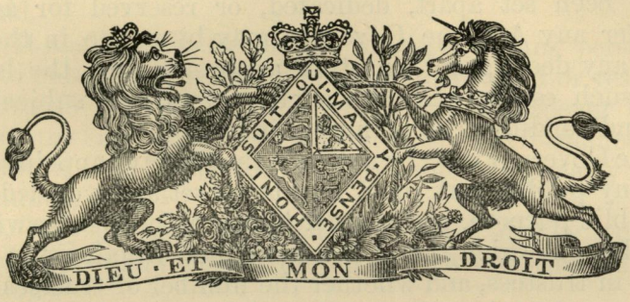


New South Wales.

ANNO SEXAGESIMO PRIMO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

* *

No. VIII. (A.D. 1897.)

An Act to regulate trusts of land for public purposes; to amend the law with respect to the reservation and dedication of Crown Lands, and the resumption and exchange of land so reserved or dedicated; and for purposes incidental to the above objects. [Assented to, 19th July, 1897.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

Appointment of trustees of land temporarily reserved.

1. The Governor shall be deemed to have had and shall have power to appoint, by notice in the Gazette, trustees of land temporarily reserved from sale under section one hundred and one of the Crown Lands Act of 1884, or otherwise, or under any enactment repealed by that Act, and to remove any trustees so appointed, and fill any vacancies occurring by reason of such removal or by death or resignation, and to make rules and regulations for the management and control of such lands, and impose in those rules and regulations any penalty not exceeding ten pounds for any breach of the same.

Corporations or Municipal councils may be appointed trustees.

2. (1) The Governor may, by notice in the Gazette, appoint a corporate body as trustees of land set apart, dedicated, or reserved (temporarily or otherwise) for any public purpose before or after the

day

day on which this Act takes effect, and may grant to or vest the said land in such corporate body as aforesaid, and may, in like manner, appoint the council for the time being of a municipality as trustees of such land as aforesaid, whether the land be within or without the boundaries of the municipality, and may grant to or vest the said land in such council as aforesaid; but the council of a municipality shall not be appointed trustees of land situate either wholly or in part within the boundaries of another municipality.

Validation of past appointments.

(II) No appointment of trustees of such land as aforesaid, and no acts or things done by such trustees, shall be deemed to have been or to be invalid or unlawful by reason only that the trustees so appointed were a corporate body, or were the Council of a Municipality.

Governor may vest land in trustees.

3. Where land has, before or after the day on which this Act takes effect, been set apart, dedicated, or reserved for any public purpose, under any Act, the Governor may by notice in the Gazette, and without any deed, grant, or other assurance, vest the land in the trustees for such estate, and with such powers and subject to such limitations and conditions as he may think fit.

Governor may appoint additional trustees.

4. The Governor may, by notice in the Gazette, appoint additional trustees of any public park or of any lands set apart or dedicated for any other public purpose, or reserved temporarily or otherwise, before or after the day on which this Act takes effect, whether the land is or is not vested in trustees, and whether the number of trustees is greater than, equal to, or less than the number of trustees originally appointed or authorised to be appointed by the statute, document, or notice creating or authorising the creation of the trust; and may grant to, or by notice in the Gazette vest in, the trustees so appointed such estate or interest in the lands as he may think fit.

In the case of trusts existing at the commencement of this Act the power hereby conferred on the Governor shall not be exercised beyond the appointment of one such trustee if the majority of the existing trustees shall object in writing to such additional appointment.

Governor may remove trustees.

The Governor may also, by notice as aforesaid, remove any trustees of any such lands who desire to be discharged from or refuse or become unfit or incapable to act in the trusts, or who shall reside out of the Colony, or who in case of a trust for any local purpose shall reside out of the locality in which the trust lands are situated, and fill any vacancies which may occur by reason of such removal or by death or resignation. The removal of any trustee shall divest the trustee so removed of any estate in the land subject to the trust:

Limitation of number of trustees.

Provided always that in any trust created after the commencement of this Act the total number of trustees shall not exceed seven.

Trustees to report.

