New Zouth Wales.



ANNO SEXAGESIMO QUARTO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

Act No. 81, 1900.

An Act to amend the Early Closing Act, 1899. [Assented to, 11th December, 1900.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

Preliminary.

1. This Act may be cited as the "Early Closing (Amend-short title. ment) Act, 1900."

2. In this Act "The Principal Act" means the Early Closing Definition. Act, 1899.

Closing times.

3. Sections three and four of the Principal Act are hereby Repeal of sections o repealed, and every proclamation made under the provisions of section the Principal Act.

A three

three of the said Act is hereby rescinded, and the following shall stand in lieu thereof:—

Closing of shops in country shopping districts.

(1) The closing times for all shops (except those mentioned in Schedule One of the Principal Act) situate within a country shopping district shall be—

On one week-day, one o'clock; On one week-day, ten o'clock;

such days (until altered in pursuance of this Act) to be those respectively now observed in each shopping district, and—

On the four other week-days, six o'clock; and all such shops shall close on those days not later than the hours above mentioned, which shall be hours after the hour of noon each day.

Memorial for a poll.

(2) When the Principal Act shall have been in force in any country shopping district for a period of not less than nine months, not less than one-third of the shopkeepers of shops not being shops mentioned in Schedule One of the Principal Act may present to the Minister a memorial under their hands, in the form of Schedule Two to the said Act, asking that a poll be taken on the question whether any of the days observed as aforesaid in pursuance of this Act should be altered to the day specified in the memorial.

On receipt of the memorial the Minister shall notify in the Gazette, and in at least two issues of a newspaper circulating in the district, that on a day therein named (not being less than twenty-one nor more than twenty-eight days after the first notification) a poll will be taken as to the alteration proposed.

(3) On the day named a poll shall be taken as prescribed by the regulations, and at such poll each shopkeeper and shop-assistant of a shop not being a shop mentioned in Schedule One to the Principal Act, shall, subject to the regulations, have one vote.

If a majority of those voting at the poll, vote that the said days or any of them be so altered, the Minister shall so notify in the Gazette, and the closing days for such shops in the district shall be so altered accordingly.

(4) Where a poll has been taken in pursuance of this section, no other such poll shall be taken for a period of two years.

For the purposes of this clause "shop-assistant" means any person who shall have been engaged for three months at least in a shop not being a shop mentioned in Schedule One of the Principal Act in the shopping district in which he claims to vote, and who, at the time of voting, shall be above the age of eighteen years.

4. The Governor may by proclamation constitute any area not now declared a country shopping district to be a country shopping district, and shall in such proclamation define the boundaries thereof.

Governor may proclaim country shopping districts.

Tho

The closing time for all shops (except those mentioned in Schedule One of the Principal Act) situate within such country shopping district shall be-

On one week-day, one o'clock; On one week day, ten o'clock;

such days (until altered in the same manner as provided in the preceding section for existing country shopping districts) to be those respectively declared in such proclamation, and—

On the four other week days, six o'clock;

and all such shops shall close on those days not later than the hours above mentioned, which shall be hours after the hour of noon each day.

5. Notwithstanding anything contained in Part One of the closing of news-Principal Act, the closing time for newsagents' and booksellers' shops agents' and booksellers'. within the metropolitan area shall be eight o'clock on five week nights and ten o'clock on Saturday. A newsagent's shop shall include a shop where newspapers, periodicals, magazines, novelettes, stationery, school requisites, or books are exposed for sale.

6. In the case of any shop situate within the Newcastle shopping closing time in the district, and mentioned in section one of the Principal Act, any shop- Newcastle shopping district. keeper who has elected to close at one o'clock on Wednesday may keep his shop open till ten o'clock on Friday:

Provided that in such case his closing time on Saturday shall be six o'clock.

7. Where in any shopping district a shopkeeper occupies two or Shopkeeper more shops not being shops mentioned in Schedule One to the Principal occupying more than Act, all such shops shall on each day close at the same time, notwithstanding any choice which the shopkeeper has made under the said Act: And subject to the provisions of this section, the shopkeeper may, under subsection two of section one of the said Act (notwithstanding that the period of three months after a choice made before the commencement of this Act has not expired), make a fresh choice in respect of all or any of such shops, and the provisions of that subsection shall apply in respect of any choice so made. Until he makes such choice he shall be deemed to have chosen, in respect of all his said shops, one o'clock as the closing time on Wednesday.

8. Where a shop in any shopping district, not being a shop Closing times in mentioned in Schedule One to the Principal Act, is closed during the case of holiday whole of any week day set apart in any week as a bank holiday or as a public holiday under the Banks and Bank Holidays Act, 1898, and the shop-assistants are not employed therein during such day, such shop may be kept open until six o'clock on the day of such week on which the closing time is one o'clock, and where such holiday as aforesaid is Christmas Day, New Years Day, or Good Friday such shop may also be kept open until ten o'clock on the week day next preceding.

Where

Where any such shop as aforesaid is closed during and until six o'clock on any week day observed in any week as a holiday for any religious purpose, and the shop-assistants are not employed therein during such time, such shop may be kept open until six o'clock on the day of such week on which the closing time is one o'clock.

The times fixed under this section in respect of any shop shall be deemed to be the closing times of such shop on the days mentioned.

The proviso to subsection one of section one of the Principal Act is hereby repealed.

Shop-assistants, minors, and carters.

Amendment of s. 8 (1) of Principal Act.

Shopkeeper may employ assistant for extra hours in lieu of

9. Subsection (1) of section eight of the Principal Act is hereby amended by the insertion of the words "or about the business of any shop" after the words "in any shop" in the first line of the said section.

10. Where a shop-assistant, employed in a shop not being a shop mentioned in Schedule One to the Principal Act, is allowed a holiday on full pay. holiday on full pay for the purposes of recreation during the whole of any day other than a bank holiday or day appointed within the portion of the district in which the shop is situated as a public holiday under the Banks and Bank Holidays Act, 1898, or day observed as a holiday for any religious purpose, as provided in section six, the shopkeeper, for each day so allowed, may employ the assistant for a period not exceeding three hours (exclusive of the hour to be allowed for refreshment under this section) on each of any two other days (not being a day on which the shop closes at one or ten o'clock, or a bank or public holiday as aforesaid) after the closing time on each such day, but after the said closing time the shop shall be kept closed, and the assistant so employed shall be allowed by the shopkeeper one hour for refreshment between six o'clock and seven o'clock.

If the shopkeeper of the shop, or any person acting or apparently acting in the management of the shop, contravenes any provision of this section he shall be guilty of an offence against the Principal Act.

Half-holidays of assistants in hotels.

11. In the case of shop-assistants employed in hotels, restaurants. or eating-houses, the half-holiday mentioned in subsection (2) of section nine of the Principal Act may be allowed from two o'clock instead of from one o'clock. In the case of shop-assistants employed in hairdressers' shops in the metropolitan district, the half-holiday mentioned in subsection two of section nine of the said Act shall be allowed on Wednesday or Saturday of each week, and the closing time on the former day shall be notified as provided for in subsection two of section one of the Principal Act.

Holiday for bread carters.

12. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the principal Act, every baker in the metropolitan area shall give to every person engaged by him as a bread carter or acting for him in that capacity,

one whole day as a holiday, on the third Wednesday in each month: Provided that in the event of any public holiday under the Banks and Bank Holidays Act, 1898, falling in the same week as the third Wednesday in any month, such whole day holiday shall be observed on such public holiday, and not on the third Wednesday.

And on such third Wednesday in each month or on such public holiday, as the case may be, no bread shall be delivered by cart to a customer by any person engaged by a baker in the metropolitan area.

13. Every baker outside the metropolitan area, and every shop- Regulation of halfkeeper, butcher, or milkvendor, whose place of business is situated in holidays or holidays any shopping district, shall allow every person usually employed by him in delivering goods from the shop, or in delivering meat, milk, or bread, four half-holidays from the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon on some week-days in each month, or a whole holiday on one weekday in each month of his employment. And if, in any month, he fails or refuses to allow any person so employed by him such half-holidays or such whole holiday, he shall be guilty of an offence against the Principal Act.

