# New South Wales.



ANNO SECUNDO

# EDWARDI VII REGIS.

# Act No. 24, 1902.

An Act to consolidate the enactments relating to arrest on mesne process. [Assented to, 31st July, 1902.]

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

#### PART I.

# Preliminary.

1. This Act may be cited as the "Arrest on Mesne Process Act, Short title and 1902," and is divided into Parts, as follows:—

PART I.—Preliminary—ss. 1-9.

PART II.—Arrest and Bail—ss. 4-10.

PART III.—Discharge—ss. 11-14.

PART IV.—Commissioner at Newcastle—ss. 15-35.

2. (1) The Acts mentioned in the Schedule to this Act are to Repeal. the extent therein expressed hereby repealed.

(2)

(2) All persons appointed under any Act hereby repealed, and holding office at the time of the passing of this Act, shall remain in office as if this Act had been in force at the time they were appointed and they had been appointed hereunder, and this Act shall apply to them accordingly.

(3) All rules made under the Acts hereby repealed, and in force at the time of the passing of this Act shall be deemed to have

been made hereunder.

Interpretation.

3. In this Act, unless the context or subject-matter otherwise 24 Vic. No. 14, s. 17, indicates or requires,-

"Capias" means capias ad respondendum.

"Court" means the Supreme Court.

"Defendant" in Part IV includes a person against whom an action is about to be brought.

"Judge" means a Judge of the Court.

"Plaintiff" in Part IV includes a person about to commence an action.

## PART II.

# Arrest and bail.

No arrest on mesne this Act. 3 Vic. No. 15, s. 1.

4. No person shall be arrested upon mesne process in any civil process except under action in any court except in the cases and in the manner hereinafter provided.

Order to hold to bail. Ibid. s. 2.

5. In any action in the Court in which the defendant, under the law in force before the passing of the Act third Victoria number 37 Vic. No. 11, s. 1. fifteen, would have been liable to arrest, whether upon the order of a Judge, or without such order, if a Judge is satisfied by affidavit disclosing the facts constituting the ground of the plaintiff's claim, or by evidence on oath before such Judge,—

(a) that the plaintiff has primâ facie a good cause of action in respect of his claim against the defendant,

and if such Judge is also satisfied by the affidavit of the plaintiff or some other person—

(b) that such cause of action is to the amount of twenty pounds or upwards, or that the plaintiff has sustained damage to that amount; and

(c) that any defendant is about to remove or is making preparations to remove out of the jurisdiction of the Court; and

(d) that such action will be defeated unless such defendant is forthwith apprehended; and

(e) that the application is made within a reasonable time after the fact of the defendant's intention so to remove came to the knowledge of the plaintiff or might have become known to him by reasonable diligence on his part,

such Judge may by a special order direct that such defendant shall be held to bail for such sum as such Judge thinks fit, not exceeding the amount of the debt or damages.

6. (1) Thereupon the plaintiff, within the time expressed in Issue of writ of such order but not afterwards, may sue out one or more writ or writs capias.

3 Vic. No. 15, 6. 2. of capias against such defendant.

(2) Every such writ shall be in the form prescribed by the

Judges.

- 7. (1) The sheriff or other officer to whom any such writ is Execution of writ. directed shall, before the return of the said writ but not afterwards, Ibid. s. 3. proceed to arrest such defendant thereupon.
  - (2) Such writ may be lawfully executed upon a Sunday.

13 Vic. No. 12, s. 1. 8. Such order may be made and the defendant arrested in Order and arrest to pursuance thereof at any time after the commencement of the action be during pendency of action. and before final judgment is obtained therein. 3 Vic. No. 15, s. 4.

9. The defendant when arrested shall remain in custody until Defendant to remain he has given a bail bond to the sheriff or other officer, or has made in custody until he finds bail or makes deposit of the sum endorsed on such writ of capias, together with ten deposit. pounds costs.

10. All subsequent proceedings as to putting in and perfecting Subsequent special bail shall be subject to the Rules of the Court made for the proceedings subject to Rules of Court. practice of the Court in such cases.

#### PART III.

# Discharge.

11. Any person arrested upon a writ of capias may apply to a Application for order Judge at any time after such arrest for an order on the plaintiff to nisi for discharge. show cause why such person should not be discharged out of custody. Ibid. s. 5.

12. Any Judge may make absolute or discharge such order, Proceedings upon and may direct the costs of the application to be paid by either party, order and may make such other order therein as he thinks fit.

13. Upon the application of either party dissatisfied with any Appeal.

such order, the Court may discharge or vary the same.

14. (1) Any person in the custody of any sheriff, gaoler, or Discharge on officer under any such writ shall upon the sequestration of his estate bankruptcy. in pursuance of the law in force for the time being relating to bank- 37 Vic. No. 11 s. 5. ruptcy, be entitled to his discharge from such custody on the order of (3). the Judge in Bankruptcy, and shall be forthwith discharged from such custody either absolutely or on such conditions as the said Judge may impose.

37 Vic. No. 11, s. 4.

(2) No such sheriff, gaoler, or officer shall incur any liability in respect of such discharge to any person for anything done by him under this section.

#### PART IV.

## Commissioner at Newcastle.

Appointment of Commissioner. 24 Vic. No. 14, s. 1.

15. The Chief Justice may by commission under his hand and the seal of the Court appoint some fit person residing at Newcastle or within five miles thereof to be a commissioner of the Court for the purposes of this Act.

Issue of writs of Ibid.

16. (1) Such commissioner shall at the instance of any summons and capias. plaintiff have power to issue writs of summons and of capias in the Court against any defendant about to depart out of New South Wales from the said port of Newcastle in cases where by law an arrest upon mesne process is allowed in an action under this Act.

> (2) Every such writ of capias shall (except where hereby otherwise provided) have the same force and effect as an ordinary writ of capias issued out of the Court at Sydney directed to the sheriff.

Requisites to obtain capias.

Ibid. s. 2.

17. (1) No writ of summons shall be issued under this Part

except to ground a writ of capias to be issued hereunder. (2) No writ of capias shall be issued under this Part

unless proof by affidavit is first given to the commissioner that the defendant is about to depart out of New South Wales from the said port of Newcastle, and of all such other facts and matters which are necessary to be given and established to obtain an order from a Judge for the issue of an ordinary writ of capias out of the Court at Sydney.

Plaintiff to give bond as security against abuse of process. Ibid.

18. (1) No such writ of capias shall be issued under this Part unless the plaintiff shall first give a bond of two sufficient persons (of whom the plaintiff if of sufficient ability in the opinion of the commissioner may be one) to the satisfaction of the commissioner to the defendant, in a sum of money to be fixed by such commissioner not being less than double the amount for which the defendant is liable to be arrested or held to bail under such writ, conditioned to be void on payment to the defendant of all damages costs and charges which may be adjudged to him in any action by him against the plaintiff and the bailiff to whom such writ of capias is directed or either of them for or by reason of such writ having been issued, or of his being arrested thereunder, or of any wrong or damage sustained by him on account thereof, or of any wrongful act or omission of such bailiff in or about the execution thereof, or otherwise in relation thereto, and of all costs charges and expenses which upon any application by the defendant to

the Court or a Judge for any rule or order to set aside any such writ or to discharge the defendant from custody thereunder or to cancel any bail bond given thereunder or otherwise in relation to or connected with such writ or anything done thereunder may be adjudged or ordered to be paid to the defendant.