5. The trustees of lands set apart, dedicated, or reserved as aforesaid, or of any public park, and the trustees or other persons having the control and management of land held under trust for schools of arts, mechanic institutes, hospitals, and other institutions receiving aid from the Consolidated Revenue Fund, shall, at such times as the Minister may direct, report to the Minister upon the administration of the trust or institution, and upon such matters in connection therewith as the Minister may from time to time specify, and shall if required furnish him with a statement of revenue received and expenditure made during such period as he may specify.

Trustees to permit inspection of books and documents.

6. Such trustees and persons as aforesaid, their servants and agents, shall permit any person authorised in that behalf by the Minister to inspect any books and documents and to audit any accounts relating to the trust or institution; and whosoever obstructs any person in the exercise of the powers conferred by this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds.

7. The powers conferred by section one hundred and five of the Crown Lands Act of 1884, in respect of any land dedicated or reserved may be exercised, and shall be deemed to have been exercisable in respect of the whole or any part of the land dedicated or reserved. Powers under section 105 of Act of 1884 may be exercised in part.

8. It shall be lawful, under section one hundred and four of the Crown Lands Act of 1884, to reserve or dedicate land appropriated or resumed for any public purpose and vested in some Minister of the Crown on behalf of Her Majesty under the authority of any statute, or acquired by the Crown by gift or otherwise; and no reservation or dedication made, or purporting to have been made, before the day on which this Act takes effect in pursuance of the powers in any statute shall be invalid by reason only that the land reserved or dedicated had been appropriated, resumed, vested, acquired, or given as aforesaid. Power to reserve and dedicate land resumed for public purposes.

9. It shall be lawful for the Minister, or any person authorised by him, to enter at any time upon land dedicated or reserved for any public purpose and inspect the same, and whosoever obstructs the Minister or any such authorised person in the performance of any duty connected with such inspection shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds. Minister may enter and inspect land dedicated or reserved.

10. Any penalties imposed by this Act may be recovered before a police or stipendiary magistrate, or any two justices of the peace in petty sessions. Recovery of penalties.

11. In this Act— Definitions.

"Governor" means the Governor with the advice of the Executive Council.

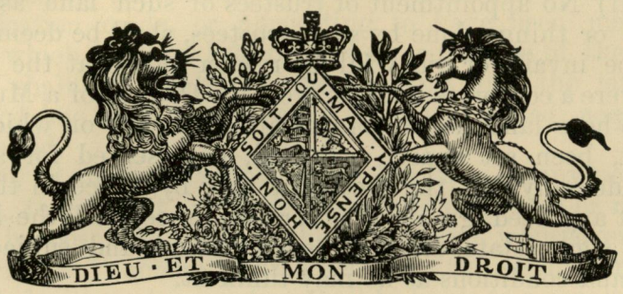
"Minister" means the Minister administering the Act under which the trust in question was created, or the Minister administering the Department to which, for administrative purposes, control of the trust is attached.

"Public purpose" has the meaning given to that expression in the Crown Lands Act of 1884.

12. This Act may be cited as the "Public Trusts Act, 1897." Short title.

By Authority: William Applegate Gullick, Government Printer, Sydney, 1897.

[3*d*.]



I Certify that this PUBLIC BILL, *which originated in the* LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, *has finally passed the* LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL *and the* LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY *of* NEW SOUTH WALES.

Legislative Assembly Chamber,
Sydney, 9 *July,* 1897, A.M.

F. W. WEBB,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

New South Wales.

ANNO SEXAGESIMO PRIMO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

* * *

No. VIII. (A.D. 1897.)

An Act to regulate trusts of land for public purposes; to amend the law with respect to the reservation and dedication of Crown Lands, and the resumption and exchange of land so reserved or dedicated; and for purposes incidental to the above objects. [Assented to, 19th July, 1897.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

Appointment of trustees of land temporarily reserved.

