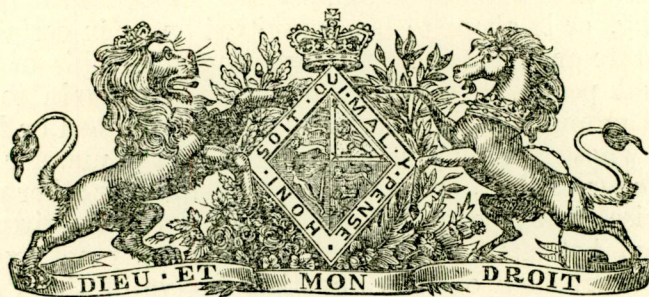


New South Wales.



ANNO SEXAGESIMO TERTIO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

Act No. 11, 1899.

An Act to amend the law respecting Cruelty to Animals.
[Assented to, 20th November, 1899.]

WHEREAS the Act passed in the fourteenth year of the reign of Preamble.
Her present Majesty, intituled "*An Act for the more effectual* 14 Victoria No. 40.
Prevention of Cruelty to Animals" is defective in certain respects and
requires amendment as hereinafter provided: Be it therefore enacted
by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and
consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New
South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the
same, as follows:—

1. The word "animal" in this and the above recited Act "Animal" defined.
hereinafter called the "Principal Act" shall mean and include any
species of quadruped, and every species of bird, whether in a natural
or domestic state.

Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act Amendment.

Carrying animals so as to cause needless pain.

2. The carrying of an animal so as to cause unnecessary suffering shall be deemed an offence under this and the Principal Act, whether such carrying be in or upon a vehicle or not, and shall be punishable in the manner provided in section four of the Principal Act.

Overloading and overcrowding an offence.

3. If any person knowingly shall cruelly illtreat any animal by overloading or overcrowding, or cause any animal to be illtreated by overloading or overcrowding, every such person shall be deemed guilty of an offence, and shall forfeit and pay a penalty not exceeding five pounds.

Justices may allow certain premises to be inspected.

4. Whenever it shall by the oath of any credible person be made to appear to the satisfaction of a police or stipendiary magistrate or two justices that an offence against this or the Principal Act has been, is being, or is about to be committed on or in certain premises, such magistrate or justices may, by writing under his or their hand, authorise such person or some constable named therein to enter upon or into such premises and inspect any animal confined or kept there.

Penalty for obstructing constables or other persons.

And whosoever shall at any time or in any manner unlawfully obstruct, hinder, molest, or assault any constable or other person while in the exercise of any power or authority under or by virtue of this or the Principal Act shall forfeit and pay a penalty not exceeding ten pounds for every such offence. Section twelve of the Principal Act is hereby repealed.

Provisions of 14 Victoria No. 40 to apply.

5. All the provisions of the Principal Act so far as they are not hereby altered shall be in force equally in respect of all offences created by this Act, and in respect of all proceedings in relation thereto.

Title and date of commencement of Act.

6. This Act may be cited for all purposes as the "Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act Amendment Act of 1899."

[3d.]

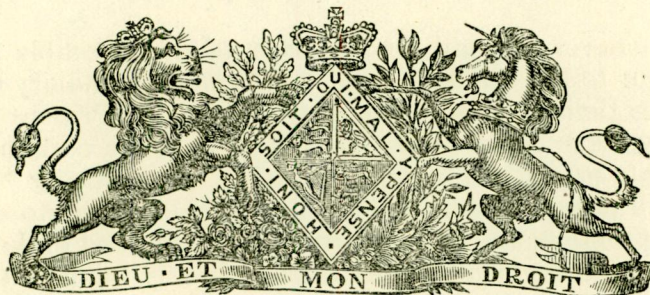
By Authority: WILLIAM APPLGATE GULLICK, Government Printer, Sydney, 1899.

I Certify that this PUBLIC BILL, which originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, has finally passed the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL and the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY of NEW SOUTH WALES

*Legislative Assembly Chamber,
Sydney, 8 November, 1899. }*

*F. W. WEBB,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.*

New South Wales.



ANNO SEXAGESIMO TERTIO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

Act No. 11, 1899.

An Act to amend the law respecting Cruelty to Animals.
[Assented to, 20th November, 1899.]

WHEREAS the Act passed in the fourteenth year of the reign of Preamble.
Her present Majesty, intituled "*An Act for the more effectual* 14 Victoria No. 40.
Prevention of Cruelty to Animals" is defective in certain respects and
requires amendment as hereinafter provided: Be it therefore enacted
by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and
consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New
South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the
same, as follows:—

1. The word "animal" in this and the above recited Act "Animal" defined.
hereinafter called the "Principal Act" shall mean and include any
species of quadruped, and every species of bird, whether in a natural
or domestic state.

2.

*I have examined this Bill, and find it to correspond in all respects with the Bill
as finally passed by both Houses.*

WILLIAM McCOURT,
Chairman of Committees of the Legislative Assembly.

Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act Amendment.

Carrying animals so as to cause needless pain.

2. The carrying of an animal so as to cause unnecessary suffering shall be deemed an offence under this and the Principal Act, whether such carrying be in or upon a vehicle or not, and shall be punishable in the manner provided in section four of the Principal Act.

Overloading and overcrowding an offence.

3. If any person knowingly shall cruelly illtreat any animal by overloading or overcrowding, or cause any animal to be illtreated by overloading or overcrowding, every such person shall be deemed guilty of an offence, and shall forfeit and pay a penalty not exceeding five pounds.

Justices may allow certain premises to be inspected.

4. Whenever it shall by the oath of any credible person be made to appear to the satisfaction of a police or stipendiary magistrate or two justices that an offence against this or the Principal Act has been, is being, or is about to be committed on or in certain premises, such magistrate or justices may, by writing under his or their hand, authorise such person or some constable named therein to enter upon or into such premises and inspect any animal confined or kept there.

Penalty for obstructing constables or other persons.

And whosoever shall at any time or in any manner unlawfully obstruct, hinder, molest, or assault any constable or other person while in the exercise of any power or authority under or by virtue of this or the Principal Act shall forfeit and pay a penalty not exceeding ten pounds for every such offence. Section twelve of the Principal Act is hereby repealed.

Provisions of 14 Victoria No. 40 to apply.

5. All the provisions of the Principal Act so far as they are not hereby altered shall be in force equally in respect of all offences created by this Act, and in respect of all proceedings in relation thereto.

Title and date of commencement of Act.

6. This Act may be cited for all purposes as the "Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act Amendment Act of 1899."

In the name and on the behalf of Her Majesty I assent to this Act.

*Government House,
Sydney, 20th November, 1899.*

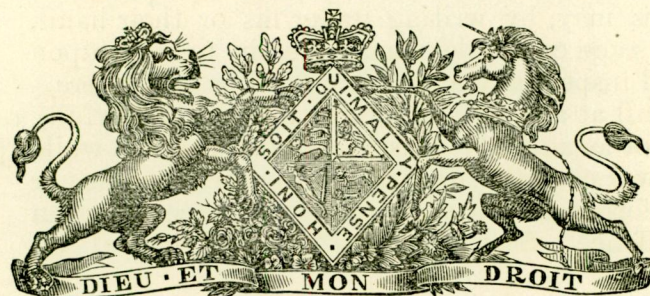
BEAUCHAMP,
Governor.

This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

*Legislative Assembly Chamber,
Sydney, 31 October, 1899. }*

F. W. WEBB,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

New South Wales.



ANNO SEXAGESIMO TERTIO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

Act No. , 1899.

An Act to amend the law respecting Cruelty to Animals.

WHEREAS the Act passed in the fourteenth year of the reign of Preamble.
Her present Majesty, intituled "*An Act for the more effectual* 14 Victoria No. 40.
Prevention of Cruelty to Animals" is defective in certain respects and
requires amendment as hereinafter provided: Be it therefore enacted
5 by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and
consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New
South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the
same, as follows:—

1. The word "animal" in this and the above recited Act "Animal" defined.
10 hereinafter called the "Principal Act" shall mean and include any
species of quadruped, and every species of bird, whether in a natural
or domestic state.

Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act Amendment.

2. The carrying of an animal so as to cause unnecessary suffering shall be deemed an offence under this and the Principal Act, whether such carrying be in or upon a vehicle or not, and shall be punishable in the manner provided in section four of the Principal Act. Carrying animals so as to cause needless pain.
- 5 3. If any person knowingly shall cruelly illtreat any animal by overloading or overcrowding, or cause any animal to be illtreated by overloading or overcrowding, every such person shall be deemed guilty of an offence, and shall forfeit and pay a penalty not exceeding five pounds. Overloading and overcrowding an offence.
- 10 4. Whenever it shall by the oath of any credible person be made to appear to the satisfaction of a police or stipendiary magistrate or two justices that an offence against this or the Principal Act has been, is being, or is about to be committed on or in certain premises, such magistrate or justices may, by writing under his or their hand, 15 authorise such person or some constable named therein to enter upon or into such premises and inspect any animal confined or kept there. Justices may allow certain premises to be inspected.
- And whosoever shall at any time or in any manner unlawfully obstruct, hinder, molest, or assault any constable or other person while in the exercise of any power or authority under or by virtue of this or 20 the Principal Act shall forfeit and pay a penalty not exceeding ten pounds for every such offence. Section twelve of the Principal Act is hereby repealed. Penalty for obstructing constables or other persons.
5. All the provisions of the Principal Act so far as they are not hereby altered shall be in force equally in respect of all offences 25 created by this Act, and in respect of all proceedings in relation thereto. Provisions of 14 Victoria No. 40 to apply.
6. This Act may be cited for all purposes as the "Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act Amendment Act of 1899." Title and date of commencement of Act.