In any prosecution for a contravention of the provisions of this section, proof that during any month any person used, for the purpose of delivering goods from a shop, or delivering meat, milk, or bread, a cart bearing the name or title of, or in any other way purporting to be the property of, the defendant, shall be prima facie evidence that the said person during the said month was employed by the defendant in delivering goods, meat, milk, or bread, as aforesaid.

Section ten of the Principal Act is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Supplemental and exemptions.

14. The Governor may make regulations— (a) determining, in respect of any shop mentioned in Schedule classes of trade and

One to the Principal Act, what classes of trade shall, for the as to keeping of purposes of that Act, be deemed to be classes of trade usually records, &c. carried on in such shop, and thereupon such classes of trade and no other classes of trade shall be deemed to be the

classes of trade usually carried on in such shop;

(b) for the keeping of records and the giving of information by shopkeepers concerning the hours and extra hours of employment of and the holidays and half-holidays allowed to shopassistants, and the giving of information by shopkeepers, butchers, milk vendors, and bakers concerning the holidays and half-holidays allowed persons employed in delivering goods from a shop, or meat, milk, or bread;

(c) prescribing the manner in which such records shall be kept and such information given, and the person to whom such

information shall be given;

(d) providing for the certifying of the correctness of such records and information; and

(e) providing for the publication to shop-assistants of information concerning the Principal Act and this Act, and the regulations thereunder;

and may in those regulations authorise any penalty not exceeding five pounds to be imposed for any breach of the same.

The provisions of the Principal Act, as to regulations made under that Act, shall apply to regulations made under this section.

15. Section twenty-three of the Principal Act is hereby amended by inserting after the word "employment" the words "and half-holidays," and after the word "railway," wherever used, the words "tramway or ferry."

16. Section twenty-one is hereby amended by the insertion in the definition of "shop" of the word "place" between the word "means" and the word "building," and "partner under the age of twenty-one years" after the words "clerk employed in a shop" in the definition of "shop-assistant."

The definition of "shopkeeper" in the Principal Act shall not include a commercial traveller bona fide engaged in selling goods to

a shopkeeper by sample only.

17. No person shall be convicted under the Principal Act or this Act for not closing or keeping closed a shop if he proves that the shop was not closed or not kept closed only for the purpose of ventilation or of persons visiting or resorting to the premises for purposes other than for trade in the shop, customers referred to in the first proviso to section seven of the said Act or, in the case of a registered pharmacist, persons entering or leaving in connection only with the supply of articles in pursuance of the second proviso to that section, or, in the case of a retail butcher, persons entering or leaving only in connection with the delivery of meat to the shop of such butcher.

18. In cases of emergency caused by fire, flood, or disease, the Minister may suspend the operation of such provisions of the Principal Act or this Act as he deems necessary in respect of any persons, class of persons, or shops for such period within such locality, and under and subject to the performance of such conditions as he may prescribe, and alter or annul such notice.

Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with any condition prescribed under this section shall be guilty of an offence against the Principal Act.

19. Nothing in the Principal Act or this Act shall apply, or be deemed to have applied, to any bazaar, or fair, where goods are sold or exposed for sale in order that the net proceeds of the sale of the goods may be devoted to religious, charitable, or public purposes only.

Amendment of section 23 of Principal Act.

Amendment of section 21 of Principal Act.

Proof of closing shop.

Power of suspension in certain cases.

Acts not to apply to bazaars.

I Certify that this Public Bill, which originated in the Legislative Assembly, has finally passed the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 4 December, 1900.} F. W. WEBB, Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

New South Wales.



ANNO SEXAGESIMO QUARTO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

Act No. 81, 1900.

An Act to amend the Early Closing Act, 1899. [Assented to, 11th December, 1900.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

Preliminary.

- 1. This Act may be cited as the "Early Closing (Amend-Short title. ment) Act, 1900."
- 2. In this Act "The Principal Act" means the Early Closing Definition. Act, 1899.

Closing times.

3. Sections three and four of the Principal Act are hereby Repeal of sections of repealed, and every proclamation made under the provisions of section the Principal Act. three

I have examined this Bill, and find it to correspond in all respects with the Bill as finally passed by both Houses.

J. H. CANN, Chairman of Committees of the Legislative Assembly.

three of the said Act is hereby rescinded, and the following shall stand in lieu thereof:—

Closing of shops in country shopping districts.

(1) The closing times for all shops (except those mentioned in Schedule One of the Principal Act) situate within a country shopping district shall be—

On one week-day, one o'clock; On one week-day, ten o'clock:

such days (until altered in pursuance of this Act) to be those respectively now observed in each shopping district, and—

On the four other week-days, six o'clock; and all such shops shall close on those days not later than the hours above mentioned, which shall be hours after the hour of noon each day.

Memorial for a poll.

(2) When the Principal Act shall have been in force in any country shopping district for a period of not less than nine months, not less than one-third of the shopkeepers of shops not being shops mentioned in Schedule One of the Principal Act may present to the Minister a memorial under their hands, in the form of Schedule Two to the said Act, asking that a poll be taken on the question whether any of the days observed as aforesaid in pursuance of this Act should be altered to the day specified in the memorial.

On receipt of the memorial the Minister shall notify in the Gazette, and in at least two issues of a newspaper circulating in the district, that on a day therein named (not being less than twenty-one nor more than twenty-eight days after the first notification) a poll will be taken as to the alteration proposed.

(3) On the day named a poll shall be taken as prescribed by the regulations, and at such poll each shopkeeper and shop-assistant of a shop not being a shop mentioned in Schedule One to the Principal Act, shall, subject to the regulations, have one vote.

If a majority of those voting at the poll, vote that the said days or any of them be so altered, the Minister shall so notify in the Gazette, and the closing days for such shops in the district shall be so altered accordingly.

(4) Where a poll has been taken in pursuance of this section, no other such poll shall be taken for a period of two years.

For the purposes of this clause "shop-assistant" means any person who shall have been engaged for three months at least in a shop not being a shop mentioned in Schedule One of the Principal Act in the shopping district in which he claims to vote, and who, at the time of voting, shall be above the age of eighteen years.

4. The Governor may by proclamation constitute any area not now declared a country shopping district to be a country shopping district, and shall in such proclamation define the boundaries thereof.

Governor may proclaim country shopping districts.

The

The closing time for all shops (except those mentioned in Schedule One of the Principal Act) situate within such country shopping district shall be-

On one week-day, one o'clock; On one week day, ten o'clock;

such days (until altered in the same manner as provided in the preceding section for existing country shopping districts) to be those respectively declared in such proclamation, and-

On the four other week days, six o'clock;

and all such shops shall close on those days not later than the hours above mentioned, which shall be hours after the hour of noon each day.

5. Notwithstanding anything contained in Part One of the closing of news-Principal Act, the closing time for newsagents' and booksellers' shops agents and booksellers' shops booksellers' within the metropolitan area shall be eight o'clock on five week nights and ten o'clock on Saturday. A newsagent's shop shall include a shop where newspapers, periodicals, magazines, novelettes, stationery, school requisites, or books are exposed for sale.

6. In the case of any shop situate within the Newcastle shopping Closing time in the district, and mentioned in section one of the Principal Act, any shop-Newcastle shopping district. keeper who has elected to close at one o'clock on Wednesday may

keep his shop open till ten o'clock on Friday:

Provided that in such case his closing time on Saturday shall be six o'clock.

7. Where in any shopping district a shopkeeper occupies two or Shopkeeper more shops not being shops mentioned in Schedule One to the Principal occupying more than Act, all such shops shall on each day close at the same time, notwithstanding any choice which the shopkeeper has made under the said Act: And subject to the provisions of this section, the shopkeeper may, under subsection two of section one of the said Act (notwithstanding that the period of three months after a choice made before the commencement of this Act has not expired), make a fresh choice in respect of all or any of such shops, and the provisions of that subsection shall apply in respect of any choice so made. Until he makes such choice he shall be deemed to have chosen, in respect of all his said shops, one o'clock as the closing time on Wednesday.

8. Where a shop in any shopping district, not being a shop Closing times in mentioned in Schedule One to the Principal Act, is closed during the case of holiday occurring. whole of any week day set apart in any week as a bank holiday or as a public holiday under the Banks and Bank Holidays Act, 1898, and the shop-assistants are not employed therein during such day, such shop may be kept open until six o'clock on the day of such week on which the closing time is one o'clock, and where such holiday as aforesaid is Christmas Day, New Years Day, or Good Friday such shop may also be kept open until ten o'clock on the week day next preceding.

