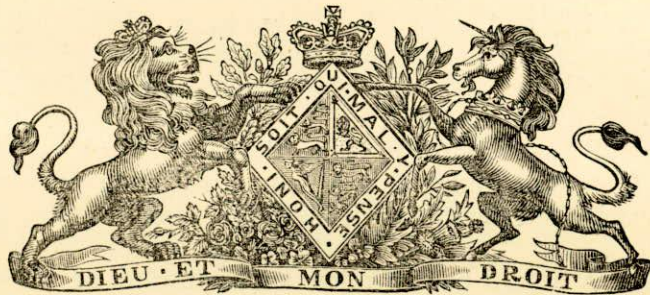


New South Wales.



ANNO QUINQUAGESIMO SEXTO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

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No. XXXIV.

An Act to establish and regulate Labour Settlements on Crown Lands. [Assented to, 13th June, 1893.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. This Act may be cited as the "Labour Settlements Act."

Short title.

2. (1) The Governor may, whenever he thinks it desirable in the general interests of the Colony, declare by notice in the *Gazette* that any Crown land therein described and not then under lease from the Crown shall be available for lease for the purpose of a Labour Settlement, and on the publication of such notice the land shall (unless and until such notice be withdrawn by notice in the *Gazette*) be exempt from sale or lease under any Crown Lands Acts or Mining Acts in force for the time being, and the Governor may nominate and appoint any persons, not less than eight and not more than sixteen in number, of whom not more than one-fourth may be females, to be the Board of Control (hereinafter called the "Board") of the Labour Settlement.

Establishment of Labour Settlements

*Labour Settlements.*

(II) From and after the date of appointment the Board shall be deemed to be and shall be a corporate body, with perpetual succession and a common seal; and the land or any part thereof may be leased to the Board, subject to the provisions and for the purposes of this Act, for any term not exceeding twenty-eight years, commencing on the date of the Governor's approval of the lease, with a right of renewal for a further term not exceeding twenty-eight years: Provided that the Governor may, at any time, by notice in the *Gazette*, dissolve any Board, and thereupon the lease to the Board shall be cancelled, but such cancellation shall not affect any sub-lease or any renewal thereof granted by the Board under this Act.

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Board.

3. The Minister for Lands shall determine the rent of the land after appraisalment by the Local Land Board as constituted under the Crown Lands Acts, and such rent shall be paid annually by the Board, and shall commence from and after the expiration of the fourth year of the lease.

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4. The Governor may, by notice in the *Gazette*, remove any member of a Board, and may fill any vacancy which may occur by reason of such removal, or any vacancy caused by death or resignation of any member; but every such appointment shall take effect only upon notification in the *Gazette*.

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6. When a Board has enrolled such number of persons as the Minister may approve, being either unmarried persons (each of or over the age of twenty-one years), or heads of families, it may apply in writing to the Minister for Lands for monetary assistance, naming the persons for whom such assistance is asked, and furnishing such other particulars as the Minister may require. If the Minister, after due inquiry, approve of the application, he shall certify to that effect to the Colonial Treasurer, and recommend that an amount, to be specified, not exceeding twenty-five pounds for each enrolled member who is the head of a family dependent upon him, or twenty pounds for each married person without a family dependent upon him, and fifteen pounds for each unmarried person should be paid to the Board. On the receipt of that certificate the Colonial Treasurer may pay to the Board the amount so recommended to be paid. The Board shall be held to be trustees of the moneys received by it from the Colonial Treasurer or from any other persons, and shall, subject to any regulations in that behalf, apply the moneys to the purposes for which they were given, and shall keep such accounts as may be prescribed. At the expiration of four years from the commencement of the lease, and each following year eight per centum of the total sum paid to the Board by the Colonial Treasurer under this section shall be a charge on the revenues of the Board payable to the Treasury, until the said sum with interest at the rate of four per centum per annum has been repaid.

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7. (I) The Board may establish and manage any trade or industry, and may, by regulations, dispose of and apportion the proceeds and profits derivable therefrom among the enrolled members. And may, for sufficient cause, disenroll and remove any member from the Labour Settlement, and may include therein any new member.

