New South Wales.



ANNO SEXAGESIMO QUARTO

Act No. 70, 1900.

An Act to further regulate the practice of Medicine and Surgery and other matters connected therewith. [Assented to, 6th December, 1900.]

THEREAS it is expedient to enable persons requiring medical Preamble. aid to distinguish qualified from unqualified practitioners: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. If it appears to the satisfaction of the New South Wales Board may remove Medical Board that any person registered as a legally qualified medical name from register in certain cases. practitioner within the meaning of the Medical Practitioners Act, 1898, or any Act amending the same, has been guilty of infamous conduct in any professional respect, it shall be lawful for the Board to remove such person's name from the register, and thereupon he shall cease to be a legally qualified medical practitioner within the meaning

Provided that in case of a charge of infamous conduct as aforesaid the Board shall make due inquiry, sitting as an open court, and the person charged shall be afforded an opportunity of defence, either in person or by counsel, and shall have the right of appeal to the Supreme Court, and such appeal shall be in the nature of a rehearing.

Persons advertising that they treat disease.

2. (1) Any person who states in an advertisement or notification that he treats disease, injury, or ailment, or that disease, injury, or ailment is treated in any house therein referred to, shall in every such advertisement or notification as aforesaid, state his christian name and surname in full, and shall place and maintain the said names upon any house (if any) referred to in the said advertisement or notification.

(2) Any person who fails to comply with the requirements above-mentioned or any of them shall be liable to a penalty of twenty pounds, and in the case of a continuing offence to a further penalty of five pounds for each day from the time when the said offence was first committed, or shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not

exceeding six months.

(3) Any person purporting to be but not being the person whose name is stated in any advertisement or notification as aforesaid, who treats disease, injury, or ailment at any house referred to in any advertisement or notification as aforesaid shall be liable to a penalty of twenty pounds, or shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months. In any proceedings under this subsection, the burden of proving that he is the person whose name is stated in the

advertisement or notification shall lie on the person charged.

Board may place upon separate register names of unqualified persons in certain cases.

3. In the case of any person not possessed of qualifications entitling him to registration under the Medical Practitioners Act, 1898, or the Acts amending the same, it shall be lawful for the Medical Board in its discretion to place upon a separate register the name of any such person, provided he gives proof that he has passed through a due course of study at a recognised school of medicine and surgery, and that he has practised in a reputable manner as a medical practitioner in New South Wales during five years prior to the passing of this Act, and such person when so registered shall have all the rights of a registered medical practitioner, and shall be subject to all the provisions of the aforesaid Acts.

Amendment of Act No. 26, 1898.

4. Section three of the Medical Practitioners Act, 1898, is amended by substituting in subsection (b) the word "five" for the word "three."

Offences and penalties.

5. All penalties imposed by this Act may be recovered before, and all charges under this Act may be heard and determined by, a stipendiary or police magistrate, or any two justices of the peace in petty sessions.

Short title.

6. This Act may be cited as the "Medical Practitioners Acts Further Amendment Act, 1900."

I Certify that this Public Bill, which originated in the Legislative Assembly, has finally passed the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 28 November, 1900.

F. W. WEBB, Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

New South Wales.



ANNO SEXAGESIMO QUARTO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

Act No. 70, 1900.

An Act to further regulate the practice of Medicine and Surgery and other matters connected therewith. [Assented to, 6th December, 1900.

HEREAS it is expedient to enable persons requiring medical Preamble. aid to distinguish qualified from unqualified practitioners: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:-

1. If it appears to the satisfaction of the New South Wales Board may remove Medical Board that any person registered as a legally qualified medical name from register practitioner within the meaning of the Medical Practitioners Act, 1898, or any Act amending the same, has been guilty of infamous conduct in any professional respect, it shall be lawful for the Board to remove such person's name from the register, and thereupon he shall cease to be a legally qualified medical practitioner within the meaning Provided of the said Acts:

I have examined this Bill, and find it to correspond in all respects with the Bill as finally passed by both Houses.

