incarceration, that was up to \$146,357,700 per year to incarcerate young people, and around \$5,711,520 to keep children under 14 incarcerated, and
 - (c) over 50 per cent of children in prison at that time were First Nations children and the continued over incarceration of First Nations children is part of the ongoing Stolen Generations.
- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the international community, leading child development science and human rights groups across Australia and the world agree that children younger than 14 years of age cannot and should not be held criminally responsible, and
 - (b) raising the age of criminal responsibility does not mean taking away responsibility, it is about changing the responses to wrongful behaviour.
- (3) The House calls for the Government to:
 - (a) conduct a comprehensive review of New South Wales communities and justice systems and implementation requirements for raising the minimum age of criminal responsibility in New South Wales that aims to:
 - (i) understand the needs of children who will be impacted by raising the age of criminal responsibility,
 - (ii) map the service needs and pathways for children with complex needs,
 - (iii) identify any crucial service gaps in New South Wales and where current services could be enhanced,
 - (iv) identify possible alternative models to address the needs of children with complex needs, along with implementation issues,
 - (b) engage with experts and stakeholders across New South Wales to implement a statewide youth justice framework that prioritises place based, trauma-informed and culturally appropriate programs to reduce rates of youth offending and keeps children and young people out of prison,
 - (c) establish alternatives to police responses to youth offending and youth at risk of offending to ensure children and young people have a safe and supported pathway away from contact with police and into services that assist in addressing the underlying needs that drive contact with police,
 - (d) ensure all children have a safe place to stay should they come into contact with police to prevent them from being held on remand on the basis of having no safe place to stay, and
 - (e) raise the age of criminal responsibility to at least 14 without exception.

(Notice given 25 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 25)

96. Ms Higginson to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 21 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents created between 1 December 2021 and 28 March 2023 in the possession, custody or control of Treasury, the Department of Planning and Environment, the Department of Regional NSW, the Forestry Corporation of NSW, the Minister for Climate Change, Minister for Energy, Minister for the Environment and Minister for Heritage, the Minister for Agriculture, Minister for Regional New South Wales and Minister for Western New South Wales, or the Treasurer relating to transition planning for native forest logging:

- (a) all documents relating to:
 - (i) transitioning the native hardwood industry,
 - (ii) ending the native hardwood industry,
 - (iii) transitioning out of native forest operations in state forests,
 - (iv) ending native forest operations in state forests,
 - (v) reserving native hardwood plantations in state forests for conservation purposes,
 - (vi) expanding the softwood plantation to compensate for declining native hardwood supplies,
 - (vii) compensation for native forestry industry workers,
 - (viii) compensation for holders of wood supply agreements,
 - (ix) the carbon offset value of ending native forest logging,
 - (x) the carbon offset value of transitioning out of native forest logging, and
- (b) any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

(Notice given 25 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 25)

97. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Section 21AA of the 2009 Fisheries Management Amendment Act that protects the rights of Aboriginal people to engage in cultural fishing practises was never commenced,
 - (b) First Nations people in New South Wales are unduly targeted by fishing regulations, including take or possession limits,
 - (c) cultural fishing practices are central to the identity and wellbeing of many First Nations people in New South Wales and punishing people for engaging in these practises through hefty fines and gaol sentences fails to acknowledge the special relationship with land, sea and Country that First Nations people in New South Wales have,
 - (d) take and possession limits are only necessary as a result of unsustainable fishing practises by non-Aboriginal people and the depletion of fish stocks resulting from colonisation, and
 - (e) First Nations cultural fishing rights should be protected under New South Wales law.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to:
 - (a) immediately commence section 21AA of the 2009 Fisheries Management Amendment Act and protect cultural fishing rights,
 - (b) release those serving prison sentences for practising what would otherwise have been protected under Section 21AA and quash their convictions,
 - (c) cancel any outstanding fines for practising what would otherwise have been protected under Section 21AA, and

- (d) prevent the implementation of any Local Management Plans which would seek to incorporate take or possession limits or any other prohibitions for Aboriginal People.

(Notice given 25 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 25)

98. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House notes the Your Reference Ain't Relevant campaign, founded by advocates and survivors of child sexual abuse Harrison James and Jarad Grice, and further notes that:
 - (a) the campaign calls for the removal of the provision of character references and lack of conviction history as relevant to sentencing for crimes related to child sexual abuse,
 - (b) the campaign calls for section 21A(5A) of the Sentencing Procedure Act 1999 to be amended by deleting the words "if the court is satisfied that the factor concerned was of assistance to the offender in the commission of the offence", and
 - (c) an ePetition in support of the campaign and its asks, entitled 'Remove Good Character References For Paedophiles In The Sentencing Procedure Of Child Sexual Abuse Cases' and sponsored by Abigail Boyd MLC, has been put before the Legislative Council with a closing date of 3 August 2023.
- (2) That this House further notes:
 - (a) that child sexual abuse is a predatory crime which often involves manipulation and grooming of victims, the victim's caregivers and the wider community, including through seeking positions of power, authority and respect in the community, and
 - (b) that in these circumstances evidence of a perpetrator's good standing in the community can be relevant to the circumstances in which the offence occurred, but should not be considered relevant to the severity of the sentence given to a person who has been found guilty of such a crime.
- (3) That this House affirms its support for victim-survivors of child sexual abuse and acknowledges the ongoing substantial barriers to justice that they experience.
- (4) That this House notes with concern the significant and compounding harm and trauma victim-survivors may experience as a result of their perpetrator being given a reduced sentence influenced by the provision of good character references and lack of criminal history.
- (5) That this House:
 - (a) thanks Harrison James and Jarad Grice for their continued advocacy on behalf of victim-survivors of child sexual abuse and commends the Your Reference Ain't Relevant campaign, and
 - (b) calls for the Sentencing Procedure Act 1999 to be amended to remove the ability for the provision of character references and lack of conviction history to be used as mitigating factors in sentencing for crimes related to child sexual abuse.

(Notice given 25 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 25)

99. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:

- (a) mulesing practices are widely recognised by animal welfare advocates, stakeholders in the wool sector, fashion brands and consumers as an out-dated, cruel and unnecessary practice to mitigate flystrike in sheep,
 - (b) New Zealand became the first wool-producing country to phase out and then ban sheep mulesing entirely in 2018,
 - (c) consumers and brands are increasingly calling for the phase out of mulesing, and
 - (d) over 300 fashion brands across the world have signed a Brand Letter of Intent calling for the Australian wool industry to transition from mulesing, including Adidas, Asos, Big W, Coles, Country Road, David Jones, Ikea, Kathmandu, Kmart, Myer, Ugg, and Uniqlo.
- (2) That this House notes that according to the independent report entitled "Towards a Non-Mulesed Future", published by BG Economics in July 2020:
- (a) the global wool market has already begun transitioning from mulesing, with a significant number of jurisdictions and brands committing to only purchase non-mulesed wool,
 - (b) the Australian wool industry, and in turn the economic market, will be left behind if it does not urgently invest in phasing out and transitioning from mulesing,
 - (c) in order to phase out mulesing, Australia must transition to selective breeding of plain-bodied sheep which are resistant to all forms of flystrike, a process which is not difficult and is financially cost effective, and
 - (d) 84.1 per cent of Australian wool growers have received an increased return on investment since transitioning to plain-bodied Merino sheep.
- (3) That this House notes that the phase out of mulesing alongside the selective breeding of plain-bodied sheep that are resistant to flystrike is supported by both welfare organisations, including the RSPCA, Humane Society International, and FOUR PAWS, and industry bodies Meat & Livestock Australia and Australian Wool Innovation.
- (4) That this House offers in-principle support for the end of mulesing alongside viable alternative treatments for flystrike.
- (5) That this House calls on the NSW Government to support the phase out of mulesing by dedicating department resourcing to support the transition, allocating funding to the New South Wales wool sector for selective breeding of plain-bodied sheep that are resistant to flystrike, and creating a strategic plan to phase out mulesing practices.

(Notice given 25 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 25)

100. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House acknowledges the Building Better Homes Campaign and its success in lobbying Queensland, the Northern Territory, the Australian Capital Territory, South Australia, Victoria and Tasmania to successfully commit to adopting the new mandatory minimum accessibility standards in the National Construction Code.
- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) since Australia's voluntary Livable Housing Guidelines were introduced in 2010, only 5 per cent of new home builds meet accessibility standards,

- (b) there is a growing demand for accessible housing, due to Australia's ageing population and the number of Australians with disability and mobility limitations projected to almost double over the next 40 years,
 - (c) there are significant challenges and exclusion that the current lack of accessible housing creates for people with disability and older people, in their own homes and any home they visit,
 - (d) ensuring a consistent national approach to regulating accessibility standards in Australia would support not only people with mobility limitations but all Australians to live with dignity and support, and
 - (e) New South Wales is one of only two states in Australia that have not yet committed to adopting the minimum accessibility standards.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to formally implement the new mandatory minimum accessibility standards set out in the revised National Construction Code which have been adopted by almost every state and territory in Australia, and stand with the Building Better Homes Campaign in supporting the quality of life of Australians with mobility limitations.

(Notice given 25 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 25)

102. Mr Buckingham to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) in July 2022 Queensland introduced changes to its coal royalties,
 - (b) the new Queensland system introduced three tiers: a royalty rate of 20 per cent for prices above \$175 a tonne, 30 per cent for prices above \$225 a tonne, and 40 per cent for prices above \$300 a tonne,
 - (c) Queensland Resources Council Chief Executive Ian Macfarlane said \$5 billion in extra royalties was the result of new tiers introduced in July last year,
 - (d) in New South Wales, royalty rates do not vary with coal price,
 - (e) in New South Wales open cut mines pay a royalty of 8.2 per cent of the sale value of coal,
 - (f) the Australia Institute calculated that if New South Wales had adopted the Queensland royalty scheme for 2022-23 up to \$6.2 billion in additional royalty revenue could have been generated from coal exports, and
 - (g) the current royalty structure does not provide a fair return to New South Wales.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to consider an increase to coal royalties.

(Notice given 25 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 25)

105. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) the New South Wales pound system is broken, and it is putting the lives of animals at risk,

- (b) many pound facilities in New South Wales are in a state of disrepair and are not fit for purpose,
 - (c) some of the worst pounds in New South Wales are literally built inside rubbish tips, while others have only a handful of kennels (meaning animals are routinely euthanised due to lack of space), no isolation facilities for sick animals, and no bedding for animals to sleep on,
 - (d) the standards of care for animals in pounds are also generally very poor, which is not surprising given most pounds are severely under-staffed and under-resourced, and the relevant Code has not been updated in almost 30 years,
 - (e) almost all pounds are currently over-capacity, and are being forced to turn away or euthanise animals, a situation made worse by the current cost of living and rental crisis which is increasing surrender rates,
 - (f) animal rescue groups and shelters are also over-capacity, meaning they are not able to take as many surrenders or ‘overflow’ animals from pounds, putting animals across New South Wales at greater risk of being dumped or euthanised, and
 - (g) the Government cannot ignore this major animal welfare crisis any longer, or seek to pass responsibility on to local councils who suffer from limited resources – we need urgent action now.
- (2) That this House calls on the Local Government Minister to take urgent action to fix the broken New South Wales pound system.

(Notice given 30 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 26)

106. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) on 26 May 2023, New South Wales greyhound ‘Joyous Treasure’ was killed on Wagga Wagga racetrack,
 - (b) Joyous Treasure was euthanised after her body snapped over the running rail, fracturing her neck, opening her head and causing serious leg wounds,
 - (c) the horrific footage of Joyous Treasure’s high-speed collision has already been deleted by Greyhound Racing NSW, in an attempt to hide the brutal reality of this industry from the public,
 - (d) Joyous Treasure was only 2 years old when she was killed by the racing industry, and
 - (e) according to ‘Coalition for the Protection of Greyhounds’, who continues to expose greyhound deaths and injuries across the Australia, Joyous Treasure was the twenty-seventh greyhound to die on New South Wales tracks this year.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to outlaw greyhound racing, given this industry has proven it cannot operate without continual catastrophic deaths on racetracks.

(Notice given 30 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 26)

107. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) ‘Federal Morgan’ is a five-year-old former racing greyhound from New South Wales,

- (b) The Animal Justice Party has received evidence which reveals that Federal Morgan was illegally exported to China in April 2023 and is now a part of the underground greyhound breeding and racing industry,
 - (c) Federal Morgan is the latest greyhound to be exposed by not-for-profit ‘Free the Hounds’ and the Animal Justice Party as having been sent illegally to China, without any intervention by state or federal governments or the greyhound racing industry, and
 - (d) there are grave concerns for Federal Morgan’s welfare, as well as all other Australian greyhounds who have been sent illegally overseas in pursuit of further profit.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to address the systemic failures of the greyhound whole-of-life tracking system and take urgent steps to ensure New South Wales greyhounds are not ending up overseas in illegal racing industries.

(Notice given 30 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 26)

108. Dr Kaine to move—

- (1) That this House notes that the Government has frozen the sale of all public and social housing.
- (2) That this House notes that the previous Liberal-National Government sold off more than \$3.5 billion worth of public housing.
- (3) That this House notes that the Minns Labor Government has a comprehensive housing package to boost housing supply including utilising excess government land to address the shortage of social and affordable housing.

(Notice given 30 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 26)

111. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Karen Iles is a brave and fierce survivor of a series of aggravated child sexual assaults that occurred in both Queensland and New South Wales as a 14-year-old girl,
 - (b) Ms Iles reported the matter to Newtown Police Station and Redfern Police Station in 2004 while in her early 20s, providing details of the names, residential locations, gang name, physical descriptions and where relevant schools, and even a photograph of the perpetrators. In addition, she gave details of the dates, time and locations of the assaults in both Queensland and New South Wales - the name, date of birth of a 13-year old co-victim and witness, physical contemporaneous evidence in the form of a childhood diary and the names of other contemporaneous witnesses who were aware of the assaults,
 - (c) Ms Iles was told by NSW Police that a joint investigation, into the crimes in both states by the same gang, between NSW and Queensland Police would follow,
 - (d) in the period from 2004 to 2018 Ms Iles called Redfern and Coolangatta Police Stations numerous times to follow up on the investigation,
 - (e) in 2018 Coolangatta Police station informed Ms Iles that the contents of her file, including the original copy of the statement, and childhood diary, given to Redfern Police in 2004, had been destroyed. In 2018 Redfern Police told Ms Iles they had no record of the contents of her reports, including the original statement and childhood diary, to either NSW or QLD Police and she was forced to spend 90 minutes reliving the events while she made another report to a male police officer,
 - (f) Ms Iles has never heard back from this police officer,

- (g) in 2021 Ms Iles again followed up with NSW Police. Material obtained under FOI show that no investigation was ever conducted by NSW Police. In 2004 Ms Iles' case was "closed" within days of her making a sworn statement to Police with no investigation,
 - (h) there is no statutory requirement in NSW for police to investigate offences,
 - (i) in 2021 the Law Enforcement Conduct Commission (LECC) referred the issue to the same Local Area Command to investigate the NSW Police actions, and
 - (j) Ms Iles is not alone. Many other victims of serious sexual assaults, deaths and disappearances in New South Wales do not have their matters investigated by police.
- (2) That this House acknowledges the work of Karen Iles and her ongoing campaign to ensure women and children and other victims of crime in New South Wales have access to justice.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to:
- (a) legislate the statutory duty for NSW Police to investigate crimes, including aggravated child sexual assault,
 - (b) legislate for independent mechanisms, separate to the LECC, to review police conduct, and
 - (c) finally deliver justice for Karen Iles.

(Notice given 30 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 26)

112. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House commends the online petition and campaign hosted on Change.org entitled "Reunite Aboriginal kids with their mum: stand up for Aboriginal kids in out-of-home care" (the Petition), which:
- (a) received 12,345 signatures from members of the public,
 - (b) notes the significance of ensuring connection to family and culture as key elements of social and emotional wellbeing for First Nations children and their families,
 - (c) notes that this case is just one of many in which First Nations children are taken from their family due to mismanagement by non-Indigenous actors in the system,
 - (d) notes the discrimination and poor practice within the NSW child protection system that disproportionately impacts Aboriginal children and their families, as documented in the Family is Culture review,
 - (e) calls on the Government to take urgent action to ensure that the case management of these children is transferred away from the non-Indigenous organisation Life Without Barriers to an Aboriginal organisation capable of upholding the interests of Aboriginal children, and
 - (f) calls on the Government to fully implement the recommendations of the Family is Culture review, including recognition of self-determination for Aboriginal peoples, and greater accountability of government services that intervene in the lives of Aboriginal children and families.
- (2) That this House notes that there have been significant developments in this child protection case since the creation of the Petition, including that two of the children previously removed have been reunited with their mother, not because of efforts by Life Without Barriers or the Department of Communities and Justice but because they ran away and self-placed with their mother as a result of substantiated abuse within out-of-home care.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to take greater action to support the protection of First Nations culture within families and their connection to kin, by supporting the restoration of First Nations children to their families and culture.
- (4) That this House calls on the Minister for Family and Community Services to urgently meet with the family that is the subject of the Petition to discuss their case.

(Notice given 30 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 26)

113. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the Aboriginal Legal Service (ALS) was forced to close down its critical services across 13 regional areas of New South Wales this month due to chronic underfunding,
 - (b) the New South Wales criminal legal system disproportionately affects First Nations people and the ALS is critical to ensure First Nations people have access to justice in this State, and
 - (c) the Government only contributes a small percentage of funding to the ALS through a joint funding arrangement with the Federal Government despite the ALS dealing mostly in state criminal and child protection law matters.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to:
 - (a) consult with the ALS and provide them with the funding they need to resume services across the State, and
 - (b) establish an ongoing funding arrangement that ensures the ALS is appropriately funded to do their critical work long term.

(Notice given 30 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 26)

114. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the Department of Planning is currently assessing a request for a State Significant Development from an applicant for a Wildlife and Tourism Development at Wentworth Falls in the locality of Bodington Hill,
 - (b) Transport for NSW responded to the Department of Planning and Environment on 3 May 2023 advising that: “Specifically, the design of the proposed Traffic Control Signals (TCS) is not supported or agreed to by TfNSW”, and noting several further concerns,
 - (c) the Blue Mountains City Council has previously expressed strong concerns about the Wildlife and Tourism Development and that the amended proposal only heightens these concerns, particularly as it includes even more clearing of protected native vegetation, more earthworks and more hardstand with the C2 Environmental Conservation zone,
 - (d) the Environment and Heritage Group of the Department of Planning and Environment has raised many concerns with the former and revised plans on grounds relating to environmentally sensitive lands, wildlife, and impacts on hanging swamps, among others, and
 - (e) the community of the Blue Mountains has expressed strong opposition to any development on this site for well over the last three decades.
- (2) That this House calls on the Minister for Planning to remove the State Significant Development status from the proposed Wildlife and Tourism Development in Wentworth Falls and return the assessment of this development proposal to Blue Mountains City Council.

(Notice given 30 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 26)

117. Mr Farlow to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:

- (a) the 2023 Sydney Korean Festival took place over two days on Saturday 29th April and Sunday 30th April at Tumbalong Park, Darling Harbour,
 - (b) the Sydney Korean Festival is the pre-eminent celebration of Korean culture in Australia, attracting thousands of visitors from across Sydney and from a wide range of cultures working to promote harmony through cultural understanding,
 - (c) the 2023 Sydney Korean Festival commemorated the 70th Anniversary of the Korean War Armistice and shared a wide range of entertainment and cultural experiences with K-Food, K-Pop, K-Drama, K-Dance, K-Sport and K-Culture, and
 - (d) the community is very proud of the diversity we have in our state and the Korean community has played a significant role in helping New South Wales be the peaceful, vibrant and colourful place we are today.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to match the following commitments of the Liberals and Nationals at the last state election to:
- (a) commit \$140,000 each year for four years to support the Korean community across New South Wales,
 - (b) provide \$15,000 each year for four years to Australia Korea Cultural Art Inc to host its annual Sydney Korean Festival, and
 - (c) in addition, support the building of new infrastructure for the growing Korean community with \$200,000 of funding for the Korean Society of Sydney.
- (3) That this House recognises the dedication of the Australia Korea Culture and Arts Incorporation (AKCAI) to organising the Sydney Korean Festival and the dedication of Mr Don Koh, the Chairman of AKCAI.

(Notice given 30 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 26)

118. Mr Ruddick to move—

- (1) That this House acknowledges that there has been a concerning number of excess deaths in Australia in 2021 and 2022, as evidenced by recent all-cause provisional mortality data from the Australian Bureau of Statistics.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to investigate the reason for these excess deaths, and specifically why deaths from dementia, cancer and diabetes have seen significant increases in recent years.

(Notice given 30 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 26)

122. Mr Lawrence to move—

- (1) That this House notes that New South Wales has the potential to be a leading global source of critical minerals and high-tech metals with deposits of 17 out of the 24 of these nationally identified resources.
- (2) That this House acknowledges that these critical minerals are vitally important in driving the development of future technologies, including in renewables, robotics, and other advanced technologies.

- (3) That this House notes that driving investment in critical minerals and high-tech metals will provide new jobs for regional New South Wales, whilst increasing export revenue and royalties, and creating opportunities for downstream processing to support local manufacturing.

(Notice given 30 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 26)

123. Mr Lawrence to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the Sydney Royal Easter Show was held from Thursday, 6 April 2023 to Monday, 17 April 2023, and
 - (b) the Sydney Royal Easter Show celebrates New South Wales agriculture and showcases agriculture to a metropolitan audience.
- (2) That this House congratulates the Royal Agricultural Society of New South Wales for organising another successful show.
- (3) That this House recognises the important work that the Royal Agricultural Society of New South Wales do year-round to support rural and regional New South Wales and to educate communities about the agriculture sector.

