\&2du zunty $\mathfrak{x a l e s}$.


ANNO QUINQUAGESIMO QUINTO

## VICTORIA REGINE.

## No. XVI.

An Act for the Establishment of a New Tariff of Customs Duties, and for purposes connected with, consequent upon, and incidental to the purpose aforesaid. [Assented to, 2nd March, 1892.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :-

1. This Act may be cited as the "Customs Duties Act of 1891," Commencement of and shall be taken to have come into operation on the second day of Act. December, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one.
2. (I) The Import Duties mentioned in S.chedule A shall be Duties of Customs on levied and collected upon the importation of all goods in the said goods in Schedule A. Schedule mentioned, and upon all such goods in bond: Provided that all duties levied and collected upon the importation of any goods mentioned in the said Schedule A or in Schedule B hereto between the said second day of December, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, and the date of the passing of this Act shall be deemed to have been levied and collected under the authority of this Act, and that no action or suit shall lie or be instituted against the Collector of Customs or any other person for or in respect of any act, matter, or thing done or omitted or refused to be done by such Collector or person where he might after the passing of this Act lawfully do, omit, or refuse to do the same act, matter, or thing.

## Customs Duties.

Special provision as to tea and pig iron.

Ten per cent.
Ad valorem duties.

Free list.
Remission of duties on goods for Her Majesty's service and on wine for officers.
(II) The duty chargeable before the passing of this Act on tea shall continue to be levied and paid on and after the passing of this Act up to and inclusive of the twenty-ninth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two ; and from the first day of March in the said year such duty shall cease to be levied. And the duty on pig iron shall be levied and paid at the rate, and from the time, mentioned in Schedule A.
3. There shall be charged on the importation of all goods, described generally in Schedule B, and not being goods exempt from duty under either of the Schedules $\mathbf{A}$ or C , the duties mentioned in the said Schedule B.
4. The goods specified in Schedule C shall be exempt from duty.
5. All goods imported for the supply of Her Majesty's service shall be exempt from all duties and imposts of every description whatsoever ; and nothing in this Act contained shall be deemed to alter or repeal the provisions of the " Customs Regulation Act, 1879."
6. All contracts or agreements made on or before the second day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninetyone, for the sale or delivery of any goods otherwise than in bond, the duty on which is increased or decreased by this Act, shall be subject to an increase or decrease (as the case may be) in the contract price of such goods, corresponding in rate and amount with the amount of such increase or decrease of duty as aforesaid actually paid.
7. In all cases in which goods shall, after the passing of this

Value of goods in certain cases to be verified by declara-
tion of importer or agent.

Act, be chargeable according to the value of such goods, such value shall be verified at the time of entry by the production of the genuine invoice and by the declaration, in the form hereinafter prescribed, of the importer of such goods or of his authorized agent:-

Port of
I, A.B., do hereby declare that the invoice now produced is the genuine and only invoice of the goods mentioned in the entry and contained in the packages marked, numbered and described above, and that the value of such goods mentioned in the said invoice, and therein stated as [here state value], was, to the best of my belief, the fair market value of such goods at the time of shipment at the place whence the same were exported.
Witness my hand, this day of one thousand eight hundred and
A.B.

Declared before me, the
day of
(Signed)
Collector (or other proper officer).
And such declaration shall be made by the importer or his authorized agent as aforesaid in the presence of the Collector of Customs or other proper officer, and the invoice value so declared, shall with the addition of ten pounds per centum thereon be deemed to be the value of the goods upon which duty shall be paid.
8. Any declaration authorized or required by this Act made by any shipping clerk or known employee of any importer or owner of goods liable to duty under this Act shall be held to have been made with the knowledge and consent of such importer or owner of goods, unless the contrary be proved, and in any indictment for a false declaration under the two hundred and ninety-eighth section of the "Criminal Law Amendment Act" the importer, owner of goods, or person in whose behalf any declaration may have been made shall be liable to the punishment imposed by the said section for a false declaration as fully and effectually as if such declaration had been made by himself,

## Customs Duties.

9. If the importer or his authorized agent cannot make the oficer may assess declaration in the last preceding section set forth, or if upon view and value. examination of such goods or otherwise it shall appear to the Collector of Customs or other proper officer that such declaration is inaccurate, such Collector of Customs or other proper officer may detain the said goods, and shall subject to the approval of the Colonial Treasurer assess the value thereof as hereinbefore mentioned, and if the importer or his agent shall object to pay duty according to the value of such goods so assessed by such Collector of Customs or other officer, or if the value of such goods is unknown or uncertain, then the value of such goods shall be ascertained according to such rules and regulations as the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, may from time to time make in that behalf, and the duty shall be paid according to the value so ascertained: Provided that such regulations shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament within one month after their promulgation if Parliament shall be then in Session, and if Parliament shall not be then in Session within one month after the commencement of the next ensuing Session.
10. In cases where it is alleged that the genuine invoice cannot Examination of be produced, the Collector of Customs, when he shall think fit, may $\begin{aligned} & \text { importrer or agent on } \\ & \text { oath. }\end{aligned}$ examine any importer or his agent, or both of them, upon oath as to the value of any goods liable to duty ad valorem, and may if he think fit after such examination dispense with the production of the genuine invoice aforesaid, and in case such importer or agent shall, upon being summoned, neglect or refuse to attend for examination, or shall refuse to be sworn, or to answer such questions as shall be put to him by the said Collector, then and in every such case the value of such goods shall be assessed by the Collector of Customs or other proper officer, and such assessed value shall be deemed to be the true and real value thereof; and such importer or agent, or both of them, so neglecting or refusing as aforesaid, shall also be liable to pay a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds.
11. If the importer of such goods or his agent shall neglect or How goods to be refuse to pay the duties imposed thereon, after such examination and deant with if assessment as aforesaid, and also the costs of such examination and assessment, in the event of the valuation being greater than declared on the bill of entry, the Collector of Customs or proper officer shall, subject to the approval of the Colonial Treasurer, take and secure such goods, with the packages thereof, and cause the same to be sold by public auction within the space of twenty days at furthest after such examination, and at such time and place as such Collector or other officer shall, by notice published in the Government Gazette and some local daily newspaper at least four days from the day of sale appoint for that purpose, and the proceeds of such sale shall be applied in the first place in payment of the duties due upon such goods together with the costs and charges incurred by such examination and sale, and in the second place towards payment to the importer or his agent of the declared value of the said goods as entered, together with any freight and charges paid thereon by such importer or his agent, not exceeding ordinary or current rates, and the balance (if any) shall be paid one moiety to the officer who shall have detained and secured the goods and the other moiety to the account of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.
12. If upon examination it shall appear to the Collector that the Detention and sale value of the goods mentioned in any declaration made under the seventh of goods under section of this Act has been incorrectly stated in such declaration, it shall be lawful for the said Collector, in lieu of any other proceeding authorised by this Act but subject to the approval of the Colonial Treasurer to cause such goods to be detained and secured, and (within five days from the landing thereof) to take such goods for the use of

## Customs Duties.

Valuation and ten per cent. to be paid to the importer.

License may be granted to "Experts" or valuation of goods.

Penalties how recoverable and applicable.
"Proper Officer."

Application of Customs Regulation Act.

Repeal of Acts saving.
the Crown, and the said Collector shall thereupon in such case cause the amount of the invoice value stated in such declaration, together with an addition of ten pounds per centum thereon, and also the duties (if any) paid upon such entry to be paid to the importer or owner of such goods in full satisfaction for the same, and shall dispose of such goods for the benefit of the Crown, and the proceeds of such sale shall be paid into the Consolidated Revenue Fund: Provided, however, that the said Collector, if he shall see fit, may permit such importer or owner on his application for that purpose to amend such entry at such value and on such terms as he, the said Collector, may direct.
13. If in any invoice or entry any goods entered for ad valorem duty have been fraudulently misdescribed, or if from any such invoice or entry purporting to describe the contents of any package, any goods shall be found to have been fraudulently omitted with intent to avoid the payment of the duty or any part of the duty on such goods, or if the declaration made with regard to any such invoice or entry is wilfully false in any particular, the goods so misdescribed, or in respect of which such declaration is wilfully false as aforesaid, shall be forfeited.
14. In order to assist the Customs officers in ascertaining the value of goods subject to ad valorem duty, the Collector of Customs may obtain the assistance of one or more persons well acquainted in the opinion of the Collector as aforesaid with the character and value of such goods to act as experts at any port or place, and who, when required by the said Collector or other proper officer, shall assist in assessing the true value of such goods after the entry thereof, and such valuator or valuators shall be paid for their services as the Colonial Treasurer may direct.
15. All fines, forfeitures, penalties, and charges recoverable under this Act, excepting the proceeds of sale of goods under section eleven, may be recovered and applied in the manner directed by the Customs Regulation Act in force for the time being.
16. The term "Proper Officer" in this Act means any SubCollector or other principal officer of Customs at any port or place, or any officer having authority from the Governor-in-Council, or from the Collector of Customs for the particular duty or purpose in connection with which such term is used.
17. All powers and authorities conferred by the Customs Regulation Act in force for the time being upon the Collector, or any other officer of Customs, may be exercised and enforced by such officers in the administration of this Act.
18. The " Customs Duties Act of 1887 " shall be repealed from and after the second day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one. But the repeal hereby enacted shall not affect the past operation of the said Act, or anything lawfully done or commenced thereunder.

## Customs Duties.

## SCHEDULES.

## SCHEDULE A.

s. d.


## Customs Duties.

Spirits-
On all kinds of spirits and spirituous compounds imported and not otherwise enumerated
No allowance beyond 16.5 shall be made for the under proof of any spirit of a less strength than $16: 5$ under proof.
Case Spirits-Contents of two, three, four, or five gallons shall be charged-

Two gallons and under as two gallons.
Over two gallons and not exceeding three as three gallons.
Over three gallons and not exceeding four as four gallons.
Over four gallons and not exceeding five as five gallons.
Methylated spirit ... ... ... .... ... ...
rfumed spirits, perfumed waters, Florida water, and
Bay rum...
per gallon
1.0

Bitters, essences, fluid extracts, $\cdots \cdots \begin{gathered}\cdots \\ \ldots \\ \ldots\end{gathered}$ medicines, infusions, and toilet preparations, contain-ing-

Not more than 25 per cent. of proof spirit .. Not more than 50 per cent. of proof spirit ... $\begin{array}{lrr}\text { per gallon } & \mathbf{3} & \mathbf{6} \\ \text { per gallon } & 7 & 0 \\ \text { per gallon } & 10 & 6 \\ \text { per gallon } & 14 & 0\end{array}$
If containing more than 75 per cent. of proof spirit
If containing spirit over-proof to be charged as spirituous compounds
...
per gallon $20 \quad 0$
-
Sparkling-For six reputed quarts or twelve reputed pints
Other kinds-For six reputed quarts or twelve reputed pints ... ... ... ... ... ... ... per proof gallon 140
Wines -

Beer, ale, porter, spruce, or other beer, cider, and perry-
In wood or jar
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { per gallon } & 0 & 6 \\ \text { per gallon } & 0 & 9\end{array}$
In bottle
per gallon
09
Cordials and wines not containing spirit, balm syrups, fruit essences not spirituous, lime fruit and limejuice cordials, citronade, raspberry vinegar, aromatic vinegar, raspberry, strawberry, and other fruit acids-

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Reputed quarts } \ldots . \quad \ldots \quad \ldots \\
& \text { Pints and smaller quantities } \ldots \ldots \\
& \text { linseed oil raw or boiled sperm, and black whale, }
\end{aligned}
$$

Oils, except linseed oil raw or boiled sperm, and black whale, palm, and cocoanut ...
$\begin{array}{lll}\begin{array}{lll}\text { per dozen } \\ \text { per dozen }\end{array} & \mathbf{1} & \mathbf{6} \\ \text { per gallon } & \mathbf{9} \\ & 0 & \mathbf{6}\end{array}$
Oils, in bottle, except essential oils-
Reputed quarts ... ... ... ... ... .
Reputed pints $\quad 1$

Grease-Axle and lubricating .... ... ... ... ...

| Paints and colours ground in oil | ... | ... | ... | per ton | 60 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Dry colours | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | per ton |

$\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { Putty } \ldots \\ \text { Varnishes containing spirit } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text { per ton } \\ \text { per gallon } & 20 \\ 2\end{array}$
All other varnishes sp ... ... ... ... ... ...
Naphtha and gasoline $\ldots . \quad . . . \quad . .$.
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Naphtha and gasoline } & \ldots \\ \text { Cement, plaster, and hydraulic lime } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text { per gallon } \\ \text {.... }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { per gallon } & 1 & 0\end{array}$


$\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { Arrated and mineral waters-pints and smaller quantities } & \ldots & \text { per dozen } & 0 & 6 \\ \text { Oilmen's Stores- }\end{array}$
Oilmen's Stores-
Sauces and pickles-quarts ... ... ... ... ... per dozen 10
Sauces and pickles-pints and smalier quantities... ... per dozen $0 \quad 6$
$\begin{array}{lcccccccrrr}\text { Salt ... } \ldots . . . . & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text { per ton } & 20 & 0 \\ \text { Soda crystals } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text { per ton } & 40 & 0\end{array}$

Fruits-

Fruits, bottled (not containing spirit) -
$\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Reputed quarts } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text { per dozen } \\ \text { Reputed pints and smaller quantities } & \ldots & \ldots & 0 \\ \text {.... } & \text { per dozen } & 1 & 0\end{array}$
Reputed pints and smaller quantities ... ... ... per dozen $1 \underset{\text { Rice }}{0}$

## Customs Duties.



Billiard-tables and Billiard-table materials, Carpets, Silks, Satins, Lace, Furs, Kid Gloves, Velvets, Rugs, Gold and Silver Plate and Plated Ware; Carriages (whole or in parts), including Buggies, Barouches, Chaises, Dogcarts, Gigs, and Tilburies ; China and Porcelain Ware, Jewellery and Precious Stones, Musical Instruments and parts thereof, Watches and Clocks and parts thereof, Pictures, Paintings, and Statuary, Portmanteaus, Travelling Bags and Dressing Cases (with or without fittings)

For every $£ 100$ on the value thereof the sum of Fifteen pounds.

SCHEDULE B.
All goods imported into New South Wales and not enumerated in Schedule A or CFor every $£ 100$ on the value thereof the sum of Ten pounds.

## SCHEDULE C.

FREE LIST.

Alum.
Anchors.
Animals, live.
Antifriction Metal.
Antimony Ore.
Asbestos Packing.
Bags, Gunny and Ore.
Bags, Sacks, and Woolpacks-except Fancy, Travelling, and Bags otherwise charged.
Ballast, not otherwise charged.
Bananas (fresh).
Bark, not being for Medicinal purposes.
Beads.
Beche-de-mer.
Bismuth Ore.
Blowers.
Blue.
Bluestone (not building).
Bombay Duck and Pipe.
Bone Dust.
Bones.
Boot-Elastic.
Brewers' Isinglass.
Brimstone.
Bristles.
Building Stone (unwrought).
Cables, Chain (Iron) Stud Link.
Candle Nuts.
Card Mounts.
Caustic Soda.
Caustic Potash.
Charcoal.
Chrome Ore and Metal.
Clays and Earths, not otherwise charged.
Cobalt Ore.
Cocoanuts.
Coin.
Copperas.
Copper Ore and Regulus.
Copper Ingots.
Copra.
Cordage, Rope and Sails, old and condemned.
Cork.
Cotton, Raw.
Cotton in piece-
White Calico.
" Long Cloth.
" Shirting.
" $\quad$ India Twills.
", Twill Calico.
", Butter Cloth.
", Cheese Cloth.
$\begin{array}{ccc}" & \text { Hatters' Calico. } \\ \text { ", } & \text { Twill. }\end{array}$
", Mulls, \&c
Muslins, Plain and Printed.
Swansdown Calico.
Window Hollands, Plain and Printed.
Lancaster and Oriental Blinds.
Grey Calico
, Sheeting.
Twill.
Pillow Cotton.
Tent Cloth.
Cotton Duck.

Cotton in piece-continued.
Cotton Drill.
Canvas.

Dimity.
Pique.
Quilting.
Curtains and Blind Net.
Mosquito Net.
Cotton Handkerchiefs. Damask.
Drilling.
Denim.
Dungaree.
Jean.
Apron Check.
Duster
Moleskin, "Plain and Printed.
Cottonade.
Cotton Tweed. Cord.
Gambroon.
Cotton Velvet.
, Velveteen.
Canton Mole.
Turkey Twills.
Shirtings.
Scotch Twill.
Harvard, Oxford, and Fancy Shirt. ings.
Flannelettes.
Tennis Cloth.
Cotton, Wincey.
Dress Stuffs.
" Italian Cloths.
Prints.
Satteens.
Pongees.
Drillettes.
Satinettes.
Gingham.
Zephyr.
Cotton Ticks.
Cotton Huckabacks.
Rolled Linings.
Universal Lininga.
Fancy Linings.
Plain Cambric.
Chintz Cambric.
Cretonne.
Duck-
Cotton.
Linen.
Forfars-
Osnaburg.
Dowlas.
Flaxens.
Calico-
Grey, Plain.
" Twilled.
Hessians-
Papering Canvas.
Scrym.
Hessian.
Holland-
Brown.
Rough.
Dressed.
Cream.
Slate Black.
Cotton

## Customs Duties.

Cotton in piece-continued.
Jute Goods-
Dandy Canvas.
French "
Padding
Cheese Cloth.
Scrym.
Horse Covers.
Bagging.
Carpet.
Longcloth-
Plain.
Twilled.
Prints-
Printed Cotton.
Cambrics.
Sateens.
Drillettes.
Muslins.
Pongees.
Cotton Laine.
Cotton Hdfs.
Turkey, Plain.
Turkey, Twill.
Repp-
Cotton.
Union.
Wool (Upholsterers')
Sewing Cottons-
Reels.
Mending.
Crotchet.
Knitting.
Embroidery.
Threads.

Sewing Silks-

- Skeins and Reels.

Arrascine.
Filloselle.
Twists.
Purse Twists.
Tailors' Sewings.
Sheeting-
Cotton, Plain and Twilled.
Union
Linen " "
Waterproof.
Macintosh.
Shirtings-
White Cotton.
Grey
Crimean.
Flannelette.
Oxford and Cambridge.
Harvard.
Sco. Twill.
Union.
Printed Cotton.
Crêpe.
Ceylon.
Silesia-
Plain.
Printed.
Dyed.
Ticks-
Cotton.
Union.
Iinen.
Fancy.
Blind.

Cotton in piece-continued.
Towelling-
Crash.
Huckaback.
Diaper.
Turkish.
Dice.
Flax.
Twills-
Turkey.
Scotch.
India.
Union-
White.
Slate.
Black.
Brown.
Wadding-
Black, white.
Greys.
Bleached.
Needles-
Sewing.
Machine.
Knitting.
Packing.
Crochet.
Pins-
Hair.
Safety.
Stuck.
Ounce.
Bonnet.
Box.
Book.
Beads-Beads.
Beadware-Canvas work.
Canvas -
Navy.
Sampler.
Tailors'.
French.
Dandy.
Druggetting
Plain and printed.
Woven and felted.
Squares.
Felt- Paper, plain and printed.
Union, plain.
Union, printed.
Whalebone-
Dressmakers'.
Stay and corset makers'.
Imitation.
Cotton Waste.
Cotton-wool.
Dates.
Dyeware and Dyes.
Engine Packing.
Felt (tarred).
Fibre, Cocoanut and Coir.
Fish, Fresh.
Flax.
Flock.
Fungus.
Ginger (not otherwise charged).
Gold Bars.
,, Dust.
, Quartz.
Hä̈r.
Hemp.
Hides and Glue pieces.
Hoofs and Bones.

## Customs Duties.

Hops.
Horns.
Iron and Steel-Bar, Rod, Plate, Sheet, T, Angle, and Hoop (not galvanized).
Iron Scrap.
Isinglass.
Ivory Nuts.
Kapok.
Kauri Gum.
Lead Ore.
Lead Pig.
Limejuice and Lemonjuice not bottled.
Limestone.
Linseed Meal.
Liquid Driers.
Malt.
Manures-
Guano.
Bone Dust.
Marble and Slate Slabs.
Matches.
Meat, Fresh and Frozen.
Milk, Fresh.
Millstones.
Minerals not otherwise charged.
Mineral Pitch.
Mops.
Mustard.
Nickel (unmanufactured) and Ore.
Nuts (edible) not otherwise charged.
Oakum.
Oars.
Oil Cake.
Oils-
Cocoa-nut.
Palm.
Black Whale.
Sperm Whale not in bottles. Linseed Oil, Raw or Boiled.
Ores.
Oysters, fresh.
Packages, outer, in which goods are usually imported, except Iron Tanks.
Packages empty-used and returned.
Passengers' baggage, being ordinary cabin furniture, second-hand used furniture and effects accompanying any passenger, and which have been used by such passenger, and are not imported for sale. Free, if not exceeding fifty pounds value.
Pearl Shell.
Pencils, Wood.
Pepper.
Phormium Tenax.
Pig Iron, until 1st January, 1893.
Pine-apples (fresh).
Pitch.
Plants, Shrubs, and Trees.
Precious Stones, unset.
Printed Books, being literary compositions and periodicals.

## Printed Music.

Printers' and Writing Paper.
Pulu.
Quartz.
Quicksilver
Rags.
Rattans, Canes, and Willows.
Resin.
Saddle-trees.
Sandalwood, not dressed.!

School and Book Slates.
Seeds Garden, Clover, Grass, and Linseed.
Shark Fins.
Shoe Pegs.
Silicate.
Silver Ore, Bullion, and Amalgam.
Skins, not dressed.
Soda Ash.
Specimens of Natural History.
Spelter.
Spices.
Sulphur.
Tallow.
Tar.
Terebene.
Tinfoil.
Tin Ingots.
Tin Plates.
Tools, viz. :-
Adzes.
Anvils.
Augers.
Axes and Handles.
Bellows, Blacksmiths'.
Bits, brace.
Braces.
Brushes, Painters'.
Chisels.
Chests of Tools
Choppers, Butchers'.
Cleavers
Clippers, Horse.
", Hairdressers'.
Clamps, Boatbuilders'.
Carpenters'.
Cramps.
Compasses.
Cutters, Pipe.
Diamonds, Glaziers'.
Drills, Breast.
Eyelets.
Fids, Sailmakers'.
Files.
Forks-Hay, Garden, and Stable.
Froes.
Gimlets.
Grindstones.
Grindstone Fittings.
Hammers.
Hatchets.
Hoes.
Hones and Oil Stones.
Hooks, Reap.
,, Bagging.
" Fern.
," Brush.
", Furze.
", Wool.
Irons, Caulking.
,, Plane.
,, Soldering
", Tailors' Geese.
", Tue.
Jacks.
Knives, Cane.
", Chaff.
" Butchers'.
", Drawing.
", Farriers'
", Hay.
,, Shoe.
Ladles, Lead.
" Pitch.