Where

Where any such shop as aforesaid is closed during and until six o'clock on any week day observed in any week as a holiday for any religious purpose, and the shop-assistants are not employed therein during such time, such shop may be kept open until six o'clock on the day of such week on which the closing time is one o'clock.

The times fixed under this section in respect of any shop shall be deemed to be the closing times of such shop on the days mentioned.

The proviso to subsection one of section one of the Principal Act is hereby repealed.

Shop-assistants, minors, and carters.

Amendment of s. 8 (1) of Principal

Shopkeeper may

9. Subsection (1) of section eight of the Principal Act is hereby amended by the insertion of the words "or about the business of any shop" after the words "in any shop" in the first line of the said section.

10. Where a shop-assistant, employed in a shop not being a employ assistant for extra hours in lieu of shop mentioned in Schedule One to the Principal Act, is allowed a holiday on full pay. holiday on full pay for the purposes of recreation during the whole of any day other than a bank holiday or day appointed within the portion of the district in which the shop is situated as a public holiday under the Banks and Bank Holidays Act, 1898, or day observed as a holiday for any religious purpose, as provided in section six, the shopkeeper, for each day so allowed, may employ the assistant for a period not exceeding three hours (exclusive of the hour to be allowed for refreshment under this section) on each of any two other days (not being a day on which the shop closes at one or ten o'clock, or a bank or public holiday as aforesaid) after the closing time on each such day, but after the said closing time the shop shall be kept closed, and the assistant so employed shall be allowed by the shopkeeper one hour for refreshment between six o'clock and seven o'clock.

If the shopkeeper of the shop, or any person acting or apparently acting in the management of the shop, contravenes any provision of this section he shall be guilty of an offence against the Principal Act.

Half-holidays of assistants in hotels.

11. In the case of shop-assistants employed in hotels, restaurants. or eating-houses, the half-holiday mentioned in subsection (2) of section nine of the Principal Act may be allowed from two o'clock instead of from one o'clock. In the case of shop-assistants employed in hairdressers' shops in the metropolitan district, the half-holiday mentioned in subsection two of section nine of the said Act shall be allowed on Wednesday or Saturday of each week, and the closing time on the former day shall be notified as provided for in subsection two of section one of the Principal Act.

12. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the principal Act, every baker in the metropolitan area shall give to every person engaged by him as a bread carter or acting for him in that capacity,

Holiday for bread carters.

one whole day as a holiday, on the third Wednesday in each month: Provided that in the event of any public holiday under the Banks and Bank Holidays Act, 1898, falling in the same week as the third Wednesday in any month, such whole day holiday shall be observed on such public holiday, and not on the third Wednesday.

And on such third Wednesday in each month or on such public holiday, as the case may be, no bread shall be delivered by cart to a customer by any person engaged by a baker in the metropolitan area.

13. Every baker outside the metropolitan area, and every shop- Regulation of halfkeeper, butcher, or milkvendor, whose place of business is situated in holidays or holidays are short of carters. any shopping district, shall allow every person usually employed by him in delivering goods from the shop, or in delivering meat, milk, or bread, four half-holidays from the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon on some week-days in each month, or a whole holiday on one weekday in each month of his employment. And if, in any month, he fails or refuses to allow any person so employed by him such half-holidays or such whole holiday, he shall be guilty of an offence against the Principal Act.

In any prosecution for a contravention of the provisions of this section, proof that during any month any person used, for the purpose of delivering goods from a shop, or delivering meat, milk, or bread, a cart bearing the name or title of, or in any other way purporting to be the property of, the defendant, shall be prima facie evidence that the said person during the said month was employed by the defendant in delivering goods, meat, milk, or bread, as aforesaid.

Section ten of the Principal Act is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Supplemental and exemptions.

14. The Governor may make regulations—

(a) determining, in respect of any shop mentioned in Schedule defining usual One to the Principal Act, what classes of trade shall, for the as to keeping of purposes of that Act, be deemed to be classes of trade usually records, &c. carried on in such shop, and thereupon such classes of trade and no other classes of trade shall be deemed to be the classes of trade usually carried on in such shop;

(b) for the keeping of records and the giving of information by shopkeepers concerning the hours and extra hours of employment of and the holidays and half-holidays allowed to shopassistants, and the giving of information by shopkeepers, butchers, milk vendors, and bakers concerning the holidays and half-holidays allowed persons employed in delivering goods from a shop, or meat, milk, or bread;

(c) prescribing the manner in which such records shall be kept and such information given, and the person to whom such information shall be given;

(d) providing for the certifying of the correctness of such records and information; and (e)

Regulations

(e) providing for the publication to shop-assistants of information concerning the Principal Act and this Act, and the regulations thereunder;

and may in those regulations authorise any penalty not exceeding five pounds to be imposed for any breach of the same.

The provisions of the Principal Act, as to regulations made under that Act, shall apply to regulations made under this section.

15. Section twenty-three of the Principal Act is hereby amended by inserting after the word "employment" the words "and half-holidays," and after the word "railway," wherever used, the words "tramway or ferry."

16. Section twenty-one is hereby amended by the insertion in the definition of "shop" of the word "place" between the word "means" and the word "building," and "partner under the age of twenty-one years" after the words "clerk employed in a shop" in the definition of "shop-assistant."

The definition of "shopkeeper" in the Principal Act shall not include a commercial traveller bonâ fide engaged in selling goods to

a shopkeeper by sample only.

Government House,

17. No person shall be convicted under the Principal Act or this Act for not closing or keeping closed a shop if he proves that the shop was not closed or not kept closed only for the purpose of ventilation or of persons visiting or resorting to the premises for purposes other than for trade in the shop, customers referred to in the first proviso to section seven of the said Act or, in the case of a registered pharmacist, persons entering or leaving in connection only with the supply of articles in pursuance of the second proviso to that section, or, in the case of a retail butcher, persons entering or leaving only in connection with the delivery of meat to the shop of such butcher.

18. In cases of emergency caused by fire, flood, or disease, the Minister may suspend the operation of such provisions of the Principal Act or this Act as he deems necessary in respect of any persons, class of persons, or shops for such period within such locality, and under and subject to the performance of such conditions as he may prescribe, and alter or annul such notice.

Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with any condition prescribed under this section shall be guilty of an offence against the Principal Act.

19. Nothing in the Principal Act or this Act shall apply, or be deemed to have applied, to any bazaar, or fair, where goods are sold or exposed for sale in order that the net proceeds of the sale of the goods may be devoted to religious, charitable, or public purposes only.

In the name and on the behalf of Her Majesty I assent to this Act.

FREDK. M. DARLEY, Lieutenant-Governor. Sydney, 11th December, 1900.

Amendment of section 23 of Principal Act.

Amendment of section 21 of Principal Act.

Proof of closing

Power of suspension in certain cases

Acts not to apply to bazaars.

EARLY CLOSING (AMENDMENT) BILL.

SCHEDULE of the Amendments referred to in Message of 7th November, 1900.

Page 2, clause 3, lines 27 and 28. Omit "and any shop assistant" insert "of a shop "not being a shop mentioned in Schedule One to the Principal Act"

Page 2, clause 3, line 35. After "years" omit remainder of clause.

Page 3, clause 4, line 3. Omit "pursuance of this Act" insert "the same manner as "provided in the preceding section for existing country shopping " districts"

Page 3, clause 5, line 9. After "in" insert "Part One of"
Page 3, clause 5, line 11. Omit "within the metropolitan area" insert "and shops "conducted by a proprietor without the assistance of any employee or "employees"

Page 3. After clause 5 insert new clause 6.

Page 3, clause 6. 7, line 21. After "any" insert "shopping" Page 3, clause 7. 8, line 33. After "any" insert "shopping"

Page 4, clause 8.9. At end of clause add "in the first line of the said section"

Page 4, clause 9. Omit clause 9.

Page 4, clause 11. At end of clause add "In the case of shop-assistants employed "in hairdressers' shops in the metropolitan district, the half-holiday "mentioned in subsection two of section nine of the said Act shall be " allowed on Wednesday or Saturday of each week, and the closing time " on the former day shall be notified as provided for in subsection two of " section one of the Principal Act."