(2) Provided always that the amount for which such bond Bond not to be for shall be given shall in no case exceed the sum of four hundred pounds. more than four hundred pounds.

(3) The commissioner shall forthwith transmit such bond To be sent to to the prothonotary of the Court, who shall, upon demand, deliver Prothonotary for delivery to such bond to the defendant or any one applying for the same on his defendant. behalf.

19. It shall not be necessary for any order to be made to warrant No order necessary the issuing of any writ of capias under this Part; but the commissioner for capias. shall by memorandum thereon under his hand certify on whose 24 Vic. No. 14, s. 3. application and on what affidavit or affidavits and when it was issued, and the amount for which the defendant is to be arrested or held to bail thereunder, in the form or to the effect following:-

19 under the day of "This writ was issued this provisions of the Arrest on Mesne Process Act, 1902, on the application of the therein named A B [naming the plaintiff], and upon reading the affidavit of [naming the deponent] sworn 19 describing each affidavit day of on the if more than one. And the defendant C D [naming the defendant is to be arrested or held to bail hereunder for or pounds [specifying the amount]. E F in the sum of [here to be signed by the Commissioner], Commissioner under the said Act.'

20. (1) Every writ of capias issued under this Part shall instead Capias directed to of being directed to the sheriff be directed to some person to be special bailiff. specially named by the plaintiff as a bailiff to execute the same.

(2) Such bailiff shall have all the authority thereunder Powers of bailiff. which the sheriff has under an ordinary writ of capias issued out of Ibid. the Court at Sydney directed to him, save only that such bailiff shall not have power to appoint a deputy to execute the same, but shall execute it personally with such assistant or assistants (if any) as he may require in that behalf.

21. (1) No person shall be bound to accept the office of or to Persons not bound to act as a bailiff under any writ issued in pursuance of this Part unless out first agreeing. he consents or agrees so to do. Ibid. s. 5.

(2) Every person who consents or agrees so to do shall be bound to act as such bailiff under the writ directed to him until his whole duty as such bailiff under such writ is fully performed.

22. Every writ of summons and of capias issued under this Form of write. Part shall be issued under the signature and seal of the commissioner Ibid. s. 6.

issuing the same, but in all other respects (except where other provision is hereby made) shall be in the same form and shall have all such notices and endorsements thereon respectively as are required in respect of ordinary writs of summons and of capias issued out of the Court at Sydney.

No præcipe required.

23. It shall not be requisite to file or deliver any præcipe for 24 Vic. No. 14, s. 7. or in respect of any writ of summons or of capias issued under this Part.

Summons to be com-

24. Every writ of summons issued under this Part shall be the mencement of action. commencement of an action in the Court by the plaintiff against the defendant.

Copy of writs to be sent to Supreme Court Office. Ibid.

25. The commissioner upon issuing any such writ of summons or capias shall forthwith transmit copies thereof and of every endorsement thereon and the original affidavits upon which any such writ of capias was issued by him to the office of the prothonotary of the Court to be there filed and kept.

Commissioner's fees. Thid. s. 8.

26. The commissioner shall be entitled to receive and retain for his own use for issuing any writ of summons under this Part the sum of five shillings, and for issuing any writ of capias the sum of one pound, and to no other fees, payment, or remuneration whatsoever.

Plaintiff's costs. Ibid.

27. Every plaintiff issuing or obtaining any such writ of summons or of capias shall be entitled to the same costs thereupon as he would be entitled to upon issuing or obtaining a similar writ out of the Court at Sydney in the ordinary way.

No action against commissioner except Ibid. s. 9.

28. No action shall lie against the commissioner for issuing any in case of corruption. writ of capias under this Part unless the plaintiff in such action shall allege and prove that the commissioner knowingly and wilfully issued the same without reasonable proof being given to him to warrant the issuing thereof, and also that in issuing the same he acted corruptly.

Bailiffe to return writs of capias. Ibid. s. 10.

29. Every bailiff to whom a writ of capias issued under this Part is directed, and who consents and agrees to act as such bailiff to execute the same, shall make a due return thereto to the Court in like manner as the sheriff is bound to make a return to an ordinary writ Liabilities of bailiffs. of capias issued out of the Court at Sydney directed to him, and shall be subject to attachment and action in respect of the execution of such writ or incident thereto, and to an action at the suit of the plaintiff or defendant for any wrongful act or omission by him in or about the execution of such writ and incident thereto, in like manner as the sheriff is liable under the same circumstances in respect of an ordinary writ of capias issued out of the Court at Sydney and directed

30. (1) The bailiff, acting under any writ of capias issued under this Part shall have authority and shall be bound to take bail by bond of the defendant and sureties to himself for the appearance and rendering of the body of the defendant according to the exigency

Bailiffs to take bail.

Ibid. s. 11.

of such writ and the practice of the said Court of the same kind and in like manner in all respects as the sheriff is bound to take bail from a defendant arrested under an ordinary writ of capias issued out of the Court at Sydney directed to himself.

(2) Such bailiff upon such bail bond being entered into Release of defendant and given to him shall release the defendant from his custody under thereon.

such writ.

(3) Every such bail bond shall be assignable by such Bail bond assignable. bailiff to the plaintiff, and such bailiff upon being required so to do shall assign the same to the plaintiff, and the plaintiff upon such assignment thereof may sue thereon in like manner in all respects as if it were an ordinary bail bond to the sheriff.

31. (1) The bailiff acting under any writ of capies issued Bailiffs to take under this Part shall be bound to receive from the defendant as a deposit in lieu of deposit in lieu of bail the amount for which he is to be arrested or 24 Vic. No. 14, s. 12. held to bail thereunder and the sum of ten pounds for costs in like manner as the sheriff is bound to do under an ordinary writ of capias issued out of the Court at Sydney directed to and executed by him.

(2) Upon receipt of such deposit such bailiff shall release Release of defendant the defendant from his custody under such writ, and shall forthwith thereon. pay or cause to be paid over to the prothonotary of the Court the money so deposited by such defendant as aforesaid, to be held and

disposed of by such prothonotary according to law.

32. Every bailiff serving any writ of summons or executing Bailiff's fees, any writ of capias issued under this Part shall be entitled to the same 16 d. s. 13. fees, mileage, and other remuneration for everything done by him as such bailiff under the provisions of this Act as the sheriff and his bailiff are, or is, or may be entitled to for the same or similar acts done by them or either of them in serving or executing or otherwise in relation to any ordinary writ of summons or of capias issued out of the Court at Sydney or taking bail thereunder, and to no other payment or remuneration whatever.

