New South Wales.



ANNO QUINQUAGESIMO QUARTO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

No. XXV.

An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to Probate and Letters of Administration, and to the succession to Real Estate in cases of Intestacy, and for the preservation and management of the estates of deceased persons. [Assented to, 15th December, 1890.]

THEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law Preamble. relating to Probate and Letters of Administration, and to the succession to Real Estate in cases of Intestacy, and to the collection, management, and administration of the estates of deceased persons. Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :-

1. In the construction of this Act, unless the context be inconsis- Interpretation tent therewith, the following words and terms shall have and include clause.

and personal estate and effects of deceased persons whether with or without the will annexed, and whether granted for general A

general, special, or limited purposes, also exemplification of letters of administration or such other formal evidence of the letters of administration purporting to be under the seal of a Court of competent jurisdiction as shall in the opinion of the Court be deemed sufficient, and orders to the Curator to collect.

- "The Court" means Supreme Court of New South Wales in its Probate Jurisdiction, or the Probate Judge.
- "Governor" means Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council.
- "Probate" includes "Exemplification of probate" or any other formal document purporting to be under the seal of a Court of competent jurisdiction which shall in the opinion of the Court be deemed sufficient.
- "Probate Judge" means the Judge for the time being authorized to administer this Act, or any Judge acting as such.
- "Real Estate" shall include lands held under building leases or any lease for twenty-one years and upwards.
- "Will"—Testament and all other testamentary instruments of which probate may now be granted.

2. The following Statutes are hereby repealed, that is to say, first Victoria number four, eleventh Victoria number twenty-four, thirteenth Victoria number forty-four, fifteenth Victoria number eight, twenty-sixth Victoria number twenty, forty-fifth Victoria number two, but such repeal shall not affect any proceeding commenced under the said Acts or any of them prior to the passing of this Act, and so far as the Act twenty-sixth Victoria number twenty is concerned the provisions of the said Act shall be applied to the case of any person who shall have died between the date on which the said Act came into force and the passing of this Act.

3. This Act shall be divided into Parts, viz. :--

PART I.—Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in testamentary causes, and appointment of officers.

PART II.—Probate.

PART III.—Administration and distribution of Intestate Estates.

PART IV.—Probate and Administration generally.

PART V.—Foreign Probates and Letters of Administration.

PART VI.—Curator of Intestate Estates.

PART VII.—Procedure.

PART VIII.—General matters.

and may be cited as the "Probate Act of 1890."

PART I.

Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in Probate Jurisdiction, and appointment of Officers.

Jurisdiction of Supreme Court in causes testamentary.

4. The jurisdiction and authority heretofore vested in or exercised by the Supreme Court or by the Primary Judge in Equity in respect of the estates of deceased persons shall be vested in and exercised by the Supreme Court in Probate Jurisdiction and by such Judge as may from time to time be permanently or temporarily appointed in that behalf by the Governor under the title of the Probate Judge, or by any Judge of the Supreme Court acting for the said Probate Judge during his illness or absence or at his request.

Repeal.

Division of Act.

5.

5. The Probate Judge may sit with the assistance of any Judge Other Judges may or Judges of the Supreme Court, who at his request may consent to sit with Probate Judge. attend for that purpose. Provided that where three Judges so sit the 20 & 21 Vic. c. 77 judgment of the majority, and where only two Judges so sit their s. 34. unanimous judgment shall respectively be taken to be the judgment of the Full Court.

6. The Probate Judge may hear in Chambers such part of the Judge may sit in business under this Act as can in his opinion be so heard with advan- 21 & 22 Vic. c. 95 tage to the suitors, and shall when so sitting have and exercise the ss. 3, 5. same powers and jurisdiction as if in Court. Provided that the Judge while sitting in Chambers may adjourn for hearing in Court or when sitting in Court may adjourn for hearing in Chambers any case before him which he may think would be better heard in Court or Chambers as the case may be.

7. The Governor may appoint some fit and proper person Appointment of to be the Registrar, and also if thought expedient may appoint a Registrar. Deputy Registrar of the Probate Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court; and such Registrar shall, subject to any rules to be made hereunder for his future guidance and direction, perform such duties as have heretofore been performed by the Prothonotary of the Supreme Court in reference to proceedings in the Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction of the Court and by the Ecclesiastical Clerk of the Supreme Court, and such other duties as may be prescribed by rule of Court or directed by the Probate Judge, and during the illness or absence of the Registrar the Probate Judge may authorize any officer of the Supreme Court to act as Registrar.

8. The Governor may appoint some fit and proper person to be curator. Curator, and if necessary may appoint a Deputy Curator of Intestate Estates; and the present Curator of Intestate Estates shall be considered to have been appointed hereunder, and shall have, perform, and exercise all the powers, duties, and authorities by this Act conferred on the Curator, and such Curator of Intestate Estates may be suspended or removed from office by the Governor.

9. The Deputy Registrar or Deputy Curator, as the case may Deputies may be, if any, may exercise all the powers and shall perform all the exercise powers and duties by this Act conferred or imposed upon the Registrar or Curator Registrar and Curator respectively, and such other duties as may be prescribed by Rule Curator. of Court or directed by the Probate Judge.

10. During the illness or absence of the Curator the Probate Appointment of Judge may appoint some fit person to discharge the duties of the temporary Curator. Curator upon his giving such security as the Judge may direct; and Security. such person shall during such illness or absence act in the stead of the Curator, and sign and execute in his name all such documents as may require his signature or execution, and do, perform, and discharge all other acts, deeds, and duties pertaining to the office of Curator. 11. The Court shall have jurisdiction to grant probate of the Probate or adminis-

will or administration of the estate of any deceased person leaving granted of real or property, whether real or personal, within the Colony of New South personal estate. Vict. Act No. 427 s. 5. Wales.

12. The Court may if it shall think fit grant probate to one or Probate to one or 12. The Court may if it shall think fit grant probate to one of Thotate to one of more executors more of the executors named in any will, reserving leave to the other reserving leave to or others who have not renounced to come in and apply for probate at others to prove subsequently. some future date.

13. All applications for probate or letters of administration Application for may be made by petition to the Judges of the Supreme Court without administration may the necessity of application being made in open Court. Provided that be made by petition. notice of such intended application shall be published in the Gazette and in one Sydney newspaper at least fourteen days before such application is made.

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Certain matters may e delegated to Master in Equity.

14. It shall be lawful for the Judges of the Supreme Court, by rule of Court in that behalf made, to delegate to the Master in Equity or Registrar the powers of the Court in and about the granting of probates and administration of estates not exceeding one thousand pounds in value where no contention has arisen, and also in and about the passing of the accounts of executors and administrators, save in respect of the award of commission thereon. Provided that such Master or Registrar shall where any party interested shall so desire and in cases of doubt or difficulty refer the matter to the Probate Judge.

PART II.

Probate.

15. Upon the grant of probate of the will of any deceased person after the commencement of this Act, all the real estate whether held by him beneficially or in trust shall vest as from the death of such person in the executor to whom such probate shall be granted for all the estate therein of such person, and if there shall be more than one such executor shall vest in them as joint tenants in the same way as personal estate now vests.

16. All such real estate as shall have been held by any testator testator as trustee to as a trustee and shall vest in his executor by virtue of the thirteenth section of this Act shall be held by such executor subject to the trusts and equities affecting the same.

17. The real as well as personal estate of every deceased person shall be assets in the hands of his executor to whom probate shall have been granted for the payment of all duties and fees and for the payment of his debts in the ordinary course of administration, and it shall be lawful for such executor for purposes of administration to sell such real estate or mortgage the same with or without a power of sale and to convey the same to a purchaser or mortgagee in as full and effectual a manner in law as the testator of such executor could have done in his lifetime.

18. In all suits in Equity concerning the real estate of a deceased person, his executor to whom probate shall have been granted or administrator shall represent his real estate so long as it shall remain vested in him and the persons interested therein, in the same manner and to the same extent as in suits concerning personal estate the executor or administrator represents such estate and the persons interested therein.

19. Subject to the provisions of this Act the real estate of every deceased person devising such estate by his will shall be held by his executor to whom probate shall have been granted according to the trusts and dispositions of such will.

20. The executor to whom probate shall have been granted real estate as personal shall have the same rights and be subject to the same duties with respect to the real estate of his testator that executors heretofore have had or been subject to with reference to personal assets.

21. The probate of any will or letters of administration with the will annexed already granted or hereafter to be granted shall be evidence of the due execution of such will upon all questions concerning real estate in the same manner and to the same extent as heretofore concerning personal estate, and the copy attached or annexed to such probate or letters of administration purporting to be a copy of the will in respect of which probate or letters of administration have been so granted

Real estate to vest in executors. Vict. Act. No. 427 s. 6.

Real estate held by subject to trusts.

Real estate to be assets for payment of debts. 9 Geo. IV cap. 33, ss. 1 & 2.

In suits executor or administrator to represent real estate. Vict. Act. No. 407 s. 8.

Real estate to be held upon trusts of will. Ib. s. 9.

Executor to have same rights &c. as to estate.

Ib. s. 10.

Probate to be evidence of will concerning real estate. Ib. s. 11.

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granted shall be primá facie evidence of the contents of such will, and every probate or administration shall be primá facie evidence of the death and the date of the death of the testator or intestate.

22. There shall be one place of deposit under the control of the Place of original Court, at such place in Sydney as the Governor may by notice in the wills. Gazette direct, in which all the original wills brought into the Court, or of s. 66. which probate or administration with the will annexed is granted under this Act, and such other documents as the Probate Judge may direct shall be deposited and preserved, and the same may be inspected under the control of the Court and subject to the rules and regulations to be made hereunder; and until any such direction as aforesaid such wills and other documents shall be deposited and kept in the places at the present time used in that behalf.

23. An official copy of the whole or any part of a will or an Official copy of whole official certificate of the grant of any letters of administration may be be obtained. obtained from the Registrar or custodian on the payment of the fees 16. s. 69. fixed for the same by the rules and regulations now or hereafter to be in force in that behalf.

24. Any person residing in New South Wales may deposit in Will may be the office of the Registrar-General his will enclosed in a scaled deposited in the envelope or cover endorsed with the full name, description, and the then Registrar-General address of the testator or other means of ready identification, and also lifetime. the names in full with descriptions and addresses of the executors viet. Act No. 213 named therein, and such will shall unless previously required to be s. 14. given up by the testator remain in the said office in the custody of the Registrar-General until the death of the testator, and upon his death the Registrar-General shall deliver the same after examination to either of the executors named in the said will, or in case of doubt to such person as the Supreme Court or any Judge thereof may direct; Vict. Act No. 230 and no probate of any will not so deposited and no administration in s. 14. any case shall be granted unless the application be supported by an affidavit that a search has been made in the proper office for a will of the deceased, and stating whether any such will remains deposited with the officer for the time being authorized to have the custody of deposited wills, or by a certificate from the Registrar-General to the like effect.

PART III.

Administration and Distribution of Intestate Estates.

25. The practice and proceedings hitherto in force with reference Practice as to grantto granting administration of the personal estate of an intestate shall, ing administration of save as hereby altered and subject to the rules and orders to be estate. made hereunder, be applicable to administration granted hereunder and so far as may be to administration of real estate, and administration of both real and personal estate may be granted in and by the same letters.

26. The Court may grant administration of the estate of an To whom adminis-intestate person to the husband or widow or to one or more of the next tration may be of kin of the deceased person or to the husband or widow conjointly with one or more of the next of kin. Provided that any person to whom administration shall be granted shall be of the full age of twenty-one years. And in case there shall be no such person who shall be qualified as aforesaid, or who being so qualified shall be in the opinion of the Court fit to be so trusted, or who shall when duly cited appear and pray for administration, then administration may be granted to any person or persons whether creditors or not of the deceased that the Court shall think fit.

by testator in his

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Validation of administration heretofore granted in certain cases.

Administration bond to be executed. 20 and 21 Vic. c. 77 s. 81.

Amount of penalty in

Administration may be revoked or further bond required.

Order may be made to assign the bond. 20 and 21 Vic. c. 77 8. 83.

Lands of intestate or devised to vest in administrator or Curator in trust for next of kin.

27. Every administration heretofore granted to any husband in respect of the estate of his deceased wife or to any widow in respect of the estate of her deceased husband shall be deemed to be and to have been valid to all intents and purposes, anything in the Charter of Justice to the contrary notwithstanding.

28. Every person to whom a grant of administration shall be made shall, previous to the issue of such administration, execute a bond to Her Majesty and her successors with one or more surety or sureties conditioned for duly collecting, getting in, and administering the personal estate or real and personal estate of the deceased, which bond shall be in such form as the Court shall by rule direct, and in the meantime shall be in the form heretofore in use. Provided that it shall not be necessary for the Curator or for any person obtaining administration to the use or for the benefit of Her Majesty to execute any such bond. Provided also that no such bond shall be required to be given by or on behalf of the "Permanent Trustee Company of New South Wales (Limited)" or the "Perpetual Trustee Company (Limited)," except in respect of estates exceeding twenty thousand pounds in value, in which the Court shall otherwise order.

29. Such bond shall be in a penalty equal to the amount under administration bord, which the property of the deceased shall be sworn, but the Court may in any case dispense with the bond or with one or both of the sureties, or direct that such penalty shall be reduced in amount, and may also if it shall think fit direct that more bonds than one shall be given so as to limit the liability of any surety to such amount as the Court shall think reasonable, and may in place of such bond accept the security of any incorporated company or guarantee society approved of by the Court in such form and under such regulations as the Court shall by rule direct.

30. The Court may at any time upon the motion of any person interested in the estate revoke the administration already granted or order the administrator to execute a further bond in such sum and within such time as may seem right, with or without sureties as aforesaid, and upon default remove the administrator and appoint an administrator in his place, with power to sue or be sued upon any contract made by the removed administrator.

31. The Court may on application made on motion in a summary way and on being satisfied that the condition of any bond given hereunder has been broken order the Curator, for and on behalf of Her Majesty, to assign the same to some person to be named in such order, and such person, his executors or administrators shall thereupon be entitled to sue upon the said bond in his or their own name or names as if the same had been originally given to him, and shall be entitled to recover thereon as trustee for all persons interested the full amount recoverable in respect of any breach of the condition of the said bond.

32. All real estate which any person shall hereafter die seised or possessed of or entitled to in the Colony of New South Wales intestate shall pass to and become vested in the administrator of the estate of such person as from the death of such person for his estate therein, or in the case of a partial intestacy to and in the executor named in the will, or to and in the administrator with the will annexed, and such adminis-Vict. Act No. 230 s. 8. trator, or in the case of partial intestacy the executor or administrator with the will annexed, as the case may be, shall hold the said real estate upon trust for payment of the debts of the deceased, and subject thereto in trust for and as if the same had been devised to the same persons as tenants in common as would be entitled in the case of personal property, excepting only as mentioned in the next succeeding section.

33.

33. Any husband or wife shall be entitled on the death of the Husband's interest other intestate to the same share in the real or personal estate of the in wife's estate and vice versa. other as a wife is now by law entitled to in the personal estate of an Vict. Act No. 427 s. 9. intestate husband predeceasing her, and no estate by courtesy or right Queensland 41 Vic. of dower or any equivalent estate shall arise after the passing of this No dower or Act out of any real estate. Provided that any husband or widow so courtesy title. entitled to share in real estate shall be bound to accept the value thereof in lieu of partition if so desired by all the persons entitled jointly with him or her.

34. All real estate held by any person in trust or by way of Lands held in trust mortgage passing under this Act shall as from the death of such person vest in administrator. intestate as to the same vest in the administrator for all the estate therein of such person subject to the trusts and equities affecting the same.

35. No real estate of which administration has been granted Lands not to be sold under this Act shall be leased for a longer term than three years or order. sold or mortgaged by the administrator without the consent of all Queensland persons beneficially interested or the order of the Court in that behalf which may impose such conditions as it shall think fit, subject however to appeal as herein provided.

36. The Court may upon the petition of the administrator, or Court may make in case of partial intestacy the executor, or the administrator with the special order. will annexed, or of any person beneficially interested, and after such previous notice to other parties and inquiry as shall seem fit, order and direct the course of proceedings which shall be taken in regard to the time and mode of sale of any such real estate as aforesaid, the letting and management thereof until sale, the application for maintenance or advancement or otherwise of shares or income of shares of infants, the expediency and mode of effecting a partition if applied for, and generally in regard to the administration of the real estate for the greatest advantage of all persons interested.

37. In any case wherein upon such inquiry the Court shall be Court may order satisfied that a partition of such real estate or any part thereof would $\frac{\text{partition in a}}{\text{summary way.}}$ be advantageous to the parties interested therein, it shall be lawful for *Ib. s. 4.* such Court to appoint one or more arbitrators to effect such partition. And the report and final award of the arbitrators setting forth particulars of the land allotted to each party interested shall when signed by them and confirmed by the order of the Court and when also registered in the office of the Registrar-General be effectual without the necessity of any further conveyance to vest in each allottee the land so allotted to him, and an office copy of such award so signed, confirmed, and registered as aforesaid shall for all purposes be equivalent to an indenture of conveyance to each allottee of the lands allotted to him as aforesaid. And in the case of land subject to the provisions of the "Real Property Act" each such allottee shall be entitled to have issued to him a certificate of title for the land so allotted to him. And if such allotment be made subject to the charge of any money payable to any other party interested for equalizing the partition such charge shall take effect according to the terms and conditions in regard to time and mode of payment and otherwise which shall be expressed in such award without the necessity of any further instrument being made or executed. And in the case of land subject to the provisions of the Real Property Act the certificate of title shall issue, subject to such charge unless such charge shall be satisfied.

38. No personal representative shall be required against his Personal own consent to continue the duty of a trustee by managing the representative not required to continue property during an enforced suspension of sale but shall be entitled to act against their upon such suspension being ordered to relinquish his trust to such own consent. Ib. s. 7. person as the Court may appoint.

PART

PART IV.

Probate and Administration generally.

Property of intestate to vest in Chief Justice. 21 & 22 Vic. c. 95 s. 19.

Executor renouncing as if he had

s. 16.

Where an infant is sole executor adminis-tration to be granted to the guardian &c. 38 Geo. III c. 87 s. 6.

Who shall have the same power as where administration is granted durante minore ætate of the next of kin. Ib. s. 7. Probate or administration to be granted

to attorney in certain cases.

Administration pendente lite and receiver.

Power as to appointment of adminis trator. Ib. s. 73.

39. From and after the decease of any person dying intestate and until letters of administration or an order to collect shall be granted in respect of his estate the real and personal estate of such deceased person shall be deemed to be vested in the Chief Justice of New South Wales, or if there shall be no Chief Justice then in the senior Puisne Judge for the time being in the same manner and to the same extent as aforetime the personal estate and effects vested in the Ordinary in England.

40. Where any person after the commencement of this Act probate or not acting renounces probate of the will of which he is appointed executor or one citation to be treated of the executors, and whenever an executor appointed in a will survives as if he had renounced. the testator but dies without having taken probate, and whenever an 21 and 22 Vic. c. 95 executor named in a will is personally cited to take probate and does not appear to such citation the right of such person in respect of the executorship shall wholly cease, and the representation to the testator and the administration of his effects shall without any further renunciation go, devolve, and be committed in like manner as if such person had not been appointed executor.

41. Where an infant is sole executor, administration with the will annexed may be granted to the guardian of such infant or to such other person as the Court shall think fit, until such infant shall have attained the full age of twenty-one years, with or without full or limited powers to act in the premises until probate shall have been granted to the said executor or administration to some other person.

42. The person to whom such administration shall be granted shall have the same powers vested in him as an administrator by virtue of an administration granted to him durante minore ætate of the next of kin.

43. When any person named as executor, or any husband or widow or the next of kin entitled to probate or administration shall be out of the jurisdiction but shall have some person within the jurisdiction of the Court appointed under power of attorney to act for him or her respectively, administration may be granted to such attorney, but on behalf of the person entitled thereto and on such terms and conditions as the Court shall think fit.

44. Pending any suit touching the validity of the will of any deceased person or for obtaining, recalling, or revoking any probate or 20 & 21 Vic. c. 77 any grant of administration, or during a contested right to administra-ss. 70, 71. tion the Court may if it shall think ft and it is the state of the stat tion, the Court may if it shall think fit appoint an administrator of the personal estate and the same or any other person to be receiver of the real estate of any deceased person with such full or limited powers and with or without a bond or sureties as the Court may think right, and may make such orders for the remuneration of such administrator or receiver out of the personal and real estate of the deceased as it may think right.

45. Where a person shall die intestate or leaving a will but without having appointed an executor thereof, or an executor willing and competent to take probate, or where the executor shall be resident out of the Colony the Court may if it shall think it necessary or convenient in any such case appoint some person to be the administrator of the estate of the deceased or of any part thereof upon his giving such security (if any) as the Court shall direct, and every such administration may be limited as the Court shall think fit.

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46. In any case where the executor named in a will shall Proceeding where neglect or refuse to prove the same or to renounce probate thereof executor neglect to prove will. within three calendar months from the death of the testator or vict. Act. from the time of such executor attaining the age of twenty-one years, or where the executor is unknown or cannot be found, the Court may, upon the application of any person interested in the estate or of the Curator or of any creditor of the testator, grant an order nisi calling upon the executor to show cause why probate of the said will should not be granted to such executor, or in the alternative why administration with such will annexed should not be granted to the applicant, and upon affidavit of service or of sufficient reasons for nonservice of such order if the executor do not appear, or upon cause being shown it shall be lawful for the Court to make such order thereon for the administration of the estate and to make such order as to costs as shall appear just.

47. If at the expiration of six calendar months from the death If executor or of any person the executor to whom probate of the will or the administrator out of administrator to whom administration of the estate and effects of such administrator may deceased person shall have been granted is then residing out of the be appointed. jurisdiction, the Court may, upon the application of any creditor, legatee, ^{Ib}. or next of kin, grant to such creditor, legatee, or next of kin so applying special letters of administration of such deceased person, nevertheless to cease upon an order being made for the rescission thereof as herein. after mentioned.

43. The person applying for any such special grant as aforesaid special administrator shall in addition to the oath usually taken by administrators satisfy affidavits. the Court by affidavit that the executor or administrator of such 1b. deceased person is resident out of the jurisdiction of the Court, and that the applicant is thereby delayed in recovering or obtaining payment of moneys or the possession of goods and chattels, or real estate, to which he is by law entitled, or that the estate is liable to loss or waste.

49. On the return within the jurisdiction of the Court of the On return of executor or administrator to whom probate or administration shall administrator special originally have been granted such executor or administrator may apply administration to be to the Court by petition to rescind such special grant of administration, rescinded. and the Court on the hearing of such petition may make an order to ^{1b}. rescind such special grant of administration upon such terms and conditions as to security, costs, or otherwise as to the Court may seem reasonable, and thereafter the original probate or administration shall be and remain as valid and effectual as if such special grant of administration had never been made.

50. Upon any order being made by the Court for the rescission On order being made of any grant of special administration as aforesaid the special admini-strator shall be bound duly to account to the original executor or account and pay administrator, and to pay over all moneys received by him as such over moneys. special administrator, and then remaining in his hands undisposed of, 16. as the Court may order.

51. If such executor or administrator shall neglect to apply for Original executor or an order for the rescission of such special administration he shall, administrator liable notwithstanding that such special administration remains unrescinded, administration not be liable to answer and make good all claims and demands against the rescinded. estate of the deceased to the extent of the assets which have come to ^{*Ib*}. his hands or which might have come to his hands but for his wilful neglect or default including the neglect herein mentioned.

52. Where before the revocation of any ordinary or temporary Revocation of administration or the rescission of any special administration as afore- temporary grants said, any proceedings at law or in equity have been commenced by actions or suits. or against any administrator so appointed, the Court in which such 20 & 21 Vic. c. 77 proceedings s. 76.

proceedings are pending may order that a suggestion be made upon the record of the revocation or rescission of such administration and of the grant or restoration of probate or administration which shall have been made consequent thereon, and thereupon the proceedings shall be continued in the name of the new or original executor or administrator in like manner as if the proceedings had been originally commenced by or against such new or original executor or administrator, but subject to such conditions and variations if any as such Court may direct.

53. In the administration of the estate of every person who shall die after the passing of this Act no debt or liability of such person shall be entitled to any priority or preference by reason merely that the same is secured by or arises under a bond, deed, or other instrument under seal, or is otherwise made or constituted a specialty debt, or is due to an executor or administrator, but all the creditors of such person as well specialty as simple contract shall be treated as standing in equal degree and be paid accordingly out of the assets of such deceased person whether such assets are legal or equitable, any statute or law to the contrary notwithstanding. Provided always that this Act shall not prejudice or affect any mortgage, lien, charge, or other security which any creditor may hold or be entitled to for payment of his debt.

54. Where any probate or administration is revoked or rescinded under this Act all payments bond fide made to any executor or administrator under such probate or administration before the revocation or rescission thereof shall be a legal discharge to the person making the same, and the executor or administrator who shall have acted under any such revoked or rescinded probate or administration may retain and reimburse himself or shall be entitled to be reimbursed in respect of any payments made by him which the person to whom probate or administration shall be afterwards or was originally granted might have lawfully made.

55. All persons and corporations making or permitting to be made any payment or transfer bond fide upon any probate or administration or order granted in respect of the estate of any deceased person under the authority of this Act shall be indemnified and protected in so doing notwithstanding any defect or circumstance whatsoever affecting the validity of such probate or letters of administration or order not then known to such persons or corporations.

56. Every person to whom probate or administration has been administrator to pass or shall be granted shall file an inventory of the estate of the deceased and pass his accounts relating thereto within such time, and from time to time and in such manner as may be fixed by any rule or order under this Act or as the Court may specially order, and until then in accordance with the rules hitherto in force : And shall be subject to any special order that the Court may on the motion of any person interested make as to the production and verification of his accounts, and the order of the Court allowing any such account shall be prima facie evidence of the correctness of the same, and shall, after the expiration of three years from the date of such order, operate as a release to the person filing the same, excepting so far as it shall be shown by some person interested therein that an error or omission or fraudulent entry has been made in such account.

57. It shall be lawful for the Court to allow out of the assets of any deceased person to his executor, administrator, or trustee for the time being in passing his accounts, such commission or percentage for his pains and trouble as shall be just and reasonable, and subject to such notices if any as such Court may direct. No such allowance shall be made to any executor, administrator, or trustee who shall neglect or omit without good reason or a special order of a Judge to pass his accounts pursuant to any general or special rule or order of the Court. 58.

All specialty and simple contract debts to stand in equal degree. 32 and 33 Vic. cap. 46.

Payments under revoked probates or administrations valid. Ib. s. 77.

Persons &c. making payments upon probates granted for estate of deceased person to be indemnified. Ib. s. 78.

Executor or accounts.

Executors &c. may be allowed commission.

58. The Registrar shall cause entries to be made in a book to Registrar to keep be kept for that purpose of all grants of probate and administration, record of probates, &c. and of the filing, passing, and allowance of the accounts of all executors and administrators, and of any special order extending the time for passing such accounts; and such book shall set forth the dates of such grants, the names of the testators or intestates, the place and time of death, the names and description of the executors or administrators, the sworn value of the estates, and the dates of the filing, passing allowance of, and special orders with reference to the said accounts.

59. In case any such executor or administrator shall neglect to If accounts not file such inventory or to pass such accounts as aforesaid for the space to summon adminisof one calendar month after the expiration of the period fixed it shall trator before Judge be the duty of the Registrar to cause such executor or administrator who may inflict to be notified of such perdect and in and for the forther of administrator penalty. to be notified of such neglect, and in case of further neglect for the period of one calendar month he shall cause him to be summoned before the Court to show cause why he should not be ordered to file such inventory or to exhibit such account to the Court forthwith. And if such executor or administrator shall not within the prescribed time or within such further time as shall be allowed him by a Judge, file, pass, or exhibit such inventory or account in manner aforesaid he shall be liable to attachment in accordance with the practice of the Court of Equity.

60. Proceedings being taken under the last preceding section Proceedings under shall not prejudice the right to proceed against the executor or admin-istrator for an account and administration or prevent the Court from on bond. from ordering the assignment of any bond to any person with a view of enforcing the penalty thereof as hereinbefore mentioned.

61. The Court may make such order with reference to the Judge may make distribution or application of any moneys which the executor or of moneys in hands administrator or Curator may have in hand, or as to the residue of the of executor, &c. estate as it may think fit. Provided that no final order for distribution shall be made except upon notice to all the parties entitled.

62. Any decree in Equity in an administration suit shall bind Decree in Equity the parties, and be of the same force and effect to all intents and shall bind parties. purposes as if an order to the same effect had been made in the Probate Jurisdiction.

PART V.

Foreign Probates and Letters of Administration.

63. When any probate or letters of administration already Probates and letters granted or hereafter to be granted by any Court of competent jurisdic-tion in any portion of Her Majesty's Dominions shall be produced to Colonies or the united Kingdom to and a copy thereof deposited with the Registrar by any person being be of like force as if the executor or administrator therein named, or by any person duly granted to New authorized by power of attorney in that behalf under the hand and being resealed. seal of such executor or administrator, such probate or letters of S. A. Act. administration may be sealed with the seal of the Supreme Court of New South Wales, and shall when so sealed have the like force and effect and have the same operation in New South Wales, and every executor and administrator thereunder shall perform the same duties and be subject to the same liabilities as if such probate or letters of administration had been originally granted by the said Supreme Court. Provided always that the Court may require any such executor or administrator or person authorized as aforesaid to give security for the due administration of the estate in respect of matters or claims 64. within the Colony.

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Seal not to be affixed till duty is paid. *Ib.*

And as to administration till bond is entered into.

Every executor &c. to be deemed resident in the Colony.

Caveat.

Notice of intention to apply.

Not to apply to Public Officer or Curator. 64. The seal of the Court shall not be affixed to any such probate or letters of administration until all such probate, stamp, and other duties if any have been paid as would have been payable if such probate or letters of administration had been originally granted by the Supreme Court of New South Wales, and further such letters of administration shall not be so sealed until such bond has been entered into as would have been required if such letters had been originally granted by the last-mentioned Supreme Court.

65. Every such executor or administrator as last aforesaid, and every executor or administrator appointed under this Act shall be deemed to be resident within the Colony of New South Wales, and where not actually so resident he shall before the issue or sealing of any probate or administration file with the Registrar an address within the city of Sydney at which notices and processes may be served upon him, and all services at such registered address shall be deemed personal service.

66. Any person may lodge a caveat against the sealing of any such probate or letters of administration, and such caveat shall have the same effect and shall be dealt with in the same manner as a caveat against the grant of probate or administration.

67. The seal of the Court shall not be affixed as aforesaid except upon an affidavit that notice of the intention to apply in that behalf has been published twice in one or more Sydney daily newspapers fourteen days before the making of such affidavit, and that no caveat has been lodged in respect thereof up to the morning of such application.

68. The above provision as to sealing shall not apply to any Public Officer or to the Curator of Intestate Estates.

PART VI.

Curator of Intestate Estates.

69. The Curator shall before entering upon the duties of his office give security to Her Majesty and her successors to the satisfaction of the Colonial Treasurer for the collection and due payment of and accounting for all moneys which shall come to his hands by virtue of his office. Provided that any surety found by him may withdraw from any future liability by giving the Colonial Treasurer three months written notice of his desire so to do, but such withdrawal shall not affect his liability for any breach which may have occurred prior to the date of actual withdrawal.

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70. On the death, resignation, or removal of such Curator, his successor shall immediately on his appointment and by virtue thereof become entitled to administer all the real and personal estate of every such deceased person as hereinafter mentioned left unadministered by any predecessor. And every such successor shall immediately upon his appointment and by virtue thereof become entitled to the possession of all books, accounts, letters, papers, and documents of every description used by or in the possession or under the control of any predecessor relating to any estate administered by him or to the office of Curator

relating to any estate administered by him or to the office of Curator. 71. In legal proceedings it shall not be necessary for the Curator or those suing him to prove his general authority to act as Curator, but only to prove the order to collect in the specific estate to which the proceedings relate. Whenever the office of Curator shall become vacant by death, resignation, or removal from office or otherwise, and another person shall be appointed to the vacancy so created, any

Curator to give security.

Successors to have power of administrator de bonis non.

Proceedings by and against Curator.

any action or proceeding which may have been taken as aforesaid shall not abate but shall be continued by or against the person so appointed as such Curator, and no fresh order to collect shall be necessary.

72. The Curator may appoint any persons he may think fit to curator's agents. act as his agents for the purpose of administering all estates in his hands, and the clerks to the several Benches of Magistrates within the Colony shall at his request act as such agents within their respective districts. Every such agent not being a Clerk of Petty Sessions shall give security to the satisfaction of the Curator for the performance of his duties. Such agents shall in all respects act in the management, collection, and getting in of such property under the direction of the Curator who shall not be answerable for any act or omission of any such agent not in conformity with any such direction or which shall not have happened by the said Curator's own default or neglect.

73. The Curator shall take and retain the fees set out in the As to fees and com-Schedule hereto, and also a commission of five pounds per centum mission. on all moneys collected by him or by his agents, and shall pay such fees and commission into the Treasury for the public uses of the Colony after deducting therefrom all expenses and an allowance of not exceeding three pounds per centum by way of commission to his agents in respect of all moneys collected by them or through or by reason of their agency.