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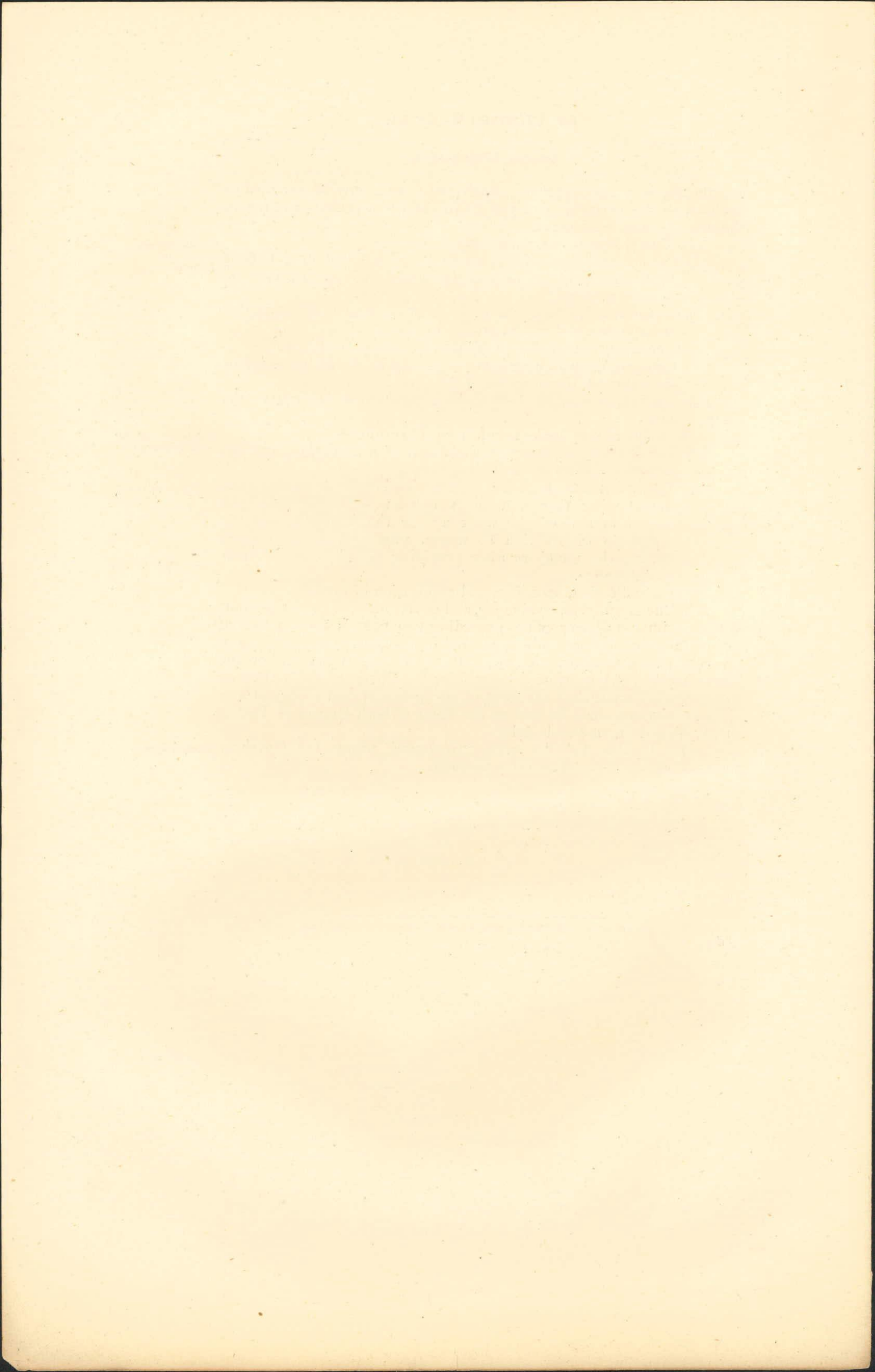
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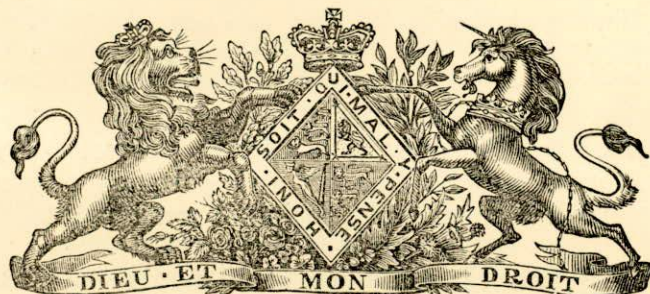
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New South Wales.