1. The Governor shall be deemed to have had and shall have power to appoint, by notice in the Gazette, trustees of land temporarily reserved from sale under section one hundred and one of the Crown Lands Act of 1884, or otherwise, or under any enactment repealed by that Act, and to remove any trustees so appointed, and fill any vacancies occurring by reason of such removal or by death or resignation, and to make rules and regulations for the management and control of such lands, and impose in those rules and regulations any penalty not exceeding ten pounds for any breach of the same.

Corporations or Municipal councils may be appointed trustees.

2. (1) The Governor may, by notice in the Gazette, appoint a corporate body as trustees of land set apart, dedicated, or reserved (temporarily or otherwise) for any public purpose before or after the day

I have examined this Bill, and find it to correspond in all respects with the Bill as finally passed by both Houses.

WILLIAM McCOURT,
Chairman of Committees of the Legislative Assembly.

day on which this Act takes effect, and may grant to or vest the said land in such corporate body as aforesaid, and may, in like manner, appoint the council for the time being of a municipality as trustees of such land as aforesaid, whether the land be within or without the boundaries of the municipality, and may grant to or vest the said land in such council as aforesaid; but the council of a municipality shall not be appointed trustees of land situate either wholly or in part within the boundaries of another municipality.

Validation of past appointments.

(II) No appointment of trustees of such land as aforesaid, and no acts or things done by such trustees, shall be deemed to have been or to be invalid or unlawful by reason only that the trustees so appointed were a corporate body, or were the Council of a Municipality.

Governor may vest land in trustees.

3. Where land has, before or after the day on which this Act takes effect, been set apart, dedicated, or reserved for any public purpose, under any Act, the Governor may by notice in the Gazette, and without any deed, grant, or other assurance, vest the land in the trustees for such estate, and with such powers and subject to such limitations and conditions as he may think fit.

Governor may appoint additional trustees.

4. The Governor may, by notice in the Gazette, appoint additional trustees of any public park or of any lands set apart or dedicated for any other public purpose, or reserved temporarily or otherwise, before or after the day on which this Act takes effect, whether the land is or is not vested in trustees, and whether the number of trustees is greater than, equal to, or less than the number of trustees originally appointed or authorised to be appointed by the statute, document, or notice creating or authorising the creation of the trust; and may grant to, or by notice in the Gazette vest in, the trustees so appointed such estate or interest in the lands as he may think fit.

In the case of trusts existing at the commencement of this Act the power hereby conferred on the Governor shall not be exercised beyond the appointment of one such trustee if the majority of the existing trustees shall object in writing to such additional appointment.

Governor may remove trustees.

The Governor may also, by notice as aforesaid, remove any trustees of any such lands who desire to be discharged from or refuse or become unfit or incapable to act in the trusts, or who shall reside out of the Colony, or who in case of a trust for any local purpose shall reside out of the locality in which the trust lands are situated, and fill any vacancies which may occur by reason of such removal or by death or resignation. The removal of any trustee shall divest the trustee so removed of any estate in the land subject to the trust:

Limitation of number of trustees.

Provided always that in any trust created after the commencement of this Act the total number of trustees shall not exceed seven.

Trustees to report.

5. The trustees of lands set apart, dedicated, or reserved as aforesaid, or of any public park, and the trustees or other persons having the control and management of land held under trust for schools of arts, mechanic institutes, hospitals, and other institutions receiving aid from the Consolidated Revenue Fund, shall, at such times as the Minister may direct, report to the Minister upon the administration of the trust or institution, and upon such matters in connection therewith as the Minister may from time to time specify, and shall if required furnish him with a statement of revenue received and expenditure made during such period as he may specify.

Trustees to permit inspection of books and documents.

6. Such trustees and persons as aforesaid, their servants and agents, shall permit any person authorised in that behalf by the Minister to inspect any books and documents and to audit any accounts relating to the trust or institution; and whosoever obstructs any person in the exercise of the powers conferred by this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds.

7. The powers conferred by section one hundred and five of the Crown Lands Act of 1884, in respect of any land dedicated or reserved may be exercised, and shall be deemed to have been exercisable in respect of the whole or any part of the land dedicated or reserved. Powers under section 105 of Act of 1884 may be exercised in part.