74. The Court may on the application of the Curator grant to Order to Curator to the Curator an order to collect the estate of any deceased person ^{collect.} leaving real or personal estate within the jurisdiction of the Court in any of the following cases—

- (I) Where the person shall have died testate but leaving no executor or no executor who may be willing and capable of acting in execution of his will, and no widow or next of kin, or no such person willing and capable as aforesaid resident within the jurisdiction of the Court, or where he shall have died intestate and leaving no widow or next of kin resident within such jurisdiction willing and capable of acting as aforesaid.
- (II) Where the person shall have died either testate or intestate and probate or administration shall not have been applied for within three months after the death of such person.
- (III) Where the person shall by his will have appointed the Curator to act.
- (IV) Where the estate or any portion thereof is liable to waste, and the executor appointed by the will or widow or lawful next of kin shall be absent from the locality of the said estate or is not known or has not been found, or shall request the Curator in writing to apply for such order.
- (v) Where the executors named in the will of the deceased have renounced probate or all the persons primarily entitled to administration have by writing filed in the office of the Registrar declined to apply for administration.
- (VI) Where the estate or any portion thereof is of a perishable nature or is in danger of being lost or destroyed, or where great expense may be incurred by reason of delay.
- (VII) Where after the expiration of thirty days from the decease of any person there is no reasonable probability of probate or administration being obtained within the period of three months from such decease.

Provided that the Court may in any case require the Curator to give such notices or cite such persons or produce such evidence as it may think

think fit before granting the order applied for, or may make a temporary order for collection and protection only or generally or limited to a portion of the estate or otherwise.

75. An order to collect the estate of any deceased person shall give to the Curator the same powers, rights, and obligations in respect of such estate, except as hereby enacted, as he would have had if administration had been granted to him as next of kin to such person intestate; and all laws now or hereafter in force in reference to the administration of the estates of deceased persons shall apply to the administration of estates by the Curator.

76. Notwithstanding any order which shall have been made authorizing the Curator to collect under this Act the Court may grant probate of the will or administration of the estate of such deceased person to any person in such manner and subject to such limitations or conditions as it shall think proper, but no application for any such grant shall be made until seven days after notice in writing of the intention to apply for the same shall have been left at the office of the Curator.

77. Immediately on the grant of any such probate or administration all the interest, powers, rights, and duties of the Curator (except such rights as are conferred by this section) in regard to the estate of the deceased person whose estate shall be affected by such grant, and all liabilities of the Curator under any contract or agreement entered into by him in relation to such estate or any part thereof shall cease, and (subject to and on the allowance and payment of all money due for the commission of the Curator as aforesaid and the necessary outlay, disbursements, costs, charges, and expenses in relation to such estate, including all costs of appearing on the application for such probate or letters of administration or rule and consequent thereon, and subject also to the provisions of this section) such portion of the estate of such deceased person as shall be left unadministered by the Curator, and all rights and obligations of the Curator in respect thereof shall vest in the executor or administrator obtaining such probate or administration. Provided always that nothing herein contained shall be held to relieve the Curator from any liability in respect of his management of the estate up to the time of such probate or administration.

78. Whenever it shall be made to appear to the Court that there is reasonable ground to suppose that any person has died either in or out of the jurisdiction of the Court intestate leaving property of jurisdiction of the within such jurisdiction the Court may order and empower the Curator to collect and manage the estate of such person both real and personal, and every such order shall be valid until revoked and shall empower the Curator to collect, manage, and administer the personal estate, and enter upon and receive the rents and profits and otherwise manage the real estate of such supposed deceased person, and to pay and discharge the debts and liabilities of such person in like manner as if he were certainly dead and the Curator had obtained an order to collect the estate of such person under the preceding provisions. Provided that the Curator shall not proceed to any distribution of the assets without an order of the Court specially authorizing him to make such distribution.

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79. Within fourteen days after any order to collect shall have been granted the Curator shall, unless the Court shall otherwise order, cause notice of the fact that such order has been granted to be published twice in some daily newspaper published in the city of Sydney; and if the person of whose estate the Curator shall have been appointed Curator did not reside in such city then also twice in some newspaper published in the town or place where such person resided, or if there shall be no newspaper published in such town or place then twice in some newspaper circulating in or near to such town or place. 80.

Effect of order.

Probates and administrations may be granted notwithstanding appoint-ment of Curator.

On such grant Curator's duties and liabilities to cease.

When there is reasonable ground to believe that any person has died out may obtain order to manage &c. without strict legal proof of death.

Notice of rule to be published.

80. The Curator shall cause like notices to be published in Like notices to next newspapers published or circulating in the town or place where the of kin. next of kin are known or supposed to reside, and in the case of foreigners he shall give notice to the Consul of the country where the next of kin are supposed to reside, if there shall be any such Consul resident in Sydney, unless the Court shall in any case otherwise order.

81. Any person interested as creditor, next of kin or otherwise Court to have in the real or personal estate of any deceased person which the Curator over Curator. has been ordered to collect may, on the neglect or refusal of the Curator to do any act in relation to the administration of such estate, or on his doing or threatening to do any act in breach of his duty with reference to the said estate, apply ex parte upon affidavit to the Probate Judge in chambers for an order calling upon the Curator to show cause upon a day not less than two days from the service of such order upon him before the Court why he should not do or abstain from doing such act, and for an interim order in the nature of an injunction if warranted by the facts of the case; and any such order may be granted subject to such conditions as to giving security for costs as the Court may impose.

82. Upon the hearing of any such complaint the Court may Applications how receive proof of the matters in relation thereto orally or by affidavit, and may make such order thereon as the circumstances of the case may require, and as to payment of costs by the complainant or by the Curator personally or from the estate administered by him as in his discretion shall seem just, and such orders shall have the same effect and be enforceable by the same process as if made by the Court sitting in equity in a suit between the parties to such complaint.

83. In all cases where an order to collect shall have been made Curator to act as the or shall be made under this Act it shall be lawful for the Court on the Court shall direct. petition of the Curator or any person interested in the estate to make such orders touching the collection, sale, investment, and disposal of the estate as to the Court shall seem meet.

84. In every case in which the estate of any deceased person Mode of proceeding shall be administered by the Curator under this Act all disputes and under this Act. matters touching the collection, management, or administration of the same, and all claims and demands thereon, except as hereinafter provided, shall be decided by the Court on petition. Provided nevertheless that in any case in which it shall appear to be not desirable that the matter in question should be so decided the Court may direct such proceedings to be instituted as shall appear proper for the due decision thereof.

85. The Curator shall at such times as he shall think fit Payment of debts. cause advertisements to be published in the Gazette and such public newspapers as he shall deem expedient, calling upon the creditors of the persons whose estates he shall have been ordered to administer to come in and prove their debts before him, on or before a time to be fixed in such notice. He may allow any claim which may be made before him upon the affidavit of the claimant alone or where he shall think fit to call for further evidence upon such further evidence as he shall require. He shall as soon after the expiration of the time allowed for proof of debts as he conveniently can, pay the debts proved if the whole thereof can be paid, and if not shall declare and pay a dividend thereon; and if he shall collect any further assets after making such payment he shall in case any part of the debts proved remain unpaid pay the same and any debts subsequently proved before him (or a dividend thereon as the case may be), but such debts as shall be subsequently proved shall first be paid a dividend in proportion to their amount equal to the dividend paid to creditors having previously proved their debts. After payment of all debts, fees, and

and expenses incident to the collection, management, and administration of such estate he shall pay over the residue to the personal representative if any of the intestate or testator (as the case may be) so soon as such representative shall have been duly constituted.

Payment to relatives &c. in petty cases.

Accounts to be kept,

&c.

86. If at the expiration of three calendar months from the time fixed by the advertisement for creditors to come in and prove their debts no debt shall have been proved or no creditor having proved his debt shall remain unpaid, it shall be lawful for the Curator with the approval of the Court to pay any sum not exceeding one hundred pounds to any person claiming to be a party in distribution or to be a legatee under a will without letters of administration having been obtained or the will being proved, and upon such evidence of the right or title of the party so claiming as the Court may under the circumstances deem sufficient.

87. The Curator shall make or cause to be made an inventory or list of all the estates of the persons which he shall have been ordered to administer, and shall retain the same in his office and shall keep an account of all his receipts, payments, and dealings in every such estate, and shall retain all letters received and copies of all letters written by him and all deeds, papers, and writings of and relating to such estates, and shall permit all persons to inspect and take copies of the same and of all proceedings relating thereto at all reasonable hours, or shall furnish office copies thereof on payment of the fees mentioned in the Schedule hereto annexed. The Curator shall with due diligence sell or mortgage such lands as he may be authorized to deal with and convert into money all such other estate as shall not consist of money unless otherwise ordered by the Court, and shall forthwith pay all moneys received by him as such Curator into some Bank to be approved of by the Court and the Colonial Treasurer to the credit of an official account to be operated on by him as such Curator.

88. The receipts in writing of the said Curator for any moneys payable to him under this Act shall be sufficient discharges for the same to the persons paying the same who shall not afterwards be liable for any misapplication thereof.

89. The Curator shall in the months of January, April, July, and October in every year transmit to the Colonial Treasurer a return of all moneys received and paid by him or any agent or agents for him during the three months immediately preceding in respect of the estates intrusted to him to collect, distinguishing the particular estate in which the same have been so received or paid. And shall at the same time furnish a separate and distinct return of all balances or sums whatsoever then in his hands to the credit of each of such estates : And shall keep proper books of account in reference thereto, which shall once in every three months or oftener if necessary be examined and passed by the Colonial Treasurer or some officer appointed by him in that behalf.

90. The Curator shall after the expiration of six months from the date of the order for collection of any estate invest all moneys then standing to the credit of each such estate as the Court may by any general or special rule or order direct, and until and subject to any such order or rule may be made in accordance with the rule for the time being in force with reference to the investment of suitors moneys under the charge or control of the Court of Equity.

91. Neither the Curator nor any of his agents shall be personally not hable for acts done in the perform. liable to any person in respect of goods or chattels in the possession ance of their duties. of any testator or intestate at the time of his death which shall be sold by the Curator or any such agent as the goods of such testator or intestate, unless such Curator or agent shall know or have actual notice before the sale that such goods or chattels were not in fact the property of

Receipt of Curator sufficient discharge.

Quarterly returns to Treasurer and accounts.

The Curator to invest moneys after expiration of six months.

Curator or his agents not liable for act

of such testator or intestate, nor for any act done bona fide in the performance of their duties respectively unless it shall be shown that such act was done not only illegally but wilfully or with gross negligence.

92. In case of any sale by the Curator or his agents of goods or Proceeds of property chattels belonging in fact to any third person the amount realized of third person to be by such sale thereof shall be paid over by him to the owner upon proof by him of such ownership, unless the same shall have been applied in the payment of the debts of the deceased or shall have been distributed according to any will of the deceased or in the ordinary course of administration whilst the said Curator or any such agent was in ignorance, and without actual notice of the claim of such person to the goods or chattels so sold.

93. If it shall appear on office found that any real estate vested ^{Conveyance of} escheated lands and in the Curator has escheated to Her Majesty, the net proceeds of sale of disposal of proceeds such estate shall be paid by the Curator to the Colonial Treasurer and of sale. be by him carried to the credit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund: And the Curator's conveyance of such real estate to the purchaser thereof shall operate to pass the right, title, and interest of the deceased intestate to such purchaser as in any other case.

94. The Curator shall in the first week in January in each Payment to Colonial Treasurer after six year cause all sums of money which shall on the first day of that month years. have been invested as aforesaid and lying to the credit of any estate under his control for the term of six years then next preceding to be paid to the Colonial Treasurer for the public service of the Colony, subject to the provisions hereinafter contained.

95. It shall be lawful for the Court at any time upon the Parties entitled may apply subsequently. petition of any person claiming to be entitled to the said moneys so paid over to the Colonial Treasurer or any part thereof, and upon being satisfied by affidavit or other sufficient evidence adduced in support thereof that such person is so entitled to make an order for the payment of such moneys or any portion thereof, but without interest thereon from the time of payment to the Colonial Treasurer as aforesaid, and after deducting any costs and expenses which may have been incurred by the Curator or otherwise in respect of such application; and the Colonial Treasurer on being served with such order shall within a reasonable time in that behalf pay the amount mentioned therein to the person therein named, and the receipt of such person shall be a sufficient voucher for such payment.

PART VII.

Procedure.

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96. Subject to any rules or orders to be made hereunder, and Practice until otherwise ordered except where otherwise provided by this Act the practice of the Supreme to be as at present Court in Probate Jurisdiction shall be regulated so far as the circum- existing. stances of the case will admit by the practice of the Court in its Equitable Jurisdiction.

97. Subject to the rules and orders to be made hereunder, the Mode of taking evidence. witnesses and where necessary the parties in all matters where their 20 and 21 Vic. c. 77 attendance can be had shall be examined orally in open Court, whether s. 31. the trial or proceeding be with or without a jury. Provided always that by the permission of the Court in every case the parties may verify their respective cases in whole or in part by affidavit, but so that the deponent in every such affidavit shall on the application of the opposite party be subject to be cross-examined by or on behalf

of such opposite party orally in open Court as aforesaid, and upon such cross-examination may be re-examined orally in open Court as aforesaid by or on behalf of the party by whom such affidavit was filed.

98. Where a witness in any contested matter is out of the jurisdiction of the Court, or where by reason of his illness or otherwise the Court shall not think fit to enforce the attendance of the witness in open Court, it shall be lawful for the Court to order a commission to issue for the examination of such witness on oath upon interrogatories or otherwise, or if the witness be within the jurisdiction of the Court to order the examination of such witness on oath upon interrogatories or otherwise before any officer of the said Court or other person to be named in such order for the purpose; and all the powers now vested in the Supreme Court in its equitable jurisdiction with reference to the issuing of commissions and ordering the examination of witnesses and generally in connection therewith shall extend to and be applicable to the Court in its probate jurisdiction.

99. The Court may direct any question of fact arising in any may be directed to be suit or proceeding under this Act to be tried by a special or common jury.

100. When any question shall be so directed to be tried such question shall be reduced into the form of an issue and shall be tried before the Probate Judge or one of the other Judges of the Supreme Court and a jury of four or twelve men at such time and place as the Court may direct, and thereupon the matter shall proceed as in the case of issues directed to be tried by the Court in its equitable jurisdiction.

101. Any person considering himself aggrieved by any final or interlocutory decree or order of the Probate Judge may appeal therefrom to the full Court in the same way and with and subject to the same powers, orders, rules, and regulations as are now in force with reference to appeals from the decisions of the Primary Judge in Equity.

102. The Probate Judge may on the application of any party or at his own discretion, and on such terms (if any) as he shall think fit to impose, direct a rehearing by the Full Court of any cause, petition, motion, or matter before him; and in such case it shall not be necessary to give any notice of appeal, but nothing herein shall prejudice the right of any party to appeal when the Judge shall not give any such direction.

103. Any person may lodge with the registrar a caveat against any application for probate or administration at any time previous to such probate or administration being granted; and every such caveat shall set forth the name of the person lodging the same, and an address within the city of Sydney at which notices may be served on him.

104. In every case in which a caveat shall be lodged the Court may upon motion on behalf of the person applying for probate or administration supported by affidavits upon which if there had been no caveat, probate or administration would have been granted, make an order nisi for the grant of probate or administration to the person applying; and every such order shall name a time for showing cause against the same, and the Court may enlarge such order from time to time.

105. Every such order nisi and every order enlarging the same may be served on the caveator by delivering a copy of the same at the address mentioned in his caveat.

106. If upon the day named in the order nisi or upon the day to which such order shall have been enlarged the caveator do not appear such order nisi may be made absolute upon an affidavit of service, but if the caveator appear the matter shall proceed as a contested matter and be heard before the Probate Judge alone upon affidavit or oral evidence or by a jury as the Court may direct.

Court may issue commission or give orders for examination of witnesses abroad or who are unable to attend. Ib. s. 32.

Questions of fact tried before the Court or before a jury. Ib. s. 35. Question to be stated.

Ib. ss. 37, 38.

Appeal.

Judge may direct rehearing. Eq. Act s. 77.

Caveat may be lodged. Vict. Act. No. 427 s. 29.

Where a caveat lodged Court may grant order nisi. 16. 30.

Service of order nisi. *Ib.* 31.

Proceeding where caveator does not appear. Ib. 32.

107.

107. The Court shall have the like powers, jurisdiction, and Powers of the Court authority for requiring and enforcing the production of documents and to enforce orders. the attendance of persons as witnesses and otherwise, and for punishing 20&21 Vic.c.77 8.25. persons failing, neglecting, or refusing to produce such documents, or to appear or to be sworn or make affirmation or declaration, or to give evidence, or guilty of contempt, and generally for the trial or determination of questions of fact, and for enforcing all orders, decrees, and judgments made or given by the Court under this Act, and for the taxation of costs, and otherwise in relation to the matters to be inquired into and done under this Act or by or under the orders of the Court under this Act as are or shall be by law vested in the Supreme Court in equity for such purposes in relation to any suit or matter depending in such Court in equity.

108. The Court may on motion or petition or otherwise in a Order to produce an summary way whether any suit or other proceeding shall or shall not instrument purportbe pending in the Court with respect to any probate or administration, tary. order any person to produce and bring into the registry any paper or 18. s. 26. writing, being or purporting to be testamentary or otherwise material to the matter before the Court which may be shown to be in the possession or under the control of such person, and if it be not shown that any such paper or writing is in the possession or under the control of such person, but it shall appear that there are reasonable grounds for believing that he has the knowledge of any such paper or writing, the Court may direct such person to attend for the purpose of being examined in open Court or upon interrogatories respecting the same, and such person shall be bound to answer such questions or interrogatories, and (if so ordered) to produce and bring in such paper or writing, and shall be subject to the like process of contempt in case of default in not attending or in not answering such questions or interrogatories or not bringing in such paper or writing as he would have been subject to in case he had been a party to a suit in the Court and had made such default, and the costs of any such motion, petition, or

other proceeding shall be in the discretion of the Court. 109. In all matters and proceedings under this Act every Attorney, &c., to attorney, solicitor, and proctor of the Supreme Court of New South audience before Probate Judge. Probate Judge.

PART VIII.

General matters.

110. The Registrar, Commissioners of the Supreme Court, and Oaths. Justices of the Peace of the Colony of New South Wales shall have power to administer oaths under this Act.

111. In all matters under this Act the question of costs and costs. how they shall be paid shall be in the discretion of the Court subject to appeal as aforesaid.

112. The Judges of the Supreme Court or any three of them, Rules. may make general rules for regulating the times and form and mode Equity Act, 1880. of procedure, and generally the practice of the Court in respect of the several matters to which this Act relates, and for fixing the amount of all fees and allowances to officers of the Court and solicitors in reference to such matters, and otherwise for the effectual execution of this Act and of the intention and object thereof; and all such rules and orders shall be published in the Gazette and shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament within thirty days of their being so published, or if Parliament be not then sitting, within the like time after Parliament shall thereafter assemble for the despatch of business.

SCHEDULE.

54º VICTORIÆ, No. 25.

Probate.

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SCHEDULE.

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| For every order to administer where effects shall appear to be above £50 | 0 | 7 | 6 |
| Where effects shall appear to be £50 or under- | | | |
| For every order to pay money if £10 and under £20 | - | _ | 6 |
| If £20 and under £50 | | 5 | |
| If £50 and under £100 | - | 10 | - |
| And on every £100 above the first | | 2 | |
| For every common order | - | 2 | |
| For every special order | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| For every office copy 6d. per folio. | | | |
| On every audit of accounts including the direction to invest assets if the | | | |
| amount which shall have been in the Curator's hands be under £20, | | 5 | |
| If £20 and under £50 | - | 7 | |
| If £50 and under £100 | | 10 | 1.1.1 |
| For every £100 above the first | 0 | 2 | 6 |

[1s. 3d.]

By Authority : CHARLES POTTER, Government Printer, Sydney, 1890.

New South Wales.



ANNO QUINQUAGESIMO QUARTO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

No. XXV.

An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to Probate and Letters of Administration, and to the succession to Real Estate in cases of Intestacy, and for the preservation and management of the estates of deceased persons. [Assented to, 15th December, 1890.]

HEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law Preamble. relating to Probate and Letters of Administration, and to the succession to Real Estate in cases of Intestacy, and to the collection, management, and administration of the estates of deceased persons. Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :-

1. In the construction of this Act, unless the context be inconsis- Interpretation tent therewith, the following words and terms shall have and include clause. the meanings severally set opposite to them and hereby assigned :-

"Administrator" includes the Curator of Intestate Estates. "Administration" includes all letters of administration of the real and personal estate and effects of deceased persons whether with or without the will annexed, and whether granted for

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general

general, special, or limited purposes, also exemplification of letters of administration or such other formal evidence of the letters of administration purporting to be under the seal of a Court of competent jurisdiction as shall in the opinion of the Court be deemed sufficient, and orders to the Curator to collect.

- "The Court" means Supreme Court of New South Wales in its Probate Jurisdiction, or the Probate Judge.
- "Governor" means Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council.
- "Probate" includes "Exemplification of probate" or any other formal document purporting to be under the seal of a Court of competent jurisdiction which shall in the opinion of the Court be deemed sufficient.
- "Probate Judge" means the Judge for the time being authorized to administer this Act, or any Judge acting as such.

"Real Estate " shall include lands held under building leases or any lease for twenty-one years and upwards.

"Will"-Testament and all other testamentary instruments of which probate may now be granted.

2. The following Statutes are hereby repealed, that is to say, first Victoria number four, eleventh Victoria number twenty-four, thirteenth Victoria number forty-four, fifteenth Victoria number eight, twenty-sixth Victoria number twenty, forty-fifth Victoria number two, but such repeal shall not affect any proceeding commenced under the said Acts or any of them prior to the passing of this Act, and so far as the Act twenty-sixth Victoria number twenty is concerned the provisions of the said Act shall be applied to the case of any person who shall have died between the date on which the said Act came into force and the passing of this Act.

Division of Act.

3. This Act shall be divided into Parts, viz. :--

PART I.—Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in testamentary causes, and appointment of officers.

PART II.—Probate.

PART III.—Administration and distribution of Intestate Estates.

PART IV.—Probate and Administration generally.

PART V.—Foreign Probates and Letters of Administration.

PART VI.—Curator of Intestate Estates.

PART VII.—Procedure.

PART VIII.—General matters.

and may be cited as the "Probate Act of 1890."

PART I.

Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in Probate Jurisdiction, and appointment of Officers.

Jurisdiction of Supreme Court in causes testamentary.

4. The jurisdiction and authority heretofore vested in or exercised by the Supreme Court or by the Primary Judge in Equity in respect of the estates of deceased persons shall be vested in and exercised by the Supreme Court in Probate Jurisdiction and by such Judge as may from time to time be permanently or temporarily appointed in that behalf by the Governor under the title of the Probate Judge, or by any Judge of the Supreme Court acting for the said Probate Judge during his illness or absence or at his request.

Repeal.

5. The Probate Judge may sit with the assistance of any Judge Other Judges may or Judges of the Supreme Court, who at his request may consent to sit with Probate Judge. attend for that purpose. Provided that where three Judges so sit the 20 & 21 Vic. c. 77 judgment of the majority, and where only two Judges so sit their s. 34. unanimous judgment shall respectively be taken to be the judgment of the Full Court.

6. The Probate Judge may hear in Chambers such part of the Judge may sit in business under this Act as can in his opinion be so heard with advan- 21 & 22 Vic. c. 95 tage to the suitors, and shall when so sitting have and exercise the ss. 3, 5. same powers and jurisdiction as if in Court. Provided that the Judge while sitting in Chambers may adjourn for hearing in Court or when sitting in Court may adjourn for hearing in Chambers any case before him which he may think would be better heard in Court or Chambers as the case may be.

7. The Governor may appoint some fit and proper person Appointment of to be the Registrar, and also if thought expedient may appoint a Registrar. Deputy Registrar of the Probate Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court; and such Registrar shall, subject to any rules to be made here-under for his future guidance and direction, perform such duties as have heretofore been performed by the Prothonotary of the Supreme Court in reference to proceedings in the Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction of the Court and by the Ecclesiastical Clerk of the Supreme Court, and such other duties as may be prescribed by rule of Court or directed by the Probate Judge, and during the illness or absence of the Registrar the Probate Judge may authorize any officer of the Supreme Court to act as Registrar.

8. The Governor may appoint some fit and proper person to be curator. Curator, and if necessary may appoint a Deputy Curator of Intestate Estates; and the present Curator of Intestate Estates shall be considered to have been appointed hereunder, and shall have, perform, and exercise all the powers, duties, and authorities by this Act conferred on the Curator, and such Curator of Intestate Estates may be suspended or removed from office by the Governor.

9. The Deputy Registrar or Deputy Curator, as the case may Deputies may be, if any, may exercise all the powers and shall perform all the perform duties of duties by this Act conferred or imposed upon the Registrar or Curator Registrar and respectively, and such other duties as may be prescribed by Rule of Court or directed by the Probate Judge.

10. During the illness or absence of the Curator the Probate Appointment of Judge may appoint some fit person to discharge the duties of the temporary Curator. Curator upon his giving such security as the Judge may direct ; and security. such person shall during such illness or absence act in the stead of the Curator, and sign and execute in his name all such documents as may require his signature or execution, and do, perform, and discharge all other acts, deeds, and duties pertaining to the office of Curator.

11. The Court shall have jurisdiction to grant probate of the Probate or adminiswill or administration of the estate of any deceased person leaving granted of real or property, whether real or personal, within the Colony of New South personal estate. Walkar Wales.

12. The Court may if it shall think fit grant probate to one or Probate to one or more of the executors named in any will, reserving leave to the other more executors or others who have not renounced to come in and apply for probate at others to prove some future date.

13. All applications for probate or letters of administration Application for may be made by petition to the Judges of the Supreme Court without administration may the necessity of application being made in open Court. Provided that be made by petition. notice of such intended application shall be published in the Gazette and in one Sydney newspaper at least fourteen days before such application is made. 14.

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Certain matters may be delegated to Master in Equity.

14. It shall be lawful for the Judges of the Supreme Court, by rule of Court in that behalf made, to delegate to the Master in Equity or Registrar the powers of the Court in and about the granting of probates and administration of estates not exceeding one thousand pounds in value where no contention has arisen, and also in and about the passing of the accounts of executors and administrators, save in respect of the award of commission thereon. Provided that such Master or Registrar shall where any party interested shall so desire and in cases of doubt or difficulty refer the matter to the Probate Judge.

PART II.

Probate.

Real estate to vest in executors. Vict. Act. No. 427 s. 6.

Real estate held by subject to trusts.

Real estate to be assets for payment of debts. 9 Geo. IV cap. 33, ss. 1 & 2.

In suits executor or administrator to represent real estate. Vict. Act. No. 407 s. 8.

Real estate to be held upon trusts of will. Ib. s. 9.

Executor to have same rights &c. as to Ib. s. 10.

Probate to be evidence of will concerning real estate. Ib. s. 11.

15. Upon the grant of probate of the will of any deceased person after the commencement of this Act, all the real estate whether held by him beneficially or in trust shall vest as from the death of such person in the executor to whom such probate shall be granted for all the estate therein of such person, and if there shall be more than one such executor shall vest in them as joint tenants in the same way as personal estate now vests.

16. All such real estate as shall have been held by any testator testator as trustee to be held by executor as a trustee and shall vest in his executor by virtue of the thirteenth section of this Act shall be held by such executor subject to the trusts and equities affecting the same.

17. The real as well as personal estate of every deceased person shall be assets in the hands of his executor to whom probate shall have been granted for the payment of all duties and fees and for the payment of his debts in the ordinary course of administration, and it shall be lawful for such executor for purposes of administration to sell such real estate or mortgage the same with or without a power of sale and to convey the same to a purchaser or mortgagee in as full and effectual a manner in law as the testator of such executor could have done in his lifetime.

18. In all suits in Equity concerning the real estate of a deceased person, his executor to whom probate shall have been granted or administrator shall represent his real estate so long as it shall remain vested in him and the persons interested therein, in the same manner and to the same extent as in suits concerning personal estate the executor or administrator represents such estate and the persons interested therein.

19. Subject to the provisions of this Act the real estate of every deceased person devising such estate by his will shall be held by his executor to whom probate shall have been granted according to the trusts and dispositions of such will.

20. The executor to whom probate shall have been granted real estate as personal shall have the same rights and be subject to the same duties with respect to the real estate of his testator that executors heretofore have had or been subject to with reference to personal assets.

21. The probate of any will or letters of administration with the will annexed already granted or hereafter to be granted shall be evidence of the due execution of such will upon all questions concerning real estate in the same manner and to the same extent as heretofore concerning personal estate, and the copy attached or annexed to such probate or letters of administration purporting to be a copy of the will in respect of which probate or letters of administration have been so granted

granted shall be *primá facie* evidence of the contents of such will, and every probate or administration shall be primá facie evidence of the death and the date of the death of the testator or intestate.

22. There shall be one place of deposit under the control of the Place of original Court, at such place in Sydney as the Governor may by notice in the wills. Gazette direct, in which all the original wills brought into the Court, or of ²⁰ and ²¹ Vic. c. 77, which probate or administration with the mill which probate or administration with the will annexed is granted under this Act, and such other documents as the Probate Judge may direct shall be deposited and preserved, and the same may be inspected under the control of the Court and subject to the rules and regulations to be made hereunder; and until any such direction as aforesaid such wills and other documents shall be deposited and kept in the places at the present time used in that behalf.

23. An official copy of the whole or any part of a will or an Official copy of whole official certificate of the grant of any letters of administration may be be obtained. obtained from the Registrar or custodian on the payment of the fees 16. s. 69. fixed for the same by the rules and regulations now or hereafter to be in force in that behalf.

24. Any person residing in New South Wales may deposit in Will may be the office of the Registrar-General his will enclosed in a scaled office of the envelope or cover endorsed with the full name, description, and the then Registrar-General address of the testator or other means of ready identification, and also by testator in his the names in fall with description and also by testator in his the names in full with descriptions and addresses of the executors viet. Act No. 213 named therein, and such will shall unless previously required to be s. 14. given up by the testator remain in the said office in the custody of the Registrar-General until the death of the testator, and upon his death the Registrar-General shall deliver the same after examination to either of the executors named in the said will, or in case of doubt to such person as the Supreme Court or any Judge thereof may direct; Vict. Act No. 230 s. 14. and no probate of any will not so deposited and no administration in any case shall be granted unless the application be supported by an affidavit that a search has been made in the proper office for a will of the deceased, and stating whether any such will remains deposited with the officer for the time being authorized to have the custody of deposited wills, or by a certificate from the Registrar-General to the like effect.

PART III.

Administration and Distribution of Intestate Estates.

25. The practice and proceedings hitherto in force with reference Practice as to grantto granting administration of the personal estate of an intestate shall, ing administration of save as hereby altered and subject to the rules and orders to be estate. made hereunder, be applicable to administration granted hereunder and so far as may be to administration of real estate, and administration of both real and personal estate may be granted in and by the same letters.

26. The Court may grant administration of the estate of an To whom adminisintestate person to the husband or widow or to one or more of the next tration may be of kin of the deceased person or to the husband or widow conjointly granted. with one or more of the next of kin. Provided that any person to whom administration shall be granted shall be of the full age of twenty-one years. And in case there shall be no such person who shall be qualified as aforesaid, or who being so qualified shall be in the opinion of the Court fit to be so trusted, or who shall when duly cited appear and pray for administration, then administration may be granted to any person or persons whether creditors or not of the deceased that the Court shall think fit.

Validation of administration heretofore granted in certain cases.

Administration bond to be executed. 20 and 21 Vic. c. 77 s. 81.

Administration may be revoked or further bond required.

Order may be made to assign the bond. 20 and 21 Vic. c. 77 s. 83.

Lands of intestate or devised to vest in administrator or Curator in trust for next of kin.

27. Every administration heretofore granted to any husband in respect of the estate of his deceased wife or to any widow in respect of the estate of her deceased husband shall be deemed to be and to have been valid to all intents and purposes, anything in the Charter of Justice to the contrary notwithstanding.

28. Every person to whom a grant of administration shall be made shall, previous to the issue of such administration, execute a bond to Her Majesty and her successors with one or more surety or sureties conditioned for duly collecting, getting in, and administering the personal estate or real and personal estate of the deceased, which bond shall be in such form as the Court shall by rule direct, and in the meantime shall be in the form heretofore in use. Provided that it shall not be necessary for the Curator or for any person obtaining administration to the use or for the benefit of Her Majesty to execute any such bond. Provided also that no such bond shall be required to be given by or on behalf of the "Permanent Trustee Company of New South Wales (Limited)" or the "Perpetual Trustee Company (Limited)," except in respect of estates exceeding twenty thousand pounds in value, in which the Court shall otherwise order.

Amount of penalty in 29. Such bond shall be in a penalty equal to the bond shall be sworn, but the Court may in any case dispense with the bond or with one or both of the sureties, or direct that such penalty shall be reduced in amount, and may also if it shall think fit direct that more bonds than one shall be given so as to limit the liability of any surety to such amount as the Court shall think reasonable, and may in place of such bond accept the security of any incorporated company or guarantee society approved of by the Court in such form and under such regulations as the Court shall by rule direct.

30. The Court may at any time upon the motion of any person interested in the estate revoke the administration already granted or order the administrator to execute a further bond in such sum and within such time as may seem right, with or without sureties as aforesaid, and upon default remove the administrator and appoint an administrator in his place, with power to sue or be sued upon any contract made by the removed administrator.

31. The Court may on application made on motion in a summary way and on being satisfied that the condition of any bond given hereunder has been broken order the Curator, for and on behalf of Her Majesty, to assign the same to some person to be named in such order, and such person, his executors or administrators shall thereupon be entitled to sue upon the said bond in his or their own name or names as if the same had been originally given to him, and shall be entitled to recover thereon as trustee for all persons interested the full amount recoverable in respect of any breach of the condition of the said bond.