Page 4. After clause 11 insert new clause 12.

Page 5, clause 12. 13, line 15. After "month" first occurring insert "of his employ-" ment"

Page 6, clause 15. 16, lines 17 to 20. Omit "The definition of 'close' in section twenty-"one of the Principal Act is hereby repealed, and the following definition is "hereby substituted therefor :-

"'Close' means closed against the admission of the public"

Page 6, clause 16. 17, line 31. After "of" insert "ventilation or of"
Page 6, clause 16. 17. At end of clause add "or, in the case of a retail butcher, "persons entering or leaving only in connection with the delivery of meat to the shop of such butcher"

This Public Bill originated in the Legislative Assembly, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 5 October, 1900.

F. W. WEBB, Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

The LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL has this day agreed to this Bill with Amendments.

Legislative Council Chamber, Sydney, 7th November, 1900. JOHN J. CALVERT, Clerk of the Parliaments.

New South Wales.



ANNO SEXAGESIMO QUARTO

Act No.

5

10

, 1900.

An Act to amend the Early Closing Act, 1899.

BE it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Logislative Consents. the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:-

Preliminary.

1. This Act may be cited as the "Early Closing (Amend- short title. ment) Act, 1900."

2. In this Act "The Principal Act" means the Early Closing Definition. Act, 1899.

Closing times.

3. Sections three and four of the Principal Act are hereby Repeal of sections of repealed, and every proclamation made under the provisions of section the Principal Act. three 38-

three of the said Act is hereby rescinded, and the following shall stand in lieu thereof:—

(1) The closing times for all shops (except those mentioned Closing of shops in in Schedule One of the Principal Act) situate within a country shopping districts.

5 district shall be—

On one week-day, one o'clock; On one week-day, ten o'clock;

such days (until altered in pursuance of this Act) to be those respectively now observed in each shopping district, and—

On the four other week-days, six o'clock; and all such shops shall close on those days not later than the hours above mentioned, which shall be hours after the hour of noon each day.

(2) When the Principal Act shall have been in force in any Memorial for a poll

country shopping district for a period of not less than nine months, 15 not less than one-third of the shopkeepers of shops not being shops mentioned in Schedule One of the Principal Act may present to the Minister a memorial under their hands, in the form of Schedule Two to the said Act, asking that a poll be taken on the question whether any of the days observed as aforesaid in pursuance of this Act should 20 be altered to the day specified in the memorial.

On receipt of the memorial the Minister shall notify in the Gazette, and in at least two issues of a newspaper circulating in the district, that on a day therein named (not being less than twenty-one nor more than twenty-eight days after the first notification) a poll will

25 be taken as to the alteration proposed.

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(3) On the day named a poll shall be taken as prescribed by the regulations, and at such poll each shopkeeper and any shop assistant of a shop not being a shop mentioned in Schedule One to the Principal Act, shall, subject to the regulations, have one vote.

30 If a majority of those voting at the poll, vote that the said days or any of them be so altered, the Minister shall so notify in the Gazette, and the closing days for such shops in the district shall be so altered accordingly.

(4) Where a poll has been taken in pursuance of this section,

35 no other such poll shall be taken for a period of two years.

For the purposes of this clause 'shop-assistant' means any person who shall have been engaged for three months at least in a shop not being a shop mentioned in Schedule One of the Principal Act in the shopping district in which he claims to vote, and who, at the 40 time of voting, shall be above the age of eighteen years.

40 time of voting, shall be above the age of eighteen years.

4. The Governor may by proclamation constitute any area not Governor may now declared a country shopping district to be a country shopping shopping districts. district, and shall in such proclamation define the boundaries thereof.

The closing time for all shops (except those mentioned in 45 Schedule One of the Principal Act) situate within such country shopping district shall be—

On

On one week-day, one o'clock; On one week day, ten o'clock;

such days (until altered in pursuance of this Act the same manner as provided in the preceding section for existing country shopping 5 districts) to be those respectively declared in such proclamation, and—

On the four other week days, six o'clock;

and all such shops shall close on those days not later than the hours above mentioned, which shall be hours after the hour of noon each day.

5. Notwithstanding anything contained in Part One of the Closing of news-10 Principal Act, the closing time for newsagents' and booksellers' shops agents' and booksellers'. within-the-metropolitan-area and shops conducted by a proprietor without the assistance of any employee or employees shall be eight o'clock on five week nights and ten o'clock on Saturday. A newsagent's shop shall include a shop where newspapers, periodicals, magazines, novelettes, 15 stationery, school requisites, or books are exposed for sale.

6. In the case of any shop mentioned in section one of the Principal Act any shopkeeper who has elected to close at one o'clock on Wednesday may keep his shop open till ten o'clock on Friday:

Provided that in such case his closing time on Saturday shall

20 be six o'clock.

6. 7. Where in any shopping district a shopkeeper occupies two or Shopkeeper more shops not being shops mentioned in Schedule One to the Principal occupying more than Act, all such shops shall on each day close at the growth in the Principal one shop. Act, all such shops shall on each day close at the same time, notwithstanding any choice which the shopkeeper has made under the said 25 Act: And subject to the provisions of this section, the shopkeeper may, under subsection two of section one of the said Act (notwithstanding that the period of three months after a choice made before the commencement of this Act has not expired), make a fresh choice in respect of all or any of such shops, and the provisions of that 30 subsection shall apply in respect of any choice so made. Until he makes such choice he shall be deemed to have chosen, in respect of all

his said shops, one o'clock as the closing time on Wednesday.

7. 8. Where a shop in any shopping district, not being a shop Closing times in mentioned in Schedule One to the Principal Act, is closed during the case of holiday occurring. 35 whole of any week day set apart in any week as a bank holiday or as a public holiday under the Banks and Bank Holidays Act, 1898, and the shop-assistants are not employed therein during such day, such shop may be kept open until six o'clock on the day of such week on which the closing time is one o'clock, and where such holiday as aforesaid is 40 Christmas Day, New Years Day, or Good Friday such shop may also

be kept open until ten o'clock on the week day next preceding. Where any such shop as aforesaid is closed during and until six o'clock on any week day observed in any week as a holiday for any religious purpose, and the shop-assistants are not employed therein

45 during such time, such shop may be kept open until six o'clock on the day of such week on which the closing time is one o'clock.

The times fixed under this section in respect of any shop shall be deemed to be the closing times of such shop on the days mentioned.

The proviso to subsection one of section one of the Principal Act is hereby repealed.

Shop-assistants, minors, and carters.

8. Subsection (1) of section eight of the Principal Act is hereby Amendment of amended by the insertion of the words "or about the business of any s. 8 (1) of Principal shop" after the words "in any shop" in the first line of the said section.

9. Subsection (1) section nine of the Principal Act is hereby Amendment of 10 amended by the insertion of the words "or person" after the words the Principal Act. "shop-assistant," and the words "or about the business of any shop"

after the words "in any shop."

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shop mentioned in Schedule One to the Principal Act, is allowed a employ assistant for extra hours in lieu of holiday on full pay for the purposes of recreation during the whole of holiday on full pay. any day other than a bank holiday or day appointed within the portion of the district in which the shop is situated as a public holiday under the Banks and Bank Holidays Act, 1898, or day observed as a holiday for any religious purpose, as provided in section six, the shopkeeper, for 20 each day so allowed, may employ the assistant for a period not exceeding three hours (exclusive of the hour to be allowed for refreshment under this section) on each of any two other days (not being a day on which the shop closes at one or ten o'clock, or a bank or public holiday as aforesaid) after the closing time on each such 25 day, but after the said closing time the shop shall be kept closed, and the assistant so employed shall be allowed by the shopkeeper one hour for refreshment between six o'clock and seven o'clock.

If the shopkeeper of the shop, or any person acting or apparently acting in the management of the shop, contravenes any 30 provision of this section he shall be guilty of an offence against the

Principal Act.