(Notice given 30 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 26)

125. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes with sadness the passing of music icon Tina Turner on 24 May 2023, at 83 years old.
- (2) That this House acknowledges the rich legacy of Tina’s career, with highlights such as:
 - (a) the many hits throughout her decades-long career, from songs during her time as part of musical duo Ike and Tina Turner such as River Deep, Mountain High, Funkier Than a Mosquito’s Tweeter, and Poor Fool, to songs from her solo career such as What’s Love Got To Do With It, Proud Mary, Nutbush City Limits, We Don’t Need Another Hero, and Private Dancer,
 - (b) her breaking of the glass ceiling many times, including becoming the first black artist and the first woman to appear on the cover of Rolling Stone, and becoming the second woman to be inducted into the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame twice, and
 - (c) inspiring generations of top artists, from the likes of Mick Jagger and Beyonce.
- (3) That this House also:
 - (a) acknowledges the challenges Tina went through including surviving domestic violence from her father early in life, and again from her first husband and music partner, the loss of her eldest son to suicide and her youngest son to cancer, and her health issues such as PTSD, kidney failure, high blood pressure, intestinal cancer and a stroke, and
 - (b) notes that she remained strong and inspiring throughout, once saying “People think my life has been tough, but I think it’s been a wonderful journey. The older you get, the more you realise it’s not what happened, it’s how you deal with it”.
- (4) That this House expresses its heartfelt gratitude to the life and music of Tina Turner.

(Notice given 30 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 26)

127. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the most recent Liquor and Gaming NSW quarterly figures show that people in NSW lost more than \$2.1 billion on poker machines in fewer than 100 days last year, marking the highest losses in NSW history,
 - (b) daily profits for pubs and clubs from poker machines are now \$23 million a day with individuals' losses rising 11 per cent in the past year,
 - (c) machines in pubs now account for 44 per cent of all losses despite having only 26 per cent of the state's poker machines,
 - (d) across the 86,568 poker machines in NSW clubs and pubs, the highest profits were generated by machines in western Sydney,
 - (e) analysis by Wesley Mission reveals that the average poker machine in NSW now results in almost \$100,000 a year in losses, and
 - (f) the 2018 report by the Victorian Responsible Gambling Foundation 'The social cost of gambling to Victoria' has shown that for every \$1 lost to gambling approximately \$1.20 of social harm is caused.
- (2) That this House acknowledges:
 - (a) the influence of the gambling industry on New South Wales politics has halted necessary gambling policy reform and allowed gambling harm to dramatically escalate for over a decade,
 - (b) the work of the former Minister for Customer Service Victor Dominello as the first Minister to take on the gambling industry and propose serious gambling policy reform in decades, including a proposed mandatory cashless gambling card and that during the 12 March 2023 episode of Four Corners 'High Stakes', Victor Dominello publicly revealed the intense lobbying Clubs NSW undertook in response to his proposed gambling policy reforms, likening the influence to that of the National Rifle Association in the US, and that ultimately led to him being removed from the gambling portfolio, and
 - (c) that Clubs NSW and the Australian Hotel Association engaged in a concerted public campaign ahead of the most recent state election in an attempt to undermine the case for a mandatory cashless gambling card and target politicians who advocated for gambling policy reform.
- (3) That this House acknowledges:
 - (a) the Minns Labor Government has avoided committing to implementing a mandatory cashless gambling card and instead opted for a limited venue-by-venue trial of mandatory cashless gambling across at least 500 machines,
 - (b) this trial is inherently flawed and cannot accurately determine the effectiveness of a mandatory cashless gambling card at reducing money laundering and gambling harm as persons seeking to launder money or avoid limits on their gambling habits will simply move to a venue without mandatory cashless gambling, and
 - (c) if the results of this trial are used to discredit the mandatory cashless gambling card it will be a cynical attempt by the Minns Labor Government to avoid essential gambling harm reform as a result of undue influence by the gambling industry.

- (4) That this House calls on the Government to commit to:
- (a) implementing a mandatory cashless gambling card with harm-reduction features, and
 - (b) ensuring the cashless card trial is for the purposes of testing its technical implementation rather than assessing the effectiveness of a mandatory cashless card at reducing the instance of money laundering and gambling harms.

(Notice given 30 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 26)

131. Mr Buttigieg to move—

- (1) That this House notes that the Government has introduced a number of measures benefitting essential workers in the public sector:
- (a) the Government is expecting to transfer approximately 10,000 temporary teachers and 6,000 support staff into permanent positions by the start of Term 1 in 2024, and over 1,000 temporary teachers and support staff have already been provided offers for permanent employment,
 - (b) the Government is hiring additional administrative staff for public schools in New South Wales, including funding for additional staff or extended hours for already existing staff for 284 schools for Term 3 this year,
 - (c) the Government also cut half the planned administrative changes for schools and paused other programs scheduled for Term 2 this year,
 - (d) for the New South Wales healthcare system, the Government has committed \$175 million to recruit 1,200 additional nurses and midwives by the end of the Government's first term,
 - (e) 500 additional paramedics will also be recruited for the regions by the end of the Government's first term,
 - (f) the Government has formed a Safe Staffing Working Group to roll out safe staffing levels in New South Wales public hospitals, starting with emergency departments, with more units and wards to follow, and
 - (g) the Government is engaging with unions regarding fair pay and conditions.

(Notice given 30 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 26)

***133. Independent Commission Against Corruption Amendment (Validation) Bill 2023:** resumption of the adjourned debate of the question on the motion of Mr Roberts: That this bill be now read a second time (5 calendar days from 31 May 2023)—Mr Fang. (20 minutes)

137. Ms Faehrmann to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 14 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents, created since 1 January 2020, in the possession, custody or control of the Minister for Aboriginal Affairs and Treaty, Minister for Gaming and Racing, Minister for Veterans, Minister for Medical Research and Minister for the Central Coast, or the Independent Liquor and Gaming Authority relating to complaints made in relation to Canterbury League Club:

- (a) all documents relating to investigations by the Independent Liquor and Gaming Authority into George Coorey,

- (b) all statutory declarations made by members of the Canterbury League Club,
- (c) all documents relating to statutory declarations made by members of the Canterbury League Club,
- (d) all documents relating to board elections at the Canterbury League Club,
- (e) all document relating to complaints made in relation to the Canterbury League Club, and
- (f) any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

(Notice given 31 May 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 27)

139. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Harriet Graham, a nine-year-old girl from West Palm Beach, Florida, the United States of America, is dedicated to protecting dingoes in Australia,
 - (b) in the last 12 months, Harriet has raised approximately \$1500 for the New South Wales charity Dingo Den Animal Rescue,
 - (c) Harriet began by donating her own pocket money, and more recently, has set up a stall to sell her self-made dingo creations and books, to share her love and raise awareness about dingo protection,
 - (d) Harriet will shortly be visiting Australia, and is excited to see all her favourite dingoes at Dingo Den Animal Rescue,
 - (e) Harriet’s work is important as dingoes are becoming a threatened species because of the Government’s ongoing 1080 baiting, trapping and shooting programs targeted at killing native dingoes, and
 - (f) dingoes are a major draw for tourists visiting Australia, who are eager to see our iconic native animals.
- (2) That this House congratulates Harriet on her selfless advocacy for dingoes.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to recognise dingoes as a protected native species in the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 (NSW).

(Notice given 1 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 28)

140. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the NSW Parliamentary Counsel’s Office does an exemplary job in drafting legislation and amendments for the Government, Opposition and Crossbench,
 - (b) under current arrangements, Crossbench members are only entitled to 25 hours of drafting time with the Parliamentary Counsel’s Office every six months, with priority generally given to Government bills,

- (c) the current arrangements are not sustainable given the growth of the Crossbench in recent years, and the correlating increase in legislative output, noting that in the last Parliament, the Animal Justice Party passed three private members' bills and the Member for Sydney, Mr Alex Greenwich MP, passed two private members' bills, and
 - (d) in other states, such as Queensland, the Parliamentary Counsel's Office is a separate statutory body with a defined set of responsibilities, which puts the Office in a better position to meet the drafting needs of Parliament.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to:
- (a) acknowledge the increased success, dependence on and prevalence of legislative work from Crossbench members,
 - (b) establish the Parliamentary Counsel's Office as a separate statutory body, and
 - (c) ensure that sufficient funding is given to the Parliamentary Counsel's Office to ensure they are able to meet the drafting needs of all Members.

(Notice given 1 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 28)

142. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House notes:
- (a) on 2 May 2023, following weeks of negotiations, members of the Writers Guild of America (WGA) commenced strike action against employers including Netflix, Amazon, Apple, Disney, Discovery-Warner, NBC Universal, Paramount and Sony under the umbrella of the Alliance of Motion Picture and Television Producers (AMPTP),
 - (b) over the course of the negotiation, representatives of the WGA explained how the companies' business practices have slashed workers' compensation and residuals and undermined working conditions,
 - (c) the studios' responses to the WGA's proposals has been wholly insufficient, given the existential crisis writers are facing,
 - (d) the companies' behaviour has created a gig economy inside a unionised workforce, and their immovable stance during negotiations has betrayed a commitment to further devaluing the profession of writing,
 - (e) from studios' refusal to guarantee any level of weekly employment in episodic television, to the creation of a "day rate" in comedy variety, to their stonewalling on free work for screenwriters and on Artificial Intelligence (AI) for all writers, they have closed the door on their labor force and opened the door to writing as an entirely freelance profession, and
 - (f) screenwriters involved in the strike want artificial intelligence to be used only as a tool to help research or facilitate script ideas, and to prevent literary material from being written or rewritten by the technology and to prevent AI from creating source materials - but studios have taken an expansive view of the labor-reducing and profit maximising possibilities of intellectual property capture and automation of creative processes.
- (2) That this House notes that on Thursday 17 February 2023, the Media Entertainment and Arts Alliance (MEAA) National media Section Committee passed a resolution noting the risks and opportunities raised in relation to AI, in conjunction with a Draft Position Statement on AI which noted:
- (a) the rapid advancement and distribution of AI – in particular, generative AI – holds remarkable promise for societies, businesses and individuals, but also poses unique threats to their members' work, income, rights and creative agency, and to the continuation of Australian voices in a sustainable media and entertainment industry,

- (b) the MEAA believes that responsibly-designed AI has the potential to usefully supplement, extend and enhance the work of their members, but also has far-reaching consequences needing careful consideration, consultation and regulation, and
 - (c) there are a large number of identified threats posed by the use of AI in media including but not limited to potential job losses and reduced demand for media workers, commercial imperatives that drive for-profit AI tools resulting in proprietary systems that lack transparency, low job satisfaction by people who work with AI tools if these don't allow creative freedom and the potential for AI tools to create unnecessary, low-value work for media professionals such as reviewing and editing automated text.
- (3) That this House notes the risks and opportunities presented by the explosion of artificial intelligence and large language model technologies.
 - (4) That this House affirms the social and cultural value of creative professions, and recognises their rights as workers deserving protection from corporate overreach and exploitation.
 - (5) That this House endorses the principle that for creative industries like writing, technologies should only be used as tools to assist writers and not as tools to replace writers.
 - (6) That this House asserts that Australia's AI Roadmap and AI Ethics Framework should both consider and guide the introduction of appropriately-regulated AI tools in the media industry, and also contain mechanisms for update to keep pace with fast-changing technology.
 - (7) That this House commits to developing a robust framework for the oversight and regulation of emerging technologies to protect the interests of workers.

(Notice given 1 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 28)

143. Mr Latham to move—

- (1) That this House congratulates the Queensland State of Origin team for its victory in Adelaide on Wednesday, 31 May 2023 while noting that the highest paid female Queensland player, Ali Brigginsshaw, is on a salary of 10 per cent of the highest paid male players Daly Cherry-Evans and Cameron Munster.
- (2) That this House notes that whilst Queensland Rugby League may have a gender pay equity policy, it is in fact a joke without any prospect of ever being implemented due to the salary cap commercial income arrangements and market forces for player salaries.
- (3) That no Member of the Legislative Council should ever betray our state by wearing Queensland colours in the chamber under the false pretences of a fake gender pay policy.

(Notice given 1 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 28)

144. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) in 2022 the former New South Wales Coalition Government with the support of Labor rammed legislation through the NSW Parliament targeting climate protesters, making blocking major roads and tunnels offences that can see non-violent protesters thrown in gaol for up to two years and fines up to \$22,000,
 - (b) in 2018 the same government restricted access to public lands and places and created offences of non compliance,
 - (c) in 2016 they introduced laws targeting anti-mining protesters, which attracted up to a 12 month prison sentence for merely standing with a banner at the entrance to a mine site,

- (d) the former government made a new offence of aggravated trespass, making trespass an offence punishable by imprisonment for the first time in New South Wales, and
 - (e) the former government gave police new powers to search protestors without a warrant and seize any equipment that may be used in non-violent direct action. Then they extended police powers to move on people engaged in a genuine protest on public lands.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to:
- (a) repeal all laws that unfairly target climate and environmental protestors, and
 - (b) enshrine the right to peaceful protest and ensure that no person engaged in an act of nonviolent civil disobedience as part of a genuine protest ever gets sent to prison.

(Notice given 1 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 28)

146. Mr Buckingham to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Drug Misuse and Trafficking Act 1985 to make it lawful for an adult to possess small quantities of cannabis for personal use; to make it lawful for an adult to cultivate not more than 6 cannabis plants for personal use; to permit an adult lawfully in possession of cannabis to give the cannabis, by way of a gift, to another adult; and for related purposes

(Drug Misuse and Trafficking Amendment (Regulation of Personal Adult Use of Cannabis) Bill)

(Notice given 20 June 2023)

148. Mr Buckingham to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991 to prohibit prospecting for, or mining of, coal seam gas in the Liverpool Plains area; to prohibit development for the purposes of coal seam gas prospecting or mining in the Liverpool Plains area; and for related purposes.

(Petroleum (Onshore) Amendment (Liverpool Plains Prohibition) Bill)

(Notice given 20 June 2023)

149. Mr Buckingham to move—

- (1) That this House notes:
- (a) the rapid advancements and increasing impact of artificial intelligence (AI) technologies on society,
 - (b) the need for robust regulation and ethical considerations in the development, deployment and use of AI systems in New South Wales,
 - (c) the potential benefits and risks of AI technologies in various sectors, including healthcare, transportation, employment, planning, education and public services,
 - (d) the importance of striking a balance between fostering innovation and ensuring responsible AI governance,
 - (e) that the Federal government has released two discussion papers which propose several options to strengthen the framework governing the safe and responsible use of AI, and

- (f) the importance of ongoing public consultation and engagement with communities, advocacy groups and affected stakeholders in shaping AI policies and regulations, ensuring a participatory and inclusive approach.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to:
- (a) undertake a comprehensive review of the existing legal and regulatory frameworks in New South Wales to identify gaps and propose necessary reforms to address the challenges posed by AI technologies,
 - (b) consider establishing an independent regulatory body or task force dedicated to overseeing the development and deployment of AI technologies in New South Wales, with a mandate to promote transparency, accountability, and fairness in AI systems,
 - (c) consider investment in AI research and development, education and training programs, and initiatives that promote public awareness and understanding of AI technologies, their implications and potential risks,
 - (d) develop ethical guidelines for AI development and use, in collaboration with industry experts, academic institutions and community stakeholders, to ensure AI systems operate in a manner consistent with human rights, non-discrimination, privacy and societal values, and
 - (e) collaborate with other Australian states, the Federal government, and international bodies to develop consistent and harmonised AI regulations, standards and best practices, facilitating responsible AI innovation across jurisdictions.
- (3) That this House further notes that apart from this clause, this notice of motion was created by entering “Create NSW Legislative Council AI regulation notice of motion in voice of Daniel Mookhey” into the chat of OpenAI laboratories’ ChatBot GPT.

(Notice given 20 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 29)

150. Mr Buckingham to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) "In the beginning,
Back in 1955,
Man didn't know 'bout a rock 'n' roll show,
And all that jive,
The white man had the schmaltz,
The black man had the blues,
No one knew what they was gonna do,
But Tschaikovsky had the news, he said,
Let there be sound, and there was sound,
Let there be light, and there was light,
Let there be drums, there was drums,
Let there be guitar, there was guitar,
Oh, let there be rock!"
 - (b) in November 1973, Malcolm and Angus Young formed the rock and roll band AC/DC in Burwood, Sydney,
 - (c) on 31 December 1973 AC/DC played their first live gig at Chequers Nightclub on Goulburn St, Sydney, Australia,

- (d) between 1975 and 2020 AC/DC released 18 studio albums, two soundtrack albums, three live albums, one extended play, 59 singles, 11 video albums, 58 music videos and two box sets,
 - (e) AC/DC's 1980 album "Back in Black" has sold over 30 million copies making it the all-time worldwide best-selling album by any band and the all-time worldwide second best-selling album by any artist,
 - (f) AC/DC have over 200 million record sales globally, making them one of the world's top 20 artists for record sales,
 - (g) in 1991 AC/DC headlined The Monsters of Rock concert at Tushino Airfield in Moscow with over 1,600,000 attendees making it the largest concert ever for any band,
 - (h) in 1998 AC/DC were inducted into the ARIA Hall of Fame and in 2003 were inducted into the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame,
 - (i) in 2020 AC/DC's album "Power Up" debuted at number one in the United States of America, United Kingdom and Australia, and
 - (j) legendary American music producer Rick Rubin correctly described AC/DC as "the greatest rock & roll band of all time".
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to:
- (a) recognise AC/DC as New South Wales and Australia's most successful, and one of the world's most popular performance artists, and
 - (b) construct a permanent public memorial that recognises the achievements of AC/DC and commemorates their globally significant musical and cultural contribution over the last 50 years.

(Notice given 20 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 29)

151. Mr Murphy to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) the Standard and Poor credit rating agency downgraded New South Wales in 2021,
 - (b) other states like Queensland have a lower credit rating than New South Wales, yet pay less interest to borrow than New South Wales does, in the recent past,
 - (c) all rating agencies use certain metrics to determine the credit ratings of sub-national governments, and
 - (d) the three rating agencies will continue to assess the balance sheet of New South Wales like they do for many of the world's borrowers.
- (2) That this House further notes that downgrades from a score of AAA by rating agencies is possible given the unprecedentedly high levels of debt accumulated by the former government, at a time of high inflation and rising interest rates.

(Notice given 20 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 29)

153. Mr Banasiak to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) a control order preventing movement of crustaceans, polychaete worms and fittings from the Clarence River waterways has been extended from 9 June 2023 for a further two years, in response to an outbreak of ‘white spot’ disease affecting decapod crustaceans,
 - (b) the Clarence River Fishermen’s Co-Operative (CRFC) supports in excess of 700 residents locally and close to 2,000 including other businesses,
 - (c) the CRFC is already experiencing financial hardship resulting from the 2021/2022 floods,
 - (d) recently the Government announced a \$21.4 million package earmarked as a response and recovery effort, and
 - (e) the recovery plan incorporates research, preventive measures and largely fee waivers, but offers little by way of income loss support for affected businesses.
- (2) That this House calls on:
 - (a) the Government to provide additional support to businesses for loss of income, and
 - (b) the Federal Government to ban the importation of uncooked decapod crustaceans into Australia, reducing the likelihood of further outbreaks.

(Notice given 20 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 29)

155. Ms Suvaal to move—

- (1) That this House:
 - (a) notes with sadness the death of Australian music trailblazer Joy McKean on 25 May 2023 at 93 years old,
 - (b) notes that Joy McKean was born in Singleton in 1930 and was a true musical partner to her husband Slim Dusty, writing many of his iconic songs and managing his career,
 - (c) further notes the many achievements of Joy McKean’s career, including:
 - (i) winning the first Golden Guitar ever awarded in 1973 for writing “Lights on the Hill”,
 - (ii) being a founding member of the Country Music Association of Australia,
 - (iii) being awarded an OAM in 1991 for services to the entertainment industry,
 - (iv) receiving APRA’s Ted Albert Award for Outstanding Service to Australian Music in 1991 and becoming the APRA Award’s oldest ever nominee in 1999, 60 years after she started performing, and
 - (d) That this House sends its sincere condolences to Joy McKean’s family and friends.
- (2) That this resolution be communicated by the President to the family of Joy McKean.

(Notice given 20 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 29)

157. Mrs Ward to move—

- (1) That this House notes:
 - (a) Sydney Metro as a public transport option has and will continue to revolutionise how commuters move around Sydney's transport network,
 - (b) investment in Metro lines will reduce congestion and provide more equitable and efficient transport to commuters, and
 - (c) that the former Liberal and Nationals Government was committed to investing in four final business case studies of Sydney Metro projects.
- (2) That this House notes that the Labor Government has refused to commit to the business cases for the following new Metro lines:
 - (a) Westmead to the Aerotropolis, and
 - (b) Bankstown to Glenfield via Liverpool.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to publish its vision for the future of Western Sydney transport infrastructure.

(Notice given 20 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 29)

158. Mrs Ward to move—

- (1) That this House acknowledges:
 - (a) the importance of maintaining the Sydney Trains network, and
 - (b) the findings of the Rail Infrastructure and Systems Review interim report that noted an increase in the backlog of infrastructure inspections from mid-2021 to mid-2022 is a result of industrial action.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to:
 - (a) conduct the required maintenance in a manner that will cause minimal disruption to commuters,
 - (b) be transparent with the people of New South Wales regarding the impact of union activities on the maintenance of Sydney rail assets, and
 - (c) publicly report the reason when urgent trackwork is required during the morning and afternoon commuter peak.

(Notice given 20 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 29)

159. Mrs Ward to move—

- (1) That this House acknowledges that:
 - (a) utilising alternative sources of funding to deliver motorway infrastructure has been a policy decision of successive Governments,

- (b) the former New South Wales Liberal and Nationals Government began work on reforming the toll road network,
 - (c) it was never a policy of the former New South Wales Liberal and Nationals Government to introduce a CBD congestion charge or toll untolled motorways within Sydney, and
 - (d) the former New South Wales Liberal and Nationals Government consistently ruled out introducing a northbound toll on Sydney Harbour crossings.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to:
- (a) state whether it plans to introduce a northbound toll on the Sydney Harbour crossings, and
 - (b) state a position on reforming the network using a distance-based toll.