32. All real estate which any person shall hereafter die seised or possessed of or entitled to in the Colony of New South Wales intestate shall pass to and become vested in the administrator of the estate of such person as from the death of such person for his estate therein, or in the case of a partial intestacy to and in the executor named in the will, or to and in the administrator with the will annexed, and such adminis-Vict. Act No. 230 s. 8. trator, or in the case of partial intestacy the executor or administrator with the will annexed, as the case may be, shall hold the said real estate upon trust for payment of the debts of the deceased, and subject thereto in trust for and as if the same had been devised to the same persons as tenants in common as would be entitled in the case of personal property, excepting only as mentioned in the next succeeding section.

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33. Any husband or wife shall be entitled on the death of the Husband's interest other intestate to the same share in the real or personal estate of the in wife's estate and other as a wife is now by law entitled to in the real or personal estate of the *vice versa*. other as a wife is now by law entitled to in the personal estate of an Vict. Act No. 427 s. 9. intestate husband predeceasing her, and no estate by courtesy or right Queensland 41 Vic. of dower or any equivalent estate shall arise after the passing of this No. 24 s. 13. Act out of any real estate. Provided that any husband or widow so courtesy title. entitled to share in real estate shall be bound to accept the value thereof in lieu of partition if so desired by all the persons entitled jointly with him or her.

34. All real estate held by any person in trust or by way of Lands held in trust or by may of Lands held in trust mortgage passing under this Act shall as from the death of such person vest in administrator. intestate as to the same vest in the administrator for all the estate therein of such person subject to the trusts and equities affecting the same.

35. No real estate of which administration has been granted Lands not to be sold under this Act shall be leased for a longer term than three years or order. sold or mortgaged by the administrator without the consent of all Queensland persons beneficially interested or the order of the Court in that behalf which may impose such conditions as it shall think fit, subject however to appeal as herein provided.

36. The Court may upon the petition of the administrator, or Court may make in case of partial intestacy the executor, or the administrator with the special order. will annexed, or of any person beneficially interested, and after such ²⁶ Vic. No. 20 s. 3. previous notice to other parties and inquiry as shall seem fit, order and direct the course of proceedings which shall be taken in regard to the time and mode of sale of any such real estate as aforesaid, the letting and management thereof until sale, the application for maintenance or advancement or otherwise of shares or income of shares of infants, the expediency and mode of effecting a partition if applied for, and generally in regard to the administration of the real estate for the greatest advantage of all persons interested.

37. In any case wherein upon such inquiry the Court shall be Court may order satisfied that a partition of such real estate or any part thereof would summary way. be advantageous to the parties interested therein, it shall be lawful for 16. s. 4. such Court to appoint one or more arbitrators to effect such partition. And the report and final award of the arbitrators setting forth particulars of the land allotted to each party interested shall when signed by them and confirmed by the order of the Court and when also registered in the office of the Registrar-General be effectual without the necessity of any further conveyance to vest in each allottee the land so allotted to him, and an office copy of such award so signed, confirmed, and registered as aforesaid shall for all purposes be equivalent to an indenture of conveyance to each allottee of the lands allotted to him as aforesaid. And in the case of land subject to the provisions of the "Real Property Act" each such allottee shall be entitled to have issued to him a certificate of title for the land so allotted to him. And if such allotment be made subject to the charge of any money payable to any other party interested for equalizing the partition such charge shall take effect according to the terms and conditions in regard to time and mode of payment and otherwise which shall be expressed in such award without the necessity of any further instrument being made or executed. And in the case of land subject to the provisions of the Real Property Act the certificate of title shall issue, subject to such charge unless such charge shall be satisfied.

38. No personal representative shall be required against his Personal own consent to continue the duty of a trustee by managing the representative not representative not representative not property during an enforced suspension of sale but shall be entitled to act against their upon such suspension being ordered to relinquish his trust to such own consent. Ib. s. 7. person as the Court may appoint.

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PART IV.

Probate and Administration generally.

Property of intestate to vest in Chief Justice. 21 & 22 Vic. c. 95 s. 19.

Executor renouncing or not appearing to a as if he had renounced.

s. 16.

Where an infant is sole executor adminis-tration to be granted to the guardian &c. 38 Geo. III c. 87 s. 6.

Who shall have the same power as where administration is granted durante minore ætate of the next of kin. Ib. s. 7. Probate or adminis-

tration to be granted to attorney in certain cases.

Administration pendente lite and receiver. ss. 70, 71.

Power as to appointment of adminis trator. Ib. s. 73.

39. From and after the decease of any person dying intestate and until letters of administration or an order to collect shall be granted in respect of his estate the real and personal estate of such deceased person shall be deemed to be vested in the Chief Justice of New South Wales, or if there shall be no Chief Justice then in the senior Puisne Judge for the time being in the same manner and to the same extent as aforetime the personal estate and effects vested in the Ordinary in England.

40. Where any person after the commencement of this Act probate or not acting renounces probate of the will of which he is appointed executor or one citation to be treated of the executors, and whenever an executor appointed in a will survives the testator but dies without having taken probate, and whenever an 21 and 22 Vic. c. 95 executor named in a will is personally cited to take probate and does not appear to such citation the right of such person in respect of the executorship shall wholly cease, and the representation to the testator and the administration of his effects shall without any further renunciation go, devolve, and be committed in like manner as if such person had not been appointed executor.

> 41. Where an infant is sole executor, administration with the will annexed may be granted to the guardian of such infant or to such other person as the Court shall think fit, until such infant shall have attained the full age of twenty-one years, with or without full or limited powers to act in the premises until probate shall have been granted to the said executor or administration to some other person.

> 42. The person to whom such administration shall be granted shall have the same powers vested in him as an administrator by virtue of an administration granted to him durante minore ætate of the next of kin.

> 43. When any person named as executor, or any husband or widow or the next of kin entitled to probate or administration shall be out of the jurisdiction but shall have some person within the jurisdiction of the Court appointed under power of attorney to act for him or her respectively, administration may be granted to such attorney, but on behalf of the person entitled thereto and on such terms and conditions as the Court shall think fit.

44. Pending any suit touching the validity of the will of any deceased person or for obtaining, recalling, or revoking any probate or 20 & 21 Vic. c. 77 any grant of administration, or during a contested right to administration, the Court may if it shall think fit appoint an administrator of the personal estate and the same or any other person to be receiver of the real estate of any deceased person with such full or limited powers and with or without a bond or sureties as the Court may think right, and may make such orders for the remuneration of such administrator or receiver out of the personal and real estate of the deceased as it may think right.

45. Where a person shall die intestate or leaving a will but without having appointed an executor thereof, or an executor willing and competent to take probate, or where the executor shall be resident out of the Colony the Court may if it shall think it necessary or convenient in any such case appoint some person to be the administrator of the estate of the deceased or of any part thereof upon his giving such security (if any) as the Court shall direct, and every such administration may be limited as the Court shall think fit.

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46. In any case where the executor named in a will shall Proceeding where neglect or refuse to prove the same or to renounce probate thereof executor neglect to prove will, within three calendar months from the death of the testator or vict. Act. from the time of such executor attaining the age of twenty-one years, or where the executor is unknown or cannot be found, the Court may, upon the application of any person interested in the estate or of the Curator or of any creditor of the testator, grant an order nisi calling upon the executor to show cause why probate of the said will should not be granted to such executor, or in the alternative why administration with such will annexed should not be granted to the applicant, and upon affidavit of service or of sufficient reasons for nonservice of such order if the executor do not appear, or upon cause being shown it shall be lawful for the Court to make such order thereon for the administration of the estate and to make such order as to costs as shall appear just.

47. If at the expiration of six calendar months from the death If executor or of any person the executor to whom probate of the will or the administrator out of administrator to whom administration of the estate and effects of such administrator may deceased person shall have been granted is then residing out of the be appointed. jurisdiction, the Court may, upon the application of any creditor, legatee, ^{*Ib*}. or next of kin, grant to such creditor, legatee, or next of kin so applying special letters of administration of such deceased person, nevertheless to cease upon an order being made for the reseission thereof as hereinafter mentioned.

43. The person applying for any such special grant as aforesaid Special administrator shall in addition to the oath usually taken by administrators satisfy affidavits. the Court by affidavit that the executor or administrator of such 10. deceased person is resident out of the jurisdiction of the Court, and that the applicant is thereby delayed in recovering or obtaining payment of moneys or the possession of goods and chattels, or real estate, to which he is by law entitled, or that the estate is liable to loss or waste.

49. On the return within the jurisdiction of the Court of the On return of 49. On the return within the jurisdiction of the court of the original executor or executor or administrator to whom probate or administration shall original executor or originally have been granted such executor or administrator may apply administration to be to the Court by petition to rescind such special grant of administration, rescinded. and the Court on the hearing of such petition may make an order to rescind such special grant of administration upon such terms and conditions as to security, costs, or otherwise as to the Court may seem reasonable, and thereafter the original probate or administration shall be and remain as valid and effectual as if such special grant of administration had never been made.

50. Upon any order being made by the Court for the rescission On order being made of any grant of special administration as aforesaid the special administrator shall be bound duly to account to the original executor or account and pay administrator, and to pay over all moneys received by him as such over moneys. special administrator, and then remaining in his hands undisposed of, as the Court may order.

51. If such executor or administrator shall neglect to apply for Original executor or an order for the rescission of such special administration he shall, administrator liable notwithstanding that such special administration remains unrescinded, administration not be liable to answer and make good all claims and demands against the rescinded. estate of the deceased to the extent of the assets which have come to ^{1b}. his hands or which might have come to his hands but for his wilful neglect or default including the neglect herein mentioned.

52. Where before the revocation of any ordinary or temporary Revocation of administration or the rescission of any special administration as afore- temporary grants said, any proceedings at law or in equity have been commenced by actions or suits. or against any administrator so appointed, the Court in which such 20 & 21 Vic. c. 77 proceedings s. 76.

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proceedings are pending may order that a suggestion be made upon the record of the revocation or rescission of such administration and of the grant or restoration of probate or administration which shall have been made consequent thereon, and thereupon the proceedings shall be continued in the name of the new or original executor or administrator in like manner as if the proceedings had been originally commenced by or against such new or original executor or administrator, but subject to such conditions and variations if any as such Court may direct.

All specialty and 53. In the administration of the estate of liability of such person simple contract debts shall die after the passing of this Act no debt or liability of such person merely that shall be entitled to any priority or preference by reason merely that the same is secured by or arises under a bond, deed, or other instrument under seal, or is otherwise made or constituted a specialty debt, or is due to an executor or administrator, but all the creditors of such person as well specialty as simple contract shall be treated as standing in equal degree and be paid accordingly out of the assets of such deceased person whether such assets are legal or equitable, any statute or law to the contrary notwithstanding. Provided always that this Act shall not prejudice or affect any mortgage, lien, charge, or other security which any creditor may hold or be entitled to for payment of his debt.

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54. Where any probate or administration is revoked or rescinded under this Act all payments bond fide made to any executor or administrator under such probate or administration before the revocation or rescission thereof shall be a legal discharge to the person making the same, and the executor or administrator who shall have acted under any such revoked or rescinded probate or administration may retain and reimburse himself or shall be entitled to be reimbursed in respect of any payments made by him which the person to whom probate or administration shall be afterwards or was originally granted might have lawfully made.

55. All persons and corporations making or permitting to be made any payment or transfer bond fide upon any probate or administration or order granted in respect of the estate of any deceased person under the authority of this Act shall be indemnified and protected in so doing notwithstanding any defect or circumstance whatsoever affecting the validity of such probate or letters of administration or order not then known to such persons or corporations.

56. Every person to whom probate or administration has been administrator to pass or shall be granted shall file an inventory of the estate of the deceased and pass his accounts relating thereto within such time, and from time to time and in such manner as may be fixed by any rule or order under this Act or as the Court may specially order, and until then in accordance with the rules hitherto in force : And shall be subject to any special order that the Court may on the motion of any person interested make as to the production and verification of his accounts, and the order of the Court allowing any such account shall be primd facie evidence of the correctness of the same, and shall, after the expiration of three years from the date of such order, operate as a release to the person filing the same, excepting so far as it shall be shown by some person interested therein that an error or omission or fraudulent entry has been made in such account.

57. It shall be lawful for the Court to allow out of the assets of any deceased person to his executor, administrator, or trustee for the time being in passing his accounts, such commission or percentage for his pains and trouble as shall be just and reasonable, and subject to such notices if any as such Court may direct. No such allowance shall be made to any executor, administrator, or trustee who shall neglect or omit without good reason or a special order of a Judge to pass his accounts pursuant to any general or special rule or order of the Court. 58.

32 and 33 Vic. cap. 46.

Payments under revoked probates or administrations valid. Ib. s. 77.

Persons &c. making payments upon probates granted for estate of deceased person to be indemnified. Ib. s. 78.

Executor or

Executors &c. may be allowed commission.

58. The Registrar shall cause entries to be made in a book to Registrar to keep be kept for that purpose of all grants of probate and administration, record of probates, &c. and of the filing, passing, and allowance of the accounts of all executors

and administrators, and of any special order extending the time for passing such accounts; and such book shall set forth the dates of such grants, the names of the testators or intestates, the place and time of death, the names and description of the executors or administrators, the sworn value of the estates, and the dates of the filing, passing allowance of, and special orders with reference to the said accounts.

59. In case any such executor or administrator shall neglect to If accounts not file such inventory or to pass such accounts as aforesaid for the space exhibited Registrar of one calendar month after the expiration of the period fixed it shall trator before Judge be the duty of the Registrar to cause such executor or administrator who may inflict to be notified of such perloat and in case of further real of for the penalty. to be notified of such neglect, and in case of further neglect for the period of one calendar month he shall cause him to be summoned before the Court to show cause why he should not be ordered to file such inventory or to exhibit such account to the Court forthwith. And if such executor or administrator shall not within the prescribed time or within such further time as shall be allowed him by a Judge, file, pass, or exhibit such inventory or account in manner aforesaid he shall be liable to attachment in accordance with the practice of the Court of Equity.

60. Proceedings being taken under the last preceding section Proceedings under shall not prejudice the right to proceed against the executor or administrator for an account and administration or prevent the Court from on bond. from ordering the assignment of any bond to any person with a view of enforcing the penalty thereof as hereinbefore mentioned.

61. The Court may make such order with reference to the Judge may make distribution or application of any moneys which the executor or of moneys in hands administrator or Curator may have in hand, or as to the residue of the of executor, &c. estate as it may think fit. Provided that no final order for distribution shall be made except upon notice to all the parties entitled.

62. Any decree in Equity in an administration suit shall bind Decree in Equity the parties, and be of the same force and effect to all intents and shall bind parties. purposes as if an order to the same effect had been made in the Probate Jurisdiction.

PART V.

Foreign Probates and Letters of Administration.

63. When any probate or letters of administration already Probates and letters 63. When any probate or letters of administration already Probates and letters granted or hereafter to be granted by any Court of competent jurisdic-tion in any portion of Her Majesty's Dominions shall be produced to Colonies or the united Kingdom to and a copy thereof deposited with the Registrar by any person being be of like force as if the executor or administrator therein named, or by any person duly granted to New authorized by power of attorney in that behalf under the hand and being resealed. seal of such executor or administrator, such probate or letters of S. A. Act. administration may be sealed with the seal of the Supreme Court of New South Wales, and shall when so sealed have the like force and effect and have the same operation in New South Wales, and every executor and administrator thereunder shall perform the same duties and be subject to the same liabilities as if such probate or letters of administration had been originally granted by the said Supreme Court. Provided always that the Court may require any such executor or administrator or person authorized as aforesaid to give security for the due administration of the estate in respect of matters or claims 64. within the Colony.

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Probate.

Seal not to be affixed till duty is paid. Ib.

And as to adminis-tration till bond is entered into.

Every executor &c.

Caveat.

Notice of intention to apply.

Not to apply to Public Officer or Curator.

64. The seal of the Court shall not be affixed to any such probate or letters of administration until all such probate, stamp, and other duties if any have been paid as would have been payable if such probate or letters of administration had been originally granted by the Supreme Court of New South Wales, and further such letters of administration shall not be so sealed until such bond has been entered into as would have been required if such letters had been originally granted by the last-mentioned Supreme Court.

65. Every such executor or administrator as last aforesaid, and to be deemed resident every executor or administrator appointed under this Act shall be deemed to be resident within the Colony of New South Wales, and where not actually so resident he shall before the issue or sealing of any probate or administration file with the Registrar an address within the city of Sydney at which notices and processes may be served upon him, and all services at such registered address shall be deemed personal service.

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66. Any person may lodge a caveat against the sealing of any such probate or letters of administration, and such caveat shall have the same effect and shall be dealt with in the same manner as a caveat against the grant of probate or administration.

67. The seal of the Court shall not be affixed as aforesaid except upon an affidavit that notice of the intention to apply in that behalf has been published twice in one or more Sydney daily newspapers fourteen days before the making of such affidavit, and that no caveat has been lodged in respect thereof up to the morning of such application.

68. The above provision as to sealing shall not apply to any Public Officer or to the Curator of Intestate Estates.

PART VI.

Curator of Intestate Estates.

69. The Curator shall before entering upon the duties of his office give security to Her Majesty and her successors to the satisfaction of the Colonial Treasurer for the collection and due payment of and accounting for all moneys which shall come to his hands by virtue of his office. Provided that any surety found by him may withdraw from any future liability by giving the Colonial Treasurer three months written notice of his desire so to do, but such withdrawal shall not affect his liability for any breach which may have occurred prior to the date of actual withdrawal.

70. On the death, resignation, or removal of such Curator, his successor shall immediately on his appointment and by virtue thereof become entitled to administer all the real and personal estate of every such deceased person as hereinafter mentioned left unadministered by any predecessor. And every such successor shall immediately upon his appointment and by virtue thereof become entitled to the possession of all books, accounts, letters, papers, and documents of every description used by or in the possession or under the control of any predecessor relating to any estate administered by him or to the office of Curator.

71. In legal proceedings it shall not be necessary for the Curator or those suing him to prove his general authority to act as Curator, but only to prove the order to collect in the specific estate to which the proceedings relate. Whenever the office of Curator shall become vacant by death, resignation, or removal from office or otherwise, and another person shall be appointed to the vacancy so created, any

Curator to give security.

Successors to have power of administrator de bonis non.

Proceedings by and against Curator.

any action or proceeding which may have been taken as aforesaid shall not abate but shall be continued by or against the person so appointed as such Curator, and no fresh order to collect shall be necessary.

72. The Curator may appoint any persons he may think fit to Curator's agents. act as his agents for the purpose of administering all estates in his hands, and the clerks to the several Benches of Magistrates within

hands, and the clerks to the several Benches of Magistrates within the Colony shall at his request act as such agents within their respective districts. Every such agent not being a Clerk of Petty Sessions shall give security to the satisfaction of the Curator for the performance of his duties. Such agents shall in all respects act in the management, collection, and getting in of such property under the direction of the Curator who shall not be answerable for any act or omission of any such agent not in conformity with any such direction or which shall not have happened by the said Curator's own default or neglect.

73. The Curator shall take and retain the fees set out in the As to fees and com-Schedule hereto, and also a commission of five pounds per centum mission. on all moneys collected by him or by his agents, and shall pay such fees and commission into the Treasury for the public uses of the Colony after deducting therefrom all expenses and an allowance of not exceeding three pounds per centum by way of commission to his agents in respect of all moneys collected by them or through or by reason of their agency.

74. The Court may on the application of the Curator grant to Order to Curator to the Curator an order to collect the estate of any deceased person collect. leaving real or personal estate within the jurisdiction of the Court in any of the following cases—

- (1) Where the person shall have died testate but leaving no executor or no executor who may be willing and capable of acting in execution of his will, and no widow or next of kin, or no such person willing and capable as aforesaid resident within the jurisdiction of the Court, or where he shall have died intestate and leaving no widow or next of kin resident within such jurisdiction willing and capable of acting as aforesaid.
- (II) Where the person shall have died either testate or intestate and probate or administration shall not have been applied for within three months after the death of such person.
- (III) Where the person shall by his will have appointed the Curator to act.
- (IV) Where the estate or any portion thereof is liable to waste, and the executor appointed by the will or widow or lawful next of kin shall be absent from the locality of the said estate or is not known or has not been found, or shall request the Curator in writing to apply for such order.
- (v) Where the executors named in the will of the deceased have renounced probate or all the persons primarily entitled to administration have by writing filed in the office of the Registrar declined to apply for administration.
- (VI) Where the estate or any portion thereof is of a perishable nature or is in danger of being lost or destroyed, or where great expense may be incurred by reason of delay.
- (VII) Where after the expiration of thirty days from the decease of any person there is no reasonable probability of probate or administration being obtained within the period of three months from such decease.

Provided that the Court may in any case require the Curator to give such notices or cite such persons or produce such evidence as it may think

think fit before granting the order applied for, or may make a temporary order for collection and protection only or generally or limited to a portion of the estate or otherwise.

75. An order to collect the estate of any deceased person shall give to the Curator the same powers, rights, and obligations in respect of such estate, except as hereby enacted, as he would have had if administration had been granted to him as next of kin to such person intestate; and all laws now or hereafter in force in reference to the administration of the estates of deceased persons shall apply to the administration of estates by the Curator.

76. Notwithstanding any order which shall have been made authorizing the Curator to collect under this Act the Court may grant probate of the will or administration of the estate of such deceased person to any person in such manner and subject to such limitations or conditions as it shall think proper, but no application for any such grant shall be made until seven days after notice in writing of the intention to apply for the same shall have been left at the office of the Curator.

77. Immediately on the grant of any such probate or administration all the interest, powers, rights, and duties of the Curator (except such rights as are conferred by this section) in regard to the estate of the deceased person whose estate shall be affected by such grant, and all liabilities of the Curator under any contract or agreement entered into by him in relation to such estate or any part thereof shall cease, and (subject to and on the allowance and payment of all money due for the commission of the Curator as aforesaid and the necessary outlay, disbursements, costs, charges, and expenses in relation to such estate, including all costs of appearing on the application for such probate or letters of administration or rule and consequent thereon, and subject also to the provisions of this section) such portion of the estate of such deceased person as shall be left unadministered by the Curator, and all rights and obligations of the Curator in respect thereof shall vest in the executor or administrator obtaining such probate or administration. Provided always that nothing herein contained shall be held to relieve the Curator from any liability in respect of his management of the estate up to the time of such probate or administration.

78. Whenever it shall be made to appear to the Court that there is reasonable ground to suppose that any person has died either in or out of the jurisdiction of the Court intestate leaving property within such jurisdiction the Court may order and empower the Curator to collect and manage the estate of such person both real and personal, and every such order shall be valid until revoked and shall empower the Curator to collect, manage, and administer the personal estate, and enter upon and receive the rents and profits and otherwise manage the real estate of such supposed deceased person, and to pay and discharge the debts and liabilities of such person in like manner as if he were certainly dead and the Curator had obtained an order to collect the estate of such person under the preceding provisions. Provided that the Curator shall not proceed to any distribution of the assets without an order of the Court specially authorizing him to make such distribution.

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79. Within fourteen days after any order to collect shall have been granted the Curator shall, unless the Court shall otherwise order, cause notice of the fact that such order has been granted to be published twice in some daily newspaper published in the city of Sydney; and if the person of whose estate the Curator shall have been appointed Curator did not reside in such city then also twice in some newspaper published in the town or place where such person resided, or if there shall be no newspaper published in such town or place then twice in some newspaper circulating in or near to such town or place. S0.

Effect of order.

Probates and administrations may be granted notwithstanding appointment of Curator.

On such grant Curator's duties and liabilities to cease.

When there is reasonable ground to believe that any person has died out of jurisdiction of the Court the Curator may obtain order to manage &c. without strict legal proof of death.

Notice of rule to be published.

80. The Curator shall cause like notices to be published in Like notices to next newspapers published or circulating in the town or place where the of kin. next of kin are known or supposed to reside, and in the case of foreigners he shall give notice to the Consul of the country where the next of kin are supposed to reside, if there shall be any such Consul resident in Sydney, unless the Court shall in any case otherwise order.

81. Any person interested as creditor, next of kin or otherwise Court to have in the real or personal estate of any deceased person which the Curator over Curator. has been ordered to collect may, on the neglect or refusal of the Curator to do any act in relation to the administration of such estate, or on his doing or threatening to do any act in breach of his duty with reference to the said estate, apply ex parte upon affidavit to the Probate Judge in chambers for an order calling upon the Curator to show cause upon a day not less than two days from the service of such order upon him before the Court why he should not do or abstain from doing such act, and for an interim order in the nature of an injunction if warranted by the facts of the case; and any such order may be granted subject to such conditions as to giving security for costs as the Court may impose.

82. Upon the hearing of any such complaint the Court may Applications how receive proof of the matters in relation thereto orally or by affidavit, heard. and may make such order thereon as the circumstances of the case may require, and as to payment of costs by the complainant or by the Curator personally or from the estate administered by him as in his discretion shall seem just, and such orders shall have the same effect and be enforceable by the same process as if made by the Court sitting in equity in a suit between the parties to such complaint.

83. In all cases where an order to collect shall have been made Curator to act as the or shall be made under this Act it shall be lawful for the Court on the petition of the Curator or any person interested in the estate to make such orders touching the collection, sale, investment, and disposal of the estate as to the Court shall seem meet.

84. In every case in which the estate of any deceased person Mode of proceeding shall be administered by the Curator under this Act all disputes and under this Act. matters touching the collection, management, or administration of the same, and all claims and demands thereon, except as hereinafter provided, shall be decided by the Court on petition. Provided nevertheless that in any case in which it shall appear to be not desirable that the matter in question should be so decided the Court may direct such proceedings to be instituted as shall appear proper for the due decision thereof.

85. The Curator shall at such times as he shall think fit Payment of debts. cause advertisements to be published in the Gazette and such public newspapers as he shall deem expedient, calling upon the creditors of the persons whose estates he shall have been ordered to administer to come in and prove their debts before him, on or before a time to be fixed in such notice. He may allow any claim which may be made before him upon the affidavit of the claimant alone or where he shall think fit to call for further evidence upon such further evidence as he shall require. He shall as soon after the expiration of the time allowed for proof of debts as he conveniently can, pay the debts proved if the whole thereof can be paid, and if not shall declare and pay a dividend thereon; and if he shall collect any further assets after making such payment he shall in case any part of the debts proved remain unpaid pay the same and any debts subsequently proved before him (or a dividend thereon as the case may be), but such debts as shall be subsequently proved shall first be paid a dividend in proportion to their amount equal to the dividend paid to creditors having previously proved their debts. After payment of all debts, fees, and

and expenses incident to the collection, management, and administration of such estate he shall pay over the residue to the personal representative if any of the intestate or testator (as the case may be) so soon as such representative shall have been duly constituted.

Payment to relatives &c. in petty cases.

Accounts to be kept,

Receipt of Curator sufficient discharge.

Quarterly returns to Treasurer and accounts.

The Curator to invest moneys after expiration of six months.

Curator or his agents not liable for acts

86. If at the expiration of three calendar months from the time fixed by the advertisement for creditors to come in and prove their debts no debt shall have been proved or no creditor having proved his debt shall remain unpaid, it shall be lawful for the Curator with the approval of the Court to pay any sum not exceeding one hundred pounds to any person claiming to be a party in distribution or to be a legatee under a will without letters of administration having been obtained or the will being proved, and upon such evidence of the right or title of the party so claiming as the Court may under the circumstances deem sufficient.

87. The Curator shall make or cause to be made an inventory or list of all the estates of the persons which he shall have been ordered to administer, and shall retain the same in his office and shall keep an account of all his receipts, payments, and dealings in every such estate, and shall retain all letters received and copies of all letters written by him and all deeds, papers, and writings of and relating to such estates, and shall permit all persons to inspect and take copies of the same and of all proceedings relating thereto at all reasonable hours, or shall furnish office copies thereof on payment of the fees mentioned in the Schedule hereto annexed. The Curator shall with due diligence sell or mortgage such lands as he may be authorized to deal with and convert into money all such other estate as shall not consist of money unless otherwise ordered by the Court, and shall forthwith pay all moneys received by him as such Curator into some Bank to be approved of by the Court and the Colonial Treasurer to the credit of an official account to be operated on by him as such Curator.

88. The receipts in writing of the said Curator for any moneys payable to him under this Act shall be sufficient discharges for the same to the persons paying the same who shall not afterwards be liable for any misapplication thereof.

89. The Curator shall in the months of January, April, July, and October in every year transmit to the Colonial Treasurer a return of all moneys received and paid by him or any agent or agents for him during the three months immediately preceding in respect of the estates intrusted to him to collect, distinguishing the particular estate in which the same have been so received or paid. And shall at the same time furnish a separate and distinct return of all balances or sums whatsoever then in his hands to the credit of each of such estates : And shall keep proper books of account in reference thereto, which shall once in every three months or oftener if necessary be examined and passed by the Colonial Treasurer or some officer appointed by him in that behalf.

90. The Curator shall after the expiration of six months from the date of the order for collection of any estate invest all moneys then standing to the credit of each such estate as the Court may by any general or special rule or order direct, and until and subject to any such order or rule may be made in accordance with the rule for the time being in force with reference to the investment of suitors moneys under the charge or control of the Court of Equity.

91. Neither the Curator nor any of his agents shall be personally not liable for acts done in the perform. liable to any person in respect of goods or chattels in the possession ance of their duties. of any testator or intestate at the time of his death which shall be sold by the Curator or any such agent as the goods of such testator or intestate, unless such Curator or agent shall know or have actual notice before the sale that such goods or chattels were not in fact the property

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of such testator or intestate, nor for any act done bona fide in the performance of their duties respectively unless it shall be shown that such act was done not only illegally but wilfully or with gross negligence.

92. In case of any sale by the Curator or his agents of goods or Proceeds of property chattels belonging in fact to any third person the amount realized handed over to him. by such sale thereof shall be paid over by him to the owner upon proof by him of such ownership, unless the same shall have been applied in the payment of the debts of the deceased or shall have been distributed according to any will of the deceased or in the ordinary course of administration whilst the said Curator or any such agent was in ignorance, and without actual notice of the claim of such person to the goods or chattels so sold.

93. If it shall appear on office found that any real estate vested Conveyance of escheated lands and in the Curator has escheated to Her Majesty, the net proceeds of sale of disposal of proceeds such estate shall be paid by the Curator to the Colonial Treasurer and of sale. be by him carried to the credit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund: And the Curator's conveyance of such real estate to the purchaser thereof shall operate to pass the right, title, and interest of the deceased intestate to such purchaser as in any other case.

94. The Curator shall in the first week in January in each Payment to Colonial Treasurer after six year cause all sums of money which shall on the first day of that month years. have been invested as aforesaid and lying to the credit of any estate under his control for the term of six years then next preceding to be paid to the Colonial Treasurer for the public service of the Colony, subject to the provisions hereinafter contained.

95. It shall be lawful for the Court at any time upon the apply subsequently. petition of any person claiming to be entitled to the said moneys so paid over to the Colonial Treasurer or any part thereof, and upon being satisfied by affidavit or other sufficient evidence adduced in support thereof that such person is so entitled to make an order for the payment of such moneys or any portion thereof, but without interest thereon from the time of payment to the Colonial Treasurer as aforesaid, and after deducting any costs and expenses which may have been incurred by the Curator or otherwise in respect of such application; and the Colonial Treasurer on being served with such order shall within a reasonable time in that behalf pay the amount mentioned therein to the person therein named, and the receipt of such person shall be a sufficient voucher for such payment.

PART VII.

Procedure.

96. Subject to any rules or orders to be made hereunder, and Practice until otherwise ordered except where otherwise provided by this Act the practice of the Supreme to be as at present Court in Probate Jurisdiction shall be regulated so far as the circumstances of the case will admit by the practice of the Court in its Equitable Jurisdiction.

97. Subject to the rules and orders to be made hereunder, the Mode of taking evidence. witnesses and where necessary the parties in all matters where their 20 and 21 Vic. c. 77 attendance can be had shall be examined orally in open Court, whether s. 31. the trial or proceeding be with or without a jury. Provided always that by the permission of the Court in every case the parties may verify their respective cases in whole or in part by affidavit, but so that the deponent in every such affidavit shall on the application of the opposite party be subject to be cross-examined by or on behalf

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of such opposite party orally in open Court as aforesaid, and upon such cross-examination may be re-examined orally in open Court as aforesaid by or on behalf of the party by whom such affidavit was filed.

98. Where a witness in any contested matter is out of the jurisdiction of the Court, or where by reason of his illness or otherwise the Court shall not think fit to enforce the attendance of the witness in open Court, it shall be lawful for the Court to order a commission to issue for the examination of such witness on oath upon interrogatories or otherwise, or if the witness be within the jurisdiction of the Court to order the examination of such witness on oath upon interrogatories or otherwise before any officer of the said Court or other person to be named in such order for the purpose; and all the powers now vested in the Supreme Court in its equitable jurisdiction with reference to the issuing of commissions and ordering the examination of witnesses and generally in connection therewith shall extend to and be applicable to the Court in its probate jurisdiction.

99. The Court may direct any question of fact arising in any may be directed to be suit or proceeding under this Act to be tried by a special or common jury.

100. When any question shall be so directed to be tried such question shall be reduced into the form of an issue and shall be tried before the Probate Judge or one of the other Judges of the Supreme Court and a jury of four or twelve men at such time and place as the Court may direct, and thereupon the matter shall proceed as in the case of issues directed to be tried by the Court in its equitable jurisdiction.

101. Any person considering himself aggrieved by any final or interlocutory decree or order of the Probate Judge may appeal therefrom to the full Court in the same way and with and subject to the same powers, orders, rules, and regulations as are now in force with reference to appeals from the decisions of the Primary Judge in Equity.