J. H. CANN, Chairman of Committees of the Legislative Assembly.

Provided that in case of a charge of infamous conduct as aforesaid the Board shall make due inquiry, sitting as an open court, and the person charged shall be afforded an opportunity of defence, either in person or by counsel, and shall have the right of appeal to the Supreme Court, and such appeal shall be in the nature of a rehearing.

Persons advertising that they treat disease.

2. (1) Any person who states in an advertisement or notification that he treats disease, injury, or ailment, or that disease, injury, or ailment is treated in any house therein referred to, shall in every such advertisement or notification as aforesaid, state his christian name and surname in full, and shall place and maintain the said names upon any house (if any) referred to in the said advertisement or notification.

(2) Any person who fails to comply with the requirements above-mentioned or any of them shall be liable to a penalty of twenty pounds, and in the case of a continuing offence to a further penalty of five pounds for each day from the time when the said offence was first committed, or shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not

exceeding six months.

(3) Any person purporting to be but not being the person whose name is stated in any advertisement or notification as aforesaid, who treats disease, injury, or ailment at any house referred to in any advertisement or notification as aforesaid shall be liable to a penalty of twenty pounds, or shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months. In any proceedings under this subsection, the burden of proving that he is the person whose name is stated in the

advertisement or notification shall lie on the person charged.

Board may place upon separate register names of unqualified persons in certain cases.

Amendment of Act No. 26, 1898.

3. In the case of any person not possessed of qualifications entitling him to registration under the Medical Practitioners Act, 1898, or the Acts amending the same, it shall be lawful for the Medical Board in its discretion to place upon a separate register the name of any such person, provided he gives proof that he has passed through a due course of study at a recognised school of medicine and surgery, and that he has practised in a reputable manner as a medical practitioner in New South Wales during five years prior to the passing of this Act, and such person when so registered shall have all the rights of a registered medical practitioner, and shall be subject to all the provisions of the aforesaid Acts.

4. Section three of the Medical Practitioners Act, 1898, is amended by substituting in subsection (b) the word "five" for the word "three."

5. All penalties imposed by this Act may be recovered before, and all charges under this Act may be heard and determined by, a stipendiary or police magistrate, or any two justices of the peace in

6. This Act may be cited as the "Medical Practitioners Acts Further Amendment Act, 1900."

Offences and

penalties.

In the name and on the behalf of Her Majesty I assent to this Act.

FREDK. M. DARLEY, Lieutenant-Governor.

Short title.

Government House. Sydney, 6th December, 1900.

MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS AMENDMENT BILL

SCHEDULE of the Amendments referred to in Message of 14th November, 1900.

Page 1, Title. Before "regulate" insert "further"

Pages 1 and 2, clause 1. Omit clause 1.

Page 2, clause 2, 1, line 13. Omit "aforesaid" insert "a legally qualified medical practitioner within "the meaning of the Medical Practitioners Act, 1898, or any Act amending the " same "

Page 2, clause 2. 1. Omit subsections (a) and (b).

Page 2, clause 2, 1, lines 25 and 26. Omit "Medical Practitioners Act, 1898," insert "said Acts"

Page 3. After clause 3. 2, insert new clause 3.

Page 3, clause 5. Omit clause 5.

Page 3, clause 7. 6, line 33. After "Practitioners" insert "Acts Further"

This Public Bill originated in the Legislative Assembly, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the Legislative Council for its concurrence.

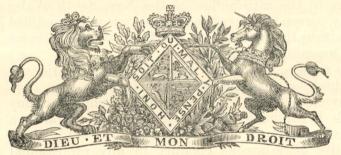
Legislative Assembly Chamber,

F. W. WEBB. Sydney, 31 October, 1900. Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

The LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL has this day agreed to this Bill with Amendments.

Legislative Council Chamber, Sydney, 14th November, 1900. JOHN J. CALVERT, Clerk of the Parliaments.

New South Wales.



ANNO SEXAGESIMO QUARTO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

Act No.

, 1900.

An Act to further regulate the practice of Medicine and Surgery and other matters connected therewith.