33. Every plaintiff obtaining any such writ of capias under Plaintiff and bailiff this Part, and the bailiff to whom the same is directed, shall be jointly to be jointly and and saverally liable to the defendant for any saverally liable for and severally liable to the defendant for any wrongful act or omission misfeasance of bailiff. by such bailiff in or about the execution of such writ or incident Ibid. s. 14.

thereto.

34. All proceedings in any action commenced by any writ of Proceedings in summons and under any writ of capias issued under the provisions of actions commenced this Part shall (expect as heaving the provisions of by writs under this this Part shall (except as herein otherwise directed) be taken and had rart. in like manner as if such action had been commenced by ordinary Ibid. s. 15. writ of summons issued out of the Court at Sydney, and the Court and any Judge thereof shall have all such and the same powers to set aside any writ of summons or capias issued under the provisions hereof or the service of any writ of summons, or to discharge from

custody

custody any defendant arrested under any such writ of capias, and to order any bail bond given thereunder to be cancelled, and in every other respect as such Court or Judge has or may have in case of ordinary writs of summons or capias issued out of the Court at Sydney.

Judges to make rules.

35. The Judges, or any two of them, may make all such rules as 24 Vic. No. 14, s. 16 they think necessary or proper for carrying this Part of this Act into

execution.

#### SCHEDULE.

Reference to Act.	Title.	Extent of repeal.	
9 Geo. IV No. 2	An Act for adopting a certain Act of Parliament passed in the seventh and eighth years of His Majesty King George the Fourth to regulate the practice of arrests.		
3 Vic. No. 15	An Act for abolishing arrest on mesne process in civil actions except in certain cases in New South Wales and the dependencies thereof.	The whole.	
13 Vic. No. 12	An Act to prevent the escape from the Colony of fraudulent debtors.	The unrepealed portion.	
24 Vic. No. 14	An Act to authorise the appointment of a com- missioner to issue writs of summons and arrest at the port of Newcastle.		
37 Vic. No. 11	An Act to amend the law of arrest and imprison- ment on civil process.	The unrepealed portion except section 6.	

By Authority: Reprinted by Alfred James Kent, Government Printer, Sydney, 1924. [7d.]

I Certify that this Public Bill, which originated in the Legislative Council, has finally passed the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales.

Legislative Council Chamber, Sydney, 23rd July, 1902.

JOHN J. CALVERT, Clerk of the Parliaments.

# New South Wales.



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DE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

# PART I.

# Preliminary.

1. This Act may be cited as the "Arrest on Mesne Process Act, Short title and 1902," and is divided into Parts, as follows:—

PART I.—Preliminary—ss. 1-3.

PART II.—Arrest and Bail—ss. 4-10.

PART III.—Discharge—ss. 11-14.

PART IV.—Commissioner at Newcastle—ss. 15-35.

2. (1) The Acts mentioned in the Schedule to this Act are to Repeal the extent therein expressed hereby repealed.

(2)

(2) All persons appointed under any Act hereby repealed, and holding office at the time of the passing of this Act, shall remain in office as if this Act had been in force at the time they were appointed and they had been appointed hereunder, and this Act shall apply to them accordingly.

(3) All rules made under the Acts hereby repealed, and in force at the time of the passing of this Act shall be deemed to have

been made hereunder.

3. In this Act, unless the context or subject-matter otherwise Interpretation. 24 Vic. No. 14, s. 17, indicates or requires,-

"Capias" means capias ad respondendum. "Court" means the Supreme Court.

"Defendant" in Part IV includes a person against whom an action is about to be brought.

"Judge" means a Judge of the Court.

"Plaintiff" in Part IV includes a person about to commence an action.

# PART II.

# Arrest and bail.

No arrest on mesne

3 Vic. No. 15, s. 1.

Order to hold to bail. Ibid. s. 2.

4. No person shall be arrested upon mesne process in any civil process except under action in any court except in the cases and in the manner hereinafter provided.

5. In any action in the Court in which the defendant, under the law in force before the passing of the Act third Victoria number 37 Vic. No. 11, s. 1. fifteen, would have been liable to arrest, whether upon the order of a Judge, or without such order, if a Judge is satisfied by affidavit disclosing the facts constituting the ground of the plaintiff's claim, or by evidence on oath before such Judge,-

(a) that the plaintiff has primâ facie a good cause of action in respect of his claim against the defendant,

and if such Judge is also satisfied by the affidavit of the plaintiff or some other person-

(b) that such cause of action is to the amount of twenty pounds or upwards, or that the plaintiff has sustained damage to that

(c) that any defendant is about to remove or is making preparations to remove out of the jurisdiction of the Court; and

(d) that such action will be defeated unless such defendant is

forthwith apprehended; and

(e) that the application is made within a reasonable time after the fact of the defendant's intention so to remove came to the knowledge of the plaintiff or might have become known to him by reasonable diligence on his part,

such Judge may by a special order direct that such defendant shall be held to bail for such sum as such Judge thinks fit, not exceeding the amount of the debt or damages.

6. (1) Thereupon the plaintiff, within the time expressed in Issue of writ of such order but not afterwards, may sue out one or more writ or writs capias.

3 Vic. No. 15, s. 2. of capias against such defendant.

(2) Every such writ shall be in the form prescribed by the

Judges.

7. (1) The sheriff or other officer to whom any such writ is Execution of writ. directed shall, before the return of the said writ but not afterwards, Ibid. s. 3. proceed to arrest such defendant thereupon.

(2) Such writ may be lawfully executed upon a Sunday.

8. Such order may be made and the defendant arrested in Order and arrest to pursuance thereof at any time after the commencement of the action be during pendency of action. and before final judgment is obtained therein.

9. The defendant when arrested shall remain in custody until Defendant to remain he has given a bail bond to the sheriff or other officer, or has made finds bail or makes deposit of the sum endorsed on such writ of capias, together with ten deposit. pounds costs.

10. All subsequent proceedings as to putting in and perfecting Subsequent special bail shall be subject to the Rules of the Court made for the proceedings subject to Rules of Court. practice of the Court in such cases.

in custody until he

# PART III.

# Discharge.

11. Any person arrested upon a writ of capias may apply to a Application for order Judge at any time after such arrest for an order on the plaintiff to nisi for discharge. show cause why such person should not be discharged out of custody. Ibid. s, 5. show cause why such person should not be discharged out of custody.

12. Any Judge may make absolute or discharge such order, Proceedings upon and may direct the costs of the application to be paid by either party, order nisi. and may make such other order therein as he thinks fit.

13. Upon the application of either party dissatisfied with any Appeal.

such order, the Court may discharge or vary the same.

14. (1) Any person in the custody of any sheriff, gaoler, or Discharge on officer under any such writ shall upon the sequestration of his estate bankruptey. 37 Vic. No. 11 s. 5. in pursuance of the law in force for the time being relating to bankruptcy, be entitled to his discharge from such custody on the order of (3). the Judge in Bankruptcy, and shall be forthwith discharged from such custody either absolutely or on such conditions as the said Judge may impose.

