

This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

*Legislative Assembly Chamber,
Sydney, 18 December, 1907, A.M.* }

RICHD. A. ARNOLD,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

New South Wales.



ANNO SEPTIMO

EDWARDI VII REGIS.

Act No. , 1907.

An Act to sanction the construction of a line of railway from Cooma to Bombala, via Nimitybelle; to authorise the construction of the said line on public roads; to amend the Public Works Act, 1900, so far as it relates to the making and maintaining of fences along the said line; to provide for the use of the said line by the Constructing Authority, or by persons authorised by him; and for other purposes consequent thereon or incidental thereto.

WHEREAS, in accordance with the provisions of the Public Preamble.
Works Act, 1900, the Legislative Assembly did, by resolution, declare that it was expedient to carry out a certain work, namely, the construction of a line of railway from Cooma to Bombala, via
5 Nimitybelle: And whereas, on the passing of the said resolution, a statutory duty was by the said Act imposed on the Secretary for Public Works to introduce a Bill into the said Assembly to sanction
the

Cooma to Bombala, viâ Nimitybelle, Railway.

the carrying out of the said work: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. This Act may be cited as the "Cooma to Bombala, viâ Nimitybelle, Railway Act, 1907." Short title.
2. The carrying out the said work (more particularly described in the Schedule to this Act) is hereby sanctioned; and the Secretary for Public Works, or the member of the Executive Council for the time being performing the duties of the said Secretary, is hereby authorised to undertake and carry out the said work, subject to the provisions of this Act, and for that purpose shall be, and shall have the powers and duties of, Constructing Authority within the meaning of the Public Works Act, 1900. Work sanctioned.
3. The plan of the said work is the plan marked "Cooma to Nimitybelle and Bombala Railway," signed by the Secretary for Public Works, and countersigned by the Chief Engineer for Railway and Tramway Construction, and deposited in the public office of the said Secretary. Plan of work.
4. The cost of carrying out the said work, estimated at three hundred and eighty-six thousand and thirty-one pounds, shall be defrayed from such Loan Votes as are now or may hereafter be applicable to that purpose, or from appropriations of the Public Works Fund, or partly from such votes and partly from the said appropriations, and shall not under any circumstances exceed the estimated cost by more than ten per centum. Cost, how to be defrayed.
5. The said line of railway may be constructed on any public road or highway. Line may be constructed on road.
6. Notwithstanding the provisions of section eighty-four of the Public Works Act, 1900, the Constructing Authority shall not be required or compelled, nor shall it be the duty of the said Authority, to make and maintain any fence along the said line of railway for the accommodation of any person or for any purpose whatsoever; but the said authority may, in his discretion, make and maintain such fences in connection with the said line of railway as he may think fit. Fencing not required along the line.
7. The Constructing Authority, and any persons authorised by him, may use the said line, or any part thereof, before it is transferred to the Chief Commissioner for Railways and Tramways, and for that purpose may run thereon any carriages or waggons propelled or drawn by any motive power. Constructing Authority may use line.

Cooma to Bombala, viâ Nimitybelle, Railway.

SCHEDULE.

Cooma to Bombala, viâ Nimitybelle, Railway.

THIS is an extension of the Goulburn to Cooma railway, and commences at the southern
end of Cooma station, at two hundred and sixty-four miles, forty-seven decimal five chains
5 from Sydney; and proceeding thence in a south-east by south direction, following
generally the main road to Rock Flat, and passing through the western portion of that
town, it reaches and crosses Spring Creek, and continues in a due south course for about
five miles; and heading Brick Kiln and Rock Flat Creeks, it takes an east-south-east
direction to Nimitybelle; and after descending to and crossing MacLaughlin River,
10 near its confluence with Pigring Creek, it follows up the western bank of the latter to its
source; thence a southerly course brings it to the head of Native Dog Creek, which it
crosses, and traverses the slopes on its eastern side south-westerly for about twelve miles;
one mile further on the main road from Cooma is reached; and after running along its
western boundary for about a mile, a sharp turn to the west carries it across Bibbenluke
15 Road, half a mile beyond which it takes an almost due south bearing to the western
valley of the Bombala River, which is followed for about four miles to the terminus at
Bombala, at three hundred and twenty-eight miles sixty-two chains from Sydney, being
a total distance of sixty-four miles fourteen decimal five chains;—and subject to such
deviations and modifications as may be considered desirable by the Constructing
20 Authority.

THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE is authorized to purchase and distribute the following articles for the use of the public health service:

Act No. 4907, June 1, 1907

Commodities to be purchased and distributed by the public health service.

Section 1. The following articles shall be purchased and distributed by the public health service:

1. Disinfectants, including formalin, carbolic acid, and other disinfectants.
2. Antiseptics, including iodine, boric acid, and other antiseptics.
3. Vaccines, including smallpox, cholera, and other vaccines.
4. Serums, including anti-rabies, anti-diphtheria, and other serums.
5. Medicines, including quinine, salicylic acid, and other medicines.
6. Instruments, including thermometers, sphygmometers, and other instruments.
7. Apparatus, including incubators, refrigerators, and other apparatus.
8. Supplies, including bandages, dressings, and other supplies.
9. Books, including books on public health, hygiene, and other subjects.
10. Maps, including maps of the United States and other countries.
11. Reports, including reports on public health, hygiene, and other subjects.
12. Publications, including pamphlets, leaflets, and other publications.
13. Stationery, including paper, envelopes, and other stationery.
14. Printing, including the printing of books, reports, and other publications.
15. Transportation, including the transportation of articles to the public health service.
16. Storage, including the storage of articles in the public health service.
17. Distribution, including the distribution of articles to the public health service.
18. Maintenance, including the maintenance of articles in the public health service.
19. Repairs, including the repairs of articles in the public health service.
20. Replacement, including the replacement of articles in the public health service.