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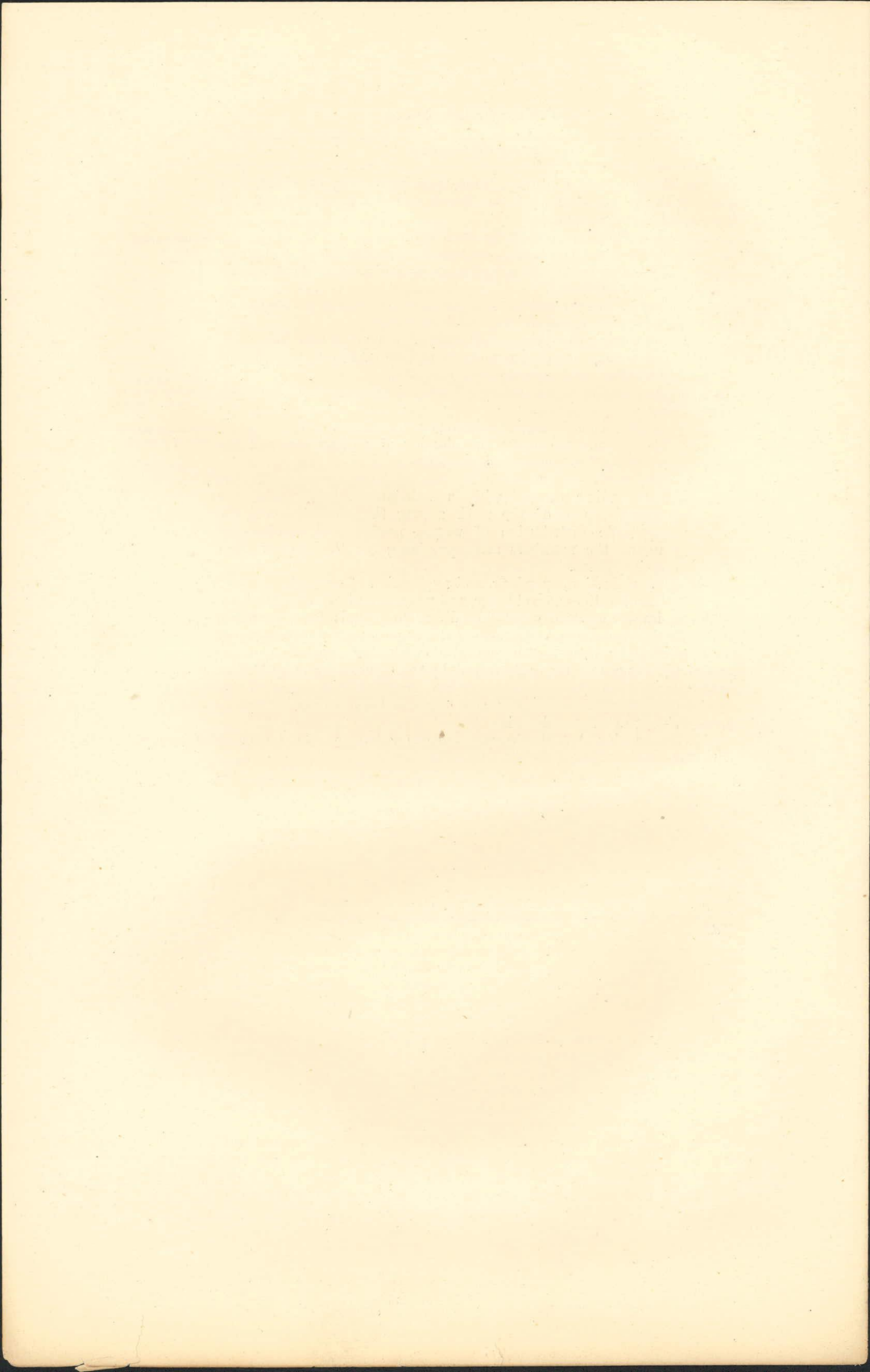
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*I Certify that this PUBLIC BILL, which originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, has finally passed the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL and the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY of NEW SOUTH WALES.*