(Notice given 20 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 29)

162. Mr Buttigieg to move—

That this House notes that:

- (a) the cost-of-living pressure built over the last 12 years of “toll-mania”, has adversely impacted drivers in Sydney, the most tolled city in the world, with a disproportionate burden falling on those living in Western Sydney and the outer suburbs,
- (b) the Government is progressing with the Tolling Review, including the release of a discussion paper by the Chair and Deputy Chair of the review, and a summary of the prior work done by the previous Government, and
- (c) this comes after the former Government did not release prior work done by NSW Treasury and Transport for NSW, despite promising to do so by Christmas 2022.

(Notice given 20 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 29)

166. Mr Lawrence to move—

That this House notes that:

- (a) nearly a quarter (23 per cent) of the homeless population is comprised of youth aged between 12 and 24 years,
- (b) the Minns Government have scrapped seeker diaries for people accessing temporary accommodation, and
- (c) from 1 July 2023, homeless and vulnerable people accessing temporary accommodation across the State will no longer have to prove they have been rejected from private rentals to receive support.

(Notice given 20 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 29)

170. Ms Hurst to move—

(1) That this House notes that:

- (a) 8 June 2023 was World Ocean Day,

- (b) a report released by Envoy Foundation on World Ocean Day has highlighted the ongoing harm to animals and the marine environment caused by the Government's ineffective shark meshing program,
- (c) New South Wales shark nets kill hundreds of marine animals each year, including turtles, manta rays, dolphins, seals and whales as well as sharks,
- (d) the majority of animals caught in shark nets are non-target species, many of which are threatened or endangered, which has led Envoy Foundation to call for the Federal Government to investigate whether the New South Wales shark meshing program breaches the Environment Protection and Biodiversity Act 1999,
- (e) the shark meshing program is killing sharks and other marine animals that have a high tourism value for Australia, meaning these killer nets are not only an ecological problem but an economic one,
- (f) there is no scientific evidence that shark nets are effective at keeping beachgoers safe, with 80 per cent of all shark encounters in Sydney occurring at netted beaches,
- (g) the majority of the community does not support the continued use of shark nets – and in March 2022 a unanimous resolution passed by Local Government New South Wales requested that the Government phase out the use of shark nets, and
- (h) shark nets are usually returned to New South Wales beaches on 1 September each year – it is time for the Government to take decisive action to end the use of shark nets and invest in more humane and effective methods to keep swimmers safe such as increased beach patrols, drone surveillance and personal shark deterrents.

(2) That this House calls on the Government to ban shark nets.

(Notice given 20 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 29)

171. Ms Hurst to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 21 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents, created since 1 July 2022, in the possession, custody or control of the NSW Police Force, or the Minister for Police and Counter-terrorism relating to pig hunting or pig dog hunting:

- (a) all reports regarding pig hunting or pig dog hunting produced or received by the Rural Crime Prevention Team,
- (b) all correspondence sent or received by the Rural Crime Prevention Team in relation to the reports outlined in paragraph (a), and
- (c) any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

(Notice given 20 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 29)

173. Mr Farlow to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 21 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents created since 25 March 2023, in the possession, custody or control of the Premier, the Minister for Housing, Minister for Water, Minister for Homelessness, Minister for Mental Health, Minister for Youth, and Minister for the North Coast, the Minister for Lands

and Property, Minister for Small Business, Minister for Multiculturalism, and Minister for Sport, the Department of Premier and Cabinet, the Department of Planning and Environment, relating to the ongoing audit into Government landholdings for the purpose of residential rezoning, and any other briefings or advice regarding the scope and validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

(Notice given 20 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 29)

174. Ms Faehrmann to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 21 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents created since 1 January 2019 in the possession, custody or control of the Minister for the Environment, and Minister for Heritage, the Minister for Planning and Public Spaces, the Minister for Roads, Minister for the Arts, Minister for Music and the Night-time Economy, and Minister for Jobs and Tourism, Transport for NSW, and the Department of Planning and Environment relating to biodiversity certification of the Mt Gilead development:

- (a) all documents relating to biodiversity offsets for stage one of Lendlease's Mt Gilead development, including any agreements between Lendlease and Campbelltown City Council,
- (b) all documents relating to Lendlease's application for Biodiversity Certification for stage two of the Mt Gilead development,
- (c) all documents relating to the recommendations from the Office of the Chief Scientist and Engineer's report entitled "Advice on the Protection of the Campbelltown Koala Population", and
- (d) any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

(Notice given 20 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 29)

176. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House affirms its support for communities that were devastated by the catastrophic flooding in February and March of 2022 and that are still recovering physically and psychologically.
- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) on 2 June 2023 the Northern Rivers Reconstruction Corporation (NRRC) released the draft Northern Rivers Resilient Lands Strategy that outlines the work undertaken to date and next steps to identify a sustainable pipeline of land and housing to support the relocation of residents of the Northern Rivers impacted by the 2022 floods,
 - (b) prior to the release of the draft strategy, journalists were invited to an online briefing about the strategy with the NRRC, during which they were permitted to ask questions but were not able to use the answers or attribute the comments made by anyone in the briefing and were forbidden to record or reproduce any part of the briefing on 2 June 2023,
 - (c) the NRRC has failed to provide any detail in the draft strategy about the timeline, process or mechanisms that will be followed to implement the draft strategy
 - (d) prior to the release of the draft strategy, journalists were invited to an online briefing about the strategy with the NRRC,

- (e) communities and Councils feel cut off from any communication about the development of the draft strategy and have lost trust in the NRRC due to poor interaction and consultation, and
 - (f) in response to the draft strategy, the Member for Lismore compared the NRRC to the fictional and satirical Nation Building Authority from the ABC TV show Utopia.
- (3) That this House notes that:
- (a) on 13 June 2023 the NRRC released flood hazard maps to support the Resilient Homes Program and to inform buybacks for homes that were significantly impacted by floods,
 - (b) the maps were poorly communicated and provided a very low level of detail to residents that have been waiting for over a year to know if they would be included in any buyback program,
 - (c) 6,400 applications have been received for buybacks, house-raising or retrofitting and under the \$700 million dollar Resilient Homes Program with 2,000 homes initially expected to be eligible for voluntary buy-backs,
 - (d) despite initial estimates, only 1,100 applicants will be eligible for voluntary buybacks and only 130 offers had been made as of Tuesday 13 June, and
 - (e) only 400 applicants would be eligible for retrofitting under stage 1 of the funding despite thousands of residents across the area waiting for details of their eligibility before they can make decisions about their future.
- (4) That this House calls on the Government to:
- (a) back the NRRC so that it can actually deliver what was promised and what is needed for the communities of the Northern Rivers,
 - (b) ensure that communities are being genuinely engaged with about decisions being made by the NRRC,
 - (c) release stage 2 of the funding under the Resilient Homes Program so that flood impacted residents are able to make plans in earnest about what funding they are eligible for, and
 - (d) recognise that flood impacted communities need reassurance and holistic solutions, not piecemeal programs that will leave residents confused and without information that is necessary for recovery.

(Notice given 20 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 29)

177. Ms Higginson to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 21 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents, excluding any documents previously returned under an order of the House, created since 28 February 2022, in electronic format if possible, in the possession, custody or control of the Minister for Regional NSW, Minister for Agriculture, Minister for Western NSW and the Department for Regional NSW relating to the Northern Rivers Reconstruction Corporation:

- (a) all documents relating to the draft Resilient Lands Strategy,
- (b) all documents relating to the Resilient Homes Program,
- (c) all documents relating to the Flood Hazard Information that has been produced in support of the Resilient Homes Program, and

- (d) any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

(Notice given 20 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 29)

178. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Glenlee is a 2.5 hectare property fronting the Georges River that has significant First Nations and settler history as well as important biodiversity on the site,
 - (b) Glenlee is said to be the first place people from the first fleet and First Nations people met amicably in January 1788 and on the land there is an 110 year old historic homestead and National Trust listed Aboriginal Cultural Heritage sites,
 - (c) Glenlee is a critical natural greenspace for the Lugarno community and surrounding suburbs and is part of a vital forested foreshore corridor that extends from Oatley through Oatley Park to Lugarno and Saltpan Creek to the Georges River National Park, and
 - (d) Glenlee is home to a wide range of native wildlife and threatened species including Swamp Wallabies, Echidnas, Powerful Owls and Eastern Ospreys.
- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) until February 2023, the site was under interim heritage order at which time it expired,
 - (b) in March 2023 Georges River Council endorsed a proposal to purchase the property but is unable to do this without financial support from the Government, and
 - (c) the owners of the property have prioritised the sale of the property to the Government, giving them until 13 July 2023 to make an offer on the property, after which the property will likely be sold to developers.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to:
 - (a) contact Georges River Council and consult with them on the purchase of Glenlee,
 - (b) make an offer to buy Glenlee before 13 July 2023, and
 - (c) add Glenlee to the New South Wales protected area network.

(Notice given 20 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 29)

179. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) on 17 June, more than 60 members of the community from Lue, Cadia, Mudgee, Narromine, Kings Plain and other towns across the Central West met in Orange to discuss mineral extraction projects that threaten the health and safety of residents and the environment,
 - (b) the subject projects for this meeting were the Cadia Gold Mine, Bowdens Silver Mine and the McPhillamys Gold Project, and

- (c) communities that are impacted by these projects face diverse risks and are calling for greater oversight for proposed, planned and existing mines.
- (2) That this House notes that:
- (a) McPhillamys Gold Mine is a proposed 15-year mining project that would leave a devastating 400-year legacy on the environment and precious local waterways,
 - (b) the Belubula Headwaters Protection Group, a group of concerned farmers and community members, is standing up to oppose the mine,
 - (c) the effects on local and regional water is a significant concern for local residents including issues such as:
 - (i) a toxic tailings dam built across more than 35 natural springs that feed the Belubula River, a vital water source that sustains many local farms and farmers,
 - (ii) a water licence to take 192,000,000 litres of water from the Belubula River,
 - (iii) a 90km pipeline from coal facilities near Lithgow to pump millions of litres of contaminated wastewater across 113 watercourses to the mine site,
 - (iv) the void left behind by the mine is expected to act as a groundwater sink, slowly drawing in water for the next 400 plus years until it reaches equilibrium,
 - (v) according to the government's own modelling, farmers in the area could lose on average up to 60 per cent of their yearly access to water, in the long term,
 - (d) McPhillamys is just one of the many water-guzzling, river-polluting mining projects that are putting communities and ecosystems at risk, and
 - (e) communities, including the people in Blayney, are fighting back to protect precious water from harmful mining projects.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to:
- (a) recognise that communities throughout the Central West have serious and evidence based concerns about mineral extraction projects,
 - (b) direct Ministers and Departments to proactively engage with community groups and members about potential mineral extraction projects,
 - (c) stop the Minister for Planning requesting that public hearings be held by the Independent Planning Commission in relation to all mining projects, and
 - (d) institute legislative changes to ensure that merits based appeals for all mining projects are always available to communities and third parties.

(Notice given 20 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 29)

180. Ms Boyd to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 21 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents, created on or after 1 July 2021, in the possession, custody or control of the Treasurer, the Attorney-General, the Minister for Women, Minister for Seniors, Minister for the Prevention of Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault, the Department of Premier and Cabinet, Treasury, or the Department of Communities and Justice relating to the Core and Cluster program and investment in housing for women and children experiencing domestic and family violence:

- (a) all documents created relating to the development of the funding package for housing and specialist supports for women and children experiencing domestic and family violence announced on 19 October 2021,

- (b) all documents relating to eligibility criteria, assessment criteria, official guidelines, and assessment and approval process for determining funding allocations, including records of who was responsible for final approval, for each round or tranche of the Core and Cluster program,
- (c) all documents relating to the application, assessment and approval of funding, or the reporting of outcomes and acquittal of funds, for Tranches 1 and 2 and the Aboriginal-led projects procurement run alongside Tranche 2, including:
 - (i) the applications submitted for each round of funding,
 - (ii) all internal documents relating to the assessment, allocation and determination of individual applications, including both successful and unsuccessful applications, and
- (d) any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

(Notice given 20 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 29)

182. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House acknowledges that:
 - (a) 18 to 24 June 2023 is Refugee Week, with the theme “Finding Freedom”, which highlights the dangerous journeys undertaken every day by millions of people to find safety and freedom, and how settling into a new environment after experiencing these perils can also provide the opportunity to live, to love and to dream, and
 - (b) 20 June 2023 is World Refugee Day, which celebrates the strength and courage of people who have been forced to flee their home country to escape conflict or persecution.
- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) there are over 35.3 million refugees, 5.4 million asylum seekers, 5.2 million people in need of international protection, and 62.5 million internally displaced persons, totalling 108.4 million people forcibly displaced, and
 - (b) Australia’s current refugee intake is 13,750 people per year, which is:
 - (i) less than 0.04 per cent of the global total of refugees requiring resettlement,
 - (ii) far short of the federal Government’s 2021 commitment to increase humanitarian intake to 27,000 places per year.
- (3) That this House notes that:
 - (a) it is almost ten years since offshore detention was reinstated on Manus Island and Nauru, which subjected over 4,000 people seeking asylum in Australia to a brutal regime of indefinite detention and saw 14 people lose their lives,
 - (b) the Nauru Files, published by Guardian Australia in 2016, revealed systemic sexual and physical abuse of children and widespread self-harm and suicide attempts by people in indefinite detention on Nauru,
 - (c) Australia is in the process of moving all remaining asylum seekers detained in Nauru off the island and to detention in Australia by 30 June 2023, but plans to maintain the detention facilities as a contingency, and remaining detainees have not been given certainty about their futures, with:
 - (i) Sabir Khan, an asylum seeker from Pakistan on Nauru, stating that “I was 25 when I left. I’m now 36 ... my daughter [in Pakistan] is 12 years old ... It’s been 10 years of bad health, no freedom and promises broken”,

- (ii) Nazim Ali, an asylum seeker from Pakistan on Nauru, stating that “the Australian government used me for political benefits. It’s like I’ve been kept in the zoo ... and they’re going to release me after I get old mentally and physically”, and
 - (iii) Tamin, an asylum seeker from Bangladesh who was transferred from Nauru to hotel detention in Australia, stating that he doesn’t know when he will next see his partner, a Nauru local, and their newborn baby, and further stating that “we don’t have options so we come here [to Australia] ... I don’t know what’s gonna happen next”,
- (d) since the Manus Island detention centre was closed, about 82 people who were detained there in the past ten years remain abandoned in Papua New Guinea, living in impoverished conditions and with no pathway to permanent safety,
- (e) people released from immigration detention are eligible for status resolution support services for up to four weeks where they require assistance to transition into life in the community, which:
- (i) includes income support that is pegged at a maximum of 89 per cent of Jobseeker or family assistance benefits,
 - (ii) is insufficient to provide genuine assistance to recently released people who have significant barriers to integration into the community as recipients may have been detained for long periods of time and not resided in the Australian community for many years or in some cases ever,
 - (iii) due to funding cuts and tightened eligibility in the 2022-2023 financial year to date paid people leaving immigration detention only five per cent of that which was paid in the 2016-2017 financial year, and
- (f) mandatory indefinite detention of refugees and asylum seekers breaches human rights obligations, including the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman and Degrading Treatment or Punishment, the Convention on the Rights of the Child, and the Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees.
- (4) That this House condemns the treatment of refugees and asylum seekers under mandatory indefinite detention regimes by successive Australian Governments.
- (5) That this House calls on the federal Government to:
- (a) honour its 2021 election commitment of increasing humanitarian intake to 27,000 places a year,
 - (b) increase support services and extend eligibility arrangements for status resolution support services for individuals released from immigration detention, and
 - (c) support former Manus Island detainees currently stranded in Papua New Guinea to be resettled in a third country.
- (6) That this House directs that this resolution be communicated by the President to the Prime Minister and the Minister for Immigration, Citizenship and Multicultural Affairs.

(Notice given 20 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 29)

184. Mr Buckingham to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) in 2017 media reports of mismanagement of water in New South Wales led to considerable public concern and loss of confidence in the regulation and use of the State’s water resources,

- (b) subsequently the Government commissioned Mr Ken Matthews to inquire into and report on aspects of water management in New South Wales,
 - (c) the Matthews interim and final reports highlighted several significant shortcomings and presented a significant case for change in the water compliance and enforcement system in New South Wales,
 - (d) established under the Natural Resources Access Regulator Act 2017, the Natural Resources Access Regulator (NRAR) was created as a recommendation of the Matthews Inquiry,
 - (e) the NRAR is an independent water regulator with an independent board which is appointed by, and reports to, the Minister for Water and any directions to the NRAR by the Minister must be made according to the provisions of the NRAR Act,
 - (f) the NRAR works to deliver effective, transparent and accountable enforcement of New South Wales laws, and maintain public confidence in the enforcement of those laws by putting in place new standards to ensure the effectiveness and transparency of compliance activities at an individual, water sharing plan, and State level,
 - (g) under New South Wales water metering reforms, pattern-approved meters for surface water pumps 500 mm and above were required to be installed by 1 December 2020,
 - (h) according to the latest NRAR compliance reports, and despite being required under New South Wales law, significant numbers of irrigators in the Northern Inland region have failed to comply with their "no meter no pump" obligations,
 - (i) by 1 December 2022, owners of the remaining works in the Southern Inland region were required to comply with the metering regulations,
 - (j) under New South Wales metering reforms, duly qualified persons (DQPs) are required to ensure that metering equipment has been installed and verified correctly, and
 - (k) the NRAR has warned that it will undertake checks of DQPs' installation and verification of metering equipment to ensure consistency and accuracy of work and that it retains the right to investigate and take regulatory action against DQPs who are not complying with their obligations.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to:
- (a) ensure that the NRAR has the powers and resources required to meet its regulatory role,
 - (b) act urgently to ensure that there is full compliance with the laws regulating water access and metering requirements in New South Wales,
 - (c) ensure the independence and integrity of the DQP regime in New South Wales, and
 - (d) ensure the safety of all NRAR staff in the exercise of their regulatory roles.
- (3) That this House commends the NRAR and all its staff for their work towards the restoration of public confidence in the equitable regulation, and the use, of water resources in New South Wales.

(Notice given 21 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 30)

185. Mr Buckingham to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) "nang" is a slang name for the small metal cylinders used in whipped cream siphons and the cylinders contain a compressed liquified gas nitrous oxide that can be inhaled by piercing, releasing the gas into a balloon, then inhaling,
 - (b) nitrous oxide is used medically for the purposes of anaesthesia, sedation and pain management,
 - (c) nitrous oxide products for therapeutic use are classified by the Therapeutic Goods Administration (TGA) as prescription only, Schedule 4 medicines,
 - (d) since 1 October 2022, the TGA has required nitrous oxide cylinders to carry the warning label "do not inhale", following consultations about regulating nitrous oxide,
 - (e) a 2016 global drug survey found nitrous oxide is the seventh most popular drug in the world excluding alcohol, tobacco and caffeine,
 - (f) the Australian Household Drug Survey does not report nitrous oxide use specifically and does not list it in the range of pharmaceutical drugs or inhalants,
 - (g) a 2013 survey of 1,360 university students in New Zealand found 12 per cent of the sample reported using nangs in the past year,
 - (h) the number of calls about suspected nitrous oxide poisoning in Australia increased from 42 in 2018 to 111 in 2020,
 - (i) the risk of nerve damage has been shown to increase with the amount of nitrous oxide used per session, and patients have been diagnosed with a range of neurological complaints including:
 - (i) myeloneuropathy,
 - (ii) peripheral neuropathy,
 - (iii) polyneuropathy
 - (iv) myelopathy,
 - (v) subacute degeneration of the spinal cord,
 - (j) at least 43 nang users were hospitalised across four Sydney metropolitan hospitals between January 2016 and October 2020, with the patients having used an average of 171 nang cylinders daily and presenting with severe disabilities which required extensive rehabilitation,
 - (k) in New South Wales, of a cohort of 22 people presented to public hospitals with nitrous oxide poisoning:
 - (i) thirteen required physical rehabilitation due to poor mobility,
 - (ii) twelve required walking aids at discharge,
 - (iii) the median length of hospital admission was 31 days,
 - (l) in New South Wales, nang cylinders are cheap, legal and easy to get, with a box of ten costing less than \$10 and stocked in New South Wales supermarkets and service stations,
 - (m) in New South Wales, nang cylinder delivery businesses advertise on social media and websites easily found through an internet search, with these businesses supplying up to 2000 nangs for \$750, with delivery promised within 30 minutes, 24 hours, or 7 days a week,
 - (n) under the South Australian Controlled Substances (Poisons) (Nitrous Oxide) Variation Regulations 2019, it is an offence to:
 - (i) sell or supply to people under the age of 18,
 - (ii) sell between the hours of 10.00 pm and 5.00 am,
 - (iii) make nitrous oxide visible or accessible to the public in retail stores,
 - (iv) fail to display a notice on the premises that details the offence of selling to people aged under 18, and

- (o) in Western Australia, nitrous oxide is regulated under the Medicines and Poisons Act 2014 with canisters required to be labelled with the word "poison", have warnings against inhalation and not be permitted to be sold to people under sixteen.
- (2) That this House requests the Minister for Health to:
 - (a) consult with relevant stakeholders and agencies on the sale, use and safety of nitrous oxide cylinders, and
 - (b) consider targeted education programs, enforceable codes of practice and regulatory reforms regarding the advertisement, sale and use of nitrous oxide cylinders in New South Wales.