(2)

37 Vic. No. 11, s. 4.

(2) No such sheriff, gaoler, or officer shall incur any liability in respect of such discharge to any person for anything done by him under this section.

# PART IV.

# Commissioner at Newcastle.

Appointment of Commissioner. 24 Vic. No. 14, s. 1.

15. The Chief Justice may by commission under his hand and the seal of the Court appoint some fit person residing at Newcastle or within five miles thereof to be a commissioner of the Court for the purposes of this Act.

Issue of writs of Ibid.

16. (1) Such commissioner shall at the instance of any summons and capias. plaintiff have power to issue writs of summons and of capias in the Court against any defendant about to depart out of New South Wales from the said port of Newcastle in cases where by law an arrest upon mesne process is allowed in an action under this Act.

> (2) Every such writ of capias shall (except where hereby otherwise provided) have the same force and effect as an ordinary writ of capias issued out of the Court at Sydney directed to the sheriff.

17. (1) No writ of summons shall be issued under this Part

except to ground a writ of capias to be issued hereunder.

Requisites to obtain capias. Ibid. s. 2.

(2) No writ of capias shall be issued under this Part unless proof by affidavit is first given to the commissioner that the defendant is about to depart out of New South Wales from the said port of Newcastle, and of all such other facts and matters which are necessary to be given and established to obtain an order from a Judge for the issue of an ordinary writ of capias out of the Court at Sydney.

Plaintiff to give bond as security against abuse of process. Ibid.

18. (1) No such writ of capias shall be issued under this Part unless the plaintiff shall first give a bond of two sufficient persons (of whom the plaintiff if of sufficient ability in the opinion of the commissioner may be one) to the satisfaction of the commissioner to the defendant, in a sum of money to be fixed by such commissioner not being less than double the amount for which the defendant is liable to be arrested or held to bail under such writ, conditioned to be void on payment to the defendant of all damages costs and charges which may be adjudged to him in any action by him against the plaintiff and the bailiff to whom such writ of capias is directed or either of them for or by reason of such writ having been issued, or of his being arrested thereunder, or of any wrong or damage sustained by him on account thereof, or of any wrongful act or omission of such bailiff in or about the execution thereof, or otherwise in relation thereto, and of all costs charges and expenses which upon any application by the defendant to

the Court or a Judge for any rule or order to set aside any such writ or to discharge the defendant from custody thereunder or to cancel any bail bond given thereunder or otherwise in relation to or connected with such writ or anything done thereunder may be adjudged or ordered to be paid to the defendant.

(2) Provided always that the amount for which such bond Bond not to be for shall be given shall in no case exceed the sum of four hundred pounds. more than four hundred pounds.

(3) The commissioner shall forthwith transmit such bond To be sent to to the prothonotary of the Court, who shall, upon demand, deliver Prothonotary such bond to the defendant or any one applying for the same on his defendant. behalf.

19. It shall not be necessary for any order to be made to warrant No order necessary the issuing of any writ of capias under this Part; but the commissioner for capias. shall by memorandum thereon under his hand certify on whose 24 Vic. No. 14, s. 3. application and on what affidavit or affidavits and when it was issued, and the amount for which the defendant is to be arrested or held to bail thereunder, in the form or to the effect following:

"This writ was issued this day of 19 under the provisions of the Arrest on Mesne Process Act, 1902, on the application of the therein named A B [naming the plaintiff], and upon reading the affidavit of [naming the deponent] sworn day of 19 [describing each affidavitif more than one]. And the defendant C D [naming the defendant is to be arrested or held to bail hereunder for or pounds [specifying the amount]. E F [here to be signed by the Commissioner], Commissioner under the said Act."

20. (1) Every writ of capias issued under this Part shall instead Capias directed to of being directed to the sheriff be directed to some person to be special bailiff. specially named by the plaintiff as a bailiff to execute the same.

(2) Such bailiff shall have all the authority thereunder Powers of bailiff. which the sheriff has under an ordinary writ of capias issued out of Ibid. the Court at Sydney directed to him, save only that such bailiff shall not have power to appoint a deputy to execute the same, but shall execute it personally with such assistant or assistants (if any) as he may require in that behalf.

21. (1) No person shall be bound to accept the office of or to Persons not bound to act as a bailiff under any writ issued in pursuance of this Part unless act as bailiffs without first agreeing. he consents or agrees so to do. Tbid. s. 5.

(2) Every person who consents or agrees so to do shall be bound to act as such bailiff under the writ directed to him until his whole duty as such bailiff under such writ is fully performed.

22. Every writ of summons and of capias issued under this Form of writs. Part shall be issued under the signature and seal of the commissioner Ibid. s. 6. issuing

issuing the same, but in all other respects (except where other provision is hereby made) shall be in the same form and shall have all such notices and endorsements thereon respectively as are required in respect of ordinary writs of summons and of capias issued out of the Court at Sydney.

No præcipe required.

23. It shall not be requisite to file or deliver any præcipe for 24 Vic. No. 14, s. 7. or in respect of any writ of summons or of capias issued under this Part.

Summons to be com-

24. Every writ of summons issued under this Part shall be the mencement of action commencement of an action in the Court by the plaintiff against the defendant.

Copy of writs to be sent to Supreme Court Office. Thid.

25. The commissioner upon issuing any such writ of summons or capias shall forthwith transmit copies thereof and of every endorsement thereon and the original affidavits upon which any such writ of capias was issued by him to the office of the prothonotary of the Court to be there filed and kept.

Commissioner's fees. Ibid. s. 8.

26. The commissioner shall be entitled to receive and retain for his own use for issuing any writ of summons under this Part the sum of five shillings, and for issuing any writ of capias the sum of one pound, and to no other fees, payment, or remuneration whatsoever.

Plaintiff's costs. Ibid.

27. Every plaintiff issuing or obtaining any such writ of summons or of capias shall be entitled to the same costs thereupon as he would be entitled to upon issuing or obtaining a similar writ out of the Court at Sydney in the ordinary way.

No action against commissioner except in case of corruption. Ibid. s. 9.

28. No action shall lie against the commissioner for issuing any writ of capias under this Part unless the plaintiff in such action shall allege and prove that the commissioner knowingly and wilfully issued the same without reasonable proof being given to him to warrant the issuing thereof, and also that in issuing the same he acted corruptly.

Bailiffs to return writs of capias. Ibid. s. 10.

29. Every bailiff to whom a writ of capias issued under this Part is directed, and who consents and agrees to act as such bailiff to execute the same, shall make a due return thereto to the Court in like manner as the sheriff is bound to make a return to an ordinary writ Liabilities of bailiffs. of capias issued out of the Court at Sydney directed to him, and shall be subject to attachment and action in respect of the execution of such writ or incident thereto, and to an action at the suit of the plaintiff or defendant for any wrongful act or omission by him in or about the execution of such writ and incident thereto, in like manner as the sheriff is liable under the same circumstances in respect of an ordinary writ of capias issued out of the Court at Sydney and directed to him.