102. The Probate Judge may on the application of any party or at his own discretion, and on such terms (if any) as he shall think fit to impose, direct a rehearing by the Full Court of any cause, petition, motion, or matter before him; and in such case it shall not be necessary to give any notice of appeal, but nothing herein shall prejudice the right of any party to appeal when the Judge shall not give any such direction.

103. Any person may lodge with the registrar a caveat against any application for probate or administration at any time previous to such probate or administration being granted; and every such caveat shall set forth the name of the person lodging the same, and an address within the city of Sydney at which notices may be served on him.

104. In every case in which a caveat shall be lodged the Court may upon motion on behalf of the person applying for probate or administration supported by affidavits upon which if there had been no caveat, probate or administration would have been granted, make an order nisi for the grant of probate or administration to the person applying; and every such order shall name a time for showing cause against the same, and the Court may enlarge such order from time to time.

105. Every such order nisi and every order enlarging the same may be served on the caveator by delivering a copy of the same at the address mentioned in his caveat.

106. If upon the day named in the order *nisi* or upon the day to which such order shall have been enlarged the caveator do not appear such order nisi may be made absolute upon an affidavit of service, but if the caveator appear the matter shall proceed as a contested matter and be heard before the Probate Judge alone upon affidavit or oral evidence or by a jury as the Court may direct.

commission or give orders for examination of witnesses abroad or who are unable to attend. Ib. s. 32.

Court may issue

Questions of fact or before a jury. Ib. s. 35. Question to be stated. Ib. ss. 37, 38.

Appeal.

Judge may direct rehearing. Eq. Act s. 77.

Caveat may be lodged. Vict. Act. No. 427 s. 29.

Where a caveat lodged Court may grant order nisi. 16. 30.

Service of order nisi. *Ib.* 31.

Proceeding where caveator does not appear. Ib. 32.

107.

107. The Court shall have the like powers, jurisdiction, and Powers of the Court authority for requiring and enforcing the production of documents and to enforce orders. the attendance of persons as witnesses and otherwise, and for punishing 20&21 Vic.c.77 8.25. persons failing, neglecting, or refusing to produce such documents, or to appear or to be sworn or make affirmation or declaration, or to give evidence, or guilty of contempt, and generally for the trial or determination of questions of fact, and for enforcing all orders, decrees, and judgments made or given by the Court under this Act, and for the taxation of costs, and otherwise in relation to the matters to be inquired into and done under this Act or by or under the orders of the Court under this Act as are or shall be by law vested in the Supreme Court in equity for such purposes in relation to any suit or matter depending in such Court in equity.

108. The Court may on motion or petition or otherwise in a Order to produce an summary way whether any suit or other proceeding shall or shall not instrument purportbe pending in the Court with respect to any probate or administration, tary. order any person to produce and bring into the registry any paper or Ib. s. 26. writing, being or purporting to be testamentary or otherwise material to the matter before the Court which may be shown to be in the possession or under the control of such person, and if it be not shown that any such paper or writing is in the possession or under the control of such person, but it shall appear that there are reasonable grounds for believing that he has the knowledge of any such paper or writing, the Court may direct such person to attend for the purpose of being examined in open Court or upon interrogatories respecting the same, and such person shall be bound to answer such questions or interrogatories, and (if so ordered) to produce and bring in such paper or writing, and shall be subject to the like process of contempt in case of default in not attending or in not answering such questions or interrogatories or not bringing in such paper or writing as he would have been subject to in case he had been a party to a suit in the Court and had made such default, and the costs of any such motion, petition, or other proceeding shall be in the discretion of the Court.

other proceeding shall be in the discretion of the Court. 109. In all matters and proceedings under this Act every Attorney, &c., to attorney, solicitor, and proctor of the Supreme Court of New South audience before Probate Judge. Probate Judge.

PART VIII.

General matters.

110. The Registrar, Commissioners of the Supreme Court, and Oaths. Justices of the Peace of the Colony of New South Wales shall have power to administer oaths under this Act.

111. In all matters under this Act the question of costs and costs. how they shall be paid shall be in the discretion of the Court subject to appeal as aforesaid.

112. The Judges of the Supreme Court or any three of them, Rules. may make general rules for regulating the times and form and mode Equity Act, 1880. of procedure, and generally the practice of the Court in respect of the several matters to which this Act relates, and for fixing the amount of all fees and allowances to officers of the Court and solicitors in reference to such matters, and otherwise for the effectual execution of this Act and of the intention and object thereof; and all such rules and orders shall be published in the Gazette and shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament within thirty days of their being so published, or if Parliament be not then sitting, within the like time after Parliament shall thereafter assemble for the despatch of business.

SCHEDULE.

54º VICTORIÆ, No. 25.

Probate.

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[1s. 3d.]

By Authority : CHARLES POTTER, Government Printer, Sydney, 1890.

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PROBATE BILL.

SCHEDULE of the Amendments referred to in Message of 4th December, 1890.

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Page 2, clause 2, line 28. Omit " prior to" insert " between the date on which the said Act came to and " into force and" Page 3, clause 4, lines 7 and 8. Omit "the Primary Judge in Equity or" Page 3, clause 4, line 8. Omit "other" Page 3, clause 7, line 28. After "and" insert "also" Page 3, clause 7, line 28. After "expedient" insert "may appoint a" Page 3, clause 7, line 36. Omit "his" insert "the" Page 3, clause 7, line 37. After "absence" insert "of the Registrar" Page 3, clause 8, line 40. After "necessary" insert "may appoint a" Page 3. After clause 8 insert new clause 9 Page 4. After clause 11. 12, insert new clause 13. Page 4, clause 12. 14, line 21. Add "s" to "estate" Page 4, clause 12. 14, line 23. Omit "trustees" Page 4, clause 12. 14, line 27. After "Judge" omit remainder of clause. Page 4. After clause 13. 15, insert new clause 16. Page 4, clause 14. 17, line 46. After "real" insert "as well as personal" Page 5, clause 14. 17, line 2. After "sell" insert "such real estate" Page 5, clause 14. 17, line 2. Omit "such real estate" insert "the same" Page 5, clause 14. 17, line 3. After "purchaser" insert "or mortgagee" Page 5, clause 15. 18, line 7. After "Executor" insert "to whom probate shall have been granted" Page 5, clause 15. 18, line 8. After "estate" insert "so long as it shall remain vested in him" Page 5, clause 16, 19, line 14. Omit "the" insert "his" Page 5, clause 16. 19, line 15. Omit "of such person" insert "to whom probate shall have been " granted" Page 5, clause 17. 20, line 17. Omit "of any deceased person" insert "to whom probate shall have " been granted" Page 5, clause 17. 20, line 19. Omit "such person" insert "his testator" Page 5, clause 18. 21, line 23. After "annexed" insert "already granted or" Page 5, clause 19. 22, lines 40 and 41. Omit " and manner" Page 5, clause 19. 22, line 41. Omit "set apart and" Page 6, clause 25. 28. At end of clause add "Provided also that no such bond shall be required "to be given by or on behalf of the 'Permanent Trustee Company of New South "Wales (Limited)' or the 'Perpetual Trustee Company (Limited),' except in respect " of estates exceeding twenty thousand pounds in value, in which the Court shall " otherwise order." Page 7, clause 27. 30, line 9. Omit "de bonis non" Page 7, clause 28. 31, line 13. After "Curator" insert " for and on behalf of Her Majesty" Page 7, clause 29. 32, line 29. Omit "on" insert "in" Page 7, clause 31. 34, line 43. After "intestate" insert "as to the same" Page 7, clause 32. 35, line 47. Omit "sold or mortgaged or" Page 7, clause 32. 35, line 48. After "years" insert "or sold or mortgaged" Page 8, clause 34. 37, line 14. After "allotted" insert "to him" Page 8, clause 34. 37, line 17. After "allotted" insert "to him" Page 9, clause 42. 45, line 28. Omit "wholly or partially " Page 9, clause 43. 46, lines 37 and 38. Omit "six weeks" insert "three calendar months" Page 9, clause 43. 46, lines 39 and 40. Omit "after a grant durante minore ætate" Page 9, clause 44. 47, lines 58 and 59. Omit "the return of the lawful executor or administrator within "the jurisdiction of the said Court and" Page 10, clause 45. 48, lines 2 and 3. Omit "make oath" insert "satisfy the Court by affidavit"

Page 10, clause 45. 48, line 6. After "chattels" insert "or real estate" c 108-

Page

Page 10, clause 46. 49, lines 13 to 16. Omit "upon being satisfied that such executor or administrator " bona fide intends to remain within the jurisdiction of the Court until the estate of the deceased " has been duly administered "

Page 10, clause 46. 49. At end of clause add "and thereafter the original probate or administra-"tion shall be and remain as valid and effectual as if such special grant of administra-

" tion had never been made"

Page 10, clause 49. 52, line 40. After "grant" insert " or restoration"

Page 11, clause 53. 56, line 14. After "Administration" insert "has been or"

Page 11, clause 53. 56, line 16. After "time" insert "and from time to time"

Page 11, clause 53. 56, line 22. After "accounts" omit remainder of clause, add " and the order of the

- " Court allowing any such account shall be prima facie evidence of the correctness of
- "the same, and shall after the expiration of three years from the date of such order
- " operate as a release to the person filing the same, excepting so far as it shall be shown
- " by some person interested therein that an error or omission or fraudulent entry has

" been made in such account"

- Page 11, clause 54. 57, line 34. Omit "he" insert "such Court"
- Page 11, clause 57. 60, line 60. Omit " clause" insert " section"
- Omit "the" second occurring insert "any" Page 11, clause 57. 60, line 63.
- Page 12, clause 60. 63, line 12. After "administration" insert "already granted or hereafter"
- Page 12, clause 60. 63, line 19. After "of the" insert "Supreme"
- Page 12, clause 60. 63, line 19. After "Court" insert " of New South Wales"
- Page 12, clause 60, 63, line 24. After "the" insert "said"
- Page 12, clause 60, 63, line 25. Omit "of New South Wales in its Probate Jurisdiction"
- Page 12, clause 60, 63, line 26. Omit " on application in that behalf";
- Page 12, clause 60. 63, line 27. After "executor" insert "or administrator"

Page 13, clause 67, 70, lines 12 and 13. Omit "or of the successor in office of any such curator the" insert "his"

Page 13, clause 67, 70, lines 13 and 14. Omit "of the curator so dying, resigning, or removed"

- Page 13, clause 67, 70, line 15. Omit "administrator of" insert "entitled to administer"
- Page 13, clause 67, 70, line 16. After "personal" insert "estate"
- Page 13, clause 68, 71, line 23. Omit " all"

Page 13, clause 70, 73, line 46. Omit "moneys" second occurring insert "fees and commission"

Page 14, clause 71, 74, line 2. At end of sub-section (1) add "willing and capable of acting as " aforesaid"

Page 14, clause 71. 74, line 29. After "otherwise" omit remainder of clause.

- Page 15, clause 75. 78, line 16. After "died" insert "either in or"
- Page 15, clause 75. 78, line 17. Omit "but"
- Page 15, clause 76. 79, line 32. After " some" insert " daily"
- Page 15, clause 76 79, line 34. After "then" insert "also"
- Page 15, clause 77. 80, line 42. After "reside" insert " if there shall be any such consul resident in "Sydney"
- Page 16, clause 81. 84, line 14. Omit " within the provisions of this Act"
- Page 16, clause 82. 85, line 21. Omit "other"
- Page 16, clause 82-85, line 21. Omit "papers" insert "newspapers"
- Page 16, clause 82. 85, line 40. Before " of " insert " if any"
- Page 16, clause 83. 86, line 42. Omit "after" insert "If at"
- Page 16, clause 83. 86, line 44. Omit " if "
- Page 16, clause 83. 86, line 44. Omit "be" insert "have been"
- Page 16, clause 84. Omit clause 84.
- Page 17, clause 89. 91, line 42. After "any" insert "testator or"
- Page 17, clause 89. 91, line 43. Before "intestate " insert " testator or "
- Page 17, clause 89. 91, line 46. Before "intestate " insert " testator or "
- Page 17, clause 90. 92, line 51. Omit "or them"
- Page 18, clause 92. 94, line 8. Omit "intestate"
- Page 18, clause 92. 94, line 9. After "estate" insert "under his control"
- Page 20. After clause 106 insert new clause 109.
- Page 20, clause 109. 112, line 36. Omit "Government,"
- Page 20, clause 109. 112, line 38. Omit "promulgated" insert " so published!"

This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 16 September, 1890.

F. W. WEBB, Clerk of Legislative Assembly.

The LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL has this day agreed to this Bill with Amendments.

Legislative Council Chamber, Sydney, 4th December, 1890. } JOHN J. CALVERT, Clerk of the Parliaments.

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New South Wales.



ANNO QUINQUAGESIMO QUARTO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

No. .

An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to Probate and Letters of Administration, and to the succession to Real Estate in cases of Intestacy, and for the preservation and management of the estates of deceased persons.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law Preamble. relating to Probate and Letters of Administration, and to the succession to Real Estate in cases of Intestacy, and to the collection, management, and administration of the estates of deceased persons. 5 Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :--

1. In the construction of this Act, unless the context be inconsis- Interpretation clause 10 tent therewith, the following words and terms shall have and include

"Administration" includes all letters of administration of the real

and personal estate and effects of deceased persons whether with or without the will annexed, and whether granted for 354—A general

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NOTE .- The words to be omitted are ruled through ; those to be inserted are printed in black letter,

| | 1700016. |
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| .`. | general, special, or limited purposes, also exemplification of letters of administration or such other formal evidence of the letters of administration purporting to be under the seal of a Court of competent jurisdiction as shall in the opinion of the |
| 5 | Court be deemed sufficient, and orders to the Curator to collect. "The Court" means Supreme Court of New South Wales in its Probate Jurisdiction, or the Probate Judge. |
| 10 | "Governor" means Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council. |
| 10 | "Probate" includes "Exemplification of probate" or any other formal document purporting to be under the seal of a Court of computer invitation which chall in the |
| | of competent jurisdiction which shall in the opinion of the Court be deemed sufficient. "Probate Judge" means the Judge for the time being authorized |
| 15 | "Real Estate" shall include lands held under building leases or |
| | any lease for twenty-one years and upwards. "Will"—Testament and all other testamentary instruments of which probate may now be granted. |
| 20 f | 2. The following Statutes are hereby repealed, that is to say, Repeal. irst Victoria number four, eleventh Victoria number twenty-four, |
| t t | hirteenth Victoria number forty-four, fifteenth Victoria number eight, wenty-sixth Victoria number twenty, forty-fifth Victoria number two, |
| 25 s | aud Acts or any of them prior to the passing of this Act, and so far s the Act twenty-sixth Victoria number twenty is concerned the |
| p w | rovisions of the said Act shall be applied to the case of any person the shall have died prior to between the date on which the said Act |
| 30 ^c | ame into force and the passing of this Act. 3. This Act shall be divided into Parts, viz. : Division of Act. |
| | PART I.—Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in testamentary causes, and appointment of officers. |
| | PART II.—Probate. PART III.—Administration and distribution of Intestate Estates. |
| 35 | PART IV.—Probate and Administration generally. PART V.—Foreign Probates and Letters of Administration. |
| | PART VI.—Curator of Intestate Estates. PART VII.—Procedure. |
| 40 a | PART VIII.—General matters. nd may be cited as the "Probate Act of 1890." |
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PART

PART I.

Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in Probate Jurisdiction, and appointment of Officers.

- 4. The jurisdiction and authority heretofore vested in or Jurisdiction of 5 exercised by the Supreme Court or by the Primary Judge in Equity in Supreme Court in respect of the estates of deceased persons shall be vested in and exercised by the Supreme Court in Probate Jurisdiction and by the Primary Judge in Equity or such other Judge as may from time to time be permanently or temporarily appointed in that behalf by the
- 10 Governor under the title of the Probate Judge or by any Judge of the Supreme Court acting for the said Probate Judge during his illness or absence or at his request.

5. The Probate Judge may sit with the assistance of any Judge Other Judges may or Judges of the Supreme Court who at his request may consent to sit with Probate' attend for that purpose. Provided that where three Judges so sit the so set V.

- 15 attend for that purpose. Provided that where three Judges so sit the 20 & 21 Vie. c. 77 judgment of the majority, and where only two Judges so sit their ^{s. 34.} unanimous judgment shall respectively be taken to be the judgment of the Full Court.
- 6. The Probate Judge may hear in Chambers such part of the Judge may sit in 20 business under this Act as can in his opinion be so heard with advan-^{Chambers.} 21 & 22 Vie. c. 95 tage to the suitors, and shall when so sitting have and exercise the ss. 3, 5. same powers and jurisdiction as if in Court. Provided that the Judge while sitting in Chambers may adjourn for hearing in Court or when sitting in Court may adjourn for hearing in Chambers any case before
- 25 him which he may think would be better heard in Court or Chambers as the case may be.

7. The Governor may appoint some fit and proper person Appointment of to be the Registrar and also if thought expedient may appoint a Registrar.

- Deputy Registrar of the Probate Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court; 30 and such Registrar shall, subject to any rules to be made hereunder for his future guidance and direction, perform such duties as have heretofore been performed by the Prothonotary of the Supreme Court in reference to proceedings in the Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction of the Court and by the Ecclesiastical Clerk of the Supreme Court,
- 35 and such other duties as may be prescribed by rule of Court or directed by the Probate Judge, and during his the illness or absence of the Registrar the Probate Judge may authorize any Officer of the Supreme Court to act as Registrar.
- 8. The Governor may appoint some fit and proper person to be Curator.
 40 Curator and if necessary may appoint a Deputy Curator of Intestate Estates; and the present Curator of Intestate Estates shall be considered to have been appointed hereunder, and shall have, perform, and exercise all the powers, duties, and authorities by this Act conferred on the Curator, and such Curator of Intestate Estates may
 45 be suspended or removed from office by the Governor.

9. The Deputy Registrar or Deputy Curator, as the case may be, Deputies may if any, may exercise all the powers and shall perform all the duties by exercise powers this Act conferred or imposed upon the Registrar or Curator res- duties of pectively, and such other duties as may be prescribed by Rule of Court Registrar and 50 or directed by the Probate Judge.

9. 10. During the illness or absence of the Curator the Probate Appointment of Judge may appoint some fit person to discharge the duties of the temporary Curator. Curator upon his giving such security as the Judge may direct; and security. such person shall during such illness or absence act in the stead of the

Curator,

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Curator, and sign and execute in his name all such documents as may require his signature or execution, and do, perform, and discharge all other acts, deeds, and duties pertaining to the office of Curator.

10. 11. The Court shall have jurisdiction to grant probate of the Probate or adminis-5 will or administration of the estate of any deceased person leaving tration may be property, whether real or personal, within the Colony of New South personal estate. Wales.

11. 12. The Court may if it shall think fit grant probate to one or Probate to one or more of the executors named in any will, reserving leave to the other more executors reserving leave to

10 or others who have not renounced to come in and apply for probate at others to prove some future date.

13. All applications for probate or letters of administration Application for may be made by petition to the Judges of the Supreme Court without probate or the necessity of application being made in open Court. Provided that administration made by

15 notice of such intended application shall be published in the Gazette petition. and in one Sydney newspaper at least fourteen days before such application is made.

12. 14. It shall be lawful for the Judges of the Supreme Court, by Certain matters may rule of Court in that behalf made, to delegate to the Master in Equity Master in Equity.

- 20 or Registrar the powers of the Court in and about the granting of probates and administration of estates not exceeding one thousand pounds in value where no contention has arisen, and also in and about the passing of the accounts of trustees, executors, and administrators. save in respect of the award of commission thereon. Provided that
- 25 such Master or Registrar shall where any party interested shall so desire and in cases of doubt or difficulty refer the matter to the Probate Judge, and-provided-that-no-such-administration-shall-empower the administrator to sell, mortgage, lease, or otherwise deal with the real estate of the intestate unless such real estate shall be sworn to
- 30 be of a less value than one hundred pounds, and the Master or Registrar shall think fit to make a special order in that behalf, which he is hereby authorized to do.

Vict. Act No. 427 s. 5.

subsequently.

PART II.

Probate.

13. 15. Upon the grant of probate of the will of any deceased Real estate to vest person after the commencement of this Act, all the real estate whether in executors. held by him beneficially or in trust shall vest as from the death of N_0 . 427 s. 6. 35 such person in the executor to whom such probate shall be granted

for all the estate therein of such person, and if there shall be more 40 than one such executor shall vest in them as joint tenants in the same way as personal estate now vests.

16. All such real estate as shall have been held by any testator Real estate held as a trustee and shall vest in his executor by virtue of the thirteenth by testator as trustee to be held section of this Act shall be held by such executor subject to the trusts by executor subject to trusts. 45 and equities affecting the same.

14. 17. The real as well as personal estate of every deceased Real estate to be person shall be assets in the hands of his executor to whom probate assets for payment shall have been granted for the payment of all duties and fees and for 9 Geo. IV cap. 33 the payment of his debts in the ordinary course of administration, ss. 1 & 2.

and

and it shall be lawful for such executor for purposes of administration to sell such real estate or mortgage such real estate the same with or without a power of sale and to convey the same to a purchaser or mortgagee in as full and effectual a manner in law as the testator 5 of such executor could have done in his lifetime.

15. 18. In all suits in Equity concerning the real estate of a In suits executor or deceased person, his executor to whom probate shall have been granted administrator to represent real estate so long as it shall vict. Act. remain vested in him and the persons interested therein in the same No. 407 s. 8.

10 manner and to the same extent as in suits concerning personal estate the executor or administrator represents such estate and the persons interested therein.

16. 19. Subject to the provisions of this Act the real estate of every Real estate to be deceased person devising such estate by his will shall be held by the held upon trusts of will.
15 his executor of such person to whom probate shall have been granted *Ib. s. 9.*

according to the trusts and dispositions of such will.

17. 20. The executor of any deceased person to whom probate shall Executor to have have been granted shall have the same rights and be subject to the same rights &c. as to same duties with respect to the real estate of such person his testator estate. 20 that executors heretofore have had or been subject to with reference Ib. s. 10.

to personal assets.

18. 21. The probate of any will or letters of administration with the Probate to be will annexed already granted or hereafter to be granted shall be evidence evidence of will concerning real of the due execution of such will upon all questions concerning real estate.

25 estate in the same manner and to the same extent as heretofore con-*Ib.s.* 11. cerning personal estate, and the copy attached or annexed to such probate or letters of administration purporting to be a copy of the will in respect of which probate or letters of administration have been so granted shall be *primá facie* evidence of the contents of such will, and

30 every probate or administration shall be *primâ facie* evidence of the death and the date of the death of the testator or intestate.

19. 22. There shall be one place of deposit under the control of the Place of original Court at such place in Sydney as the Governor may by notice in the wills. Gazette direct in which all the original wills brought into the Court or of $_{s. 66.}^{20 \text{ and } 21 \text{ Vic. c. 77}}$

- 35 which probate or administration with the will annexed is granted under this Act, and such other documents as the Probate Judge may direct shall be deposited and preserved and the same may be inspected under the control of the Court and subject to the rules and regulations to be made hereunder; and until any such direction as aforesaid such wills
- 40 and other documents shall be deposited and kept in the places and manner at the present time set-apart and used in that behalf. 20. 23. An official copy of the whole or any part of a will or an official copy of whole official certificate of the grant of any letters of administration may be or part of will may

official certificate of the grant of any letters of administration may be or part of will may obtained from the Registrar or custodian on the payment of the fees *Ib. s. 69.* **45** fixed for the same by the rules and regulations now or hereafter to be

in force in that behalf.

21. 24. Any person residing in New South Wales may deposit in Will may be the office of the Registrar-General his will enclosed in a sealed deposited in the envelope or cover endorsed with the full name description and the then Provide the

the onlice of the negistrar-deneral his will choosed in a balance office of the envelope or cover endorsed with the full name, description, and the then Registrar-General 50 address of the testator or other means of ready identification, and also by testator in his the names in full with descriptions and addresses of the executors Vict. Act No. 213 named therein, and such will shall unless previously required to be s. 14. given up by the testator remain in the said office in the custody of the Registrar-General until the death of the testator, and upon his

55 death the Registrar-General shall deliver the same after examination to either of the executors named in the said will, or in case of doubt to such person as the Supreme Court or any Judge thereof may direct; Vict. Act No. 230] and no probate of any will not so deposited and no administration in any case shall be granted unless the application be supported by an

affidavit

affidavit that a search has been made in the proper office for a will of the deceased, and stating whether any such will remains deposited with the officer for the time being authorized to have the custody of deposited wills, or by a certificate from the Registrar-General to the like effect.

PART III.

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Administration and Distribution of Intestate Estates.

22. 25. The practice and proceedings hitherto in force with reference Practice as to grantto granting administration of the personal estate of an intestate shall, ing administration of save as hereby altered and subject to the rules and orders to be real and personal save as hereby altered and subject to the rules and orders to be estate.

- 10 made hereunder, be applicable to administration granted hereunder and so far as may be to administration of real estate, and administration of both real and personal estate may be granted in and by the same letters. 23. 26. The Court may grant administration of the estate of an To whom adminis-
- intestate person to the husband or widow or to one or more of the next tration may be 15 of kin of the deceased person or to the husband or widow conjointly granted. with one or more of the next of kin. Provided that any person to whom administration shall be granted shall be of the full age of twenty-one years. And in case there shall be no such person who shall be qualified as aforesaid, or who being so qualified shall be in the opinion of the
- 20 Court fit to be so trusted, or who shall when duly cited appear and pray for administration, then administration may be granted to any person or persons whether creditors or not of the deceased that the Court shall think fit.
- 24. 27. Every administration heretofore granted to any husband in Validation of 25 respect of the estate of his deceased wife or to any widow in respect of administration here the estate of her deceased husband shall be deemed to be and to have certain cases. been valid to all intents and purposes, anything in the Charter of Justice to the contrary notwithstanding.
- 25. 28. Every person to whom a grant of administration shall be Administration bond 30 made shall, previous to the issue of such administration, execute a bond to be executed. to Her Majesty and her successors with one or more surety or sureties s. s1. conditioned for duly collecting, getting in, and administering the personal
- estate or real and personal estate of the deceased, which bond shall be in such form as the Court shall by rule direct, and in the meantime
- 35 shall be in the form heretofore in use. Provided that it shall not be necessary for the Curator or for any person obtaining administration to the use or for the benefit of Her Majesty to execute any such bond. Provided also that no such bond shall be required to be given by or on behalf of the "Permanent Trustee Company of New South Wales
- 40 (Limited)" or the "Perpetual Trustee Company (Limited"), except in respect of estates exceeding twenty thousand pounds in value, in which the Court shall otherwise order.

26. 29. Such bond shall be in a penalty equal to the amount under Amount of penalty in which the property of the deceased shall be sworn, but the Court administration bord.

45 may in any case dispense with the bond or with one or both of the sureties, or direct that such penalty shall be reduced in amount, and may also if it shall think fit direct that more bonds than one shall be given so as to limit the liability of any surety to such amount as the Court shall think reasonable, and may in place of such bond accept the security

security of any incorporated company or guarantee society approved of by the Court in such form and under such regulations as the Court shall by rule direct.

27. 30. The Court may at any time upon the motion of any Administration may 5 person interested in the estate revoke the administration already be revoked or further granted or order the administrator to execute a further hand in order the administrator. granted or order the administrator to execute a further bond in such sum and within such time as may seem right with or without sureties as aforesaid, and upon default remove the administrator and appoint an administrator de-bonis-non in his place, with power to sue or be sued 10 upon any contract made by the removed administrator.

- 28. 31. The Court may on application made on motion in a Order may be made summary way and on being satisfied that the condition of any bond to assign the bond. given hereunder has been broken order the Curator, for and on behalf s. 83. of Her Majesty, to assign the same to some person to be named in such
- 15 order, and such person, his executors or administrators shall thereupon be entitled to sue upon the said bond in his or their own name or names as if the same had been originally given to him, and shall be entitled to recover thereon as trustee for all persons interested the full amount recoverable in respect of any breach of the condition of the said bond.
- 20 29. 32. All real estate which any person shall hereafter die seised or Lands of intestate or possessed of or entitled to in the Colony of New South Wales intestate administrator or shall pass to and become vested in the administrator of the estate of Curator in trust for such person as from the death of such person for his estate therein, or in uext of kin. the case of a partial intestacy to and in the executor named in the will,
- 25 or to and in the administrator with the will annexed, and such administrator, or in the case of partial intestacy the executor or administrator Vict. Act No. 230 s. 8. with the will annexed, as the case may be, shall hold the said real estate upon trust for payment of the debts of the deceased, and subject thereto on in trust for and as if the same had been devised to the same
- 30 persons as tenants in common as would be entitled in the case of personal property, excepting only as mentioned in the next succeeding section. 30. 33. Any husband or wife shall be entitled on the death of the Husband's interest other intestate to the same share in the real or personal estate of the vice versa.
- other as a wife is now by law entitled to in the personal estate of an Vict. Act No. 427 s.9. 35 intestate husband predeceasing her, and no estate by courtesy or right Rucensland 41 Vic. of dower or any equivalent estate shall arise after the passing of this No dower of Act out of any real estate. Provided that any husband or widow so courtesy title. entitled to share in real estate shall be bound to accept the value thereof in lieu of partition if so desired by all the persons entitled

40 jointly with him or her.

31. 34. All real estate held by any person in trust or by way of Lands held in trust mortgage passing under this Act shall as from the death of such person vest in administrator. intestate as to the same vest in the administrator for all the estate therein of such person subject to the trusts and equities affecting the

45 same.

32. 35. No real estate of which administration has been granted Lands not to be sold under this Act shall be sold or mortgaged or leased for a longer term without consent or than three years or sold or mortgaged by the administrator without the Queensland consent of all persons beneficially interested or the order of the Court⁴¹ Vic. No. 24 s. 24.

50 in that behalf which may impose such conditions as it shall think fit,

subject however to appeal as herein provided.

33. 36. The Court may upon the petition of the administrator, or Court may make in case of partial intestacy the executor, or the administrator with the special order. will annexed, or of any person beneficially interested, and after such ²⁶ Vic. No. 20 s. 3.

55 previous notice to other parties and inquiry as shall seem fit, order and direct the course of proceedings which shall be taken in regard to the time and mode of sale of any such real estate as aforesaid, the letting and management thereof until sale, the application for maintenance

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or

or advancement or otherwise of shares or income of shares of infants, the expediency and mode of effecting a partition if applied for, and generally in regard to the administration of the real estate for the greatest advantage of all persons interested.

- 5 34. 37. In any case wherein upon such inquiry the Court shall be Court may order satisfied that a partition of such real estate or any part thereof $\frac{\text{partition in a}}{\text{summary way.}}$ would be advantageous to the parties interested therein, it shall *Ib*, s. 4. be lawful for such Court to appoint one or more arbitrators to effect such partition. And the report and final award of the
- 10 arbitrators setting forth particulars of the land allotted to each party interested shall when signed by them and confirmed by the order of the Court and when also registered in the office of the Registrar-General be effectual without the necessity of any further conveyance to vest in each allottee the land so allotted to him, and an office copy
- 15 of such award so signed, confirmed, and registered as aforesaid shall for all purposes be equivalent to an indenture of conveyance to each allottee of the lands allotted to him as aforesaid. And in the case of land subject to the provisions of the "Real Property Act" each such allottee shall be entitled to have issued to him a certificate
- 20 of title for the land so allotted to him. And if such allotment be made subject to the charge of any money payable to any other party interested for equalizing the partition such charge shall take effect according to the terms and conditions in regard to time and mode of payment and otherwise which shall be expressed in such award without
- 25 the necessity of any further instrument being made or executed. And in the case of land subject to the provisions of the Real Property Act the certificate of title shall issue, subject to such charge unless such charge shall be satisfied.
- 35. 38. No personal representative shall be required against his Personal 30 own consent to continue the duty of a trustee by managing the representative not required to continue property during an enforced suspension of sale but shall be entitled to act against their upon such suspension being ordered to relinquish his trust to such own consent. Ib. s. 7. person as the Court may appoint.

PART IV.

Probate and Administration generally.

- 36. 39. From and after the decease of any person dying intestate Property of intestate and until letters of administration or an order to collect shall be granted to vest in Chief Justice. in respect of his estate the real and personal estate of such deceased 21 & 22 Vic. c. 95 person shall be deemed to be vested in the Chief Justice of New ^{s. 19.} 40 South Wales, or if there shall be no Chief Justice then in the senior
- Puisne Judge for the time being in the same manner and to the same extent as aforetime the personal estate and effects vested in the

Ordinary in England.

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- 37. 40. Where any person after the commencement of this Act Executor renouncing 45 renounces probate of the will of which he is appointed executor or one probate or not acting or not appearing to a of the executors, and whenever an executor appointed in a will survives citation to be treated the testator but dies without having taken probate, and whenever an as if he had renounced. executor named in a will is personally cited to take probate and does 21 and 22 Vic. c. 95 not appear to such citation the right of such person in respect of the s. 16.
- 50 executorship shall wholly cease, and the representation to the testator and the administration of his effects shall without any further renunciation go, devolve, and be committed in like manner as if such person had not been appointed executor.

38.

38. 41. Where an infant is sole executor, administration with the Where an infant is will annexed may be granted to the guardian of such infant or to sole executor adminis-such other person as the Court shall think fit, until such infant shall to the guardian &c. have attained the full age of twenty-one years, with or without full 38 Geo. III c. 87 5 or limited powers to act in the premises until probate shall have been ^{8. 6.}

granted to the said executor or administration to some other person.