*Legislative Assembly Chamber,  
Sydney, 12 June, 1893.* }

F. W. WEBB,  
*Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.*

## New South Wales.



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*I have examined this Bill, and find it to correspond in all respects with the Bill as finally passed by both Houses.*

NINIAN MELVILLE,  
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*Labour Settlements.*

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*Labour Settlements.*

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*In the name and on the behalf of Her Majesty I assent to this Act.*

R. W. DUFF.

*Government House,  
Sydney, 13th June, 1893.*

The Virginia Bell Company, a subsidiary of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, has a long and distinguished history of service to the community. It was founded in 1880 and has since that time been a leader in the development of the telephone system in the United States.

The company's growth has been remarkable, and it has played a major role in the expansion of the telephone network. Its service has been essential to the progress of the nation, and it has been a source of pride and honor for its employees and the community it serves.

The Virginia Bell Company has always been committed to the highest standards of service and quality. It has invested heavily in research and development, and it has been at the forefront of the adoption of new technologies. Its commitment to excellence has earned it a reputation for reliability and innovation.

The company's success is a testament to the hard work and dedication of its employees. They have worked tirelessly to provide the best possible service to our customers, and they have done so with a sense of pride and responsibility. We are proud of the achievements of our staff and of the company as a whole.

The Virginia Bell Company is a company that values its employees and its customers. We are committed to providing the highest quality service and to creating a positive work environment for all of our staff. We look forward to continuing our tradition of excellence and to serving the community for many years to come.

THE VIRGINIA BELL COMPANY  
A HISTORY OF THE COMPANY  
AND ITS SERVICE TO THE COMMUNITY

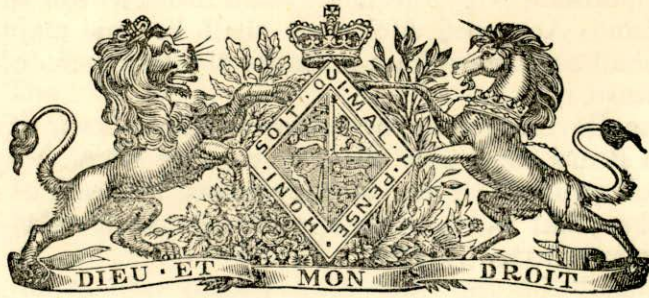
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*Legislative Assembly Chamber,  
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*Government House,  
Sydney, 13th June, 1893.*

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO  
DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

REPORT ON THE PROGRESS OF RESEARCH  
DURING THE YEAR 1954

BY  
J. H. GOLDSTEIN

AND  
M. L. HUGGINS

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
1955

Published by the University of Chicago Press  
Chicago, Illinois

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Printed in the United States of America  
by the University of Chicago Press

Library of Congress Catalog Card No. 55-10000  
LCS 55-10000

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*This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.*

*Legislative Assembly Chamber,  
Sydney, 8 June, 1893.* }

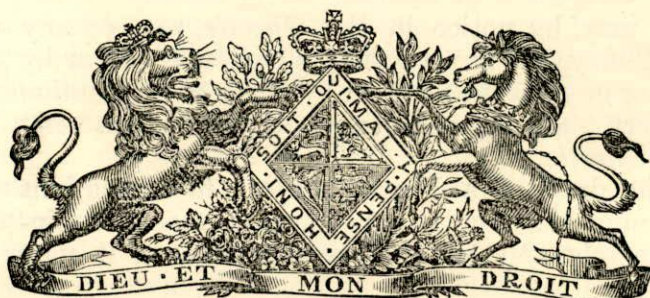
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ADOLPHUS P. CLAPIN,  
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## New South Wales.