Bailiffs to take bail. Ibid. s. 11.

30. (1) The bailiff, acting under any writ of capias issued under this Part shall have authority and shall be bound to take bail by bond of the defendant and sureties to himself for the appearance and rendering of the body of the defendant according to the exigency

of such writ and the practice of the said Court of the same kind and in like manner in all respects as the sheriff is bound to take bail from a defendant arrested under an ordinary writ of capias issued out of the Court at Sydney directed to himself.

(2) Such bailiff upon such bail bond being entered into Release of defendant

and given to him shall release the defendant from his custody under thereon.

such writ.

(3) Every such bail bond shall be assignable by such Bail bond assignable, bailiff to the plaintiff, and such bailiff upon being required so to do shall assign the same to the plaintiff, and the plaintiff upon such assignment thereof may sue thereon in like manner in all respects as if it were an ordinary bail bond to the sheriff.

31. (1) The bailiff acting under any writ of capias issued Bailiffs to take under this Part shall be bound to receive from the defendant as a deposit in lieu of bail. deposit in lieu of bail the amount for which he is to be arrested or 24 Vic. No. 14, s. 12. held to bail thereunder and the sum of ten pounds for costs in like manner as the sheriff is bound to do under an ordinary writ of capias

(2) Upon receipt of such deposit such bailiff shall release Release of defendant the defendant from his custody under such writ, and shall forthwith thereon. pay or cause to be paid over to the prothonotary of the Court the money so deposited by such defendant as aforesaid, to be held and

issued out of the Court at Sydney directed to and executed by him.

disposed of by such prothonotary according to law.

32. Every bailiff serving any writ of summons or executing Bailiff's fees. any writ of capias issued under this Part shall be entitled to the same Ibid. s. 13. fees, mileage, and other remuneration for everything done by him as such bailiff under the provisions of this Act as the sheriff and his bailiff are, or is, or may be entitled to for the same or similar acts done by them or either of them in serving or executing or otherwise in relation to any ordinary writ of summons or of capias issued out of the Court at Sydney or taking bail thereunder, and to no other payment or remuneration whatever.

33. Every plaintiff obtaining any such writ of capias under Plaintiff and bailiff this Part, and the bailiff to whom the same is directed, shall be jointly to be jointly and and severally liable to the defendant for any wrongful act or omission misfeasance of bailiff. by such bailiff in or about the execution of such writ or incident *Ibid.* s. 14.

thereto.

34. All proceedings in any action commenced by any writ of Proceedings in summons and under any writ of capias issued under the provisions of actions commenced by writs under this this Part shall (except as herein otherwise directed) be taken and had Part. in like manner as if such action had been commenced by ordinary Ibid. s. 15. writ of summons issued out of the Court at Sydney, and the Court and any Judge thereof shall have all such and the same powers to set aside any writ of summons or capias issued under the provisions hereof or the service of any writ of summons, or to discharge from custody

custody any defendant arrested under any such writ of capias, and to order any bail bond given thereunder to be cancelled, and in every other respect as such Court or Judge has or may have in case of ordinary writs of summons or capias issued out of the Court at Sydney.

Judges to make rules.

35. The Judges, or any two of them, may make all such rules as 24 Vic. No. 14, s. 16 they think necessary or proper for carrying this Part of this Act into execution.

#### SCHEDULE.

Reference to Act.	Title.	Extent of repeal.
9 Geo. IV No. 2	An Act for adopting a certain Act of Parliament passed in the seventh and eighth years of His Majesty King George the Fourth to regulate the practice of arrests.	The whole.
3 Vic. No. 15	An Act for abolishing arrest on mesne process in civil actions except in certain cases in New South Wales and the dependencies thereof.	The whole.
13 Vic. No. 12	An Act to prevent the escape from the Colony of fraudulent debtors.	The unrepealed portion.
24 Vic. No. 14		
37 Vic. No. 11	An Act to amend the law of arrest and imprison- ment on civil process.	The unrepealed portion except section 6.

In the name and on the behalf of His Majesty I assent to this Act.

HARRY H. RAWSON,

State Government House, Sydney, 31st July, 1902. Governor.

# Memo. and Certificate to accompany the Arrest on Mesne Process Bill.

Clause 12. The substitution of "any" for "such" is in accordance with the invariable practice and with an unreported decision of the Supreme Court.

Clause 14. The proviso to the original section is omitted as inconsistent with and impliedly repealed by the provisions of the Bankruptcy Act.

I certify that this Bill solely consolidates, and in no way alters, adds to, or amends the law as contained in the enactments therein consolidated.

CHAS. G. HEYDON,
Commissioner for the Consolidation of the Statute Law.

