This Public Bill originated in the Legislative Assembly, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the Legislative Council for its concurrence.

W. S. MOWLE, Acting Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 13 December, 1915.

### New South Wales.



ANNO SEXTO

## GEORGII V REGIS.

Act No. , 1915.

An Act to refer certain matters to the Parliament of the Commonwealth for the duration of the present war, and for a period of twelve months after the conclusion of peace.

WHEREAS it is enacted by the Constitution of the Preamble.
Commonwealth of Australia that the Parliament
of the Commonwealth shall, subject to the Constitution,
have power to make laws for the peace, order, and good
5 government of the Commonwealth with respect to
matters referred to the Parliament of the Commonwealth by the Parliament or Parliaments of any State

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or

or States, but so that the law shall extend only to States by whose Parliaments the matter is referred, or which afterwards adopt the law: And whereas certain proposed laws for the alteration of the Constitution of the 5 Commonwealth have been passed by an absolute majority of each House of the Parliament of the Commonwealth, and writs have been issued by the Governor-General for the submission of those proposed laws to the electors of the Commonwealth: And whereas as a result of dis-10 cussion which arose at a financial conference of the Premiers of the States, held in Melbourne in the month of November in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, it was agreed between the said Premiers and the Prime Minister of the Commonwealth that the 15 Premiers would bring forward in their respective Parliaments legislation for referring to the Parliament of the Commonwealth the matters specified in this Act, and that the Government of the Commonwealth would postpone during the currency of the war the taking of said proposed laws for the alteration of the Constitution:

20 the vote of the electors of the Commonwealth upon the Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South

25 Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. This Act may be cited as the "Commonwealth Citation. Powers (War) Act, 1915."

2. This Act shall commence on a day to be pro-Commence-30 claimed by the Governor.

3. Subject to the limitations and conditions in this Reference Act contained, the following matters are hereby referred of certain matters to to the Parliament of the Commonwealth, that is to the Commonsay :-

wealth Parlia-

(i) Trade and commerce.

(ii) Corporations, including—

(a) the creation, dissolution, regulation, and control of corporations;

(b) corporations formed under the law of a State, including their dissolution, regulation, and control; but not including municipal

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municipal or governmental corporations, or any corporation formed solely for religious, charitable, scientific, or artistic purposes, and not for the acquisition of gain by the corporation or its members; and

(c) foreign corporations, including their regulation and control.

(iii) The following matters:—

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(a) Employment and unemployment.

(b) Strikes and lock-outs.

(c) The maintenance of industrial peace.

(d) The settlement of industrial disputes.

(iv) Conciliation and arbitration for the prevention and settlement of industrial disputes in relation to employment in the railway service of a State.

(v) Trusts, combinations, monopolies, and arrange-

ments in relation to—

(a) the production, manufacture, or supply of goods, or the supply of services, or

(b) the ownership of the means of production, manufacture, or supply of goods, or supply of services.

(vi) The carrying on, by or under the control of the Commonwealth, of any industry or business of producing, manufacturing, or supplying any specified goods, or of supplying any specified services, which industry or business each House of the Parliament of the Commonwealth, in the same session, has by resolution passed by an absolute majority of its members declared to be the subject of a monopoly; and the acquisition for that purpose on just terms of any property used in connection with the industry or business:

Provided that this paragraph shall not apply to any industry or business conducted or carried on by the Government of a State or any public authority constituted under a

State.

4. Nothing in this Act contained shall be construed Exemption to empower the Parliament of the Commonwealth or of State any authority constituted under the Commonwealth to affect the control or management of railways the property of a State, or the rates or fares on such railways.

5. This Act, and the reference made by this Act, Duration of shall continue in force for the duration of the present reference. war between His Majesty and the German Empire, and for a period of twelve months after the declaration of 10 peace, and no longer; and are subject to the limitation that no law made by the Commonwealth by virtue of the powers contained in this Act shall continue to have

any force or effect, by virtue of this Act or the reference made by this Act, after the expiration of that period.

