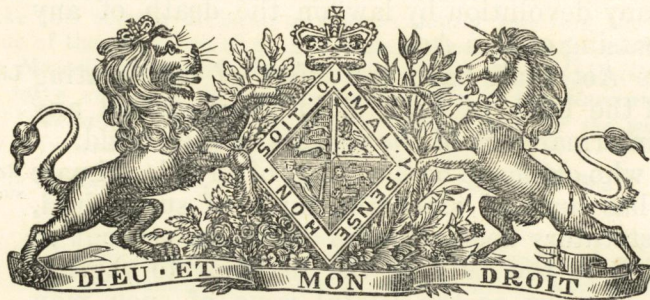


This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL, and, having passed during the previous Session, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY for its concurrence.

Legislative Council Chamber,
Sydney, 8th August, 1901. }

JOHN J. CALVERT,
Clerk of the Parliaments.

New South Wales.



ANNO PRIMO

EDWARDI VII REGIS.

Act No. , 1901.

An Act to amend the law by making provision for the Legitimation of Children born before marriage on the subsequent marriage of their parents.

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

- 5 **1.** The short title of this Act is "The Legitimation Act of 1901." Short title.
- 2.** In the construction of this Act the word "Registrar" means Interpretation. and includes the Registrar-General, his deputies, and all district registrars.

- 10 **3.** Any child born before the marriage of his or her parents Legitimation of illegitimate children on registration after marriage of parents. (and whether before or after the passing of this Act), whose parents have intermarried or shall hereafter intermarry, shall be deemed on the

Legitimation.

the registration of such child as hereinafter provided to have been legitimated by such marriage from birth, and shall be entitled to all the rights of a child born in wedlock.

4. The issue of any such legitimated child who has died or may
5 hereafter die before the marriage of his or her parents shall take, by operation of law, the same real and personal property which would have accrued to such issue if the parent had been born in wedlock. Issue of legitimated child dying before marriage of parents.

5. Nothing in this Act shall affect any estate, right, or interest
10 in any real or personal property to which any person has become or may become entitled, either mediately or immediately in possession, or expectancy by virtue of any disposition made before the passing of this Act, or by virtue of any devolution by law on the death of any person dying before the passing of this Act. Certain estates, rights, or interests not affected.

6. Nothing in this Act shall have the effect of legitimating
15 any child if at the time of the birth of such child there existed any legal impediment to the intermarriage of the parents of such child. Limit to legitimation.

7. When any man who claims to be the father of any illegitimate
20 child, whose mother he has married since the birth of such child, produces to a registrar a statutory declaration in the form set out in the Schedule hereto, it shall be the duty of the registrar to register such child, whether dead or alive, as the lawful issue of such man and his wife, and the registrar shall make a note in the entry underneath his signature to the effect that such registration has been made under the authority of this Act. If the child has been previously
25 registered as illegitimate, he shall also make in the register on the page on which the previous entry was made a note of the entry made under this Act, and shall intimate to the Registrar-General, if he is a deputy or district registrar, that such entries have been made. If such
30 last-mentioned registrar has not in his possession the register containing the entry of illegitimacy, it shall be sufficient for him to intimate to the Registrar-General the fact of the new entry having been made. Registrar to register such child.

Legitimation.

SCHEDULE.

Declaration.

I, _____ of _____, in the Colony of New South Wales, do solemnly and sincerely declare, as follows:—

5 I am the father of a certain child, named _____, born on the _____ day of _____, at _____

2. I was married to _____, the mother of the said child, on the _____ day of _____, at _____, and I am desirous of having the birth of the said child registered as that of the lawful issue of myself and the said _____

10 3. The document hereunto annexed is a certified copy of the certificate of my marriage with the said _____

4. No legal impediment to the marriage of myself and the said _____ existed at the time of the birth of the said child.

And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of an Act made and passed in the ninth year of the reign of her late Majesty, intituled "*An Act for the more effectual Abolition of Oaths and Affirmations taken and made in various Departments of the Government of New South Wales, and to substitute Declarations in lieu thereof, and for the suppression of voluntary and extra judicial Oaths and Affidavits.*"

20 Declared by the said _____, at _____ aforesaid this _____ day of _____

Before me,
A Justice of the Peace for the Colony of New South Wales; or
A Commissioner of the Supreme Court of New South Wales.

Introduction

INTRODUCTION

1800

The first of the three parts of the book is devoted to a general

description of the country and its inhabitants.

The second part contains a detailed account of the

history of the country from the first discovery to the

present time.

The third part is devoted to a description of the

resources of the country and the means of improving

them.

The fourth part contains a list of the names of the

principal places in the country.

The fifth part is devoted to a description of the

climate of the country and the diseases which are

prevalent in it.

The sixth part contains a list of the names of the

principal rivers in the country.

The seventh part is devoted to a description of the

minerals of the country and the means of extracting

them.

The eighth part contains a list of the names of the

principal mountains in the country.

The ninth part is devoted to a description of the

vegetation of the country and the animals which

are found in it.

The tenth part contains a list of the names of the

principal lakes in the country.

The eleventh part is devoted to a description of the

soils of the country and the means of cultivating

them.

The twelfth part contains a list of the names of the

principal cities in the country.

The thirteenth part is devoted to a description of the

commerce of the country and the means of increasing

it.

The fourteenth part contains a list of the names of the

principal islands in the country.