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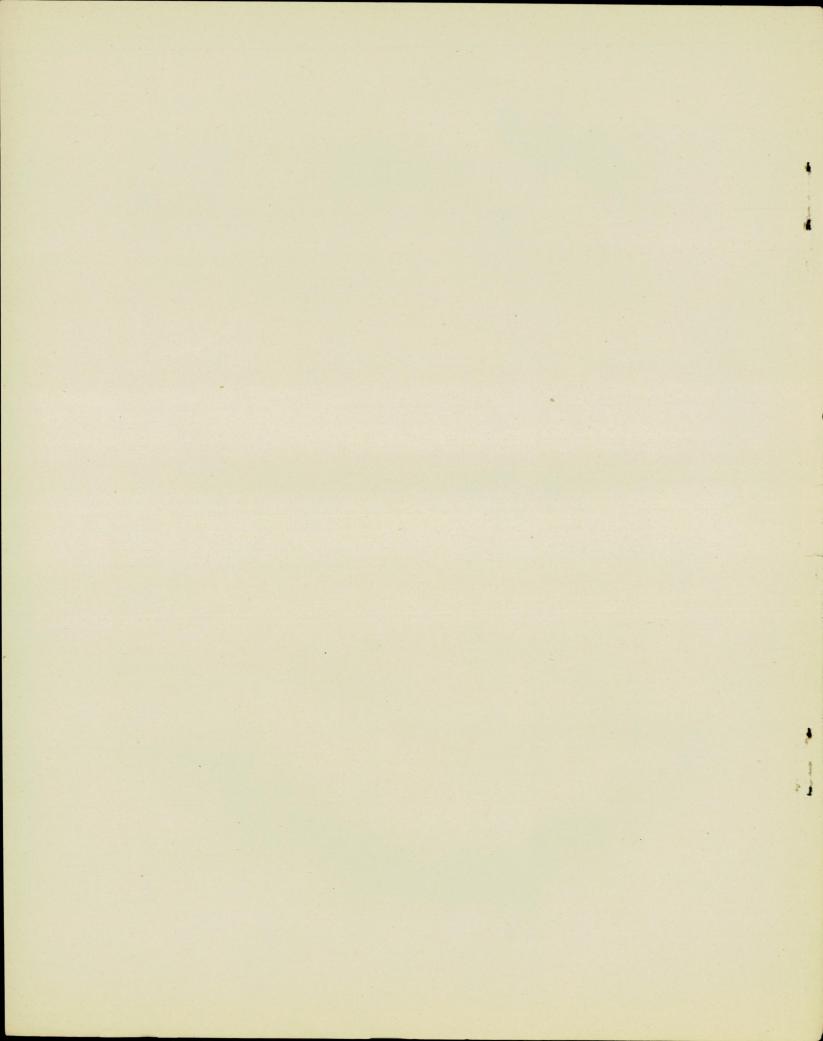
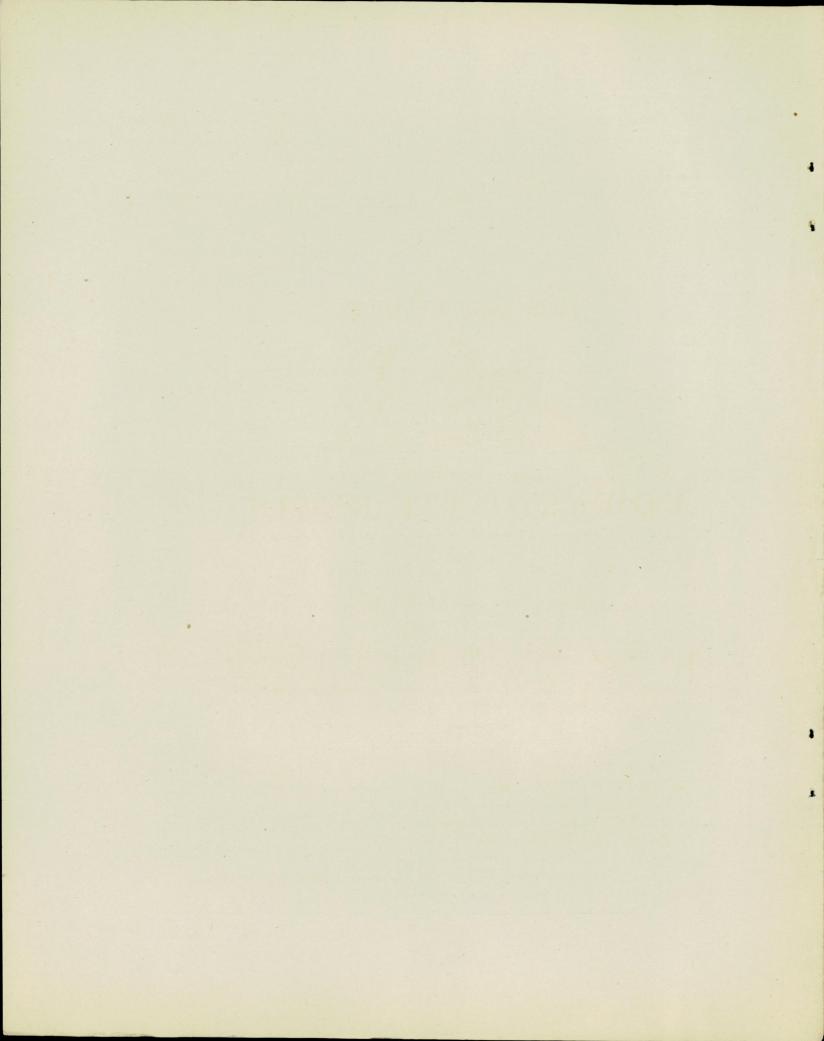


TABLE showing how the sections of Acts consolidated have been dealt with.

TABLE SHOWI	ng now the sections	5 of Mets consolidated have been dealt with.
Section of Repealed Acts.	Section of Consolidated Act.	Remarks.
	9 Ge	corge IV, No. 2.
1		Adopts 7 and 8 Geo. IV, c. 71, infrå.
	7 AND 8	George IV, c. 71.
1–10		Omitted; superseded by 3 Vic. No. 15.
		ICTORIA No. 15.
1	4	10101111 110. 15.
2	5, 6	Part relating to "remote parts" omitted as obsolete.
3	7, 9, 10	
4 5	8 11-13	
6	11-10	Spent.
7		Date of commencement.
	13 V	ICTORIA No. 12.
1	7	Part dealt with in Judgment Creditors Remedies Act, 1901.
	24 V	TICTORIA No. 14.
1	15, 16	
2	17, 18	
3	19	
4 5	20 21	
6	22	
7	23-5	
8 9	26-7	•
10	28 29	
11	30	
12	31	
13	32	
14 15	33 34	
16	35	
17	3	
	37 V	TICTORIA No. 11.
1	5	D 11 11 1 0 1 1 1000
2 3		Dealt with in Seamen's Act, 1898. Omitted; obsolete.
4	14	Part dealt with in Defamation Act, 1901.
5	14	Part dealt with in Judgment Creditors Remedies
6		Act, 1901.  Not repealed. To be dealt with in Arbitration Bill
7		Omitted; obsolete.
8		Repealing section.
9		Short title.



This Public Bill originated in the Legislative Council, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the Legislative Assembly for its concurrence.

Legislative Council Chamber, Sydney, 9th July, 1902.}

JOHN J. CALVERT, Clerk of the Parliaments.

# New South Wales.



ANNO SECUNDO

# EDWARDI VII REGIS.

Act No. , 1902.

An Act to consolidate the enactments relating to arrest on mesne process.

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

# PART I.

Preliminary.

1. This Act may be cited as the "Arrest on Mesne Process Act, Short title and 1902," and is divided into Parts, as follows:—

PART I.—Preliminary—ss. 1-3.

PART II.—Arrest and Bail—ss. 4-10.

PART III.—Discharge—ss. 11-14.

PART IV.—Commissioner at Newcastle—ss. 15-35.

2. (1) The Acts mentioned in the Schedule to this Act are to Repeal the extent therein expressed hereby repealed.

c 41-

(2) All persons appointed under any Act hereby repealed, and holding office at the time of the passing of this Act, shall remain in office as if this Act had been in force at the time they were appointed and they had been appointed hereunder, and this Act shall apply to them accordingly.

(3) All rules made under the Acts hereby repealed, and in force at the time of the passing of this Act shall be deemed to have

been made hereunder.

3. In this Act, unless the context or subject-matter otherwise Interpretation. indicates or requires,— 24 Vic. No. 14, s. 17.

"Capias" means capias ad respondendum.

"Court" means the Supreme Court.

"Defendant" in Part IV includes a person against whom an action is about to be brought.

"Judge" means a Judge of the Court.

"Plaintiff" in Part IV includes a person about to commence an action.

# PART II.

# Arrest and bail.

4. No person shall be arrested upon mesne process in any civil No arrest on mesne action in any court except in the cases and in the manner hereinafter process except under this Act.