8. It shall be lawful, under section one hundred and four of the Crown Lands Act of 1884, to reserve or dedicate land appropriated or resumed for any public purpose and vested in some Minister of the Crown on behalf of Her Majesty under the authority of any statute, or acquired by the Crown by gift or otherwise; and no reservation or dedication made, or purporting to have been made, before the day on which this Act takes effect in pursuance of the powers in any statute shall be invalid by reason only that the land reserved or dedicated had been appropriated, resumed, vested, acquired, or given as aforesaid. Power to reserve and dedicate land resumed for public purposes.

9. It shall be lawful for the Minister, or any person authorised by him, to enter at any time upon land dedicated or reserved for any public purpose and inspect the same, and whosoever obstructs the Minister or any such authorised person in the performance of any duty connected with such inspection shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds. Minister may enter and inspect land dedicated or reserved.

10. Any penalties imposed by this Act may be recovered before a police or stipendiary magistrate, or any two justices of the peace in petty sessions. Recovery of penalties.

11. In this Act— Definitions.

"Governor" means the Governor with the advice of the Executive Council.

"Minister" means the Minister administering the Act under which the trust in question was created, or the Minister administering the Department to which, for administrative purposes, control of the trust is attached.

"Public purpose" has the meaning given to that expression in the Crown Lands Act of 1884.

12. This Act may be cited as the "Public Trusts Act, 1897." Short title.

In the name and on the behalf of Her Majesty I assent to this Act.

HAMPDEN,
Governor.

Government House,
Sydney, 19*th July,* 1897.

PUBLIC TRUSTS BILL.

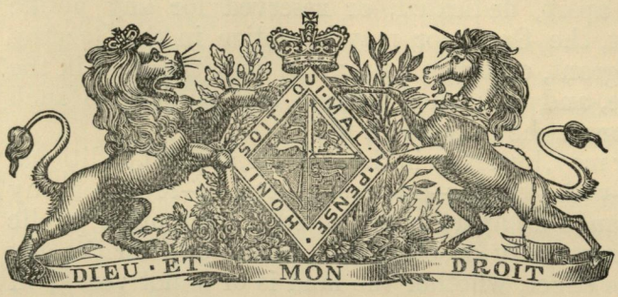
SCHEDULE of Amendments referred to in Message of 7th July, 1897.

Page 2, clause 4, line 20. *Omit* "not exceeding with existing trustees a total of seven"
Page 2, clause 4. *After* line 29 *insert*—

"In the case of trusts existing at the commencement of this Act the power hereby conferred on the Governor shall not be exercised beyond the appointment of one such trustee if the majority of the existing trustees shall object in writing to such additional appointment"

Page 2, clause 4, line 35. *Omit* "and divest them of any estate therein"
Page 2, clause 4, line 36. *Omit* "shall"
Page 2, clause 4, line 37. *Omit* "go to"
Page 2, clause 4, line 38. *Omit* "go to"
Page 2, clause 4. At end of clause *add* **"The removal of any trustee shall divest "the trustee so removed of any estate in the land subject to the trust:**

"Provided always that in any trust created after the commence- "ment of this Act the total number of trustees shall not exceed seven"



This Public Bill *originated in the* Legislative Assembly, *and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the* Legislative Council *for its concurrence.*

Legislative Assembly Chamber,
Sydney, 10 *June,* 1897.

F. W. WEBB,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

The Legislative Council *has this day agreed to this Bill with Amendments.*

Legislative Council Chamber,
Sydney, 7*th July,* 1897.

JOHN J. CALVERT,
Clerk of the Parliaments.

New South Wales.

ANNO SEXAGESIMO PRIMO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

* * *

No. .

An Act to regulate trusts of land for public purposes; to amend the law with respect to the reservation and dedication of Crown Lands, and the resumption and exchange of land so reserved or dedicated; and for purposes incidental to the above objects.

BE it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

Appointment of trustees of land temporarily reserved.