(Notice given 21 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 30)

186. Ms Higginson to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 21 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents, excluding any documents previously returned under an order of the House, created since 1 January 2021, in electronic format if possible, in the possession, custody or control of the Minister for Aboriginal Affairs and Treaty, Minister for Gaming and Racing, Minister for Veterans, Minister for Medical Research, and Minister for the Central Coast or the Department of Aboriginal Affairs relating to the Red Chief Local Aboriginal Land Council:

- (a) all documents relating to the dissolving of the board of CEO of Red Chief Local Aboriginal Land Council,
- (b) all documents relating to the appointment of the administrator Tim Gumbleton,
- (c) all documents relating to the appointment of an Advisory Committee to Red Chief Local Aboriginal Land Council and the establishment of a new board of directors and appointment of a new CEO, and
- (d) any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

(Notice given 21 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 30)

187. Ms Higginson to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 21 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents, created since 1 January 2019 in the possession, custody or control of the Minister for Corrections, Minister for Better Regulation and Fair Trading, Minister for Industry and Trade, Minister for Innovation, Science and Technology and Minister for Building, or the Department of Corrective Services relating to inmate lock ins of 23 hours or more:

- (a) all documents, including log books, briefings, memoranda, correspondence, submissions, presentations, advice, diary notes, diary appointments, meeting requests, or other documents, directed or provided to the Minister for Corrections and/or the Commissioner for Corrective Services,
- (b) any document relating to complaints made by inmates to the Department of Corrective Services or the Minister for Corrections relating to inmate lock ins of 23 hours or more,
- (c) all documents received by the Department of Corrective Services from Corrective Services NSW staff or facilities, including privately managed facilities and their staff, relating to inmate lock ins of 23 hours or more, and

- (d) any legal advice or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

(Notice given 21 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 30)

189. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House commends the NSW Environment Protection Authority (EPA) for taking action against Newcrest's Cadia Gold Mine near Orange in the Central West.
- (2) That this House encourages the EPA to continue to use its statutory authority to investigate and prosecute companies and individuals that are polluting the environment and impacting on the health of communities.
- (3) That this House notes that:
 - (a) community members from Cadia, Millthorpe, Orange and other towns near the Cadia Mine continue to receive hair, urine and blood test results that show elevated concentrations of metals,
 - (b) community members that have returned elevated test results have been told that local health practitioners have been instructed by NSW Health to only test patients for metals if there are symptoms, and
 - (c) local health practitioners have been told that they should only be testing their patients for elevated lead levels despite several residents reporting health issues associated with elevated levels of cobalt, nickel, selenium and other metals.
- (4) That this House calls on the Government to:
 - (a) investigate reports from community members in the Central West that NSW Health has provided instructions to local health professionals about what type of testing should be done and in what circumstances,
 - (b) direct NSW Health to instruct health practitioners in the Central West that testing for elevated levels of metals in patients' blood should be conducted as requested by patients, and
 - (c) commence government funded testing across the Central West to give residents that are impacted by dust from Cadia an opportunity to:
 - (i) ensure residents impacted by dust from Cadia have an opportunity to discover elevated levels of metals and other substances,
 - (ii) provide a mobile service to visit remote and isolated communities without local health services,
 - (iii) establish how widespread the elevated levels of metals and other substances are.

(Notice given 22 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 31)

190. Ms Higginson to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 21 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents, created since 1 January 2022, in the possession, custody or control of the Minister for Health, Minister for Regional Health, Minister for the Illawarra and the South Coast, the Department of Health and NSW Health relating to patient testing in the Central West and the Cadia Gold Mine:

- (a) all documents relating to dust emissions from the Cadia Gold Mine,

- (b) all documents relating to elevated levels of the following in patient blood samples:
 - (i) lead,
 - (ii) cobalt,
 - (iii) selenium,
 - (iv) nickel,
 - (v) zinc, and
- (c) any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

(Notice given 22 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 31)

191. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Bournda land is a 340 hectare piece of land on the far south coast of New South Wales in the Bega Valley Shire that connects Bournda Nature Reserve, Bournda National Park and Wallagoot Lake,
 - (b) Bournda land is home to vulnerable and endangered species that are facing extinction including Glossy Black-Cockatoos that breed in and around this land, yellow-bellied gliders, southern brown bandicoots, smoky mice, the ground parrot, the green and gold bell frog and the eastern pygmy possum,
 - (c) the land is under threat by plans to build a quarry and subdivide the land into 37 lots for a housing development, and
 - (d) a petition opposing the development of Bournda land has been signed by over ten thousand members of the community.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to listen to the community and buy the Bournda land and add it into Bournda National Park.

(Notice given 22 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 31)

192. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House notes:
 - (a) the minutes of the 6 June 2023 meeting of the Reserve Bank of Australia, state that some firms were indexing their prices, either implicitly or directly, to past inflation,
 - (b) the severe financial stress that households are facing as a result of the compounding effects of inflation and interest rate hikes,
 - (c) that the RBA has finally admitted that corporations are making inflation worse by pegging price increases to high inflation, contributing to the stickiness of inflation, and
 - (d) that high inflation is having a serious effect on the State's finances as a result of an increased value of the costs of depreciation to the state's assets.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to do its part in driving down inflation by urgently addressing corporate price gouging through price controls and tax and competition policy reforms.

(Notice given 22 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 31)

193. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That a select committee be established to inquire into and report on the development and use of Artificial Intelligence (AI), including facial recognition, biometric surveillance, algorithmic decision making and similar technologies, and in particular:
 - (a) the current and planned use of AI within and by Government departments, agencies and contractors,
 - (b) the opportunities and potential uses of such technology,
 - (c) the potential risks arising from the use of such technology,
 - (d) how the potential dangers surrounding these emerging technologies are being addressed and mitigated in other jurisdictions,
 - (e) how AI systems are being assessed in relation to ethics and responsibility,
 - (f) the ownership of data collected for AI and mechanisms for protecting privacy,
 - (g) the impact and effectiveness of the current legislative and enforcement framework in managing those risks,
 - (h) levels of transparency and accountability regarding the use of AI,
 - (i) the impact of the use of AI on human rights,
 - (j) the right to challenge AI-informed decisions,
 - (k) the effectiveness and availability of redress mechanisms,
 - (l) algorithmic bias, discrimination and unfairness associated with such technology,
 - (m) effects of AI systems on the environment, and
 - (n) any other related matter.
- (2) That, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the standing orders, the committee consist of seven members comprising:
 - (a) three government members,
 - (b) two opposition members, and
 - (c) two crossbench members, including Ms Boyd.
- (3) That the Chair of the committee be Ms Boyd.
- (4) That, unless the committee decides otherwise:
 - (a) submissions to the inquiry are to be published, subject to the Committee Clerk checking for confidentiality and adverse mention and, where those issues arise, bringing them to the attention of the committee for consideration,
 - (b) the Chair's proposed witness list is to be circulated to provide members with an opportunity to amend the list, with the witness list agreed to by email, unless a member requests the Chair to convene a meeting to resolve any disagreement,

- (c) the sequence of questions to be asked at hearings is to alternate between government, opposition and crossbench members, in order determined by the committee, with equal time allocated to each,
 - (d) transcripts of evidence taken at public hearings are to be published,
 - (e) supplementary questions are to be lodged with the Committee Clerk within two days, excluding Saturday and Sunday, following the receipt of the hearing transcript, with witnesses requested to return answers to questions on notice and supplementary questions within 21 calendar days of the date on which questions are forwarded to the witness, and
 - (f) answers to questions on notice and supplementary questions are to be published, subject to the Committee Clerk checking for confidentiality and adverse mention and, where those issues arise, bringing them to the attention of the committee for consideration.
- (5) That the committee report by 1 July 2024.

(Notice given 22 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 31)

194. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House notes with concern:
 - (a) allegations reported by AAP Newswire on 14 May 2023 regarding alleged cruelty against dogs and puppies in Bourke Shire Council pound in February 2023, and
 - (b) these allegations are the subject of animal cruelty complaints to Bourke Shire Council and RSPCA NSW.
- (2) That this House notes the details of the following allegations as reported by AAP Newswire and outlined in complaints to Bourke Shire Council and RSPCA NSW:
 - (a) nine dogs and puppies were removed from the custody of the Bourke Shire Council pound by Queensland-based volunteer-run rescue organisation Domestic Animal Rescue and Education (DARE) on 22 February 2023,
 - (b) eight of the nine dogs and puppies required urgent veterinary care for an extended period, and veterinary records detailed that:
 - (i) eight of the nine dogs and puppies tested positive for parvovirus, a contagious and potentially deadly canine virus spread by contact with faeces and other forms of contamination, noting that parvovirus has an incubation period,
 - (ii) four of the five adult dogs were observed to be very thin,
 - (iii) four puppies had severe tick burden,
 - (iv) one adult dog was so unwell she could not stand,
 - (v) some of the dogs were suffering from severe dehydration and likely had been suffering for a number of days,
 - (c) DARE volunteers reported witnessing evidence of neglect and cruel behaviour towards the dogs, including:
 - (i) none of the five pens in the pound had blankets or bedding,
 - (ii) one of the dogs, a two year old border collie named Fleur who was in the pound for three weeks, lay in her own waste and was unable to stand when DARE volunteers first attended the pound,
 - (iii) Fleur was housed in a pen with a five-month-old cattle dog cross named Bellatrix at the time of DARE's intervention, and both dogs were hosed down by a council worker to remove faeces and diarrhoea from their coats and limbs,

- (iv) a council worker dragged Fleur from her pen to the van by a slip lead, which tightens around the animal's neck as it is pulled,
 - (v) a council worker dragged Bellatrix from her pen by her collar on her back across a concrete floor to the DARE volunteers' van as she squealed, and then tried to lift her into the van purely by the slip lead around her throat,
 - (d) DARE volunteers originally agreed to rescue three specific adult dogs, but left Bourke Shire Council pound with a total of nine dogs, including five adult dogs and four puppies, and:
 - (i) DARE volunteers were advised of four puppies which were surrendered on the morning of 22 February 2023, and when DARE enquired what would happen to them a council worker advised that they would likely be euthanised if DARE did not take them,
 - (ii) the euthanasia of healthy impounded animals on the same day they are impounded without strict adherence to the Companion Animals Act as amended by the Companion Animals Amendment (Rehoming Animals) Bill 2021 would contravene a council pound's statutory requirements, and
 - (e) Bourke Shire Council has denied all allegations of cruelty, neglect, and improper conduct in relation to the dogs rescued from their facility by DARE on 22 February 2023, and further stated that all the dogs were observed by staff to be eating, drinking and in good health, that none of the nine dogs showed signs of sickness, including parvovirus, and that the dogs would have been taken to a veterinarian if observed to be ill.
- (3) That this House commends the work of DARE and its volunteers, and thanks them for their intervention on behalf of the nine dogs and puppies they rescued from Bourke Shire Council pound in February 2023.
- (4) That this House notes that:
 - (a) 15 dogs and puppies were shot dead at Bourke Shire Council pound in August 2021 while a rescue group was coming to rescue them during the COVID-19 lockdown despite public health orders not requiring this action, and that the killing of these 15 dogs and puppies was a direct catalyst for the Companion Animals Amendment (Rehoming Animals) Bill 2021 passed by Parliament in February 2022,
 - (b) since February 2023 Bourke Shire Council has confirmed their pound has no exercise area for dogs, in contravention of the requirements of the Animal Welfare Code of Practice No. 5—Dogs and Cats in Animal Boarding Establishments, which has been in effect since 1996,
 - (c) Bourke Shire Council has confirmed that in the period 1 February to 9 May 2023 one dog died in the custody of Bourke Shire Council pound, and
 - (d) Bourke Shire Council has confirmed that only one council worker is authorised to release animals from the pound, and so in their absence members of the public may be required to wait up to six days to reclaim a lost companion animal or adopt from pound facilities.
- (5) That this House notes that:
 - (a) NewsLocal reporting on 29 May 2023 which outlined concerns with the condition of multiple other council pounds located in regional New South Wales, which council representatives attributed to under-resourcing, and
 - (b) recently released Office of Local Government data details that almost one in 10 dogs and three in 10 cats impounded in local council pounds in the 2021-2022 financial year were euthanised.

- (6) That this House expresses concern with demonstrated poor welfare outcomes for animals impounded in New South Wales and acknowledges that the New South Wales pound and shelter system is broken.
- (7) That this House calls on the Minister for Local Government and the Minister for Agriculture to urgently act to fix the broken pound and shelter system in New South Wales.

(Notice given 22 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 31)

198. Mr Banasiak to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the Northern Beaches Council have issued a notice of motion to be heard at Council's meeting on Tuesday 27 June 2023, proposing to declare Mona Vale Basin, or as proponents of the motion refer to it, Bongin Bongin Bay, a 'no take' aquatic reserve,
 - (b) the proposal and subsequent motion is based on flawed science, and in some cases deliberate misrepresentations,
 - (c) Mona Vale Bay is a public basin, and local fishers wish for it to remain as such, with equal access for all,
 - (d) local fishers and other community members have experienced aggressive and hostile behaviour from those in favour of the aquatic reserve, including spiked vehicle tyres, keyed car panels, intimidation of young children, theft of fish caught by fishermen, verbal abuse including derogatory comments regarding race and ethnicity, and attempts to incite physical violence,
 - (e) that the proponents of the aquatic reserves and those committing such acts currently have the support of the Liberal Member for Vacluse, Kellie Sloane MP, in the proposal, and
 - (f) that such acts are not justified regardless of the perceived virtue of the cause, and any member of office including local councillors who support a cause that is promoted through such acts bring themselves, the institution they represent and the democratic process into disrepute.
- (2) That this House calls on:
 - (a) the Minister for Agriculture to acknowledge the anti-social behaviour displayed by those proposing the changes, and
 - (b) the Minister to take this into consideration following the Northern Beaches Council meeting on Tuesday 27 June 2023 and any such proposal that is presented to her office and the department.

(Notice given 27 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 32)

199. Dr Kaine to move—

That this House:

- (a) notes that 3 July 2023 will mark the first 100 days since the Minns Labor Government was elected by the people of New South Wales, and recognises the renewed focus on the Energy and Environment portfolios,

- (b) acknowledges the engagement and conversations with communities on the ground and in the regions,
- (c) recognises that the Government is taking immediate action to address rising energy costs for households and small businesses,
- (d) commends the Government's efforts to protect iconic Australian mammals such as the bilby and platypus, and
- (e) recognises the current Government's efforts to reprioritise issues relating to Environment, Energy and Heritage after 12 years of neglect by the former government and recognises there is more work to be done.

(Notice given 27 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 32)

202. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) on 14 June 2023, Ms Hurst ate lamb and pork, but all is not as it seems, as no animals were slaughtered or harmed in any way,
 - (b) the meat was clean meat, also known as cell or cultivated meat, and is 100 per cent cruelty free, as while there is some concern about the use of foetal bovine serum, Australian company Magic Valley has managed to avoid this process altogether, and the animals who had cells collected from them are still alive and well, meaning this meat was made without any animal suffering,
 - (c) cultivated meat is produced by obtaining cells from an animal through a skin scraping or a biopsy, the cells are then placed in a nutrient rich medium to increase and multiply inside bioreactors, and eventually grow into real muscle and fat tissue, which is used to create cultivated meat products,
 - (d) having not consumed meat for several decades, Ms Hurst reports it was confronting to eat pork and lamb, but felt honoured to be one of the first people in the world to try cultivated meat,
 - (e) cultivated meat is truly the way of the future, as it allows meat products to be produced without any animal suffering, is better for the environment, has the potential to produce significantly lower greenhouse gas emissions, uses less water and requires less land usage, and
 - (f) with two cultivated meat start-ups in Australia, there is a real economic opportunity for New South Wales to become a leader in production, sale and export, but in order to capitalise on this opportunity, Government funding is desperately needed to help grow this industry.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to invest in cultivated meat as the way of the future.

(Notice given 27 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 32)

203. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) on 21 June 2023, the Australian Broadcasting Corporation (ABC) published an exposé into the commercial kangaroo killing industry,

- (b) the photos and video footage are graphic and disturbing, and reveal the often non-compliant and violent reality of commercial kangaroo shooting in Australia,
 - (c) evidence published in the exposé includes:
 - (i) video footage of a commercial shooter shooting a kangaroo in April in New South Wales, hanging the kangaroo upside down while the animal is thrashing and kicking, and cutting the kangaroo's throat while still alive,
 - (ii) several photos of severed heads, paws and internal organs of kangaroos shot by commercial shooters, left on the ground at shooting sites,
 - (iii) a de-identified photo of a commercial shooter's 12-year-old son holding a gun in one hand and a kangaroo he shot in the other,
 - (iv) a photo of a kangaroo shot illegally through the neck by a commercial kangaroo shooter,
 - (v) video footage of a kangaroo in a field with a dangling broken jaw, who appears to have previously been shot in the face and is now unable to feed him or herself,
 - (vi) a photo of a joey who was left to die amongst his or her mother's entrails,
 - (vii) video footage of a mother kangaroo who had been paralysed by a gunshot, had an infected wound and was unable to bend over to help her joey who was struggling to survive,
 - (d) the ABC exposé also highlighted evidence collected by activists, Greg Keightley and Diane Smith, who investigated 200 kangaroos killed between 2011 and 2019 and found that roughly 40 per cent did not die from a single gunshot wound, meaning they would have suffered immensely prior to death,
 - (e) this ABC exposé confirms that the commercial kangaroo killing industry is poorly monitored, non-compliance is systemic, and joeys are inevitably killed or orphaned and left to suffer unimaginably cruel deaths,
 - (f) it is well known that commercial kangaroo kill quotas are based on flawed population estimates, inaccurate reporting, unrealistic kangaroo breeding rates, and fail to take account of joey deaths,
 - (g) kangaroo leather, known as 'k-leather', has lost its social licence overseas, with global brands such as Nike, Puma, Versace, Prada, Chanel, H&M, Paul Smith and others committing to stop using kangaroo leather in their products,
 - (h) Californian law already bans the import and sale of kangaroo products, and a new bill, the Kangaroo Protection Act, would criminalise the import, transport and sale of all kangaroo products across the United States of America for commercial purposes, and
 - (i) after decades of recurring issues and evidence-based criticism, the commercial kangaroo killing industry has shown it is inherently flawed and causes unacceptable suffering to Australian native animals and could ultimately lead to their extinction.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to immediately end the commercial kangaroo killing industry.

(Notice given 27 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 32)

205. Mrs Carter to move—

- (1) That this House:
 - (a) notes with sadness the estimates that 16,400 people are caught in modern slavery in New South Wales, and this cohort is part of the estimated 41,000 modern slaves in Australia today,

- (b) welcomes the release of the NSW Anti-Slavery Commissioner’s Strategic Plan 2023-2026 on 22 June 2023, which provides a road map for addressing the scourge of modern slavery in this State,
 - (c) notes that the Strategic Plan provides a framework for developing the awareness, capabilities, practices and partnerships needed to address modern slavery in New South Wales, including ensuring that taxpayers money will not be spent on products made by modern slaves,
 - (d) notes that the Strategic Plan aims to equip health care workers to provide assistance when they encounter potential modern slaves, and
 - (e) notes that the Strategic Plan will establish a support and referral hotline.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to:
- (a) ensure adequate resourcing for the Anti-Slavery Commissioner and for the implementation of the Strategic Plan 2023-26, and
 - (b) include as part of this resourcing, adequate support, including the provision of vicarious trauma counselling for healthcare workers and police officers who encounter those caught in modern slavery as part of their professional responsibilities.

(Notice given 27 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 32)

206. Mrs Carter to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) the final determination of the Australian Energy Regulator for the 2023-2024 Default Market Offer will see residential customers on standard retail plans paying between 20.8 per cent to 23.9 per cent more for their electricity,
 - (b) increasing electricity prices are a burden on families and small business and contribute significantly to inflationary pressures,
 - (c) New South Wales residents pay at least three times per kilowatt hour what residents of a comparable Canadian province, Ontario, pay for their electricity, and
 - (d) relief for rising electricity prices currently only takes the form of hardship provisions, but what is required is structural reform to drive prices down.
- (2) That this House further notes that:
- (a) in 2021, 70 per cent of electricity in New South Wales was generated using coal and 27 per cent was generated by renewables,
 - (b) by comparison, over the same time period in Ontario, Canada, no coal was used to generate electricity, with almost 60 per cent of electricity being generated using nuclear energy, 8 per cent using gas and the balance from renewables,
 - (c) residents of Ontario pay only a maximum of 10.11 cents per kilowatt hour for their electricity while New South Wales residents are paying closer to 45.4 cents per kilowatt hour, and
 - (d) nuclear energy creates reliable and dispatchable power but generates no greenhouse emissions.

- (3) That this House calls on the Government to:
- (a) consider the role that nuclear energy, which contributes around 60 per cent of Ontario's power supply and 0 per cent of New South Wales' power supply, plays in driving down electricity prices for Ontario's residents, and
 - (b) investigate the use of nuclear power in New South Wales to drive down electricity prices for our families and small business.

(Notice given 27 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 32)

207. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) native forest logging of the public forest estate is currently underway in:
 - (i) Boambee State Forest,
 - (ii) Clouds Creek State Forest,
 - (iii) Collombatti State Forest,
 - (iv) Moonpar State Forest,
 - (v) Newry State Forest,
 - (vi) Orara East State Forest,
 - (vii) Orara West State Forest,
 - (viii) Thumb Creek State Forest,
 - (ix) Tamban State Forest,
 - (x) Wild Cattle Creek State Forest,
 - (b) further native forest logging of the public forest estate is currently proposed in:
 - (i) Bagawa State Forest,
 - (ii) Clouds Creek State Forest,
 - (iii) Collombatti State Forest,
 - (iv) Conglomerate State Forest,
 - (v) Diehappy State Forest,
 - (vi) Gladstone State Forest,
 - (vii) Kangaroo River State Forest,
 - (viii) Little Newry State Forest,
 - (ix) Mistake State Forest,
 - (x) Moonpar State Forest,
 - (xi) Nambucca State Forest,
 - (xii) Newry State Forest,
 - (xiii) Oakes State Forest,
 - (xiv) Pine Creek State Forest,
 - (xv) Roses Creek State Forest,
 - (xvi) Scotchman State Forest,
 - (xvii) Sheas Nob State Forest,
 - (xviii) Tamban State Forest,
 - (xix) Thumb Creek State Forest,
 - (xx) Wild Cattle Creek State Forest, and
 - (c) all of these current or proposed native forest logging operations on the public forest estate in these areas are within the boundary of the Great Koala National Park and that the Government has committed \$80 million to the establishment of this park.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to urgently act to ensure that the public native forests within the Great Koala National Park including koala and other threatened species habitat are not being destroyed by logging operations while the work to establish the park is under way.