11. In the case of shop-assistants employed in hotels, restaurants, Half-holidays of or eating-houses, the half-holiday mentioned in subsection (2) of assistants in hotels, section nine of the Principal Act may be allowed from two o'clock 35 instead of from one o'clock. In the case of shop-assistants employed in hairdressers' shops in the metropolitan district, the half-holiday mentioned in subsection two of section nine of the said Act shall be allowed on Wednesday or Saturday of each week, and the closing time on the former day shall be notified as provided for in subsection two 40 of section one of the Principal Act.

12. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Principal Holiday for bread Act, every baker in the metropolitan area shall give to every person carters, engaged by him as a bread carter, or acting for him in that capacity,

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one whole day as a holiday, on the third Wednesday in each month: Provided that in the event of any public holiday under the Banks and Bank Holidays Act, 1898, falling in the same week as the third Wednesday in any month, such whole day holiday shall be observed on such public holiday, and not on the third Wednesday.

And on such third Wednesday in each month, or on such public holiday, as the case may be, no bread shall be delivered by cart to a customer by any person engaged by a baker in the metropolitan area

12. 13. Every baker outside the metropolitan area, and every shop- Regulation of half10 keeper, butcher, or milkvendor, whose place of business is situated in holidays or holidays
any shopping district, shall allow every person usually employed by
him in delivering goods from the shop, or in delivering meat, milk, or
bread, four half-holidays from the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon
on some week-days in each month, or a whole holiday on one week-

15 day in each month of his employment. And if, in any month, he fails or refuses to allow any person so employed by him such half-holidays or such whole holiday, he shall be guilty of an offence against the Principal Act.

In any prosecution for a contravention of the provisions of this 20 section, proof that during any month any person used, for the purpose of delivering goods from a shop, or delivering meat, milk, or bread, a cart bearing the name or title of, or in any other way purporting to be the property of, the defendant, shall be prima facie evidence that the said person during the said month was employed by the defendant in 25 delivering goods, meat, milk, or bread, as aforesaid.

Section ten of the Principal Act is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Regulations

Supplemental and exemptions.

13. 14. The Governor may make regulations—

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(a) determining, in respect of any shop mentioned in Schedule defining usual One to the Principal Act, what classes of trade shall, for the as to keeping of purposes of that Act, be deemed to be classes of trade usually carried on in such shop, and thereupon such classes of trade and no other classes of trade shall be deemed to be the classes of trade usually carried on in such shop;

(b) for the keeping of records and the giving of information by shopkeepers concerning the hours and extra hours of employment of and the holidays and half-holidays allowed to shop-assistants, and the giving of information by shopkeepers, butchers, milk vendors, and bakers concerning the holidays and half-holidays allowed persons employed in delivering goods from a shop, or meat, milk, or bread;

(c)

(c) prescribing the manner in which such records shall be kept and such information given, and the person to whom such information shall be given;

(d) providing for the certifying of the correctness of such records

and information; and

(e) providing for the publication to shop-assistants of information concerning the Principal Act and this Act, and the regulations thereunder;

and may in those regulations authorise any penalty not exceeding five

10 pounds to be imposed for any breach of the same.

The provisions of the Principal Act, as to regulations made under that Act, shall apply to regulations made under this section.

14. 15. Section twenty-three of the Principal Act is hereby amended Amendment of by inserting after the word "employment" the words "and half-section 23 of Principal Act.

15 holidays," and after the word "railway," wherever used, the words "tramway or ferry."

15. 16. The definition of "close" in section twenty one of the Principal Amendment of Act is hereby repealed, and the following definition is hereby substi
section 21 of Principal Act.

tuted therefor— 20 "Close" m

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"Close" means closed against the admission of the public.

Section twenty-one is also hereby amended by the insertion in the definition of "shop" of the word "place" between the word "means" and the word "building," and "partner under the age of twenty-one years" after the words "clerk employed in a shop" in the 25 definition of "shop-assistant."

The definition of "shopkeeper" in the Principal Act shall not include a commercial traveller bonâ fide engaged in selling goods to

a shopkeeper by sample only.

16. 17. No person shall be convicted under the Principal Act or Proof of closing 30 this Act for not closing or keeping closed a shop if he proves that shop. the shop was not closed or not kept closed only for the purpose of ventilation or of persons visiting or resorting to the premises for purposes other than for trade in the shop, customers referred to in the first proviso to section seven of the said Act or, in the case of a

35 registered pharmacist, persons entering or leaving in connection only with the supply of articles in pursuance of the second proviso to that section, or, in the case of a retail butcher, persons entering or leaving only in connection with the delivery of meat to the shop of such

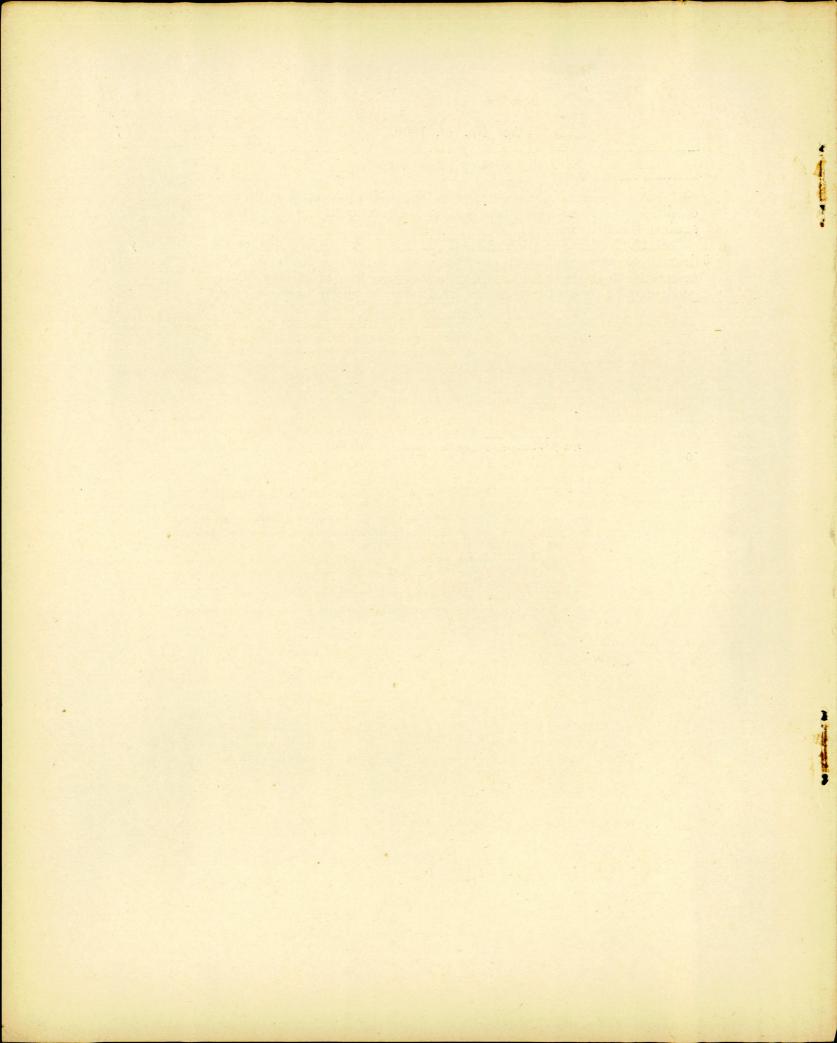
butcher

40 47. 18. In cases of emergency caused by fire, flood, or disease, the Power of suspension Minister may suspend the operation of such provisions of the Principal in certain cases. Act or this Act as he deems necessary in respect of any persons, class of persons, or shops for such period within such locality, and under and subject to the performance of such conditions as he may 45 prescribe, and alter or annul such notice.

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Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with any condition prescribed under this section shall be guilty of an offence against the Principal Act.

18. 19. Nothing in the Principal Act or this Act shall apply, or be Acts not to apply 5 deemed to have applied, to any bazaar, or fair, where goods are sold to bazaars. or exposed for sale in order that the net proceeds of the sale of the goods may be devoted to religious, charitable, or public purposes only.



This Public Bill originated in the Legislative Assembly, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 5 October, 1900.

F. W. WEBB, Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

The LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL has this day agreed to this Bill with Amendments.

Legislative Council Chamber, November, 1900. Sydney,

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Clerk of the Parliaments.

New South Wales.



ANNO SEXAGESIMO QUARTO

REGINÆ.

Act No. , 1900.

An Act to amend the Early Closing Act, 1899.