3 Vic. No. 15, s. 1.

5. In any action in the Court in which the defendant, under Order to hold to bail. the law in force before the passing of the Act third Victoria number 11tid. s. 2. fifteen, would have been liable to arrest, whether upon the order of a 37 Vic. No. 11, s. 1. Judge, or without such order, if a Judge is satisfied by affidavit disclosing the facts constituting the ground of the plaintiff's claim, or by evidence on oath before such Judge,—

(a) that the plaintiff has prima facie a good cause of action in respect of his claim against the defendant,

and if such Judge is also satisfied by the affidavit of the plaintiff or some other person—

(b) that such cause of action is to the amount of twenty pounds or upwards, or that the plaintiff has sustained damage to that amount; and

(c) that any defendant is about to remove or is making preparations to remove out of the jurisdiction of the Court; and

(d) that such action will be defeated unless such defendant is

forthwith apprehended; and

(e) that the application is made within a reasonable time after the fact of the defendant's intention so to remove came to the knowledge of the plaintiff or might have become known to him by reasonable diligence on his part, such

such Judge may by a special order direct that such defendant shall be held to bail for such sum as such Judge thinks fit, not exceeding the amount of the debt or damages.

6. (1) Thereupon the plaintiff, within the time expressed in Issue of writ of such order but not afterwards, may sue out one or more writ or writs capias.

3 Vic. No. 15, s. 2. of capias against such defendant.

(2) Every such writ shall be in the form prescribed by the

Judges.

7. (1) The sheriff or other officer to whom any such writ is Execution of writ. directed shall, before the return of the said writ but not afterwards, Ibid. s. 3. proceed to arrest such defendant thereupon.

(2) Such writ may be lawfully executed upon a Sunday.

8. Such order may be made and the defendant arrested in Order and arrest to

pursuance thereof at any time after the commencement of the action be during pendency of action. and before final judgment is obtained therein.

13 Vic. No. 12, s. 1.

9. The defendant when arrested shall remain in custody until Defendant to remain he has given a bail bond to the sheriff or other officer, or has made finds bail or makes deposit of the sum endorsed on such writ of capias, together with ten deposit.

in custody until he

pounds costs.

10. All subsequent proceedings as to putting in and perfecting Subsequent special bail shall be subject to the Rules of the Court made for the proceedings subject to Rules of Court. practice of the Court in such cases.

Itid.

# PART III.

# Discharge.

11. Any person arrested upon a writ of capias may apply to a Application for order Judge at any time after such arrest for an order on the plaintiff to nisi for discharge. Ibid. s, 5. show cause why such person should not be discharged out of custody.

12. Any Judge may make absolute or discharge such order, Proceedings upon and may direct the costs of the application to be paid by either party, order nisi. and may make such other order therein as he thinks fit.

13. Upon the application of either party dissatisfied with any Appeal.

such order, the Court may discharge or vary the same.

14. (1) Any person in the custody of any sheriff, gaoler, or Discharge on officer under any such writ shall upon the sequestration of his estate bankruptey.

37 Vic. No. 11 s. 5. in pursuance of the law in force for the time being relating to bank- 1898, No. 25 s. 133 ruptcy, be entitled to his discharge from such custody on the order of (3). the Judge in Bankruptcy, and shall be forthwith discharged from such custody either absolutely or on such conditions as the said Judge may impose.

(2) No such sheriff, gaoler, or officer shall incur any 37 Vic. No. 11, s. 4. liability in respect of such discharge to any person for anything done by him under this section.

# PART IV.

# Commissioner at Newcastle.

15. The Chief Justice may by commission under his hand and Appointment of the seal of the Court appoint some fit person residing at Newcastle Commissioner. or within five miles thereof to be a commissioner of the Court for the 24 Vic. No. 14, s. 1. or within five miles thereof to be a commissioner of the Court for the

purposes of this Act.

16. (1) Such commissioner shall at the instance of any Issue of writs of plaintiff have power to issue writs of summons and of capias in the summons and capias. Court against any defendant about to depart out of New South Wales 1bid. from the said port of Newcastle in cases where by law an arrest upon mesne process is allowed in an action under this Act.

(2) Every such writ of capias shall (except where hereby otherwise provided) have the same force and effect as an ordinary writ of capias issued out of the Court at Sydney directed to the sheriff.

17. (1) No writ of summons shall be issued under this Part Requisites to obtain

except to ground a writ of capias to be issued hereunder.

(2) No writ of capias shall be issued under this Part unless proof by affidavit is first given to the commissioner that the defendant is about to depart out of New South Wales from the said port of Newcastle, and of all such other facts and matters which are necessary to be given and established to obtain an order from a Judge for the issue of an ordinary writ of capias out of the Court at Sydney.

18. (1) No such writ of capias shall be issued under this Part Plaintiff to give bond unless the plaintiff shall first give a bond of two sufficient persons (of as security against unless the plaintiff shall first give a bond of two sufficient persons (of abuse of process. whom the plaintiff if of sufficient ability in the opinion of the com- Ibid. missioner may be one) to the satisfaction of the commissioner to the defendant, in a sum of money to be fixed by such commissioner not being less than double the amount for which the defendant is liable to be arrested or held to bail under such writ, conditioned to be void on payment to the defendant of all damages costs and charges which may be adjudged to him in any action by him against the plaintiff and the bailiff to whom such writ of capias is directed or either of them for or by reason of such writ having been issued, or of his being arrested thereunder, or of any wrong or damage sustained by him on account thereof, or of any wrongful act or omission of such bailiff in or about the execution thereof, or otherwise in relation thereto, and of all costs charges and expenses which upon any application by the defendant to

Ibid. s. 2.

the Court or a Judge for any rule or order to set aside any such writ or to discharge the defendant from custody thereunder or to cancel any bail bond given thereunder or otherwise in relation to or connected with such writ or anything done thereunder may be adjudged or ordered to be paid to the defendant.

(2) Provided always that the amount for which such bond Bond not to be for shall be given shall in no case exceed the sum of four hundred pounds. more than four hundred pounds.

(3) The commissioner shall forthwith transmit such bond To be sent to to the prothonotary of the Court, who shall, upon demand, deliver Prothonotary such bond to the defendant or any one applying for the same on his defendant. behalf.

19. It shall not be necessary for any order to be made to warrant No order necessary the issuing of any writ of capias under this Part; but the commissioner for capias.

shall by memorandum thereon under his hand certify on whose application and on what affidavit or affidavits and when it was issued, and the amount for which the defendant is to be arrested or held to

bail thereunder, in the form or to the effect following:—

"This writ was issued this day of 19 under the provisions of the Arrest on Mesne Process Act, 1902, on the application of the therein named A B [naming the plaintiff], and upon reading the affidavit of [naming the deponent] sworn on the day of 19 [describing each affidavit if more than one]. And the defendant C D [naming the defendant] is to be arrested or held to bail hereunder for or in the sum of pounds [specifying the amount]. E F [here to be signed by the Commissioner], Commissioner under the said Act."