1. The Governor shall be deemed to have had and shall have power to appoint, by notice in the Gazette, trustees of land temporarily reserved from sale under section one hundred and one of the Crown Lands Act of 1884, or otherwise, or under any enactment repealed by that Act, and to remove any trustees so appointed, and fill any vacancies occurring by reason of such removal or by death or resignation, and to make rules and regulations for the management and control of such lands, and impose in those rules and regulations any penalty not exceeding ten pounds for any breach of the same.

Corporations or Municipal councils may be appointed trustees.

2. (1) The Governor may, by notice in the Gazette, appoint a corporate body as trustees of land set apart, dedicated, or reserved (temporarily or otherwise) for any public purpose before or after the

day

Note.—The words to be *omitted* are *ruled through;* those to be *inserted* are printed in **black letter.**

day on which this Act takes effect, and may grant to or vest the said land in such corporate body as aforesaid, and may, in like manner, appoint the council for the time being of a municipality as trustees of such land as aforesaid, whether the land be within or without the boundaries of the municipality, and may grant to or vest the said land in such council as aforesaid; but the council of a municipality shall not be appointed trustees of land situate either wholly or in part within the boundaries of another municipality.

(II) No appointment of trustees of such land as aforesaid, and no acts or things done by such trustees, shall be deemed to have been or to be invalid or unlawful by reason only that the trustees so appointed were a corporate body, or were the Council of a Municipality. Validation of past appointments.

3. Where land has, before or after the day on which this Act takes effect, been set apart, dedicated, or reserved for any public purpose, under any Act, the Governor may by notice in the Gazette, and without any deed, grant, or other assurance, vest the land in the trustees for such estate, and with such powers and subject to such limitations and conditions as he may think fit. Governor may vest land in trustees.

4. The Governor may, by notice in the Gazette, appoint additional trustees~~, not exceeding with existing trustees a total of seven,~~ of any public park or of any lands set apart or dedicated for any other public purpose, or reserved temporarily or otherwise, before or after the day on which this Act takes effect, whether the land is or is not vested in trustees, and whether the number of trustees is greater than, equal to, or less than the number of trustees originally appointed or authorised to be appointed by the statute, document, or notice creating or authorising the creation of the trust; and may grant to, or by notice in the Gazette vest in, the trustees so appointed such estate or interest in the lands as he may think fit. Governor may appoint additional trustees.

In the case of trusts existing at the commencement of this Act the power hereby conferred on the Governor shall not be exercised beyond the appointment of one such trustee if the majority of the existing trustees shall object in writing to such additional appointment.

The Governor may also, by notice as aforesaid, remove any trustees of any such lands~~, and divest them of any estate therein,~~ who ~~shall~~ desire to be discharged from or refuse or become unfit or incapable to act in the trusts, or who shall ~~go to~~ reside out of the Colony, or who in case of a trust for any local purpose shall ~~go to~~ reside out of the locality in which the trust lands are situated, and fill any vacancies which may occur by reason of such removal or by death or resignation. **The removal of any trustee shall divest the trustee so removed of any estate in the land subject to the trust:** **Governor may remove trustees.**

Provided always that in any trust created after the commencement of this Act the total number of trustees shall not exceed seven. **Limitation of number of trustees.**

5. The trustees of lands set apart, dedicated, or reserved as aforesaid, or of any public park, and the trustees or other persons having the control and management of land held under trust for schools of arts, mechanic institutes, hospitals, and other institutions receiving aid from the Consolidated Revenue Fund, shall, at such times as the Minister may direct, report to the Minister upon the administration of the trust or institution, and upon such matters in connection therewith as the Minister may from time to time specify, and shall if required furnish him with a statement of revenue received and expenditure made during such period as he may specify. Trustees to report.

6. Such trustees and persons as aforesaid, their servants and agents, shall permit any person authorised in that behalf by the Minister to inspect any books and documents and to audit any accounts relating to the trust or institution; and whosoever obstructs any person in the exercise of the powers conferred by this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds. Trustees to permit inspection of books and documents.

7.