## Customs Duties.

Tools-continued.
Levels, Carpenters'.
Marline Spikes.
Mattocks.
Mallets, Carpenters', Masons', \&c.
Tinsmiths'.
Needles, Saddlers'.
Packing and Sail.
Needles, Upholsterers'.
Nippers, Cutting.
Oilers, Carpenters'.
Engineers'.
Planes.
Palms, Sailmakers'. Saddlers'.
Picks and Handles.
Pincers, Carpenters'.
Farriers'.
Plumbs and Levels.
Plyers.
Pullers, Nail.
Punches.
Rakes, Hay and Garden.
Rasps.
Rules.
Saws, other than Circular, Frame, and Band Saws.
Saw Clamps.
Saw Sets.
Scissors.
Scrapers.
," Ships'.
", Plumbers'.
Screws, Bench.
Scythe, Snath's.
," Stones.
" Blades.
Sets, Rivet.
Shaves, Coopers'.
Spades and Shovels.
Spokeshaves.
Shears, Garden.
" Sheep.
Sickles. Pruning.
Sieves.
Slashers.
Snips, Tinmen's.
Spanners.
Squares, Harness.
Carpenters'.
Collar and Dressmakers'.
Masons'.
Stocks and Dies.
Soldering Irons.
Tapes, Measuring.
Tongs, Gas.
", Blacksmiths'.
Tools, Saddlers'.
, Grafting.
Trowels.
Turnscrews.
Vyces.
Wedges.
Wheels, Tracing.
Wrenches.
Tortoiseshell.
Turpentine.
Type-metal
Vanners.
Whalebone, not dressed.
Wool.
Woolpacks.
Yams.
Yellow Metal in sheets.

Zine unmanufactured and sheet.
Atlases and Maps for school use.
Beadings (Saddlers'), Brass, Silver, and Nickel.
Books-Educational-Copy and Exercise, for school use.
Buckles (Saddlers')-Japanned, Tinned, Nickel, Brass, and Nickel-plated and Dees.
Cables, Chain (Iron) Stud Link, or not less than half an inch in diameter.
Candle Cotton, Candle-wick.
Charts, Admiralty.
Chloro dinitro-benzol.
Cocoa, Raw.
Coffee, Raw.
Coir Yarn.
Collar-checks, Saddlers'.
Copper Rivets and Washers.
Dairy Refrigerators, Separators, and parts thereof.
Dextrine, Shoemakers'.
Firewood, Rough.
Foil.
Glass, broken.
Globes for school use.
Hames.
Hat Linings, Cork.
Heel-tips and Plates, Black-iron Toes and Toe-plates (Shoemakers').
Hogskins.
Hooks, Eyelet
Indiarubber-
Belting.
Engine-packing.
Hose and Tubing.
Insertion.
Rings.
Sheet.
Valves.
Washers.
Knitting Machines.
Leather, Morocco.
Locomotive Wheels.
Macaroni.
Milk Foods.
Nails, Yellow Muntz Metal.
Nitrate of Ammonia.
Oils, Seal.
Paper, photographic-albumenized.
Pencils, Slate.
Pipes and Tubes - Brass, Brass-cased, Iron, Steel, and Copper.
Plush, Silk hat.
Pullovers, felt, Hatters'.
Railway Waggon Wheels.
Reapers and Binders, and parts thereof.
Rock Salt.
Sago and Sago Flour.
Sewing Machine Heads.
Shellac.
Silver, German, in sheets.
Spunyarn.
Spurs.
Stirrup-irons.
Straw-plait.
Tapioca and Tapioca Flour.
Timber, Undressed-Ash, Hickory, Oak, and Sycamore.
Tin Tags.
Tools of Trade, not being machinery, and Tool Handles.
Twine, being sewing and seaming of hemp, cotton, or flax, also for Reapers and Binders.
Termicelli.

## Customs Duties.

Wire-
Iron and Steel (not galvanised).
Rope.
Copper, Brass, and Silver,
Yeast.
Crude Drugs, \&c.-
Aloes.
Aloin.
Antefebrin.
Antepyrin.
Arsenic.
Borax.
Camphor.
Cantharides.
Cinchona.
Cocain.
Calumba.
Cream Tartar.
Gentian.
Rhubarb.
Jalap.
Myrr.
Henbane.
Hemlock.
Iodine.
Litharge.
Manganese.
Magnesia.
Menthol.
Parrafin Wax.
Quinine.
Soda Carbonate.
Soda Bi-carbonate.
Strychnine.
Saffron.
Tartaric Acid.
Vanilla Beans.
Ultramarine.
Zine Sulphate.
Zinc Oxide.
Aconite
Arnica
Belladonna
Digitalis
Gum Not Tinctures.
Animi.
Arabic.
Benzoin.
Buchu.
Copal.
Damar.
Island.
Mastic.
Manilla.
Sandrac.
Senega.
Sierra Leone.
Tragaganth.

Oils-Essential (excepting Lemon and Eucalyptus).
Hospital Dressings and AppliancesLint.
Cat-gut, for sewing purposes.
Surgical Drainage Tubing.
Protective Silk.
Guttapercha tissue.
Adhesive Plaster.
Esmarch's Handkerchiefs.
Eye-pads.
Syringes.
Ice-bags.
Suspensories
Celluloid, for Splints.
Emery-cloth in piece (not coated).
Manilla paper for manufacturing glass paper.
Fish Oil.
Fishing Nets.
Artists' Colors.
Chains-
Breeching.
Leading.
Backband
Bellyband.
Hip-strap.
'Bus-end.
Spring-cart, and
Trace-end.
Chlorate of Potash.
Soda Crystals.
Sponges.
Wire-gauze, fine.
Flint.
Typewriting machines and parts thereof.
Bitumen.
Split-skins for Bottle-tops.
Brushmakers' Materials, viz. : -
Bass.
Mexican Fibre.
Split Cane.
Whisk.
Kitool.
Files and Rasps.
Mill Silk.
Zinc Plates.
Bits (riding, driving, and cart).
Serge (Saddlers').
Kersev (Saddlers').
Ornaments, Saddlers', nickel, plated, and brass.
Saddle Staples and Nails-Nickel, plated and tinned.
Rings and Terrets-Japanned, brass, nickel, and plated.
Web (Saddlers'), straining and girth.

## \&2du zunty



ANNO QUINQUAGESIMO QUINTO

## VICTORIE REGIN\&.

## No. XVI.

An Act for the Establishment of a New Tariff of Customs Duties, and for purposes connected with, consequent upon, and incidental to the purpose aforesaid. [Assented to, 2nd March, 1892.]

$\mathrm{B}^{\mathrm{I}}$E it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :-

1. This Act may be cited as the "Customs Duties Act of 1891," Commencement of and shall be taken to have come into operation on the second day of act. December, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one.
2. (I) The Import Duties mentioned in Schedule A shall be Duties of Customs on levied and collected upon the importation of all goods in the said goods in Schedule A. Schedule mentioned, and upon all such goods in bond: Provided that all duties levied and collected upon the importation of any goods mentioned in the said Schedule A or in Schedule B hereto between the said second day of December, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, and the date of the passing of this Act shall be deemed to have been levied and collected under the authority of this Act, and that no action or suit shall lie or be instituted against the Collector of Customs or any other person for or in respect of any act, matter, or thing done or omitted or refused to be done by such Collector or person where he might after the passing of this Act lawfully do, omit, or refuse to do the same act, matter, or thing.

## Customs Duties.

Special provision as to tea and pig iron.

Ten per cent.
Ad valorem duties.

Free list.
Remission of duties
on goods for Her
Majesty's service and
on wine for officers.
ii). The duty chargeable before the passing of this Act on tea shall continue to be levied and paid on and after the passing of this Act up to and inclusive of the twenty-ninth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two; and from the first day of March in the said year such duty shall cease to be levied. And the duty on pig iron shall be levied and paid at the rate, and from the time, mentioned in Schedule A.
3. There shall be charged on the importation of all goods, described generally in Schedule B, and not being goods exempt from duty under either of the Schedules A or C, the duties mentioned in the said Schedule B.
4. The goods specified in Schedule C shall be exempt from duty.
5. All goods imported for the supply of Her Majesty's service shall be exempt from all duties and imposts of every description whatsoever; and nothing in this Act contained shall be deemed to alter or repeal the provisions of the "Customs Regulation Act, 1879."
6. All contracts or agreements made on or before the second day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninetyone, for the sale or delivery of any goods otherwise than in bond, the duty on which is increased or decreased by this Act, shall be subject to an increase or decrease (as the case may be) in the contract price of such goods, corresponding in rate and amount with the amount of such increase or decrease of duty as aforesaid actually paid.
7. In all cases in which goods shall, after the passing of this

Value of goods in certain cases to be verified by declara-
tion of importer or tion of importer or agent.

As to declaration of shipping clerks, \&c. in certain cases.

Act, be chargeable according to the value of such goods, such value shall be verified at the time of entry by the production of the genuine invoice and by the declaration, in the form hereinafter prescribed, of the importer of such goods or of his authorized agent:-

Port of
I, A.B., do hereby declare that the invoice now produced is the genuine and only invoice of the goods mentioned in the entry and contained in the packages marked, numbered and described above, and that the value of such goods mentioned in the said invoice, and therein stated as [here state value], was, to the best of my belief, the fair market value of such goods at the time of shipment at the place whence the same were exported.
Witness my hand, this day of one thousand
eight hundred and
A.B.

Declared before me, the
(Signed)
day of E.D., Collector (or other proper officer).
And such declaration shall be made by the importer or his authorized agent as aforesaid in the presence of the Collector of Customs or other proper officer, and the invoice value so declared, shall with the addition of ten pounds per centum thereon be deemed to be the value of the goods upon which duty shall be paid.
8. Any declaration authorized or required by this Act made by any shipping clerk or known employee of any importer or owner of goods liable to duty under this Act shall be held to have been made with the knowledge and consent of such importer or owner of goods, unless the contrary be proved, and in any indictment for a false declaration under the two hundred and ninety-eighth section of the "Criminal Law Amendment Act" the importer, owner of goods, or person in whose behalf any declaration may have been made shall be liable to the punishment imposed by the said section for a false declaration as fully and effectually as if such declaration had been made by himself,

## Customs Duties.

9. If the importer or his authorized agent cannot make the officer may assess declaration in the last preceding section set forth, or if upon view and value. examination of such goods or otherwise it shall appear to the Collector of Customs or other proper officer that such declaration is inaccurate, such Collector of Customs or other proper officer may detain the said goods, and shall subject to the approval of the Colonial Treasurer assess the value thereof as hereinbefore mentioned, and if the importer or his agent shall object to pay duty according to the value of such goods so assessed by such Collector of Customs or other officer, or if the value of such goods is unknown or uncertain, then the value of such goods shall be ascertained according to such rules and regulations as the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, may from time to time make in that behalf, and the duty shall be paid according to the value so ascertained: Provided that such regulations shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament within one month after their promulgation if Parliament shall be then in Session, and if Parliament shall not be then in Session within one month after the commencement of the next ensuing Session.
10. In cases where it is alleged that the genuine invoice cannot Examination of be produced, the Collector of Customs, when he shall think fit, may ${ }_{\text {outh }}^{\text {impror or agent on }}$ examine any importer or his agent, or both of them, upon oath as to the value of any goods liable to duty ad valorem, and may if he think fit after such examination dispense with the production of the genuine invoice aforesaid, and in case such importer or agent shall, upon being summoned, neglect or refuse to attend for examination, or shall refuse to be sworn, or to answer such questions as shall be put to him by the said Collector, then and in every such case the value of such goods shall be assessed by the Collector of Customs or other proper officer, and such assessed value shall be deemed to be the true and real value thereof; and such importer or agent, or both of them, so neglecting or refusing as aforesaid, shall also be liable to pay a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds.
11. If the importer of such goods or his agent shall neglect or How goods to be refuse to pay the duties imposed thereon, after such examination and dealt with if assessment as aforesaid, and also the costs of such examination and ${ }^{\text {undervalued. }}$ assessment, in the event of the valuation being greater than declared on the bill of entry, the Collector of Customs or proper officer shall, subject to the approval of the Colonial Treasurer, take and secure such goods, with the packages thereof, and cause the same to be sold by public auction within the space of twenty days at furthest after such examination, and at such time and place as such Collector or other officer shall, by notice published in the Government Gazette and some local daily newspaper at least four days from the day of sale appoint for that purpose, and the proceeds of such sale shall be applied in the first place in payment of the duties due upon such goods together with the costs and charges incurred by such examination and sale, and in the second place towards payment to the importer or his agent of the declared value of the said goods as entered, together with any freight and charges paid thereon by such importer or his agent, not exceeding ordinary or current rates, and the balance (if any) shall be paid one moiety to the officer who shall have detained and secured the goods and the other moiety to the account of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.
12. If upon examination it shall appear to the Collector that the Detention and sale value of the goods mentioned in any declaration made under the seventh of goods under section of this Act has been incorrectly stated in such declaration, it shall be lawful for the said Collector, in lieu of any other proceeding authorised by this Act but subject to the approval of the Colonial Treasurer to cause such goods to be detained and secured, and (within five days from the landing thereof) to take such goods for the use of

Valuation and ten per cent. to be paid to the importer.
the Crown, and the said Collector shall thereupon in such case cause the amount of the invoice value stated in such declaration, together with an addition of ten pounds per centum thereon, and also the duties (if any) paid upon such entry to be paid to the importer or owner of such goods in full satisfaction for the same, and shall dispose of such goods for the benefit of the Crown, and the proceeds of such sale shall be paid into the Consolidated Revenue Fund: Provided, however, that the said Collector, if he shall see fit, may permit such importer or owner on his application for that purpose to amend such entry at such value and on such terms as he, the said Collector, may direct.
13. If in any invoice or entry any goods entered for ad valorem

License may be granted to "Experts" for valuation of goods.

Penalties how recoverable and applicable.
" Proper Officer."

Application of Customs Regulation Act.

Repeal of Acts saving. duty have been fraudulently misdescribed, or if from any such invoice or entry purporting to describe the contents of any package, any goods shall be found to have been fraudulently omitted with intent to avoid the payment of the duty or any part of the duty on such goods, or if the declaration made with regard to any such invoice or entry is wilfully false in any particular, the goods so misdescribed, or in respect of which such declaration is wilfully false as aforesaid, shall be forfeited.
14. In order to assist the Customs officers in ascertaining the value of goods subject to ad valorem duty, the Collector of Customs may obtain the assistance of one or more persons well acquainted in the opinion of the Collector as aforesaid with the character and value of such goods to act as experts at any port or place, and who, when required by the said Collector or other proper officer, shall assist in assessing the true value of such goods after the entry thereof, and such valuator or valuators shall be paid for their services as the Colonial Treasurer may direct.
15. All fines, forfeitures, penalties, and charges recoverable under this Act, excepting the proceeds of sale of goods under section eleven, may be recovered and applied in the manner directed by the Customs Regulation Act in force for the time being. Collector or other principal officer of Customs at any port or place, or any officer having authority from the Governor-in-Council, or from the Collector of Customs for the particular duty or purpose in connection with which such term is used.
17. All powers and authorities conferred by the Customs Regulation Act in force for the time being upon the Collector, or any other officer of Customs, may be exercised and enforced by such officers in the administration of this Act.
18. The "Customs Duties Act of 1887 " shall be repealed from and after the second day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one. But the repeal hereby enacted shall not affect the past operation of the said Act, or anything lawfully done or commenced thereunder.

## SCHEDULES.

## SCHEDULE A.

s. d.

Arrowroot, baking powder, yeast custard and egg powders, self-raising flour, barley-prepared or patent-patent groats, corn-flour, maizena, and farinaceous foods prepared-not being wheaten flour or oatmeal, or otherwise exempted
Milk-condensed or preserved ... ... ... ... ...
Butter and land
Butterine and oleomargarine .... and fish paste, meats -. poultry, Fish-dried, preserved, or salted, and
soups, and game, potted paste, dried or preserved, and not otherwise charged ... ... ... ... ... not otherwise charged
Gelatine, glue, and size ... ... ... ... ... ...
Honey

| per 1 b . | 01 |
| :---: | :---: |
| per lb. | 01 |
| per lb. | $0 \quad 2$ |
| per lb. | 06 |
| per 1 b . | 01 |
| per lb . | 01 |
| per lb. | 01 |
| per lb. | 01 |
| per lb . |  |
| per lb. | 01 |
| per lb. | $\begin{array}{ll}0 & 2\end{array}$ |
| per lb. | 02 |
| per 1 lb . | $0 \quad 1 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| per lb. | $0 \quad 2$ |
| per lb . | 02 |
| per 1 b . | $0 \quad 3$ |
| per 1 b . | 06 |
| per lb. | 06 |
| per 1 b . | 04 |
| per lb. |  |
| per lb. |  |
| per 1 b . | 30 |

Tobacco-unmanufactured, entered to be manufactured in the Colony. At the time of removal from a Customs bond or from an importing ship to any licensed manufactory for manufacturing purposes only into tobacco, cigars, and cigarettes

| per 1 b. | 1 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| per lb. | 0 | 3 |
| per lb. | 6 | 0 |
| per lb. | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ |


| Tobacco-sheepwash | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | per $l \mathrm{lb}$. | 0 | 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cigars | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | per 1 lb | 6 |
| 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cigarettes (including wrappers) | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | per $l \mathrm{~b}$. | 6 | 0 |  |

Starch and starch powder, rice flour and ground rice, semolina
Vegetables-preserved (not otherwise charged), salted in brine or salt water, mushrooms and tomatoes preserved ...
Wax and stearine ...
$\square \rightarrow$

Dressed $\ldots{ }^{\text {Rough and undressed }} \ldots$ (with the exception of ash, hickory,
and oak)..
Palings
$\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Palings } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ \text { Laths } . . . & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots\end{array}$

| Shingles | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Pickets, dressed ... ... ... ... ... ...
Doors, sashes, and shutters... ... ... ... ...
Sugar-
Refined ... ... ... ... ... ... ... per cwt. 68
$\begin{array}{llllllllll}\text { Raw } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text { per cwt. } \\ 5 & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & & \ldots & \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllllll}\text { Molasses and treacle } & \cdots & \cdots & \cdots & \cdots & \ldots & \cdots & \text { per cwt. } & \cdots \\ 4\end{array}$
Glucose-
Liquid and syrup ... ... ... ... ... ... per cwt. 3 4
Solid ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ...
per $100 \quad 1 \quad 0$
per $1000 \quad 0 \quad 9$
per $1000 \quad 10$
each 20

## Customs Duties.

Spirits-
On all kinds of spirits and spirituous compounds imported and not otherwise enumerated
per proof gallon $14 \quad 0$
No allowance beyond 16.5 shall be made for the under proof of any spirit of a less strength than 16.5 under proof.
Case Spirits-Contents of two, three, four, or five gallons shall be charged-

Two gallons and under as two gallons.
Over two gallons and not exceeding three as three gallons.
Over three gallons and not exceeding four as four gallons.
Over four gallons and not exceeding five as five gallons.
Methylated spirit
Perfumed spirits, perfumed waters, Florida water, and Bay rum...
Bitters, essences, fluid extracts, $\cdots$ sarsaparilla $\ldots \ldots$ medicines, infusions, and toilet preparations, contain-ing-

Not more than 25 per cent. of proof spirit Not more than 50 per cent. of proof spirit $\ldots$ Not more than 75 per cent. of proof spirit $\begin{array}{llrl}. & \begin{array}{l}\text { per gallon } \\ . .\end{array} & 3 & 6 \\ \text { per gallon } & 7 & 0 \\ . . & \text { per gallon } & 10 & 0 \\ \text { it } & \text { per gallon } & 14 & 0 \\ \text { as } & 0 \\ . & \text { per proof gallon } & 14 & 0\end{array}$
Wines If containing more than 75 per cent. of proof spirit If containing spirit over-proof to be charged as spirituous compounds
Sparkling-For six reputed quarts or twelve reputed pints
Other kinds-For six pints
per gallon 10
per gallon $20 \quad 0$

| per gallon | 3 | 6 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| per gallon | 7 | 0 |
| per gallon | 10 | 6 |
| per gallon | 14 | 0 |
| proof gallon | 14 | 0 |
|  | 10 | 0 |
|  |  | 0 |
|  |  | 0 |
| per gallon | 5 | 0 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| per gallon | 0 | 6 |
| per gallon | 0 | 9 |
| per gallon | 0 | 9 |

Cordials and wines not containing spirit, balm syrups, fruit essences not spirituous, lime fruit and limejuice cordials, citronade, raspberry vinegar, aromatic vinegar, raspberry, strawberry, and other fruit acids-

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Reputed quarts } \quad . . \\
& \text { Pints and smaller quantities }
\end{aligned}
$$

per dozen 16 pt linseed oil raw or boiled sperm, and black whale, palm, and cocoanut
Oils, in bottle, except essential oils-
Reputed quarts ... ...
... ... ...
Reputed pints $\ldots \ldots$
Reputed half-pints and smaller sizes
Grease-Axle and lubricating
Paints and colours ground in oil

| Putty | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | ... |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Varnishes containing spirit } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ \text { All other varnishes } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ \ldots & \ldots \\ \text { A................ }\end{array}$
Naphtha and gasoline ... ... ...

| Cement, plaster, and hydraulic lime | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | per gallon | 0 | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

$\begin{array}{lllllllll}\text { Vinegar, other than aromatic or rasperry } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text { per gallon } & 0 & \mathbf{6} \\ \text { Acetic acid... } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text { per gallon } \\ \mathbf{2} & \mathbf{6}\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Acetic acid... } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ \text { Sulphuric acid } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots\end{array}$
Ærated and mineral waters-pints and smaller quantities ...
Oilmen's Stores -
Sauces and pickles-quarts
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { per cwt. } & 2 & 6 \\ & 6\end{array}$

| per dozen | 1 | 0 |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| per dozen | 0 | 6 |
| per ton | 20 | 0 |
| per ton | 40 | 0 |
| per ton | 40 | 0 |
| per 1 lb | 0 | 2 |
| per $l \mathrm{lb}$. | 0 | 1 |


| Salt $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | per ton | 20 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Soda crystals | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | per ton | 40 | 0 |
| Oatmeal | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | per ton | 40 |
| Fruits- | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Fruits-
Dried, candied, and prunes .
Boiled or in pulp, peel drained or dry, and almonds ...
Fruits, bottled (not containing spirit)-
Reputed quarts
Reputed pints and $\ldots$
$\ldots$$\ldots$.... ... ... per dozen 2 o
Reputed pints and smaller quantities $\quad . . . \quad . . . \quad . . . \quad$ per dozen $\quad \underset{\text { Rice }}{1} 0$

## Customs Duties.



Billiard-tables and Billiard-table materials, Carpets, Silks, Satins, Lace, Furs, Kid Gloves, Velvets, Rugs, Gold and Silver Plate and Plated Ware; Carriages (whole or in parts), including Buggies, Barouches, Chaises, Dogearts, Gigs, and Tilburies ; China and Porcelain Ware, Jewellery and Precious Stones, Musical Instruments and parts thereof, Watches and Clocks and parts thereof, Pictures, Paintings, and Statuary, Portmanteaus, Travelling Bags and Dressing Cases (with or without fittings) -

For every $£ 100$ on the value thereof the sum of Fifteen pounds.