DE it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Logislation C. the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:-

Preliminary.

1. This Act may be cited as the "Early Closing (Amend- short title. ment) Act, 1900."

2. In this Act "The Principal Act" means the Early Closing Definition. Act, 1899. 10

Closing times.

3. Sections three and four of the Principal Act are hereby Repeal of sections of repealed, and every proclamation made under the provisions of section the Principal Act. 38—A three

Note.—The words to be omitted are ruled through; those to be inserted are printed in black letter.

three of the said Act is hereby rescinded, and the following shall stand in lieu thereof:—

(1) The closing times for all shops (except those mentioned closing of shops in Schedule One of the Principal Act) situate within a country shopping districts.

5 district shall be—

On one week-day, one o'clock; On one week-day, ten o'clock;

such days (until altered in pursuance of this Act) to be those respectively now observed in each shopping district, and—

On the four other week-days, six o'clock; and all such shops shall close on those days not later than the hours above mentioned, which shall be hours after the hour of noon each day.

(2) When the Principal Act shall have been in force in any Memorial for a poll.

country shopping district for a period of not less than nine months, 15 not less than one-third of the shopkeepers of shops not being shops mentioned in Schedule One of the Principal Act may present to the Minister a memorial under their hands, in the form of Schedule Two to the said Act, asking that a poll be taken on the question whether any of the days observed as aforesaid in pursuance of this Act should 20 be altered to the day specified in the memorial.

On receipt of the memorial the Minister shall notify in the Gazette, and in at least two issues of a newspaper circulating in the district, that on a day therein named (not being less than twenty-one nor more than twenty-eight days after the first notification) a poll will

25 be taken as to the alteration proposed.

(3) On the day named a poll shall be taken as prescribed by the regulations, and at such poll each shopkeeper and any shop-assistant of a shop not being a shop mentioned in Schedule One to the Principal Act, shall, subject to the regulations, have one vote.

If a majority of those voting at the poll, vote that the said days or any of them be so altered, the Minister shall so notify in the Gazette, and the closing days for such shops in the district shall be so altered accordingly.

(4) Where a poll has been taken in pursuance of this section,

35 no other such poll shall be taken for a period of two years.

For the purposes of this clause 'shop-assistant' means any person who shall have been engaged for three n onths at least in a shop not being a shop mentioned in Schedule One of the Principal Act in the shopping district in which he claims to vote, and who, at the 40 time of voting, shall be above the age of eighteen years.

4. The Governor may by proclamation constitute any area not Governor may now declared a country shopping district to be a country shopping districts. district, and shall in such proclamation define the boundaries thereof.

The closing time for all shops (except those mentioned in 45 Schedule One of the Principal Act) situate within such country shopping district shall be—

On

On one week-day, one o'clock; On one week day, ten o'clock;

such days (until altered in pursuance of this Act the same manner as provided in the preceding section for existing country shopping 5 districts) to be those respectively declared in such proclamation, and—

On the four other week days, six o'clock;

and all such shops shall close on those days not later than the hours above mentioned, which shall be hours after the hour of noon each day.

5. Notwithstanding anything contained in Part One of the Closing of news-10 Principal Act, the closing time for newsagents' and booksellers' shops agents and booksellers'. within-the-metropolitan-area and shops conducted by a proprietor without the assistance of any employee or employees shall be eight o'clock on five week nights and ten o'clock on Saturday. A newsagent's shop shall include a shop where newspapers, periodicals, magazines, novelettes, 15 stationery, school requisites, or books are exposed for sale.

6. In the case of any shop mentioned in section one of the Principal Act any shopkeeper who has elected to close at one o'clock on Wednesday may keep his shop open till ten o'clock on Friday:

Provided that in such case his closing time on Saturday shall

20 be six o'clock.

6. 7. Where in any shopping district a shopkeeper occupies two or Shopkeeper more shops not being shops mentioned in Schedule One to the Principal occupying more than Act, all such shops shall on each day close at the same time, notwithstanding any choice which the shopkeeper has made under the said 25 Act: And subject to the provisions of this section, the shopkeeper may, under subsection two of section one of the said Act (notwithstanding that the period of three months after a choice made before the commencement of this Act has not expired), make a fresh choice in respect of all or any of such shops, and the provisions of that 30 subsection shall apply in respect of any choice so made. Until he makes such choice he shall be deemed to have chosen, in respect of all

his said shops, one o'clock as the closing time on Wednesday. 7. 8. Where a shop in any shopping district, not being a shop Closing times in mentioned in Schedule One to the Principal Act, is closed during the occurring.

35 whole of any week day set apart in any week as a bank holiday or as a public holiday under the Banks and Bank Holidays Act, 1898, and the shop-assistants are not employed therein during such day, such shop may be kept open until six o'clock on the day of such week on which the closing time is one o'clock, and where such holiday as aforesaid is 40 Christmas Day, New Years Day, or Good Friday such shop may also

be kept open until ten o'clock on the week day next preceding.

Where any such shop as aforesaid is closed during and until six o'clock on any week day observed in any week as a holiday for any religious purpose, and the shop-assistants are not employed therein 45 during such time, such shop may be kept open until six o'clock on the day of such week on which the closing time is one o'clock.

The

The times fixed under this section in respect of any shop shall be deemed to be the closing times of such shop on the days mentioned. The proviso to subsection one of section one of the Principal Act is hereby repealed.

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Shop-assistants, minors, and carters.

8. 9. Subsection (1) of section eight of the Principal Act is hereby Amendment of amended by the insertion of the words "or about the business of any s. 8 (1) of Principal shor" after the words "in any abon" in the first line of the residence in Act. shop" after the words "in any shop" in the first line of the said section.

9. Subsection (1) section nine of the Principal Act is hereby Amendment of 10 amended by the insertion of the words "or persor" after the words the Principal Act. "shop-assistant," and the words "or about the business of any shop" after the words "in any shop."

10. Where a shop-assistant, employed in a shop not being a shopkeeper may shop mentioned in Schedule One to the Principal Act, is allowed a employ assistant for extra hours in lieu or 15 holiday on full pay for the purposes of recreation during the whole of holiday on full pay. any day other than a bank holiday or day appointed within the portion of the district in which the shop is situated as a public holiday under the Banks and Bank Holidays Act, 1898, or day observed as a holiday for any religious purpose, as provided in section six, the shopkeeper, for 20 each day so allowed, may employ the assistant for a period not

exceeding three hours (exclusive of the hour to be allowed for refreshment under this section) on each of any two other days (not being a day on which the shop closes at one or ten o'clock, or a bank or public holiday as aforesaid) after the closing time on each such

25 day, but after the said closing time the shop shall be kept closed, and the assistant so employed shall be allowed by the shopkeeper one hour for refreshment between six o'clock and seven o'clock.

If the shopkeeper of the shop, or any person acting or apparently acting in the management of the shop, contravenes any · 30 provision of this section he shall be guilty of an offence against the Principal Act.

11. In the case of shop-assistants employed in hotels, restaurants, Half-holidays of or eating-houses, the half-holiday mentioned in subsection (2) of assistants in hotels. section nine of the Principal Act may be allowed from two o'clock 35 instead of from one o'clock. In the case of shop-assistants employed in hairdressers' shops in the metropolitan district, the half-holiday mentioned in subsection two of section nine of the said Act shall be allowed on Wednesday or Saturday of each week, and the closing time on the former day shall be notified as provided for in subsection two 40 of section one of the Principal Act.

12. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Principal Holiday for bread Act, every baker in the metropolitan area shall give to every person carters. engaged by him as a bread carter, or acting for him in that capacity,

one whole day as a holiday, on the third Wednesday in each month: Provided that in the event of any public holiday under the Banks and Bank Holidays Act, 1898, falling in the same week as the third Wednesday in any month, such whole day holiday shall be observed on such public holiday, and not on the third Wednesday.

And on such third Wednesday in each month, or on such public holiday, as the case may be, no bread shall be delivered by cart to a customer by any person engaged by a baker in the metropolitan

12. 13. Every baker outside the metropolitan area, and every shop-Regulation of half-10 keeper, butcher, or milkvendor, whose place of business is situated in holidays or holidays any shopping district, shall allow every person usually employed by him in delivering goods from the shop, or in delivering meat, milk, or bread, four half-holidays from the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon on some week-days in each month, or a whole holiday on one week-

15 day in each month of his employment. And if, in any month, he fails or refuses to allow any person so employed by him such half-holidays or such whole holiday, he shall be guilty of an offence against the Principal Act.