7. The powers conferred by section one hundred and five of the Crown Lands Act of 1884, in respect of any land dedicated or reserved may be exercised, and shall be deemed to have been exercisable in respect of the whole or any part of the land dedicated or reserved. Powers under section 105 of Act of 1884 may be exercised in part.

5 8. It shall be lawful, under section one hundred and four of the Crown Lands Act of 1884, to reserve or dedicate land appropriated or resumed for any public purpose and vested in some Minister of the Crown on behalf of Her Majesty under the authority of any statute, or acquired by the Crown by gift or otherwise; and no reservation 10 or dedication made, or purporting to have been made, before the day on which this Act takes effect in pursuance of the powers in any statute shall be invalid by reason only that the land reserved or dedicated had been appropriated, resumed, vested, acquired, or given as aforesaid. Power to reserve and dedicate land resumed for public purposes.

15 9. It shall be lawful for the Minister, or any person authorised by him, to enter at any time upon land dedicated or reserved for any public purpose and inspect the same, and whosoever obstructs the Minister or any such authorised person in the performance of any duty connected with such inspection shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding 20 twenty pounds. Minister may enter and inspect land dedicated or reserved.

10. Any penalties imposed by this Act may be recovered before a police or stipendiary magistrate, or any two justices of the peace in petty sessions. Recovery of penalties.

11. In this Act— Definitions.

25 "Governor" means the Governor with the advice of the Executive Council.

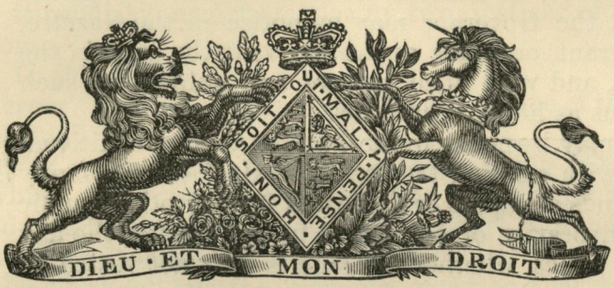
"Minister" means the Minister administering the Act under which the trust in question was created, or the Minister administering the Department to which, for administrative 30 purposes, control of the trust is attached.

"Public purpose" has the meaning given to that expression in the Crown Lands Act of 1884.

12. This Act may be cited as the "Public Trusts Act, 1897." Short title.

Sydney: William Applegate Gullick, Government Printer.—1897.

[3*d*.]



This Public Bill *originated in the* Legislative Assembly, *and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the* Legislative Council *for its concurrence.*

Legislative Assembly Chamber,
Sydney, 10 *June,* 1897.

F. W. WEBB,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

New South Wales.

ANNO SEXAGESIMO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

* *

No. .

An Act to regulate trusts of land for public purposes; to amend the law with respect to the reservation and dedication of Crown Lands, and the resumption and exchange of land so reserved or dedicated; and for purposes incidental to the above objects.

BE it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

Appointment of trustees of land temporarily reserved.

1. The Governor shall be deemed to have had and shall have power to appoint, by notice in the Gazette, trustees of land temporarily reserved from sale under section one hundred and one of the Crown Lands Act of 1884, or otherwise, or under any enactment repealed by that Act, and to remove any trustees so appointed, and fill any vacancies occurring by reason of such removal or by death or resignation, and to make rules and regulations for the management and control of such lands, and impose in those rules and regulations any penalty not exceeding ten pounds for any breach of the same.

Corporations or Municipal councils may be appointed trustees.

2. (1) The Governor may, by notice in the Gazette, appoint a corporate body as trustees of land set apart, dedicated, or reserved (temporarily or otherwise) for any public purpose before or after the

day on which this Act takes effect, and may grant to or vest the said land in such corporate body as aforesaid, and may, in like manner, appoint the council for the time being of a municipality as trustees of such land as aforesaid, whether the land be within or without the boundaries of the municipality, and may grant to or vest the said land in such council as aforesaid; but the council of a municipality shall not be appointed trustees of land situate either wholly or in part within the boundaries of another municipality.

Validation of past appointments.

