This Public Bill originated in the Legislative Council, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the Legislative Assembly for its concurrence.

Legislative Council Chamber, Sydney, 12th August, 1903. JOHN J. CALVERT, Clerk of the Parliaments.

New South Wales.



ANNO TERTIO

EDWARDI VII REGIS.

Act No. , 1903.

An Act to facilitate compromises and arrangements between certain companies, societies, and associations and their creditors; and to amend the Companies Act, 1899.

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

5 1. This Act may be cited as the "Companies (Amendment) Act, short title. 1903," and shall be read and construed as part of the Companies Act, 1899.

2. The word "company" in this Act means any society, Definition. association, or company entitled or liable to be wound-up under the 10 Companies Act, 1899.

c 57—

Companies (Amendment).

3. Where no order has been made or resolution passed for the Power to court to winding-up of a company, and any compromise or arrangement is stay proceedings and proposed between such compromise proposed between such company and the creditors of such company before winding-up.

or any class of such creditors, the court may, in addition to any other 5 of its powers, on the application in a summary way of the company, or of any creditor of the company, restrain further proceedings in any action, suit, petition, or proceeding against the company upon such terms as it may think fit; and may also order that a meeting of such creditors, or class of creditors, shall be summoned in such manner and

10 at such time as the court may direct, and if a majority in number representing three-fourths in value of such creditors, or class of creditors, present either in person or by proxy or attorney at such meeting, agree to any arrangement or compromise, such arrangement or compromise shall, if sanctioned by an order of the court, be binding

15 upon the company and its members and shareholders, and upon all

such creditors or class of creditors, as the case may be.

4. The court, on the application of the company or of any Court may direct creditor or person interested in the company, before sanctioning any meetings, &c. arrangement or compromise under this Act, may order such meetings

20 to be summoned and inquiries to be made as it shall think fit, and may alter or vary such arrangement or compromise, and impose such conditions in the carrying out thereof as it shall think just.

This Public Bill originated in the Legislative Council, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the Legislative Assembly for its concurrence.

Legislative Council Chamber, Sydney, August, 1903.

Clerk of the Parliaments.

New South Wales.



ANNO TERTIO

EDWARDI VII REGIS.

Act No. , 1903.

An Act to facilitate compromises and arrangements between certain companies, societies, and associations and their creditors; and to amend the Companies Act, 1899.

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

5 1. This Act may be cited as the "Companies (Amendment) Act, Short title. 1903," and shall be read and construed as part of the Companies Act, 1899.

2. The word "company" in this Act means any society, Definition. association, or company entitled or liable to be wound-up under the 10 Companies Act, 1899.

c 57—

3.

Companies (Amendment).

3. Where no order has been made or resolution passed for the Power to court to winding-up of a company, and any compromise or arrangement is stay proceedings and proposed between such company and the conditions of such compromise proposed between such company and the creditors of such company before winding-up. or any class of such creditors, the court may, in addition to any other 5 of its powers, on the application in a summary way of the company, or of any creditor of the company, restrain further proceedings in any

action, suit, petition, or proceeding against the company upon such

terms as it may think fit; and may also order that a meeting of such creditors, or class of creditors, shall be summoned in such manner and 10 at such time as the court may direct, and if a majority in number representing three-fourths in value of such creditors, or class of creditors, present either in person or by proxy or attorney at such meeting, agree to any arrangement or compromise, such arrangement or compromise shall, if sanctioned by an order of the court, be binding

15 upon the company and its members and shareholders, and upon all such creditors or class of creditors, as the case may be.

4. The court, on the application of the company or of any Court may direct creditor or person interested in the company, before sanctioning any meetings, &c. arrangement or compromise under this Act, may order such meetings 20 to be summoned and inquiries to be made as it shall think fit, and may alter or vary such arrangement or compromise, and impose such conditions in the carrying out thereof as it shall think just.

Legislatibe Council.

No. , 1903.

A BILL

To facilitate compromises and arrangements between certain companies, societies, and associations and their creditors; and to amend the Companies Act, 1899.

[COLONEL MACKAY; -30 July, 1903.]

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

5 1. This Act may be cited as the "Companies (Amendment) Act, short title. 1903," and shall be read and construed as part of the Companies Act, 1899.

2. The word "company" in this Act means any society, Definition. association, or company entitled or liable to be wound-up under the 10 Companies Act, 1899.

c 57—

Power to court to sanction compromise

3. Where no order has been made or resolution passed for the stay proceedings and winding-up of a company, and any compromise or arrangement is before winding-up. proposed between such company and the creditors of such company or any class of such creditors, the court may, in addition to any other of its powers, on the application in a summary way of the company, or 5 of any creditor of the company, restrain further proceedings in any action, suit, petition, or proceeding against the company upon such terms as it may think fit; and may also order that a meeting of such creditors, or class of creditors, shall be summoned in such manner and at such time as the court may direct, and if a majority in number 10 representing three-fourths in value of such creditors, or class of creditors, present either in person or by proxy or attorney at such meeting, agree to any arrangement or compromise, such arrangement or compromise shall, if sanctioned by an order of the court, be binding upon the company and its members and shareholders, and upon all 15 such creditors or class of creditors, as the case may be.

Court may direct meetings, &c.

4. The court, on the application of the company or of any creditor or person interested in the company, before sanctioning any arrangement or compromise under this Act, may order such meetings to be summoned and inquiries to be made as it shall think fit, and 20 may alter or vary such arrangement or compromise, and impose such conditions in the carrying out thereof as it shall think just.

Sydney: William Applegate Gullick, Government Printer.-1903.

 $\lceil 3d. \rceil$