## SCHEDULE B

All goods imported into New South Wales and not enumerated in Schedule A or CFor every $£ 100$ on the value thereof the sum of Ten pounds.

## SCHEDULE C.

## FREE LIST.

Alum.
Anchors.
Animals, live
Antifriction Metal.
Antimony Ore.
Asbestos Packing.
Bags, Gunny and Ore.
Bags, Sacks, and Woolpacks-except Fancy, Travelling, and Bags otherwise charged.
Ballast, not otherwise charged.
Bananas (fresh).
Bark, not being for Medicinal purposes.
Beads.
Beche-de-mer
Bismuth Ore.
Blowers.
Blue.
Bluestone (not building).
Bombay Duck and Pipe.
Bone Dust.
Bones.
Boot-Elastic.
Brewers' Isinglass.
Brimstone.
Bristles.
Building Stone (unwrought).
Cables, Chain (Iron) Stud Link.
Candle Nuts.
Card Mounts.
Caustic Soda.
Caustic Potash.
Charcoal.
Chrome Ore and Metal.
Clays and Earths, not otherwise charged.
Cobalt Ore.
Cocoanuts.
Coin.
Copperas.
Copper Ore and Regulus.
Copper Ingots.
Copra.
Cordage, Rope and Sails, old and condemned.

## Cork.

Cotton, Raw
Cotton in piece-
White Calico.
Long Cloth.
Shirting.
", Sheeting
", India Twills.
Twill Calico.
Butter Cloth.
" Cheese Cloth.

## Hatters' Calico.

" Twill.
Mulls, \&c.
Muslins, Plain and Printed.
Swansdown Calico.
Window Hollands, Plain and Printed.
Lancaster and Oriental Blinds.
Grey Calico.
" Sheeting
", Twill.
Pillow Cotton.
Tent Cloth.
Cotton Duck.

Cotton in piece-continued.
Cotton Drill.
,, Canvas.
Dimity.
Pique.
Quilting.
Curtains and Blind Net.
Mosquito Net.
Cotton Handkerchiefs. Damask.
Drilling.
Denim.
Dungaree.
Jean.
Apron Check.
Duster
Moleskin, "Plain and Printed.
Cottonade.
Cotton Tweed.
, Cord.
Gambroon.
Cotton Velvet. Velveteen.
Canton Mole.
Turkey Twills.
Shirtings.
Scotch Twill.
Harvard, Oxford, and Fancy Shirtings.
Flannelettes.
Tennis Cloth.
Cotton, Wincer.
, Dress Stuffs.
, Italian Cloths.
Prints.
Satteens.
Pongees.
Drillettes
Satinettes.
Gingham.
Zephyr.
Cotton Ticks.
Cotton Huckabacks.
Rolled Linings.
Universal Linings.
Fancy Linings.
Plain Cambric.
Chintz Cambric.
Cretonne.
Duck-
Cotton.
Linen.
Forfars-
Osnaburg.
Dowlas.
Flaxens.
Calico-
Grey, Plain. ," Twilled.
Hessians-
Papering Canvas.
Scrym.
Hessian.
Holland-
Brown.
Rough.
Dressed.
Cream.
Slate Black.

## Customs Duties.

Cotton in piece-continued.
Jute Goods-
Dandy Canvas.
French
Padding ,
Cheese Clöth.
Scrym.
Horse Covers.
Bagging. Carpet.
LongclothPlain, Twilled.
Prints-
Printed Cotton.
Cambrics.
Sateens.
Drillettes.
Muslins.
Pongees.
Cotton Laine.
Cotton Hdfs.
Turkey, Plain.
Turkey, Twill.
Repp-
Cotton.
Union.
Wool (Upholsterers')
Sewing Cottons-
Reels.
Mending.
Crotchet.
Knitting.
Embroidery.
Threads.
Sewing Silks-

- Skeins and Reels.

Arrascine.
Filloselle.
Twists.
Purse Twists.
Tailors' Sewings.
Sheeting-
Cotton, Plain and Twilled.
Union " "
Linen ", "
Waterproof.
Macintosh.
Shirtings-
White Cotton.
Grey
Crimean.
Flannelette.
Oxford and Cambridge.
Harvard.
Sco. Twill.
Union.
Printed Cotton.
Crêpe.
Ceylon.
Silesia-
Plain.
Printed.
Dyed.
Ticks-
Cotton.
Union.
Iinen.
Fancy.
Blind.
B

Cotton in piece-continued.
Towelling-
Crash.
Huckaback.
Diaper.
Turkish.
Dice.
Flax.
Twills-
Turkey.
Scotch.
India.
Union-
White.
Slate.
Black.
Brown.
Wadding-
Black, white.
Greys.
Bleached.
Needles-
Sewing.
Machine.
Knitting.
Packing.
Crochet.
Pins- ${ }_{\text {Hair. }}$
Safety.
Stuck.
Ounce.
Bonnet.
Box.
Book.
Beads-Beads.
Beadware-Canvas work.
Canvas-
Navy.
Sampler.
Tailors'.
French.
Dandy.
Druggetting -
Plain and printed.
Woven and felted.
Squares.
Felt-
Paper, plain and printed.
Union, plain.
Union, printed.
Whalebone -
Dressmakers'.
Stay and corset makers'.
Imitation.
Cotton Waste.
Cotton-wool.
Dates.
Dyeware and Dyes.
Engine Packing.
Felt (tarred).
Fibre, Cocoanut and Coir.
Fish, Fresh.
Flax.
Flock.
Fungus.
Ginger (not otherwise charged).
Gold Bars.
, Dust.
Quartz.
Hair.
Hemp.
Hides and Glue pieces.
Hoofs and Bones.

## Customs Duties.

## Hops.

Horns.
Iron and Steel-Bar, Rod, Plate, Sheet, T, Angle, and Hoop (not galvanized).
Iron Scrap.
Isinglass.
Ivory Nuts.
Kapok.
Kauri Gum.
Lead Ore.
Lead Pig.
Limejuice and Lemonjuice not bottled
Limestone.
Linseed Meal.
Liquid Driers.
Malt.
Manures-
Guano.
Bone Dust.
Marble and Slate Slabs.
Matches.
Meat, Fresh and Frozen.
Milk, Fresh.
Millstones.
Minerals not otherwise charged.
Mineral Pitch.
Mops.
Mustard.
Nickel (unmanufactured) and Ore.
Nuts (edible) not otherwise charged.
Oakum.
Oars.
Oil Cake.
Oils-
Cocoa-nut.
Palm.
Black Whale.
Sperm Whale not in bottles.
Linseed Oil, Raw or Boiled.
Ores.
Oysters, fresh.
Packages, outer, in which goods are usually imported, except Iron Tanks.
Packages empty-used and returned.
Passengers' baggage, being ordinary cabin furniture, second-hand used furniture and effects accompanying any passenger, and which have been used by such passenger, and are not imported for sale. Free, if not exceeding fifty pounds value.
Pearl Shell.
Pencils, Wood.
Pepper.
Phormium Tenax.
Pig Iron, until 1st January, 1893.
Pine-apples (fresh).
Pitch.
Plants, Shrubs, and Trees.
Precious Stones, unset.
Printed Books, being literary compositions and periodicals.
Printed Music.
Printers' and Writing Paper.
Pulu.
Quartz.
Quicksilver.
Rags.
Rattans, Canes, and Willows.
Resin.
Saddle-trees.
Sandalwood, not dressed.

School and Book Slates.
Seeds Garden, Clover, Grass, and Linseed.
Shark Fins
Shoe Pegs.
Silicate.
Silver Ore, Bullion, and Amalgam.
Skins, not dressed.
Soda Ash.
Specimens of Natural History.
Spelter.
Spices.
Sulphur.
Tallow.
Tar.
Terebene.
Tinfoil.
Tin Ingots.
Tin Plates.
Tools, viz. :-
Adzes.
Anvils.
Augers.
Axes and Handles.
Bellows, Blacksmiths'.
Bits, brace.
Braces.
Brushes, Painters'.
Chisels.
Chests of Tools
Choppers, Butchers'.
Cleavers
Clippers, Horse
, Hairdressers'
Clamps, Boatbuilders'.
," Carpenters'.
Cramps.
Compasses.
Cutters, Pipe.
Diamonds, Glaziers'.
Drills, Breast.
Eyelets.
Fids, Sailmakers'.
Files.
Forks-Hay, Garden, and Stable.
Froes.
Gimlets.
Grindstones.
Grindstone Fittings.
Hammers.
Hatchets.
Hoes.
Hones and Oil Stones.
Hooks, Reap.
" Bagging.
", Fern.
," Brush
" Furze.
", Wool.
Irons, Caulking.
, Plane.
", Soldering.
", Tailors' Geese.
, Tue.
Jacks.
Knives, Cane.
, Chaff.
" Butchers'
", Drawing.
Farriers'
Hay.
Ladles, Lead.
" Pitch.

## Customs Duties.

Tools-continued.
Levels, Carpenters'.
Zinc unmanufactured and sheet.
Marline Spikes.
Mattocks.
Mallets, Carpenters', Masons', \&c. , , Tinsmiths'.
Needles, Saddlers'.
Packing and Sail.
Needles, Upholsterers'
Nippers, Cutting.
Oilers, Carpenters'.
", Engineers'.
Planes.
Palms, Sailmakers'.
Saddlers'.
Picks and Handles.
Pincers, Carpenters'.
Farriers'.
Plumbs and Levels.
Plyers.
Pullers, Nail.
Punches.
Rakes, Hay and Garden.
Rasps.
Rules.
Saws, other than Circular, Frame, and Band Saws.
Saw Clamps.
Saw Sets.
Scissors.
Scrapers.
, Ships'.
" Plumbers'
Screws, Bench.
Scythe, Snath's.
," Stones.
,, Blades.
Sets, Rivet.
Shaves, Coopers'.
Spades and Shovels.
Spokeshaves.
Shears, Garden.
", Sheep.
Sickles. Pruning.
Sieves.
Slashers.
Snips, Tinmen's.
Spanners.
Squares, Harness.
" Carpenters'.
" Collar and Dressmakers'.
Masons'.
Stocks and Dies.
Soldering Irons.
Tapes, Measuring.
Tongs, Gas.
Blacksmiths'.
Tools, Saddlers'.
" Grafting.
Trowels.
Turnscrews.
Vyces.
Wedges.
Wheels, Tracing.
Wrenches.
Tortoiseshell.
Turpentine.
Type-metal
Vanners.
Whalebone, not dressed.
Wool.
Woolpacks.
Yams.
Yellow Metal in sheets.

Atlases and Maps for school use
Beadings (Saddlers'), Brass, Silver, and Nickel.
Books-Educational-Copy and Exercise, for school use.
Buckles (Saddlers')-Japanned, Tinned, Nickel, Brass, and Nickel-plated and Dees.
Cables, Chain (Iron) Stud Link, or not less than half an inch in diameter.
Candle Cotton, Candle-wick.
Charts, Admiralty.
Chloro dinitro-benzol.
Cocoa, Raw.
Coffee, Raw.
Coir Yarn.
Collar-checks, Saddlers'.
Copper Rivets and Washers.
Dairy Refrigerators, Separators, and parts thereof.
Dextrine, Shoemakers'.
Firewood, Rough.
Foil.
Glass, broken.
Globes for school use.
Hames.
Hat Linings, Cork.
Heel-tips and Plates, Black-iron Toes and Toe-plates (Shoemakers').
Hogskins.
Hooks, Eyelet.
Indiarubber-
Belting.
Engine-packing.
Hose and Tubing.
Insertion.
Rings.
Sheet.
Valves.
Washers.
Knitting Machines.
Leather, Morocco.
Locomotive Wheels.
Macaroni.
Milk Foods.
Nails, Yellow Muntz Metal.
Nitrate of Ammonia.
Oils, Seal.
Paper, photographic-albumenized.
Pencils, Slate.
Pipes and Tubes - Brass, Brass-cased, Iron, Steel, and Copper.
Plush, Silk hat.
Pullovers, felt, Hatters'.
Railway Waggon Wheels.
Reapers and Binders, and parts thereof.
Rock Salt.
Sago and Sago Flour.
Sewing Machine Heads.
Shellac.
Silver, German, in sheets.
Spunyarn.
Spurs.
Stirrup-irons.
Straw-plait.
Tapioca and Tapioca Flour.
Timber, Undressed-Ash, Hickory, Oak, and Sycamore.
Tin Tags.
Tools of Trade, not being machinery, and Tool Handles.
Twine, being sewing and seaming of hemp, cotton, or flax, also for Reapers and Binders.
Termicelli.

Customs Duties.


Oils-Essential (excepting Lemon and Eucalyptus).
Hospital Dressings and AppliancesLint.
Cat-gut, for sewing purposes.
Surgical Drainage Tubing.
Protective Silk.
Guttapercha tissue.
Adhesive Plaster.
Esmarch's Handkerchiefs.
Eye-pads.
Syringes.
Ice-bags.
Suspensories
Celluloid, for Splints.
Emery-cloth in piece (not coated).
Manilla paper for manufacturing glass paper.
Fish Oil.
Fishing Nets.
Artists' Colors.
Chains-
Breeching.
Leading.
Backband
Bellyband.
Hip-strap.
'Bus-end.
Spring-cart, and
Trace-end.
Chlorate of Potash.
Soda Crystals.
Sponges.
Wire-gauze, fine.
Flint.
Typewriting machines and parts thereof.
Bitumen.
Split-skins for Bottle-tops.
Brushmakers' Materials, viz. :-
Bass.
Mexican Fibre.
Split Cane.
Whisk.
Kitool.
Files and Rasps.
Mill Silk.
Zinc Plates.
Bits (riding, driving, and cart).
Serge (Saddlers').
Kersev (Saddlers').
Ornaments, Saddlers', nickel, plated, and brass.
Saddle Staples and Nails-Nickel, plated and tinned.
Rings and Terrets-Japanned, brass, nickel, and plated.
Web (Saddlers'), straining and girth.

I Certify that this Public Bill, which originated in the Legislative Assembly, has finally passed the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales.

\author{
Legislative Assembly Chamber, $\}$ RICHD. A. ARNOLD, Sydney, 1 March, 1892.) <br> for Clerk of Legislative Assembly.

}

12x

: NXO QUTNQUAGESTMO QUINTO

## VICTORIE REGINE.

## No. XVI.

An Act for the Establishment of a New Tariff of Customs Duties, and for purposes connected with, consequent upon, and incidental to the purpose aforesaid. [Assented to, 2nd March, 1892.]

$B^{\text {E }}$E it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :-

1. This Act may be cited as the "Customs Duties Act of 1891," Commencement of and shall be taken to have come into operation on the second day of Act. December, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one.
2. (I) The Import Duties mentioned in Schedule A shall be Duties of Customs on levied and collected upon the importation of all goods in the said goods in Schedule $A$. Schedule mentioned, and upon all such goods in bond: Provided that all duties levied and collected upon the importation of any goods mentioned in the said Schedule A or in Schedule B hereto between the said second day of December, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, and the date of the passing of this Act shall be deemed to have been levied and collected under the authority of this Act, and that no action or suit shall lie or be instituted against the Collector of Customs or any other person for or in respect of any act, matter, or thing done or omitted or refused to be done by such Collector or person where he might after the passing of this Act lawfully do, omit, or refuse to do the same act, matter, or thing.

I have examined this Bill, and find it to correspond in all respects with the Bill as finally passed by both Houses.

Customs Duties

Special provision as to tea and pig iron.

Ten per cent. Ad valorem duties.

Free list.
Remission of duties
on goods for Her
Majesty's service and
(iI) The duty chargeable before the passing of this Act on tea shall continue to be levied and paid on and after the passing of this Act up to and inclusive of the twenty-ninth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two ; and from the first day of March in the said year such duty shall cease to be levied. And the duty on pig iron shall be levied and paid at the rate, and from the time, mentioned in Schedule A.
3. There shall be charged on the importation of all goods, described generally in Schedule B, and not being goods exempt from duty under either of the Schedules A or C, the duties mentioned in the said Schedule B.
4. The goods specified in Schedule C shall be exempt from duty.
5. All goods imported for the supply of Her Majesty's service shall be exempt from all duties and imposts of every description whatsoever ; and nothing in this Act contained shall be deemed to alter or repeal the provisions of the "Customs Regulation Act, 1879."
6. All contracts or agreements made on or before the second day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninetyone, for the sale or delivery of any goods otherwise than in bond, the duty on which is increased or decreased by this Act, shall be subject to an increase or decrease (as the case may be) in the contract price of such goods, corresponding in rate and amount with the amount of such increase or decrease of duty as aforesaid actually paid.
7. In all cases in which goods shall, after the passing of this Act, be chargeable according to the value of such goods, such value shall be verified at the time of entry by the production of the genuine invoice and by the declaration, in the form hereinaiter prescribed, of the importer of such goods or of his authorized agent:-

## Port of

I, A.B., do hereby declare that the invoice now produced is the genuine and only invoice of the goods mentioned in the entry and contained in the packages marked, numbered and described above, and that the value of such goods mentioned in the said invoice, and therein stated as [here state value], was, to the best of my belief, the fair market value of such goods at the time of shipment at the place whence the same were exported.
Witness my hand, this day of one thousand eight hundred and
A.B.

Declared before me, the
day of
(Signed) E.D.,
Collector (or other proper officer).
And such declaration shall be made by the importer or his authorized agent as aforesaid in the presence of the Collector of Customs or other proper officer, and the invoice value so declared, shall with the addition of ten pounds per centum thereon be deemed to be the value of the goods upon which duty shall be paid.
As to declaration of shipping clerks, \&c. in certain cases.
8. Any declaration authorized or required by this Act made by any shipping clerk or known employee of any importer or owner of goods liable to duty under this Act shall be held to have been made with the knowledge and consent of such importer or owner of goods, unless the contrary be proved, and in any indictment for a false declaration under the two hundred and ninety-eighth section of the "Criminal Law Amendment Act" the importer, owner of goods, or person in whose behalf any declaration may have been made shall be liable to the punishment imposed by the said section for a false declaration as fully and effectually as if such declaration had been made by himself.
9.

## Customs Duties.

9. If the importer or his authorized agent cannot make the oficer may assess declaration in the last preceding section set forth, or if upon view and value. examination of such goods or otherwise it shall appear to the Collector of Customs or other proper officer that such declaration is inaccurate, such Collector of Customs or other proper officer may detain the said goods, and shall subject to the approval of the Colonial Treasurer assess the value thereof as hereinbefore mentioned, and if the imprrter or his agent shall object to pay duty according to the value of such goods so assessed by such Collector of Customs or other officer, or if the value of such goods is unknown or uncertain, then the value of such goods shall be ascertained according to such rules and regulations as the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, may from time to time make in that behalf, and the duty shall be paid according to the value so ascertained: Provided that such regulations shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament within one month after their promulgation if Parliament shall be then in Session, and if Parliament shall not be then in Session within one month after the commencement of the next ensuing Session.
10. In cases where it is alleged that the genuine invoice cannot Examination of be produced, the Collector of Customs, when he shall think fit, may importer or agent on examine any importer or his agent, or both of them, upon oath as to the value of any goods liable to duty ad valorem, and may if he think fit after such examination dispense with the production of the genuine invoice aforesaid, and in case such importer or agent shall, upon being summoned, neglect or refuse to attend for examination, or shall refuse to be sworn, or to answer such questions as shall be put to him by the said Collector, then and in every such case the value of such goods shall be assessed by the Collector of Customs or other proper officer, and such assessed value shall be deemed to be the true and real value thereof; and such importer or agent, or both of them, so neglecting or refusing as aforesaid, shall also be liable to pay a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds.
11. If the importer of such groods or his agent shall neglect or How goods to be refuse to pay the duties imposed thereon, after such examination and dealt with if undervalued. assessment as aforesaid, and also the costs of such examination and assessment, in the event of the valuation being greater than declared on the bill of entry, the Collector of Customs or proper officer shall, subject to the approval of the Colonial Treasurer, take and secure such goods, with the packages thereof, and cause the same to be sold by public auction within the space of twenty days at furthest after such examination, and at such time and place as such Collector or other officer shall, by notice published in the Government Gazette and some local daily newspaper at least four days from the day of sale appoint for that purpose, and the proceeds of such sale shall be applied in the first place in payment of the duties due upon such goods together with the costs and charges incurred by such examination and sale, and in the second place towards payment to the importer or his agent of the declared value of the said goods as entered, together with any freight and charges paid thereon by such importer or his agent, not exceeding ordinary or current rates, and the balance (if any) shall be paid one moiety to the officer who shall have detained and secured the goods and the other moiety to the account of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.
12. If upon examination it shall appear to the Collector that the Detention and sale value of the goods mentioned in any declaration made under the seventh of goods under section of this Act has been incorrectly stated in such declaration, it shall be lawful for the said Collector, in lieu of any other proceeding authorised by this Act but subject to the approval of the Colonial Treasurer to cause such goods to be detained and secured, and (within five days from the landing thereof) to take such goods for the use of

## Customs Duties.

License may be
granted to "Experts" for valuation of goods.

Penalties how
recoverable and
applicable.
"Proper Officer."