THEREAS it is expedient to enable persons requiring medical Preamble. aid to distinguish qualified from unqualified practitioners: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and 5 Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:-

1. (1) Any person who, not being a legally qualified medical Penalty for falsely practitioner within the meaning of the Medical Practitioners Act, using the name of a physician, doctor, &c. 1898, or entitled to be registered as a legally qualified medical 10 practitioner within the meaning of this Act takes or uses the name or title of a physicial, doctor of medicine, licentiate in medicine and 95-

surgery, bachelor of medicine, or surgeon, or any name, title, addition, or description implying that he is a legally qualified medical practitioner as aforesaid, shall be liable to a penalty of fifty plounds, and in the case of a continuing offence against the provisions of this section to a 5 further penalty of live pounds for each day from the time when the said offence was first committed, or shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months.

(2) A person shall be deemed to be entitled to be registered as a legally qualified medical practitioner within the meaning of this Actif 10 he possesses the qualifications required in the Medical Practitioners

Act, 1898, in order to entitle him to be registered as aforesaid.

2. 1. If it appears to the satisfaction of the New South Wales Board may remove Medical Board that any person registered as aforesaid a legally qualified name from register in certain cases. medical practitioner within the meaning of the Medical Practitioners

15 Act, 1898, or any Act amending the same-

20

(a) has ceased to possess, or does not possess, the qualifications in respect of which he was registered; or

(b) has been convicted of any felony or misde meanour, or of any offence which, if committed within this Colony, would be a felony or misdemeanour; or

(e) has been guilty of infamous conduct in any professional respect.

it shall be lawful for the Board to remove such person's name from the register, and thereupon he shall cease to be a legally qualified medical 25 practitioner within the meaning of the Medical-Practitioners-Act, 1898, said Acts:

Provided that in case of a charge of infamous conduct as aforesaid the Board shall make due inquiry, sitting as an open court, and the person charged shall be afforded an opportunity of defence, either 30 in person or by counsel, and shall have the right of appeal to the Supreme Court, and such appeal shall be in the nature of a rehearing.

3. 2. (1) Any person who states in an advertisement or notifica-Persons advertising tion that he treats disease, injury, or ailment, or that disease, injury, that they treat or ailment is treated in any house therein referred to, shall in every such 35 advertisement or notification as aforesaid, state his christian name and surname in full, and shall place and maintain the said names upon any house (if any) referred to in the said advertisement or notification.

(2) Any person who fails to comply with the requirements above-mentioned or any of them shall be liable to a penalty of twenty 40 pounds, and in the case of a continuing offence to a further penalty of five pounds for each day from the time when the said offence was first committed, or shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

(3) Any person purporting to be but not being the person 45 whose name is stated in any advertisement or notification as aforesaid, who

who treats disease, injury, or ailment at any house referred to in any advertisement or notification as aforesaid shall be liable to a penalty of twenty pounds, or shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months. In any proceedings under this subsection, the 5 burden of proving that he is the person whose name is stated in the advertisement or notification shall lie on the person charged.

- 3. In the case of any person not possessed of qualifications Board may place entitling him to registration under the Medical Practitioners Act, upon separate 1898, or the Acts amending the same, it shall be lawful for the register names of unqualified person as passed in its discretion to place upon a separate register the passed through a due course of study at a recognised school of medicine and surgery, and that he has practised in a reputable manner as a medical practitioner in New South Wales during fifteen 15 years prior to the passing of this Act, and such person when so registered shall have all the rights of a registered medical practitioner, and shall be subject to all the provisions of the aforesaid
- 4. Section three of the Medical Practitioners Act, 1898, is Amendment of Act 20 amended by substituting in subsection (b) the word "five" for the No. 26, 1898. word "three."

5. A copy of the register kept in pursuance of the Medical Copy of register to Practitioners Act, 1898, purporting to be signed by the President be evidence. of the New South Wales Medical Board, shall, in any proceedings under this Act, be prima facie evidence that the persons whose names are therein contained and no others were, up to and including the time when the said copy of the register purported to have been so signed, legally qualified medical practitioners as aforesaid.