(Notice given 27 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 32)

208. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) a fundamental element of rehabilitation and restoration for inmates in New South Wales correctional centres is maintaining regular contact with friends and loved ones through phone and video calls and visits,
 - (b) under the New South Wales Inmate Wages System, inmates earn a maximum of \$80.73 for a five day work week, with most inmates earning around \$30 per week,
 - (c) family and friends engine numbers were an affordable option for inmates in New South Wales correctional centres that allowed inmates to call friends and family for 25 cents,
 - (d) on 13 June 2023 Corrective Services NSW removed the family and friends engine room numbers option and inmates across New South Wales are now forced to pay \$2.59 for a 10 minute phone call to the mobile numbers of their friends and family members, and
 - (e) the cost of one 10 minute phone call in New South Wales correctional centres equates to almost 10 per cent of the average weekly wage of an inmate.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to reinstate a secure, affordable or free option for inmates to make phone calls and keep in regular contact with friends and family.

(Notice given 27 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 32)

209. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House affirms its support for Kurdish people living in New South Wales and those in Türkiye, Iraq, Syria and Iran who face marginalisation and persecution.
- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) since 2015 at least 64 female elected political leaders in Türkiye have been arrested and imprisoned including Member of Parliament, Semra Güzel, who was arrested in March 2023 and faces more than seven years in prison,
 - (b) since 2015 at least 36 female Kurdish councillors have been arrested or forced to leave council from 14 cities across Türkiye, and
 - (c) as of 2019 there were 44, 986 people in Türkiye prisons facing political charges, the second highest number of any type of charge.
- (3) That this House commends the work of community building, cultural practice and advocacy for the rights of Kurdish people of the Sydney Kurdish Community.
- (4) That this House calls on the Government to:
 - (a) express solidarity for the Kurdish community here in Australia and abroad and in particular the female political leaders who have been arrested, forced out and imprisoned, and
 - (b) call on the Türkiye Government to end its persecution of Kurdish people and release all political prisoners.

(Notice given 27 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 32)

210. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that the Auditor-General's report into Regulation of public native forestry was tabled on 22 June 2023:
- (2) That this House notes that the report found:
 - (a) Forestry Corporation NSW does not have consistent processes in place for undertaking quality assurance assessments and does not target these on a risk basis,
 - (b) Forestry Corporation's recording of potential non-compliances is inconsistently or inaccurately documented,
 - (c) Forestry Corporation has set a target of zero non-compliances but is not measuring its overall compliance to determine how it is tracking against this target,
 - (d) some Environment Protection Authority (EPA) offices do not have the necessary equipment to undertake forestry inspections, and
 - (e) the EPA and Forestry Corporation are not implementing all elements of a Memorandum of Understanding that aims to promote a cooperative relationship between the agencies.
- (3) That this House notes that:
 - (a) native forest logging costs New South Wales tens of millions of dollars just in the harvesting and haulage,
 - (b) recent cases where the EPA has prosecuted the Forestry Corporation have resulted in hundreds of thousands of dollars in fines and court costs, and
 - (c) it is unreasonable that a government agency has to sue a State Owned Corporation at a cost to New South Wales residents to enforce compliance with the law while damaging our forests.
- (4) That this House calls on the Government to end this waste of resources and destruction of public native forests by developing a transition plan for the native forest industry and to end native forest logging by 2024.

(Notice given 27 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 32)

211. Ms Suvaal to move—

That this House:

- (a) acknowledges the critical work TAFE NSW does for our State in preparing our students, society and economy for future skills needs,
- (b) notes that over the last 12 years of Liberal National Government, 4,500 TAFE teachers were sacked, TAFE enrolments were down by 28 per cent and the number of people finishing an apprenticeship or traineeship in New South Wales dropped by 67 per cent, and
- (c) condemns the shocking cuts of \$200 million locked into the budget by the former Liberal National Government.

(Notice given 27 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 32)

216. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the Japanese government is planning to allow the Tokyo Electric Power Company (TEPCO) to release at least 1.3 million tons of radioactive contaminated water from the Fukushima-Daiichi Nuclear Power Station imminently,
 - (b) contaminated water from the Fukushima meltdown that occurred after the nuclear power station was struck by the catastrophic tsunami which hit Japan on 11 March 2011 is currently being stored in 1,000 tanks across the facility,
 - (c) an underwater tunnel is being constructed to divert the contaminated water into the ocean which will take seven months to reach Korea and China, and a maximum of three years to reach the Pacific Ocean and be discharged over a time period of between 30 and 40 years,
 - (d) the radioactive water is treated by a technology called Advanced Liquid Processing System that TEPCO claims filters out 62 different radioactive particles, but not tritium because tritium is difficult and expensive to separate from water,
 - (e) TEPCO has been caught misleading the public multiple times about the radioactive legacy of its Fukushima plant, and its own data confirms that the ALPS treated water at Fukushima contains multiple radionuclides including strontium-90, iodine-129, carbon-14 and plutonium isotopes, as well as high concentrations of tritium,
 - (f) United Nations experts have voiced their concerns to the Japanese Government about the potential threats to human health and the environment of releasing this contaminated water into the ocean,
 - (g) scientists warn that the tritium in the water organically binds to other molecules, moving up the food chain affecting plants and fish and humans and that radioactive hazards of tritium have been underestimated and could pose risks to humans and the environment for over 100 years,
 - (h) since March 2020, resolutions have been adopted by municipalities in Japan expressing their concerns and opposition to the release of the contaminated water and in June 2020, the National Federation of Fisheries Co-operative Associations and the Fukushima Prefectural Federation of Fisheries Co-operative Associations passed special resolutions to “firmly oppose oceanic discharges” as a method for disposing of treated water, and
 - (i) there is a Candlelight Action on 1 July 2023 at 2.00 pm outside the Consulate General of Japan in Sydney to protest the actions of TEPCO and the Japanese Government.
- (2) That this House calls on the Japanese Government to prevent the release of contaminated water into the Pacific Ocean and to work with international experts to urgently find an alternative solution to treating this contaminated nuclear waste that protects human health and the environment.

(Notice given 27 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 32)

217. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) large parts of Southeast Asia have been battling prolonged heatwaves for weeks, including Thailand, Laos, Vietnam, Cambodia, Bangladesh and India,
 - (b) new temperature records have been set in April, May and June this year, including:
 - (i) the hottest day in June of 41 degrees celsius for Beijing,

- (ii) a record of 43.5 degrees celsius in Luang Prabang in Laos,
 - (iii) Thailand's hottest ever temperature of 45.4 degrees celsius in the city of Tak and Bangkok's hottest ever temperature of 41 degrees celsius,
 - (iv) a new national May record for Cambodia, with 41.6 degrees celsius in the Kratie province and the southern district of Ponhea Kraekand,
 - (v) the highest maximum temperature in several decades for Bangladesh of 40.6 degrees celsius,
 - (vi) record-high daytime temperatures of 4 to 5 degrees celsius above the seasonal average in many parts of India,
- (c) nearly 200 people have died in two of India's most populous states in the last week, with 119 deaths in the northern state of Uttar Pradesh and 47 deaths in the eastern state of Bihar,
 - (d) a study published in April by the University of Cambridge said heatwaves in India could cross the survivability limit for a healthy human resting in the shade by 2050, impacting the ability of hundreds of millions of people to work,
 - (e) according to a study in Lancet Planetary Health, between 2000 and 2019, South Asia saw over 110,000 heat-related excess deaths each year,
 - (f) in the two decades to 2019, India saw, on average, 23.5 heatwaves every year, more than twice the annual average of 9.9 between 1980 and 1999, and between 2010 and 2019, the incidence of heatwaves in India grew by a quarter compared with the previous decade, with a corresponding increase in heat-related mortality of 27 per cent,
 - (g) climate change made last year's heatwave 30 times likelier than it would otherwise have been, because it has raised India's average annual temperature by around 0.7 degrees celsius between 1900 and 2018 according to research organisation World Weather Attribution,
 - (h) if the climate warms by 2 degrees celsius compared with pre-industrial levels, which the United Nations has warned we are on track to surpass, the likelihood of similarly severe heatwaves would increase by three times, suggesting that such an event could occur every one or two years, and
 - (i) greenhouse gas emissions are currently at an all-time high of 424.26 parts per million and global temperatures are at least 1.1 degrees celsius higher compared to pre-industrial levels.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to urgently commit to taking all necessary action to keep global temperature increases to within 1.5 degrees celsius including ruling out any new coal and gas projects for New South Wales, phasing out coal and gas by 2030, developing a transition plan for affected communities and rapidly transitioning New South Wales to 100 per cent renewable energy.

(Notice given 27 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 32)

218. Mrs Maclaren-Jones to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Working with Children Week 2023 was celebrated on Monday 19 June 2023 to Sunday 25 June 2023,
 - (b) this annual event plays a vital role in raising awareness about key child safety requirements in New South Wales, including the Working with Children Check and the Child Safe Standards,
 - (c) this year marked the third celebration of Working with Children Week in New South Wales, acknowledging the invaluable contributions of over 1.8 million workers and volunteers involved in the education, sports, arts, and community organisations that shape the lives of our state's children, and

- (d) the theme for this year, Suitable and Supported Staff, emphasised the critical significance of fostering staff capabilities and establishing a culture where the well-being and welfare of children are prioritized in every endeavour.
- (2) That this House acknowledges and extends its gratitude to all individuals who actively contribute to the wellbeing and development of children in education, sports, arts and community organisations throughout the State.

(Notice given 27 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 32)

219. Mrs Maclaren-Jones to move—

- (1) That this House notes that 2023 marks the tenth anniversary since the introduction of the National Disability Insurance Scheme (NDIS) on 1 July 2013.
- (2) That this House acknowledges the bipartisan support for the NDIS and the cooperative efforts of governments, disability advocates, service providers, and the broader community in its implementation.
- (3) That this House recognises:
 - (a) the instrumental role of New South Wales as the leading state in the implementation of the NDIS pilot, establishing an NDIS launch site in the Hunter region from mid-2013, and
 - (b) the ongoing challenges faced by the NDIS, including ensuring equitable access to services, addressing workforce capacity, and supporting the sustainability of the scheme to meet the needs of all eligible participants.
- (4) That this House commends the NDIS for its role in promoting inclusion, empowerment, and the rights of people with disabilities by providing individualized support, access to services, and promoting greater choice and control.
- (5) That this House celebrates the positive outcomes achieved by the NDIS, including increased employment opportunities, improved access to education and healthcare, and enhanced social participation for Australians with disabilities.
- (6) That this House calls on the Government to continue working collaboratively with stakeholders to address these challenges and further enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of the NDIS.
- (7) That this House commemorates the anniversary of the NDIS by recognising the achievements made under the scheme and reaffirming their commitment to supporting individuals with disabilities in their pursuit of a fulfilling and inclusive life.

(Notice given 27 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 32)

221. Ms Munro to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Festa della Repubblica was celebrated across New South Wales by the Italian community to mark the period in June when Italians voted to form a republic,
 - (b) the vote to form an Italian republic occurred on 2 and 3 June 1946, with a vote for a republic, rather than a monarchy, declared successful on the 10 June 1946 and definitively sanctioned on the 18 June 1946,

- (c) 11 June 1946 was the first day of a republican Italy and is a public holiday in the country,
 - (d) this was the first vote by universal suffrage in Italy, and
 - (e) Festa della Repubblica celebrates the fall of fascism in Italy following the Second World War.
- (2) That this House recognises:
- (a) the leadership of Co.As.It, an organisation established in 1968 to promote the Italian language and culture in New South Wales and to assist the growing number of migrants arriving from Italy,
 - (b) the success of the 2023 Co.As.It Italian National Ball, coinciding with Festa della Repubblica, to raise money for community activities including a dedicated mental health help line for Italian speakers,
 - (c) the tireless work of the Co.As.It leadership team, led by General Manager Thomas Camporeale and President Lorenzo Fazzini, in supporting the Italian community across New South Wales, and
 - (d) attendees to the 2023 Italian National Ball, including:
 - (i) Paolo Crudele, Ambassador of Italy to Canberra,
 - (ii) Andrea De Flip, Consul General of Italy in Sydney,
 - (iii) Simona Bernardini, Director of the Italian Trade Agency,
 - (iv) Valentina Biguzzi, attaché of the Education and Culture Office of the Embassy of Italy in Canberra,
 - (v) Fabio Grassia, President of the Italian Chamber of Commerce and Industry,
 - (vi) Luigi Di Martino, President of Comites NSW,
 - (vii) Sally Sitou MP,
 - (viii) The Hon. Stephen Kamper MP,
 - (ix) The Hon. Mark Speakman SC MP,
 - (x) Kobi Shetty MP,
 - (xi) Jordan Lane MP,
 - (xii) Stephanie di Pasqua MP,
 - (xiii) The Hon. Jacqui Munro MLC.
- (3) That this House congratulates:
- (a) Consul General of Italy in Sydney, Andrea De Felip, for hosting the consulate's annual Festa della Repubblica event, this year at the iconic Bondi Pavilion, including guests:
 - (i) Dr Hugh McDermott MP,
 - (ii) The Hon. Jacqui Munro MLC, and
 - (b) Mr De Felip on his term as Consul General of Italy in Sydney, which will conclude at the end of 2023.

(Notice given 27 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 32)

222. Ms Munro to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) the Commemoration of the Battle of Crete and the Greek Campaign was held on Saturday 13 May 2023 at the Martin Place Cenotaph,
 - (b) the following people attended:

- (i) Her Excellency the Honourable Margaret Beazley AC KC, Governor General of NSW,
 - (ii) Yannis Mallikourits, Consul General of Greece,
 - (iii) Bill Dobbie, Consul General of New Zealand,
 - (iv) His Grace Bishop Iakovos of Miletoupolis representing His Eminence Archbishop Makarios of Australia,
 - (v) Chaplain Bob Durban, RSL Lifecare
 - (vi) Lieutenant General Georgios Kiriakou, Hellenic Airforce, Deputy Chief of Defence, Hellenic Defence Forces
 - (vii) Mr Peter Tsigounis, President of the Greek Sub-Branch, Returned Services League of NSW
 - (viii) The choirs of All Saints Grammar, St Euphemia College and St Spyridon College,
 - (ix) The Hon. Sophie Cotsis MP, Minister for Industrial Relations and Minister for Work Health and Safety,
 - (x) The Hon. Steve Kamper MP, Minister for Small Business, Minister for Lands and Property, Minister for Multiculturalism, and Minister for Sport,
 - (xi) The Hon. Jacqui Munro MLC, and
- (c) the event raised awareness and commemorated the relationship between ANZAC soldiers and the local Greek resistance in defence of the island of Crete as part of the broader Allied defence against Nazi Germany.
- (2) That this House acknowledges the more than 34,000 ANZACS who fought in Greece in 1941, with around 3,000 Australian troops left on the island of Crete to become prisoners of war under German occupation, and 594 Australian soldiers losing their lives in the battles.
- (3) That this House recognises the ongoing work of the Greek community, including James Jordan, Nick Andriotakis and Liz Kaydos of the Joint Committee for the Commemoration of the Anniversary of the Battle for Crete and the Greek Campaign, to honour the partnership between Australian soldiers and Greek citizens and soldiers forged during World War Two in defence of shared values of democracy and freedom.

(Notice given 27 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 32)

223. Mr Buttigieg to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) the Minister for Work Health and Safety and Minister for Industrial Relations Sophie Cotsis recently announced that the Minns Government has intervened to prevent an average increase to workers compensation premiums by over 20 per cent,
 - (b) the spectre of an over 20 per cent average increase in workers compensation premiums for businesses came about as a consequence of the negligent management of the workers' compensation scheme by the former Liberal National Government which left the scheme chronically underfunded, and
 - (c) an increase in workers compensation premiums by an average of over 20 per cent would have seriously impacted small businesses in New South Wales, especially considering the rising cost of living.
- (2) That this House acknowledges the Minns Government and Minister Cotsis for intervening to prevent an over 20 per cent average increase to workers compensation premiums.

(Notice given 27 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 32)

224. Mr Buttigieg to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) retail workers provide an essential service to the public,
 - (b) during the COVID-19 pandemic, abuse directed toward retail workers intensified, including them being sworn at, spat at, coughed on, threatened, and physically harmed,
 - (c) all workers deserve a safe and secure workplace,
 - (d) the Shop, Distributive and Allied Employees' Association and Secretary Bernie Smith have been campaigning tirelessly on behalf of their members since 2017 on this issue and have been crucial in raising awareness about the need to take action,
 - (e) the New South Wales Minns Labor Government under Minister for Work Health and Safety and Minister for Industrial Relations The Hon. Sophie Cotsis MP and the Attorney General The Hon. Michael Daley MP have acted on this workplace abuse of retail workers by introducing legislation that will deter perpetrators by establishing stronger penalties, and
 - (f) Business NSW and the Australian Retailers Association support the introduction of these measures.
- (2) That this House acknowledges the importance of providing a safe and secure workplace for retail workers.

(Notice given 27 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 32)

225. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House acknowledges the importance of independent investigative journalism to the integrity of our democratic system.
- (2) That this House notes with concern the threat to press freedom and danger to journalism that was posed by the Ben Roberts-Smith defamation case.
- (3) That this House further notes that although Ben Roberts-Smith was unsuccessful in his case against Nine Entertainment, the silencing of journalism and public criticism of a man charged with war crimes has widespread implications for democracy.
- (4) This House notes that New South Wales has one of the highest instances of defamation claims in the world which:
 - (a) enables powerful people to suppress accountability and investigations of wrongful conduct,
 - (b) only serves to protect the secrets, crimes and corruption of wealthy and powerful figures,
 - (c) poses a threat to our democracy by smothering investigative journalism and public condemnation of actions as severe as war crimes, and
 - (d) permitted Ben Roberts Smith to, "lie to the court", "hide key evidence and provide keywitnesses who were not honest or reliable" in order to silence truth telling of the killing of Ali Jan.
- (5) That this House calls on the Attorney-General to work with his Federal and State and Territory counterparts to urgently reform our defamation laws to ensure that they are not used as a weapon to silence truth-telling and independent investigative journalism.

(Notice given 27 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 32)

226. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House notes that the Joint Select Committee on Coercive Control made 23 unanimous recommendations after a comprehensive Inquiry in June 2021, including that:
 - (a) the Government should respond to the Domestic Violence Death Review Team evidence by criminalising coercive control, however commencement of a criminal offence should not occur without a considerable prior program of education, training and consultation with police, stakeholders and the frontline sector, and following drafting and legislation of such an offence, and prior to commencement, implementation should be assisted through a multiagency taskforce,
 - (b) the Government should propose amendments to the Crimes (Domestic and Personal Violence) Act 2007 to create a clear and accessible definition of domestic abuse, which includes coercive and controlling behaviour, and that this should be done as a priority before criminalising coercive control,
 - (c) the Government gives consideration to establishing an implementation taskforce to manage the introduction of a criminal offence of coercive control, which should consult with stakeholders including NSW Police, victim survivors, the domestic abuse sector, disability advocacy organisations, and representatives of culturally and linguistically diverse, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and LGBTQ communities, and
 - (d) in considering implementation of the coercive control offence, the taskforce should consult with stakeholders on how to optimise implementation via education and training in relation to the elements of the offence, and education and training of the judiciary and legal profession on jury directions to address domestic abuse.
- (2) That this House further notes that:
 - (a) contrary to recommendations of the Joint Select Committee, the Crimes (Domestic and Personal Violence) Act 2007 was not updated to define domestic abuse as including coercive control for the purposes of Apprehended Domestic Violence Orders and civil proceedings prior to the introduction of legislation criminalising coercive control,
 - (b) the Crimes Legislation Amendment (Coercive Control) Bill 2022 Public Consultation Draft was released in July 2022, more than one year after the release of the report published by the Joint Select Committee on Coercive Control and without any public consultation by the former Liberal-National Government on the implementation of the Committee recommendations in the time since,
 - (c) the Public Consultation Draft was open for submissions for six weeks, the deadline for which coincided with deadlines for the Core and Cluster Tranche 2 tender submissions and the Draft NSW Sexual Violence Plan 2022-2027 consultation, all of which are of significant importance to similar stakeholders within the sexual, domestic and family violence sector,
 - (d) the Crimes Legislation Amendment (Coercive Control) Bill 2022 was introduced to Parliament with significant substantive changes to the Public Consultation Draft, but no opportunity for further feedback was provided to stakeholders before its introduction,
 - (e) the Crimes Legislation Amendment (Coercive Control) Bill 2022 was introduced to Parliament on 12 October 2022, only three months after the Public Consultation Draft was released and with eleven sitting days scheduled before prorogation for the 2023 State Election, and

- (f) the Crimes Legislation Amendment (Coercive Control) Bill 2022 as it was introduced was opposed by the majority of stakeholders and domestic and family violence sector experts that lobbied for the criminalisation of coercive control.
- (3) That this House further notes that, due to a number of factors including the short consultation timeline and limited consultation with all stakeholders, some stakeholders held significant concerns about the Crimes Legislation Amendment (Coercive Control) Bill 2022 at the time of its introduction, the majority of which were not remedied before its passage through Parliament.
- (4) That this House recognises that the Coercive Control Implementation and Evaluation Taskforce established by the Crimes Legislation Amendment (Coercive Control) Act 2022 (the Act), and its reference groups, have a crucial role in ensuring that training, education and resourcing of the NSW Police Force, justice system, domestic and family violence service delivery sector and other groups is completed to a high standard that will allow the safe and effective commencement of the coercive control offence.
- (5) That this House further notes that domestic, sexual and family violence sector stakeholders hold concerns about the ability of the Taskforce and its reference groups to ensure complete and comprehensive training, education and resourcing in the time permitted by the scheduled commencement of the Act.
- (6) That this House calls on the Attorney-General and Minister for the Prevention of Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault to delay the commencement of Schedule 1 (other than Schedule 1[1] to the extent it inserts section 54I), 2[3] and [5] of the Act until no earlier than 1 February 2025, in consultation with the Coercive Control Implementation and Evaluation Taskforce, its reference groups and domestic, sexual and family violence sector stakeholders.