(II) No appointment of trustees of such land as aforesaid, and no acts or things done by such trustees, shall be deemed to have been or to be invalid or unlawful by reason only that the trustees so appointed were a corporate body, or were the Council of a Municipality.

Governor may vest land in trustees.

3. Where land has, before or after the day on which this Act takes effect, been set apart, dedicated, or reserved for any public purpose, under any Act, the Governor may by notice in the Gazette, and without any deed, grant, or other assurance, vest the land in the trustees for such estate, and with such powers and subject to such limitations and conditions as he may think fit.

Governor may appoint additional trustees.

4. The Governor may, by notice in the Gazette, appoint additional trustees, not exceeding with existing trustees a total of seven, of any public park or of any lands set apart or dedicated for any other public purpose, or reserved temporarily or otherwise, before or after the day on which this Act takes effect, whether the land is or is not vested in trustees, and whether the number of trustees is greater than, equal to, or less than the number of trustees originally appointed or authorised to be appointed by the statute, document, or notice creating or authorising the creation of the trust; and may grant to, or by notice in the Gazette, vest in the trustees so appointed such estate or interest in the lands as he may think fit.

The Governor may also, by notice as aforesaid, remove any trustees of any such lands, and divest them of any estate therein, who shall desire to be discharged from or refuse or become unfit or incapable to act in the trusts, or who shall go to reside out of the Colony, or who in case of a trust for any local purpose shall go to reside out of the locality in which the trust lands are situated, and fill any vacancies which may occur by reason of such removal or by death or resignation.

Trustees to report.

5. The trustees of lands set apart, dedicated, or reserved as aforesaid, or of any public park, and the trustees or other persons having the control and management of land held under trust for schools of arts, mechanic institutes, hospitals, and other institutions receiving aid from the Consolidated Revenue Fund, shall, at such times as the Minister may direct, report to the Minister upon the administration of the trust or institution, and upon such matters in connection therewith as the Minister may from time to time specify, and shall if required furnish him with a statement of revenue received and expenditure made during such period as he may specify.

Trustees to permit inspection of books and documents.

6. Such trustees and persons as aforesaid, their servants and agents, shall permit any person authorised in that behalf by the Minister to inspect any books and documents and to audit any accounts relating to the trust or institution; and whosoever obstructs any person in the exercise of the powers conferred by this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds.

Powers under section 105 of Act of 1884 may be exercised in part.

7. The powers conferred by section one hundred and five of the Crown Lands Act of 1884, in respect of any land dedicated or reserved may be exercised, and shall be deemed to have been exercisable in respect of the whole or any part of the land dedicated or reserved.

Power to reserve and dedicate land resumed for public purposes.

8. It shall be lawful, under section one hundred and four of the Crown Lands Act of 1884, to reserve or dedicate land appropriated or resumed for any public purpose and vested in some Minister of the

Crown

Crown on behalf of Her Majesty under the authority of any statute, or acquired by the Crown by gift or otherwise; and no reservation or dedication made, or purporting to have been made, before the day on which this Act takes effect in pursuance of the powers in any statute shall be invalid by reason only that the land reserved or dedicated had been appropriated, resumed, vested, acquired, or given as aforesaid.

Minister may enter and inspect land dedicated or reserved.

9. It shall be lawful for the Minister, or any person authorised by him, to enter at any time upon land dedicated or reserved for any public purpose and inspect the same, and whosoever obstructs the Minister or any such authorised person in the performance of any duty connected with such inspection shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds.

Recovery of penalties.

10. Any penalties imposed by this Act may be recovered before a police or stipendiary magistrate, or any two justices of the peace in petty sessions.

Definitions.

11. In this Act—

"Governor" means the Governor with the advice of the Executive Council.

"Minister" means the Minister administering the Act under which the trust in question was created, or the Minister administering the Department to which, for administrative purposes, control of the trust is attached.

"Public purpose" has the meaning given to that expression in the Crown Lands Act of 1884.

Short title.

12. This Act may be cited as the "Public Trusts Act, 1897."

Sydney: William Applegate Gullick, Government Printer.—1897.

[3*d*.]