Application of Customs Regulation

## Repeal of Acts

 saving.Valuation and ten per cent. to be paid to the importer.
the Crown, and the said Collector shall thereupon in such case cause the amount of the invoice value stated in such declaration, together with an addition of ten pounds per centum thereon, and also the duties (if any) paid upon such entry to be paid to the importer or owner of such goods in full satisfaction for the same, and shall dispose of such goods for the benefit of the Crown, and the proceeds of such sale shall be paid into the Consolidated Revenue Fund: Provided, however, that the said Collector, if he shall see fit, may permit such importer or owner on his application for that purpose to amend such entry at such value and on such terms as he, the said Collector, may direct.
Forfeiture of goods
in cases of fraud, \&c
13. If in any invoice or entry any goods entered for ad valorem duty have been fraudulently misdescribed, or if from any such invoice or entry purporting to describe the contents of any package, any goods shall be found to have been fraudulently omitted with intent to avoid the payment of the duty or any part of the duty on such goods, or if the declaration made with regard to any such invoice or entry is wilfully false in any particular, the goods so misdescribed, or in respect of which such declaration is wilfully false as aforesaid, shall be forfeited.
14. In order to assist the Customs officers in ascertaining, the value of goods subject to ad valorem duty, the Collector of Customs may obtain the assistance of one or more persons well acquainted in the opinion of the Collector as aforesaid with the character and value of such goods to act as experts at any port or place, and who, when required by the said Collector or other proper officer, shall assist in assessing the true value of such goods after the entry thereof, and such valuator or valuators shall be paid for their services as the Colonial Treasurer may direct.
15. All fines, forfeitures, penalties, and charges recoverable under this Act, excepting the proceeds of sale of goods under section eleven, may be recovered and applied in the manner directed by the Customs Regulation Act in force for the time being.
16. The term "Proper Officer" in this Act means any Sub-
Collector or other principal officer of Customs at any port or place, or any officer having authority from the Governor-in-Council, or from the Collector of Customs for the particular duty or purpose in connection with which such term is used.
17. All powers and authorities conferred by the Customs Regulation Act in force for the time being upon the Collector, or any other officer of Customs, may be exercised and enforced by such officers in the administration of this Act.
18. The " Customs Duties Act of $\mathbf{1 8 8 7}$ " shall be repealed from and after the second day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one. But the repeal hereby enacted shall not affect the past operation of the said Act, or anything lawfully done or commenced thereunder.

## SCHEDULES.

## SCHEDULE A.

s. d.

Arrowroot, baking powder, yeast custard and egg powders, self-raising flour, barley-prepared or patent-patent groats, corn-flour, maizena, and farinaceous foods prepared-not being wheaten flour or oatmeal, or otherwise exempted

| per $l b$. | 0 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| per $l b$. | 0 | 1 |
| per $l b$. | 0 | 2 |
| per $l b$. | 0 | 6 |

Butter and lard ... ...
Fish-dried, preserved, or salted, and fish paste, meats-poultry, soups, and game, potted paste, dried or preserved, and not otherwise charged ...
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { per lb. } & 0 & 1 \\ \text { per lb. } & 0 & 1 \\ \text { per lb. } & 0 & 1 \\ \text { per } l b . & 0 & 1 \\ \text { per lb. } & 0 & 1 \\ \text { per lb. } & 0 & 1 \\ \text { per lb. } & 0 & 2 \\ \text { per lb. } & 0 & 2 \\ & & \\ \text { per } l b . & 0 & 1 \frac{1}{2} \\ \text { per } l b . & 0 & 2\end{array}$
Honey
Starch and starch powder, rice flour and ground rice, semolina Vegetables-preserved (not otherwise, charged), salted in brine or salt water, mushrooms and tomatoes preserved
Wax and stearine ..
Jams and jellies per lb., or reputed package of that weight, and so in proportion for any such reputed weight ...
Preserves and canned fruits
Candles-per lb., or reputed package of that weight, and so in proportion for any such reputed weight, and night lights

Confectionery-cakes, comfits, liquorice, liquorice paste, lozenges of all kinds, cocoanut in sugar, sugarcandy, succades, and sweetmeats
per lb. $\quad 0 \quad 2$
Chicory, Dandelion, and Taraxacum-
Raw or kiln-dried
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { per lb. } & 0 & 3 \\ \text { per }\end{array}$
Roasted, ground, or mixed with any other article $\ldots$
Coffee-Roasted, ground, or mixed with any other article
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { per lb. } & 0 & 6 \\ & 0 & 6\end{array}$
Cocoa-Prepared paste or mixed with any other article ...
Chocolate-Plain or mixed with any other article, and chocolate creams ..
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { per } \mathrm{lb} . & 0 & 4 \\ \text { per } \mathrm{lb} . & 0 & 3\end{array}$
On and from that date ... ... ... ... ...
Tobacco-delivered from ship's side or from a Customs bond for home consumption-manufactured, unmanufactured, and snuff.
per lb. $\quad 3 \quad 0$
Tobacco-unmanufactured, entered to be manufactured in the Colony. At the time of removal from a Customs bond or from an importing ship to any licensed manufactory for manufacturing purposes only into tobacco, cigars, and cigarettes ... ... ... ... ...
per lb. $\quad 1 \quad 0$
$\begin{array}{lccccccccccc}\text { Tobacco-sheepwash } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text { per lb. } & 0 & 3 \\ \text { Cigars } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text { per lb. } & 6 & 0\end{array}$



## Customs Duties.

## Spirits-

On all kinds of spirits and spirituous compounds imported and not otherwise enumerated
per proof gallon $14 \quad 0$
No allowance beyond $16: 5$ shall be made for the under proof of any spirit of a less strength than 16.5 under proof.
Case Spirits-Contents of two, three, four, or five gallons shall be charged -
Two gallons and under as two gallons.
Over two gallons and not exceeding three as three gallons.
Over three gallons and not exceeding four as four gallons.
Over four gallons and not exceeding five as five gallons.
Methylated spirit
Perfumed spirits, perfumed waters, Florida water, and Bay rum..
per gallon 10
per gallon $20 \quad 0$ medicines, infusions and toist preparion tictures, ing-

| re than 25 per cent. of proof spirit | per |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ot more than 50 per cent. of proof spirit | per gallon |  |
| ot more than 75 per cent. of proof spirit | per gallon | ) |
| more than 75 per cent. of proof sp | per g | 14 |
| aining spirit over-proof to be charged as ituous compounds |  |  |

Wines-
Sparkling-For six reputed quarts or twelve reputed pints
Other kinds-For six reputed quarts or twelve reputed
pints pints
Other kinds ... ... ... ... ... ... ...
Beer, ale, porter, spruce, or other beer, cider, and perry-
In wood or jar
In bottle
...
For six reputed quarts or twelve reputed pints ...
Cordials and wines not containing spirit, balm syrups, fruit essences not spirituous, lime fruit and limejuice cordials, citronade, raspberry vinegar, aromatic vinegar, raspberry, strawberry, and other fruit acids-

> Reputed quarts

Pints and smaller quantities $\ldots$.... ...
Oils, except linseed oil raw or boiled sperm, and black whale, palm, and cocoanut
Oils, in bottle, except essential oils-
Reputed quarts ... ...
Reputed pints $\quad . . \quad \ldots \quad . . . \quad$... per dozen 16
Reputed half-pints and smaller sizes $\quad . . . \quad . . . \quad . . . \quad$ per dozen $0 \quad 9$
Grease-Axle and lubricating ... ... ... ... ...
Paints and colours ground in oil
Dry colours

| Putty $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Varnishes contaning spirit | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |

Varnishes containing spirit $\quad \ldots \quad$... $\ldots$.... ...
All other varnishes
Naphtha and gasoline
$\begin{array}{ccc}. . & \ldots & \ldots \\ \cdots & \ldots & \ldots\end{array}$
Cement, plaster, and hydraulic lime $\quad \ldots \quad{ }_{l} . .$.
$\begin{array}{lllllllll}\text { Vinegar, other than aromatic or raspberry } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text { per barrel } & 2 & 0 \\ \text { Acetic acid } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text { per gallon } & 0 & 6 \\ { }^{2} & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text { per gallon } & 2 & 6\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { per gallon } & 2 & 6 \\ & 2 & 6\end{array}$

| Sulphuric acid | .. | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | ... | $\ldots$ |  |

Ærated and mineral waters-pints and smaller quantities
Oilmen's Stores-
Sauces and pickles-quarts.
Sauces and pickles-pints and smaller quantities... $\quad . . \quad$ per dozen 100
$\begin{array}{lllllllll}\text { Salt } \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ \text { Soda crystals } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & & \text { per ton } \\ & 20 & 0 \\ 0\end{array}$

| Oatmeal | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | per ton | 40 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Dried, candied, and prunes ... ... ... .. ... per lb. 0 2
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Boiled or in pulp, peel drained or dry, and almonds } & \cdots & \text { per lb. } & 0 & 1\end{array}$
Fruits, bottled (not containing spirit)-
$\begin{array}{lllllllll}\text { Reputed quarts } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text { per dozen } & 2 \\ \text { Reputed pints and smaller quantities } & \ldots & \ldots & & \text { per dozen } & 1 & 0\end{array}$
Reputed pints and smaller quantities $\quad . . . \quad . . . \quad . . . \quad$ per dozen $\quad 1.0$

## Customs Duties.



Biliard-tables and Billiard-table materials, Carpets, Silks, Satins, Lace, Furs, Kid Gloves, Velvets, Rugs, Gold and Silver Plate and Plated Ware; Carriages (whole or in parts), including Buggies, Barouches, Chaises, Dogcarts, Gigs, and Tilburies; China and Porcelain Ware, Jewellery and Precious Stones, Musical Instruments and parts thereof, Watches and Clocks and parts thereof, Pictures, Paintings, and Statuary, Portmanteaus, Travelling Bags and Dressing Cases (with or without fittings)

For every $£ 100$ on the value thereof the sum of Fifteen pounds.

## SCHEDULE B.

All goods imported into New South Wales and not enumerated in Schedule A or CFor every $£ 100$ on the value thereof the sum of Ten pounds.

Customs Duties.

SCHEDULE C.
FREE LIST.

Alum.
Anchors.
Animals, live.
Antifriction Metal.
Antimony Ore.
Asbestos Packing.
Bags, Gunny and Ore.
Bags, Sacks, and Woolpacks-except Fancy, Travelling, and Bags other-
wise charged.
Ballast, not otherwise charged.
Bananas (fresh).
Bark, not being for Medicinal purposes.
Beads.
Beche-de-mer.
Bismuth Ore.
Blowers.
Blue.
Bluestone (not building).
Bombay Duck and Pipe.
Bone Dust.
Bones.
Boot-Elastic.
Brewers' Isinglass.
Brimstone.
Bristles.
Building Stone (unwrought).
Cables, Chain (Iron) Stud Link.
Candle Nuts.
Card Mounts.
Caustic Soda.
Caustic Potash.
Charcoal.
Chrome Ore and Metal.
Clays and Earths, not otherwise charged.
Cobalt Ore.
Cocoanuts.
Coin.
Copperas.
Copper Ore and Regulus.
Copper Ingots.
Copra.
Cordage, Rope and Sails, old and condemned.
Cork.
Cotton, Raw.
Cotton in piece-
White Calico.
" Long Cloth.
" Shirting.
" Sheeting.
" India Twills.
", Twill Calico.
," Butter Cloth.
", Cheese Cloth.
", Hatters' Calico. Twill. Mulls, \&c.
Muslins, Plain and Printed.
Swansdown Calico.
Window Hollands, Plain and Printed.
Lancaster and Oriental Blinds.
Grey Calico.
Sheeting.
Twill.
Pillow Cotton.
Tent Cloth.
Cotton Duck.

Cotton in piece-continued.
Cotton Drill.
Canvas.
Dimity.
Pique.
Quilting.
Curtains and Blind Net.
Mosquito Net.
Cotton Handkerchiefs. Damask.
Drilling.
Denim.
Dungaree.
Jean.
A pron Check.
Duster
Moleskin, Plain and Printed.
Cottonade.
Cotton Tweed. Cord.
Gambroon.
Cotton Velvet. Velveteen.
Canton Mole.
Turkey Twills.
Shirtings.
Scotch Twill.
Harvard, Oxford, and Fancy Shirtings.
Flannelettes.
Tennis Cloth.
Cotton, Wincey.
", Dress Stuffs.
Italian Cloths.
Prints.
Satteens.
Pongees.
Drillettes.
Satinettes.
Gingham.
Zephyr.
Cotton Ticks.
Cotton Huckabacks.
Rolled Linings.
Universal Linings.
Fancy Linings.
Plain Cambric.
Chintz Cambric.
Cretonne.
Duck-
Cotton.
Linen.
Forfars-
Osnaburg.
Dowlas.
Flaxens.
Calico-
Grey, Plain.
, Twilled.
Hessians-
Papering Canvas.
Scrym.
Hessian.
Holland-
Brown.
Rough.
Dressed.
Cream.
Slate Black.

## Customs Duties.

Cotton in piece-continued.
Jute Goods-
Dandy Canvas.
French Padding
Cheese Cloth.
Scrym.
Horse Covers.
Bagging
Carpet.
Longcloth-
Plain.
Twilled.
Prints-
Printed Cotton.
Cambrics.
Sateens.
Drillettes.
Muslins:
Pongees.
Cotton Laine.
Cotton Hdfs.
Turkey, Plain.
Turkey, Twill.
Repp-
Cotton.
Union.
Wool (Upholsterers')
Sewing Cottons-
Reels.
Mending.
Crotchet.
Knitting.
Embroidery.
Threads.
Sewing Silks-
Skeins and Reels.
Arrascine.
Filloselle.
Twists.
Purse Twists.
Tailors' Sewings.
Sheeting-
Cotton, Plain and Twilled.
Union ", "
Linen "," ",
Waterproof.
Macintosh.
Shirtings-
White Cotton.
Grey
Crimean.
Flannelette.
Oxford and Cambridge.
Harvard.
Sco. Twill.
Union.
Printed Cotton.
Crêpe.
Ceylon.
Silesia-
Plain.
Printed.
Dyed.
Ticks-
Cotton.
Union.
Linen.
Fancy.
Blind.

Cotton in piece-continued.
Towelling-
Crash.
Huckaback.
Diaper.
Turkish.
Dice.
Flax.
Twills-
Turkey.
Scotch.
India.
Union-
White.
Slate.
Black.
Brown.
Wadding-
Black, white.
Greys.
Bleached.
Needles-
Sewing.
Machine.
Knitting.
Packing.
Crochet.
Pins-
Hair.
Safety.
Stuck.
Ounce.
Bonnet.
Box.
Book.
Beads-Beads.
Beadware-Canvas work.
Canvas-
Navy.
Sampler.
Tailors'.
French.
Dandy.
Druggetting-
Plain and printed.
Woven and felted.
Squares
Felt-
Paper, plain and printed.
Union, plain.
Union, printed.
Whalebone -
Dressmakers'.
Stay and corset makers'.
Imitation.
Cotton Waste.
Cotton-wool.
Dates.
Dyeware and Dyes.
Engine Packing.
Felt (tarred).
Fibre, Cocoanut and Coir.
Fish, Fresh.
Flax.
Flock.
Fungus.
Ginger (not otherwise charged).
Gold Bars.
" Dust.
", Quartz.
Hair.
Hemp.
Hides and Glue pieces.
Hoofs and Bones.

## Customs Duties.

Hops.
Horns.
Iron and Steel-Bar, Rod, Plate, Sheet, T, Angle, and Hoop (not galvanized).
Iron Scrap.
Isinglass.
Ivory Nuts
Kapok.
Kauri Gum.
Lead Ore.
Lead Pig.
Limejuice and Lemonjuice not bottled.
Limestone.
Linseed Meal
Liquid Driers.
Malt.
Manures-
Guano.
Bone Dust.
Marble and Slate Slabs.
Matches.
Meat, Fresh and Frozen.
Milk, Fresh.
Millstones.
Minerals not otherwise charged.
Mineral Pitch.
Mops.
Mustard.
Nickel (unmanufactured) and Ore.
Nuts (edible) not otherwise charged.
Oakum.
Oars.
Oil Cake.
Oils-
Cocoa-nut.
Palm.
Black Whale.
Sperm Whale not in bottles.
Linseed Oil, Raw or Boiled.
Ores.
Oysters, fresh.
Packages, outer, in which goods are usually imported, except Iron Tanks.
Packages empty-used and returned.
Passengers' baggage, being ordinary cabin furniture, second-hand used furniture and effects accompanying any passenger, and which have been used by such passenger, and are not imported for sale. Free, if notexceeding fifty pounds value.
Pearl Shell
Pencils, Wood.
Pepper.
Phormium Tenax.
Pig Iron, until 1st January, 1893.
Pine-apples (fresh).
Pitch.
Plants, Shrubs, and Trees.
Precious Stones, unset.
Printed Books, being literary compositions and periodicals.
Printed Music.
Printers' and Writing Paper.
Pulu.
Quartz
Quicksilver.
Rags.
Rattans, Canes, and Willows.
Resin.
Saddle-trees.
Sandalwood, not dressed.

School and Book Slates.
Seeds Garden, Clover, Grass, and Linseed.
Shark Fins
Shoe Pegs.
Silicate.
Silver Ore, Bullion, and Amalgam.
Skins, not dressed.
Soda Ash.
Specimens of Natural History.
Spelter.
Spices.
Sulphur.
Tallow.
Tar.
Terebene.
Tinfoil.
Tin Ingots.
Tin Plates.
Tools, viz. :-
Adzes.
Anvils.
Augers.
Axes and Handles.
Bellows, Blacksmiths'.
Bits, brace.
Braces.
Brushes, Painters'.
Chisels.
Chests of Tools
Choppers, Butchers'.
Cleavers
Clippers, Horse.
Hairdressers'.
Clamps, Boatbuilders'.
Cramps.
Compasses.
Cutters, Pipe.
Diamonds, Glaziers'
Drills, Breast.
Eyelets.
Fids, Sailmakers'.
Files.
Forks-Hay, Garden, and Stable.
Froes.
Gimlets.
Grindstones.
Grindstone Fittings.
Hammers.
Hatchets.
Hoes.
Hones and Oil Stones.
Hooks, Reap.
,, Bagging
, Fern.
," Brush
", Furze.
, Wool.
Irons, Caulking.
, Plane.
", Soldering.
", Tailors' Geese.
Tue.
Jacks.
Knives, Cane.
Cbaff.
Butchers'
Drawing.
Farriers'
Hay.
Shoe.
Ladles, Lead.
" Pitch.

## Customs Duties.

Tools-continued.
Levels, Carpenters'.
Marline Spikes.
Mattocks.
Mallets, Carpenters', Masons', \&c Tinsmiths'
Needles, Saddlers'.
Packing and Sail.
Needles, Upholsterers'.
Nippers, Cutting.
Oilers, Carpenters'.
Pl" Engineers'.
Planes.
Palms, Sailmakers'. Saddlers'.
Picks and Handles.
Pincers, Carpenters'.
Farriers'.
Plumbs and Levels.
Plyers.
Pullers, Nail.
Punches.
Rakes, Hay and Garden.
Rasps.
Rules.
Saws, other than Circular, Frame, and Band Saws.
Saw Clamps.
Saw Sets.
Scissors.
Scrapers.
" Ships"
Screws, Bench.
Scythe, Snath's
" Stones.
," Blades.
Sets, Rivet.
Shaves, Coopers'.
Spades and Shovels.
Spokeshaves.
Shears, Garden.
Sheep.
", Pruning.
Sickles.
Sieves.
Slashers.
Snips, Tinmen's.
Spanners.
Squares, Harness.
Carpenters'
" Collar and Dressmakers'.
Masons'.
Stocks and Dies.
Soldering Irons.
Tapes, Measuring.
Tongs, Gas.
Blacksmiths'.
Tools, Saddlers'.
Grafting.
," Tinsmiths'.
Trowels.
Turnscrews.
Vyces.
Wedges.
Wheels, Tracing.
Wrenches.
Tortoiseshell.
Turpentine.
Type-metal
Vanners.
Whalebone, not dressed.
Wool.
Woolpacks.
Yams.
Yellow Metal in sheets.

Zinc unmanufactured and sheet.
Atlases and Maps for school use.
Beadings (Saddlers'), Brass, Silver, and Nickel.
Books-Educational-Copy and Exercise, for school use.
Buckles (Saddlers')-Japanned, Tinned, Nickel, Brass, and Nickel-plated and Dees.
Cables, Chain (Iron) Stud Link, or not less than half an inch in diameter.
Candle Cotton, Candle-wick.
Charts, Admiralty.
Chloro dinitro-benzol.
Cocoa, Raw.
Coffee, Raw
Coir Yarn.
Collar-checks, Saddlers'.
Copper Rivets and Washers.
Dairy Refrigerators, Separators, and parts thereof.
Dextrine, Shoemakers'.
Firewood, Rough.
Foil.
Glass, broken.
Globes for school use.
Hames.
Hat Linings, Cork.
Heel-tips and Plates, Black-iron Toes and Toe-plates (Shoemakers').
Hogskins.
Hooks, Eyelet.
Indiarubber-
Belting.
Engine-packing.
Hose and Tubing.
Insertion.
Rings.
Sheet.
Valves.
Washers.
Knitting Machines.
Leather, Morocco.
Locomotive Wheels.
Macaroni.
Milk Foods.
Nails, Yellow Muntz Metal.
Nitrate of Ammonia.
Oils, Seal.
Paper, photographic-albumenized.
Pencils, Slate.
Pipes and Tubes - Brass, Brass-cased, Iron, Steel, and Copper.
Plush, Silk hat
Pullovers, felt, Hatters'.
Railway Waggon Wheels
Reapers and Binders, and parts thereof.
Rock Salt.
Sago and Sago Flour.
Sewing Machine Heads.
Shellac.
Silver, German, in sheets.
Spunyarn.
Spurs.
Stirrup-irons.
Straw-plait.
Tapioca and Tapioca Flour.
Timber, Undressed-Ash, Hickory, Oak, and Sycamore
Tin Tags.
Tools of Trade, not being machinery, and Tool Handles.
Twine, being sewing and seaming of hemp, cotton, or flax, also for Reapers and Binders.
Vermicelli.

## Customs Duties.

Wire-
Iron and Steel (not galvanised).
Rope.
Copper, Brass, and Silver,
Yeast.
Crude Drugs, \&e.-
Aloes.
Aloin.
Antefebrin.
Antepyrin.
Arsenic.
Borax.
Camphor.
Cantharides.
Cinchona.
Cocain.
Calumba.
Cream Tartar.
Gentian.
Rhubarb.
Jalap.
Myrrh.
Henbane.
Hemlock.
Iodine.
Litharge.
Manganese.
Magnesia.
Menthol.
Parrafin Wax
Quinine.
Soda Carbonate.
Soda Bi-carbonate.
Strychnine.
Saffron.
Tartaric Acid.
Vanilla Beans.
Ultramarine.
Zinc Sulphate.
Zinc Oxide.
Aconite
Arnica
Digitalis
Gum -
Animi.
Arabic.
Benzoin.
Buchu.
Copal.
Damar.
Island.
Mastic.
Manilla.
Sandrac.
Senega.
Sierra Leone.
Tragaganth.