In any prosecution for a contravention of the provisions of this 20 section, proof that during any month any person used, for the purpose of delivering goods from a shop, or delivering meat, milk, or bread, a cart bearing the name or title of, or in any other way purporting to be the property of, the defendant, shall be prima facie evidence that the said person during the said month was employed by the defendant in 25 delivering goods, meat, milk, or bread, as aforesaid.

Section ten of the Principal Act is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Supplemental and exemptions.

13. 14. The Governor may make regulations—

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(a) determining, in respect of any shop mentioned in Schedule defining usual classes of trade and One to the Principal Act, what classes of trade shall, for the as to keeping of purposes of that Act, be deemed to be classes of trade usually carried on in such shop, and thereupon such classes of trade and no other classes of trade shall be deemed to be the classes of trade usually carried on in such shop;

Regulations

(b) for the keeping of records and the giving of information by shopkeepers concerning the hours and extra hours of employment of and the holidays and half-holidays allowed to shopassistants, and the giving of information by shopkeepers, butchers, milk vendors, and bakers concerning the holidays and half-holidays allowed persons employed in delivering goods from a shop, or meat, milk, or bread;

(c)

(c) prescribing the manner in which such records shall be kept and such information given, and the person to whom such information shall be given;

(d) providing for the certifying of the correctness of such records

and information; and

(e) providing for the publication to shop-assistants of information concerning the Principal Act and this Act, and the regulations thereunder;

and may in those regulations authorise any penalty not exceeding five

10 pounds to be imposed for any breach of the same.

The provisions of the Principal Act, as to regulations made under that Act, shall apply to regulations made under this section.

14. 15. Section twenty-three of the Principal Act is hereby amended Amendment of by inserting after the word "employment" the words "and half-section 23 of Principal Act.

15 holidays," and after the word "railway," wherever used, the words "tramway or ferry."

15. 16. The definition of "close" in section twenty one of the Principal Amendment of Act is hereby repealed, and the following definition is hereby substi
Rection 21 of Principal Act.

tuted therefor—

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"Close" means closed against the admission of the public.

Section twenty-one is also hereby amended by the insertion in the definition of "shop" of the word "place" between the word "means" and the word "building," and "partner under the age of twenty-one years" after the words "clerk employed in a shop" in the 25 definition of "shop-assistant."

The definition of "shopkeeper" in the Principal Act shall not include a commercial traveller bonâ fide engaged in selling goods to

a shopkeeper by sample only.

16. 17. No person shall be convicted under the Principal Act or Proof of closing 30 this Act for not closing or keeping closed a shop if he proves that shop, the shop was not closed or not kept closed only for the purpose of ventilation or of persons visiting or resorting to the premises for purposes other than for trade in the shop, customers referred to in the first proviso to section seven of the said Act or, in the case of a 35 registered pharmacist, persons entering or leaving in connection only

with the supply of articles in pursuance of the second proviso to that section, or, in the case of a retail butcher, persons entering or leaving only in connection with the delivery of meat to the shop of such

butcher.

40 47. 18. In cases of emergency caused by fire, flood, or disease, the rower of suspension Minister may suspend the operation of such provisions of the Principal in certain case. Act or this Act as he deems necessary in respect of any persons, class of persons, or shops for such period within such locality, and under and subject to the performance of such conditions as he may 45 prescribe, and alter or annul such notice.

Any

Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with any condition prescribed under this section shall be guilty of an offence against the Principal Act.

18. 19. Nothing in the Principal Act or this Act shall apply, or be Acts not to apply 5 deemed to have applied, to any bazaar, or fair, where goods are sold to bazaars. or exposed for sale in order that the net proceeds of the sale of the goods may be devoted to religious, charitable, or public purposes only.

Legislatibe Conncil.

EARLY CLOSING (AMENDMENT) BILL.

(Amendments to be proposed in Committee of the Whole.)

Page 2, clause 3, line 27. After "shopkeeper" insert "of a shop not "being a shop mentioned in Schedule One to the Principal "Act"

Page 2, clause 3, line 36. Omit "shall have been" insert "is at the "date of the taking of the poll"

Page 2, clause 3, line 36. Omit "three months at least"

Page 2, clause 3, line 38. After "vote" insert "who has been engaged "for three months in any such shop in the said district"

Page 3, clause 5, line 8. After "in" insert "Part I of"

Page 3, clause 6, line 14. After "any" insert "shopping" Page 3, clause 7, line 26. After "any" insert "shopping"

Page 4, clause 9, line 6. After "person" insert "(not being shop-"keeper)"

Page 4. At end of clause 11 insert new paragraph:

In the case of shop-assistants employed in hairdressers' shops in the metropolitan district, the half-holiday mentioned in subsection two of section nine of the said Act shall be allowed on Wednesday or Saturday of each week, and the closing time on the former day shall be notified as provided for in subsection two of section one of the Principal Act.

Page 4. New clause to follow clause 11:-

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Principal Act, every baker in the metropolitan area shall give to every person engaged by him as a bread carter, or acting for him in that capacity, one whole day as a holiday, on the third Wednesday in each month: Provided that in the event of any public holiday under the Banks and Bank Holidays Act, 1898, falling in the same week as the third Wednesday in any month, such whole day holiday shall be observed on such public holiday, and not on the third Wednesday.

And on such third Wednesday in each month, or on such public holiday, as the case may be, no bread shall be delivered by cart to a customer by any person engaged by a baker in the

metropolitan area.

Page 6, clause 16. At end of clause add "or, in the case of a retail "butcher, persons entering or leaving only in connection "with the delivery of meat to the shop of such butcher"

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This Public Bill originated in the Legislative Assembly, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the Legislative Council for its concurrence.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 5 October, 1900. F. W. WEBB, Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

New Zouth Wales.



ANNO SEXAGESIMO QUARTO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

Act No. , 1900.

An Act to amend the Early Closing Act, 1899.

E it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

Preliminary.

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1. This Act may be cited as the "Early Closing (Amend-Short title. ment) Act, 1900."

2. In this Act "The Principal Act" means the Early Closing Definition. Act, 1899.

Closing times.

3. Sections three and four of the Principal Act are hereby Repeal of sections of repealed, and every proclamation made under the provisions of section the Principal Act. 38—A three

three of the said Act is hereby rescinded, and the following shall stand in lieu thereof:

(1) The closing times for all shops (except those mentioned Closing of shops in in Schedule One of the Principal Act) situate within a country shopping districts. 5 district shall be—

> On one week-day, one o'clock; On one week-day, ten o'clock;

such days (until altered in pursuance of this Act) to be those respectively now observed in each shopping district, and—

On the four other week-days, six o'clock; and all such shops shall close on those days not later than the hours above mentioned, which shall be hours after the hour of noon each day.

(2) When the Principal Act shall have been in force in any Memorial for a poll

country shopping district for a period of not less than nine months, 15 not less than one-third of the shopkeepers of shops not being shops mentioned in Schedule One of the Principal Act may present to the Minister a memorial under their hands, in the form of Schedule Two to the said Act, asking that a poll be taken on the question whether any of the days observed as aforesaid in pursuance of this Act should 20 be altered to the day specified in the memorial.

On receipt of the memorial the Minister shall notify in the Gazette, and in at least two issues of a newspaper circulating in the district, that on a day therein named (not being less than twenty-one nor more than twenty-eight days after the first notification) a poll will

25 be taken as to the alteration proposed.

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(3) On the day named a poll shall be taken as prescribed by the regulations, and at such poll each shopkeeper, and any shopassistant shall, subject to the regulations, have one vote.

If a majority of those voting at the poll, vote that the said 30 days or any of them be so altered, the Minister shall so notify in the Gazette, and the closing days for such shops in the district shall be so altered accordingly.

(4) Where a poll has been taken in pursuance of this section,

no other such poll shall be taken for a period of two years.

For the purposes of this clause 'shop-assistant' means any 35 person who shall have been engaged for three months at least in a shop not being a shop mentioned in Schedule One of the Principal Act in the shopping district in which he claims to vote, and who, at the time of voting, shall be above the age of eighteen years.