39. 42. The person to whom such administration shall be granted Who shall have the shall have the same powers vested in him as an autimitie winore ætate of granted durante minore ætate of granted durante minore ætate of the next of kin. shall have the same powers vested in him as an administrator by same power as where 10 the next of kin.

40. 43. When any person named as executor, or any husband or 16. s. 7. widow or the next of kin entitled to probate or administration shall be Probate or adminisout of the jurisdiction but shall have some person within the jurisdic- to attorney in tion of the Court appointed under power of attorney to act for him or certain cases.

15 her respectively, administration may be granted to such attorney, but on behalf of the person entitled thereto and on such terms and conditions as the Court shall think fit.

41. 44. Pending any suit touching the validity of the will of any Administration pendeceased person or for obtaining, recalling, or revoking any probate or dente lite and receiver.

20 any grant of administration, or during a contested right to administra- 20 & 21 Vie. c. 77 tion, the Court may if it shall think fit appoint an administrator of the ss. 70, 71.

- personal estate and the same or any other person to be receiver of the real estate of any deceased person with such full or limited powers and with or without a bond or sureties as the Court may think right, 25 and may make such orders for the remuneration of such administrator or receiver out of the personal and real estate of the deceased as it
 - may think right.

42. 45. Where a person shall die wholly-or-partially intestate or Power as to appoint? leaving a will but without having appointed an executor thereof, or an trator.

- 30 executor willing and competent to take probate, or where the executor 16. s. 73. shall be resident out of the Colony the Court may if it shall think it necessary or convenient in any such case appoint some person to be the administrator of the estate of the deceased or of any part thereof upon his giving such security (if any) as the Court shall direct, and 35 every such administration may be limited as the Court shall think fit.
- 43. 46. In any case where the executor named in a will shall neglect Proceeding where or refuse to prove the same or to renounce probate thereof within six prove will. weeks three calendar months from the death of the testator or from the Vict. Act. time of such executor attaining the age of twenty-one years after-a-grant
- 40 durante-minore-ætate, or where the executor is unknown or cannot be found the Court may upon the application of any person interested in the estate or of the Curator or of any creditor of the testator grant an order nisi calling upon the executor to show cause why probate of the said will should not be granted to such executor, or in the alternative
- 45 why administration with such will annexed should not be granted to the applicant, and upon affidavit of service or of sufficient reasons for nonservice of such order if the executor do not appear, or upon cause being shown it shall be lawful for the Court to make such order thereon for the administration of the estate and to make such order as to costs 50 as shall appear just.

44. 47. If at the expiration of six calendar months from the death If executor or of any person the executor to whom probate of the will or the administrator out of jurisdiction special administrator to whom administration of the estate and effects of such administrator may deceased person shall have been granted is then residing out of the be appointed. 55 jurisdiction, the Court may upon the application of any creditor, legatee, ^{Ib}.

- or next of kin grant to such creditor, legatee, or next of kin so applying special letters of administration of such deceased person, nevertheless to cease upon the return of the lawful executor or administrator within the jurisdiction of the said Court, and an order being made for the 60 rescission thereof as hereinafter mentioned.
 - 354-B

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45. 48. The person applying for any such special grant as aforesaid Special administrator shall in addition to the oath usually taken by administrators make affidavits. oath satisfy the Court by affidavit that the executor or administrator 1b. of such deceased person is resident out of the jurisdiction of the Court

- 5 and that the applicant is thereby delayed in recovering or obtaining payment of moneys or the possession of goods and chattels, or real estate, to which he is by law entitled or that the estate is liable to loss or waste.
- 46. 49. On the return within the jurisdiction of the Court of the On return of 10 executor or administrator to whom probate or administration shall original executor or administrator special originally have been granted such executor or administration shart administrator special originally have been granted such executor or administrator may apply administration to be to the Court by petition to rescind such special grant of administration, *Ib* rescinded. *Ib* that such executor for administrator *bonû fide* intends to remain within **15** the jurisdiction of the Court until the estate of the deceased has been
- duly-administered may make an order to rescind such special grant of administration upon such terms and conditions as to security, costs, or otherwise as to the Court may seem reasonable, and thereafter the original probate or administration shall be and remain as valid and 20 effectual as if such special grant of administration had never been made.

47. 50. Upon any order being made by the Court for the rescission On order being made of any grant of special administration as aforesaid the special admini- for rescission special administrator to strator shall be bound duly to account to the original executor or account and pay administrator and to pay over all moneys received by him as such over moneys. 25 special administrator, and then remaining in his hands undisposed of,

as the Court may order.

48. 51. If such executor or administrator shall neglect to apply for Original executor or an order for the rescission of such special administration he shall, administrator has notwithstanding that such special administration remains unrescinded, administration not he lights to answer and make read all claims and demands are in the rescinded.

- 30 be liable to answer and make good all claims and demands against the $\frac{1}{Ib}$. estate of the deceased to the extent of the assets which have come to his hands or which might have come to his hands but for his wilful neglect or default including the neglect herein mentioned.
- 49. 52. Where before the revocation of any ordinary or temporary Revocation of 35 administration or the rescission of any special administration as afore- temporary grants said, any proceedings at law or in equity have been commenced by actions or suits. or against any administrator so appointed, the Court in which such 20 & 21 Vie. c. 77 proceedings are pending may order that a suggestion be made upon the record of the revocation or rescission of such administration and
- 40 of the grant or restoration of probate or administration which shall have been made consequent thereon, and thereupon the proceedings shall be continued in the name of the new or original executor or administrator in like manner as if the proceedings had been originally commenced by or against such new or original executor or administrator, but subject
- 45 to such conditions and variations if any as such Court may direct. 50. 53. In the administration of the estate of every person who All specialty and simple contract debta shall die after the passing of this Act no debt or liability of such person to stand in equal shall be entitled to any priority or preference by reason merely that degree the same is secured by or arises under a bond, deed, or other instrument ³²/₄₆ and ³³ Vic. cap.
- 50 under seal or is otherwise made or constituted a specialty debt or is due to an executor or administrator, but all the creditors of such person as well specialty as simple contract shall be treated as standing in equal degree and be paid accordingly out of the assets of such deceased person whether such assets are legal or equitable, any statute
- 55 or law to the contrary notwithstanding. Provided always that this Act shall not prejudice or affect any mortgage, lien, charge, or other security which any creditor may hold or be entitled to for payment of his debt.

51. 54. Where any probate or administration is revoked or rescinded Payments under 60 under this Act all payments bond fide made to any executor or adminis- administrations

trator under such probate or administration before the revocation or valid. rescission thereof shall be a legal discharge to the person making the^{Ib. s. 77.}

to make certain

administrator liable

same,

same, and the executor or administrator who shall have acted under any such revoked or rescinded probate or administration may retain and reimburse himself or shall be entitled to be reimbursed in respect of any payments made by him which the person to whom probate or 5 administration shall be afterwards or was originally granted might

have lawfully made.

52. 55. All persons and corporations making or permitting to be Persons &c. making made any payment or transfer bond fide upon any probate or adminis- payments upon tration or order granted in respect of the estate of any deceased estate of deceased

- 10 person under the authority of this Act shall be indemnified and person to be indemnified. protected in so doing notwithstanding any defect or circumstance *Ib. s.* 78. whatsoever affecting the validity of such probate or letters of administration or order not then known to such persons or corporations.
- 53. 56. Every person to whom probate or administration has been Executor or 15 or shall be granted shall file an inventory of the estate of the deceased administrator to pass and pass his accounts relating thereto within such time, and from time to time, and in such manner as may be fixed by any rule or order under this Act or as the Court may specially order, and until then in accordance with the rules hitherto in force : And shall be
- 20 subject to any special order that the Court may on the motion of any person interested make as to the production and verification of his accounts, but no such passing of accounts shall affect the rights of parties-to-dispute-the-same-other-than-the-applicant. and the order of the Court allowing any such account shall be prima facie evidence of
- 25 the correctness of the same, and shall, after the expiration of three years from the date of such order, operate as a release to the person filing the same, excepting so far as it shall be shown by some person interested therein that an error or omission or fraudulent entry has been made in such account.
- 30 54. 57. It shall be lawful for the Court to allow out of the assets Executors &c. of any deceased person to his executor, administrator, or trustee for may be allowed the time being in passing his accounts such commission. the time being in passing his accounts, such commission or percentage for his pains and trouble as shall be just and reasonable, and subject to such notices if any as he such Court may direct. No such allowance shall
- 35 be made to any executor, administrator, or trustee who shall neglect or omit without good reason or a special order of a Judge to pass his accounts pursuant to any general or special rule or order of the Court. 55. 58. The Registrar shall cause entries to be made in a book to Registrar to keep
- be kept for that purpose of all grants of probate and administration, record of probates, &c. 40 and of the filing, passing, and allowance of the accounts of all executors and administrators, and of any special order extending the time for passing such accounts; and such book shall set forth the dates of such grants, the names of the testators or intestates, the place and time of
- death, the names and description of the executors or administrators, the 45 sworn value of the estates, and the dates of the filing, passing allowance of, and special orders with reference to the said accounts. 56. 59. In case any such executor or administrator shall neglect to If accounts not

file such inventory or to pass such accounts as aforesaid for the space exhibited Registrar of one calendar month after the expiration of the period fixed it shall trator before Judge

- 50 be the duty of the Registrar to cause such executor or administrator who may inflict to be notified of such neglect, and in case of further neglect for the period of one calendar month he shall cause him to be summoned before the Court to show cause why he should not be ordered to file such inventory or to exhibit such account to the Court forthwith.
- 55 And if such executor or administrator shall not within the prescribed time or within such further time as shall be allowed him by a Judge, file, pass, or exhibit such inventory or account in manner aforesaid he shall be liable to attachment in accordance with the practice of the Court of Equity.
- 57. 60. Proceedings being taken under the last preceding elause Proceedings under 60 section shall not prejudice the right to proceed against the executor or last section not to prejudice proceedings administrator for an account and administration or prevent the Court on bond. from ordering the assignment of the any bond to any person with a view of enforcing the penalty thereof as hereinbefore mentioned.

accounts.

58. 61. The Court may make such order with reference to the Judge may make distribution or application of any moneys which the executor or of moneys in hands administrator or Curator may have in hand or as to the residue of the of executor &c. estate as it may think fit. Provided that no final order for distribu-

5 tion shall be made except upon notice to all the parties entitled.

59. 62. Any decree in Equity in an administration suit shall bind Decree in Equity the parties, and be of the same force and effect to all intents and shall bind parties. purposes as if an order to the same effect had been made in the Probate Jurisdiction.

PART V.

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Foreign Probates and Letters of Administration.

- 60. 63. When any probate or letters of administration already Probates and letters granted or hereafter to be granted by any Court of competent jurisdic-tion in any portion of Her Majesty's Dominions shall be produced to Colonies or the United Kingdom to be of like force asid the executor or administrator therein named, or by any person duly granted to New authorized by power of attorney in that behalf under the hand and being resealed. seal of such executor or administrator, such probate or letters of S. A. Act. administration may be sealed with the seal of the Supreme Court administration may be sealed with the seal of the Supreme Court
- 20 of New South Wales, and shall when so sealed have the like force and effect and have the same operation in New South Wales, and every executor and administrator thereunder shall perform the same duties and be subject to the same liabilities as if such probate or letters of administration had been originally granted by the said Supreme
- 25 Court of New South Wales in its Probate Jurisdiction. Provided always that the Court may on-application-in-that-behalf require any such executor or administrator or person authorized as aforesaid to give security for the due administration of the estate in respect of matters or claims within the Colony.
- 30 61. 64. The seal of the Court shall not be affixed to any such probate Scal not to be affixed or letters of administration until all such probate, stamp, and other till duty is paid. duties if any have been paid as would have been payable if such 1b. probate or letters of administration had been originally granted by the
- Supreme Court of New South Wales, and further such letters of And as to adminis-35 administration shall not be so sealed until such bond has been entered tration till bond is interest into. into as would have been required if such letters had been originally granted by the last-mentioned Supreme Court.

62. 65. Every such executor or administrator as last aforesaid, and Every executor &c. every executor or administrator appointed under this Act shall be in the Colony.

- 40 deemed to be resident within the Colony of New South Wales, and where not actually so resident he shall before the issue or sealing of any probate or administration file with the Registrar an address within the city of Sydney at which notices and processes may be served upon him, and all services at such registered address shall be deemed personal service.
- 63. 66. Any person may lodge a caveat against the sealing of any Caveat. 45 such probate or letters of administration, and such caveat shall have the same effect and shall be dealt with in the same manner as a caveat against the grant of probate or administration.
- 64. 67. The seal of the Court shall not be affixed as aforesaid Notice of intention 50 except upon an affidavit that notice of the intention to apply in that to apply. behalf has been published twice in one or more Sydney daily newspapers fourteen days before the making of such affidavit, and that no caveat has been lodged in respect thereof up to the morning of such application.
- 65. 68. The above provision as to sealing shall not apply to any Not to apply to Public Officer or 55 Public Officer or to the Curator of Intestate Estates.

Curator.

PART

PART VI.

Curator of Intestate Estates.

66. 69. The Curator shall before entering upon the duties of his Curator to give office give security to Her Majesty and her successors to the satisfaction security. 5 of the Colonial Treasurer for the collection and due payment of and accounting for all moneys which shall come to his hands by virtue of his office. Provided that any surety found by him may withdraw from any future liability by giving the Colonial Treasurer three months written notice of his desire so to do, but such withdrawal shall not 10 affect his liability for any breach which may have occurred prior to the

date of actual withdrawal.

67. 70. On the death, resignation, or removal of such Curator or of Successors to have the successor in office of any such Curator, the his successor of the Curator power of adminis-trator de bonis non. so-dying, resigning, or removed shall immediately on his appointment

- 15 and by virtue thereof become administrator-of entitled to administer all the real and personal estate of every such deceased person as hereinafter mentioned left unadministered by any predecessor. And every such successor shall immediately upon his appointment and by virtue thereof become entitled to the possession of all books, accounts,
- 20 letters, papers, and documents of every description used by or in the possession or under the control of any predecessor relating to any estate administered by him or to the office of Curator.

68. 71. In all legal proceedings it shall not be necessary for the Proceedings by and Curator or those suing him to prove his general authority to act as against Curator.

- 25 Curator, but only to prove the order to collect in the specific estate to which the proceedings relate. Whenever the office of Curator shall become vacant by death, resignation, or removal from office or otherwise and another person shall be appointed to the vacancy so created any action or proceeding which may have been taken as aforesaid shall 30 not abate but shall be continued by or against the person so appointed
- as such Curator, and no fresh order to collect shall be necessary. 69. 72. The Curator may appoint any persons he may think fit to Curator's agents. act as his agents for the purpose of administering all estates in his
- hands, and the clerks to the several Benches of Magistrates within 35 the Colony shall at his request act as such agents within their respective districts. Every such agent not being a Clerk of Petty Sessions shall give security to the satisfaction of the Curator for the performance of his duties. Such agents shall in all respects act in the management, collection, and getting in of such property under the
- 40 direction of the Curator who shall not be answerable for any act or omission of any such agent not in conformity with any such direction or which shall not have happened by the said Curator's own default or neglect.

70. 73. The Curator shall take and retain the fees set out in the As to fees and com-45 Schedule hereto, and also a commission of five pounds per centum on all mission.

- moneys collected by him or by his agents, and shall pay such moneys fees and commission into the Treasury for the public uses of the Colony after deducting therefrom all expenses and an allowance of not exceeding three pounds per centum by way of commission to his
- 50 agents in respect of all moneys collected by them or through or by reason of their agency.
 - 71. 74. The Court may on the application of the Curator grant to Order to Curator to the Curator an order to collect the estate of any deceased person collect.

leaving real or personal estate within the jurisdiction of the Court 55 in any of the following cases-

(I) Where the person shall have died testate but leaving no executor or no executor who may be willing and capable of acting in execution of his will, and no widow or next of kin, or no such person willing and capable as aforesaid resident within the jurisdiction of the Court, or where he shall have died

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died intestate and leaving no widow or next of kin resident within such jurisdiction willing and capable of acting as aforesaid.

- (II) Where the person shall have died either testate or intestate and probate or administration shall not have been applied for within three months after the death of such person.
- (III) Where the person shall by his will have appointed the Curator to act.
- (IV) Where the estate or any portion thereof is liable to waste, and the executor appointed by the will or widow or lawful next of kin shall be absent from the locality of the said estate or is not known or has not been found, or shall request the Curator in writing to apply for such order.
- (v) Where the executors named in the will of the deceased have renounced probate or all the persons primarily entitled to administration have by writing filed in the office of the Registrar declined to apply for administration.
- (VI) Where the estate or any portion thereof is of a perishable nature or is in danger of being lost or destroyed, or where great expense may be incurred by reason of delay.
- (VII) Where after the expiration of thirty days from the decease of any person there is no reasonable probability of probate or administration being obtained within the period of three months from such decease.
- 25 Provided that the Court may in any case require the Curator to give such notices or cite such persons or produce such evidence as it may think fit before granting the order applied for or may make a temporary order for collection and protection only or generally or limited to a portion of the estate or otherwise. And it-is-hereby-declared
- 30 that the provisions of this Act shall apply to the administration of the real estate within the Colony of all persons who shall have died prior to the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, where those entitled to such estate shall not have asserted their rights thereto prior to the date of the passing of this Act; and all orders to
- 35 collect such estate shall have the effect of vesting it in the Curator, subject to any claim under the Statute of Limitations, so as to enable him to convey the right, title, and interest (if any) of the deceased to the purchaser there of. And the Curator shall hold such estate, or the proceeds of sale thereof, subject as aforesaid, for the benefit of, and in
- 40 trust for, those who, prior to the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, would have been entitled thereto. 72. 75. An order to collect the estate of any deceased person Effect of order. shall give to the Curator the same powers, rights, and obligations in
- respect of such estate, except as hereby enacted, as he would have had 45 if administration had been granted to him as next of kin to such person intestate; and all laws now or hereafter in force in reference to the administration of the estates of deceased persons shall apply to the administration of estates by the Curator.
- 73. 76. Notwithstanding any order which shall have been made Probates and admin-50 authorizing the Curator to collect under this Act the Court may granted notwith-grant probate of the will or administration of the estate of such standing appoint-deceased person to any person in such manner and subject to such limitations or conditions as it shall think proper, but no application for any such grant shall be made until seven days after notice in
- 55 writing of the intention to apply for the same shall have been left at the office of the Curator.

74. 77. Immediately on the grant of any such probate or administra- On such grant tion all the interest, powers, rights, and duties of the Curator (except liabilities to cease. such rights as are conferred by this section) in regard to the estate of the deceased person whose estate shall be affected by such grant, and

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all

54º VICTORIÆ, No.

Probate.

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| | all liabilities of the Curator under any contract or agreement entered | |
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| | into by him in relation to such estate or any part thereof shall cease. | |
| | and (subject to and on the allowance and payment of all money due | |
| | for the commission of the Curator as aforesaid and the necessary outlay. | |
| 1 | b disbursements, costs, charges, and expenses in relation to such estate. | |
| | including all costs of appearing on the application for such probate or | |
| | letters of administration or rule and consequent thereon, and subject | |
| | also to the provisions of this section) such portion of the estate of | |
| - | such deceased person as shall be left unadministered by the Curator. | |
| 1(| and all rights and obligations of the Curator in respect thereof shall vest | |
| | in the executor or administrator obtaining such probate or administra- | |
| | tion. Provided always that nothing herein contained shall be held to | |
| | relieve the Curator from any liability in respect of his management of | |
| | the estate up to the time of such probate or administration. | |
| 18 | 5 4. 78. Whenever it shall be made to appear to the Court that | When ther |
| | there is reasonable ground to suppose that any porgon has died of them | reasonable |
| | in or out of the jurisdiction of the Court intestate but leaving property within such jurisdiction the Court may order and empower the Curator to collect and manage the estate of such parson both such a | person has |
| | within such jurisdiction the Court may order and empower the Curator | of jurisdict |
| 00 | to collect and manage the estate of such person both real and personal, | may obtain |
| 20 |) and every such order shall be valid until revoked and shall empower | manage &c |
| | the Ourator to conect, manage, and administer the personal estate, and | death. |
| | enter upon and receive the rents and profits and otherwise manage the | |
| | real estate of such supposed deceased person, and to pay and discharge | |
| 0- | the debts and liabilities of such person in like manner as if he were | |
| 20 | certainly dead and the Curator had obtained an order to collect the | |
| | estate of such person under the preceding provisions. Provided that the | |
| | Curator shall not proceed to any distribution of the assets without an | |
| | order of the Court specially authorizing him to make such distribution. | |
| 20 | 76: 79. Within fourteen days after any order to collect shall have | Notice of r |
| 90 | been granted the Curator shall, unless the Court shall otherwise order, | publishea. |
| | cause notice of the fact that such order has been granted to be pub- | |
| | lished twice in some daily newspaper published in the city of Sydney; | |
| | and if the person of whose estate the Curator shall have been | |
| 35 | appointed Curator did not reside in such city then also twice in some | |
| 00 | newspaper published in the town or place where such person resided, or if there shall be no newspaper published in such town in the | |
| | or if there shall be no newspaper published in such town or place then twice in some newspaper circulating in or near to such town or place then | |
| | twice in some newspaper circulating in or near to such town or place. | |
| | 77. 80. The Curator shall cause like notices to be published in prewspapers published or circulating in the town or place where the | Like notices of kin. |
| 40 | next of kin are known or supposed to reside, and in the case of | |
| | foreigners he shall give notice to the Consul of the country where the | |
| | next of kin are supposed to reside, if there shall be any such Consul | |
| | resident in Sydney, unless the Court shall in any case otherwise order. | |
| | 78. 81. Any person interested as creditor, next of kin or otherwise of | · |
| 45 | in the real or personal estate of any deceased person which the Curators | ummary ju |
| | has been ordered to collect may, on the neglect or refusal of the | ver Curato |
| | Curator to do any act in relation to the administration of such estate | |
| | or on his doing or threatening to do any act in breach of his duty with | |
| | reference to the said estate, apply ex parte upon affidavit to the | |
| 50 | Probate Judge in chambers for an order calling upon the Curator to | |
| | show cause upon a day not less than two days from the service of such | |
| | order upon him before the Court why he should not do or abstain | |
| | from doing such act, and for an interim order in the nature of an | |
| | injunction if warranted by the facts of the case; and any such order | |
| 55 | may be granted subject to such conditions as to giving security for | |

55 may be granted subject to such conditions as to giving security for

costs as the Court may impose. 79. 82. Upon the hearing of any such complaint the Court may Applications how receive proof of the matters in relation thereto orally or by affidavit, heard. and may make such order thereon as the circumstances of the case

ere is le ground to hat any as died out iction of the e Curator in order to tc. without al proof of

rule to be

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ave urisdiction or.

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may require and as to payment of costs by the complainant or by the Curator personally or from the estate administered by him as in his discretion shall seem just, and such orders shall have the same effect and be enforceable by the same process as if made by the Court 5 sitting in equity in a suit between the parties to such complaint.

80. 83. In all cases where an order to collect shall have been made Curator to act as the or shall be made under this Act it shall be lawful for the Court on the Court shall direct, petition of the Curator or any person interested in the estate to make such orders touching the collection, sale, investment, and disposal of

10 the estate as to the Court shall seem meet.

81. 84. In every case in which the estate of any deceased person Mode of proceeding shall be administered by the Curator under this Act all disputes and under this Act. matters touching the collection, management, or administration of the

- same within-the provisions of this Act, and all claims and demands 15 thereon except as hereinafter provided shall be decided by the Court on petition. Provided nevertheless that in any case in which it shall appear to be not desirable that the matter in question should be so decided the Court may direct such proceedings to be instituted as shall appear proper for the due decision thereof.
- 20 82. 85. The Curator shall at such times as he shall think fit cause Payment of debts. advertisements to be published in the *Gazette* and such other public papers newspapers as he shall deem expedient, calling upon the creditors of the persons whose estates he shall have been ordered to administer to come in and prove their debts before him, on or before a time to
- 25 be fixed in such notice. He may allow any claim which may be made before him upon the affidavit of the claimant alone or where he shall think fit to call for further evidence upon such further evidence as he shall require. He shall as soon after the expiration of the time allowed for proof of debts as he conveniently can, pay
- 30 the debts proved if the whole thereof can be paid, and if not shall declare and pay a dividend thereon; and if he shall collect any further assets after making such payment he shall in case any part of the debts proved remain unpaid pay the same and any debts subsequently proved before him (or a dividend thereon as the case may be), but such
- 35 debts as shall be subsequently proved shall first be paid a dividend in proportion to their amount equal to the dividend paid to creditors having previously proved their debts. After payment of all debts, fees, and expenses incident to the collection, management, and administration of such estate he shall pay over the residue to the personal representa-
- 40 tive if any of the intestate or testator (as the case may be) so soon as such representative shall have been duly constituted. 83. 86. After If at the expiration of three calendar months from the Payment to relatives time fixed by the advertisement for creditors to come in and prove their ^{&c. in petty cases.}

time fixed by the advertisement for creditors to come in and prove their ^{&c.} in petty cases. debts, if no debt shall be have been proved or no creditor having proved 45 his debt shall remain unpaid, it shall be lawful for the Curator with

- the approval of the Court to pay any sum not exceeding one hundred pounds to any person claiming to be a party in distribution or to be a legatee under a will without letters of administration having been obtained or the will being proved, and upon such evidence of the right
- 50 or title of the party so claiming as the Court may under the circumstances deem sufficient.

84. The Curator shall have the same right to require a release Discharge to Curator and discharge upon winding up any estate in his charge and handing on winding up estate. over the property which may be in his hands to the person or persons

55 entitled thereto as any executor, administrator, or any other trustee now has in the like circumstances.

85.

| 85. 87. The Curator shall make or cause to be made an inventory or Accounts to be kept, |
|--|
| list of all the estates of the persons which he shall have been ordered &c. |
| to administer, and shall retain the same in his office and shall keep an |
| account of all his receipts, payments, and dealings in every such estate, |
| 5 and shall retain all letters received and copies of all letters written by |
| him and all deeds, papers, and writings of and relating to such estates, |
| and shall permit all persons to inspect and take copies of the same and |
| of all proceedings relating thereto at all reasonable hours, or shall |
| furnish office copies thereof on payment of the fees mentioned in the |
| 10 Schedule hereto annexed. The Curator shall with due diligence sell or |
| mortgage such lands as he may be authorized to deal with and convert |
| into money all such other estate as shall not consist of money unless |
| otherwise ordered by the Court, and shall forthwith pay all moneys |
| received by him as such Curator into some Bank to be approved of by |
| 15 the Court and the Colonial Treasurer to the credit of an official |
| account to be operated on by him as such Curator. |
| 86. 88. The receipts in writing of the said Curator for any moneys Receipt of Curator |
| payable to him under this Act shall be sufficient discharges for the ^{sufficient} discharge. |
| same to the persons paying the same who shall not afterwards be liable |
| 20 for any misapplication thereof. |
| 87. 89. The Curator shall in the months of January, April, July, and Quarterly returns to |
| October in every year transmit to the Colonial Treasurer a return of Treasurer and accounts. |
| all moneys received and paid by him or any agent or agents for him |
| during the three months immediately preceding in respect of the |
| 25 estates intrusted to him to collect, distinguishing the particular estate |
| in which the same have been so received or paid. And shall at |
| the same time furnish a separate and distinct return of all balances or |
| sums whatsoever then in his hands to the credit of each of such estates : |
| And shall keep proper books of account in reference thereto, which |
| 30 shall once in every three months or oftener if necessary be examined |
| and passed by the Colonial Treasurer or some officer appointed by him |
| in that behalf. |
| 88- 90. The Curator shall after the expiration of six months from The Curator to |
| the date of the order for collection of any estate invest all moneys expiration of twelve |
| 35 then standing to the credit of each such estate as the Court may by months. |
| any general or special rule or order direct, and until and subject to |
| any such order or rule may be made in accordance with the rule for |
| the time being in force with reference to the investment of suitors |
| moneys under the charge or control of the Court of Equity. |
| 10 89 91 Noithen the Curston non any of his accents shall be nersonally a start in the |
| liable to any person in respect of goods or chattels in the possession not liable for acts done in the perform- |
| of any testator or intestate at the time of his death which shall be ance of their duties. |
| sold by the Curator or any such agent as the goods of such testator or |
| intestate, unless such Curator or agent shall know or have actual notice |
| 45 before the sale that such goods or chattels were not in fact the property |
| of such testator or intestate, nor for any act done bond fide in the per- |
| formance of their duties respectively unless it shall be shown that such |
| act was done not only illegally but wilfully or with gross negligence. |
| 90. 92. In case of any sale by the Curator or his agents of goods or Proceeds of property |
| 50 chattels belonging in fact to any third person the amount realized by of third person to be handed over to him. |
| such sale thereof shall be paid over by him or-them to the owner upon |
| proof by him of such ownership, unless the same shall have been |
| applied in the payment of the debts of the deceased or shall have been |
| distributed according to any will of the deceased or in the ordinary |
| 55 course of administration whilst the said Curator or any such agent was |
| |

5 in ignorance, and without actual notice of the claim of such person to

In ignorance, and without details the goods or chattels so sold. 91. 93. If it shall appear on office found that any real estate vested Conveyance of in the Curator has escheated to Her Majesty, the net proceeds of sale of disposal of proceeds 314-C such of sale.

such estate shall be paid by the Curator to the Colonial Treasurer and be by him carried to the credit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund: And the Curator's conveyance of such real estate to the purchaser thereof shall operate to pass the right, title, and interest of the deceased 5 intestate to such purchaser as in any other case.

92. 24. The Curator shall in the first week in January in each Payment to Colonial year cause all sums of money which shall on the first day of that month Treasurer after six have been invested as aforesaid and lying to the credit of any intestate estate under his control for the term of six years then next preceding

- 10 to be paid to the Colonial Treasurer for the public service of the Colony, subject to the provisions hereinafter contained.
 - 93. 95. It shall be lawful for the Court at any time upon the Parties entitled may petition of any person claiming to be entitled to the said moneys so apply subsequently. paid over to the Colonial Treasurer or any part thereof, and upon being
- 15 satisfied by affidavit or other sufficient evidence adduced in support thereof that such person is so entitled to make an order for the payment of such moneys or any portion thereof, but without interest thereon from the time of payment to the Colonial Treasurer as aforesaid, and after deducting any costs and expenses which may have been
- 20 incurred by the Curator or otherwise in respect of such application; and the Colonial Treasurer on being served with such order shall within a reasonable time in that behalf pay the amount mentioned therein to the person therein named, and the receipt of such person shall be a sufficient voucher for such payment.

PART VII.

Procedure.

94. 96. Subject to any rules or orders to be made hereunder, and Practice until except where otherwise provided by this Act the practice of the Supreme otherwise ordered Count in Probate Jurisdiction shall be regulated as far as the simpler to be as at present Court in Probate Jurisdiction shall be regulated so far as the circum- existing.

30 stances of the case will admit by the practice of the Court in its Equitable Jurisdiction.

95. 97. Subject to the rules and orders to be made hereunder, the Mode of taking witnesses and where necessary the parties in all matters where their evidence. attendance can be had shall be examined orally in open Court, whether s. 31.

- 35 the trial or proceeding be with or without a jury. Provided always that by the permission of the Court in every case the parties may verify their respective cases in whole or in part by affidavit, but so that the deponent in every such affidavit shall on the application of the opposite party be subject to be cross-examined by or on behalf
- 40 of such opposite party orally in open Court as aforesaid, and upon such cross-examination may be re-examined orally in open Court as aforesaid by or on behalf of the party by whom such affidavit was filed.

96. 98. Where a witness in any contested matter is out of the Court may issue jurisdiction of the Court, or where by reason of his illness or otherwise commission or give 45 the Court shall not think fit to enforce the attendance of the witness tion of witnesses in open Court, it shall be lawful for the Court to order a commission to issue for the examination of such witness on oath upon Ib. s. 32. interrogatories or otherwise, or if the witness be within the juris-

diction of the Court to order the examination of such witness on 50 oath upon interrogatories or otherwise before any officer of the said Court or other person to be named in such order for the purpose; and all the powers now vested in the Supreme Court in its equitable jurisdiction with reference to the issuing of commissions and ordering the examination of witnesses and generally in connection therewith shall 55 extend to and be applicable to the Court in its probate jurisdiction.

97-

97. 99. The Court may direct any question of fact arising in any Questions of fact suit or proceeding under this Act to be tried by a special or common may be directed to be tried before the Court jury.

98. 100. When any question shall be so directed to be tried such Ib. s. 35. 5 question shall be reduced into the form of an issue and shall be tried Question to be stated. before the Probate Judge or one of the other Judges of the Supreme Court and a jury of four or twelve men at such time and place as the Court may direct, and thereupon the matter shall proceed as in the case of issues directed to be tried by the Court in its equitable jurisdiction.

10 99. 101. Any person considering himself aggrieved by any final or Appeal. interlocutory decree or order of the Probate Judge may appeal therefrom to the full Court in the same way and with and subject to the same powers, orders, rules, and regulations as are now in force with reference to appeals from the decisions of the Primary Judge in Equity.

15 100. 102. The Probate Judge may on the application of any party or Judge may direct at his own discretion, and on such terms (if any) as he shall think fit to rehearing. Eq. Act s. 77. impose, direct a rehearing by the Full Court of any cause, petition, motion, or matter before him; and in such case it shall not be necessary to give any notice of appeal, but nothing herein shall prejudice the 20 right of any party to appeal when the Judge shall not give any such

direction.

101. 103. Any person may lodge with the registrar a caveat against Caveat may be any application for probate or administration at any time previous to Vict. Act. such probate or administration being granted; and every such caveat No. 427 s. 23.