Oils-Essential (excepting Lemon and Eucalyptus).
Hospital Dressings and AppliancesLint.
Cat-gut, for sewing purposes.
Surgical Drainage Tubing.
Protective Silk.
Guttapercha tissue.
Adhesive Plaster.
Esmarch's Handkerchiefs.
Eye-pads.
Syringes.
Ice-bags
Suspensories
Celluloid, for Splints
Emery-cloth in piece (not coated).
Manilla paper for manufacturing glass paper.
Fish Oil.
Fishing Nets.
Artists' Colors.
Chains -
Breeching.
Leading.
Backband.
Belly band.
Hip-strap.
'Bus-end.
Spring-cart, and
Trace-end.
Chlorate of Potash.
Soda Crystals.
Sponges.
Wire-gauze, fine.
Flint.
Typewriting machines and parts thereof.
Bitumen.
Split-skins for Bottle-tops.
Brushmakers' Materials, viz. :-
Bass.
Mexican Fibre.
Split Cane.
Whisk.
Kitool.
Files and Rasps.
Mill Silk.
Zinc Plates.
Bits (riding, driving, and cart).
Serge (Saddlers').
Kerser (Saddlers').
Ornaments, Saddlers', nickel, plated, and brass.
Saddle Staples and Nails-Nickel, plated and tinned.
Rings and Terrets-Japanned, brass, nickel, and plated.
Web (Saddlers'), straining and girth.

In the name and on the behalf of Her Majesty I assent to this Act.

I Certify that this Public Bill, which originated in the Legislative Assembly, has finally passed the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales.

## Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 1 March, 1892. $\}$

RICHD. A. ARNOLD, for Clerk of Legislative Assembly.

L2du sunty Clales .


NNNO QUTNQUAGESTMO QUINTO

## VICTORIE REGINた.

## No. XVI.

An Act for the Establishment of a New Tariff of Customs Duties, and for purposes connected with, consequent upon, and incidental to the purpose aforesaid. [Assented to, 2nd March, 1892.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :-

1. This Act may be cited as the "Customs Duties Act of 1891," Commencement of and shall be taken to have come into operation on the second day of act. December, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one.
2. (I) The Import Duties mentioned in Schedule A shall be Duties of Customs on levied and collected upon the importation of all goods in the said goods in Schedule a. Schedule mentioned, and upon all such goods in bond: Provided that all duties levied and collected upon the importation of any goods mentioned in the said Schedule A or in Schedule B hereto between the said second day of December, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, and the date of the passing of this Act shall be deemed to have been levied and collected under the authority of this Act, and that no action or suit shall lie or be instituted against the Collector of Customs or any other person for or in respect of any act, matter, or thing done or omitted or refused to be done by such Collector or person where he might after the passing of this Act lawfully do, omit, or refuse to do the same act, matter, or thing.
(II)

I have examined this Bill, and find it to corvespond in all respects with the Bill as finally passed by both Houses.

NINIAN MELVILLE,
Chairman of Committees of the Legislative Assembly.

## Customs Duties.

Special provision as to tea and pig iron.

Ten per cent. Ad valorem duties.

Free list.
Remission of duties on goods for Her
Majesty's service and on wine for officers.
(II) The duty chargeable before the passing of this Act on tea shall continue to be levied and paid on and after the passing of this Act up to and inclusive of the twenty-ninth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two ; and from the first day of March in the said year such duty shall cease to be levied. And the duty on pig iron shall be levied and paid at the rate, and from the time, mentioned in Schedule A.

3 . There shall be charged on the importation of all goods, described generally in Schedule B, and not being goods exempt from duty under either of the Schedules A or C, the duties mentioned in the said Schedule B.
4. The goods specified in Schedule C shall be exempt from duty.
5. All goods imported for the supply of Her Majesty's service shall be exempt from all duties and imposts of every description whatsoever ; and nothing in this Act contained shall be deemed to alter or repeal the provisions of the "Customs Regulation Act, 1879."
Executory contracts
6. All contracts or agreements made on or before the second day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninetyone, for the sale or delivery of any goods otherwise than in bond, the duty on which is increased or decreased by this Act, shall be subject to an increase or decrease (as the case may be) in the contract price of such goods, corresponding in rate and amount with the amount of such increase or decrease of duty as aforesaid actually paid.
7. In all cases in which goods shall, after the passing of this

Value of goods in certain cases to be verified by declaration of importer or agent.

As to declaration of shipping clerks, \&c.

Act, be chargeable according to the value of such goods, such value shall be verified at the time of entry by the production of the genuine invoice and by the declaration, in the form hereinafter prescribed, of the importer of such goods or of his authorized agent:-

## Port of

I, A.B., do hereby declare that the invoice now produced is the genuine and only invoice of the goods mentioned in the entry and contained in the packages marked, numbered and described above, and that the value of such goods mentioned in the said invoice, and therein stated as [here state value], was, to the best of my belief, the fair market value of such goods at the time of shipment at the place whence the same were exported.
Witness my hand, this day of one thousand eight hundred and
A.B.

Declared before me, the
(Signed)
day of
E.D.,

Collector (or other proper officer).
And such declaration shall be made by the importer or his authorized agent as aforesaid in the presence of the Collector of Customs or other proper officer, and the invoice value so declared, shall with the addition of ten pounds per centum thereon be deemed to be the value of the goods upon which duty shall be paid.
8. Any declaration authorized or required by this Act made by any shipping clerk or known employee of any importer or owner of goods liable to duty under this Act shall be held to have been made with the knowledge and consent of such importer or owner of goods, unless the contrary be proved, and in any indictment for a false declaration under the two hundred and ninety-eighth section of the "Criminal Law Amendment Act" the importer, owner of goods, or person in whose behalf any declaration may have been made shall be liable to the punishment imposed by the said section for a false declaration as fully and effectually as if such declaration had been made by himself.

## Customs Duties

9. If the importer or his authorized agent cannot make the officer may assess declaration in the last preceding section set forth, or if upon view and value. examination of such goods or otherwise it shall appear to the Collector of Customs or other proper officer that such declaration is inaccurate, such Collector of Customs or other proper officer may detain the said goods, and shall subject to the approval of the Colonial Treasurer assess the value thereof as hereinbefore mentioned, and if the importer or his agent shall object to pay duty according to the value of such goods so assessed by such Collector of Customs or other officer, or if the value of such goods is unknown or uncertain, then the value of such goods shall be ascertained according to such rules and regulations as the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, may from time to time make in that behalf, and the duty shall be paid according to the value so ascertained: Provided that such regulations shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament within one month after their promulgation if Parliament shall be then in Session, and if Parliament shall not be then in Session within one month after the commencement of the next ensuing Session.
10. In cases where it is alleged that the genuine invoice cannot Examination of be produced, the Collector of Customs, when he shall think fit, may $\begin{aligned} & \text { importer or agent on } \\ & \text { oath. }\end{aligned}$ examine any importer or his agent, or both of them, upon oath as to the value of any goods liable to duty ad valorem, and may if he think fit after such examination dispense with the production of the genuine invoice aforesaid, and in case such importer or agent shall, upon being summoned, neglect or refuse to attend for examination, or shall refuse to be sworn, or to answer such questions as shall be put to him by the said Collector, then and in every such case the value of such goods shall be assessed by the Collector of Customs or other proper officer, and such assessed value shall be deemed to be the true and real value thereof; and such importer or agent, or both of them, so neglecting or refusing as aforesaid, shall also be liable to pay a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds.
11. If the importer of such goods or his agent shall neglect or How goods to be refuse to pay the duties imposed thereon, after such examination and dealt with if assessment as aforesaid, and also the costs of such examination and undervalued. assessment, in the event of the valuation being greater than declared on the bill of entry, the Collector of Customs or proper officer shall, subject to the approval of the Colonial Treasurer, take and secure such goods, with the packages thereof, and cause the same to be sold by public auction within the space of twenty days at furthest after such examination, and at such time and place as such Collector or other officer shall, by notice published in the Government Gazette and some local daily newspaper at least four days from the day of sale appoint for that purpose, and the proceeds of such sale shall be applied in the first place in payment of the duties due upon such goods together with the costs and charges incurred by such examination and sale, and in the second place towards payment to the importer or his agent of the declared value of the said goods as entered, together with any freight and charges paid thereon by such importer or his agent, not exceeding ordinary or current rates, and the balance (if any) shall be paid one moiety to the officer who shall have detained and secured the goods and the other moiety to the account of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.
12. If upon examination it shall appear to the Collector that the Detention and sale value of the goods mentioned in any declaration made under the seventh of goods under section of this Act has been incorrectly stated in such declaration, it shall be lawful for the said Collector, in lieu of any other proceeding authorised by this Act but subject to the approval of the Colonial Treasurer to cause such goods to be detained and secured, and (within five days from the landing thereof) to take such goods for the use of

## Customs Duties.

Valuation and ten per cent. to be paid to the importer.

License may be granted to "Experts" for valuation of goods.

Penalties how recoverable and applicable.
" Proper Officer."

Application of
Customs Regulation
Act.

Repeal of Acts saving.
the Crown, and the said Collector shall thereupon in such case cause the amount of the invoice value stated in such declaration, together with an addition of ten pounds per centum thereon, and also the duties (if any) paid upon such entry to be paid to the importer or owner of such goods in full satisfaction for the same, and shall dispose of such goods for the benefit of the Crown, and the proceeds of such sale shall be paid into the Consolidated Revenue Fund: Provided, however, that the said Collector, if he shall see fit, may permit such importer or owner on his application for that purpose to amend such entry at such value and on such terms as he, the said Collector, may direct.
13. If in any invoice or entry any goods entered for ad valorem duty have been fraudulently misdescribed, or if from any such invoice or entry purporting to describe the contents of any package, any goods shall be found to have been frauddulently omitted with intent to avoid the payment of the duty or any part of the duty on such goods, or if the declaration made with regard to any such invoice or entry is wilfully false in any particular, the goods so misdescribed, or in respect of which such declaration is wilfully false as aforesaid, shall be forfeited.
14. In order to assist the Customs officers in ascertaining the value of goods subject to ad valorem duty, the Collector of Customs may obtain the assistance of one or more persons well acquainted in the opinion of the Collector as aforesaid with the character and value of such goods to act as experts at any port or place, and who, when required by the said Collector or other proper officer, shall assist in assessing the true value of such goods after the entry thereof, and such valuator or valuators shall be paid for their services as the Colonial Treasurer may direct.
15. All fines, forfeitures, penalties, and charges recoverable under this Act, excepting the proceeds of sale of goods under section eleven, may be recovered and applied in the manner directed by the Customs Regulation Act in force for the time being.
16. The term " Proper Officer" in this Act means any SubCollector or other principal officer of Customs at any port or place, or any officer having authority from the Governor-in-Council, or from the Collector of Customs for the particular duty or purpose in connection with which such term is used.
17. All powers and authorities conferred by the Customs Regulation Act in force for the time being upon the Collector, or any other officer of Customs, may be exercised and enforced by such officers in the administration of this Act.
18. The "Customs Duties Act of 1887 ", shall be repealed from and after the second day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one. But the repeal hereby enacted shall not affect the past operation of the said Act, or anything lawfully done or commenced thereunder.

## SCHEDULES.

## SCHEDULE A.

s. d.

Arrowroot, baking powder, yeast custard and egg powders, self-raising flour, barley-prepared or patent-patent groats, corn-flour, maizena, and farinaceous foods prepared-not being wheaten flour or oatmeal, or otherwise exempted

| per lb. | 01 |
| :---: | :---: |
| per lb. | $0 \quad 1$ |
| per lb. | $0 \quad 2$ |
| per lb. | 06 |
| per lb. | 01 |
| per lb. | 0 |
| per lb. | $0 \quad 1$ |
| per lb. | $0 \quad 1$ |
| per lb. | $0 \quad 1$ |
| per lb. | $0 \quad 1$ |
| per lb. | $0 \quad 2$ |
| per lb. | 02 |

Candles-per lb., or reputed package of that weight, and so in proportion for any such reputed weight, and night lights
Biscuits, bacon-and bacon partially cured or green-cheese, hams-ham and ham potted, and meat extract
per lb. $\quad 0 \quad 1 \frac{1}{2}$
-condensed or preserved
Butter and lard

| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |

Butterine and oleomargarine
poultry, soups, and game, potted paste, dried or preserved, and not otherwise charged.
Gelatine, glue, and size .
Honey
Starch and starch powder, rice flour and ground rice, semolina
Vegetables-preserved (not otherwise charged), salted in brine or salt water, mushrooms and tomatoes preserved ...
Wax and stearine ..
Jams and jellies per lb., or reputed package of that weight, and so in proportion for any such reputed weight ...
Preserves and canned fruits

Confectionery-cakes, comfits. liquorice, liquorice paste, lozenges of all kinds, cocoanut in sugar, sugarcandy, succades, and sweetmeats
per lb. $\quad 0 \quad 2$

| candy, succades, and sweetmeats | .. |
| ---: | :--- |
| ... |  |

Raw or kiln-dried
Roasted, ground, or mixed with any other article $\cdots$
Coffee-Roasted, ground, or mixed with any other article
Cocoa-Prepared paste or mixed with any other article
Chocolate-Plain or mixed with any other article, and chocolate
$\begin{array}{cccccc}\text { creams } \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ \text { Tea-(Until March 1st, } 1892 \text { ) } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \cdots & \ldots\end{array}$
per lb. $\quad 0 \quad 2$ On and from that date
Tobacco-delivered from ship's side or from a Customs bond for home consumption-manufactured, unmanufactured, and snuff..


Tobacco-unmanufactured, entered to be manufactured in the Colony. At the time of removal from a Customs bond or from an importing ship to any licensed manufactory for manufacturing purposes only into tobacco, cigars, and cigarettes

| per lb. | 1 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| per lb. | 0 | 3 |
| per lb. | 6 | 0 |
| per lb. | 6 | 0 |

Tobacco-sheepwash $\quad \ldots$
Cigars $\quad \ldots$
Cigarettes (including wrappers)
Timber-

and oak)

| Palings | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Pat |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Laths ... ... ... ... ... ... ...

Shingles |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Pickets | ... | ... |  |

per 100 ft . suferficial 30
per 100 ft . superficial 16
per $100 \quad 10$
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { per } 1000 & 0 & 9\end{array}$
Pickets, dressed ... ... ... ... ... ... per 100 ft superficial 3
Doors, sashes, and shutters... ... ... ... ... each 2 0
Sugar-
Refined ... ... ... ... ... ... ... per cwt. 6
$\begin{array}{llllllllll}\text { Raw } \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text { per cwt. } & 5 & 0 \\ \text { Molasses and treacle } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text { per cwt. } & 3 & 4\end{array}$
Glucose-
$\begin{array}{lllllllllll}\text { Liquid and syrup } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text { per cwt. } & 3 & 4 \\ \text { Solid }\end{array}$
Solid ... ... $. . . \quad . . \quad . . \quad . . \quad . . . \quad . . \quad$. per cwt. $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & \text { Spirits }-\end{aligned}$

## Customs Duties.

On all kinds of spirits and spirituous compounds imported and not otherwise enumerated
No allowance beyond 165 shall be made for the under proof of any spirit of a less strength than 16.5 under proof.
Case Spirits-Contents of two, three, four, or five gallons shall be charged-

Two gallons and under as two gallons.
Over two gallons and not exceeding three as three gallons.
Over three gallons and not exceeding four as four gallons.
Over four gallons and not exceeding five as five gallons.
Methylated spirit $\ldots$
Perfumed spirits, $\ldots$ perfumed waters, Florlua water, and Bay rum...
per gallon 10
per gallon $20 \quad 0$
Bitters, essences, fluid extracts, sars parilla tinctures, medicines, infusions, and toilet preparations, contain-ing-

Not more than 25 per cent. of proof spirit ... Not more than 50 per cent. of proof spirit Not more than 75 per cent. of proof spirit If containing more than 75 per cent. of proof spirit If containing spirit over-proof to be charged as spirituous compounds

| per gallon | 3 | 6 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| per gallon | 7 | 0 |
| per gallon | 10 | 6 |
| per gallon | 14 | 0 |

Wines -
Sparkling-For six reputed quarts or twelve reputed pints . per proof gallon $14 \quad 0$

Other kinds-For six reputed quarts or twelve reputed pints
$10 \quad 0$

Other kinds
spruce, or other beer, cider, and perry-
In wood or jar $\ldots . . . \quad . . \quad \ldots \quad \ldots$
In bottle
For six reputed quarts or twelve reputed pints
$\cdots \quad .$.

| per gallon | 0 | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| per gallon | 0 | 9 |
| per gallon | 0 | $\mathbf{9}$ |

Cordials and wines not containing spirit, balm syrups, fruit essences not spirituous, lime fruit and limejuice cordials, citronade, raspberry vinegar, aromatic vinegar, raspberry, strawberry, and other fruit acids-

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Reputed quarts } \ldots \\
& \text { Pints and smaller quantities }
\end{aligned}
$$

per gallon 9
9
$\begin{aligned} \text { palm, and cocoanut } & \ldots \\ \text { pale } & \ldots \\ \ldots & \ldots\end{aligned}$

| per dozen <br> per dozen | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| per gallon | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ |

Oils, in bottle, except essential oils-
Reputed quarts ... ... ... ... ... ...
Reputed pints ... ... ... ... ...
Reputed half-pints and smaller sizes
ase-Axle and lubricating ... $\ldots$
$\ldots$
$\ldots$
$\ldots$
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Grease-Axle and lubricating } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ \text { Paints and colours ground in oil } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots\end{array}$ Dry colours

| per dozen | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| per dozen | 0 | $\mathbf{9}$ |
| per dozen | 0 | $\mathbf{6}$ |
| per ton | 60 | 0 |
| per ton | 60 | 0 |
| per ton | 30 | 0 |
| per ton | 20 | 0 |
| per gallon | 2 | 0 |
| per gallon | 1 | 0 |
| per gallon | 0 | $\mathbf{6}$ |
| per barrel | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| per gallon | 0 | $\mathbf{6}$ |
| per gallon | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ |
| per cwt. | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ |
| per dozen | 0 | $\mathbf{6}$ |

Putty

All other varnishes

.. .
Naphtha and gasoline


Cement, plaster, and hydraulic lime
Vinegar, other than aromatic or raspberry ... ... ...
Acetic acid
Sulphuric acid
per dozen
6
Oilmen's Stores-

-
$\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Soda crystals } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots\end{array}$
Oatmeal ... ... ... ... ... ... ...
Fruits-
Dried, candied, and prunes
per dozen 10
per dozen $\quad 0 \quad 6$
per ton $\quad 20 \quad 0$
per ton $40 \quad 0$

Boiled or in pulp, peel drained or dry, and almonds
Fruits, bottled (not containing spirit)-
Reputed quarts
per lb. $\quad 0 \quad 2$
per lb. 0
Reputed pints and smaller quantities $\quad \ldots, \quad . .$.
per dozen 1 o

## Customs Duties.



## SCHEDULE B.

All goods imported into New South Wales and not enumerated in Schedule A or CFor every $£ 100$ on the value thereof the sum of Ten pounds.

## SCHEDULE C.

## FREE LIST.

## Alum.

Anchors.
Animals, live.
Antifriction Metal.
Antimony Ore.
Asbestos Packing
Bags, Gunny and Ore.
Bags, Sacks, and Woolpacks-except Fancy, Travelling, and Bays otherwise charged.
Ballast, not otherwise charged.
Bananas (fresh).
Bark, not being for Medicinal purposes.
Beads.
Beche-de-mer.
Bismuth Ore.
Blowers.
Blue.
Bluestone (not building)
Bombay Duck and Pipe.
Bone Dust.
Bones.
Boot-Elastic.
Brewers' Isinglass.
Brimstone.
Bristles.
Building Stone (unwrought).
Cables, Chain (Iron) Stud Link.
Candle Nuts.
Card Mounts.
Caustic Soda.
Caustic Potash.
Charcoal.
Chrome Ore and Metal.
Clays and Earths, not otherwise charged.
Cobalt Ore.
Cocoanuts.
Coin.
Copperas.
Copper Ore and Regulus.
Copper Ingots.
Copra.
Cordage, Rope and Sails, old and condemned.
Cork.
Cotton, Raw.
Cotton in piece-
White Calico.
, Long Cloth.
", Shirting.
"" Sheeting.
" India Twills.
", Twill Calico.
, Butter Cloth.
", Cheese Cloth.
,, Hatters' Calico.
", "Twill.
", M Mulls, \&c.
, Hain and Printed.
Swansdown Calico.
Window Hollands, Plain and Printed.
Lancaster and Oriental Blinds.
Grey Calico.
Sheeting.
Twill.
Pillow Cotton.
Tent Cloth.
Cotton Duck.

Cotton in piece-continued.
Cotton Drill.
Canvas.