40 4. The Governor may by proclamation constitute any area not Governor may now declared a country shopping district to be a country shopping shopping districts. district, and shall in such proclamation define the boundaries thereof.

The closing time for all shops (except those mentioned in Schedule one of the Principal Act) situate within such country

45 shopping district shall be—

On one week-day, one o'clock; On one week day, ten o'clock;

such days (until altered in pursuance of this Act) to be those respectively declared in such proclamation, and—

On the four other weeks days, six o'clock;

and all such shops shall close on those days not later than the hours above mentioned, which shall be hours after the hour of noon each day.

5. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Principal Act, Closing of newsthe closing time for newsagents' and booksellers' shops within the agents' and 10 metropolitan area shall be eight o'clock on five week nights and ten o'clock on Saturday. A newsagents' shop shall include a shop where newspapers, periodicals, magazines, novelettes, stationery, school requisites, or books are exposed for sale.

6. Where in any district a shopkeeper occupies two or more Shopkeeper 15 shops not being shops mentioned in Schedule One to the Principal occupying more than Act, all such shops shall on each day close at the same time, notwithstanding any choice which the shopkeeper has made under the said Act: And subject to the provisions of this section, the shopkeeper may, under subsection two of section one of the said Act (notwith-

20 standing that the period of three months after a choice made before the commencement of this Act has not expired), make a fresh choice in respect of all or any of such shops, and the provisions of that subsection shall apply in respect of any choice so made. Until he makes such choice he shall be deemed to have chosen, in respect of all

25 his said shops, one o'clock as the closing time on Wednesday.

7. Where a shop in any district, not being a shop mentioned in Closing times in Schedule One to the Principal Act, is closed during the whole of case of holiday any week day set apart in any week as a bank holiday or as a public holiday under the Banks and Bank Holidays Act, 1898, and the shop-30 assistants are not employed therein during such day, such shop may

be kept open until six o'clock on the day of such week on which the closing time is one o'clock, and where such holiday as aforesaid is Christmas Day, New Years Day, or Good Friday such shop may also be kept open until ten o'clock on the week day next preceding.

35 Where any such shop as aforesaid is closed during and until six o'clock on any week day observed in any week as a holiday for any religious purpose, and the shop-assistants are not employed therein during such time, such shop may be kept open until six o'clock on the day of such week on which the closing time is one o'clock.

The times fixed under this section in respect of any shop shall 40 be deemed to be the closing times of such shop on the days mentioned. The proviso to subsection one of section one of the Principal Act is hereby repealed.

Shop-assistants, minors, and carters.

8. Subsection (1) of section eight of the Principal Act is hereby Amendment of amended by the insertion of the words "or about the business of any Act.

shop" after the words "in any shop."

9. Subsection (1) section nine of the Principal Act is hereby Amendment of amended by the insertion of the words "or person" after the words the Principal Act. "shop-assistant," and the words "or about the business of any shop" after the words "in any shop."

10. Where a shop-assistant, employed in a shop not being a Shopkeeper may employ assistant for 10 shop mentioned in Schedule One to the Principal Act, is allowed a extra hours in lieu of holiday on full pay for the purposes of recreation during the whole of holiday on full pay. any day other than a bank holiday or day appointed within the portion of the district in which the shop is situated as a public holiday under the Banks and Bank Holidays Act, 1898, or day observed as a holiday

15 for any religious purpose, as provided in section six, the shopkeeper, for each day so allowed, may employ the assistant for a period not exceeding three hours (exclusive of the hour to be allowed for refreshment under this section) on each of any two other days (not being a day on which the shop closes at one or ten o'clock, or a bank

20 or public holiday as aforesaid) after the closing time on each such day, but after the said closing time the shop shall be kept closed, and the assistant so employed shall be allowed by the shopkeeper one

hour for refreshment between six o'clock and seven o'clock.

If the shopkeeper of the shop, or any person acting or 25 apparently acting in the management of the shop, contravenes any provision of this section he shall be guilty of an offence against the Principal Act.

11. In the case of shop-assistants employed in hotels, restaurants, Half-holidays of or eating-houses, the half-holiday mentioned in subsection (2) of assistants in hotels. 30 section nine of the Principal Act may be allowed from two o'clock

instead of from one o'clock.

12. Every baker outside the metropolitan area, and every shop-Regulation of halfkeeper, butcher, or milkvendor, whose place of business is situated in holidays or holidays any shopping district, shall allow every person usually employed by 35 him in delivering goods from the shop, or in delivering meat, milk, or

bread, four half-holidays from the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon on some week-days in each month, or a whole holiday on one weekday in each month. And if, in any month, he fails or refuses to allow any person so employed by him such half-holidays or such whole 40 holiday, he shall be guilty of an offence against the Principal Act.

In any prosecution for a contravention of the provisions of this section, proof that during any month any person used, for the purpose of delivering goods from a shop, or delivering meat, milk, or bread, a cart bearing the name or title of, or in any other way purporting to be

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the property of, the defendant, shall be prima facie evidence that the said person during the said month was employed by the defendant in delivering goods, meat, milk, or bread, as aforesaid.

Section ten of the Principal Act is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Supplemental and exemptions.

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13. The Governor may make regulations—

(a) determining, in respect of any shop mentioned in Schedule classes of trade and One to the Principal Act, what classes of trade shall, for the as to keeping of

purposes of that Act, be deemed to be classes of trade usually carried on in such shop, and thereupon such classes of trade and no other classes of trade shall be deemed to be the

classes of trade usually carried on in such shop;

(b) for the keeping of records and the giving of information by shopkeepers concerning the hours and extra hours of employment of and the holidays and half-holidays allowed to shop-assistants, and the giving of information by shopkeepers, butchers, milk vendors, and bakers concerning the holidays and half-holidays allowed persons employed in delivering goods from a shop, or meat, milk, or bread;

(c) prescribing the manner in which such records shall be kept and such information given, and the person to whom such

information shall be given;

(d) providing for the certifying of the correctness of such records

and information; and

(e) providing for the publication to shop-assistants of information concerning the Principal Act and this Act, and the regulations thereunder;

and may in those regulations authorise any penalty not exceeding five

pounds to be imposed for any breach of the same.

The provisions of the Principal Act, as to regulations made

under that Act, shall apply to regulations made under this section.

14. Section twenty-three of the Principal Act is hereby amended Amendment of by inserting after the word "employment" the words "and half-Principal Act. holidays," and after the word "railway," wherever used, the words 35 "tramway or ferry."

15. The definition of "close" in section twenty-one of the Amendment of Principal Act is hereby repealed, and the following definition is hereby Principal Act.

substituted therefor—

"Close" means closed against the admission of the public.

40 Section twenty-one is also hereby amended by the insertion in the definition of "shop" of the word "place" between the word "means" and the word "building," and "partner under the age of twenty-one years" after the words "clerk employed in a shop" in the definition of "shop-assistant."

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The definition of "shopkeeper" in the Principal Act shall not include a commercial traveller bonâ fide engaged in selling goods to

a shopkeeper by sample only.

16. No person shall be convicted under the Principal Act or Proof of closing 5 this Act for not closing or keeping closed a shop if he proves that shop. the shop was not closed or not kept closed only for the purpose of persons visiting or resorting to the premises for purposes other than for trade in the shop, customers referred to in the first proviso to section seven of the said Act, or, in the case of a registered pharmacist, 10 persons entering or leaving in connection only with the supply of

17. In cases of emergency caused by fire, flood, or disease, the Power of suspension Minister may suspend the operation of such provisions of the Principal in certain cases.

Act or this Act as he deems necessary in respect of any persons, 15 class of persons, or shops for such period within such locality, and under and subject to the performance of such conditions as he may prescribe, and alter or annul such notice.

articles in pursuance of the second proviso to that section.

Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with any condition prescribed under this section shall be guilty of an offence

20 against the Principal Act.

18. Nothing in the Principal Act or this Act shall apply, or be Acts not to apply deemed to have applied, to any bazaar, or fair, where goods are sold to bazaars. or exposed for sale in order that the net proceeds of the sale of the goods may be devoted to religious, charitable, or public purposes only.