ANNO QUINQUAGESIMO SEXTO

# VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

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No. .

An Act to establish and regulate Labour Settlements on  
Crown Lands.

**B**E it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

- 5     1. This Act may be cited as the "Labour Settlements Act." Short title.
- 10    2. (I) The Governor may, whenever he thinks it desirable in the general interests of the Colony, declare by notice in the *Gazette* that any Crown land therein described and not then under lease from the Crown shall be available for lease for the purpose of a Labour Settlement, and on the publication of such notice the land shall (unless and until such notice be withdrawn by notice in the *Gazette*) be exempt from sale or lease under any Crown Lands Acts or Mining Acts in force for the time being, and the Governor may nominate and appoint
- 15    of whom not more than one-fourth may be females, to be the Board of Control (hereinafter called the "Board") of the Labour Settlement.

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*Labour Settlements.*

(II) From and after the date of appointment the Board shall be deemed to be and shall be a corporate body, with perpetual succession and a common seal; and the land or any part thereof may be leased to the Board, subject to the provisions and for the purposes  
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6. When a Board has enrolled such number of persons as the Minister may approve, being either unmarried persons (each of or over the age of twenty-one years), or heads of families, it may apply in writing to the Minister for Lands for monetary assistance, naming the persons  
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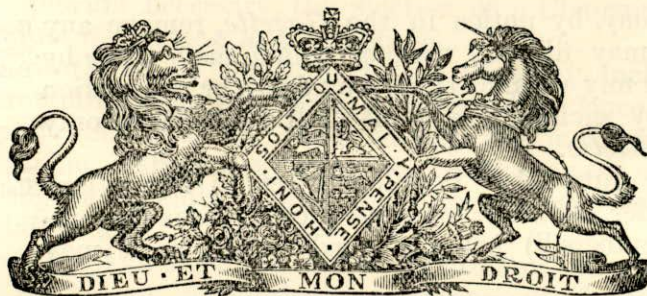
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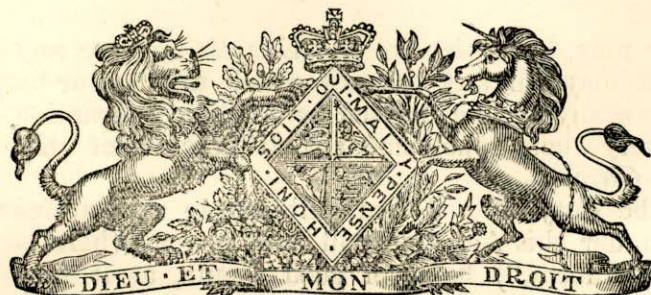
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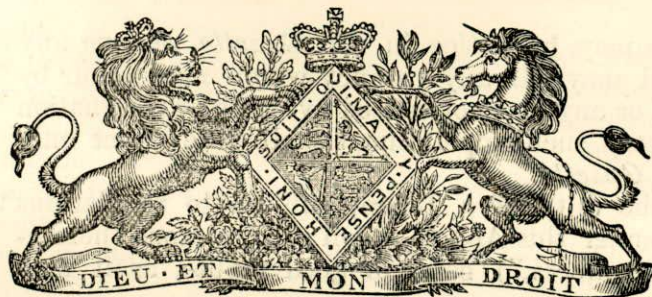
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- 20 (c) The collection, spending, and application of moneys.
- 25 (d) The cleanliness, good order, and government of the settlement.