Dimity.
Pique.
Quilting.
Curtains and Blind Net.
Mosquito Net.
Cotton Handkerchiefs.
Damask.
Drilling.
Denim.
Dungaree.
Jean.
Apron Check.
Duster
Moleskin, "Plain and Printed.
Cottonade.
Cotton Tweed. Cord.
Gambroon.
Cotton Velvet. Velveteen.
Canton Mole.
Turkey Twills.
Shirtings.
Scotch Twill.
Harvard, Oxford, and Fancy Shirtings.
Flannelettes.
Tennis Cloth.
Cotton, Wincey.
, Dress Stuffs.
" Italian Cloths.
Prints.
Satteens.
Pongees.
Drillettes.
Satinettes
Gingham.
Zephyr.
Cotton Ticks.
Cotton Huckabacks.
Rolled Linings.
Universal Linings.
Fancy Linings.
Plain Cambric.
Chintz Cambric.
Cretonne.
Duck-
Cotton.
Linen.
Forfars-
Osnaburg.
Dowlas.
Flaxens.
Calico-
Grey, Plain.
," Twilled.
Hessians-
Papering Canvas.
Scrym.
Hessian.
Holland-
Brown.
Rough.
Dressed.
Cream.
Slate Black
Cotton

## Customs Duties.



## Customs Duties.

Hops
Horns.
Iron and Steel-Bar, Rod, Plate, Sheet, T, Angle, and Hoop (not galvanized).
Iron Scrap.
Isinglass.
Ivory Nuts.
Kapok.
Kauri Gum.
Lead Ore.
Lead Pig.
Limejuice and Lemonjuice not bottled.
Limestone.
Linseed Meal.
Liquid Driers.
Malt.
Manures-
Guano.
Bone Dust.
Marble and Slate Slabs.
Matches.
Meat, Fresh and Frozen.
Milk, Fresh.
Millstones.
Minerals not otherwise charged.
Mineral Pitch.
Mops.
Mustard.
Nickel (unmanufactured) and Ore.
Nuts (edible) not otherwise charged.
Oakum.
Oars.
Oil Cake.
Oils-
Cocoa-nut.
Palm.
Black Whale
Sperm Whale not in bottles. Linseed Oil, Raw or Boiled.
Ores.
Oysters, fresh
Packages, outer, in which goods are usually imported, except Iron Tanks.
Packages empty-used and returned.
Passengers' baggage, being ordinary cabin furniture, second-hand used furniture and effects accompanying any passenger, and which have been used by such passenger, and are not imported for sale. Free, if notexceeding fifty pounds value.
Pearl Shell.
Pencils, Wood.
Pepper.
Phormium Tenax.
Pig Iron, until 1st January, 1893.
Pine-apples (fresh).
Pitch.
Plants, Shrubs, and Trees.
Precious Stones, unset.
Printed Books, being literary compositions and periodicals.
Printed Music.
Printers' and Writing Paper.
Pulu.
Quartz.
Quicksilver.
Rags.
Rattans, Canes, and Willows.
Resin.
Saddle-trees.
Sandalwood, not dressed

School and Book Slates.
Seeds Garden, Clover, Grass, and Linseed.
Shark Fins.
Shoe Pegs.
silicate.
Silver Ore, Bullion, and Amalgam.
Skins, not dressed.
Soda Ash.
Specimens of Natural History.
Spelter.
Spices.
Sulphur.
Tallow.
Tar.
Terebene.
Tinfoil.
Tin Ingots.
Tin Plates.
Tools, viz.:-
Adzes.
Anvils.
Augers.
Axes and Handles.
Bellows, Blacksmiths'.
Bits, brace.
Braces.
Brushes, Painters'.
Chisels.
Chests of Tools
Choppers, Butchers'.
Cleavers
Clippers, Horse.
Hairdressers'.
Clamps, Boatbuilders'.
Carpenters'.
Cramps.
Compasses.
Cutters, Pipe.
Diamonds, Glaziers'.
Drills, Breast.
Eyelets.
Fids, Sailmakers'.
Files.
Forks-Hay, Garden, and Stable.
Froes.
Gimlets.
Grindstones.
Grindstone Fittings.
Hammers.
Hatchets.
Hoes.
Hones and Oil Stones.
Hooks, Reap.
, Bagging.
", Fern.
, Brush.
," Furze.
, Wool.
Irons, Caulking.
,, Plane.
,, Soldering.
, Tailors' Geese
", Tue.
Jacks.
Knives, Cane.
, Chaff.
Butchers'.
Drawing.
Farriers'
Hay.
Shoe.
Ladles, Lead.
" Pitch.

## Customs Duties.

Tools-continued.
Levels, Carpenters'.
Marline Spikes.
Mattocks.
Mallets, Carpenters', Masons', \&c. 'Tinsmiths'.
Needles, Saddlers'.
Packing and Sail.
Needles, Upholsterers'.
Nippers, Cutting.
Oilers, Carpenters'.
Planes.
Palms, Sailmakers'. Saddlers'.
Picks and Handles.
Pincers, Carpenters'. Farriers'.
Plumbs and Levels.
Plyers.
Pullers, Nail.
Punches.
Rakes, Hay and Garden.
Rasps.
Rules.
Saws, other than Circular, Frame, and Band Saws.
Saw Clamps.
Saw Sets.
Scissors.
Scrapers.
" Ships'.
" Plumbers'.
Screws, Bench.
Scythe, Snath's.
" Stones.
," Blades.
Sets, Rivet.
Shaves, Coopers'.
Spades and Shovels.
Spokeshaves.
Shears, Garden.
," Sheep.
Sickles. Pruning.
Sieves.
Slashers.
Snips, Tinmen's.
Spanners.
Squares, Harness.
Carpenters'.
", Collar and Dressmakers'.
Masons'.
Stocks and Dies.
Soldering Irons.
Tapes, Measuring.
Tongs, Gas.
Blacksmiths'.
Tools, Saddlers'.
Grafting. " Tinsmiths'
Trowels.
Turnscrews.
Vyces.
Wedges.
Wheels, Tracing.
Wrenches.
Tortoiseshell.
Turpentine.
Type-metal
Vanners.
Whalebone, not dressed.
Wool.
Woolpacks.
Yams.
Yellow Metal in sheets.

Zinc unmanufactured and sheet.
Atlases and Maps for school use.
Beadings (Saddlers'), Brass, Silver, and Nickel.
Books-Educational-Copy and Exercise, for school use.
Buckles (Saddlers')-Japanned, Tinned, Nickel, Brass, and Nickel-plated and Dees.
Cables, Chain (Iron) Stud Link, or not less than half an inch in diameter.
Candle Cotton, Candle-wick
Charts, Admiralty.
Chloro dinitro-benzol.
Cocoa, Raw.
Coffee, Raw.
Coir Yarn.
Collar-checks, Saddlers'.
Copper Rivets and Washers.
Dairy Refrigerators, Separators, and parts thereof.
Dextrine, Shoemakers'.
Firewood, Rough.
Foil.
Glass, broken.
Globes for school use.
Hames.
Hat Linings, Cork.
Heel-tips and Plates, Black-iron Toes and Toe-plates (Shoemakers').
Hogskins.
Hooks, Eyelet.
Indiarubber-
Belting.
Engine-packing.
Hose and Tubing.
Insertion.
Rings.
Sheet.
Valves.
Washers.
Knitting Machines.
Leather, Morocco.
Locomotive Wheels.
Macaroni.
Milk Foods.
Nails, Yellow Muntz Metal.
Nitrate of Ammonia.
Oils, Seal.
Paper, photographic-albumenized.
Pencils, Slate.
Pipes and Tubes - Brass, Brass-cased, Iron, Steel, and Copper.
Plush, Silk hat.
Pullovers, felt, Hatters'.
Railway Waggon Wheels.
Reapers and Binders, and parts thereof.
Rock Salt.
Sago and Sago Flour.
Sewing Machine Heads.
Shellac.
Silver, German, in sheets.
Spunyarn.
Spurs.
Stirrup-irons,
Straw-plait.
Tapioca and Tapioca Flour.
Timber, Undressed-Ash, Hickory, Oak, and Sycamore.
Tin Tags.
Tools of Trade, not being machinery, and Tool Handles.
Twine, being sewing and seaming of hemp, cotton, or flax, also for Reapers and Binders.
Vermicelli.

## Customs Duties.



In the name and on the behalf of Her Majesty I assent to this Act.
JERSEY.
Government House,
2nd March, 1892.

This Public Bul originated in the Legislative Assembly, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the Legislative Council for its conourrence.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, $\}$
Sydney, 11 February, 1892, A.м. $\}$
F. W. WEBB,

Clerk of Legislative Assembly.


ANNO QULNQUAGESIMO QUINTO

## VICTORIE REGINE.


#### Abstract

No. An Act for the Establishment of a New Tariff of Customs Duties, and for purposes connected with, consequent upon, and incidental to the purpose aforesaid.

BE it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :-


5 1. This Act may be cited as the "Customs Duties Act of 1891," Commencement of and shall be taken to have come into operation on the second day of Act, December, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one.
2. (I) The Import Duties mentioned in Schedule $A$ shall be Duties of Customs on levied and collected upon the importation of all goods in the said goods sin Schedule a. 10 Schedule mentioned, and upon all such goods in bond: Provided that all duties levied and collected upon the importation of any goods mentioned in the said Schedule A or in Schedule B hereto between the said second day of December, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, and the date of the passing of this Act shall be deemed to 15 have been levied and collected under the authority of this Act, and that no action or suit shall lie or be instituted against the Collector of Customs or any other person for or in respect of any act, matter, or thing done or omitted or refused to be done by such Collector or person where he might after the passing of this Act lawfully do, omit,
20 or refuse to do the same act, matter, or thing.

$$
520-\mathrm{A}
$$

## Customs Duties.

(II) The duty chargeable before the passing of this Act on Special provision as tea shall continue to be levied and paid on and after the passing of this ${ }^{\text {to tea and pig iron. }}$ Act up to and inclusive of the twenty-ninth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two ; and from the first
5 day of March in the said year such duty shall cease to be levied. And the duty on pig iron shall be levied and paid at the rate, and from the time, mentioned in Schedule A.
3. There shall be charged on the importation of all goods, Ten per cent. described generally in Schedule B, and not being goods exempt from ${ }^{\text {Ad calorem duties. }}$ 10 duty under either of the Schedules A or C , the duties mentioned in the said Schedule B.
4. The goods specified in Schedule C shall be exempt from duty. Free list.
5. All goods imported for the supply of Her Majesty's service Remission of duties shall be exempt from all duties and imposts of every description what- Majesty's service and
15 soever ; and nothing in this Act contained shall be deemed to alter or on wine for officers. repeal the provisions of the "Customs Regulation Act, 1879."
6. All contracts or agreements made on or before the second Executory contracts. day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninetyone, for the sale or delivery of any goods otherwise than in bond, the
20 duty on which is increased or decreased by this Act, shall be subject to an increase or decrease (as the case may be) in the contract price of such goods, corresponding in rate and amount with the amount of such increase or decrease of duty as aforesaid actually paid.
7. In all cases in which goods shall, after the passing of this value of goods in

25 Act, be chargeable according to the value of such goods, such value certain cases to be shall be verified at the time of entry by the production of the genuine tion of importer or invoice and by the declaration, in the form hereinafter prescribed, of agent. the importer of such goods or of his authorized agent:-

## Port of

I, A.B., do hereby declare that the invoice now produced is the genuine and only invoice of the goods mentioned in the entry and contained in the packages marked, numbered and described above, and that the value of such goods mentioned in the said invoice, and therein stated as [here state value], was, to the best of my belief, the fair market value of such goods at the time of shipment at the place whence the same were exported.
Witness my hand, this day of one thousand eight hundred and
A.B.

Declared before me, the
(Signed)
E.D.,
day of
Collector (or other proper officer).
And such declaration shall be made by the importer or his authorized
45 agent as aforesaid in the presence of the Collector of Customs or other proper officer, and the invoice value so declared, shall with the addition of ten pounds per centum thereon be deemed to be the value of the goods upon which duty shall be paid.
8. Any declaration authorized or required by this Act made As to declaration of $_{\text {shipping clerts }}$ 50 by any shipping clerk or known employee of any importer or owner of in certain cases. goods liable to duty under this Act shall be held to have been made with the knowledge and consent of such importer or owner of goods, unless the contrary be proved, and in any indictment for a false declaration under the two hundred and ninety-eighth section of the
55 " Criminal Law Amendment Act" the importer, owner of goods, or person in whose behalf any declaration may have been made shall be liable to the punishment imposed by the said section for a false declaration as fully and effectually as if such declaration had been made by himself.

## Customs Duties.

9. If the importer or his authorized agent cannot make the onicer may assess declaration in the last preceding section set forth, or if upon view and value. examination of such goods or otherwise it shall appear to the Collector of Customs or other proper officer that such declaration is inaccurate,
$\Xi$ such Collector of Customs or other proper officer may detain the said goods, and shall subject to the approval of the Colonial Treasurer assess the value thereof as hereinbefore mentioned, and if the importer or his agent shall object to pay duty according to the value of such goods so assessed by such Collector of Customs or other officer, or if the value
10 of such goods is unknown or uncertain, then the value of such goods shall be ascertained according to such rules and regulations as the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, may from time to time make in that behalf, and the duty shall be paid according to the value so ascertained: Provided that such regulations shall be laid
15 before both Houses of Parliament within one month after their promulgation if Parliament shall be then in Session, and if Parliament slall not be then in Session within one month after the commencement of the next ensuing Session.
10. In cases where it is alleged that the genuine invoice cannot Examination of 20 be produced, the Collector of Customs, when he shall think fit, may ${ }_{\text {oath. }}^{\text {importer or agent on }}$ examine any importer or his agent, or both of them, upon oath as to the value of any goods liable to duty ad valorem, and may if he think fit after such examination dispense with the production of the genuine invoice aforesaid, and in case such importer or agent shall, upon being
25 summoned, neglect or refuse to attend for examination, or shall refuse to be sworn, or to answer such questions as shall be put to him by the said Collector, then and in every such case the value of such goods shall be assessed by the Collector of Customs or other proper officer, and such assessed value shall be deemed to be the true and real value
30 thereof; and such importer or agent, or both of them, so neglecting or refusing as aforesaid, shall also be liable to pay a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds.
11. If the importer of such goods or his agent shall neglect or How goods to be refuse to pay the duties imposed thereon, after such examination and denlt with if
35 assessment as aforesaid, and also the costs of such examination and assessment, in the event of the valuation being greater than declared on the bill of entry, the Collector of Customs or proper officer shall, subject to the approval of the Colonial Treasurer, take and secure such goods, with the packages thereof, and cause the same to be sold by
40 public auction within the space of twenty days at furthest after such examination, and at such time and place as such Collector or other officer shall, by notice published in the Government Gazette and some local daily newspaper at least four days from the day of sale appoint for that purpose, and the proceeds of such sale shall be applied in the
45 first place in payment of the duties due upon such goods together with the costs and charges incurred by such examination and sale, and in the second place towards payment to the importer or his agent of the declared value of the said goods as entered, together with any freight and charges paid thereon by such importer or his agent, not exceeding
50 ordinary or current rates, and the balance (if any) shall be paid one moiety to the officer who shall have detained and secured the goods and the other moiety to the account of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.
12. If upon examination it shall appear to the Collector that the Detention and sale value of the goods mentioned in any declaration made under the seventh ${ }_{\text {ralluc }}^{\text {of gods under }}$
55 section of this Act has been incorrectly stated in such declaration, it shall be lawful for the said Collector, in lieu of any other proceeding authorised by this Act but subject to the approval of the Colonial Treasurer to cause such goods to be detained and secured, and (within five days from the landing thereof) to take such goods for the use of

## Customs Duties.

the Crown, and the said Collector shall thereupon in such case cause the amount of the invoice value stated in such declaration, together with an addition of ten pounds per centum thereon, and also the duties (if any) paid upon such entry to be paid to the importer or owner of Valuation and ten 5 such goods in full satisfaction for the same, and shall dispose of such per cent.to be paid goods for the benefit of the Crown, and the proceeds of such sale shall ${ }^{\text {to the importer }}$ be paid into the Consolidated Revenue Fund: Provided, however, that the said Collector, if he shall see fit, may permit such importer or owner on his application for that purpose to amend such entry at such
10 value and on such terms as he, the said Collector, may direct.
13. If in any invoice or entry any goods entered for ad valorem Forfeiture of goods duty have been fraudulently misdescribed, or if from any such invoice in cases of fraud, $\&$. or entry purporting to describe the contents of any package, any goods shall be found to have been fraudulently omitted with intent to avoid
15 the payment of the duty or any part of the duty on such goods, or if the declaration made with regard to any such invoice or entry is wilfully false in any particular, the goods so misdescribed, or in respect of which such declaration is wilfully false as aforesaid, shall be forfeited.
14. In order to assist the Customs officers in ascertaining the License may be

20 value of goods subject to $a d$ valorem duty, the Collector of Customs granted to "Experts" may obtain the assistance of one or more persons well acquainted in goods the opinion of the Collector as aforesaid with the character and value of such goods to act as experts at any port or place, and who, when required by the said Collector or other proper officer, shall assist in 25 assessing the true value of such goods after the entry thereof, and such valuator or valuators shall be paid for their services as the Colonial Treasurer may direct.
15. All fines, forfeitures, penalties, and charges recoverable Penalties how under this Act, excepting the proceeds of sale of goods under section reaorerable hew
30 eleven, may be recovered and applied in the manner directed by the applicable. Customs Regulation Act in force for the time being.
16. The term "Proper Officer" in this Act means any Sub- "Proper Officer." Collector or other principal officer of Customs at any port or place, or any officer having authority from the Governor-in-Council, or from the
35 Collector of Customs for the particular duty or purpose in connection with which such term is used.
17. All powers and authorities conferred by the Customs Regu- Application of lation Act in force for the time being upon the Collector, or any other Act. Custom Regulation officer of Customs, may be exercised and enforced by such officers in ${ }^{\text {Aot. }}$
40 the administration of this Act.
18. The "Customs Duties Act of 1887 " shall be repealed from Repeal of Acts and after the second day of December, in the year one thousand eight ${ }^{\text {saping }}$. hundred and ninety-one. But the repeal hereby enacted shall not affect the past operation of the said Act, or anything lawfully done or
45 commenced thereunder.

## SCHEDULES.

## SCHEDULE A.

Arrowroot, baking powder, yeast custard and egg powders, self-raising flour, barley-prepared or patent-patent groats, corn-flour, maizena, and farinaceous foods prepared-not being wheaten flour or oatmeal, or otherwise exempted
s. d.

5 Milk-condensed or preserved
$\begin{array}{lll}\ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ \ldots & \ldots & \ldots\end{array}$
... $\quad .$.
Butter and lard
10 Butterine and oleomargarine
...
Fish-dried, preserved, or salted, and fish paste, meats- .......... soups, and game, potted paste, dried or preserved, and not otherwise charged .
Gelatine, glue, and size ..... $\begin{array}{lllll}\text {... } & . . & . . & . . \\ \end{array}$ 15 Honey
per lb. $\quad 0 \quad 1$
Starch and starch powder, rice flour and ground rice, semolina
Vegetables-preserved (not otherwise charged), salted in brine or salt water, mushrooms and tomatoes preserved ..
Wax and stearine ..
20 Jams and jellies per lb., or reputed package of that weight, and so in proportion for any such reputed weight ..
Preserves and canned fruits
Candles-per lb., or reputed package of that weight, and so in proportion for any such reputed weight, and night lights
25
Biscuits, bacon-and bacon partially cured or $\cdots$ green- cheese, hams-ham and ham potted, and meat extract

| per lb. | $0 \quad 1$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| per 1 l . | $0 \quad 1$ |
| per lb. | $0 \quad 2$ |
| per lb. | $0 \quad 6$ |
| per lb. | $\begin{array}{ll}0 & 1\end{array}$ |
| per lb. | 0 |
| per lb. | $0 \quad 1$ |
| per lb. | 01 |
| per lb. | $0 \quad 1$ |
| per lb. |  |
| per lb. | 0 0 |
| per lb. |  |
| per lb. | 0 |
| per lb. | 02 |
| per lb. | $0 \quad 2$ |
| per lb. | $0 \quad 3$ |
| per lb. | $0 \quad 6$ |
| per lb. | $0 \quad 6$ |
| per lb. | 04 |
| per lb. |  |
| per lb. | $0 \quad 3$ |
| per lb. | 30 |

Tobacco-unmanufactured, entered to be manufactured in the Colony. At the time of removal from a Customs bond or from an importing ship to any licensed manufactory for manufacturing purposes only into tobacco, cigars, and cigarettes
per 1 b
3
Confectionery-cakes, comfits, liquorice, liquorice paste, lozenges of all kinds, cocoanut in sugar, sugar-
30
Chicory, Dandelion, and Taraxacum-
Raw or kiln died

Coffee-Roasted, ground, or mixed with any other article
35 Cocoa-Prepared paste or mixed with any other article
Chocolate-Plain or mixed with any other article, and chocolate
Tea-(Until March 1 st, 1892 ) ...
Tea-(Until March 1st, 1892)
On and from that date
... ...
$\ldots$ from a Customs bond for home consumption-manufactured, unmanufac--sheepwash ...

| per lb. | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| per lb. | $\mathbf{0}$ | 3 |
| per lb. | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| per lb. | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ |


| Cigars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cigarettes (including wrappers) | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | per lb. | $\boldsymbol{\ldots}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ |

Timber-
Dressed .... ... ... ... .......
$\begin{array}{cccccccc}\text { and } \mathrm{oak} \text { ) } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ \text { Palings } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots\end{array}$

|  |
| :--- | :--- |


$\begin{array}{lllllllllll}\text { Shingles } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & . . & \text { per } 1000 & 0 & 9 \\ & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text { per } 1000 & 1 & 0\end{array}$
Pickets, dressed $\ldots$................ $\quad . .$.
60
Doors, sashes, and shutters... ... ... ... ... each 20
Refined
Raw ... ... ...
$\begin{array}{lllllllllll}\text { Raw } \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & . . & . . . & . . & . . & \text { per cwt. } & 5 & 0 \\ \text { Molasses and treacle } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & . . & \ldots & \text { per cwt. } & 3 & 4\end{array}$
Glucose-
65
$\begin{array}{llllllllll}\text { Liquid and syrup } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & . . & \text { per cwt. } & 3 & 4 \\ \text { Solid } \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text { per cwt. } & 5 \\ 0\end{array}$
Spirits-

## Customs Duties.

Spirits-
s. d.

On all kinds of spirits and spirituous compounds imported and not otherwise enumerated
per proof gallon 140
No allowance beyond 16.5 shall be made for the under proof of any spirit of a less strength than 16.5 under proof.
Case Spirits-Contents of two, three, four, or five gallons shall be charged -

Two gallons and under as two gallons.
Over two gallons and not exceeding three as three gallons.
Over three gallons and not exceeding four as four gallons.
Over four gallons and not exceeding five as five gallons.
Methylated spirit ... ... ... ... ... per gallon 1 0
Perfumed spirits, perfumed waters, Florida water, and Bay rum...
per gallon $20 \quad 0$ essences, fluid extracts, sarsaparina tinctures, medicines, infusions, and toilet preparations, contain-ing-

Not more than 25 per cent. of proof spirit Not more than 50 per cent. of proof spirit Not more than 75 per cent. of proof spirit .. If containing more than 75 per cent. of proof spirit If containing spirit over-proof to be charged as spirituous compounds

| per gallon | 3 | 6 |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| per gallon | 7 | 0 |
| per gallon | 10 | 6 |
| per gallon | 14 | 0 |
| per proof gallon | 14 | 0 |
|  | 10 | 0 |
|  | 5 | 0 |
| per gallon | 5 | 0 |
|  |  |  |
| per gallon | 0 | 6 |
| per gallon | 0 | 9 |
| per gallon | 0 | 9 |

Cordials and wines not containing spirit, balm syrups, fruit essences not spirituous, lime fruit and limejuice cordials, citronade, raspberry vinegar, aromatic vinegar, raspberry, strawberry, and other fruit acids-

$$
\begin{array}{lcccc}
\text { Reputed quarts } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\
\text { Pints and smaller quantities } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots
\end{array}
$$

Oils, except linseed oil raw or boiled sperm, and black whale,
palm, and cocoanut

| per dozen <br> per dozen | 1 | 6 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | 0 | 9 |
| per gallon | 0 | $\mathbf{6}$ |
|  |  |  |
| per dozen | 1 | $\mathbf{6}$ |
| per dozen | 0 | $\mathbf{9}$ |
| per dozen | 0 | 6 |
| per ton | 60 | 0 |
| per ton | 60 | 0 |
| per ton | 30 | 0 |
| per ton | 20 | 0 |
| per gallon | 2 | 0 |
| per gallon | 1 | 0 |
| per gallon | 0 | 6 |
| per barrel | 2 | 0 |
| per gallon | 0 | 6 |
| per gallon | 2 | 6 |
| per cwt. | 2 | 6 |
| per dozen | 0 | 6 |

$\neq \ldots$ ated and mineral waters-pints and smaller quantities
Oilmen's Stores-
Sauces and pickles—quarts ... ... ... ... ... per dozen 1
Sauces and pickles-pints and smaller quantities... $\quad . .$. per dozen 000
65 Salt..
$\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Soda crystals } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ \text { Oatmeal } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ \ldots\end{array}$
Fruits-
Dried, candied, and prunes ... ... ... $\ldots$
Boiled or in pulp, peel drained or dry, and almonds
Fruits, bottled (not containing spirit) -
Reputed quarts ... ... ..
Reputed pints and smaller quantities $\quad \cdots \quad \cdots \quad . . . . \quad$ per dozen 2
Reputed pints and smaller quantities ... ... ... per dozen 1

## Customs Duties.



Billiard-tables and Billiard-table materials, Carpets, Silks, Satins, Lace, Furs, Kid Gloves, Velvets, Rugs, Gold and Silver Plate and Plated Ware; Carriages (whole or in parts), including Buggies, Barouches, Chaises, Dogcarts, Gigs, and Tilburies; China and Porcelain Ware, Jewellery and Precious Stones, Musical Instruments and parts thereof, Watches and Clocks and parts thereof, Pictures, Paintings, and Statuary, Portmanteaus, Travelling Bags and Dressing Cases (with or without fittings)-

For every $£ 100$ on the value thereof the sum of Fifteen pounds.