(Notice given 27 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 32)

227. Mrs Maclaren-Jones to move—

That this House:

- (a) recognises the significance of Homelessness Week, an annual nationwide event held on Monday 7 August to Sunday 13 August 2023, aimed at raising awareness about homelessness and advocating for effective solutions,
- (b) acknowledges and commends the Liberal and Nationals Government for introducing the Homelessness Strategy and Housing First approach, which exemplifies a pioneering, coordinated, integrated and collaborative approach to addressing homelessness,
- (c) notes the introduction of the Together Home program by the Liberal and Nationals Government and its success in providing safe and stable housing and wraparound support for individuals experiencing homelessness,
- (d) expresses deep concern over the prevailing uncertainty surrounding the continuation and long-term funding of the Together Home program under the Labor Government,
- (e) calls on the Labor Government:
 - (i) to wholeheartedly embrace a Housing First approach as an effective strategy to combat homelessness, ensuring that housing is considered a basic human right and a fundamental foundation for individuals to access support services,
 - (ii) to allocate additional resources and funding to support service providers and evidence-based initiatives, such as the Together Home program, that focus on prevention, early intervention, and providing long-term housing solutions for individuals and families experiencing homelessness,

- (iii) for regular reporting and evaluation of the progress made in reducing homelessness in New South Wales, including improving transparency in data collection, ensuring accountability, and informing evidence-based policy decisions, and
- (f) appeals to the Labor Government to work in partnership with relevant stakeholders, including non-government organisations, community groups, and experts in the field, to develop a comprehensive and sustainable plan for addressing homelessness in New South Wales.

(Notice given 29 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 34)

228. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Doctors for the Environment Australia hosted their “Healthy State, Healthy People Forum” in Parliament on 20 June 2023 and called for no new clearing of native forests by 2024,
 - (b) the forum had various doctors speaking about:
 - (i) healthcare sustainability,
 - (ii) air pollution and home electrification,
 - (iii) the health benefits of trees, and
 - (c) the World Wildlife Fund has partnered with Doctors for the Environment Australia to prepare the report “Trees: the forgotten heroes for our health” that highlighted 10 critical ways in which trees and biodiversity have a positive impact on human health, including that trees:
 - (i) improve our air quality,
 - (ii) are rainmakers,
 - (iii) house our pollinators,
 - (iv) are good for our mood,
 - (v) aid healthy development in children,
 - (vi) help curb climate change,
 - (vii) encourage physical activity outdoors,
 - (viii) cool our communities,
 - (ix) provide connection to country,
 - (x) help provide safe, clean water.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to adopt the the proposals made at the forum, which were:
 - (a) 80 per cent emission reduction by 2030 and net-zero by 2040,
 - (b) expanding the activities of the Climate and Net Zero Unit,
 - (c) no gas connections to new building developments from 2024,
 - (d) increased funding for electrification of the home, and
 - (e) no new clearing of native forests from 2024.

(Notice given 29 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 34)

229. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:

- (a) there is no statutory requirement for NSW Police to investigate reports, even of the most serious of crimes,
 - (b) “Change the Law: Make Police Investigate Child Sexual Assault” is a change.org petition started by survivor and advocate Karen Iles that has received 44,513 signatures, and
 - (c) the petition calls for a statutory requirement for police to investigate cases of aggravated child sexual assault and other serious crimes.
- (2) That this House notes that Karen Iles is hosting a roundtable in Parliament today with members of all sides of politics, building support for reforms that will ensure victims and survivors of aggravated child sexual assault and other serious crimes have access to justice.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to:
- (a) acknowledge Karen Iles’ petition, and
 - (b) support Karen Iles’ calls for reforms.

(Notice given 29 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 34)

230. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) during the COVID-19 pandemic, Victorian prison inmates were subject to harsher conditions that saw many confined to their cells for 24-hours-a-day and placed in 14-day quarantine regardless of infection risk,
 - (b) the COVID-19 pandemic saw harsher conditions for inmates in New South Wales prisons, such as restrictions to inmate visitation that continued for months after the rest of New South Wales removed restrictions on social gatherings, and
 - (c) in 2020, Victoria announced prison inmates would receive a reduction to their sentences to compensate for the harsher restrictions under the emergency management days they were subject to.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to work with Corrective Services NSW to investigate the impact of COVID-19 on New South Wales prison inmates and the appropriate applicability of emergency management days to the reduction of inmate sentences.

(Notice given 29 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 34)

232. Ms Faehrmann to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Petroleum (Offshore) Act 1982, the Offshore Minerals Act 1999 and other legislation to prohibit the granting of development consent and the granting of permits and licences for the purposes of seabed petroleum or mineral exploration or recovery or development intended to facilitate seabed petroleum or mineral exploration or recovery.

(Minerals and Petroleum Legislation Amendment (Seabed Mining and Drilling and Associated Development Prohibition) Bill)

(Notice given 29 June 2023)

233. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the Sydney phase of the Khalistan Referendum, a non-binding referendum intended to be a free and open expression of the Sikh community's views, was held on 4 June 2023, with more than 30,000 Sikhs voting under the supervision of the independent Punjab Referendum Commission,
 - (b) in earlier phases, 50,000 Sikhs cast their votes in January in Melbourne and 11,000 Sikhs cast their votes in March in Brisbane, and since October 2021 similar referendums have been held in seven cities in the United Kingdom as well as in Switzerland, Italy and Canada,
 - (c) Sikhs for Justice ultimately booked four different venues for the purpose of holding voting for the referendum, including Blacktown City Council's Stanhope Leisure Centre and the Sydney Masonic Centre, and
 - (d) all four venues cancelled on Sikhs for Justice without consultation, citing security and organisational issues, including Blacktown City Council, whose CEO advised the Sikh community on 12 May 2023 that the council cancelled because the booking "is in conflict with adopted Council policy and due to risks to Council staff, Council assets and members of the public which cannot be practicably mitigated".
- (2) That this House, while not adopting a position on the outcome of the referendum, affirms its commitment to democracy and the right of all members of the community to participate in peaceful democratic processes and calls on the Government to ensure that local councils have the necessary support and policies in place to ensure that such events can occur safely in the future.

(Notice given 29 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 34)

234. Dr Cohn to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) during winter there is an increased likelihood of contracting respiratory infections,
 - (b) in May and June of this year, students were learning from home due to COVID-19 outbreaks among students and staff at Martindale Public School, Orange High School, Yawarra Community School, Kincumber High School, Cammeray Public School, Carenne School, Liverpool Girls High School, Parkes High School, Kemps Creek, Karabar High School, and Five Islands Secondary College,
 - (c) children are particularly vulnerable to risks associated with the transmission of airborne pathogens, with lower vaccination rates and higher asthma prevalence than adults,
 - (d) people are at higher risk of adverse outcomes if they contract a respiratory illness such as COVID-19 and deserve equitable and safe access to schools and public buildings,
 - (e) the spread of respiratory illnesses have significant economic repercussions, with the National Institute of Labour Studies estimating that in an average pre-COVID year, Australia was losing approximately 2 per cent of its Gross Domestic Product to unexpected health-related absences, most of which were caused by respiratory illness, and the Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation calculating that prior to the COVID-19 pandemic, poor indoor air quality was costing Australia an estimated \$12 billion dollars per year, and

- (f) adequate ventilation is a crucial factor in reducing transmission of airborne pathogens indoors.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to:
- (a) report on the progress of the installation of ventilation systems in public schools,
 - (b) commit to ensuring that all public schools receive permanent remediation works for ventilation, and
 - (c) extend the rollout of permanent comprehensive ventilation systems and high efficiency particulate air grade filtration systems to all public buildings, including but not limited to health facilities, community centres, public libraries, public transit stations, prisons, remand centres and sporting facilities.

(Notice given 29 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 34)

239. Mr Borsak to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) today Scouts NSW recognises the commitment to scouting in this state by awarding Adult Recognition Awards (ARA),
 - (b) the awards are for eminent achievement and exceptional service to Scouts Australia by an adult member in an active leadership role, over a long period, in a number of roles at various levels within the organisation, or for a unique and highly valued contribution to the wellbeing of Scouting,
 - (c) 288 adult members and supporters of Scouts NSW have been honoured today in the Scouts Australia Adult Recognition Awards as part of the Scout Association's observance of the founding of Scouting at the first Scout Camp held at Brownsea Island in the United Kingdom on 1 August 1907.
- (2) That this House acknowledges the contribution and invaluable role played by this year's ARA recipients and all volunteers and supporters of Scouts NSW.
- (3) That this House notes:
- (a) the lifetime contribution and loss to Scouts in Australia and world-wide, with Lord Michael Baden-Powell's passing on 3 July 2023,
 - (b) that Michael's commitment to Scouting was reflected in his role as a scout leader in the United Kingdom before migrating to Australia, where he continued his service in key positions within the Victorian Scout Branch, and
 - (c) many people within and outside of the Scouting movement mourn the loss of Lord Michael Baden-Powell, including the Honourable Robert Borsak and his wife who were fortunate to befriend and host Michael and his wife Joan on several occasions.
- (4) That this House acknowledges:
- (a) the loss of Lord Michael Baden-Powell and extends its' deepest sympathies to his family,
 - (b) the impact of Michael's contributions at the grassroots level, which will forever be cherished,

- (c) Michael's unwavering love for attending Scouting events and engaging directly with Scout Groups during Section nights or special occasions which embodied the very essence of Scouting,
- (d) Michael's dedication to making a difference in the lives of young people, which will be remembered as a guiding light for generations to come, and
- (e) that Michael's legacy will continue to inspire Scouts NSW as it carries forth his vision, embraces the values of Scouting and empowers young individuals to become responsible and capable members of society.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

242. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Big W recently removed from its shelves all physical copies of the book entitled "Welcome to Sex" by Dr Melissa Kang and Yumi Stynes, supposedly after reports of employees being abused in stores,
 - (b) the book "Welcome to Sex" was written by experts in the field of sex education and was informed by 20 years of consultation with adolescents, including comprehensive interviews with young people and direct engagement with the magazine column entitled "Dolly Doctor" published in Girlfriend Magazine,
 - (c) comprehensive and informed sex education that begins during early childhood and continues throughout life is vital for encouraging healthy, safe and consenting sexual behaviours amongst young people and adolescents and increasing adolescents' confidence and ability to make informed decisions, and
 - (d) the argument by conservative groups and individuals that categorises the book as "grooming" is not only factually incorrect but also waters down the reality of grooming and invalidates the experiences of victim-survivors.
- (2) That this House:
 - (a) calls on Big W to immediately reverse its decision and put the book "Welcome to Sex" back on its shelves,
 - (b) calls on all retailers to ensure a safe working environment for their employees by utilising existing laws and rights to refuse entry to any person who is abusive or disrespectful, and
 - (c) re-affirms support for comprehensive, healthy and informed sex education that is available and accessible for all young people, adolescents, educators, parents and carers.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

244. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House notes that, based on 2021-2022 financial year figures:
 - (a) New South Wales' coal-fired power stations emitted over 42 million tonnes of greenhouse gases, or around 36 per cent of the State's total greenhouse gas emissions,

- (b) noting the recent closure of Liddell power station, Vales Point had the highest emissions intensity of the remaining coal-fired power stations in New South Wales (0.94 tCo₂/MWh), followed by Bayswater (0.89 tCo₂/MWh), then Eraring (0.88 tCo₂/MWh) and finally Mount Piper (0.80),
 - (c) in terms of energy generation, Bayswater provided 14,861,932 MWh, Eraring 12,011,901, Vales Point 6,728,193 and Mount Piper 5,475,212, and
 - (d) it is estimated that Bayswater has around 480 employees, Eraring around 460, and Vales Point and Mount Piper each around 250.
- (2) That this House acknowledges that:
- (a) to move away from our reliance on coal and coal-fired power in an equitable and economically responsible way, we will need a well-managed transition plan driven by workers and communities, not left to the whims of big business,
 - (b) on 11 May 2023 this House passed a motion committing to the establishment of a New South Wales energy transition authority,
 - (c) a New South Wales energy transition authority is urgently needed to step in and establish a schedule of coal-fired power station closures that takes into account the needs of the workforce and impacted communities, the amount of energy production and the rate at which demand can be filled with other energy sources and the degree of emissions and other pollution each power station is responsible for, and
 - (d) as the New South Wales Government is ultimately responsible for the clean up of each of these power station sites, including the minimisation and remediation of harm inflicted to the environment and surrounding communities, it should ensure that the current owners of these power stations contribute to the cost of that clean up.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to urgently establish a New South Wales energy transition authority and provide certainty for workers and industry by taking all steps necessary to mandate scheduled closure dates for the state's remaining coal-fired power stations.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

245. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) energy provision is an essential public service which has been predominantly privatised in New South Wales,
 - (b) wealthier people are able to access cheaper energy sources more easily than people on lower incomes,
 - (c) the wholesale price of gas tripled last year, forcing more and more people into energy poverty,
 - (d) there are currently around 1.5 million homes in New South Wales using gas, or with a gas connection, and another 35,000 are being added every year,
 - (e) gas is a fossil fuel, and one of the leading causes of the climate crisis, and the best way to reduce the climate impact of households is for them to go all electric,
 - (f) in addition to being expensive and polluting, gas is also unhealthy with research showing that using gas in our homes causes up to 12 per cent of childhood asthma, and

- (g) making the switch from gas to electric will immediately benefit households by delivering cost of living relief from energy bills and price shocks.
- (2) That this House notes that the:
- (a) Victorian Premier, Daniel Andrews, last week announced gas connections would be banned in new homes and government buildings built from next year, and
 - (b) electrifying a household is estimated to save \$1,000 on the average annual energy bill, or \$2,200 for a household with solar installed, while also reducing emissions.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to commence the electrification of New South Wales homes by banning new residential gas connections by 1 July 2024.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

255. Mr Farraway to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) Manildra Group is a diverse agribusiness bringing the finest Australian food and industrial products to the world, and
 - (b) Manildra Group commenced operations in 1952 with the purchase of a flour mill in Manildra, in the Central West of New South Wales to supply bakeries in regional New South Wales and suburban Sydney.
- (2) That this House acknowledges that:
- (a) the Manildra Group employs over 350 people in the Central West of New South Wales,
 - (b) the Manildra Group employs over 1,000 people nationally, with most of those jobs based in regional NSW, and
 - (c) the Manildra Group works closely with more than 5,000 farmers across the country supporting our national agriculture industry.
- (3) That this House congratulates Mr Dick Honan and the Honan family on celebrating over 70 years in business and investing into regional New South Wales by creating regionally based jobs right across the state.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

258. Ms Suvaal to move—

That this House:

- (a) notes that the NSW Farmers Conference was held from 18 to 20 July 2023 at Rosehill Racecourse, with a focus on "Feeding the Future",
- (b) acknowledges the speeches made by Premier Chris Minns MP and Minister for Agriculture, Minister for Regional New South Wales, and Minister for Western New South Wales, Tara Moriarty, at NSW Farmers Conference, which affirmed the Government's commitment to supporting farmers across New South Wales,

- (c) welcomes the commitment by Premier Minns of \$13 million to tackle the rise in feral pig populations across the state, and
- (d) thanks NSW Farmers leadership, in particular President Xavier Symons and Chief Executive Officer Peter Arkle for their ongoing advocacy for the farming community in New South Wales.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

260. Mrs MacDonald to move—

- (1) That this House affirms its support for the Youth on Track program helping young people reduce their risk of re-offending or committing more serious crimes.
- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the program works with the young person, their family, non-government organisations, caseworkers and members of Youth Justice NSW, to help young people make better decisions about their life,
 - (b) Youth on Track is an early intervention program that identifies young people aged 10 to 17 who are at risk of long-term involvement in the criminal justice system, and
 - (c) Youth on Track is location specific and operates in locations in Blacktown, the Hunter, the Mid North Coast, the Central West, Coffs Harbour, New England and the Riverina and is funded through the Department of Communities and Justice.
- (3) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the Youth on Track program was introduced by the Coalition Government in 2013 and commenced on 1 July 2013 in Blacktown, Newcastle City and the Mid North Coast Local Area Command, in 2015 expanded to include the Manning Great Lakes, Lake Macquarie, Port Stephens, Mount Druitt and Quakers Hill, and in December 2016 commenced in the Central West, Coffs Harbour and New England, then in 2018 expanded to the Riverina.
 - (b) the key objectives or aims of the Youth on Track program are as follows:
 - (i) to identify young people at risk of continuing in the criminal justice system, in a timely way,
 - (ii) to provide one-on-one case management and evidence-informed interventions targeted to address the individual criminogenic risk factors of the young person,
 - (iii) to provide an evidence-informed family intervention to support the family of young offenders to reduce the young person's contact with police, and
 - (c) since its inception in 2013, Youth on Track has supported over 350 young people, who have had contact with the criminal justice system, a second chance to turn their life around.
- (4) That this House calls on the Government to continue to support and fund the Youth on Track initiative.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

261. Mr Buckingham to move—

- (1) That this House notes:
 - (a) the North Coast region of New South Wales has an alarming number and cluster of unsolved homicides and missing persons cases,
 - (b) that the homicides and disappearances of the following persons, amongst others, remain unsolved:

- (i) Narelle Cox, disappeared from Grafton 1977,
 - (ii) Robyn Hickie, disappeared from Belmont 1979,
 - (iii) Amanda Robinson, disappeared from Swansea 1979,
 - (iv) Anneke Adriansen and Alan Fox, disappeared from Kempsey 1979,
 - (v) Lewis ‘Buddy’ Kelly, murdered in Kempsey 1983,
 - (vi) Hilda Clarke, disappeared from Coffs Harbour 1986,
 - (vii) Susan Isenhood, murdered in Taree 1986,
 - (viii) Lesley Waterhouse, murdered in Port Macquarie 1986,
 - (ix) Helen Madden, disappeared from Nambucca Heads 1988,
 - (x) Susan Kiely, disappeared from Bellingen 1989,
 - (xi) Evelyn Greenup, murdered in Bowraville 1990,
 - (xii) Colleen Walker-Craig, murdered in Bowraville 1990,
 - (xiii) Clinton Speedy-Deroux, murdered in Bowraville 1991,
 - (xiv) Bronwyn Winfield, disappeared from Lennox Head 1993,
 - (xv) Gordana Kotevski, disappeared from Charlestown 1994,
 - (xvi) Melissa Hunt, murdered in Stockrington 1994,
 - (xvii) Ineka Hinkley, murdered in Bellingen 1996,
 - (xviii) Margaret Cox, murdered in Taree 1996,
 - (xix) Lee Ellen Stace, murdered in Yamba 1997,
 - (xx) Lois Roberts, murdered in Nimbin 1998,
 - (xxi) Lucy MacDonald, disappeared from Lismore 2002,
 - (xxii) Margaret Gall, murdered in Raymond Terrace 2002,
 - (xxiii) Rose Howell, disappeared from Bellingen 2003,
 - (xxiv) Harmony Bryant, murdered in Bonny Hills 2003,
 - (xxv) Kylee-Ann Schaffer, disappeared from Willawarren 2004,
 - (xxvi) Roslyn Reay, murdered in Newcastle 2005,
 - (xxvii) Simone Strobel, murdered in Lismore 2005,
 - (xxviii) Amanda O’Dell, murdered in Kempsey 2006,
 - (xxix) Jasmine Morris, disappeared from Grafton 2009,
 - (xxx) Ellen Wilson, disappeared from Ballina 2015,
- (c) that many of the victims were First Nations, from lower socioeconomic backgrounds, and women,
 - (d) that in many of these crimes there is a similar modus operandi of the perpetrator or perpetrators,
 - (e) that despite investigating, and NSW Police publicly speculating that some of these cases may be linked, there has never been a NSW Police Taskforce established to investigate these cases collectively,
 - (f) representatives of the NSW Police Association have publicly stated that lack of funding for homicide investigations in northern New South Wales had seriously impeded homicide cases being solved, and
 - (g) NSW Deputy Coroner Carl Milovanovich stated that investigations into the death of Lee Ellen Stace took “an inordinate time” and that in future homicide investigations “resourcing was paramount”.
- (2) That this House supports the calls from families, friends and communities impacted by these egregious crimes for resourcing and an ongoing commitment from the Government to ensure that the truth is established, and justice is served in these matters.
 - (3) That this House calls on the Premier and Government to:
 - (a) take the necessary action to cause a special commission of inquiry to be established into the unsolved homicides and disappearances of persons from northern New South Wales in the period from 1975 to the present,

- (b) substantially increase all rewards for information that leads to a resolution or conviction in relation to these matters, and
- (c) task the NSW Police State Crime Command and Unsolved Homicide Unit (UHU) with establishing a dedicated strike force to re-investigate these matters holistically.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

264. Mr Buckingham to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) on 1 July 2023 Australia became the first jurisdiction in the world to down-schedule MDMA and psilocybin, thus making them available for clinical treatments,
 - (b) these treatments offer exciting breakthroughs in the treatment of post-traumatic stress disorder and severe depression,
 - (c) these mental health issues affect an estimated two million Australians and have been notoriously difficult to manage with existing treatments,
 - (d) the move has been welcomed by Professor David Nutt, Head of Neuropsychopharmacology at Imperial College, who called it 'a landmark day for the tens of thousands of Australian families who are blighted by depression and post-traumatic stress disorder as they will have access to powerful new treatments with unique mechanisms of action', and
 - (e) this welcome move by the Therapeutic Goods Authority marks a further step towards the decriminalisation of drugs for medicinal purposes and the end to the irrational and highly damaging so-called 'war on drugs'.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to fund training courses for health care providers so those living with severe depression or post-traumatic stress disorder can avail themselves of these powerful new treatments.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

265. Mr Buttigieg to move—

- (1) That this House notes that the Minns Labor Government is working to address the critical recruitment and retention issues in New South Wales' essential public services by offering public sector workers the highest wage increase they have received in over ten years, including a 4 per cent increase in salary and a 0.5 per cent increase in superannuation, while an Industrial Relations Taskforce considers a long-term approach to wage growth, with recommendations due at the end of the year.
- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) on 19 July 2023, the Public Service Association accepted the Government's wage offer of a 4 per cent increase in salary and a 0.5 per cent increase in superannuation to be back paid to 1 July 2023, which means that over 80,000 public sector workers, including Rural Fire Service workers, State Emergency Service workers, Service NSW workers, child protection workers, case workers, school support staff, prison officers, park rangers and public servants, will receive their biggest pay rise in more than ten years, and

- (b) on 12 July 2023, Minister for Industrial Relations and Minister for Work Health and Safety, the Honourable Sophie Cotsis MP, announced the terms of reference for the Industrial Relations Taskforce, involving consideration of the:
 - (i) method to create a more consultative bargaining and negotiation process in the Industrial Relations Act 1996, allowing for genuine discussion between workers and workers' representatives with Government agencies regarding wages and ways to identify savings and productivity gains in exchange for salary increases,
 - (ii) functionality and effectiveness of the Industrial Relations Commission in resolving workplace disputes.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

268. Ms Merton to move—

- (1) That this House calls on local councils to act and operate impartially regarding the expenditure of monies and resources in the upcoming Voice to Parliament referendum.
- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) residents and ratepayers hold a diverse array of views in relation to the referendum,
 - (b) several local councils have moved to support the 'Yes' case and many have committed ratepayer monies and resources to the 'Yes' campaign, and
 - (c) many local councils have, or intend to run, municipal 'information sessions' with only the 'Yes' case for constitutional change being promoted.
- (3) That this House further notes that these one-sided local government 'information sessions' are biased and lack objectivity, given the absence of the 'No' case for constitutional change.
- (4) That this House calls on local councils to ensure that any ratepayer monies used for the Voice referendum are expended in a responsible, transparent, fair and equitable manner, noting that their residents and ratepayers hold opinions both in favour of and against the proposed constitutional change.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

***269. Forestry Amendment (Timber Harvesting Safety Zones) Bill 2023:** resumption of the adjourned debate of the question on the motion of Mr Banasiak: That this bill be now read a second time (5 calendar days from 2 August 2023)—Mr Nanva. (20 minutes)

271. Mr Lawrence to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the Government's Native Fish Stocking Program, located at the Narrandera Fisheries Centre, aims to regenerate populations of native fish impacted by environmental changes, and
 - (b) the Narrandera Fisheries Centre is a world-class fisheries research and aquaculture facility that can produce native fingerlings, species including Murray Cod, Trout Cod, Golden Perch and Silver Perch.
- (2) That this House acknowledges the success of the Native Fish Stocking Program, that has bred and released a record 1.28 million Murray Cod into dams and waterways across New South Wales over the last year.