6. 5. All penalties imposed by this Act may be recovered before, Offences and 30 and all charges under this Act may be heard and determined by, a penalties. stipendiary or police magistrate, or any two justices of the peace in petty sessions.

7. 6. This Act may be cited as the "Medical Practitioners Acts Short title. Further Amendment Act, 1900."

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This Public Bill originated in the Legislative Assembly, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 31 October, 1900.

F. W. WEBB. Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

The LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL has this day agreed to this Bill with Amendments.

Legislative Council Chamber, November, 1900. Sydney.

Clerk of the Parliaments.

New South Wales.



ANNO SEXAGESIMO QUARTO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

, 1900. Act No.

An Act to further regulate the practice of Medicine and Surgery and other matters connected therewith.

HEREAS it is expedient to enable persons requiring medical Preamble. aid to distinguish qualified from unqualified practitioners: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and 5 Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:-

1. (1) Any person who, not being a legally qualified medical Penalty for falsely practitioner within the meaning of the Medical Practitioners Act, using the name of a physician, doctor, &c. 1898, or entitled to be registered as a legally qualified medical 10 practitioner within the meaning of this Act takes or uses the name or title of a physicialn, doctor of medicine, licentiate in medicine and

Note. —The words to be omitted are ruled through; those to be inserted are printed in black letter.

surgery, bachelor of medicine, or surgeon, or any name, title, addition, or description implying that he is a legally qualified medical practitioner as aforesaid, shall be liable to a penalty of fifty plounds, and in the case of a continuing offence against the provisions of this section to a 5 further penalty of live pounds for each day from the time when the said offence was filrst committed, or shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months.

(2) A person shall be deemed to be entitled to be registered as a legally qualified medical practitioner within the meaning of this Actif 10 he possesses the qualifications required in the Medical Practitioners Act, 1898, in order to entitle him to be registered as aforesaid.

2. 1. If it appears to the satisfaction of the New South Wales Board may remove Medical Board that any person registered as aforesaid a legally qualified name from register in certain cases. medical practitioner within the meaning of the Medical Practitioners 15 Act, 1898, or any Act amending the same—

(a) has ceased to possess, or does not possess, the qualifications in respect of which he was registered; or

(b) has been convicted of any felony or misde meanour, or of any offence which, if committed within this Colony, would be a felony or misdemeanour; or

(e) has been guilty of infamous conduct in any professional respect.

it shall be lawful for the Board to remove such person's name from the register, and thereupon he shall cease to be a legally qualified medical 25 practitioner within the meaning of the Medical-Practitioners Act, 1898, said Acts:

20

Provided that in case of a charge of infamous conduct as aforesaid the Board shall make due inquiry, sitting as an open court, and the person charged shall be afforded an opportunity of defence, either 30 in person or by counsel, and shall have the right of appeal to the Supreme Court, and such appeal shall be in the nature of a rehearing.

3. 2. (1) Any person who states in an advertisement or notifica-Persons advertising tion that he treats disease, injury, or ailment, or that disease, injury, that they treat disease. or ailment is treated in any house therein referred to, shall in every such 35 advertisement or notification as aforesaid, state his christian name and surname in full, and shall place and maintain the said names upon any house (if any) referred to in the said advertisement or notification.

(2) Any person who fails to comply with the requirements above-mentioned or any of them shall be liable to a penalty of twenty 40 pounds, and in the case of a continuing offence to a further penalty of five pounds for each day from the time when the said offence was first committed, or shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

(3) Any person purporting to be but not being the person 45 whose name is stated in any advertisement or notification as aforesaid. who

who treats disease, injury, or ailment at any house referred to in any advertisement or notification as aforesaid shall be liable to a penalty of twenty pounds, or shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months. In any proceedings under this subsection, the 5 burden of proving that he is the person whose name is stated in the advertisement or notification shall lie on the person charged.