25 shall set forth the name of the person lodging the same, and an address within the city of Sydney at which notices may be served on him.

102. 104. In every case in which a caveat shall be lodged the Where a caveat Court may upon motion on behalf of the person applying for probate grant order nisi. or administration supported by affidavits upon which if there had been 16. 30.

- 30 no caveat, probate or administration would have been granted, make an order *nisi* for the grant of probate or administration to the person applying; and every such order shall name a time for showing cause against the same, and the Court may enlarge such order from time to time.
- 103. 105. Every such order nisi and every order enlarging the same service of order nisi. 35 may be served on the caveator by delivering a copy of the same at the 16. 31. address mentioned in his caveat.

104. 106. If upon the day named in the order nisi or upon the day Proceeding where to which such order shall have been enlarged the caveator do not expease not appear. 40 appear such order nisi may be made absolute upon an affidavit of *Ib.* 32.

service, but if the caveator appear the matter shall proceed as a contested matter and be heard before the Probate Judge alone upon affidavit or oral evidence or by a jury as the Court may direct.

105. 107. The Court shall have the like powers, jurisdiction, and Powers of the Court 45 authority for requiring and enforcing the production of documents and to enforce orders the attendance of persons as witnesses and otherwise, and for punishing 20&21 Vic.c.77 s.25. persons failing, neglecting, or refusing to produce such documents, or to appear or to be sworn or make affirmation or declaration, or to give evidence, or guilty of contempt, and generally for the trial or determina-

50 tion of questions of fact, and for enforcing all orders, decrees, and judgments made or given by the Court under this Act, and for the taxation of costs, and otherwise in relation to the matters to be inquired into and done under this Act or by or under the orders of the Court under this Act as are or shall be by law vested in the Supreme Court in equity 55 for such purposes in relation to any suit or matter depending in such

Court in equity.

106. 108. The Court may on motion or petition or otherwise in a Order to produce any summary way whether any suit or other proceeding shall or shall not instrument purportbe pending in the Court with respect to any probate or administration, tary.

or before a jury.

order 16. s. 26.

54º VICTORIÆ, No. .

Probate.

order any person to produce and bring into the registry any paper or writing, being or purporting to be testamentary or otherwise material to the matter before the Court which may be shown to be in the possession or under the control of such person, and if it be not shown

- 5 that any such paper or writing is in the possession or under the control of such person, but it shall appear that there are reasonable grounds for believing that he has the knowledge of any such paper or writing, the Court may direct such person to attend for the purpose of being examined in open Court or upon interrogatories respecting the
- 10 same, and such person shall be bound to answer such questions or interrogatories, and (if so ordered) to produce and bring in such paper or writing, and shall be subject to the like process of contempt in case of default in not attending or in not answering such questions or interrogatories or not bringing in such paper or writing as he would have
- 15 been subject to in case he had been a party to a suit in the Court and had made such default, and the costs of any such motion, petition, or other proceeding shall be in the discretion of the Court.

109. In all matters and proceedings under this Act every Attorney, &c., attorney, solicitor, and proctor of the Supreme Court of New South to have right of 20 Wales shall have the right of audience before the Probate Judge.

PART VIII.

General matters.

107. 110. The Registrar, Commissioners of the Supreme Court, and Oaths. Justices of the Peace of the Colony of New South Wales shall have 25 power to administer oaths under this Act.

108. 111. In all matters under this Act the question of costs and Costs. how they shall be paid shall be in the discretion of the Court subject to appeal as aforesaid.

- 109. 112. The Judges of the Supreme Court or any three of them, Rules. 30 may make general rules for regulating the times and form and mode Equity Act, 1880. of procedure, and generally the practice of the Court in respect of the several matters to which this Act relates, and for fixing the amount of all fees and allowances to officers of the Court and solicitors in reference to such matters, and otherwise for the effectual execution of
- 35 this Act and of the intention and object thereof; and all such rules and orders shall be published in the Government Gazette and shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament within thirty days of their being promulgated so published, or if Parliament be not then sitting, within the like time after Parliament shall thereafter assemble for the 40 despatch of business.

SCHEDULE.

| | | £ | s. | d. |
|----|---|----|-----|----|
| | For every order to administer where effects shall appear to be above £50. | 0 | 7 | 6 |
| | Where effects shall appear to be £50 or under— | | | |
| 45 | For every order to pay money if £10 and under £20 | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| | If £20 and under £50 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| | If £50 and under £100 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| | And on every £100 above the first | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| | | 0 | .2 | 6 |
| 50 | For every special order | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| | For every office copy 6d. per folio. | | | |
| | On every audit of accounts including the direction to invest assets if the | 10 | | |
| | amount which shall have been in the Curator's hands be under $\pounds 20$. | 0 | . 5 | 0 |
| 55 | If £20 and under £50 | 0 | 7 | 6 |
| | | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| | For avery f100 above the first | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| | | | | |

andience before Probate Judge.

[1s. 3d.]

Sydney : Charles Potter, Government Printer .-- 1890.

PROBATE BILL.

SCHEDULE of the Amendments referred to in Message of 4th December, 1890.

Page 2, clause 2, line 28. Omit " prior to" insert " between the date on which the said Act came " into force and" Page 3, clause 4, lines 7 and 8. Omit "the Primary Judge in Equity or" Page 3, clause 4, line 8. Omit "other" Page 3, clause 7, line 28. After "and" insert "also" Page 3, clause 7, line 28. After "expedient" insert "may appoint a" Page 3, clause 7, line 36. Omit "his" insert "the" Page 3, clause 7, line 37. After "absence" insert "of the Registrar" Page 3, clause 8, line 40. After "necessary" insert "may appoint a" Page 3. After clause 8 insert new clause 9 Page 4. After clause 11. 12, insert new clause 13. Page 4, clause 12. 14, line 21. Add "s" to "estate" Page 4, clause 12, 14, line 23. Omit "trustees" Page 4, clause 12. 14, line 27. After "Judge" omit remainder of clause. Page 4. After clause 13. 15, insert new clause 16. Page 4, clause 14. 17, line 46. After "real" insert "as well as personal" Page 5, clause 14. 17, line 2. After "sell" insert "such real estate" Page 5, clause 14. 17, line 2. Omit "such real estate" insert "the same" Page 5, clause 14. 17, line 3. After "purchaser" insert "or mortgagee" Page 5, clause 15. 18, line 7. After "Executor" insert "to whom probate shall have been granted" Page 5, clause 15. 18, line 8. After "estate" insert "so long as it shall remain vested in him" Page 5, clause 16. 19, line 14. Omit "the" insert "his" Page 5, clause 16. 19, line 15. Omit "of such person" insert "to whom probate shall have been "granted" Page 5, clause 17. 20, line 17. Omit "of any deceased person" insert "to whom probate shall have " been granted" Page 5, clause 17. 20, line 19. Omit "such person" insert "his testator" Page 5, clause 18. 21, line 23. After "annexed" insert "already granted or" Page 5, clause 19. 22, lines 40 and 41. Omit "and manner" Page 5, clause 19. 22, line 41. Omit " set apart and " Page 6, clause 25: 28. At end of clause add "Provided also that no such bond shall be required "to be given by or on behalf of the 'Permanent Trustee Company of New South "Wales (Limited)' or the 'Perpetual Trustee Company (Limited),' except in respect " of estates exceeding twenty thousand pounds in value, in which the Court shall " otherwise order." Page 7, clause 27. 30, line 9. Omit "de bonis non" Page 7, clause 28. 31, line 13. After "Curator" insert "for and on behalf of Her Majesty" Page 7, clause 29. 32, line 29. Omit "on" insert "in" Page 7, clause 31. 34, line 43. After "intestate" insert "as to the same" Page 7, clause 32. 35, line 47. Omit "sold or mortgaged or" Page 7, clause 32. 35, line 48. After "years" insert "or sold or mortgaged" Page 8, clause 34. 37, line 14. After "allotted" insert "to him" Page 8, clause 34. 37, line 17. After "allotted" insert "to him" Page 9, clause 42. 45, line 28. Omit "wholly or partially " Page 9, clause 43. 46, lines 37 and 38. Omit "six weeks" insert "three calendar months" Page 9, clause 43. 46, lines 39 and 40. Omit "after a grant durante minore ætate" Page 9, clause 44. 47, lines 58 and 59. Omit "the return of the lawful executor or administrator within "the jurisdiction of the said Court and" Page 10, clause 45. 48, lines 2 and 3. Omit "make oath" insert "satisfy the Court by affidavit" Page 10, clause 45. 48, line 6. After "chattels" insert "or real estate" c 108-Page

Page 10, clause 46. 49, lines 13 to 16. Omit "upon being satisfied that such executor or administrator " bond fide intends to remain within the jurisdiction of the Court until the estate of the deceased " has been duly administered "

- Page 10, clause 46. 49. At end of clause add " and thereafter the original probate or administra-" tion shall be and remain as valid and effectual as if such special grant of administra-" tion had never been made"
- Page 10, clause 49. 52, line 40. After "grant" insert " or restoration"
- Page 11, clause 53. 56, line 14. After "Administration" insert "has been or"
- Page 11, clause 53. 56, line 16. After "time" insert " and from time to time"
- Page 11, clause 53. 56, line 22. After "accounts" omit remainder of clause, add " and the order of the
 - " Court allowing any such account shall be prima facie evidence of the correctness of
 - "the same, and shall after the expiration of three years from the date of such order
 - " operate as a release to the person filing the same, excepting so far as it shall be shown
 - " by some person interested therein that an error or omission or fraudulent entry has

" been made in such account"

- Page 11, clause 54. 57, line 34. Omit "he" insert "such Court"
- Page 11, clause 57. 60, line 60. Omit " clause" insert " section"
- Page 11, clause 57. 60, line 63. Omit "the" second occurring insert "any"
- Page 12, clause 60. 63, line 12. After "administration" insert "already granted or hereafter"
- Page 12, clause 60. 63, line 19. After " of the" insert "Supreme"
- Page 12, clause 60. 63, line 19. After "Court" insert " of New South Wales"
- Page 12, clause 60, 63, line 24. After "the" insert "said"
- Page 12, clause 60, 63, line 25. Omit "of New South Wales in its Probate Jurisdiction"
- Page 12, clause 60, 63, line 26. Omit "on application in that behalf"; Page 12, clause 60, 63, line 27. After "executor" insert "or administrator"
- Page 13, clause 67, 70, lines 12 and 13. Omit "or of the successor in office of any such curator the" insert " his"

Page 13, clause 67, 70, lines 13 and 14. Omit "of the curator so dying, resigning, or removed"

- Omit "administrator of" insert "entitled to administer" Page 13, clause 67, 70, line 15.
- Page 13, clause 67, 70, line 16. After "personal" insert "estate"
- Omit "all" Page 13, clause 68, 71, line 23.

Page 13, clause 70, 73, line 46. Omit "moneys" second occurring insert "fees and commission"

- Page 14, clause 71. 74, line 2. At end of sub-section (1) add "willing and capable of acting as " aforesaid"
- Page 14, clause 71. 74. line 29. After "otherwise" omit remainder of clause.
- Page 15, clause 75. 78, line 16. After "died" insert "either in or"
- Page 15, clause 75, 78, line 17. Omit " but"
- Page 15, clause 76. 79, line 32. After "some" insert "daily"
- Page 15, clause 76 79, line 34. After "then" insert "also"
- Page 15, clause 77. 80, line 42. After "reside" insert " if there shall be any such consul resident in "Sydney"
- Page 16, clause 81. 84, line 14. Omit " within the provisions of this Act"
- Omit " other" Page 16, clause 82, 85, line 21.
- Page 16, clause 82, 85, line 21. Omit "papers" insert "newspapers"
- Before " of " insert " if any" Page 16, clause 82, 85, line 40.
- Omit " after" insert " If at" Page 16, clause 83. 86, line 42.
- Omit " be" insert " have been" Page 16, clause 83, 86, line 44.
- Page 16, clause 84. Omit clause 84.
- Page 17, clause 89. 91, line 42. After "any" insert "testator or"
- Page 17, clause 89. 91, line 43. Before "intestate" insert "testator or"
- Page 17, clause 89. 91, line 46. Before "intestate" insert "testator or"
- Page 17, clause 90. 92, line 51. Omit "or them"
- Page 18, clause 92. 94, line 8. Omit "intestate"
- Page 18, clause 92. 94, line 9. After "estate" insert "under his control"
- Page 20. After clause 106 insert new clause 109.
- Page 20, clause 109. 112, line 36. Omit " Government"
- Page 20, clause 109. 112, line 38. Omit "promulgated" insert "so published,"

- Omit "if" Page 16, clause 83. 86, line 44.

This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 16 September, 1890. F. W. WEBB, Clerk of Legislative Assembly.

The LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL has this day agreed to this Bill with Amendments.

Legislative Council Chamber, Sydney, 4th December, 1890. } JOHN J. CALVERT, Clerk of the Parliaments.

general

New South Wales.



ANNO QUINQUAGESIMO QUARTO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

No.

An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to Probate and Letters of Administration, and to the succession to Real Estate in cases of Intestacy, and for the preservation and management of the estates of deceased persons.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law Preamble. relating to Probate and Letters of Administration, and to the succession to Real Estate in cases of Intestacy, and to the collection, management, and administration of the estates of deceased persons. 5 Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :---

1. In the construction of this Act, unless the context be inconsis- Interpretation clause 10 tent therewith, the following words and terms shall have and include

the meanings severally set opposite to them and hereby assigned :-

354 - A

"Administrator" includes the Curator of Intestate Estates. "Administration" includes all letters of administration of the real and personal estate and effects of deceased persons whether with or without the will annexed, and whether granted for

15

Nore .- The words to be omitted are ruled through ; those to be inserted are printed in black letter.

| | general, special, or limited purposes, also exemplification of | |
|--------|--|------------------|
| • | letters of administration or such other formal evidence of the | |
| | letters of administration purporting to be under the seal of a | |
| 5 | Court of competent jurisdiction as shall in the opinion of the | |
| U | Court be deemed sufficient, and orders to the Curator to collect. "The Court" means Supreme Court of New South Wales in its | |
| | Probate Jurisdiction, or the Probate Judge. | |
| | "Governor" means Governor, with the advice of the Executive | |
| - | Council. | |
| 10 | "Probate" includes "Exemplification of probate" or any other | |
| | formal document purporting to be under the seal of a Court of competent jurisdiction which shall in the opinion of the | |
| | Court be deemed sufficient. | |
| | "Probate Judge" means the Judge for the time being authorized | |
| 15 | to administer this Act, or any Judge acting as such. | |
| | "Real Estate" shall include lands held under building leases or | |
| | any lease for twenty-one years and upwards. | |
| | "Will"—Testament and all other testamentary instruments of which probate may now be granted. | |
| 20 | 2. The following Statutes are hereby repealed, that is to say, I | |
| | first Victoria number four, eleventh Victoria number twenty-four, | xepeal. |
| t | thirteenth Victoria number forty-four, fifteenth Victoria number eight, | |
| t | twenty-sixth Victoria number twenty, forty-fifth Victoria number two, | |
| 95 c | but such repeal shall not affect any proceeding commenced under the | |
| 20 8 | said Acts or any of them prior to the passing of this Act, and so far as the Act twenty-sixth Victoria number twenty is concerned the | |
| n | provisions of the said Act shall be applied to the case of any person | |
| P W | who shall have died prior to between the date on which the said Act | |
| c | came into force and the passing of this Act. | |
| 30 | | Division of Act. |
| | PART IJurisdiction of the Supreme Court in testamentary | |
| | causes, and appointment of officers. | |
| | PART II.— <i>Probate</i> . | |
| | PART III.—Administration and distribution of Intestate Estates. | |
| 35 | PART IV.—Probate and Administration generally. | |
| | PART V.—Foreign Probates and Letters of Administration. | |
| | PART VI.—Curator of Intestate Estates. | |
| | PART VII.—Procedure. | |
| 10 | PART VIII.—General matters. | |
| 40 a | and may be cited as the "Probate Act of 1890." | |
| | The is expedient to complitate and amond the low resents. | |
| | | |

reise of the estates of docused person the Groon's Most Excellent Majesty, I consent of the Logislative Council an w South Wales in Potliance (assemble arts, as follows).

PART

15 with or w

PART I.

Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in Probate Jurisdiction, and appointment of Officers.

- 4. The jurisdiction and authority heretofore vested in or Jurisdiction of 5 exercised by the Supreme Court or by the Primary Judge in Equity in Supreme Court in respect of the estates of deceased persons shall be vested in and exercised by the Supreme Court in Probate Jurisdiction and by the Primary Judge-in-Equity-or such other Judge as may from time to time be permanently or temporarily appointed in that behalf by the
- 10 Governor under the title of the Probate Judge or by any Judge of the Supreme Court acting for the said Probate Judge during his illness or absence or at his request.

5. The Probate Judge may sit with the assistance of any Judge other Judges may or Judges of the Supreme Court who at his request may consent to sit with Probate

- 15 attend for that purpose. Provided that where three Judges so sit the 20 & 21 Vic. c. 77 judgment of the majority, and where only two Judges so sit their s. 34. unanimous judgment shall respectively be taken to be the judgment of the Full Court.
- 6. The Probate Judge may hear in Chambers such part of the Judge may sit in 20 business under this Act as can in his opinion be so heard with advan- Chambers. 21 & 22 Vic. c. 95 tage to the suitors, and shall when so sitting have and exercise the ss. 3, 5. same powers and jurisdiction as if in Court. Provided that the Judge while sitting in Chambers may adjourn for hearing in Court or when sitting in Court may adjourn for hearing in Chambers any case before
- 25 him which he may think would be better heard in Court or Chambers as the case may be.

7. The Governor may appoint some fit and proper person Appointment of to be the Registrar and also if thought expedient may appoint a Registrar. Deputy Registrar of the Probate Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court;

- 30 and such Registrar shall, subject to any rules to be made here-under for his future guidance and direction, perform such duties as have heretofore been performed by the Prothonotary of the Supreme Court in reference to proceedings in the Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction of the Court and by the Ecclesiastical Clerk of the Supreme Court,
- 35 and such other duties as may be prescribed by rule of Court or directed by the Probate Judge, and during his the illness or absence of the Registrar the Probate Judge may authorize any Officer of the Supreme Court to act as Registrar.
- 8. The Governor may appoint some fit and proper person to be curator. 40 Curator and if necessary may appoint a Deputy Curator of Intestate Estates; and the present Curator of Intestate Estates shall be considered to have been appointed hereunder, and shall have, perform, and exercise all the powers, duties, and authorities by this Act conferred on the Curator, and such Curator of Intestate Estates may 45 be suspended or removed from office by the Governor.

9. The Deputy Registrar or Deputy Curator, as the case may be, Deputies may if any, may exercise all the powers and shall perform all the duties by exercise powers this Act conferred or imposed upon the Registrar or Curator res-duties of pectively, and such other duties as may be prescribed by Rule of Court Registrar and or directed by the Probate Index 50 or directed by the Probate Judge.

9. 10. During the illness or absence of the Curator the Probate Appointment of Judge may appoint some fit person to discharge the duties of the temporary Curator. Curator upon his giving such security as the Judge may direct ; and Security. such person shall during such illness or absence act in the stead of the

Curator,

Curator, and sign and execute in his name all such documents as may require his signature or execution, and do, perform, and discharge all other acts, deeds, and duties pertaining to the office of Curator.

10. 11. The Court shall have jurisdiction to grant probate of the Probate or adminis-5 will or administration of the estate of any deceased person leaving tration may be property, whether real or personal, within the Colony of New South personal estate. Wales.

11. 12. The Court may if it shall think fit grant probate to one or Probate to one or more of the executors named in any will, reserving leave to the other more executors 10 or others who have not renounced to come in and apply for probate at others to prove subsequently.

some future date.

13. All applications for probate or letters of administration Application for may be made by petition to the Judges of the Supreme Court without probate or the necessity of application being made in open Court. Provided that may be made by 15 notice of such intended application shall be published in the Gazette petition.

and in one Sydney newspaper at least fourteen days before such application is made.

12. 14. It shall be lawful for the Judges of the Supreme Court, by Certain matters may rule of Court in that behalf made, to delegate to the Master in Equity Master in Equity.

- 20 or Registrar the powers of the Court in and about the granting of probates and administration of estates not exceeding one thousand pounds in value where no contention has arisen, and also in and about the passing of the accounts of trustees, executors, and administrators, save in respect of the award of commission thereon. Provided that
- 25 such Master or Registrar shall where any party interested shall so desire and in cases of doubt or difficulty refer the matter to the Probate Judge, and-provided-that-no-such-administration-shall-empower
- the administrator to sell, mortgage, lease, or otherwise deal with the real estate of the intestate unless such real estate shall be sworn to 30 be of a less value than one hundred pounds, and the Master or Registrar shall think fit to make a special order in that behalf, which he is hereby authorized to do.

Vict. Act No. 427 s. 5.

be delegated to

PART II.

Probate.

13. 15. Upon the grant of probate of the will of any deceased Real estate to vest 35 person after the commencement of this Act, all the real estate whether in executors. held by him beneficially or in trust shall vest as from the death of No. 427 s. 6. such person in the executor to whom such probate shall be granted for all the estate therein of such person, and if there shall be more

40 than one such executor shall vest in them as joint tenants in the same way as personal estate now vests.

16. All such real estate as shall have been held by any testator Real estate held as a trustee and shall vest in his executor by virtue of the thirteenth by testator as section of this Act shall be held by such executor subject to the trusts by executor subject to trusts. 45 and equities affecting the same.

14. 17. The real as well as personal estate of every deceased Real estate to be person shall be assets in the hands of his executor to whom probate assets for payment of debts. shall have been granted for the payment of all duties and fees and for 9 Geo. IV cap. 33 the payment of his debts in the ordinary course of administration, ss. 1 & 2.

and

and it shall be lawful for such executor for purposes of administration to sell such real estate or mortgage such real estate the same with or without a power of sale and to convey the same to a purchaser or mortgagee in as full and effectual a manner in law as the testator 5 of such executor could have done in his lifetime.

15. 18. In all suits in Equity concerning the real estate of a In suits executor or deceased person, his executor to whom probate shall have been granted administrator to or administrator shall represent his real estate so long as it shall Vict. Act. remain vested in him and the persons interested therein in the same No. 407 s. 8.

10 manner and to the same extent as in suits concerning personal estate the executor or administrator represents such estate and the persons interested therein.

16. 19. Subject to the provisions of this Act the real estate of every Real estate to be deceased person devising such estate by his will shall be held by the held upon trusts of 15 his executor of such person to whom probate shall have been granted Ib. s. 9.

according to the trusts and dispositions of such will.

17. 20. The executor of any deceased person to whom probate shall Executor to have have been granted shall have the same rights and be subject to the same rights &c. as to real estate as personal same duties with respect to the real estate of such person his testator estate. 20 that executors heretofore have had or been subject to with reference ^{Ib. s. 10.}

to personal assets.

18. 21. The probate of any will or letters of administration with the Probate to be will annexed already granted or hereafter to be granted shall be evidence evidence of will concerning real of the due execution of such will upon all questions concerning real estate

25 estate in the same manner and to the same extent as heretofore con- Ib. s. 11. cerning personal estate, and the copy attached or annexed to such probate or letters of administration purporting to be a copy of the will in respect of which probate or letters of administration have been so granted shall be prima facie evidence of the contents of such will, and 30 every probate or administration shall be primá facie evidence of the

death and the date of the death of the testator or intestate.

19. 22. There shall be one place of deposit under the control of the Place of original Court at such place in Sydney as the Governor may by notice in the wills. Gourt at such place in Sydney as the Governor may by notice in the 20 and 21 Vic. c. 77 Gazette direct in which all the original wills brought into the Court or of $_{s. 66.}^{20}$

35 which probate or administration with the will annexed is granted under this Act, and such other documents as the Probate Judge may direct shall be deposited and preserved and the same may be inspected under the control of the Court and subject to the rules and regulations to be made hereunder; and until any such direction as aforesaid such wills 40 and other documents shall be deposited and kept in the places and

manner at the present time set apart and used in that behalf.

20. 23. An official copy of the whole or any part of a will or an official copy of whole official certificate of the grant of any letters of administration may be or part of wi obtained from the Registrar or custodian on the payment of the fees 16. s. 69.

45 fixed for the same by the rules and regulations now or hereafter to be in force in that behalf.

21. 24. Any person residing in New South Wales may deposit in Will may be the office of the Registrar-General his will enclosed in a sealed deposited in the office of the envelope or cover endorsed with the full name, description, and the then Registrar-General

50 address of the testator or other means of ready identification, and also by testator in his the names in full with descriptions and address of the amount the names in full with descriptions and addresses of the executors $\frac{1}{\text{Vict. Act No. 213}}$ named therein, and such will shall unless previously required to be s. 14. given up by the testator remain in the said office in the custody of the Registrar-General until the death of the testator, and upon his

55 death the Registrar-General shall deliver the same after examination to either of the executors named in the said will, or in case of doubt to such person as the Supreme Court or any Judge thereof may direct; Vict. Act No. 230 and no probate of any will not so deposited and no administration in any case shall be granted unless the application be supported by an affidavit

affidavit that a search has been made in the proper office for a will of the deceased, and stating whether any such will remains deposited with the officer for the time being authorized to have the custody of deposited wills, or by a certificate from the Registrar-General to the like effect.

PART III.

5

Administration and Distribution of Intestate Estates.

22. 25. The practice and proceedings hitherto in force with reference Practice as to grantto granting administration of the personal estate of an intestate shall, ing administration of real and personal save as hereby altered and subject to the rules and orders to be estate.

- 10 made hereunder, be applicable to administration granted hereunder and so far as may be to administration of real estate, and administration of both real and personal estate may be granted in and by the same letters. 23. 26. The Court may grant administration of the estate of an To whom adminis-
- intestate person to the husband or widow or to one or more of the next tration may be 15 of kin of the deceased person or to the husband or widow conjointly granted. with one or more of the next of kin. Provided that any person to whom administration shall be granted shall be of the full age of twenty-one years. And in case there shall be no such person who shall be qualified as aforesaid, or who being so qualified shall be in the opinion of the
- 20 Court fit to be so trusted, or who shall when duly cited appear and pray for administration, then administration may be granted to any person or persons whether creditors or not of the deceased that the Court shall think fit.
- 24. 27. Every administration heretofore granted to any husband in validation of 25 respect of the estate of his deceased wife or to any widow in respect of administration here-the estate of her deceased husband shall be deemed to be and to have certain cases. been valid to all intents and purposes, anything in the Charter of Justice to the contrary notwithstanding.
- 25. 28. Every person to whom a grant of administration shall be Administration bond 30 made shall, previous to the issue of such administration, execute a bond to be executed. to Her Majesty and her successors with one or more surety or sureties s. 81. conditioned for duly collecting, getting in, and administering the personal estate or real and personal estate of the deceased, which bond shall be
- in such form as the Court shall by rule direct, and in the meantime 35 shall be in the form heretofore in use. Provided that it shall not be necessary for the Curator or for any person obtaining administration to the use or for the benefit of Her Majesty to execute any such bond. Provided also that no such bond shall be required to be given by or on behalf of the "Permanent Trustee Company of New South Wales
- 40 (Limited)" or the "Perpetual Trustee Company (Limited"), except in respect of estates exceeding twenty thousand pounds in value, in which the Court shall otherwise order.

26. 29. Such bond shall be in a penalty equal to the amount under Amount of penalty in which the property of the deceased shall be sworn, but the Court administration bord. 45 may in any case dispense with the bond or with one or both of the sureties, or direct that such penalty shall be reduced in amount, and may also if it shall think fit direct that more bonds than one shall be given so as to limit the liability of any surety to such amount as the Court shall think reasonable, and may in place of such bond accept the security

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security of any incorporated company or guarantee society approved of by the Court in such form and under such regulations as the Court shall by rule direct.

27. 30. The Court may at any time upon the motion of any Administration may 5 person interested in the estate revoke the administration already be revoked or further granted or order the administrator to execute a further bond in such sum and within such time as may seem right with or without sureties as aforesaid, and upon default remove the administrator and appoint an administrator de-bonis non in his place, with power to sue or be sued 10 upon any contract made by the removed administrator.

28. 31. The Court may on application made on motion in a Order may be made summary way and on being satisfied that the condition of any bond to assign the bond. 20 and 21 Vic. c. 77 given hereunder has been broken order the Curator, for and on behalf s. 83. of Her Majesty, to assign the same to some person to be named in such

15 order, and such person, his executors or administrators shall thereupon be entitled to sue upon the said bond in his or their own name or names as if the same had been originally given to him, and shall be entitled to recover thereon as trustee for all persons interested the full amount recoverable in respect of any breach of the condition of the said bond.

- 20 29. 32. All real estate which any person shall hereafter die seised or Lands of intestate or possessed of or entitled to in the Colony of New South Wales intestate administrator or shall pass to and become vested in the administrator of the estate of Curator in trust for such person as from the death of such person for his estate therein, or in ^{next of kin.} the case of a partial intestacy to and in the executor named in the will,
- 25 or to and in the administrator with the will annexed, and such administrator, or in the case of partial intestacy the executor or administrator Vict. Act No. 230 s. 8. with the will annexed, as the case may be, shall hold the said real estate upon trust for payment of the debts of the deceased, and subject thereto on in trust for and as if the same had been devised to the same
- 30 persons as tenants in common as would be entitled in the case of personal property, excepting only as mentioned in the next succeeding section. 30. 33. Any husband or wife shall be entitled on the death of the Husband's interest other intestate to the same share in the real or personal estate of the vice versa.
- other as a wife is now by law entitled to in the personal estate of an viet. Act No. 427 s.9. 35 intestate husband predeceasing her, and no estate by courtesy or right Queensland 41 Vic. of dower or any equivalent estate shall arise after the passing of this No dower or Act out of any real estate. Provided that any husband or widow so courtesy title. entitled to share in real estate shall be bound to accept the value thereof in lieu of partition if so desired by all the persons entitled 40 jointly with him or her.

31. 34. All real estate held by any person in trust or by way of Lands held in trust mortgage passing under this Act shall as from the death of such person vest in administrator. intestate as to the same vest in the administrator for all the estate

therein of such person subject to the trusts and equities affecting the 45 same.

32. 35. No real estate of which administration has been granted Lands not to be sold under this Act shall be sold or mortgaged or leased for a longer term without consent or order. than three years or sold or mortgaged by the administrator without the Queensland consent of all persons beneficially interested or the order of the Court 41 Vic. No. 24 s. 24.

50 in that behalf which may impose such conditions as it shall think fit, subject however to appeal as herein provided.

33. 36. The Court may upon the petition of the administrator, or Court may make in case of partial intestacy the executor, or the administrator with the special order. will annexed, or of any person beneficially interested, and after such ²⁶ Vic. No. 20 s. 3.

55 previous notice to other parties and inquiry as shall seem fit, order and direct the course of proceedings which shall be taken in regard to the time and mode of sale of any such real estate as aforesaid, the letting and management thereof until sale, the application for maintenance

or

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or advancement or otherwise of shares or income of shares of infants, the expediency and mode of effecting a partition if applied for, and generally in regard to the administration of the real estate for the greatest advantage of all persons interested.

- 5 34. 37. In any case wherein upon such inquiry the Court shall be Court may order 34. 37. In any case wherein upon such inquiry the court shart be court and a satisfied that a partition of such real estate or any part thereof summary way. would be advantageous to the parties interested therein, it shall Ib. s. 4. be lawful for such Court to appoint one or more arbitrators to effect such partition. And the report and final award of the
- 10 arbitrators setting forth particulars of the land allotted to each party interested shall when signed by them and confirmed by the order of the Court and when also registered in the office of the Registrar-General be effectual without the necessity of any further conveyance to vest in each allottee the land so allotted to him, and an office copy
- 15 of such award so signed, confirmed, and registered as aforesaid shall for all purposes be equivalent to an indenture of conveyance to each allottee of the lands allotted to him as aforesaid. And in the case of land subject to the provisions of the "Real Property Act" each such allottee shall be entitled to have issued to him a certificate
- 20 of title for the land so allotted to him. And if such allotment be made subject to the charge of any money payable to any other party interested for equalizing the partition such charge shall take effect according to the terms and conditions in regard to time and mode of payment and otherwise which shall be expressed in such award without
- 25 the necessity of any further instrument being made or executed. And in the case of land subject to the provisions of the Real Property Act the certificate of title shall issue, subject to such charge unless such charge shall be satisfied.
- 35. 38. No personal representative shall be required against his Personal 30 own consent to continue the duty of a trustee by managing the representative not required to continue property during an enforced suspension of sale but shall be entitled to act against their upon such suspension being ordered to relinquish his trust to such own consent. Ib. s. 7. person as the Court may appoint.

PART IV.

Probate and Administration generally.

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- 36. 39. From and after the decease of any person dying intestate Property of intestate and until letters of administration or an order to collect shall be granted to vest in Chief in respect of his estate the real and personal estate of such deceased 21 & 22 Vic. c. 95 person shall be deemed to be vested in the Chief Justice of New^{s. 19.}
- 40 South Wales, or if there shall be no Chief Justice then in the senior Puisne Judge for the time being in the same manner and to the same extent as aforetime the personal estate and effects vested in the Ordinary in England.
- 37. 40. Where any person after the commencement of this Act Executor renouncing 45 renounces probate of the will of which he is appointed executor or one probate or not acting or not appearing to a of the executors, and whenever an executor appointed in a will survives citation to be treated the testator but dies without having taken probate, and whenever an as if he had renounced. executor named in a will is personally cited to take probate and does 21 and 22 Vic. c. 95 not appear to such citation the right of such person in respect of the s. 16.
- 50 executorship shall wholly cease, and the representation to the testator and the administration of his effects shall without any further renunciation go, devolve, and be committed in like manner as if such person had not been appointed executor.