And may impose a penalty not exceeding two pounds for a breach of any of these regulations, to be recovered in a summary way before any Court of Petty Sessions. All regulations (whether under this or the preceding section) on being approved by the Governor and published

30 in the *Gazette* shall have the force of law, provided that a copy of any such regulations shall be laid on the Table of both Houses of Parliament without unreasonable delay.

10. In this Act the word "Governor" means the Governor Interpretation.  
with the advice of the Executive Council.

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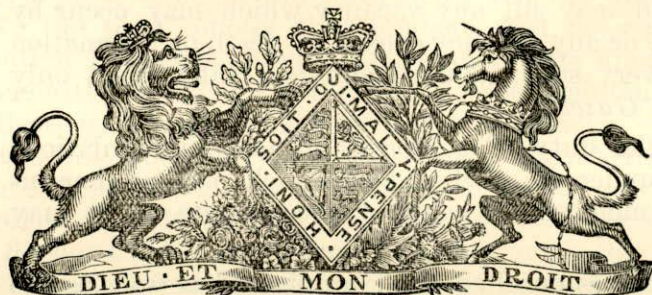


*This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.*

*Legislative Assembly Chamber,  
Sydney, 8 June, 1893.* }

F. W. WEBB,  
*Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.*

## New South Wales.



ANNO QUINQUAGESIMO SEXTO

# VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

\*\*\*\*\*

No. .

An Act to establish and regulate Labour Settlements on  
Crown Lands.

**B**E it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

- 5       1. This Act may be cited as the "Labour Settlements Act." Short title.  
      2. (1) The Governor may, whenever he thinks it desirable in Establishment of Labour Settlements.  
the general interests of the Colony, declare by notice in the *Gazette*  
that any Crown land therein described shall be available for lease for the  
purpose of a Labour Settlement, and on the publication of such notice  
10 the land shall (unless and until such notice be withdrawn by notice in  
the *Gazette*) be exempt from sale or lease under any Crown Lands Acts  
or Mining Acts in force for the time being, and the Governor may  
nominate and appoint any persons, not less than eight and not more  
than sixteen in number, of whom not more than one-fourth may be  
15 females, to be the Board of Control (hereinafter called the "Board")  
of the Labour Settlement.

*Labour Settlements.*

(II) From and after the date of appointment the Board shall be deemed to be and shall be a corporate body, with perpetual succession and a common seal; and the land or any part thereof may be leased to the Board, subject to the provisions and for the purposes of this Act, for any term not exceeding twenty-eight years, commencing on the date of the Governor's approval of the lease, with a right of renewal for a further term not exceeding twenty-eight years: Provided that the Governor may, at any time, by notice in the *Gazette*, dissolve any Board, and thereupon the lease to the Board shall be cancelled, but such cancellation shall not affect any sub-lease or any renewal thereof granted by the Board under this Act.

3. The Minister for Lands shall determine the rent of the land after appraisalment by the Local Land Board as constituted under the Crown Lands Acts, and such rent shall be paid annually by the Board, and shall commence from and after the expiration of the fourth year of the lease.

Assessment and  
payment of rent by  
Board.

4. The Governor may, by notice in the *Gazette*, remove any member of a Board, and may fill any vacancy which may occur by reason of such removal, or any vacancy caused by death or resignation of any member; but every such appointment shall take effect only upon notification in the *Gazette*.

Governor may  
remove trustees from  
Board.

5. It shall be the duty of a Board, subject to regulations made by the Governor under this Act, to enroll such persons (hereinafter called "enrolled members,") being of good repute, as it may think fit.

Duties of Board.

6. When a Board has enrolled such number of persons as the Minister may approve, being either unmarried persons (each of or over the age of twenty-one years), or heads of families, it may apply in writing to the Minister for Lands for monetary assistance, naming the persons for whom such assistance is asked, and furnishing such other particulars as the Minister may require. If the Minister, after due inquiry, approve of the application, he shall certify to that effect to the Colonial Treasurer, and recommend that an amount, to be specified, not exceeding twenty-five pounds for each enrolled member who is the head of a family dependent upon him, or twenty pounds for each married person without a family dependent upon him, and fifteen pounds for each unmarried person should be paid to the Board. On the receipt of that certificate the Colonial Treasurer may pay to the Board the amount so recommended to be paid. The Board shall be held to be trustees of the moneys received by it from the Colonial Treasurer or from any other persons, and shall apply the moneys to the purposes for which they were given, and shall keep such accounts as may be prescribed. At the expiration of four years from the commencement of the lease, and each following year eight per centum of the total sum paid to the Board by the Colonial Treasurer under this section shall be a charge on the revenues of the Board payable to the Treasury, until the said sum with interest at the rate of four per centum per annum has been repaid.