SCHEDULE B.
All goods imported into New South Wales and not enumerated in Schedule A or CFor every $£ 100$ on the value thereof the sum of Ten pounds.

Customs Duties.

## SCHEDULE C.

FREE LIST.

Alum.
Anchors.
5 Animals, live.
Antifriction Metal.
Antimony Ore.
Asbestos Packing.
Bags, Gunny and Ore.
10 Bags, Sacks, and Woolpacks-except Fancy, Travelling, and Bags otherwise charged.
Ballast, not otherwise charged.
Bananas (fresh).
15 Bark, not being for Medicinal purposes. Beads.
Beche-de-mer.
Bismuth Ore.
Blowers.
20 Blue.
Bluestone (not building).
Bombay Duck and Pipe.
Bone Dust.
Bones.
25 Boot-Elastic.
Brewers' Isinglass.
Brimstone.
Bristles.-
Building Stone (unwrought).
30 Cables, Chain (Iron) Stud Link
Candle Nuts.
Card Mounts.
Caustic Soda.
Caustic Potash.
35 Charcoal.
Chrome Ore and Metal.
Clays and Earths, not otherwise charged.
Cobalt Ore.
Cocoanuts.
40 Coin.
Copperas.
Copper Ore and Regulus.
Copper Ingots.
Copra.
45 Cordage, Rope and Sails, old and condemned.
Cork.
Cotton, Raw.
Cotton in piece-
White Calico.
" Long Cloth.
" Shirting.
", Sheeting.
,, India Twills.
,, Twill Calico.
", Butter Cloth.
", Cheese Cloth.
", Hatters' Calico.
" $" \quad$ Twill.
Muslins, Plain and Printed.
Swansdown Calico.
Window Hollands, Plain and Printed.
65 Lancaster and Oriental Blinds.
Grey Calico.
" Sheeting.
Pillow Cotton.
Tent Cloth.

Cotton Duck.

Cotton in piece-continued. Cotton Drill.
D". Canvas.
Dimity.
Pique.
Quilting.
Curtains and Blind Net.
Mosquito Net.
Cotton Handkerchiefs. Damask.
Drilling.
Denim.
Dungaree.
Jean.
Apron Check.
Duster
Moleskin, "Plain and Printed.
Cottonade.
Cotton Tweed.
" Cord.
Gambroon.
Cotton Velvet. Velveteen.
Canton Mole.
Turkey Twills.
Shirtings.
Scotch Twill.
Harvard, Oxford, and Fancy Shirt. ings.
Flannelettes.
Tennis Cloth.
Cotton, Wincey.
:, Dress Stuffs.
Prints.
Satteens.
Pongees.
Drillettes.
Satinettes.
Gingham.
Zephyr.
Cotton Ticks.
Cotton Huckabacks.
Rolled Linings.
Universal Linings.
Fancy Linings.
Plain Cambric.
Chintz Cambric.
Cretonne.
Duck-
Cotton.
Linen.
Forfars-
Osnaburg.
Dowlas.
Flaxens.
Calico-
Grey, Plain.
cssians-Twilled.
Papering Canvas.
Scrym.
Hessian.
Holland-
Brown.
Rough.
Dressed.
Cream.
Slate Black.

## Customs Duties.

Cotton in piece-continued
Jute Goods-
Dandy Canvas.
French
Padding
Cheese Cloth.
Scrym.
Horse Covers.
Bagging.
Carpet.
LongclothPlain. Twilled.
Prints-
Printed Cotton.
Cambrics.
Sateens.
Drillettes.
Muslins.
Pongees.
Cotton Laine.
Cotton Hdfs.
Turkey, Plain.
Turkey, Twill.
Repp-
Cotton.
Union.
Wool (Upholsterers')
Sewing Cottons-
Reels.
Mending.
Crotchet.
Knitting.
Embroidery.
Threads.
Sewing Silks-
Skeins and Reels.
Arrascine.
Filloselle.
Twists.
Purse Twists. Tailors' Sewings.
Sheeting-
Cotton, Plain and Twilled.
Union
Linen "," ",
Waterproof.
Macintosh.
Shirtings-
White Cotton.
Grey
Crimean.
Flannelette
Oxford and Cambridge.
Harvard.
Sco. Twill.
Union.
Printed Cotton.
Crêpe.
Ceylon.
Silesia-
Plain.
Printed.
Dyed.
Ticks-
Cotton.
Union.
Linen.
Fancy.
Blind.
520-B

Cotton in piece-continued.
Towelling-
Crash.
Huckaback.
Diaper.
Turkish.
Dice.
Flax.
Twills-
Turkey.
Scotch.
India.
Union-
White.
Slate.
Black.
Brown.
Wadding-
Black, white.
Greys.
Bleached.
Needles-
Sewing.
Machine.
Knitting.
Packing.
Crochet.
Pins- Hair.
Safety.
Stuck.
Ounce.
Bonnet.
Box.
Book.
Beads-Beads.
Beadware-Canvas work.
Canvas-
Navy.
Sampler.
Tailors'.
French.
Dandy.
Druggetting-
Plain and printed.
Woven and felted.
Squares.
Felt-
Paper, plain and printed.
Union, plain.
Union, printed.
Whalebone-
Dressmakers'.
Stay and corset makers'.
Imitation.
Cotton Waste.
Cotton-wool.
Dates.
Dyeware and Dyes.
Engine Packing.
Felt (tarred).
Fibre, Cocoanut and Coir.
Fish, Fresh.
Flax.
Flock.
Fungus.
Ginger (not otherwise charged).
Gold Bars.
,, Dust.
,, Quartz.
Hair.
Hemp.
Hides and Glue pieces.
Hoofs and Bones.

Hops.

## Customs Duties.

Hops.
Horns.
Iron and Steel-Bar, Rod, Plate, Sheet, T, Angle, and Hoop (not galvanized).
Iron Scrap.
Isinglass.
Ivory Nuts.
Kapok.
10 Kauri Gum.
Lead Ore.
Lead Pig.
Limejuice and Lemonjuice not bottled. Limestone.
15 Linseed Meal.
Liquid Driers.
Malt.
Manures-
Guano.
Bone Dust.
Marble and Slate Slabs.
Matches.
Meat, Fresh and Frozen.
Milk, Fresh.
25 Millstones.
Minerals not otherwise charged.
Mineral Pitch.
Mops.
Mustard
30 Nickel (unmanufactured) and Ore.
Nuts (edible) not otherwise charged.
Oakum.
Oars.
Oil Cake.
35 Oils-
Cocoa-nut.
Palm.
Black Whale.
Sperm Whale not in bottles.
40 Linseed Oil, Raw or Boiled.
Ores.
Oysters, fresh
Packages, outer, in which goods are usually imported, except Iron
45 Tanks.
Packages empty-used and returned.
Passengers' baggage, being ordinary cabin furniture, second-hand used furniture and effects accompanying any passenger, and which have been used by such passenger, and are not imported for sale. Free, if not exceeding fifty pounds value.
Pearl Shell.
55 Pencils, Wood.
Pepper.
Phormium Tenax
Pig Iron, until 1st January, 1893.
Pine-apples (fresh)
60 Pitch.
Plants, Shrubs, and Trees.
Precious Stones, unset.
Printed Books, being literary compositions and periodicals.
65 Printed Music.
Printers' and Writing Paper.
Pulu.
Quartz.
Quicksilver.
70 Rags.
Rattans, Canes, and Willows.
Resin.
Saddle-trees.
Sandalwood, not dressed.

School and Book Slates.
Seeds Garden, Clover, Grass, and Linseed.
Shark Fins.
Shoe Pegs.
Silicate.
Silver Ore, Bullion, and Amalgam.
Skins, not dressed.
Soda Ash.
Specimens of Natural History.
Spelter.
Spices.
Sulphur.
Tallow.
Tar.
Terebene.
Tinfoil.
Tin Ingots.
Tin Plates.
Tools, viz. :
Adzes.
Anvils.
Augers.
Axes and Handles
Bellows, Blacksmiths'.
Bits, brace.
Braces.
Brushes, Painters'
Chisels.
Chests of Tools
Choppers, Butchers'.
Cleavers
Clippers, Horse.
Hairdressers'.
Clamps, Boatbuilders'.
," Carpenters'.
Cramps.
Compasses.
Cutters, Pipe.
Diamonds, Glaziers'.
Drills, Breast.
Eyelets.
Fids, Sailmakers'.
Files.
Forks - Hay, Garden, and Stable.
Froes.
Gimlets.
Grindstones.
Grindstone Fittings.
Hammers.
Hatchets.
Hoes.
Hones and Oil Stones.
Hooks, Reap.
" Bagging.
" Fern.
" Brush.
" Furze
Irons, Caulking
, Plane.
", Soldering.
", Tailors' Geese.
", Tue.
Jacks.
Knives, Cane.
, Chaff.
", Butchers'
, Drawing.
Farriers'
," Hay.
, ${ }^{\prime}$ Shoe.
", Pitch.

## Customs Duties.

Tools-continued.
Levels, Carpenters'.
Marline Spikes.
Mattocks.
5 Mallets, Carpenters', Masons', \&c.
Tinsmiths'.
Needles, Saddlers'.
Packing and Sail.
Needles, Upholsterers'.
Nippers, Cutting.
Oilers, Carpenters'.
Engineers'.
Planes.
Palms, Sailmakers'. Saddlers'.
Picks and Handles.
Pincers, Carpenters'.
Farriers'.
Plumbs and Levels.
Plyers.
Pullers, Nail.
Punches.
Rakes, Hay and Garden.
Rasps.
Rules.
Saws, other than Circular, Frame, and Band Saws.
Saw Clamps.
Saw Sets.
Scissors.
Scrapers.
" Ships'.
" Plumbers'.
Screws, Bench.
Scythe, Snath's.
", Stones.
" Blades
Sets, Rivet.
Shaves, Coopers'.
Spades and Shovels.
Spokeshaves.
Shears, Garden.
Sheep.
," Pruning.
Sickles.
Sieves.
Slashers.
Snips, Tinmen's.
Spanners.
Squares, Harness. " Carpenters'.
" Collar and Dressmakers'.
Masons'.
Stocks and Dies.
Soldering Irons.
Tapes, Measuring.
Tongs, Gas.
Blacksmiths'.
Tools, Saddlers'.
" Grafting.
Trowels.
Turnscrews.
Vyces.
Wedges.
Wheels, Tracing.
Wrenches.
Tortoiseshell.
Turpentine.
70 Type-metal
Vanners.
Whalebone, not dressed.
Wool.
Woolpacks.
75 Yams.
Yellow Metal in sheets.

Zinc unmanufactured and sheet.
Atlases and Maps for school use.
Beadings (Saddlers'), Brass, Silver, and Nickel.
Books-Educational-Copy and Exercise, for school use.
Buckles (Saddlers')-Japanned, Tinned, Nickel, Brass, and Nickel-plated and 1)ees.

Cables, Chain (Iron) Stud Link, or not less than half an inch in diameter.
Candle Cotton, Candle-wick.
Charts, Admiralty.
Chloro dinitro-benzol.
Cocoa, Raw.
Coffee, Raw.
Coir Yarn.
Collar-checks, Saddlers'.
Copper Rivets and Washers.
Dairy Refrigerators, Separators, and parts thereof.
Dextrine, Shoemakers'.
Firewood, Rough.
Foil.
Glass, broken.
Globes for school use.
Hames.
Hat Linings, Cork.
Heel-tips and Plates, Black-iron Toes and Toe-plates (Shoemakers').
Hogskins.
Hooks, Eyelet.
Indiarubber-
Belting.
Engine-packing.
Hose and Tubing.
Insertion.
Rings.
Sheet.
Valves.
Washers.
Knitting Machines.
Leather, Morocco.
Locomotive Wheels.
Macaroni.
Milk Foods.
Nails, Yellow Muntz Metal.
Nitrate of Ammonia.
Oils, Seal.
Paper, photographic-albumenized.
Pencils, Slate.
Pipes and Tubes - Brass, Brass-cased, Iron, Steel, and Copper.
Plush, Silk hat.
Pullovers, felt, Hatters'.
Railway Waggon Wheels.
Reapers and Binders, and parts thereof.
Rock Salt.
Sago and Sago Flour.
Sewing Machine Heads.
Shellac.
Silver, German, in sheets.
Spunyarn.
Spurs.
Stirrup-irons.
Straw-plait.
Tapioca and Tapioca Flour.
Timber, Undressed-Ash, Hickory, Oak, and Sycamore.
Tin Tags.
Tools of Trade, not being machinery, and Tool Handles.
Twine, being sewing and seaming of hemp, cotton, or flax, also for Reapers and Binders.
Vermicelli.

## Customs Duties.

Wire-
Iron and Steel (not galvanised).
Rope.
Copper, Brass, and Silver,
5 Yeast.
Crude Drugs, \&e.
Aloes.
Aloin.
Antefebrin.
Antepyrin.
Arsenic.
Boras.
Camphor.
Cantharides.
Cinchona.
Cocain.
Calumba.
Cream Tartar.
Gentian.
20
Jalap.
Myrrh.
Henbane.
Hemlock.
Iodine.
Litharge.
Manganese.
Magnesia.
Menthol.
30
Quinine.
Soda Carbonate.
Soda Bi-carbonate.
Strychnine.
Saffron.
Tartaric Acid.
Vanilla Beans.
Ultramarine.
Zinc Sulphate.
Zinc Oxide.
Aconite
Arnica
Belladonna
Digitalis
45 Gum-
Animi.
Arabic.
Benzoin.
Buchu.
Copal.
Damar.
Island.
Mastic.
Manilla.
Sandrac.
Senega.
Sierra Leone.
Tragaganth.

Oils-Essential (excepting Lemon and
Eucalyptus).
Hospital Dressings and AppliancesLint.
Cat-gut, for sewing purposes.
Surgical Drainage Tubing.
Protective Silk.
Guttapercha tissue.
Adhesive Plaster.
Esmarch's Handkerchiefs.
Eye-pads.
Syringes.
Ice-bags.
Suspensories
Celluloid, for Splints.
Emery-cloth in piece (not coated).
Manilla paper for manufacturing glass paper.
Fish Oil.
Fishing Nets.
Artists' Colors.
Chains-
Breeching.
Leading.
Backband.
Bellyband.
Hip-strap.
'Bus-end.
Spring-cart, and
Trace-end.
Chlorate of Potash.
Soda Crystals.
Sponges.
Wire-gauze, fine.
Flint.
Typewriting machines and parts thereof.
Bitumen.
Split-skins for Bottle-tops.
Brushmakers' Materials, viz. :-

## Bass.

Mexican Fibre.
Split Cane.
Whisk.
Kitool.
Files and Rasps.
Mill Silk.
Zinc Plates.
Bits (riding, driving, and cart).
Serge (Saddlers').
Kersev (Saddlers').
Ornaments, Saddlers', nickel, plated, and brass.
Saddle Staples and Nails-Nickel, plated and tinned.
Rings and Terrets-Japanned, brass, nickel, and plated.
Web (Saddlers'), straining and girth.

This Public Blel originated in the Legislative Assembly, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the Legislative Council for its concurrence.
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Legislative Assembly Chamber, } \\ \text { Sydney, } 11 \text { February, 1892, A.m. }\end{array}\right\}$
F. W. WEBB,

Clerk of Legislative Assembly.
£20w Souty $x$ alales.


ANNOO QUINQUAGESIMO QUINTO

## VICTORIE REGINE.

No.
An Act for the Establishment of a New Tariff of Customs Duties, and for purposes connected with, consequent upon, and incidental to the purpose aforesaid.

BE it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :-
5 1. This Act may be cited as the "Customs Duties Act of 1891," Commencement of and shall be taken to have come into operation on the second day of Act. December, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one.
2. (I) The Import Duties mentioned in Schedule $A$ shall be Duties of Cutoms on levied and collected upon the importation of all goods in the said goods in Schectule $A$.
10 Schedule mentioned, and upon all such goods in bond: Provided that all duties levied and collected upon the importation of any goods mentioned in the said Schedule A or in Schedule B hereto between the said second day of December, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, and the date of the passing of this Act shall be deemed to
15 have been levied and collected under the authority of this Act, and that no action or suit shall lie or be instituted against the Collector of Customs or any other person for or in respect of any act, matter, or thing done or omitted or refused to be done by such Collector or person where he might after the passing of this Act lawfully do, omit, 20 or refuse to do the same act, matter, or thing.

## Customs Duties.

(II) The duty chargeable before the passing of this Act on Special provision as tea shall continue to be levied and paid on and after the passing of this to tea and pig iron. Act up to and inclusive of the twenty-ninth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two; and from the first 5 day of March in the said year such duty shall cease to be levied. And the duty on pig iron shall be levied and paid at the rate, and from the time, mentioned in Schedule A.

3 . There shall be charged on the importation of all goods, Ten per cent. described generally in Schedule B, and not being goods exempt from Ad calorem duties.
10 duty under either of the Schedules A or C , the duties mentioned in the said Schedule B.
4. The goods specified in Schedule C shall be exempt from duty. Free list.
5. All goods imported for the supply of Her Majesty's service ${ }_{\text {Remission of duties }}^{\text {on goods for }}$ shall be exempt from all duties and imposts of every description what- Majesty's service and 15 soever ; and nothing in this Act contained shall be deemed to alter or on wine for officers. repeal the provisions of the "Customs Regulation Act, 1879."
6. All contracts or agreements made on or before the second Executory contracts. day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninetyone, for the sale or delivery of any goods otherwise than in bond, the
20 duty on which is increased. or decreased by this Act, shall be subject to an increase or decrease (as the case may be) in the contract price of such goods, corresponding in rate and amount with the amount of such increase or decrease of duty as aforesaid actually paid.
7. In all cases in which goods shall, after the passing of this $\begin{aligned} & \text { Value of goods in } \\ & \text { certain cases to bo }\end{aligned}$

25 Act, be chargeable according to the value of such goods, such value $\begin{gathered}\text { certain cases to be } \\ \text { verified by declara- }\end{gathered}$ shall be verified at the time of entry by the production of the genuine tion of importer or invoice and by the declaration, in the form hereinafter prescribed, of agent. the importer of such goods or of his authorized agent:-

Port of
30 I, A.B., do hereby declare that the invoice now produced is the genuine and only invoice of the goods mentioned in the entry and contained in the packages marked, numbered and described above, and that the value of such goods mentioned in the said invoice, and therein stated as [here state value], was, to the best of my belief, the fair market value of such goods at the time of shipment at the place whence the same were exported.
Witness my hand, this day of one thousand eight hundred and

## A.B.

Declared before me, the
day of
(Signed)

> E.D., Collector (or other proper officer)
And such declaration shall be made by the importer or his authorized 45 agent as aforesaid in the presence of the Collector of Customs or other proper officer, and the invoice value so declared, shall with the addition of ten pounds per centum thereon be deemed to be the value of the goods upon which duty shall be paid.
8. Any declaration authorized or required by this Act made As to declaration of

00 by any shipping clerk or known employee of any importer or owner shipping clerks, \&o goods liable to duty under this Act shall be held to have been made with the knowledge and consent of such importer or owner of goods, unless the contrary be proved, and in any indictment for a false declaration under the two hundred and ninety-eighth section of the
55 "Criminal Law Amendment Act" the importer, owner of goods, or person in whose behalf any declaration may have been made shall be liable to the punishment imposed by the said section for a false declaration as fully and effectually as if such declaration had been made by himself.

