I certify that this PUBLIC BILL, which originated in the LEGIS-LATIVE ASSEMBLY, has finally passed the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL and the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY of NEW SOUTH WALES.

W. S. MOWLE, Acting Clerk of the Legislative Assembly. Legislative Assembly Chamber,

Sydney, 7 April, 1916.





ANNO SEXTO

# GEORGII V REGIS.

### 

## Act No. 14, 1916.

An Act to regulate the exercise of certain franchises by certain naturalised British subjects and other persons, and for that purpose to amend certain Acts relating to Parliamentary elections and elections for local government areas and the City of Sydney, and to justices of the peace, coroners, licensing magistrates, and jurors; and for purposes consequent thereon or incidental thereto. [Assented to, 17th April, 1916.] BE

I have examined this Bill, and find it to correspond in all respects with the Bill as finally passed by both Houses.

> THOS. H. THROWER, Chairman of Committees of the Legislative Assembly.

DE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :---

Short title

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Naturalised and duration. Subjects Franchise Act, 1916," and shall take effect during the continuance of the present war between His Majesty and any of His Majesty's enemies, and for a period of six months after the conclusion of the war.

Definition.

Naturalised British subjects of enemy origin incapable of holding certain positions.

(2) In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires :--

"Naturalised British subject of enemy origin" means a naturalised male or female British subject who at the time of his or her naturalisation was a subject of a country with which the British Empire is at war.

2. A naturalised British subject of enemy origin shall be incapable of sitting or voting in the Legislative Council or being elected to or sitting or voting in-

(a) the Legislative Assembly;

- (b) the Municipal Council of Sydney;
- (c) the council of any municipality or shire constituted under the provisions of the Acts relating to Local Government;

or of officiating as a justice of the peace, a coroner, a member of a licensing bench, or as a juror, or of obtaining a license under the Liquor Act, or of being granted a renewal of an existing license under that Act.

Names on rolls.

Aliens voting.

3. A naturalised British subject of enemy origin shall not be qualified to have his name entered or retained on any electoral roll compiled under the Parliamentary Electorates and Elections Act, 1912, or under any Act. relating to local government, or under the Sydney Corporation Act, 1902, or for the purposes of any referendum.

4. (1) A naturalised British subject of enemy origin shall not vote at an election under the Parliamentary Electorates and Elections Act, 1912, or under any Act relating to local government, or under the Sydney Corporation Act, 1902, or at any referendum.

(2)

(2) If any such person votes at any such election or referendum he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds.

5. (1) At any poll taken under the Parliamentary Powers and Electorates and Elections Act, 1912, or any Act relating duties of to local government, or under the Sydney Corporation officers to put Act, 1902, or under any referendum, the presiding officer questions to voters. shall put to any person claiming to vote bearing a name suggesting that he is an alien of enemy origin all or any of the following questions :--

- (a) Are you a subject of any of the countries (naming them) with which Great Britain is at war?
- (b) Are you a naturalised British subject?
- (c) What was your nationality immediately before the grant of your certificate of naturalisation; or (in the case of a wife or child of a naturalised British subject of enemy origin)-what was your nationality at the time of naturalisation?

(2) The presiding officer may require the production of any certificate of naturalisation as a condition to admitting the said person to vote, or may dispense with such production.

(3) If any person refuses to answer fully any question put to him as aforesaid, or by his answer shows that he is not entitled to have his name on the roll or to vote, his claim to vote shall be rejected.

6. If any person to whom a question is put in pursu- Penalties. ance of this Act wilfully makes a false answer to the same or to any part thereof, he shall be guilty of a misdemean. our, and be liable to imprisonment for any term not exceeding six months, or to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds, or to both imprisonment and penalty.

7. Any person convicted under the Commonwealth Disloyal per-War Precautions Act, 1914, or under any regulations sons not entitled to thereunder, under circumstances which in the opinion vote. of the revising magistrate indicate disloyalty shall have his name removed from the electoral rolls, and shall not be qualified to vote at any election under the Parliamentary Electorates and Elections Act, 1912, or under any Act relating to local government, or under the Sydney Corporation Act, 1902. 8.

### Act No. 14, 1916.

### Naturalised Subjects Franchise.

Regulations.

8. The Governor may make regulations to carry out the provisions of this Act, and in such regulations may impose for any breach thereof a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds.

Recovery of penalties.

9. Penalties under this Act, or the regulations thereunder, may be recovered before a stipendiary or police magistrate or any two justices in petty sessions.

In the name and on behalf of His Majesty I assent to this Act.

### G. STRICKLAND,

Gevernor.

Government House, Sydney, 17th April, 1916.

### NATURALISED SUBJECTS FRANCHISE BILL.

SCHEDULE of the Amendments referred to in Message of 28 March, 1916.

Page 1, title, line 6. After "Sydney" insert "and to justices of the peace, coroners, licensing magistrates, and jurors"
Page 2, clause 1, line 7. After "1916" omit to end of subclause (1).
Page 2, clause 2. Omit clause and insert new clause 2.
Page 4, clause 9. Omit clause.

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ULEDULK of the Amendments referred to in Recent of 2 March, 1916.

Rego I, etal, Ero S, "L/Drr "Bydney" éstaré " and to justifica of the posce, outou Househie ministrates, and jurits" Page 5, Marsa I, Hur T, "After " 1916" content or mbolance (1) Esge 8, claure 2, Contention and france trow of the S This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

> W. S. MOWLE, Acting Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 14 March, 1916.

The LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL has this day agreed to this Bill with Amendments.

W. L. S. COOPER, Clerk of the Parliaments.

Legislative Council Chamber, Sydney, 28th March, 1916.



New South Wales.

ANNO SEXTO

## GEORGII V REGIS.

### Act No. , 1916.

An Act to regulate the exercise of certain franchises by certain naturalised British subjects and other persons, and for that purpose to amend certain Act relating to Parliamentary elections and elections for local government areas and the City of Sydney, and to justices of the peace, coroners, licensing magistrates, and jurors; and for purposes consequent thereon or incidental thereto.

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NOTE.—The words to be omitted are ruled through; those to be inserted are printed in black letter.

) E it enacted by the King's Most Excellency Majesty, В by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of

5 the same, as follows :-

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Naturalised Short title Subjects Franchise Act, 1916," and-shall-take-effect and duration. during the continuance of the present war between His

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(2) In this Act, unless the context otherwise Definition. requires :

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2. A naturalised British subject of enemy origin shall Naturalised British subjects of be incapable--

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- (a) of sitting or voting in the Legislative Council enemy origin or Legislative Assembly: or Legislative Assembly; holding
- (b) of sitting or voting in the municipal council of certain posit lions. Sydney;
- (c) of being elected to the council of any municipality or shire constituted under the provisions of the Acts relating to local government.

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- (a) the Legislative Assembly;
  - (b) the Municipal Council of Sydney:
  - (c) the council of any municipality or shire constituted under the provisions of the Acts relating to Local Government:
- 35 or of officiating as a justice of the peace, a coroner, a member of a licensing bench, or as a juror, or of obtaining a license under the Liquor Act, or of being granted a renewal of an existing license under that Act.

3. A naturalised British subject of enemy origin shall Names on 40 not be qualified to have his name entered or retained <sup>rolls.</sup> on any electoral roll compiled under the Parliamentary Electorates and Elections Act, 1912, or under any Act relating

enemy origin incapable of holding certain positions.

relating to local government, or under the Sydney Corporation Act, 1902, or for the purposes of any referendum.

4. (1) A naturalised British subject of enemy origin Aliens voting. 5 shall not vote at an election under the Parliamentary Electorates and Elections Act, 1912, or under any Act relating to local government, or under the Sydney Corporation Act, 1902, or at any referendum.

(2) If any such person votes at any such election 10 or referendum he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds.

5. (1) At any poll taken under the Parliamentary Powers and Electorates and Elections Act, 1912, or any Act relating duties of presiding to local government, or under the Sydney Corporation officers to put

15 Act, 1902, or under any referendum, the presiding officer questions to shall put to any person claiming to vote bearing a name suggesting that he is an alien of enemy origin all or any of the following questions :--

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(a) Are you a subject of any of the countries (naming them) with which Great Britain is at war?

(b) Are you a naturalised British subject?

(c) What was your nationality immediately before the grant of your certificate of naturalisation;

or (in the case of a wife or child of a naturalised British subject of enemy origin)—what was your nationality at the time of naturalisation?

(2) The presiding officer may require the production of any certificate of naturalisation as a condition 30 to admitting the said person to vote, or may dispense with such production.

(3) If any person refuses to answer fully any question put to him as aforesaid, or by his answer shows that he is not entitled to have his name on the 35 roll or to vote, his claim to vote shall be rejected.

6. If any person to whom a question is put in pur-Penalties. suance of this Act wilfully makes a false answer to the same or to any part thereof, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanour, and be liable to imprisonment for any 40 term not exceeding six months, or to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds, or to both imprisonment and penalty. 7.

7. Any person convicted under the Commonwealth Disloyal per-. War Precautions Act, 1914, or under any regulations sons not thereunder, under circumstances which in the opinion vote. of the revising magistrate indicate dislcyalty shall have

5 his name removed from the electoral rolls, and shall not be qualified to vote at any elections under the Parliamentary Electorates and Elections Act, 1912, or under any Act relating to local government, or under the Sydney Corporation Act, 1902.

10 8. The Governor may make regulations to carry out Regulations. the provisions of this Act, and in such regulations may impose for any breach thereof a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds.

9. Nothing in this Act shall disfranchise any married Saving. 15 woman who is herself a natural born British subject.

Sydney : William Applegate Gullick, Government Printer.-1916.

10. 9. Penalties under this Act, or the regulations there- Recovery of under, may be recovered before a stipendiary or police penalties. magistrate or any two justices in petty sessions.

exceeding oas hundred pounds, or to both imprisonment

[3d.]

This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

> W. S. MOWLE, Acting Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 14 March, 1916.



New South Wales.

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- 256. If any person to whom a question is put in pur- Penalties. suance of this Act wilfully makes a false answer to the same or to any part thereof, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanour, and be liable to imprisonment for any term not exceeding six months, or to a penalty not
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8. The Governor may make regulations to carry out Regulations. the provisions of this Act, and in such regulations may impose for any breach thereof a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds.

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**10.** Penalties under this Act, or the regulations there-Recovery of under, may be recovered before a stipendiary or police penalties. magistrate or any two justices in petty sessions.

Sydney : William Applegate Gullick, Government Printer.-1916.

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