- (3) That this House commends the Minns Labor Government for its commitment to securing the future of our native fish.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

272. Ms Mihailuk to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) the Anti-Discrimination Act 1977 provides broad protections from discrimination to individuals on the grounds of various personal attributes, including race, sex, disability, age, marital or domestic status, homosexuality, transgender status, and carer responsibilities,
 - (b) the Act does not make discrimination on the grounds of religious belief or activity unlawful,
 - (c) other than South Australia, New South Wales is the only state that does not include religious belief or activity as a protected ground from discrimination,
 - (d) over two years have passed since the report of the Joint Select Committee on the Anti-Discrimination Amendment (Religious Freedoms and Equality) Bill 2020 was finalised,
 - (e) the Committee's inquiry was extensive, receiving 192 submissions and undertaking four days of public hearings,
 - (f) the report made a number of findings, including Finding 3 that 68.1 per cent of respondents to its survey of 19,403 responses were supportive of a bill to protect individuals from discrimination on the grounds of religious beliefs or activities,
 - (g) the report made a number of recommendations, including that the NSW Government introduce a bill to make religious discrimination on the grounds of religious belief or activity unlawful under the Anti-Discrimination Act,
 - (h) recommendation 4 further provided that this amendment to the Act should be made without delay, notwithstanding the recommendation to undertake a broad-based review of the Anti-Discrimination Act as a whole, under which consideration could be made to adding further protections against religious vilification,
 - (i) the former Attorney-General responded to the Select Committee's Report in September 2021 on behalf of the NSW Government, indicating that the Government would defer amending the Anti-Discrimination Act until the Federal Government passed its own Religious Discrimination Bill 2019,
 - (j) the Federal Religious Discrimination Bill 2019 included s 60, which in effect expressed the intention for the Federal legislation not to impede the operation of any State laws, nor 'cover the field' in relation to s 109 of the Constitution,
 - (k) five years have passed since the Religious Freedom Review Expert Panel submitted its report to the Federal Government, which included recommendation 16 that:

"New South Wales and South Australia should amend their antidiscrimination laws to render it unlawful to discriminate on the basis of a person's 'religious belief or activity' including on the basis that a person does not hold any religious belief. In doing so, consideration should be given to providing for the appropriate exceptions and exemptions, including for religious bodies, religious schools and charities."
- (1) the Religious Discrimination Bill 2019 failed to pass Federal Parliament before the end of the former Federal Government's term, and

- (m) the NSW Government has not advanced any bill to amend the Anti-Discrimination Act to protect individuals from discrimination on the grounds of religious belief or activity.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to urgently implement recommendation 16 of the Religious Freedom Review Expert Panel, and recommendation 1 of the Joint Select Committee report, to protect individuals in New South Wales from discrimination on the grounds of religious belief or activity without further delay.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

274. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the Secretary General of the United Nations has declared that the era of global warming has ended and the era of global boiling has arrived,
 - (b) we are in a global climate crisis, characterised by rising global temperatures, extreme weather events, and the loss of precious ecosystems,
 - (c) methane, the primary component of natural gas, is a greenhouse gas with a significantly higher global warming potential than carbon dioxide over a short time frame,
 - (d) methane leaks during gas extraction, transportation and distribution can result in substantial fugitive emissions—a Brown University study recently found that a leakage rate of just 0.2 per cent is on par with coal,
 - (e) investing in gas infrastructure as a transition fuel can create a lock-in effect, hindering the transition to renewable energy and undermining efforts to achieve a net zero target, and
 - (f) the approval of any gas project or associated infrastructure in New South Wales is a huge and irresponsible step toward climate disaster.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to:
 - (a) rule out the approval of any new gas projects or associated infrastructure, including the Hunter Gas Pipeline,
 - (b) keep coal and gas in the ground and ensure the end of coal and gas by 2030 at the latest,
 - (c) commit to a net zero target by 2035, and
 - (d) establish a roadmap to guide us to net zero and take urgent, proactive steps to deliver it.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

275. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House recognises:
 - (a) the likely potential for global civilisation and environmental collapse if average temperatures continue to rise at unprecedented rates,
 - (b) the burning of exported fossil fuels like coal that are mined in Australia are among the leading drivers of the warming climate and restrict investment in lower emissions technologies here and around the world,

- (c) New South Wales exported:
 - (i) 115 million tonnes of coal in 2011,
 - (ii) 162 million tonnes of coal in 2020,
 - (iii) 164 million tonnes of coal in 2021, an increase of 30 per cent over 10 years, and
 - (d) New South Wales is responsible for 45 per cent of the annual coal exports in Australia and is in a unique position to significantly impact the amount of carbon dioxide that is changing the global climate.
- (2) That this House notes that:
- (a) unlike other jurisdictions in Australia and internationally, New South Wales lacks an effective, whole-of-government legal framework for responding to climate change,
 - (b) although the NSW Government has a Minister for Climate Change, there is no Climate Change Act that can respond to the rapidly expanding range of climate change issues that are faced by residents of New South Wales, and
 - (c) there is no dedicated Climate Change Division within the Premiers' Department to ensure that responses to climate change are coordinated.
- (3) That this House notes that:
- (a) the New South Wales planning system has a key role to play in:
 - (i) mitigating climate change through reducing contributions to greenhouse gas emissions,
 - (ii) adapting to and planning to live with the impacts of climate change we are already experiencing and which are projected for the future,
 - (b) the NSW Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 fails to comprehensively incorporate climate change considerations into planning and development processes, and
 - (c) there is a clear need for root and branch reforms to the planning system that recognise, mitigate and adapt to the era of climate change.
- (4) That this House calls on the Government to:
- (a) introduce a Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation Act to:
 - (i) set binding ambitious targets and ongoing obligations as duties for all ministers,
 - (ii) mobilise a whole-of-government obligation to ensure that the Government is meeting its duty of care to the residents of New South Wales, and
 - (b) introduce a bill to amend the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act that will create a duty to consider all impacts and carbon equivalent emissions from any project and to refuse any project that cannot be operated in a carbon neutral manner.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

276. Mr Nanva to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) the festival sector has dealt with hardship over recent years, with COVID-19 hitting the ecosystem of professionals whose livelihoods are directly tied to live music particularly hard,
 - (b) Splendour in the Grass was held on Friday 21 July 2023 to Sunday 24 July 2023 in Byron Bay, and the festival industry is bouncing back, and

- (c) music festivals make an important economic and cultural contribution to New South Wales.
- (2) That this House recognises that at Splendour in the Grass, the Australian Festival Association (AFA) announced a new partnership with youth music organisation 'The Push' on a new music mentoring program, through which 20 young people will be placed with AFA members over the next three years, giving young people the opportunity to participate and thrive in Australian music.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

277. Mr Nanva to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) Monday 7 August 2023 marks the start of Landcare Week, and this week celebrates the achievements of landcare volunteers across Australia, and
- (b) the 2023 theme of Landcare Week is to "be inspired, be empowered and be a landcarer".
- (2) That this House thanks the 60,000 Landcare volunteers across 2,400 registered groups in New South Wales for the work that they do to support the state's natural environment, agricultural lands, and rural and regional communities.
- (3) That this House affirms the Government's continued partnership with Landcare with a commitment of \$59 million over four years to Landcare programs.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

278. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) there have been longstanding concerns about the methodology used to estimate brumby populations in Kosciuszko National Park,
- (b) a new report prepared by independent biostatistician, Claire Galea, has found there are significant flaws in the survey methodology being used to count the number of brumbies, and that insufficient numbers of brumbies were sighted in previous surveys to apply statistical modelling techniques to accurately estimate the brumby population,
- (c) to give just one example of the problems with the methodology, Ms Galea describes a scenario where there were insufficient horses seen in the raw count, so the number of horses sighted in both the years 2014 and 2019 were simply added together,
- (d) these population modelling techniques have often resulted in implausible population increases and other statistical anomalies—for example, in 2019, the overall number of wild horses seen in North Kosciuszko was 1,374 yet the population estimate was 15,687, over 1,000 per cent higher than the actual number of horses seen,
- (e) these flawed population modelling techniques are also used to estimate kangaroo numbers in New South Wales, and came under intense scrutiny by Labor and other MPs during the inquiry into the health and wellbeing of kangaroos and other macropods in New South Wales, which found that the methodology was not transparent and needed to be reviewed by an independent body,
- (f) in addition to the report by Ms Claire Galea, an independent count of brumbies in the Park was conducted in early 2023—the count covered the same 15 areas surveyed by National

Parks and Wildlife Service helicopters, but found only 653 horses—less than one third of the 2,018 horses found by NPWS in 2021,

- (g) these reports and inquiry findings reaffirm what local brumby advocates and residents have been saying for many years—there is simply not the number of brumbies in Kosciuszko National Park that has been claimed, and that other sources of damage—including the climate emergency and overdevelopment—are being ignored, and
 - (h) in light of the mounting evidence, it is imperative that the Government stop any killing and trapping of brumbies in Kosciuszko National Park, and conduct an independent review of the methods used to survey and estimate brumby populations, including the publication of photo or video images to validate any raw counts.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to immediately cease killing and trapping of brumbies in Kosciuszko National Park, and urgently conduct an independent review of the methods used to survey and estimate brumby populations.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

279. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that the:
- (a) CEO of Greyhound Racing NSW has been referred to the Independent Commission Against Corruption and the NSW Ombudsman, to investigate complaints regarding internal governance operations of the industry racing body,
 - (b) complaints were brought forward by a former executive of Greyhound Racing NSW, who had direct exposure to and experience of the operations and culture of the industry body,
 - (c) concerns detailed extensive and serious conflicts of interest within the racing body, and a very negative workplace culture that saw a mass departure of senior executives, directors and staff, and
 - (d) general culture and lack of transparency of the racing body exposed in the ICAC complaint is characteristic of the greyhound racing industry in New South Wales, which has been plagued with constant criticism for failing basic animal welfare standards, exposés of illegal activity and public outcry against the industry’s treatment of animals as so-called wastage.
- (2) That this House calls on the NSW Government to acknowledge that the recurring problems with the industry cannot be fixed by regulation, and that the time is long past due to ban greyhound racing.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

280. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) on Saturday, 29 July 2023, protestors gathered to protest the cruel treatment of kangaroos outside the Adidas Flagship Store in Sydney,
 - (b) Adidas is one of the world’s biggest purchasers of kangaroo skin, which it uses to make football boots,

- (c) protestors came together to raise awareness of the inherent cruelty behind the use of kangaroo skin and celebrated the commitments of Nike and Puma to stop using kangaroo-leather,
 - (d) the commercial kangaroo killing industry in Australia has been the subject of decades of recurring scrutiny and criticism regarding animal cruelty and misleading projections for kangaroo populations,
 - (e) kangaroos suffer shocking treatment in the commercial industry, with overwhelming evidence of slow and painful deaths that fail basic animal welfare standards,
 - (f) joeys are treated as ‘collateral damage’ in the industry, often killed by blunt force trauma or left to die from exposure or predation,
 - (g) in light of these concerns, numerous other non-sporting brands have also committed to a future without kangaroo-leather, including Versace, Prada, Chanel, H&M and Paul Smith, and there is mounting pressure in the US and the EU to ban the import of kangaroo products from Australia, and
 - (h) bashing joey’s heads in is a terrible price to pay for a pair of shoes.
- (2) That this House calls on the NSW Government to acknowledge the unacceptable cruelty in the commercial kangaroo killing industry, ban the use of kangaroo skin in commercial products and take urgent steps to properly protect our native animals.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

281. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) on 20 July 2023, the last remaining dolphinarium in New South Wales, Dolphin Marine Conservation Park, announced it had entered voluntary administration,
 - (b) the decline of this dolphinarium is reflective of widespread public concern and rejection of breeding and keeping wild animals in captivity to perform circus-style tricks,
 - (c) in 2021, in recognition of this public shift, the Liberal-National government introduced regulations which outlawed the breeding and importation of cetaceans for entertainment, ensuring that no new dolphinariums can set up in New South Wales, and no further dolphins could be born into a life of captivity,
 - (d) there are serious concerns about the fate of the animals remaining at Dolphin Marine Conservation Park, including the three remaining dolphins: Bella, Zippy and Jet,
 - (e) bottlenose dolphins are not endangered, and these dolphins were not rescued or rehabilitated from the wild—rather, they were born in captivity and have been forced to live in small, chlorinated pools and perform circus style tricks, despite overwhelming evidence that good welfare cannot be achieved for dolphins in captivity,
 - (f) animal protection advocates have long raised concern about the lack of investment in viable retirement plans for animals in this declining industry, such as building a sea sanctuary, leaving the animals at Dolphin Marine Conservation Park with very limited options to be rehomed, and

- (g) there is an urgent need for the NSW Government to invest in a sea sanctuary that can be used for genuine rescue, rehabilitation and release of injured and retired animals, rather than allowing this work to be left to dolphinariums like Dolphin Marine Conservation Park.
- (2) That this House calls on the NSW Government to commence work to build a sea sanctuary, and fund its ongoing operation as a genuine rescue and rehabilitation location for wild and retired marine animals.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

282. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) on 14 July 2023, an independent report was released on the operation of the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority (APVMA),
 - (b) the report contained some damning findings about the state of the APVMA, including poor governance, workplace culture and leadership, high staff turnover and an unacceptably high number of workplace complaints,
 - (c) most concerningly, the report found regulatory capture within the APVMA, including close relationships and alignment with industry interests, and a lack of enforcement and regulatory action against industry,
 - (d) these findings should be of deep concern to the NSW Government, as our state departments and agencies rely on the advice and approvals of the APVMA in relation to the use of many dangerous chemicals,
 - (e) one of these chemicals is 1080 poison, a cruel and inhumane poison that continues to be approved in new forms by the APVMA, such as the new automated ‘Felixer grooming device’ which poses a serious risk to all animals, and
 - (f) the APVMA was also responsible for approving the use of Fipronil on bees—a poison banned in the United States, United Kingdom and European Union, which poses a serious threat to native bees, insects and humans, and will make infected hives toxic for up to 3 years, and yet has been allowed in Australia.
- (2) That this House calls on the NSW Government to urgently contact the Federal Government to determine what impact the regulatory capture of the APVMA has had on the approval of dangerous poisons chemicals and seek independent advice as to whether these chemicals should continue to be allowed to be used in New South Wales.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

284. Ms Hurst to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 21 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents created since 1 July 2021 in the possession, custody or control of the Department of Regional NSW or Minister for Agriculture, Minister for Regional New South Wales, and Minister for Western New South Wales relating to community sentiment polling about the NSW Shark Management Program or Strategy:

- (a) all documents, including any reports or draft reports, regarding the findings, outcomes or recommendations of any community surveys or public polling conducted since July 2021 regarding the NSW Shark Management Program or Strategy, and

- (b) any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

285. Ms Hurst to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 21 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents, created since 1 May 2023, in the possession, custody or control of the Department of Planning and Environment, Minister for Local Government or Tweed Shire Council relating to the impoundment of a dog called Buddy at Tweed Shire Council Pound:

- (a) all internal and external correspondence sent or received in relation to Buddy – referenced by name, owner, microchip number 953010006417762 or reference number IMP23/0091,
- (b) all reports, statements and assessments produced or received regarding Buddy’s breed, behaviour or temperament,
- (c) all documents, including decisions by Tweed Shire Council, regarding Buddy’s care, behaviour and euthanasia, and
- (d) any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

286. Ms Faehrmann to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Mining Act 1992 and the Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991 to prohibit the granting of mining authorisations and petroleum titles for the purposes of coal mining and gas drilling and the amendment of existing authorisations and titles to expand mines and gas drilling operations; and for related purposes.

(Mining and Petroleum Legislation Amendment (Prohibition of New Coal Mining and Gas Drilling) Bill)

(Notice given 1 August 2023)

287. Ms Faehrmann to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Gaming Machines Act 2001 to require gaming machines in hotels and clubs to exclusively use cashless gaming cards; to make further provision for other gambling harm reduction measures; and for related purposes.