38.

38. 41. Where an infant is sole executor, administration with the Where an infant is will annexed may be granted to the guardian of such infant or to sole executor adminissuch other person as the Court shall think fit, until such infant shall to the guardian &c. have attained the full age of twenty-one years, with or without full 38 Geo. III c. 87 5 or limited powers to act in the premises until probate shall have been ^{s. 6}. granted to the said executor or administration to some other person. 39. 42. The person to whom such administration shall be granted Who shall have the shall have the same powers vested in him as an administrator by same power as where virtue of an administration granted to him durante minore ætate of granted durante minore ætate of the 10 the next of kin. next of kin. 40. 43. When any person named as executor, or any husband or 16. s. 7. widow or the next of kin entitled to probate or administration shall be Probate or administration to be granted out of the jurisdiction but shall have some person within the jurisdic- to attorney in tion of the Court appointed under power of attorney to act for him or certain cases. 15 her respectively, administration may be granted to such attorney, but on behalf of the person entitled thereto and on such terms and conditions as the Court shall think fit. 41. 44. Pending any suit touching the validity of the will of any Administration pendeceased person or for obtaining, recalling, or revoking any probate or dente life and receiver. 20 any grant of administration, or during a contested right to administra- 20 & 21 Vic. c. 77 tion, the Court may if it shall think fit appoint an administrator of the ss. 70, 71. personal estate and the same or any other person to be receiver of the real estate of any deceased person with such full or limited powers and with or without a bond or sureties as the Court may think right, 25 and may make such orders for the remuneration of such administrator or receiver out of the personal and real estate of the deceased as it may think right. 42. 45. Where a person shall die wholly-or-partially intestate or Power as to appoint? leaving a will but without having appointed an executor thereof, or an trator. ment of adminis 30 executor willing and competent to take probate, or where the executor 16. s. 73. shall be resident out of the Colony the Court may if it shall think it necessary or convenient in any such case appoint some person to be the administrator of the estate of the deceased or of any part thereof upon his giving such security (if any) as the Court shall direct, and 35 every such administration may be limited as the Court shall think fit. 43. 46. In any case where the executor named in a will shall neglect Proceeding where or refuse to prove the same or to renounce probate thereof within six prove will. weeks three calendar months from the death of the testator or from the Vict. Act. time of such executor attaining the age of twenty-one years after-a-grant 40 durante-minore-ætate, or where the executor is unknown or cannot be found the Court may upon the application of any person interested in the estate or of the Curator or of any creditor of the testator grant an order nisi calling upon the executor to show cause why probate of the said will should not be granted to such executor, or in the alternative 45 why administration with such will annexed should not be granted to the applicant, and upon affidavit of service or of sufficient reasons for nonservice of such order if the executor do not appear, or upon cause being shown it shall be lawful for the Court to make such order thereon for the administration of the estate and to make such order as to costs 50 as shall appear just. 44. 47. If at the expiration of six calendar months from the death If executor or of any person the executor to whom probate of the will or the administrator out of administrator to whom administration of the estate and effects of such administrator may deceased person shall have been granted is then residing out of the be appointed. 55 jurisdiction, the Court may upon the application of any creditor, legatee, or next of kin grant to such creditor, legatee, or next of kin so applying special letters of administration of such deceased person, nevertheless to cease upon the-return-of-the-lawful-executor-or-administrator-within the jurisdiction of the said Court, and an order being made for the 60 rescission thereof as hereinafter mentioned.

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54° VICTORIÆ, No.

Probate.

45. 48. The person applying for any such special grant as aforesaid Special administrator shall in addition to the oath usually taken by administrators make affidavits. make certain oath satisfy the Court by affidavit that the executor or administrator 1b. of such deceased person is resident out of the jurisdiction of the Court

- 5 and that the applicant is thereby delayed in recovering or obtaining payment of moneys or the possession of goods and chattels, or real estate, to which he is by law entitled or that the estate is liable to loss or waste.
- 46. 49. On the return within the jurisdiction of the Court of the On return of 10 executor or administrator to whom probate or administration shall original executor or originally have been granted such executor or administrator may apply administration to be to the Court by petition to rescind such special grant of administration, rescinded. and the Court on the hearing of such petition upon-being-satisfied 1b that such executor or administrator bona fide intends to remain within
- 15 the jurisdiction of the Court until the estate of the deceased has been duly-administered may make an order to rescind such special grant of administration upon such terms and conditions as to security, costs, or otherwise as to the Court may seem reasonable, and thereafter the original probate or administration shall be and remain as valid and

20 effectual as if such special grant of administration had never been made. 47. 50. Upon any order being made by the Court for the rescission On order being made of any grant of special administration as aforesaid the special admini- administrator to strator shall be bound duly to account to the original executor or account and pay

administrator and to pay over all moneys received by him as such over moneys. 25 special administrator, and then remaining in his hands undisposed of, as the Court may order.

48. 51. If such executor or administrator shall neglect to apply for Original executor or an order for the rescission of such special administration he shall, although special notwithstanding that such special administration remains unrescinded, administration not

- 30 be liable to answer and make good all claims and demands against the $\frac{1}{Ib}$. estate of the deceased to the extent of the assets which have come to his hands or which might have come to his hands but for his wilful neglect or default including the neglect herein mentioned.
- 49. 52. Where before the revocation of any ordinary or temporary Revocation of 35 administration or the rescission of any special administration as afore- temporary grants said, any proceedings at law or in equity have been commenced by actions or suits. or against any administrator so appointed, the Court in which such 20 & 21 Vie. e. 77 proceedings are pending may order that a suggestion be made upon ^{s. 76} the record of the revocation or rescission of such administration and-
- 40 of the grant or restoration of probate or administration which shall have been made consequent thereon, and thereupon the proceedings shall be continued in the name of the new or original executor or administrator in like manner as if the proceedings had been originally commenced by or against such new or original executor or administrator, but subject
- 45 to such conditions and variations if any as such Court may direct. 50. 53. In the administration of the estate of every person who All specialty and shall die after the passing of this Act no debt or liability of such person to stand in equal shall be entitled to any priority or preference by reason merely that degree the same is secured by or arises under a bond, deed, or other instrument ³² and ³³ Vic. cap.
- 50 under seal or is otherwise made or constituted a specialty debt or is due to an executor or administrator, but all the creditors of such person as well specialty as simple contract shall be treated as standing in equal degree and be paid accordingly out of the assets of such deceased person whether such assets are legal or equitable, any statute
- 55 or law to the contrary notwithstanding. Provided always that this Act shall not prejudice or affect any mortgage, lien, charge, or other security which any creditor may hold or be entitled to for payment of his debt.

51. 54. Where any probate or administration is revoked or rescinded Payments under 60 under this Act all payments bond fide made to any executor or administrations revoked probates or trator under such probate or administration before the revocation or valid. rescission thereof shall be a legal discharge to the person making the^{10. s. 77.}

rescinded.

same,

same, and the executor or administrator who shall have acted under any such revoked or rescinded probate or administration may retain and reimburse himself or shall be entitled to be reimbursed in respect of any payments made by him which the person to whom probate or 5 administration shall be afterwards or was originally granted might have lawfully made.

52: 55. All persons and corporations making or permitting to be Persons &c. making made any payment or transfer bond fide upon any probate or adminis- payments upon probates granted for tration or order granted in respect of the estate of any deceased estate of deceased lo person under the authority of this Act shall be indemnified and person to be indemnified.
10 person under the authority of this Act shall be indemnified and person to be indemnified.
10 person under the authority of this Act shall be indemnified and person to be indemnified.

whatsoever affecting the validity of such probate or letters of administration or order not then known to such persons or corporations.

53. 56. Every person to whom probate or administration has been Executor or 15 or shall be granted shall file an inventory of the estate of the deceased administrator to pass and pass his accounts relating thereto within such time and for and pass his accounts relating thereto within such time, and from

time to time, and in such manner as may be fixed by any rule or order under this Act or as the Court may specially order, and until then in accordance with the rules hitherto in force : And shall be

20 subject to any special order that the Court may on the motion of any person interested make as to the production and verification of his accounts, but-no-such-passing-of-accounts-shall-affect-the-rights-of parties-to-dispute-the--same-other-than-the-applicant. and the order of the Court allowing any such account shall be prima facie evidence of

- 25 the correctness of the same, and shall, after the expiration of three years from the date of such order, operate as a release to the person filing the same, excepting so far as it shall be shown by some person interested therein that an error or omission or fraudulent entry has been made in such account.
- 30 54. 57. It shall be lawful for the Court to allow out of the assets Executors &c. of any deceased person to his executor, administrator, or trustee for may be allowed the time being in passing his accounts, such commission or percentage for his pains and trouble as shall be just and reasonable, and subject to such notices if any as he such Court may direct. No such allowance shall
- 35 be made to any executor, administrator, or trustee who shall neglect or omit without good reason or a special order of a Judge to pass his

accounts pursuant to any general or special rule or order of the Court. 55. 58. The Registrar shall cause entries to be made in a book to Registrar to keep be kept for that purpose of all grants of probate and administration, record of probates, &c. 40 and of the filing, passing, and allowance of the accounts of all executors

and administrators, and of any special order extending the time for passing such accounts; and such book shall set forth the dates of such grants, the names of the testators or intestates, the place and time of death, the names and description of the executors or administrators, the 45 sworn value of the estates, and the dates of the filing, passing allowance

of, and special orders with reference to the said accounts.

56. 59. In case any such executor or administrator shall neglect to If accounts not file such inventory or to pass such accounts as aforesaid for the space exhibited Registrar to summon administrator in the summon administrator shall be such as a foresaid for the space exhibited registrar to summon administrator shall be summon administrator shall be such as a foresaid for the space exhibited registrar and the space exhibited registrar administrator shall be summon administrator shall be summon administrator shall be summon administrator shall be supported as a space sp of one calendar month after the expiration of the period fixed it shall trator before Judge 50 be the duty of the Registrar to cause such executor or administrator who may inflict to be notified of such neglect, and in case of further neglect for the

- period of one calendar month he shall cause him to be summoned before the Court to show cause why he should not be ordered to file such inventory or to exhibit such account to the Court forthwith.
- 55 And if such executor or administrator shall not within the prescribed time or within such further time as shall be allowed him by a Judge, file, pass, or exhibit such inventory or account in manner aforesaid he shall be liable to attachment in accordance with the practice of the Court of Equity.
- 60 57. 60. Proceedings being taken under the last preceding elause Proceedings under section shall not prejudice the right to proceed against the executor or last section not to prejudice proceedings administrator for an account and administration or prevent the Court on bond. from ordering the assignment of the any bond to any person with a view of enforcing the penalty thereof as hereinbefore mentioned. 58.

58. 61. The Court may make such order with reference to the Judge may make distribution or application of any moneys which the executor or of moneys in hands administrator or Curator may have in hand or as to the residue of the of executor &c. estate as it may think fit. Provided that no final order for distribu-5 tion shall be made except upon notice to all the parties entitled.

59. 62. Any decree in Equity in an administration suit shall bind Decree in Equity the parties, and be of the same force and effect to all intents and shall bind parties. purposes as if an order to the same effect had been made in the Probate Jurisdiction.

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PART V.

Foreign Probates and Letters of Administration.

60. 63. When any probate or letters of administration already Probates and letters granted or hereafter to be granted by any Court of competent jurisdic-tion in any portion of Her Majesty's Dominions shall be produced to Colonies or the **15** and a copy thereof deposited with the Registrar by any person being be of like force asic

- the executor or administrator therein named, or by any person duly granted to New authorized by power of attorney in that behalf under the hand and South Wales on seal of such executor or administrator, such probate or letters of S. A. Act. administration may be sealed with the seal of the Supreme Court
- 20 of New South Wales, and shall when so sealed have the like force and effect and have the same operation in New South Wales, and every executor and administrator thereunder shall perform the same duties and be subject to the same liabilities as if such probate or letters of administration had been originally granted by the said Supreme
- 25 Court of New-South-Wales-in-its-Probate-Jurisdiction. Provided always that the Court may on-application-in-that-behalf require any such executor or administrator or person authorized as aforesaid to give security for the due administration of the estate in respect of matters or claims within the Colony.
- 61. 64. The seal of the Court shall not be affixed to any such probate Seal not to be affixed 30 or letters of administration until all such probate, stamp, and other till duty is paid. duties if any have been paid as would have been payable if such ^{1b}. probate or letters of administration had been originally granted by the
- Supreme Court of New South Wales, and further such letters of And as to adminis-35 administration shall not be so sealed until such bond has been entered tration till bond is entered into. into as would have been required if such letters had been originally granted by the last-mentioned Supreme Court.

62. 65. Every such executor or administrator as last aforesaid, and Every executor &c. every executor or administrator appointed under this Act shall be in the Colony.

- 40 deemed to be resident within the Colony of New South Wales, and where not actually so resident he shall before the issue or sealing of any probate or administration file with the Registrar an address within the city of Sydney at which notices and processes may be served upon him, and all services at such registered address shall be deemed personal service.
- 63. 66. Any person may lodge a caveat against the sealing of any Caveat. such probate or letters of administration, and such caveat shall have 45 the same effect and shall be dealt with in the same manner as a caveat against the grant of probate or administration. 64. 67. The seal of the Court shall not be affixed as aforesaid Notice of intention
- 50 except upon an affidavit that notice of the intention to apply in that to apply. behalf has been published twice in one or more Sydney daily newspapers fourteen days before the making of such affidavit, and that no caveat has been lodged in respect thereof up to the morning of such application.
- 65. 68. The above provision as to sealing shall not apply to any Not to apply to Public Officer or 55 Public Officer or to the Curator of Intestate Estates.

Curator.

PART

PART VI.

Curator of Intestate Estates.

66. 69. The Curator shall before entering upon the duties of his Curator to give office give security to Her Majesty and her successors to the satisfaction security. 5 of the Colonial Treasurer for the collection and due payment of and accounting for all moneys which shall come to his hands by virtue of his office. Provided that any surety found by him may withdraw from any future liability by giving the Colonial Treasurer three months written notice of his desire so to do, but such withdrawal shall not 10 affect his liability for any breach which may have occurred prior to the

date of actual withdrawal.

67. 70. On the death, resignation, or removal of such Curator or of Successors to have the successor in office of any such Curator, the his successor of the Curator power of adminis-trator de bonis non. so-dying, resigning, or -removed shall immediately on his appointment

- 15 and by virtue thereof become administrator-of entitled to administer all the real and personal estate of every such deceased person as hereinafter mentioned left unadministered by any predecessor. And every such successor shall immediately upon his appointment and by virtue thereof become entitled to the possession of all books, accounts,
- 20 letters, papers, and documents of every description used by or in the possession or under the control of any predecessor relating to any estate administered by him or to the office of Curator.

68. 71. In all legal proceedings it shall not be necessary for the Proceedings by and Curator or those suing him to prove his general authority to act as against Curator.

- 25 Curator, but only to prove the order to collect in the specific estate to which the proceedings relate. Whenever the office of Curator shall become vacant by death, resignation, or removal from office or otherwise and another person shall be appointed to the vacancy so created any action or proceeding which may have been taken as aforesaid shall
- 30 not abate but shall be continued by or against the person so appointed as such Curator, and no fresh order to collect shall be necessary. 69. 72. The Curator may appoint any persons he may think fit to Curator's agents. act as his agents for the purpose of administering all estates in his
- hands, and the clerks to the several Benches of Magistrates within 35 the Colony shall at his request act as such agents within their respective districts. Every such agent not being a Clerk of Petty Sessions shall give security to the satisfaction of the Curator for the performance of his duties. Such agents shall in all respects act in the management, collection, and getting in of such property under the
- 40 direction of the Curator who shall not be answerable for any act or omission of any such agent not in conformity with any such direction or which shall not have happened by the said Curator's own default or neglect.
- 70. 73. The Curator shall take and retain the fees set out in the As to fees and com-, 45 Schedule hereto, and also a commission of five pounds per centum on all mission. moneys collected by him or by his agents, and shall pay such moneys fees and commission into the Treasury for the public uses of the Colony after deducting therefrom all expenses and an allowance of not exceeding three pounds per centum by way of commission to his 50 agents in respect of all moneys collected by them or through or by

reason of their agency.

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71. 74. The Court may on the application of the Curator grant to Order to Curator to the Curator an order to collect the estate of any deceased person collect. leaving real or personal estate within the jurisdiction of the Court 55 in any of the following cases-

(I) Where the person shall have died testate but leaving no executor or no executor who may be willing and capable of acting in execution of his will, and no widow or next of kin, or no such person willing and capable as aforesaid resident within the jurisdiction of the Court, or where he shall have died

| Probate. | |
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died intestate and leaving no widow or next of kin resident within such jurisdiction willing and capable of acting as aforesaid.

- (11) Where the person shall have died either testate or intestate and probate or administration shall not have been applied for within three months after the death of such person.
- (III) Where the person shall by his will have appointed the Curator to act.
- (IV) Where the estate or any portion thereof is liable to waste, and the executor appointed by the will or widow or lawful next of kin shall be absent from the locality of the said estate or is not known or has not been found, or shall request the Curator in writing to apply for such order.
- (v) Where the executors named in the will of the deceased have renounced probate or all the persons primarily entitled to administration have by writing filed in the office of the Registrar declined to apply for administration.
- (VI) Where the estate or any portion thereof is of a perishable nature or is in danger of being lost or destroyed, or where great expense may be incurred by reason of delay.
- (VII) Where after the expiration of thirty days from the decease of any person there is no reasonable probability of probate or administration being obtained within the period of three months from such decease.
- 25 Provided that the Court may in any case require the Curator to give such notices or cite such persons or produce such evidence as it may think fit before granting the order applied for or may make a tem-
- think fit before granting the order applied for or may make a temporary order for collection and protection only or generally or limited to a portion of the estate or otherwise. And it is hereby declared
 30 that the provisions of this Act shall apply to the administration of the real estate within the Colony of all persons who shall have died prior to the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, where those entitled to such estate shall not have asserted their rights thereto prior to the date of the passing of this Act; and all orders to 35 collect such estate shall have the effect of vesting it in the Curator, subject to any claim under the Statute of Limitations, so as to enable
- subject to any claim under the Statute of Limitations, so as to enable him to convey the right, title, and interest (if any) of the deceased to the purchaser there of. And the Curator shall hold such estate, or the proceeds of sale thereof, subject as aforesaid, for the benefit of, and in
- 40 trust for, those who, prior to the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, would have been entitled thereto. 72. 75. An order to collect the estate of any deceased person Effect of order.

shall give to the Curator the same powers, rights, and obligations in

- respect of such estate, except as hereby enacted, as he would have had 45 if administration had been granted to him as next of kin to such person intestate; and all laws now or hereafter in force in reference to the administration of the estates of deceased persons shall apply to the administration of estates by the Curator.
- 73. 76. Notwithstanding any order which shall have been made Probates and admin-50 authorizing the Curator to collect under this Act the Court may granted notwith-grant probate of the will or administration of the estate of such standing appoint-deceased person to any person in such manner and subject to such limitations or conditions as it shall think proper, but no application for any such grant shall be made until seven days after notice in

55 writing of the intention to apply for the same shall have been left at the office of the Curator.

74. 77. Immediately on the grant of any such probate or administra- On such grant Curator's duties and tion all the interest, powers, rights, and duties of the Curator (except liabilities to cease. such rights as are conferred by this section) in regard to the estate of the deceased person whose estate shall be affected by such grant, and

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Probate.

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| all liabilities of the Curator under any contract or agreement entered into by him in relation to such estate or any part thereof shall ceass and (subject to and on the allowance and payment of all money du for the commission of the Curator as aforesaid and the necessary outla 5 disbursements, costs, charges, and expenses in relation to such estate including all costs of appearing on the application for such probate of letters of administration or rule and consequent thereon, and subject also to the provisions of this section) such portion of the estate of such deceased person as shall be left unadministered by the Curator 10 and all rights and obligations of the Curator in respect thereof shall ve in the executor or administrator obtaining such probate or administration. Provided always that nothing herein contained shall be held to relieve the Curator from any liability in respect of his management of the estate up to the time of such probate or administration. 15 75. 78. Whenever it shall be made to appear to the Court the there is reasonable ground to suppose that any person has died either in or out of the jurisdiction of the Court intestate but leaving propert within such jurisdiction the Court may order and empower the Curator to collect and manage the estate of such person both real and persona 20 and every such order shall be valid until revoked and shall empower the Curator to collect, manage, and administer the personal estate, ar enter upon and receive the rents and profits and otherwise manage the debts and liabilities of such person in like manner as if he we? | e, ie y, |
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| the debts and liabilities of such person in like manner as if he we | PA |
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| 25 certainly dead and the Curator had obtained an order to collect the | |
| estate of such person under the preceding provisions. Provided that the | |
| Curator shall not proceed to any distribution of the assets without a | |
| order of the Court specially authorizing him to make such distribution | |
| 76: 79. Within fourteen days after any order to collect shall have | e Notice of ru |
| 30 been granted the Curator shall, unless the Court shall otherwise orde | r, published. |
| cause notice of the fact that such order has been granted to be pul |)- |
| lished twice in some daily newspaper published in the city of Sydney | |
| and if the person of whose estate the Curator shall have bee | n |
| appointed Curator did not reside in such city then also twice in son | |
| 35 newspaper published in the town or place where such person reside | |
| or if there shall be no newspaper published in such town or place the | |
| | |
| twice in some newspaper circulating in or near to such town or plac | |
| 77. 80. The Curator shall cause like notices to be published in an analysis where the | of kin. |
| newspapers published or circulating in the town or place where the | e |
| 40 next of kin are known or supposed to reside, and in the case | |
| foreigners he shall give notice to the Consul of the country where the | |
| next of kin are supposed to reside, if there shall be any such Const | |
| resident in Sydney, unless the Court shall in any case otherwise orde | |
| 78. 81. Any person interested as creditor, next of kin or otherwis | e Court to ha |
| 45 in the real or personal estate of any deceased person which the Curate | over Curato |
| has been ordered to collect may, on the neglect or refusal of th | e |
| Curator to do any act in relation to the administration of such estat | |
| or on his doing or threatening to do any act in breach of his duty wit | |
| reference to the said estate, apply <i>ex parte</i> upon affidavit to the | |
| 50 Probate Judge in chambers for an order calling upon the Curator t | |
| | |
| show cause upon a day not less than two days from the service of suc | |
| order upon him before the Court why he should not do or abstai | |
| from doing such act, and for an interim order in the nature of a | |
| injunction if warranted by the facts of the case; and any such orde | |
| 55 may be granted subject to such conditions as to giving security for | r |
| costs as the Court may impose. | |
| 79. 82. Upon the hearing of any such complaint the Court ma | TT 4 |

79. 82. Upon the hearing of any such complaint the Court may Applications how receive proof of the matters in relation thereto orally or by affidavit, heard. and may make such order thereon as the circumstances of the case

may

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re is o ground to at any s died out ction of the Curator n order to c. without h proof of proof of

rule to be

es to next

ave urisdiction or.

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may require and as to payment of costs by the complainant or by the Curator personally or from the estate administered by him as in his discretion shall seem just, and such orders shall have the same effect and be enforceable by the same process as if made by the Court 5 sitting in equity in a suit between the parties to such complaint.

80. 83. In all cases where an order to collect shall have been made Curator to act as the or shall be made under this Act it shall be lawful for the Court on the Court shall direct. petition of the Curator or any person interested in the estate to make

- such orders touching the collection, sale, investment, and disposal of 10 the estate as to the Court shall seem meet.
 - 81. 84. In every case in which the estate of any deceased person Mode of proceeding shall be administered by the Curator under this Act all disputes and under this Act. matters touching the collection, management, or administration of the same within-the-provisions-of-this-Act, and all claims and demands
- 15 thereon except as hereinafter provided shall be decided by the Court on petition. Provided nevertheless that in any case in which it shall appear to be not desirable that the matter in question should be so decided the Court may direct such proceedings to be instituted as shall appear proper for the due decision thereof.
- 20 82. 85. The Curator shall at such times as he shall think fit cause Payment of debts. advertisements to be published in the Gazette and such other public papers newspapers as he shall deem expedient, calling upon the creditors of the persons whose estates he shall have been ordered to administer to come in and prove their debts before him, on or before a time to
- 25 be fixed in such notice. He may allow any claim which may be made before him upon the affidavit of the claimant alone or where he shall think fit to call for further evidence upon such further evidence as he shall require. He shall as soon after the expiration of the time allowed for proof of debts as he conveniently can, pay
- 30 the debts proved if the whole thereof can be paid, and if not shall declare and pay a dividend thereon; and if he shall collect any further assets after making such payment he shall in case any part of the debts proved remain unpaid pay the same and any debts subsequently proved before him (or a dividend thereon as the case may be), but such
- 35 debts as shall be subsequently proved shall first be paid a dividend in proportion to their amount equal to the dividend paid to creditors having previously proved their debts. After payment of all debts, fees, and expenses incident to the collection, management, and administration of such estate he shall pay over the residue to the personal representa-
- 40 tive if any of the intestate or testator (as the case may be) so soon as such representative shall have been duly constituted. 83. 86. After If at the expiration of three calendar months from the Payment to relatives time fixed by the advertisement for creditors to come in and prove their &c. in petty cases.
- debts, if no debt shall be have been proved or no creditor having proved 45 his debt shall remain unpaid, it shall be lawful for the Curator with the approval of the Court to pay any sum not exceeding one hundred pounds to any person claiming to be a party in distribution or to be a legatee under a will without letters of administration having been obtained or the will being proved, and upon such evidence of the right
- 50 or title of the party so claiming as the Court may under the circumstances deem sufficient.

84. The Curator shall have the same right to require a release Discharge to Curator and discharge upon winding up any estate in his charge and handing on winding up estate. over the property which may be in his hands to the person or persons

55 entitled thereto as any executor, administrator, or any other trustee now has in the like circumstances.

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| | 85. 87. The Curator shall make or cause to be made an inventory or Accounts to be kept, |
|---|---|
| | list of all the estates of the persons which he shall have been ordered &c. |
| | to administer, and shall retain the same in his office and shall keep an |
| | account of all his receipts, payments, and dealings in every such estate, |
| | 5 and shall retain all letters received and copies of all letters written by |
| | him and all deeds, papers, and writings of and relating to such estates, |
| | and shall permit all persons to inspect and take copies of the same and |
| | of all proceedings relating thereto at all reasonable hours, or shall furnish office copies thereof on payment of the fees mentioned in the |
| 1 | 0 Schedule hereto annexed. The Curator shall with due diligence sell or |
| 1 | mortgage such lands as he may be authorized to deal with and convert |
| | into money all such other estate as shall not consist of money unless |
| | otherwise ordered by the Court, and shall forthwith pay all moneys |
| | received by him as such Curator into some Bank to be approved of by |
| 1 | 5 the Court and the Colonial Treasurer to the credit of an official |
| | account to be operated on by him as such Curator. |
| | 86. 88. The receipts in writing of the said Curator for any moneys Receipt of Curator |
| | payable to him under this Act shall be sufficient discharges for the sufficient discharge. |
| - | same to the persons paying the same who shall not afterwards be liable |
| 2 | 0 for any misapplication thereof. |
| | 87. 89. The Curator shall in the months of January, April, July, and Quarterly returns to |
| | October in every year transmit to the Colonial Treasurer a return of Treasurer and accounts. all moneys received and paid by him or any agent or agents for him |
| | during the three months immediately preceding in respect of the |
| 9 | 5 estates intrusted to him to collect, distinguishing the particular estate |
| - | in which the same have been so received or paid. And shall at |
| | the same time furnish a separate and distinct return of all balances or |
| | sums whatsoever then in his hands to the credit of each of such estates : |
| | And shall keep proper books of account in reference thereto, which |
| 3 | 0 shall once in every three months or oftener if necessary be examined |
| | and passed by the Colonial Treasurer or some officer appointed by him |
| | in that behalf. |
| | 88. 90. The Curator shall after the expiration of six months from The Curator to |
| 9 | the date of the order for collection of any estate invest all moneys invest moneys after then standing to the gradit of each such estate as the Court may by methods by the standing to the gradit of each such as the court may by methods. |
| J | 5 then standing to the credit of each such estate as the Court may by months. any general or special rule or order direct, and until and subject to |
| | any such order or rule may be made in accordance with the rule for |
| | the time being in force with reference to the investment of suitors |
| | moneys under the charge or control of the Court of Equity. |
| 4 | 0 89. 91. Neither the Curator nor any of his agents shall be personally Curator or his agents |
| | liable to any person in respect of goods or chattels in the possession not liable for acts done in the perform- |
| | of any testator or intestate at the time of his death which shall be ance of their duties. |
| | sold by the Curator or any such agent as the goods of such testator or |
| | intestate, unless such Curator or agent shall know or have actual notice |
| 4 | 5 before the sale that such goods or chattels were not in fact the property |
| | of such testator or intestate, nor for any act done <i>bond fide</i> in the per- |
| | formance of their duties respectively unless it shall be shown that such |
| | act was done not only illegally but wilfully or with gross negligence. 90. 92. In case of any sale by the Curator or his agents of goods or Proceeds of property |
| 5 | 0 chattels belonging in fact to any third person the amount realized by of third person to be |
| 0 | such sale thereof shall be paid over by him or them to the owner upon |
| | proof by him of such ownership, unless the same shall have been |
| | applied in the payment of the debts of the deceased or shall have been |
| | distributed according to any will of the deceased or in the ordinary |
| 5 | 5 course of administration whilst the said Curator or any such agent was |
| | in ignorance, and without actual notice of the claim of such person to |

in ignorance, and without actual notice of the claim of such person to the goods or chattels so sold. 91. 93. If it shall appear on office found that any real estate vested Conveyance of in the Curator has escheated to Her Majesty, the net proceeds of sale of escheated lands and 354--C such of sale.

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such estate shall be paid by the Curator to the Colonial Treasurer and be by him carried to the credit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund: And the Curator's conveyance of such real estate to the purchaser thereof shall operate to pass the right, title, and interest of the deceased 5 intestate to such purchaser as in any other case.

92. 94. The Curator shall in the first week in January in each Payment to Colonial year cause all sums of money which shall on the first day of that month Treasurer after six have been invested as aforesaid and lying to the credit of any intestate estate under his control for the term of six years then next preceding

- 10 to be paid to the Colonial Treasurer for the public service of the Colony, subject to the provisions hereinafter contained.
 - 93. 95. It shall be lawful for the Court at any time upon the Parties entitled may petition of any person claiming to be entitled to the said moneys so apply subsequently. paid over to the Colonial Treasurer or any part thereof, and upon being
- 15 satisfied by affidavit or other sufficient evidence adduced in support thereof that such person is so entitled to make an order for the payment of such moneys or any portion thereof, but without interest thereon from the time of payment to the Colonial Treasurer as aforesaid, and after deducting any costs and expenses which may have been
- 20 incurred by the Curator or otherwise in respect of such application; and the Colonial Treasurer on being served with such order shall within a reasonable time in that behalf pay the amount mentioned therein to the person therein named, and the receipt of such person shall be a sufficient voucher for such payment.

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PART VII.

Procedure.

94. 96. Subject to any rules or orders to be made hereunder, and Practice until except where otherwise provided by this Act the practice of the Supreme otherwise ordered Court in Probate Jurisdiction shall be regulated so far as the circum- existing.

30 stances of the case will admit by the practice of the Court in its Equitable Jurisdiction.

95. 97. Subject to the rules and orders to be made hereunder, the Mode of taking witnesses and where necessary the parties in all matters where their evidence. attendance can be had shall be examined orally in open Court, whether s. 31.

- 35 the trial or proceeding be with or without a jury. Provided always that by the permission of the Court in every case the parties may verify their respective cases in whole or in part by affidavit, but so that the deponent in every such affidavit shall on the application of the opposite party be subject to be cross-examined by or on behalf
- 40 of such opposite party orally in open Court as aforesaid, and upon such cross-examination may be re-examined orally in open Court as aforesaid by or on behalf of the party by whom such affidavit was filed. 96. 98. Where a witness in any contested matter is out of the Court may issue
- jurisdiction of the Court, or where by reason of his illness or otherwise commission or give the Court shall not think fit to enforce the attendance of the otherwise orders for examina-45 the Court shall not think fit to enforce the attendance of the witness tion of witnesses in open Court, it shall be lawful for the Court to order a com- abroad or who are unable to attend. mission to issue for the examination of such witness on oath upon Ib. s. 32. interrogatories or otherwise, or if the witness be within the jurisdiction of the Court to order the examination of such witness on
- 50 oath upon interrogatories or otherwise before any officer of the said Court or other person to be named in such order for the purpose; and all the powers now vested in the Supreme Court in its equitable jurisdiction with reference to the issuing of commissions and ordering the examination of witnesses and generally in connection therewith shall 55 extend to and be applicable to the Court in its probate jurisdiction.

97. 99. The Court may direct any question of fact arising in any Questions of fact suit or proceeding under this Act to be tried by a special or common may be directed to be tried before the Court jury.

98. 100. When any question shall be so directed to be tried such Ib. s. 35. 5 question shall be reduced into the form of an issue and shall be tried Question to be stated. before the Probate Judge or one of the other Judges of the Supreme ^{Ib. s. 37 38.} Court and a jury of four or twelve men at such time and place as the Court may direct, and thereupon the matter shall proceed as in the case of issues directed to be tried by the Court in its equitable jurisdiction.