3. In the case of any person not possessed of qualifications Board may place entitling him to registration under the Medical Practitioners Act, upon separate 1898, or the Acts amending the same, it shall be lawful for the register names of 10 Medical Board in its discretion to place upon a separate register the persons in certain name of any such person, provided he gives proof that he has cases. passed through a due course of study at a recognised school of medicine and surgery, and that he has practised in a reputable manner as a medical practitioner in New South Wales during fifteen 15 years prior to the passing of this Act, and such person when so registered shall have all the rights of a registered medical practitioner, and shall be subject to all the provisions of the aforesaid

Acts.

4. Section three of the Medical Practitioners Act, 1898, is Amendment of Act 20 amended by substituting in subsection (b) the word "five" for the No. 26, 1898. word "three."

5. A copy of the register kept in pursuance of the Medical Copy of register to Practitioners Act, 1898, purporting to be signed by the President be evidence.

of the New South Wales Medical Board, shall, in any proceedings 25 under this Act, be prima facie evidence that the persons whose names are therein contained and no others were, up to and including the time when the said copy of the register purported to have been so signed, legally qualified medical practitioners as aforesaid.

6. 5. All penalties imposed by this Act may be recovered before, offences and 30 and all charges under this Act may be heard and determined by, a penalties. stipendiary or police magistrate, or any two justices of the peace in petty sessions.

7. 6. This Act may be cited as the "Medical Practitioners Acts Short title. Further Amendment Act, 1900."

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This Public Bill originated in the Legislative Assembly, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the Legislative Council for its concurrence.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 31 October, 1900. F. W. WEBB,

Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

New South Wales.



ANNO SEXAGESIMO QUARTO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

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An Act to regulate the practice of Medicine and Surgery and other matters connected therewith.

WHEREAS it is expedient to enable persons requiring medical Preamble. aid to distinguish qualified from unqualified practitioners:

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surgery,

Medical Practitioners Amendment.

surgery, bachelor of medicine, or surgeon, or any name, title, addition, or description implying that he is a legally qualified medical practitioner as aforesaid, shall be liable to a penalty of fifty pounds, and in the case of a continuing offence against the provisions of this section to a 5 further penalty of five pounds for each day from the time when the said offence was first committed, or shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months.

(2) A person shall be deemed to be entitled to be registered as a legally qualified medical practitioner within the meaning of this Act if 10 he possesses the qualifications required in the Medical Practitioners

Act, 1898, in order to entitle him to be registered as aforesaid.

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respect of which he was registered; or

15

(b) has been convicted of any felony or misdemeanour, or of any offence which, if committed within this Colony, would be a felony or misdemeanour; or

(c) has been guilty of infamous conduct in any professional

20 respect. it shall be lawful for the Board to remove such person's name from the register, and thereupon he shall cease to be a legally qualified medical practitioner within the meaning of the Medical Practitioners Act, 1898:

25 Provided that in case of a charge of infamous conduct as aforesaid the Board shall make due inquiry, sitting as an open court, and the person charged shall be afforded an opportunity of defence, either in person or by counsel, and shall have the right of appeal to the Supreme Court, and such appeal shall be in the nature of a rehearing.

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(2) Any person who fails to comply with the requirements above-mentioned or any of them shall be liable to a penalty of twenty pounds, and in the case of a continuing offence to a further penalty of five pounds for each day from the time when the said offence was 40 first committed, or shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

(3) Any person purporting to be but not being the person whose name is stated in any advertisement or notification as aforesaid, who treats disease, injury, or ailment at any house referred to in any 45 advertisement or notification as aforesaid shall be liable to a penalty

Medical Practitioners Amendment.

of twenty pounds, or shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months. In any proceedings under this subsection, the burden of proving that he is the person whose name is stated in the advertisement or notification shall lie on the person charged.

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10 of the New South Wales Medical Board, shall, in any proceedings under this Act, be prima facie evidence that the persons whose names are therein contained and no others were, up to and including the time when the said copy of the register purported to have been so signed, legally qualified medical practitioners as aforesaid.

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petty sessions.

7. This Act may be cited as the "Medical Practitioners Amend-Short title.

20 ment Act, 1900."

Miller St. Prince Broke in 1820 Samuel St.