Eydney: William Applegate Gullick, Government Printer.-1915.

### New South Wales.



ANNO SEXTO

# GEORGII V REGIS.

Act No. 65, 1915.

An Act to refer certain matters to the Parliament of the Commonwealth for the duration of the present war, and for a period of twelve months after the conclusion of peace. [Assented to, 21st December, 1915.]

WHEREAS it is enacted by the Constitution of the Preamble. Commonwealth of Australia that the Parliament of the Commonwealth shall, subject to the Constitution, have power to make laws for the peace, order, and good government of the Commonwealth with respect to matters referred to the Parliament of the Commonwealth by the Parliament or Parliaments of any State

or States, but so that the law shall extend only to States by whose Parliaments the matter is referred, or which afterwards adopt the law: And whereas certain proposed laws for the alteration of the Constitution of the Commonwealth have been passed by an absolute majority of each House of the Parliament of the Commonwealth, and writs have been issued by the Governor-General for the submission of those proposed laws to the electors of the Commonwealth: And whereas as a result of discussion which arose at a financial conference of the Premiers of the States, held in Melbourne in the month of November in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, it was agreed between the said Premiers and the Prime Minister of the Commonwealth that the Premiers would bring forward in their respective Parliaments legislation for referring to the Parliament of the Commonwealth the matters specified in this Act, and that the Government of the Commonwealth would postpone during the currency of the war the taking of the vote of the electors of the Commonwealth upon the said proposed laws for the alteration of the Constitution: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

Citation.

1. This Act may be cited as the "Commonwealth Powers (War) Act, 1915."

Commencement. 2. This Act shall commence on a day to be proclaimed by the Governor.

Reference of certain matters to the Common to the Parliament of the Commonwealth, that is to wealth Parliament.

3. Subject to the limitations and conditions in this Act contained, the following matters are hereby referred to the Parliament of the Commonwealth, that is to wealth Parliament.

(i) Trade and commerce.

(ii) Corporations, including-

(a) the creation, dissolution, regulation, and

control of corporations;

(b) corporations formed under the law of a State, including their dissolution, regulation, and control; but not including municipal

municipal or governmental corporations, or any corporation formed solely for religious, charitable, scientific, or artistic purposes, and not for the acquisition of gain by the corporation or its members; and

(c) foreign corporations, including their regulation and control.

(iii) The following matters:—

(a) Employment and unemployment.

(b) Strikes and lock-outs.

(c) The maintenance of industrial peace.

(d) The settlement of industrial disputes.

(iv) Conciliation and arbitration for the prevention and settlement of industrial disputes in relation to employment in the railway service of a State.

(v) Trusts, combinations, monopolies, and arrangements in relation to—

(a) the production, manufacture, or supply of goods, or the supply of services, or

(b) the ownership of the means of production, manufacture, or supply of goods, or supply of services.

(vi) The carrying on, by or under the control of the Commonwealth, of any industry or business of producing, manufacturing, or supplying any specified goods, or of supplying any specified services, which industry or business each House of the Parliament of the Commonwealth, in the same session, has by resolution passed by an absolute majority of its members declared to be the subject of a monopoly; and the acquisition for that purpose on just terms of any property used in connection with the industry or business:

Provided that this paragraph shall not apply to any industry or business conducted or carried on by the Government of a State or any public authority constituted under a

State.

Exemption of State railways.

4. Nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to empower the Parliament of the Commonwealth or any authority constituted under the Commonwealth to affect the control or management of railways the property of a State, or the rates or fares on such railways.

Duration of Act and reference. 5. This Act, and the reference made by this Act, shall continue in force for the duration of the present war between His Majesty and the German Empire, and for a period of twelve months after the declaration of peace, and no longer; and are subject to the limitation that no law made by the Commonwealth by virtue of the powers contained in this Act shall continue to have any force or effect, by virtue of this Act or the reference made by this Act, after the expiration of that period.

By Authority:

WILLIAM APPLEGATE GULLICK, Government Printer, Sydney, 1916.

[3d.]