Loans and repay-  
ment.

7. (I) The Board may establish and manage any trade or industry, and may, by regulations, dispose of and apportion the proceeds and profits derivable therefrom among the enrolled members. And may, for sufficient cause, disenroll and remove any member from the Labour Settlement, and may thereafter include therein any new member.

Powers of Board.

(II) The Board may, subject to the approval of the Minister for Lands, grant a sub-lease of any land vested in it to any enrolled member at such rent, and subject to such conditions and for such term as it may think fit, and as the Minister may approve, with a right of renewal for such further term as the Board may recommend and

*Labour Settlements.*

and the Minister may approve. Such lease shall only be assigned or sublet with the permission of the Board, and to a person enrolled in the same Labour Settlement.

8. The Governor may make regulations—
- 5 (a) Prescribing the class of persons to be enrolled in a Labour Settlement, and the priorities in which their applications are to be considered. Regulations may be made by Governor.
- (b) Prescribing the accounts to be kept by Boards of Control of moneys received and expended by them.
- 10 (c) Concerning the duties of Boards as defined in this Act.
- (d) Concerning such other matters as may be found necessary or desirable for the purposes of this Act.

And, on publication in the *Gazette*, such regulations shall have the force of law.

9. A Board may make regulations concerning— Regulations may be made by Board.
- 15 (a) The quorum necessary, the election of a Chairman, and the conduct of business at its meetings.
- (b) The work to be done in the settlement, and the apportionment of the work among the members, and the equitable distribution of wages, profits, and emoluments among the members after providing for the cost of their maintenance.
- 20 (c) The collection, spending, and application of moneys.
- (d) The cleanliness, good order, and government of the settlement.

And may impose a penalty not exceeding two pounds for a breach of any of these regulations, to be recovered in a summary way before any Court of Petty Sessions. All regulations (whether under this or the preceding section) on being approved by the Governor and published in the *Gazette* shall have the force of law, provided that a copy of any such regulations shall be laid on the Table of both Houses of Parliament without unreasonable delay.

10. In this Act the word "Governor" means the Governor Interpretation. with the advice of the Executive Council.

Minutes of the Committee

and the Minutes may require to be corrected and the Committee may require to be informed of the result of the corrections.

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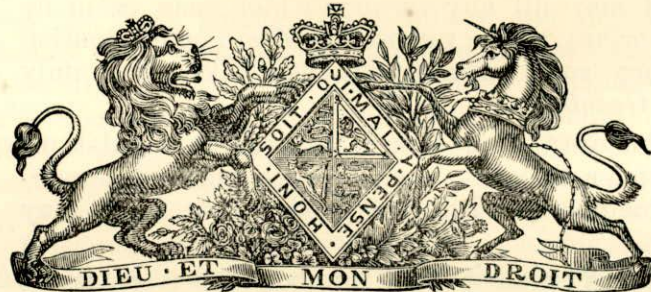
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*This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.*

*Legislative Assembly Chamber,  
Sydney, 8 June, 1893.* }

F. W. WEBB,  
*Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.*

## New South Wales.



ANNO QUINQUAGESIMO SEXTO

# VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

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Crown Lands.

