New South Wales.



ANNO PRIMO

GEORGII V REGIS.

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Act No. 40, 1910.

An Act to amend the Coal Mines Regulation Act, 1902; and for other purposes. [Assented to, 28th December, 1910.]

B^E it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :--

1. This Act may be cited as the "Coal Mines Regulation Short title. (Ventilation) Act, 1910."

2. General rule one of section forty-seven of the Coal Mines Amendment of Regulation Act, 1902, is hereby repealed, and the following rule is general rule 1 of substituted therefor:—

Rule 1. (a) In every mine which is in operation, unless a Ventilation of certificate of exemption from compliance with this rule has ^{mines.} been granted by the Minister, whether any person employed therein shall be below ground or not, an amount of ventilation by air drawn from a pure source, by means of a furnace or mechanical contrivance, shall be continuously produced (except

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(except where the furnace or mechanism supplying the producing-power is wholly or partially suspended for necessary repair or alteration) adequate to dilute and render harmless noxious gases to such an extent that the workingplaces of the shafts, levels, stables, and workings of the mine and the travelling-road to and from those working-places shall be in a fit state for working and passing therein : Provided that when any mine has ceased to be worked the Minister shall grant such certificate of exemption if on the report of the Chief Inspector of Coal Mines the Minister is satisfied that the granting of such exemption will not endanger human life, but in such case the ventilating apparatus shall be kept in operation for at least twenty-four hours before the miners or other workmen are allowed to re-enter the mine.

(b) When any person or animal employed or used in the mine is below ground for any lawful purpose, the ventilation so to be produced shall be the supply of pure air in quantity not less than one hundred cubic feet per minute for each person or animal so below ground as aforesaid, which air in that proportion, but with as much more as the inspector shall direct, shall sweep along the air-ways and be forced as far as the face of and into each and every working-place where any person or animal is engaged or passing, main return air-ways only excepted.

(c) The provisions contained in part (b) of this rule as to a minimum supply shall in no way operate to reduce the obligations imposed by part (a) thereof.

(d) Every mine, except such as are worked on the longwall system, shall be divided into districts or splits of not more than seventy men in each; and each district shall be supplied with a separate current of fresh air. The intake air shall travel free from all stagnant water, stables, and old workings.

In the case of mines required by the Principal Act to be under the control of a certificated manager, the quantity of air in the respective splits or currents shall, at least once in every month, be measured, and entered in a book to be kept for the purpose at the mine.

By Authority : WILLIAM APPLEGATE GULLICK, Government Printer, Sydney, 1911.

[3d.]

I Certify that this PUBLIC BILL, which originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, has finally passed the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL and the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY of NEW SOUTH WALES.



An Act to amend the Coal Mines Regulation Act, 1902; and for other purposes. [Assented to, 28th December, 1910.]

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :--

1. This Act may be cited as the "Coal Mines Regulation Short title. (Ventilation) Act, 1910."

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I have examined this Bill, and find it to correspond in all respects with the Bill as finally passed by both Houses.

R. D. MEAGHER,

Chairman of Committees of the Legislative Assembly.

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(except where the furnace or mechanism supplying the producing-power is wholly or partially suspended for necessary repair or alteration) adequate to dilute and render harmless noxious gases to such an extent that the workingplaces of the shafts, levels, stables, and workings of the mine and the travelling-read to and from those working-places shall be in a fit state for working and passing therein : Provided that when any mine has ceased to be worked the Minister shall grant such certificate of exemption if on the report of the Chief Inspector of Coal Mines the Minister is satisfied that the granting of such exemption will not endanger human life, but in such case the ventilating apparatus shall be kept in operation for at least twenty-four hours before the miners or other workmen are allowed to re-enter the mine.

(b) When any person or animal employed or used in the mine is below ground for any lawful purpose, the ventilation so to be produced shall be the supply of pure air in quantity not less than one hundred cubic feet per minute for each person or animal so below ground as aforesaid, which air in that proportion, but with as much more as the inspector shall direct, shall sweep along the air-ways and be forced as far as the face of and into each and every working-place where any person or animal is engaged or passing, main return air-ways only excepted.

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In the case of mines required by the Principal Act to be under the control of a certificated manager, the quantity of air in the respective splits or currents shall, at least once in every month, be measured, and entered in a book to be kept for the purpose at the mine.

In the name and on behalf of His Majesty I assent to this Act.

CHELMSFORD, Governor.

State Government House, Sydney, 28th December, 1910. This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 20 December, 1910.

RICHD. A. ARNOLD, Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

The LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL has this day agreed to this Bill with an Amendment.

Legislative Council Chamber, Sydney, December, 1910.

Clerk of the Parliaments.



ANNO PRIMO

GEORGII V REGIS.

Act No. , 1910.

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BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :--

5 **1.** This Act may be cited as the "Coal Mines Regulation short title. (Ventilation) Act, 1910."

2. General rule one of section forty-seven of the Coal Mines Amendment of Regulation Act, 1902, is hereby repealed, and the following rule is $\frac{\text{general rule 1 of substituted therefor :}}{\text{s. 47.}}$

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Note.-The words to be inserted are printed in black letter.

Act No. , 1910.

Coal Mines Regulation (Ventilation).

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(b) When any person or animal employed or used in the mine is below ground for any lawful purpose, the ventilation so to be produced shall be the supply of pure air in quantity not less than one hundred cubic feet per minute for each person or animal so below ground as aforesaid, which air in that proportion, but with as much more as the inspector shall direct, shall sweep along the air-ways and be forced as far as the face of and into each and every working-place where any person or animal is engaged or passing, main return air-ways only excepted.

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This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

Legislative Assembly Chamber,

RICHD. A. ARNOLD, Sydney, 20 December, 1910. Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

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New South Wales.



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REGIS. GEORG

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An Act to amend the Coal Mines Regulation Act, 1902; and for other purposes.

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Coal Mines Regulation (Ventilation).

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Sydney : William Applegate Gullick. Government Printer.-1910.

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