- **20.** (1) Every writ of capias issued under this Part shall instead Capias directed to of being directed to the sheriff be directed to some person to be special bailiff. specially named by the plaintiff as a bailiff to execute the same.
- (2) Such bailiff shall have all the authority thereunder Powers of bailiff. which the sheriff has under an ordinary writ of capias issued out of *Ibid*. the Court at Sydney directed to him, save only that such bailiff shall not have power to appoint a deputy to execute the same, but shall execute it personally with such assistant or assistants (if any) as he may require in that behalf.
- 21. (1) No person shall be bound to accept the office of or to Persons not bound to act as a bailiff under any writ issued in pursuance of this Part unless out first agreeing. Ibid. s. 5.
- (2) Every person who consents or agrees so to do shall be bound to act as such bailiff under the writ directed to him until his whole duty as such bailiff under such writ is fully performed.
- 22. Every writ of summons and of capias issued under this Form of writs. Part shall be issued under the signature and seal of the commissioner Ibid. s. 6.

issuing

issuing the same, but in all other respects (except where other provision is hereby made) shall be in the same form and shall have all such notices and endorsements thereon respectively as are required in respect of ordinary writs of summons and of capias issued out of the Court at Sydney.

23. It shall not be requisite to file or deliver any præcipe for No præcipe required. or in respect of any writ of summons or of capias issued under this 24 Vic. No. 14, s. 7. Part.

24. Every writ of summons issued under this Part shall be the summons to be comcommencement of an action in the Court by the plaintiff against the mencement of action. defendant.

25. The commissioner upon issuing any such writ of summons Copy of writs to be or capias shall forthwith transmit copies thereof and of every endorse-sent to Supreme ment thereon and the original affidavits upon which any such writ of loid. capias was issued by him to the office of the prothonotary of the Court to be there filed and kept.

26. The commissioner shall be entitled to receive and retain for Commissioner's fees. his own use for issuing any writ of summons under this Part the sum Ibid. s. 8. of five shillings, and for issuing any writ of capias the sum of one pound, and to no other fees, payment, or remuneration whatsoever.

27. Every plaintiff issuing or obtaining any such writ of Plaintiff's costs. summons or of capias shall be entitled to the same costs thereupon as Ibid. he would be entitled to upon issuing or obtaining a similar writ out of the Court at Sydney in the ordinary way.

28. No action shall lie against the commissioner for issuing any No action against writ of capias under this Part unless the plaintiff in such action shall commissioner except allege and prove that the commissioner knowingly and wilfully issued Ibid. s. 9. the same without reasonable proof being given to him to warrant the issuing thereof, and also that in issuing the same he acted corruptly.

29. Every bailiff to whom a writ of capias issued under this Bailiffs to return Part is directed, and who consents and agrees to act as such bailiff to writs of capias. execute the same, shall make a due return thereto to the Court in like Ibid. s. 10. manner as the sheriff is bound to make a return to an ordinary writ of capias issued out of the Court at Sydney directed to him, and shall Liabilities of bailiffs. be subject to attachment and action in respect of the execution of such writ or incident thereto, and to an action at the suit of the plaintiff or defendant for any wrongful act or omission by him in or about the execution of such writ and incident thereto, in like manner as the sheriff is liable under the same circumstances in respect of an ordinary writ of capias issued out of the Court at Sydney and directed to him.

30. (1) The bailiff, acting under any writ of capias issued Bailiffs to take bail. under this Part shall have authority and shall be bound to take bail 1bid. s. 11. by bond of the defendant and sureties to himself for the appearance and rendering of the body of the defendant according to the exigency

of such writ and the practice of the said Court of the same kind and in like manner in all respects as the sheriff is bound to take bail from a defendant arrested under an ordinary writ of capias issued out of the Court at Sydney directed to himself.

(2) Such bailiff upon such bail bond being entered into Release of defendant and given to him shall release the defendant from his custody under thereon.

such writ.

(3) Every such bail bond shall be assignable by such Bail bond assignable, bailiff to the plaintiff, and such bailiff upon being required so to do shall assign the same to the plaintiff, and the plaintiff upon such assignment thereof may sue thereon in like manner in all respects as if it were an ordinary bail bond to the sheriff.

31. (1) The bailiff acting under any writ of capias issued Bailiffs to take under this Part shall be bound to receive from the defendant as a deposit in lieu of deposit in lieu of bail the amount for which he is to be arrested or 24 Vic. No. 14, s. 12. held to bail thereunder and the sum of ten pounds for costs in like manner as the sheriff is bound to do under an ordinary writ of capias issued out of the Court at Sydney directed to and executed by him.

(2) Upon receipt of such deposit such bailiff shall release Release of defendant the defendant from his custody under such writ, and shall forthwith thereon. pay or cause to be paid over to the prothonotary of the Court the money so deposited by such defendant as aforesaid, to be held and

disposed of by such prothonotary according to law.

32. Every bailiff serving any writ of summons or executing Bailiff's fees. any writ of capias issued under this Part shall be entitled to the same Ibid. s. 13. fees, mileage, and other remuneration for everything done by him as such bailiff under the provisions of this Act as the sheriff and his bailiff are, or is, or may be entitled to for the same or similar acts done by them or either of them in serving or executing or otherwise in relation to any ordinary writ of summons or of capias issued out of the Court at Sydney or taking bail thereunder, and to no other payment or remuneration whatever.

33. Every plaintiff obtaining any such writ of capias under Plaintiff and bailiff this Part, and the bailiff to whom the same is directed, shall be jointly to be jointly and and severally liable to the defendant for any wrongful act or omission misfeasance of bailiff. by such bailiff in or about the execution of such writ or incident *Ibid.* s. 14.

thereto.

34. All proceedings in any action commenced by any writ of Proceedings in summons and under any writ of capias issued under the provisions of actions commenced by writs under this Part shall (except as herein otherwise directed) be taken and had Part. in like manner as if such action had been commenced by ordinary Ibid. s. 15. writ of summons issued out of the Court at Sydney, and the Court and any Judge thereof shall have all such and the same powers to set aside any writ of summons or capias issued under the provisions hereof or the service of any writ of summons, or to discharge from custody

custody any defendant arrested under any such writ of capias, and to order any bail bond given thereunder to be cancelled, and in every other respect as such Court or Judge has or may have in case of ordinary writs of summons or capias issued out of the Court at Sydney.

35. The Judges, or any two of them, may make all such rules as Judges to make rules. they think necessary or proper for carrying this Part of this Act into 24 Vic. No. 14, s. 16. execution.

## SCHEDULE.

Reference to Act.	Title.	Extent of repeal.	
9 Geo. IV No. 2	An Act for adopting a certain Act of Parliament passed in the seventh and eighth years of His Majesty King George the Fourth to regulate the practice of arrests.	The whole.	
3 Vic. No. 15		The whole.	
13 Vic. No. 12	An Act to prevent the escape from the Colony of fraudulent debtors.	The unrepealed portion.	
24 Vic. No. 14	An Act to authorise the appointment of a com- missioner to issue writs of summons and arrest at the port of Newcastle.		
37 Vic. No. 11	An Act to amend the law of arrest and imprisonment on civil process.	The unrepealed portion except section 6.	