**B**E it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

- 5       1. This Act may be cited as the "Labour Settlements Act." Short title.
2. (1) The Governor may, whenever he thinks it desirable in Establishment of Labour Settlements. the general interests of the Colony, declare by notice in the *Gazette* that any Crown land therein described shall be available for lease for the purpose of a Labour Settlement, and on the publication of such notice
- 10 the land shall (unless and until such notice be withdrawn by notice in the *Gazette*) be exempt from sale or lease under any Crown Lands Acts or Mining Acts in force for the time being, and the Governor may nominate and appoint any persons, not less than eight and not more than sixteen in number, of whom not more than one-fourth may be
- 15 females, to be the Board of Control (hereinafter called the "Board") of the Labour Settlement.

*Labour Settlements.*

(II) From and after the date of appointment the Board shall be deemed to be and shall be a corporate body, with perpetual succession and a common seal; and the land or any part thereof may be leased to the Board, subject to the provisions and for the purposes 5 of this Act, for any term not exceeding twenty-eight years, commencing on the date of the Governor's approval of the lease, with a right of renewal for a further term not exceeding twenty-eight years: Provided that the Governor may, at any time, by notice in the *Gazette*, dissolve any Board, and thereupon the lease to the Board 10 shall be cancelled, but such cancellation shall not affect any sub-lease or any renewal thereof granted by the Board under this Act.

3. The Minister for Lands shall determine the rent of the land after appraisalment by the Local Land Board as constituted under the Crown Lands Acts, and such rent shall be paid annually by the 15 Board, and shall commence from and after the expiration of the fourth year of the lease. Assessment and payment of rent by Board.

4. The Governor may, by notice in the *Gazette*, remove any member of a Board, and may fill any vacancy which may occur by reason of such removal, or any vacancy caused by death or resignation 20 of any member; but every such appointment shall take effect only upon notification in the *Gazette*. Governor may remove trustees from Board.

5. It shall be the duty of a Board, subject to regulations made by the Governor under this Act, to enroll such persons (hereinafter called "enrolled members,") being of good repute, as it may 25 think fit. Duties of Board.

6. When a Board has enrolled such number of persons as the Minister may approve, being either unmarried persons (each of or over the age of twenty-one years), or heads of families, it may apply in writing to the Minister for Lands for monetary assistance, naming the persons 30 for whom such assistance is asked, and furnishing such other particulars as the Minister may require. If the Minister, after due inquiry, approve of the application, he shall certify to that effect to the Colonial Treasurer, and recommend that an amount, to be specified, not exceeding twenty-five pounds for each enrolled member who is 35 the head of a family dependent upon him, or twenty pounds for each married person without a family dependent upon him, and fifteen pounds for each unmarried person should be paid to the Board. On the receipt of that certificate the Colonial Treasurer may pay to the Board the amount so recommended to be paid. The Board shall be 40 held to be trustees of the moneys received by it from the Colonial Treasurer or from any other persons, and shall apply the moneys to the purposes for which they were given, and shall keep such accounts as may be prescribed. At the expiration of four years from the commencement of the lease, and each following year eight per centum 45 of the total sum paid to the Board by the Colonial Treasurer under this section shall be a charge on the revenues of the Board payable to the Treasury, until the said sum with interest at the rate of four per centum per annum has been repaid. Loans and repayment.

7. (I) The Board may establish and manage any trade or industry, 50 and may, by regulations, dispose of and apportion the proceeds and profits derivable therefrom among the enrolled members. And may, for sufficient cause, disenroll and remove any member from the Labour Settlement, and may thereafter include therein any new member. Powers of Board.

(II) The Board may, subject to the approval of the Minister 55 for Lands, grant a sub-lease of any land vested in it to any enrolled member at such rent, and subject to such conditions and for such term as it may think fit, and as the Minister may approve, with a right of renewal for such further term as the Board may recommend and

*Labour Settlements.*

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8. The Governor may make regulations—
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30 ment without unreasonable delay.

10. In this Act the word "Governor" means the Governor Interpretation. with the advice of the Executive Council.

DECLARATION

I, the undersigned, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original as the same appears in the records of the Board of Health of the City of New York, and that the same has been compared with the original and found to be a true and correct copy thereof.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Board of Health of the City of New York, this 1st day of January, 1901.

JOHN W. WARD, Mayor of the City of New York.

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