(Gaming Machines Amendment (Cashless Gaming Cards) Bill)

(Notice given 1 August 2023)

288. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that July 2023 has just been declared the hottest July on record, and further, that:

- (a) Greece is experiencing its worst fires on record, especially on the islands of Rhodes and Corfu, as three successive heatwaves hit the country in the past two weeks where five people have died, including two firefighting pilots,
 - (b) in Italy, firefighters have fought more than 3,200 wildfires in southern Italy, nearly half of them in Sicily and almost 900 in Puglia,
 - (c) in Algeria, 34 people died, including 10 soldiers who were evacuating residents,
 - (d) in Croatia, firefighters worked last week to stop a massive wildfire reaching Dubrovnik,
 - (e) it's a similar story in Spain, Portugal, Turkiye, Tunisia, the United States and Canada too is having its worst wildfire season on record,
 - (f) in Canada, the government of Nova Scotia declared a state of emergency on 22 July 2023 in response to severe flooding when they recorded more than a quarter of a metre of rain in 24 hours, with two children and several adults swept away in floodwaters,
 - (g) in the United States, Graves County in Kentucky set a new record for most rainfall in a 24 hour period, leading to one of 11 flash flood emergencies in as many days in that country, claiming multiple lives including toddlers and babies who were swept away,
 - (h) flash floods and landslides have claimed at least 91 lives in northern India and at least 46 in South Korea, and at least 20,000 people have been displaced due to flooding in China, and
 - (i) in Antarctica, scientists have observed sea ice at an all-time low, following all-time lows in 2016, 2017 and 2022, and the sea ice extent has been unable to recover this winter.
- (2) That this House notes that:
- (a) the International Energy Agency said two years ago that investors should not fund new oil, gas and coal supply projects if the world wants to reach net zero emissions by 2050,
 - (b) last week, Antonio Guterres said that 'all this is entirely consistent with predictions and repeated warnings. The only surprise is the speed of the change. Climate change is here, it is terrifying, and it is just the beginning', and
 - (c) there are currently 8 coal expansions, as well as the Santos Narrabri CSG project, before the Government which, if approved, would be collectively responsible for more than 1.5 billion tonnes of greenhouse gas emissions.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to declare a climate emergency and commit to no new coal and gas mines or extensions in New South Wales.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

289. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
- (a) there are currently more than 500 bus driver vacancies across Sydney for a workforce of about 7,000;
 - (b) New South Wales is currently experiencing higher rates of bus service cancellations since the privatisation of bus services by the former government, and

- (c) under current privatisation agreements, private bus operators are incentivised to cancel late bus services to increase their 'on time' service key performance indicators.
- (2) That this House acknowledges that:
 - (a) the privatisation of bus services has resulted in limited service delivery, higher costs for passengers and worse pay and conditions for bus drivers, and
 - (b) most service cancellations and other service failures are a direct result of the privatisation of bus services by the former government.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to release to the public the detail of all options available to it to put bus services back into public hands and to make public the contracts entered into with private operators to provide bus services to the people of New South Wales.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

290. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) according to the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change, today's concentration of methane in the atmosphere is higher than at any time in the last 800,000 years, and methane has contributed around 30 per cent of observed global warming to date,
 - (b) using the most recent data from the International Energy Agency's Global Methane Tracker, the Institute for Energy Economics and Financial Analysis estimates that in 2022, Australia's coal mines were responsible for about 82 per cent more fugitive methane emissions than official statistics show,
 - (c) in 2019, fugitive emissions were responsible for 15 per cent of all New South Wales' emissions, instead of 8 per cent as officially reported,
 - (d) fugitive emissions could account for up to 20 per cent of all New South Wales' emissions by 2030, and
 - (e) on 23 October 2022, Australia signed the Global Methane Pledge, which aims to reduce global methane emissions across all sectors by at least 30 per cent below 2020 levels by 2030.
- (2) That this House further notes that:
 - (a) the information currently used by the Government to determine fugitive methane emissions are wholly based on data provided by coal, oil and gas companies, and
 - (b) the extent of fugitive emissions from coal and gas mines makes achieving our State's targets of a 50 per cent emissions reduction on 2005 levels by 2030 and net zero emissions by 2050 impossible, unless significantly reined in.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to reassure the people of New South Wales that it will meet its emission reduction targets by:
 - (a) strengthening methane reporting requirements so that they are independently monitored, reported and made public,
 - (b) setting strict timelines for mining companies to reduce their fugitive emissions in line with these targets, and

- (c) committing to not approving any new coal or gas in New South Wales.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

291. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) since August 2020, there have been 23 targeted fatal shootings across Sydney which police believe are linked to the underworld and organised crime,
 - (b) NSW Police have acknowledged that these shootings have been caused by a claim for drug territories,
 - (c) senior police sources have warned that drug busts that do not result in arrests increase the likelihood of violence as criminals take retribution into their own hands,
 - (d) in 2022, the Australian Criminal Intelligence Commission (ACIC) estimated Australians spent \$10.3 billion a year on illegal drugs,
 - (e) in its Illicit Drug Data Report for 2019 to 2029 the ACIC stated that the number of cocaine detections at the Australian border increased 447 per cent over the last decade, from 486 in the 2010/2011 period to 2,660 in the 2019/2020 period, and
 - (f) that same report estimates that around 5.6 tonnes of cocaine was consumed annually in Australia, an increase from the estimated 4.6 tonnes of cocaine consumed in the previous year.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to admit that the war on drugs has been an abject and grossly expensive failure and to put all options on the table for a new health and evidenced-based approach to drugs to reduce harm and save lives.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

292. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) unless a decision is made otherwise, the NSW Shark Meshing Program will commence from 1 September 2023, with nets due to be in place at 51 beaches between Newcastle and Wollongong over the following 8 months,
 - (b) on 29 July 2023, it was reported that the Mayor of Waverley Council has called for "better options" for Bondi Beach than the Shark Meshing Program, while four local councils—Randwick, Northern Beaches, Central Coast and Wollongong—all confirmed they will continue advocating against the use of shark nets at local beaches, and
 - (c) last year's Performance Report for the Government's Shark Meshing Program showed that for the 2021/2022 season, 376 marine animals were caught in shark nets, 234 of which died, including:
 - (i) 149 non-target sharks including 14 critically endangered grey nurse sharks, 5 of which died,
 - (ii) 130 rays including Southern Eagle Rays, Australian Cownose Rays, Black Stingrays, White Spotted Eagle Rays, Smooth Stingrays and a White Spotted Guitarfish,

- (iii) 40 turtles including 19 threatened Green Turtles, 16 Leatherback Turtles and 4 Loggerhead Turtles, the highest of any season since records began, with only 48 per cent of those surviving,
 - (iv) that 80 per cent of shark encounters in Sydney have actually happened at netted beaches.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to end the use of shark nets in New South Wales and invest in non-lethal alternative methods including drone surveillance, 'clever buoys', support for community observer programs, resources for lifeguards with observer towers and increased signage and swim and surfer education programs.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

293. Mrs Taylor to move—

This House notes that:

- (a) this week we acknowledged World Lung Cancer Day on 1 August 2023,
- (b) lung cancer is Australia's biggest cancer killer and each year it takes more lives than breast and prostate cancer combined,
- (c) anyone can get lung cancer as 1 in 5 people living with lung cancer have no smoking history,
- (d) Australians living with lung cancer can at times experience stigma, but they always deserve equitable support and care, and
- (e) in 2025, a targeted National Lung Cancer Screening Program will roll out across Australia - this will save thousands of lives.

(Notice given 2 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 36)

295. Mr Rath to move—

- (1) That this House notes:
- (a) the extensive work and significant achievements of Mr Darren Bark during his two-year tenure as CEO of the NSW Jewish Board of Deputies (NSWJBD),
 - (b) that the Premier, former Premier, Ministers, Opposition leader, Shadow Ministers, members of Parliament, and faith leaders from across Australia have paid tribute to Mr Bark for his tireless work to advance and enhance our cohesive society across New South Wales,
- (2) That this House congratulates Mr Bark for his work which included:
- (a) a state-wide ban on the display of Nazi symbols, leading to the unprecedented charging of three individuals under this new offence,
 - (b) securing bipartisan commitments of \$25 million to enhance the safety and security of communal institutions across all faiths, such as schools, shules and community centres,
 - (c) securing funds to expand the Sydney Jewish Museum,
 - (d) establishing a partnership with the NSW Department of Education to increase and augment Holocaust education in New South Wales schools,

- (e) hosting town hall forums with the Premier and Opposition leader in Parramatta during the election to enable communities to ask questions directly, and arranging this to be broadcast on Sky News,
- (f) launching the NSWJBD online reporting portal for students and their families to report incidents of anti-semitic bullying and securing a commitment from the NSW Labor Party to introduce a religious bullying hotline and reporting portal,
- (g) his instrumental role in establishing the inaugural NSW Religious Communities Advisory Council, fostering greater engagement between faith communities and the government,
- (h) the successful communal commemorations and events organised under the leadership of Mr Bark, including Yom Hashoah and Kristallnacht, and the inaugural NSWJBD Susan and Isaac Wakil Israel Tour,
- (i) strengthening ties between the faith communities and in particular the Jewish community and other faith groups across our state,
- (j) his outstanding advocacy on behalf of the Jewish community in the mainstream media, and
- (k) his negotiations enabling the Jewish community to attend COVID-safe, outdoor shofar blowing services during the 2021 COVID-19 lockdown.

(Notice given 2 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 36)

296. Mrs Maclaren-Jones to move—

- (1) That this House acknowledges and celebrates National Student Volunteer Week 2023 from 7 August 2023 to 13 August 2023.
- (2) That this House commends the efforts and dedication of student volunteers across New South Wales and Australia.
- (3) That this House recognises the importance of promoting volunteering opportunities to students and young people, encouraging their active engagement in community projects and charitable endeavours.
- (4) That this House embraces the theme Give. Grow. Belong. for National Student Volunteer Week 2023, acknowledging the significance of sharing, personal growth, and community connection, with:
 - (a) 'give' emphasising the act of selfless sharing - sharing time, skills, or talents, which lies at the heart of volunteerism,
 - (b) 'grow' symbolising the transformative impact that volunteerism has on personal wellbeing, fostering a sense of fulfillment and purpose, and
 - (c) 'belong' underscoring the profound connection that forms when students come together to contribute collectively to their communities, forging bonds that strengthen social cohesion.
- (5) That this House affirms its commitment to fostering a culture of volunteerism and civic engagement among the youth of New South Wales.

(Notice given 2 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 36)

297. Mrs Maclaren-Jones to move—

- (1) That this House acknowledges that National Meals on Wheels Week, held on Wednesday 30 August 2023, aims to promote awareness and appreciation for the valuable services provided by Meals on Wheels programs in New South Wales and across Australia.
- (2) That this House commends the significant contributions of Meals on Wheels in addressing food insecurity and malnutrition among vulnerable populations, particularly the elderly, disabled and homebound individuals.
- (3) That this House recognises all volunteers and staff members associated with Meals on Wheels for their dedication and compassion in delivering nutritious meals to those in need.
- (4) That this House emphasises the significance of promoting awareness about Meals on Wheels services and encourages Members to engage in acts of kindness and support for the program and similar initiatives.

(Notice given 2 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 36)

298. Mrs Maclaren-Jones to move—

- (1) That this House notes that Dementia Action Week is an annual initiative that plays a crucial role in raising awareness about dementia and its impact on individuals and their families, and is scheduled to take place from Monday 18 September to Sunday 24 September 2023 with World Alzheimer's Day occurring on Thursday 21 September 2023.
- (2) That this House notes that this year's theme, Act Now for a Dementia-Friendly Future, underscores the urgent need for collective action to create an inclusive and supportive environment for people living with dementia and their caregivers.
- (3) That this House further notes that since 2019, the central focus of the Dementia Action Week campaign has been to combat stigma and discrimination faced by individuals with dementia and their carers through:
 - (a) encouraging greater understanding - creating dementia-friendly communities leads to less fear and greater understanding of dementia's complexities and challenges,
 - (b) combatting stigma and discrimination - education and awareness campaigns to diminish stigma and discrimination associated with dementia and by promoting empathy and compassion towards those affected,
 - (c) enhancing support and systems - dementia-friendly communities which ensure that people living with dementia receive the necessary support, access better systems and are empowered to lead fulfilling lives in their communities for an extended period.

(Notice given 2 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 36)

302. Mr Farlow to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) bilateral trade between Australia and Bangladesh has grown significantly in the past decade, with two-way trade growing at an average of 11 per cent per year and with merchandise trade worth \$684 million in the 2021-22 period,

- (b) Australia and Bangladesh have significant people to people links, the 2021 Census recorded more than 51,000 people born in Bangladesh living in Australia, an increase from 41,233 in 2016, and
- (c) the Australian Bangladeshi community makes a significant contribution to multiculturalism and the enrichment of the cultural fabric of New South Wales.
- (2) That this House recognises that:
- (a) the Australia Bangladesh Business Forum held their successful inaugural annual gala dinner on Sunday 16 July 2023, to recognise the importance of the Australian-Bangladesh trade relationship and the vibrant small business community, and
- (b) the event was attended by many individuals representing the New South Wales community, including the following dignitaries:
- (i) Mr MD Shakhawat Hossain, Consul-General of Bangladesh,
 - (ii) the Honourable Ed Husic MP, Minister for Industry and Science, Federal Member for Chifley,
 - (iii) the Honourable Mark Speakman MP, Leader of the Opposition, Leader of the NSW Liberal Party, Member for Cronulla,
 - (iv) Senator Andrew Bragg, Senator for New South Wales,
 - (v) Senator Maria Kovacic, Senator for New South Wales,
 - (vi) Dr Mike Freelander MP, Federal Member for Macarthur,
 - (vii) Ms Anne Stanley MP, Federal Member for Werriwa,
 - (viii) the Honourable Anoulack Chanthivong MP, Minister for Better Regulation and Fair Trading, Minister for Industry and Trade, Minister for Innovation, Science and Technology, Minister for Building, and Minister for Corrections, and Member for Macquarie Fields,
 - (ix) Mr Greg Warren MP, Parliamentary Secretary to the Deputy Premier, Parliamentary Secretary for Education and Early Learning, Parliamentary Secretary for Western Sydney, Member for Campbelltown
 - (x) the Honourable Scott Farlow MLC, Shadow Minister for Planning and Public Spaces, Shadow Minister for Housing, Shadow Minister for Cities, and Shadow Minister for the Hunter and Central Coast
 - (xi) Mr Mark Coure MP, Shadow Minister for Multiculturalism, Shadow Minister for Jobs, Industry, Innovation, Science and Technology, Shadow Minister for South-West Sydney, Member for Oatley
 - (xii) Ms Charishma Kaliyanda MP, Member for Liverpool
 - (xiii) the Australia Bangladesh Business Forum's founding Executive Committee - Mr Abdul Khan Ratan, Founder and President, Mr Brian Laul, General Secretary, Mr M Z Ahmed Rubel, Vice President, MD Khandaker Mazharul Islam, Treasurer and MD Shafik Sheikh, MD Nazmul Hasan, AS MD Muzammel Hossain, Mohammad Khan, Sumi Akther, Executive Members,
 - (xiv) the Australia Bangladesh Business Forum's Advisory Board - Dr Ayaz Chowdhury, Dr Serajul Haque, Shoel Khan, Reza Karim, MA Hadi, Hossain Arju, Mahfujul Chowdhury, Mohammad Zaman, Shafiu Alam Shahin, MD Nurul Masud, Sayed Akram Ullah, Farash Uddin Bulbul, Alamgir Hossain, Wahed Khan, Muhammed Ibrahim Khalil Masud, Gynandra Karki, Hari Adhikari, Hossain Kabir, Tanvir Ahmed, Abu Abdullah, Abu Reza Arefin, Akidul Islam, Shahadat Bin Islam, Masud Parvez, Shah Kamal, Niffar Sayla, Sayed Rahman, Mohammed Lutfur Rahman, Mustafizur Rahman Talukder, Talat Mahmoud, Faisal Azad, Ifty Waset, Torun Rahman, and Mohammed Kamruzzaman Bappi.
- (3) That this House extends its very best wishes to the continued success and growth of the Australia Bangladesh Business Forum and their important role in helping establish opportunities for increased economic ties between New South Wales and Bangladesh.

(Notice given 2 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 36)

304. Mrs Ward to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 7 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents created since 25 March 2023 in the possession, custody or control of the Premier, the Premier's Department and The Cabinet Office relating to disclosures made by Mr Tim Crakanthorp MP:

- (a) all documents relating to any disclosures made by Mr Tim Crakanthorp MP under the Ministerial Code of Conduct,
- (b) all documents relating to any rulings made by the Premier in relation to any disclosures made by Mr Crakanthorp in respect of satisfying his obligations under the Ministerial Code of Conduct,
- (c) all documents relating to the resignation of Mr Crakanthorp from Cabinet, including any advice relating to breaches of the Ministerial Code of Conduct, and
- (d) any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

(Notice given 3 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 37)

305. Ms Higginson to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 21 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents, excluding any documents previously returned under an order of the House, created since 26 March 2023, in electronic format if possible, in the possession, custody or control of the Premier, Premier's Department, The Cabinet Office, the Treasurer, the Treasury, the Minister for Climate Change, Minister for Energy, Minister for the Environment and Minister for Heritage, the Department of Planning and Environment, the Minister for Agriculture, Minister for Regional New South Wales and Minister for Western New South Wales, the Department of Regional NSW, the Minister for Finance and Minister for Natural Resources, the Department of Customer Service, the Minister for Local Government, the NSW Forestry Corporation, the Environment Protection Authority or the Natural Resources Commission relating to public forest harvesting operations in New South Wales:

- (a) all documents regarding a Great Koala National Park,
- (b) all documents regarding koala habitat,
- (c) all documents regarding ecological surveys,
- (d) all documents regarding community consultation,
- (e) all documents regarding consultation with unions or workers,
- (f) all documents regarding consultation with:
 - (i) Aboriginal people or groups,
 - (ii) Indigenous people or groups,
 - (iii) First Nations people or groups,
 - (iv) Traditional Owners or,
 - (v) Traditional Custodians, and
- (g) any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

(Notice given 3 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 37)

306. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House affirms its support for plans by the Government to establish a Great Koala National Park on the Mid North Coast of New South Wales.
- (2) That this House notes:
 - (a) that since April 2023 and over the next 12 months, the Forestry Corporation is intending to log over 1,300 hectares of native forest land in 28 koala hubs within public forests that are critical to a Great Koala National Park,
 - (b) the failure of the Government to publicly commence consultation with any group or organisation apart from the Forestry Corporation about the Great Koala National Park, and
 - (c) that failure to protect koala hubs in areas of state forest which are critical to a Great Koala National Park, constitutes a broken election promise to the residents of New South Wales.
- (3) That this House conveys apologies to:
 - (a) the Gumbaynggirr people for failing to respect Gumbaynggirr Country, culture and lore,
 - (b) the residents of New South Wales who have elected a new Government in the hope that senseless native forest logging would end, and
 - (c) the koalas and all forest dependent species in New South Wales which are threatened with extinction as a result of ongoing native forest logging.
- (4) That this House calls on the Government to create the Great Koala National Park by 1 December 2023 at the latest, and to immediately and publicly communicate their work to date on the establishment of the Great Koala National Park.

(Notice given 3 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 37)

307. Mr Farlow to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) National Korean War Veterans Armistice Day, which marks the signing of the Korean Armistice Agreement in 1953, is held on 27 July annually,
 - (b) this Parliament honours the service of the 18,000 Australian military personnel in the Korean War, the sacrifices of the 339 Australians who lost their lives and the 1216 Australians who were wounded in the war, and
 - (c) the War has still not ended and the Korean people yearn for peace on the peninsula.
- (2) That this House further notes that:
 - (a) on Thursday 27 July 2023, the Guardians of the NSW Korean War Memorial Incorporation held the 70th Anniversary Commemoration of the Korean War Armistice at the Korean War Memorial in Moore Park, Sydney, and
 - (b) the event was attended by many individuals representing a diverse array of the New South Wales community, including the following dignitaries:
 - (i) Mr Taewoo Lee, Consulate General of the Republic of Korea,
 - (ii) Major Ed Chan, Honorary Aide-de-Camp to Her Excellency the Governor of New South Wales,

- (iii) the Honourable Matt Thistlethwaite MP, Assistant Minister for Defence, Assistant Minister for Veterans Affairs, Federal Member for Kingsford Smith,
- (iv) the Honourable David Harris MP, Minister for Aboriginal Affairs and Treaty, Minister for Gaming and Racing, Minister for Veterans, Minister for Medical Research, and Minister for the Central Coast, Member for Wyong,
- (v) the Honourable Scott Farlow MLC, Shadow Minister for Planning and Public Spaces, Shadow Minister for Housing, Shadow Minister for Cities, Shadow Minister for the Hunter and Central Coast,
- (vi) Mr Warren Kirby MP, Member for Riverstone,
- (vii) Colonel Eric Modderman, Acting Chief of Staff, Forces Command, Australian Army,
- (viii) Mr William Joseph Dobbie, Consul General of New Zealand, Mr Ali Sevim, Consul General of Turkey, Mrs Claudia Granados, Consul General of Colombia and Mr Hugo Maarten Klijn, Consul General of the Netherlands,
- (ix) Defence Attaché Colonel Shane Gries, representing Ms Christine Elder, Consul General of the United States of America and Mr Costas Yiannakodimos, Councillor of Greece,
- (x) Ms Hyo Jin Im, Vice Consul General of the Republic of Korea,
- (xi) Councillor Daniel Han, City of Ryde and Councillor Robert Kok, City of Sydney,
- (xii) Mr Ray James OAM, President, RSL NSW,
- (xiii) Mrs Pauline James OAM, RSL NSW Auxiliaries,
- (xiv) Mrs Dawn Wellfare, Australian War Widows NSW Limited,
- (xv) Mr Roger Selby, NSW Association of Jewish Service and Ex-Service Men and Women (NAJEX),
- (xvi) Mr Seung Il Bang, President, Australian Department of the Korea Veterans Association,
- (xvii) Mr Youngsin Kim, 625 Association,
- (xviii) Lieutenant Colonel Paul Kim and Mr Patrick Lee, Korean Vietnam War Veterans Association in Australia,
- (xix) Mr Sung Kwon Jo, Korean Marine Corps Veterans Association of Australia,
- (xx) Mr David Buckwalter, The Royal Australian Regiment Corporation, NSW Association,
- (xxi) Ms Victoria Benz, Deputy Commissioner NSW/ACT, Department of Veterans Affairs,
- (xxii) Mr Dongsik Ko, Chair, Peaceful Unification Advisory Council,
- (xxiii) Mr Heung-won Kang, President, Korean Society of Sydney,
- (xxiv) Mr Ben Kim, CEO, POSCO Australia,
- (xxv) Mr Hyung Kim, Korea Liberation Association,
- (xxvi) Mr Philip Shin, Chair, Korean Sports Association,
- (xxvii) Mr Seung-Guk (Harry) Paik, Korean Society of Oceania,
- (xxviii) Mr Bexon Whang, National Korean War Veterans' Association,
- (xxix) Mr John Unicomb, Paddington/Woollahra RSL,
- (xxx) Mr Johny Bincham, Veteran of the Australian Navy,
- (xxxi) Lieutenant Colonel David Deasey OAM, Boer War Association,
- (xxxii) Members of the Guardians Committee - Mr Nak Yoon Paik OAM, Ms Namhee Ko, Dr Darren Mitchell OAM, Mr Bob Auston OAM, Major Charles Casuscelli RFD (Rtd), Mr Bob Durbin, Mr Bill Harrigan and Mr Jacob Messer.

(Notice given 3 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 37)

* Council bill

CONTINGENT NOTICES OF MOTIONS

1. CENSURE OF MINISTER

Contingent on any Minister failing to table documents in accordance with an order of the House: That standing and sessional orders be suspended to allow a motion to be moved forthwith for censure of the Minister.

Given by:

Mrs Mitchell Mr Tudehope

(Notice given 23 May 2023)

Ms Faehrmann

(Notice given 31 May 2023)

Ms Boyd

(Notice given 1 June 2023)

2. CONTEMPT OF HOUSE

Contingent on any Minister failing to table documents in accordance with an order of the House: That standing and sessional orders be suspended to allow a motion to be moved forthwith adjudging the Minister guilty of a contempt of the House for failure to comply with that order.

Given by:

Mrs Mitchell Mr Tudehope

(Notice given 23 May 2023)

Ms Faehrmann

(Notice given 31 May 2023)

Ms Boyd

(Notice given 1 June 2023)

Dr Cohn

(Notice given 20 June 2023)

BILLS DISCHARGED, LAID ASIDE, NEGATIVED OR WITHDRAWN

§ Property Services Council Bill 2023
Second reading negatived 28 June 2023

§ Private Members' Public Bill

David Blunt AM
Clerk of the Parliaments

Authorised by the Parliament of New South Wales