## Customs Duties.

9. If the importer or his authorized agent cannot make the officer may assess declaration in the last preceding section set forth, or if upon view and value. examination of such goods or otherwise it shall appear to the Collector of Customs or other proper officer that such declaration is inaccurate,
$\Xi$ such Collector of Customs or other proper officer may detain the said goods, and shall subject to the approval of the Colonial Treasurer assess the value thereof as hereinbefore mentioned, and if the importer or his agent shall object to pay duty according to the value of such goods so assessed by such Collector of Customs or other officer, or if the value
10 of such goods is unknown or uncertain, then the value of such goods shall be ascertained according to such rules and regulations as the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, may from time to time make in that behalf, and the duty shall be paid according to the value so ascertained: Provided that such regulations shall be laid
15 before both Houses of Parliament within one month after their promulgation if Parliament shall be then in Session, and if Parliament shall not be then in Session within one month after the commencement of the next ensuing Session.
10. In cases where it is alleged that the genuine invoice cannot Examination of

20 be produced, the Collector of Customs, when he shall think fit, may ${ }_{\text {oath. }}^{\text {impor }}$ examine any importer or his agent, or both of them, upon oath as to the value of any goods liable to duty ad valorem, and may if he think fit after such examination dispense with the production of the genuine invoice aforesaid, and in case such importer or agent shall, upon being
25 summoned, neglect or refuse to attend for examination, or shall refuse to be sworn, or to answer such questions as shall be put to him by the said Collector, then and in every such case the value of such goods shall be assessed by the Collector of Customs or other proper officer, and such assessed value shall be deemed to be the true and real value
30 thereof ; and such importer or agent, or both of them, so neglecting or refusing as aforesaid, shall also be liable to pay a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds.
11. If the importer of such goods or his agent shall neglect or How goods to be refuse to pay the duties imposed thereon, after such examination and dealt with if
35 assessment as aforesaid, and also the costs of such examination and assessment, in the event of the valuation being greater than declared on the bill of entry, the Collector of Customs or proper officer shall, subject to the approval of the Colonial Treasurer, take and secure such goods, with the packages thereof, and cause the same to be sold by
40 public auction within the space of twenty days at furthest after such examination, and at such time and place as such Collector or other officer shall, by notice published in the Government Gazette and some local daily newspaper at least four days from the day of sale appoint for that purpose, and the proceeds of such sale shall be applied in the
45 first place in payment of the duties due upon such goods together with the costs and charges incurred by such examination and sale, and in the second place towards payment to the importer or his agent of the declared value of the said goods as entered, together with any freight and charges paid thereon by such importer or his agent, not exceeding
50 ordinary or current rates, and the balance (if any) shall be paid one moiety to the officer who shall have detained and secured the goods and the other moiety to the account of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.
12. If upon examination it shall appear to the Collector that the Detention and sale value of the goods mentioned in any declaration made under the seventh $\underset{\substack{\text { ralue. } \\ \text { ral } \\ \text { goods under }}}{ }$
55 section of this Act has been incorrectly stated in such declaration, it shall be lawful for the said Collector, in lieu of any other proceeding authorised by this Act but subject to the approval of the Colonial Treasurer to cause such goods to be detained and secured, and (within five days from the landing thereof) to take such goods for the use of

## Customs Duties.

the Crown, and the said Collector shall thereupon in such case cause the amount of the invoice value stated in such declaration, together with an addition of ten pounds per centum thereon, and also the duties (if any) paid upon such entry to be paid to the importer or owner of Valuation and ten
5 such goods in full satisfaction for the same, and shall dispose of such par cent.to be penid goods for the benefit of the Crown, and the proceeds of such sale shall ${ }^{\text {to the importer. }}$ be paid into the Consolidated Revenue Fund: Provided, however, that the said Collector, if he shall see fit, may permit such importer or owner on his application for that purpose to amend such entry at such 0 value and on such terms as he, the said Collector, may direct.
13. If in any invoice or entry any goods entered for ad valorem Forfeiture of goods duty have been fraudulently misdescribed, or if from any such invoice in cases of frain, se. or entry purporting to describe the contents of any package, any goods shall be found to have been fraudulently omitted with intent to avoid
15 the payment of the duty or any part of the duty on such goods, or if the declaration made with regard to any such invoice or entry is wilfully false in any particular, the goods so misdescribed, or in respect of which such declaration is wilfully false as aforesaid, shall be forfeited.
14. In order to assist the Customs officers in ascertaining the License may be

20 value of goods subject to ad valorem duty, the Collector of Customs granted ocreerts" may obtain the assistance of one or more persons well acquainted in goods ration of the opinion of the Collector as aforesaid with the character and value of such goods to act as experts at any port or place, and who, when required by the said Collector or other proper officer, shall assist in
25 assessing the true value of such goods after the entry thereof, and such valuator or valuators shall be paid for their services as the Colonial Treasurer may direct.
15. All fines, forfeitures, penalties, and charges recoverable Penalties how under this Act, excepting the proceeds of sale of goods under section reocrerable and
30 eleven, may be recovered and applied in the manner directed by the applicable. Customs Regulation Act in force for the time being.
16. The term "Proper Officer" "in this Act means any Sub- "Proper Officer." Collector or other principal officer of Customs at any port or place, or any officer having authority from the Governor-in-Council, or from the
35 Collector of Customs for the particular duty or purpose in connection with which such term is used.
17. All powers and authorities conferred by the Customs Regu- Application of lation Act in force for the time being upon the Collector, or any other Aot. officer of Customs, may be exercised and enforced by such officers in $A$ At.
40 the administration of this Act.
18. The "Customs Duties Act of 1887 " shall be repealed from Repeal of Acts and after the second day of December, in the year one thousand eight sapring. hundred and ninety-one. But the repeal hereby enacted shall not affect the past operation of the said Act, or anything lawfully done or 45 commenced thereunder.

## SCHEDULES.

## SCHEDULE A.



Tobacco-unmanufactured, entered to be manufactured in the Colony. At the time of removal from a Customs bond or from an importing ship to any licensed manufactory for manufacturing purposes only into tobacco, cigars, and cigarettes
per 1 l .
10

Dressed $\ldots$.... $\ldots$...
Rough and undressed (with the exception of ash, hickory, $\begin{array}{ccccccc}\text { and oak) } . . . & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ \text { alings } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ . . .\end{array}$

| Palings | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | per 100 | 1 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Laths.. | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | per 1000 | 0 | 9 |


| Shingles | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | .. | per 1000 | 0 | 9 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | per 1000 | 1 | 0 |

Pickets, dressed $\ldots . .$.
Doors, sashes, and shutters... ... ... ... ...
60 Sugar
Refined ... ... ... ... ... ... ... per cwt. 68
$\begin{array}{llllllllll}\text { Raw } \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text { per cwt. } & 5 & 0 \\ \text { Molasses and treacle } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text { per cwt. } & 3 & 4\end{array}$
Glucose-
65

## Customs Duties.

## Spirits-

On all kinds of spirits and spirituous compounds imported and not otherwise enumerated
. per proof gallon $14 \quad 0$
No allowance beyond 16.5 shall be made for the under proof of any spirit of a less strength than $16: 5$ under proof.
Case Spirits-Contents of two, three, four, or five gallons shall be charged-
Two gallons and under as two gallons.
Over two gallons and not exceeding three as three gallons.
Over three gallons and not exceeding four as four gallons.
Over four gallons and not exceeding five as five gallons.
 Bay rum...
Bitters, essences, fluid extracts, $\ldots$ sarsaparilla $\ldots \ldots$ medicines, infusions, and toilet preparations, contain-ing-


Wines-
Sparkling-For six reputed quarts or twelve reputed pints
Other kinds-For six reputed quarts or twelve reputed
per gallon 10
per gallon $20 \quad 0$

Not more than 25 per cent. of proof spirit per gallon per gallon 70 per gallon $10 \quad 6$ If containing more than 75 per cent. of proof spirit per gallon 140
If containing spirit over-proof to be charged as spirituous compounds
per proof gallon 140

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { pints } \\
\text { Other kinds }
\end{gathered} \text {... }
$$

Beer, ale, porter, spruce, or other beer, cider, and perry-
In wood or jar ... ... ... ... ...

In bottle ...
per gallon $\quad 0 \quad 6$
$\begin{array}{lllllllll}\text { For six reputed quarts or twelve reputed } \ldots \text { pints }^{\ldots} & \ldots & \ldots & \text { per gallon } & 0 & 9 \\ \ldots & \ldots & \text { per gallon } & 0 & 9\end{array}$
Cordials and wines not containing spirit, balm syrups, fruit essences not spirituous, lime fruit and limejuice cordials, citronade, raspberry vinegar, aromatic vinegar, raspberry, strawberry, and other fruit acids-

Reputed quarts ... $\ldots$... ... ... per dozen 16

Oils, except linseed oil raw or boiled sperm, and black whale, palm, and cocoanut
per dozen
6
9
45
Oils, in bottle, except essential oils-
Reputed quarts ... ... ... ... ... ..
$\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { Reputed pints } & \ldots & \cdots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ \text { Repu } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots\end{array}$
Reputed half-pints and smaller sizes ... ... ... per dozen 0
50 Grease-Axle and lubricating
..
Paints and colours ground in oil
Dry colours
Varnishes containing spirit
55 All other varnishes
Naphtha and gasoline

$$
\ldots
$$

Cement, plaster, and hydraulic $\ldots \quad$... ... ...
Vinegar, other than aromatic or raspberry
Acetic acid...
60 Sulphuric acid
$\begin{array}{ll}\cdots & \cdots \\ \cdots & \end{array}$
Ærated and mineral waters-pints and $\ldots \quad \begin{array}{ll}\cdots m a l l e r \\ \text { quantities }\end{array}$ Oilmen's Stores-

Sauces and pickles-quarts ... ... ... ... ... per dozen 1
65 Salt.
Soda crystals
Oatmeal
Fruits-
Dried, candied, and prunes ... ... ... ... ... per lb. 0.2
70
$\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { Boiled or in pulp, peel drained or dry, and almonds } & \cdots & \cdots & \text { per lb. } & 0 & 1\end{array}$
Fruits, bottled (not containing spirit)-
Reputed quarts ... ... ..
Reputed pints and smaller quantitie $\begin{array}{lll} & & \\ \cdots & \ldots & \ldots \\ \ldots & \ldots & \ldots\end{array}$

## Customs Duties.



Billiard-tables and Billiard-table materials, Carpets, Silks, Satins, Lace, Furs, Kid Gloves, Velvets, Rugs, Gold and Silver Plate and Plated Ware; Carriages (whole or in parts), including Buggies, Barouches, Chaises, Dogearts, Gigs, and Tilburies; China and Porcelain Ware, Jewellery and Precious Stones, Musical Instruments and parts thereof, Watches and Clocks and parts thereof, Pictures, Paintings, and Statuary, Portmanteaus, Travelling Bags and Dressing Cases (with or without fittings) -

For every $£ 100$ on the value thereof the sum of Fifteen pounds.

## SCHEDULE B.

All goods imported into New South Wales and not enumerated in Schedule A or CFor every $£ 100$ on the value thereof the sum of Ten pounds.

## Customs Duties.

## SCHEDULE C.

## FREE LIST.

Alum.
Anchors.
5 Animals, live
Antifriction Metal.
Antimony Ore.
Asbestos Packing.
Bags, Gunny and Ore.
10 Bags, Sacks, and Woolpacks-except Fancy, Travelling, and Bags otherwise charged.
Ballast, not otherwise charged.
Bananas (fresh).
15 Bark, not being for Medicinal purposes.
Beads.
Beche-de-mer.
Bismuth Ore.
Blowers.
20 Blue.
Bluestone (not building).
Bombay Duck and Pipe.
Bone Dust.
Bones.
25 Boot-Elastic.
Brewers' Isinglass.
Brimstone.
Bristles.
Building Stone (unwrought).
30 Cables, Chain (Iron) Stud Link.
Candle Nuts.
Card Mounts.
Caustic Soda.
Caustic Potash.
35 Charcoal.
Chrome Ore and Metal.
Clays and Earths, not otherwise charged.
Cobalt Ore.
Cocoanuts.
40 Coin.
Copperas.
Copper Ore and Regulus.
Copper Ingots.
Copra.
45 Cordage, Rope and Sails, old and condemned.
Cork.
Cotton, Raw.
Cotton in pieceWhite Calico.
, Long Cloth.
", Shirting.
" Sheeting.
,, India Twills.
,, Twill Calico.
,, Butter Cloth.
, Cheese Cloth.
", Hatters' Calico.
" " " Twill.
Muslins, Plain and Printed. Swansdown Calico. Window Hollands, Plain and Printed.
65

7J

Lancaster and Oriental Blinds. Grey Calico.

Sheeting.
Twill.
Pillow Cotton,
Tent Cloth. Cotton Duck.

Cotton in piece-continued.
Cotton Drill.
", Canvas.
Dimity.
Pique.
Quilting.
Curtains and Blind Net.
Mosquito Net.
Cotton Handkerchiefs. Damask.
Drilling.
Denim.
Dungaree.
Jean.
Apron Check.
Duster
Moleskin, "Plain and Printed.
Cottonade.
Cotton Tweed. Cord.
Gambroon.
Cotton Velvet. Velveteen.
Canton Mole.
Turkey Twills.
Shirtings.
Scotch Twill.
Harvard, Oxford, and Fancy Shirtings.
Flannelettes.
Tennis Cloth.
Cotton, Wincey.
:, Dress Stuffs.
." Italian Cloths.
Prints.
Satteens.
Pongees.
Drillettes.
Satinettes.
Gingham.
Zephyr.
Cotton Ticks.
Cotton Huckabacks.
Rolled Linings.
Universal Linings.
Fancy Linings.
Plain Cambric.
Chintz Cambric.
Cretonne.
Duck-
Cotton.
Linen.
Forfars-
Osnaburg.
Dowlas.
Flaxens.
Calico-
Grey, Plain.
," Twilled.
Hessians-
Papering Canvas.
Scrym.
Hessian.
Holland-
Brown.
Rough.
Dressed.
Cream.
Slate Black.

## Customs Duties.

Cotton in piece-continued.
Jute Goods-
Dandy Canvas.
French
Padding "
Cheese Cloth.
Scrym.
Horse Covers.
Bagging.
Carpet.
LongclothPlain. Twilled.

## Prints-

Printed Cotton
Cambrics.
Sateens.
Drillettes.
Muslins.
Pongees.
Cotton Laine.
Cotton Hdfs.
Turkey, Plain
Turkey, Twill
Repp-
Cotton.
Union.
Wool (Upholsterers')
Sewing Cottons-
Reels.
Mending.
Crotchet.
Knitting.
Embroidery.
Threads.
Sewing Silks-
Skeins and Reels.
Arrascine.
Filloselle.
Twists.
Purse Twists.
Tailors' Sewings.
Sheeting-
Cotton, Plain and Twilled.
Union
Linen ", "
Waterproof.
Macintosh.
Shirtings-

White Cotton.
Grey
Crimean.
Flannelette.
Oxford and Cambridge.
Harvard.
Sco. Twill.
Union.
Printed Cotton.
Crêpe.
Ceylon.
Silesia-
Plain.
Printed.
Dyed.
Ticks
Cotton.
Union.
Linen.
Fancy.
Blind.
520-B

Cotton in piece-continued.
Towelling-
Crash.
Huckaback.
Diaper.
Turkish.
Dice.
Flax.
Twills-
Turkey.
Scotch.
India.
Union-
White.
Slate.
Black.
Brown.
Wadding-
Black, white.
Greys.
Bleached.
Needles-
Sewing.
Machine.
Knitting.
Packing.
Crochet.
Pins-
Hair.
Safety.
Stuck.
Ounce.
Bonnet.
Box.
Book.
Beads-Beads.
Beadware-Canvas work.
Canvas-
Navy
Sampler.
Tailors'.
French.
Dandy.
Druggetting-
Plain and printed.
Woven and felted.
Squares.
Felt-
Paper, plain and printed.
Union, plain.
Union, printed.
Whalebone-
Dressmakers'.
Stay and corset makers'.
Imitation.
Cotton Waste.
Cotton-wool.
Dates.
Dyeware and Dyes.
Engine Packing.
Felt (tarred).
Fibre, Cocoanut and Coir.
Fish, Fresh.
Flax.
Flock.
Fungus.
Ginger (not otherwise charged).
Gold Bars.
Dust.
, Quartz.
Hair.
Hemp.
Hides and Glue pieces.
Hoofs and Bones.

Hops.

## Customs Duties.

## Hops. <br> Horns.

Iron and Steel-Bar, Rod, Plate, Sheet, T, Angle, and Hoop (not galvan-
5 ized).
Iron Scrap.
Isinglass.
Ivory Nuts.
Kapok.
10 Kauri Gum.
Lead Ore.
Lead Pig.
Limejuice and Lemonjuice not bottled.
Limestone.
15 Linseed Meal.
Liquid Driers.
Malt.
Manures-
Guano.
Bone Dust.
Marble and Slate Slabs.
Matches.
Meat, Fresh and Frozen.
Milk, Fresh.
25 Millstones.
Minerals not otherwise charged.
Mineral Pitch.
Mops.
Mustard.
30 Nickel (unmanufactured) and Ore. Nuts (edible) not otherwise charged.
Oakum.
Oars.
Oil Cake.
35 Oils-
Cocoa-nut.
Palm.
Black Whale.
Sperm Whale not in bottles.
40 Linseed Oil, Raw or Boiled.
Ores.
Oysters, fresh.
Packages, outer, in which goods are usually imported, except Iron Tanks.
Packages empty-used and returned.
Passengers' baggage, being ordinary cabin furniture, second-hand used furniture and effects accompanying any passenger, and which have been used by such passenger, and are not imported for sale. Free, if not exceeding fifty pounds value. Pearl Shell.
55 Pencils, Wood.
Pepper.
Phormium Tenax.
Pig Iron, until 1st January, 1893.
Pine-apples (fresh).
60 Pitch.
Plants, Shrubs, and Trees.
Precious Stones, unset.
Printed Books, being literary compositions and periodicals.
65 Printed Music.
Printers' and Writing Paper.
Pulu.
Quartz.
Quicksilver.
70 Rags.
Rattans, Canes, and Willows.
Resin.
Saddle-trees.
Sandalwood, not dressed.

School and Book Slates.
Seeds Garden, Clover, Grass, and Lin. seed.
Shark Fins.
Shoe Pegs.
Silicate.
Silver Ore, Bullion, and Amalgam.
Skins, not dressed.
Soda Ash.
Specimens of Natural History.
Spelter.
Spices.
Sulphur.
Tallow.
Tar.
Terebene.
Tinfoil.
Tin Ingots.
Tin Plates.
Tools, viz: :
Adzes.
Anvils.
Augers.
Axes and Handles.
Bellows, Blacksmiths'.
Bits, brace.

## Braces.

Brushes, Painters'.
Chisels.
Chests of Tools
Choppers, Butchers'.
Cleavers
Clippers, Horse. Hairdressers'.
Clamps, Boatbuilders'. Carpenters'.
Cramps.
Compasses.
Cutters, Pipe.
Diamonds, Glaziers'.
Drills, Breast.
Eyelets.
Fids, Sailmakers'.
Files.
Forks-Hay, Garden, and Stable.
Froes.
Gimlets.
Grindstones.
Grindstone Fittings.
Hammers.
Hatchets.
Hoes.
Hones and Oil Stones.
Hooks, Reap.
," Bagging.
" Fern.
", Brush.
„ Furze.
," Wool.
Irons, Caulking.
, Plane.
", Soldering.
", Tailors' Geese.
, Tue.
Jacks.
Knives, Cane.
Cbaff.
" Butchers'.
" Drawing.
", Farriers'.
," Hay.
Ladles, Shoe.
," Pitch.

## Customs Duties.

Tools-continued.
Levels, Carpenters'.
Marline Spikes.
Mattocks.

Zinc unmanufactured and sheet.
Atlases and Maps for school use.
Beadings (Saddlers'), Brass, Silver, and Nickel.
Books-Educational-Copy and Exercise, for school use.
Buckles (Saddlers') -Japanned, Tinned, Nickel, Brass, and Nickel-plated and Dees.
Cables, Chain (Iron) Stud Link, or not less than half an inch in diameter.
Candle Cotton, Candle-wick.
Charts, Admiralty.
Chloro dinitro-benzol.
Cocoa, Raw.
Coffee, Raw.
Coir Yarn.
Collar-checks, Saddlers'.
Copper Rivets and Washers
Dairy Refrigerators, Separators, and parts thereof.
Dextrine, Shoemakers'.
Firewood, Rough.
Foil.
Glass, broken.
Globes for school use.
Hames.
Hat Linings, Cork.
Heel-tips and Plates, Black-iron Toes and Toe-plates (Shoemakers').
Hogskins.
Hooks, Eyelet.
Indiarubber-
Belting.
Engine-packing.
Hose and Tubing.
Insertion.
Rings.
Sheet.
Valves.
Washers.
Knitting Machines.
Leather, Morocco.
Locomotive Wheels.
Macaroni.
Milk Foods.
Nails, Yellow Muntz Metal.
Nitrate of Ammonia.
Oils, Seal.
Paper, photographic-albumenized.
Pencils, Slate.
Pipes and Tubes - Brass, Brass-cased, Iron, Steel, and Copper.
Plush, Silk hat.
Pullovers, felt, Hatters'.
Railway Waggon Wheels.
Reapers and Binders, and parts thereof.
Rock Salt.
Sago and Sago Flour.
Sewing Machine Heads.
Shellac.
Silver, German, in sheets.
Spunyarn.
Spurs.
Stirrup-irons.
Straw-plait.
Tapioca and Tapioca Flour.
Timber, Undressed-Ash, Hickory, Oak, and Sycamore.
Tin Tags.
Tools of Trade, not being machinery, and Tool Handles.
Twine, being sewing and seaming of hemp, cotton, or flax, also for Reapers and Binders.
Vermicelli.

## Customs Duties.

Wire-
Iron and Steel (not galvanised).
Rope.
Copper, Brass, and Silver,
5 Yeast.
Crude Drugs, \&c.-
Aloes.
Aloin.
Antefebrin.
10
Antepyrin.
Arsenic.
Borax.
Camphor.
Cantharides.
Cinchona.
Cocain.
Calumba.
Cream Tartar
Gentian.
20
Rhubarb.
Jalap.
Myrrh.
Henbane.
Hemlock.
Iodine.
Litharge.
Manganese.
Magnesia.
Menthol.
Parrafin Wax.
Quinine.
Soda Carbonate.
Soda Bi-carbonate.
Strychnine.
Saffron.
Tartaric Acid.
Vanilla Beans.
Ultramarine.
Zinc Sulphate.
Zinc Oxide.
Aconite
Arnica
Belladonna $\}$
Digitalis
45 Gum -
Animi.
Arabic.
Benzoin.
Buchu.
Copal.
Damar.
Island.
Mastic.
Manilla.
55
Sandrac.
Senega.
Sierra Leone
Tragaganth.

Oils-Essential (excepting Lemon and Eucalyptus).
Hospital Dressings and AppliancesLint.
Cat-gut, for sewing purposes.
Surgical Drainage Tubing.
Protective Silk.
Guttapercha tissue.
Adhesive Plaster.
Esmarch's Handkerchiefs.
Eye-pads.
Syringes.
Ice-bags.
Suspensories
Celluloid, for Splints.
Emery-cloth in piece (not coated).
Manilla paper for manufacturing glass paper.
Fish Oil.
Fishing Nets.
Artists' Colors.
Chains-
Breeching.
Leading.
Backband.
Bellyband.
Hip-strap.
'Bus-end.
Spring-cart, and
Trace-end.
Chlorate of Potash.
Soda Crystals.
Sponges.
Wire-gauze, fine.
Flint.
Typewriting machines and parts thereof.
Bitumen.
Split-skins for Bottle-tops.
Brushmakers' Materials, viz. :-
Bass.
Mexican Fibre.
Split Cane.
Whisk.
Kitool.
Files and Rasps.
Mill Silk.
Zinc Plates.
Bits (riding, driving, and cart).
Serge ('Saddlers').
Kersev (Saddlers').
Ornaments, Saddlers', nickel, plated, and brass.
Saddle Staples and Nails-Nickel, plated and tinned.
Rings and Terrets-Japanned, brass, nickel, and plated.
Web (Saddlers'), straining and girth.