I certify that this Public Bill, which originated in the Legislative Assembly, has finally passed the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales.

W. S. MOWLE, Acting Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 15 December, 1915.

### New South Wales.



# GEORGII V REGIS.

Act No. 65, 1915.

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An Act to refer certain matters to the Parliament of the Commonwealth for the duration of the present war, and for a period of twelve months after the conclusion of peace. [Assented to, 21st December, 1915.]

WHEREAS it is enacted by the Constitution of the Preamble. Commonwealth of Australia that the Parliament of the Commonwealth shall, subject to the Constitution, have power to make laws for the peace, order, and good government of the Commonwealth with respect to matters referred to the Parliament of the Commonwealth by the Parliament or Parliaments of any State

I have examined this Bill, and find it to correspond in all respects with the Bill as finally passed by both Houses.

THOS. H. THROWER, Chairman of Committees of the Legislative Assembly.

or States, but so that the law shall extend only to States by whose Parliaments the matter is referred, or which afterwards adopt the law: And whereas certain proposed laws for the alteration of the Constitution of the Commonwealth have been passed by an absolute majority of each House of the Parliament of the Commonwealth. and writs have been issued by the Governor-General for the submission of those proposed laws to the electors of the Commonwealth: And whereas as a result of discussion which arose at a financial conference of the Premiers of the States, held in Melbourne in the month of November in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, it was agreed between the said Premiers and the Prime Minister of the Commonwealth that the Premiers would bring forward in their respective Parliaments legislation for referring to the Parliament of the Commonwealth the matters specified in this Act, and that the Government of the Commonwealth would postpone during the currency of the war the taking of the vote of the electors of the Commonwealth upon the said proposed laws for the alteration of the Constitution: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

Citation.

1. This Act may be cited as the "Commonwealth Powers (War) Act, 1915."

2. This Act shall commence on a day to be pro-

Commencement.

claimed by the Governor. 3. Subject to the limitations and conditions in this Act contained, the following matters are hereby referred the Common to the Parliament of the Commonwealth, that is to

Reference of certain matters to wealth Parlia- say :-

(i) Trade and commerce.

(ii) Corporations, including-

(a) the creation, dissolution, regulation, and control of corporations;

(b) corporations formed under the law of a State, including their dissolution, regulation, and control; but not including municipal

municipal or governmental corporations, or any corporation formed solely for religious, charitable, scientific, or artistic purposes, and not for the acquisition of gain by the corporation or its members; and

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(iii) The following matters:—

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(iv) Conciliation and arbitration for the prevention and settlement of industrial disputes in relation to employment in the railway service of a State.

(v) Trusts, combinations, monopolies, and arrangements in relation to—

(a) the production, manufacture, or supply of goods, or the supply of services, or

(b) the ownership of the means of production, manufacture, or supply of goods, or supply of services.

(vi) The carrying on, by or under the control of the Commonwealth, of any industry or business of producing, manufacturing, or supplying any specified goods, or of supplying any specified services, which industry or business each House of the Parliament of the Commonwealth, in the same session, has by resolution passed by an absolute majority of its members declared to be the subject of a monopoly; and the acquisition for that purpose on just terms of any property used in connection with the industry or business:

Provided that this paragraph shall not apply to any industry or business conducted or carried on by the Government of a State or any public authority constituted under a

State.

Exemption of State railways.

4. Nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to empower the Parliament of the Commonwealth or any authority constituted under the Commonwealth to affect the control or management of railways the property of a State, or the rates or fares on such railways.

Duration of Act and reference. 5. This Act, and the reference made by this Act, shall continue in force for the duration of the present war between His Majesty and the German Empire, and for a period of twelve months after the declaration of peace, and no longer; and are subject to the limitation that no law made by the Commonwealth by virtue of the powers contained in this Act shall continue to have any force or effect, by virtue of this Act or the reference made by this Act, after the expiration of that period.

In the name and on behalf of His Majesty I assent to this Act.

G. STRICKLAND,

Government House, Sydney, 21st December, 1915. Governor.