99. 101. Any person considering himself aggrieved by any final or Appeal. 10 interlocutory decree or order of the Probate Judge may appeal therefrom to the full Court in the same way and with and subject to the same powers, orders, rules, and regulations as are now in force with reference to appeals from the decisions of the Primary Judge in Equity.

15 100. 102. The Probate Judge may on the application of any party or Judge may direct at his own discretion, and on such terms (if any) as he shall think fit to rehearing. impose, direct a rehearing by the Full Court of any cause, petition, motion, or matter before him; and in such case it shall not be necessary to give any notice of appeal, but nothing herein shall prejudice the

20 right of any party to appeal when the Judge shall not give any such direction.

101. 103. Any person may lodge with the registrar a caveat against Caveat may be any application for probate or administration at any time previous to lodged. Vict. Act. such probate or administration being granted; and every such caveat No. 427 s. 23.

25 shall set forth the name of the person lodging the same, and an address within the city of Sydney at which notices may be served on him.

102. 104. In every case in which a caveat shall be lodged the Where a caveat Court may upon motion on behalf of the person applying for probate lodged Court may or administration supported by affidavits upon which if there had been 1b. 30.

- 30 no caveat, probate or administration would have been granted, make an order nisi for the grant of probate or administration to the person applying; and every such order shall name a time for showing cause against the same, and the Court may enlarge such order from time to time.
- 35 103. 105. Every such order nisi and every order enlarging the same service of order nisi. may be served on the caveator by delivering a copy of the same at the 16. 31. address mentioned in his caveat.

104. 106. If upon the day named in the order nisi or upon the day Proceeding where to which such order shall have been enlarged the caveator do not appear. 40 appear such order nisi may be made absolute upon an affidavit of 16. 32.

service, but if the caveator appear the matter shall proceed as a contested matter and be heard before the Probate Judge alone upon affidavit or oral evidence or by a jury as the Court may direct.

- 105. 107. The Court shall have the like powers, jurisdiction, and Powers of the Court 45 authority for requiring and enforcing the production of documents and to enforce orders. the attendance of persons as witnesses and otherwise, and for punishing 20&21 Vic.c.77 s.25. persons failing, neglecting, or refusing to produce such documents, or to appear or to be sworn or make affirmation or declaration, or to give evidence, or guilty of contempt, and generally for the trial or determina-
- 50 tion of questions of fact, and for enforcing all orders, decrees, and judgments made or given by the Court under this Act, and for the taxation of costs, and otherwise in relation to the matters to be inquired into and done under this Act or by or under the orders of the Court under this Act as are or shall be by law vested in the Supreme Court in equity 55 for such purposes in relation to any suit or matter depending in such

Court in equity. 106. 108. The Court may on motion or petition or otherwise in a Order to produce any summary way whether any suit or other proceeding shall or shall not instrument purport be pending in the Court with respect to any probate or administration, tary.

order 16. 2. 26.

or before a jury.

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order any person to produce and bring into the registry any paper or writing, being or purporting to be testamentary or otherwise material to the matter before the Court which may be shown to be in the possession or under the control of such person, and if it be not shown

- 5 that any such paper or writing is in the possession or under the control of such person, but it shall appear that there are reasonable grounds for believing that he has the knowledge of any such paper or writing, the Court may direct such person to attend for the purpose of being examined in open Court or upon interrogatories respecting the
- 10 same, and such person shall be bound to answer such questions or interrogatories, and (if so ordered) to produce and bring in such paper or writing, and shall be subject to the like process of contempt in case of default in not attending or in not answering such questions or interrogatories or not bringing in such paper or writing as he would have
- 15 been subject to in case he had been a party to a suit in the Court and had made such default, and the costs of any such motion, petition, or other proceeding shall be in the discretion of the Court.

109. In all matters and proceedings under this Act every Attorney, &c., attorney, solicitor, and proctor of the Supreme Court of New South to have right of 20 Wales shall have the right of audience before the Probate Judge.

audience before Probate Judge.

PART VIII.

General matters.

107. 110. The Registrar, Commissioners of the Supreme Court, and Oaths. Justices of the Peace of the Colony of New South Wales shall have 25 power to administer oaths under this Act.

108. 111. In all matters under this Act the question of costs and Costs. how they shall be paid shall be in the discretion of the Court subject to appeal as aforesaid.

109. 112. The Judges of the Supreme Court or any three of them, Rules. 30 may make general rules for regulating the times and form and mode Equity Act, 1880. of procedure, and generally the practice of the Court in respect of the several matters to which this Act relates, and for fixing the amount of all fees and allowances to officers of the Court and solicitors in reference to such matters, and otherwise for the effectual execution of

35 this Act and of the intention and object thereof; and all such rules and orders shall be published in the Government Gazette and shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament within thirty days of their being promulgated so published, or if Parliament be not then sitting, within the like time after Parliament shall thereafter assemble for the 40 despatch of business.

SCHEDULE.

| For every order to administer where effects shall appear to be above £50 0 7 6 45 Where effects shall appear to be £50 or under— 0 2 6 45 For every order to pay money if £10 and under £20 0 7 6 1f £20 and under £50 0 2 6 If £50 and under £100 0 10 0 And on every £100 above the first 0 2 6 50 For every common order 0 2 6 50 For every special order 0 2 6 |
|--|
| 45 Where effects shall appear to be £50 or under— 45 For every order to pay money if £10 and under £20 0 0 2 6 If £20 and under £50 0 5 0 If £50 and under £100 0 10 0 And on every £100 above the first 0 2 6 50 For every common order 0 2 6 50 For every special order 0 5 0 |
| If £20 and under £50 0 5 0 If £50 and under £100 0 10 0 And on every £100 above the first 0 2 6 For every common order 0 2 6 50 For every special order 0 5 0 |
| If £20 and under £50 0 5 0 If £50 and under £100 0 10 0 And on every £100 above the first 0 2 6 For every common order 0 2 6 50 For every special order 0 5 0 |
| If £50 and under £100 0 10 0 And on every £100 above the first 0 2 6 For every common order 0 2 6 50 For every special order 0 5 0 |
| And on every £100 above the first 0 2 6 For every common order 0 2 6 50 For every special order 0 5 0 |
| For every common order \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots 0 2 6 50 For every special order \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots 0 5 0 |
| 50 For every special order 0 5 0 |
| 50 For every special order 0 5 0 |
| |
| For every office copy 6d por folio |
| For every office copy 6d. per folio. |
| On every audit of accounts including the direction to invest assets if the |
| amount which shall have been in the Curator's hands be under $\pounds 20 \dots 0$ 5 0 |
| If £20 and under £50 0 7 6 |
| 55 If 650 and under 6100 |
| For every C100 shows the first |
| For every £100 above the lifst 0 2 6 |

[1s. 3d.]

Sydney : Charles Potter, Government Printer .- - 1890.

This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 16 September, 1890. F. W. WEBB, Clerk of Legislative Assembly.

Pew South Wales.

ANNO QUINQUAGESIMO QUARTO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

No.

An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to Probate and Letters of Administration, and to the succession to Real Estate in cases of Intestacy, and for the preservation and management of the estates of deceased persons.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law Preamble. relating to Probate and Letters of Administration, and to the succession to Real Estate in cases of Intestacy, and to the collection, management, and administration of the estates of deceased persons. 5 Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :--

 In the construction of this Act, unless the context be inconsis- Interpretation clause.
 tent therewith, the following words and terms shall have and include the meanings severally set opposite to them and hereby assigned :—

"Administrator" includes the Curator of Intestate Estates.

"Administration" includes all letters of administration of the real

and personal estate and effects of deceased persons whether with or without the will annexed, and whether granted for general, special, or limited purposes, also exemplification of letters of administration or such other formal evidence of the letters of administration purporting to be under the seal of a Court of competent jurisdiction as shall in the opinion of the Court be deemed sufficient, and orders to the Curator to collect. 354-A "The

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- "The Court" means Supreme Court of New South Wales in its Probate Jurisdiction, or the Probate Judge.
- "Governor" means Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council.
- "Probate" includes "Exemplification of probate" or any other formal document purporting to be under the seal of a Court of competent jurisdiction which shall in the opinion of the Court be deemed sufficient.
- "Probate Judge" means the Judge for the time being authorized to administer this Act, or any Judge acting as such.
- "Real Estate" shall include lands held under building leases or any lease for twenty-one years and upwards.
- "Will"-Testament and all other testamentary instruments of which probate may now be granted.
- 2. The following Statutes are hereby repealed, that is to say, Repeal. first Victoria number four, eleventh Victoria number twenty-four, thirteenth Victoria number forty-four, fifteenth Victoria number eight, 15 twenty-sixth Victoria number twenty, forty-fifth Victoria number two, but such repeal shall not affect any proceeding commenced under the
- 20 said Acts or any of them prior to the passing of this Act, and so far as the Act twenty-sixth Victoria number twenty is concerned the provisions of the said Act shall be applied to the case of any person who shall have died prior to the passing of this Act.

3. This Act shall be divided into Parts, viz. :---

Division of Act.

- PART I.-Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in testamentary causes, and appointment of officers.
 - PART II.—Probate.
 - PART III.—Administration and distribution of Intestate Estates.
- PART IV.—Probate and Administration generally.

PART V.-Foreign Probates and Letters of Administration.

- PART VI.—Curator of Intestate Estates.
- PART VII.—Procedure.
- PART VIII.—General matters.

and may be cited as the "Probate Act of 1890."

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PART I.

Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in Probate Jurisdiction, and appointment of Officers.

4. The jurisdiction and authority heretofore vested in or Jurisdiction of exercised by the Supreme Court or by the Primary Judge in Equity in ^{Supreme} Court in causes testamentary. 40 respect of the estates of deceased persons shall be vested in and exercised by the Supreme Court in Probate Jurisdiction and by the Primary Judge in Equity or such other Judge as may from time to time be permanently or temporarily appointed in that behalf by the Governor under the title of the Probate Judge or by any Judge of the

45 Supreme Court acting for the said Probate Judge during his illness or absence or at his request.

5. The Probate Judge may sit with the assistance of any Judge Other Judges may or Judges of the Supreme Court who at his request may consent to sit with Probate

attend for that purpose. Provided that where three Judges so sit the 20 & 21 Vic. c. 77 50 judgment of the majority, and where only two Judges so sit their s. 34. unanimous judgment shall respectively be taken to be the judgment of the Full Court.

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| Probate. | |
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| 6. The Probate Judge may hear in Chambers such part of business under this Act as can in his opinion be so heard with adviage to the suitors, and shall when so sitting have and exercise same powers and jurisdiction as if in Court. Provided that the Jui while sitting in Chambers may adjourn for hearing in Court or w sitting in Court may adjourn for hearing in Chambers any case be him which he may think would be better heard in Court or Chambers and the set of t | van- 21 & 22 Vic. c. 95 the ss. 3, 5. udge hen fore |
| as the case may be. | indexem aller for |
| 7. The Governor may appoint some fit and proper person to 10 the Registrar and if thought expedient Deputy Registrar of Probate Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court; and such Registrar sl subject to any rules to be made hereunder for his future guidance direction, perform such duties as have heretofore been performed the Prothonotary of the Supreme Court in reference to proceed | the Registrar. hall, and by |
| 15 in the Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction of the Court and by the Ecclesiast Clerk of the Supreme Court, and such other duties as may be scribed by rule of Court or directed by the Probate Judge, and dur his illness or absence the Probate Judge may authorize any Office the Supreme Court to act as Registrar. | ical pre- ring |
| 20 8. The Governor may appoint some fit and proper person to Curator and if necessary Deputy Curator of Intestate Estates; and present Curator of Intestate Estates shall be considered to have be appointed hereunder, and shall have, perform, and exercise all | the |
| powers, duties, and authorities by this Act conferred on the Cura 25 and such Curator of Intestate Estates may be suspended or remo from office by the Governor. 9. During the illness or absence of the Curator the Prob | tor, oved |
| Judge may appoint some fit person to discharge the duties of Curator upon his giving such security as the Judge may direct; 30 such person shall during such illness or absence act in the stead of Curator, and sign and execute in his name all such documents as r | the temporary Curator, and Security. the |
| require his signature or execution, and do, perform, and discharge other acts, deeds, and duties pertaining to the office of Curator. 10. The Court shall have jurisdiction to grant probate of 35 will or administration of the estate of any deceased person leav property, whether real or personal, within the Colony of New So Wales. | all the Probate or adminis- tration may be ing granted of real or |
| The Court may if it shall think fit grant probate to one more of the executors named in any will, reserving leave to the ot or others who have not renounced to come in and apply for probate some future date. | her more executors |
| 12. It shall be lawful for the Judges of the Supreme Court, rule of Court in that behalf made, to delegate to the Master in Equ or Registrar the powers of the Court in and about the granting 45 probates and administration of estate not exceeding one thousa | ity Master in Equity. g of and |
| pounds in value where no contention has arisen, and also in and ab the passing of the accounts of trustees, executors, and administrate save in respect of the award of commission thereon. Provided t such Master or Registrar shall where any party interested shall | ors, hat . so |
| 50 desire and in cases of doubt or difficulty refer the matter to Probate Judge, and provided that no such administration shall empoy the administrator to sell, mortgage, lease, or otherwise deal with real estate of the intestate unless such real estate shall be sworn be of a less value than one hundred pounds, and the Master | the wer the to or |
| 55 Registrar shall think fit to make a special order in that behalf, wh he is hereby authorized to do. | ich |

PART

PART II.

Probate.

13. Upon the grant of probate of the will of any deceased Real estate to vest person after the commencement of this Act, all the real estate whether vict. Act. 5 held by him beneficially or in trust shall vest as from the death of No. 427 s. 6. such person in the executor to whom such probate shall be granted for all the estate therein of such person, and if there shall be more than one such executor shall vest in them as joint tenants in the same way as personal estate now vests.

- 14. The real estate of every deceased person shall be assets in Real estate to be the hands of his executor to whom probate shall have been granted assets for payment for the payment of all duties and fees and for the payment of his 9 Geo. IV cap. 33 10 debts in the ordinary course of administration, and it shall be lawful so. 1 & 2. for such executor for purposes of administration to sell or mortgage
- 15 such real estate with or without a power of sale and to convey the same to a purchaser in as full and effectual a manner in law as the testator of such executor could have done in his lifetime.
- 15. In all suits in Equity concerning the real estate of a In suits executor or deceased person, his executor or administrator shall represent his real administrator to represent real estate.
- 20 estate and the persons interested therein in the same manner and to vict. Act. the same extent as in suits concerning personal estate the executor or No. 407 s. 8. administrator represents such estate and the persons interested therein.
- 16. Subject to the provisions of this Act the real estate of every Real estate to be deceased person devising such estate by his will shall be held by the held upon trusts of will. 25 executor of such person according to the trusts and dispositions of 16. s. 9. such will.

17. The executor of any deceased person shall have the same Executor to have rights and be subject to the same duties with respect to the real estate real estate as personal of such person that executors heretofore have had or been subject to estate.

Ib. s. 10.

- 30 with reference to personal assets. 18. The probate of any will or letters of administration with Probate to be the will annexed hereafter to be granted shall be evidence of the due concerning real execution of such will upon all questions concerning real estate in the estate. same manner and to the same extent as heretofore concerning personal Ib. 1. 11.
- 35 estate, and the copy attached or annexed to such probate or letters of administration purporting to be a copy of the will in respect of which probate or letters of administration have been so granted shall be primá facie evidence of the contents of such will, and every probate or administration shall be primá facie evidence of the death 40 and the date of the death of the testator or intestate.
- 19. There shall be one place of deposit under the control of the Place of original Court at such place in Sydney as the Governor may by notice in the ²⁰ and ²¹ Vic. c. 77 Gazette direct in which all the original wills brought into the Court or of . 66. which probate or administration with the will annexed is granted under
- 45 this Act, and such other documents as the Probate Judge may direct shall be deposited and preserved and the same may be inspected under the control of the Court and subject to the rules and regulations to be made hereunder; and until any such direction as aforesaid such wills and other documents shall be deposited and kept in the places and
- 50 manner at the present time set apart and used in that behalf. 20. An official copy of the whole or any part of a will or an Official copy of whole official certificate of the grant of any letters of administration may be be obtained. obtained from the Registrar or custodian on the payment of the fees 16. 6. 69. fixed for the same by the rules and regulations now or hereafter to be

55 in force in that behalf.

21.

21. Any person residing in New South Wales may deposit in Will may be the office of the Registrar-General his will enclosed in a sealed deposited in the office of the deposited in the envelope or cover endorsed with the full name, description, and the then Registrar-General address of the testator or other means of ready identification, and also by testator in his 5 the names in full with descriptions and addresses of the executors Vict. Act No. 213 named therein, and such will shall unless previously required to be . 201. given up by the testator remain in the said office in the custody of the Registrar-General until the death of the testator, and upon his death the Registrar-General shall deliver the same after examination 10 to either of the executors named in the said will, or in case of doubt to such person as the Supreme Court or any Judge thereof may direct; Vict. Act No. 230

and no probate of any will not so deposited and no administration in s. 14. any case shall be granted unless the application be supported by an affidavit that a search has been made in the proper office for a will of 15 the deceased, and stating whether any such will remains deposited with

the officer for the time being authorized to have the custody of deposited wills, or by a certificate from the Registrar-General to the like effect.

PART III.

Administration and Distribution of Intestate Estates.

22. The practice and proceedings hitherto in force with reference Practice as to grant-to granting administration of the personal estate of an intestate shall, ing administration of save as hereby altered and subject to the rules and orders to be estate. 20 made hereunder, be applicable to administration granted hereunder and so far as may be to administration of real estate, and administration of 25 both real and personal estate may be granted in and by the same letters.
23. The Court may grant administration of the estate of an To whom administration.

intestate person to the husband or widow or to one or more of the next tration may be of kin of the deceased person or to the husband or widow conjointly with one or more of the next of kin. Provided that any person to whom

30 administration shall be granted shall be of the full age of twenty-one years. And in case there shall be no such person who shall be qualified as aforesaid, or who being so qualified shall be in the opinion of the Court fit to be so trusted, or who shall when duly cited appear and pray for administration, then administration may be granted to any person 35 or persons whether creditors or not of the deceased that the Court shall

think fit.

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24. Every administration heretofore granted to any husband in validation of respect of the estate of his deceased wife or to any widow in respect of administration here-tofore granted in the estate of her deceased husband shall be deemed to be and to have certain cases. 40 been valid to all intents and purposes, anything in the Charter of

Justice to the contrary notwithstanding.

25. Every person to whom a grant of administration shall be Administration bond made shall, previous to the issue of such administration, execute a bond to be executed. to Her Majesty and her successors with one or more surety or sureties s. si.

45 conditioned for duly collecting, getting in, and administering the personal estate or real and personal estate of the deceased, which bond shall be in such form as the Court shall by rule direct, and in the meantime shall be in the form heretofore in use. Provided that it shall not be necessary for the Curator or for any person obtaining administration 50 to the use or for the benefit of Her Majesty to execute any such bond.

26. Such bond shall be in a penalty equal to the amount under Amount of penalty in which the property of the deceased shall be sworn, but the Court administration bord. may in any case dispense with the bond or with one or both of the sureties, or direct that such penalty shall be reduced in amount, and

55 may also if it shall think fit direct that more bonds than one shall be given

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Probate.

given so as to limit the liability of any surety to such amount as the Court shall think reasonable, and may in place of such bond accept the security of any incorporated company or guarantee society approved of by the Court in such form and under such regulations as the Court 5 shall by rule direct.

27. The Court may at any time upon the motion of any Administration may person interested in the estate revoke the administration already be revoked or further granted or order the administrator to execute a further bond in such bond required. sum and within such time as may seem right with or without sureties

10 as aforesaid, and upon default remove the administrator and appoint an administrator de bonis non in his place, with power to sue or be sued upon any contract made by the removed administrator.

28. The Court may on application made on motion in a Order may be made summary way and on being satisfied that the condition of any bond to assign the bond. ²⁰ and 21 Vic. c. 77 15 given hereunder has been broken order the Curator to assign the same s. 83.

- to some person to be named in such order, and such person, his executors or administrators shall thereupon be entitled to sue upon the said bond in his or their own name or names as if the same had been originally given to him, and shall be entitled to recover thereon
- 20 as trustee for all persons interested the full amount recoverable in respect of any breach of the condition of the said bond. 29. All real estate which any person shall hereafter die seised or Lands of intestate or

possessed of or entitled to in the Colony of New South Wales intestate devised to vest in administrator or shall pass to and become vested in the administrator of the estate of Curator in trust for

- 25 such person as from the death of such person for his estate therein, or in next of kin. the case of a partial intestacy to and in the executor named in the will, or to and in the administrator with the will annexed, and such administrator, or in the case of partial intestacy the executor or administrator Vict. Act No. 230 s. 8. with the will annexed, as the case may be, shall hold the said real 30 estate upon trust for payment of the debts of the deceased, and subject
- thereto on trust for and as if the same had been devised to the same persons as tenants in common as would be entitled in the case of personal property, excepting only as mentioned in the next succeeding section.
- 30. Any husband or wife shall be entitled on the death of the Husband's interest 35 other intestate to the same share in the real or personal estate of the in wife's estate and other as a wife is now by law entitled to in the personal estate of an viet. Act No. 427 s.9. intestate husband predeceasing her, and no estate by courtesy or right Queensland 41 Vic. of dower or any equivalent estate shall arise after the passing of this No. 24 s. 13. Act out of any real estate. Provided that any husband or widow so courtesy title. 40 entitled to share in real estate shall be bound to accept the value
- thereof in lieu of partition if so desired by all the persons entitled jointly with him or her.

31. All real estate held by any person in trust or by way of Lands held in trust mortgage passing under this Act shall as from the death of such person vest in administrator. 45 intestate vest in the administrator for all the estate therein of such

person subject to the trusts and equities affecting the same. 32. No real estate of which administration has been granted Lands not to be sold under this Act shall be sold or mortgaged or leased for a longer term without consent or order.

than three years by the administrator without the consent of all persons Queensland 50 beneficially interested or the order of the Court in that behalf which ⁴¹ Vic. No. 24 s. 24. may impose such conditions as it shall think fit, subject however to appeal as herein provided.

33. The Court may upon the petition of the administrator, or Court may make in case of partial intestacy the executor, or the administrator with the ^{special order.} 55 will annexed, or of any person beneficially interested, and after such ²⁶ Vic. No. 20 s. 3.

previous notice to other parties and inquiry as shall seem fit, order and direct the course of proceedings which shall be taken in regard to the time and mode of sale of any such real estate as aforesaid, the letting and management thereof until sale, the application for maintenance

or advancement or otherwise of shares or income of shares of infants, the expediency and mode of effecting a partition if applied for, and generally in regard to the administration of the real estate for the greatest advantage of all persons interested.

- 5 34. In any case wherein upon such inquiry the Court shall be Court may order satisfied that a partition of such real estate or any part thereof partition in a summary way. would be advantageous to the parties interested therein, it shall $I_{I_0.s.4}$. be lawful for such Court to appoint one or more arbitrators to effect such partition. And the report and final award of the
- 10 arbitrators setting forth particulars of the land allotted to each party interested shall when signed by them and confirmed by the order of the Court and when also registered in the office of the Registrar-General be effectual without the necessity of any further conveyance to vest in each allottee the land so allotted, and an office
- 15 copy of such award so signed, confirmed, and registered as aforesaid shall for all purposes be equivalent to an indenture of conveyance to each allottee of the lands allotted as aforesaid. And in the case of land subject to the provisions of the "Real Property Act" each such allottee shall be entitled to have issued to him a certificate
- 20 of title for the land so allotted to him. And if such allotment be made subject to the charge of any money payable to any other party interested for equalizing the partition such charge shall take effect according to the terms and conditions in regard to time and mode of payment and otherwise which shall be expressed in such award without
- 25 the necessity of any further instrument being made or executed. And in the case of land subject to the provisions of the Real Property Act the certificate of title shall issue, subject to such charge unless such charge shall be satisfied.
- 35. No personal representative shall be required against his Personal 30 own consent to continue the duty of a trustee by managing the representative not property during an enforced suspension of sale but shall be entitled to act against their upon such suspension being ordered to relinquish his trust to such own consent. person as the Court may appoint. *Ib. s. 7.* person as the Court may appoint.

PART IV.

Probate and Administration generally.

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36. From and after the decease of any person dying intestate Property of intestate and until letters of administration or an order to collect shall be granted to vest in Chief in respect of his estate the real and personal estate of such deceased 21 & 22 Vic. c. 95 person shall be deemed to be vested in the Chief Justice of New ^{s. 19.} 40 South Wales, or if there shall be no Chief Justice then in the senior

- Puisne Judge for the time being in the same manner and to the same extent as aforetime the personal estate and effects vested in the Ordinary in England.
- 37. Where any person after the commencement of this Act Executor renouncing 45 renounces probate of the will of which he is appointed executor or one probate or not acting of the executors, and whenever an executor appointed in a will survives citation to be treated the testator but dies without having taken probate, and whenever an as if he had renounced. executor named in a will is personally cited to take probate and on the appear to such citation the right of such person in respect of
- 50 executorship shall wholly cease, and the representation to the testator and the administration of his effects shall without any further renunciation go, devolve, and be committed in like manner as if such person had not been appointed executor.

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| the | s. 16. | | | 0. | 2/ 1.1 | |

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| | 38. Where an infant is sole executor, administration with the where an infant is will annexed may be granted to the guardian of such infant or to sole executor administration with the uniform the sole executor administration of such infant or to sole executor administration of sole executo |
|------|--|
| | such other person as the Court shall think fit, until such infant shall to the guardian &c. |
| _ | have attained the full age of twenty-one years, with or without full 38 Geo. III c. 87 or limited powers to act in the premises until probate shall have been ⁵ . 6. |
| 5 | granted to the said executor or administration to some other person. |
| | 39 The person to whom such administration shall be granted who shall have the |
| | 1 11 1 1 1 I same power as where |
| | virtue of an administration granted to him durante minore ætate of granted durante |
| 10 | the next of kin. |
| | 40. When any person named as executor, or any husband or 16. s. 7. |
| | widow or the next of kin entitled to probate or administration shall be Probate or adminis- |
| | out of the jurisdiction but shall have some person within the jurisdic- tration to be granted tion of the Court appointed under power of attorney to act for him or certain cases. |
| 1 | b her respectively, administration may be granted to such attorney, but on |
| Te | behalf of the person entitled thereto and on such terms and conditions |
| | as the Court shall think fit. |
| | 11 Pending any suit touching the validity of the will of any Administration pen- |
| | deceased person or for obtaining, recalling, or revoking any probate or dente lite and any grant of administration, or during a contested right to administra-20 & 21 Vic. c. 77 |
| 20 |) any grant of administration, or during a contested right to administrate 20 & 21 Vic. c. 77 |
| | tion, the Court may if it shall think fit appoint an administrator of the is. 70, 71. personal estate and the same or any other person to be receiver of the |
| | real estate of any deceased person with such full or limited powers |
| | and with or without a bond or sureties as the Court may think right, |
| 2 | 5 and may make such orders for the remuneration of such administrator |
| | or receiver out of the personal and real estate of the deceased as it |
| | may think right. |
| | 42. Where a person shall die wholly or partially intestate or Power as to appoint leaving a will but without having appointed an executor thereof, or an ment of adminis- trator. |
| 6 | 0 executor willing and competent to take probate, or where the executor <i>Ib. s. 73.</i> |
| 9 | shall be resident out of the Colony the Court may if it shall think it |
| | necessary or convenient in any such case appoint some person to be |
| | the administrator of the estate of the deceased or of any part thereof |
| | upon his giving such security (if any) as the Court shall direct, and |
| 3 | 5 every such administration may be limited as the Court shall think nt. |
| | 43. In any case where the executor named in a will shall neglect Proceeding where or refuse to prove the same or to renounce probate thereof within six executor neglect to prove will. |
| | weeks from the death of the testator or from the time of such executor viet. Act. |
| | attaining the age of twenty-one years after a grant durante minore |
| 4 | 0 atate or where the executor is unknown or cannot be found the Court |
| | may upon the application of any person interested in the estate of of |
| | the Curator or of any creditor of the testator grant an order <i>mist</i> canning |
| | upon the executor to show cause why probate of the said will should |
| | not be granted to such executor, or in the alternative why administration 5 with such will annexed should not be granted to the applicant, and upon |
| 4 | affidavit of service or of sufficient reasons for non-service of such order |
| | if the executor do not appear, or upon cause being shown it shall be |
| | lawful for the Court to make such order thereon for the administration |
| | of the estate and to make such order as to costs as shall appear just. |
| 5 | 14 If at the expiration of six calendar months from the death if executor or |
| * 11 | of any person the executor to whom probate of the will or the administrator out of jurisdiction special |
| 1 s | administrator to whom administration of the estate and enects of such administrator may |
| | jurisdiction, the Court may upon the application of any creditor, legatee, ^{1b} . |
| | Juristiculon, the court may upon the upproduction of all of the second |

jurisdiction, the Court may upon the application of any creditor, legatee, 55 or next of kin grant to such creditor, legatee, or next of kin so applying special letters of administration of such deceased person, nevertheless to cease upon the return of the lawful executor or administrator within the jurisdiction of the said Court, and an order being made for the rescission thereof as hereinafter mentioned. 45.

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| 45. The person applying for any such special grant as aforesaid Special administrator shall in addition to the oath usually taken by administrators make to make certain affidavits. oath that the executor or administrator of such deceased person is Ib . resident out of the jurisdiction of the Court and that the applicant is thereby delayed in recovering or obtaining payment of moneys or the possession of goods and chattels to which he is by law entitled or that the estate is liable to loss or waste. |
| 46. On the return within the jurisdiction of the Court of the On return of executor or administrator to whom probate or administration shall administrator special |

10 originally have been granted such executor or administrator may apply administration to be to the Court by petition to rescind such special grant of administration, The and the Court on the hearing of such petition upon being satisfied that such executor or administrator bona fide intends to remain within the jurisdiction of the Court until the estate of the deceased has been 15 duly administered may make an order to rescind such special grant of administration upon such terms and conditions as to security, costs,

or otherwise as to the Court may seem reasonable.

47. Upon any order being made by the Court for the rescission On order being made of any grant of special administration as aforesaid the special admini-20 strator shall be bound duly to account to the original executor or account and pay administrator and to pay over all moneys received by him as such over moneys. special administrator, and then remaining in his hands undisposed of, as the Court may order.

48. If such executor or administrator shall neglect to apply for Original executor or 25 an order for the rescission of such special administration he shall, although special notwithstanding that such special administration remains unrescinded, administration not rescinded. be liable to answer and make good all claims and demands against the I_{b} . estate of the deceased to the extent of the assets which have come to his hands or which might have come to his hands but for his wilful 30 neglect or default including the neglect herein mentioned.

49. Where before the revocation of any ordinary or temporary Revocation of administration or the rescission of any special administration as afore-said, any proceedings at law or in equity have been commenced by actions or suits. or against any administrator so appointed, the Court in which such 20 & 21 Vic. c. 77 35 proceedings are pending may order that a suggestion be made upon s. 76.

- the record of the revocation or rescission of such administration and of the grant of probate or administration which shall have been made consequent thereon, and thereupon the proceedings shall be continued in the name of the new or original executor or administrator in like 40 manner as if the proceedings had been originally commenced by or
- against such new or original executor or administrator, but subject to such conditions and variations if any as such Court may direct.

50. In the administration of the estate of every person who All specialty and shall die after the passing of this Act no debt or liability of such person to stand in equal 45 shall be entitled to any priority or preference by reason merely that degree. the same is secured by or arises under a bond, deed, or other instrument ³² and ³³ Vic. cap.

under seal or is otherwise made or constituted a specialty debt or is due to an executor or administrator, but all the creditors of such person as well specialty as simple contract shall be treated as standing 50 in equal degree and be paid accordingly out of the assets of such

deceased person whether such assets are legal or equitable, any statute or law to the contrary notwithstanding. Provided always that this Act shall not prejudice or affect any mortgage, lien, charge, or other security which any creditor may hold or be entitled to for payment of 55 his debt.

51. Where any probate or administration is revoked or rescinded Payments under under this Act all payments bond fide made to any executor or adminis-revoked probates or administrations trator under such probate or administration before the revocation or valid. rescission thereof shall be a legal discharge to the person making the Ib. s. 77. same. 345 - B

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same, and the executor or administrator who shall have acted under any such revoked or rescinded probate or administration may retain and reimburse himself or shall be entitled to be reimbursed in respect of any payments made by him which the person to whom probate or

5 administration shall be afterwards or was originally granted might have lawfully made.

52. All persons and corporations making or permitting to be Persons &c. making

- name any payment or transfer bond fide upon any probate or adminis- payments upon probates or adminis- payments upon probates or order granted in respect of the estate of any deceased estate of deceased
 10 person under the authority of this Act shall be indemnified and person to be indemnified.
 protected in so doing notwithstanding any defect or circumstance *Ib. 5. 78.*whatsoever affecting the validity of such probate or letters of adminis-tration or order not then be a provided by the probate or letters of administration or order not then known to such persons or corporations. 53. Every person to whom probate or administration shall be Executor or
- 15 granted shall file an inventory of the estate of the deceased and pass administrator to pass his accounts relating thereto within such time and in such manner as may be fixed by any rule or order under this Act or as the Court may specially order, and until then in accordance with the rules hitherto in force: And shall be subject to any special order that
- 20 the Court may on the motion of any person interested make as to the production and verification of his accounts, but no such passing of accounts shall affect the rights of parties to dispute the same other than the applicant.
- 54. It shall be lawful for the Court to allow out of the assets Executors &c. 25 of any deceased person to his executor, administrator, or trustee for may be allowed commission. the time being in passing his accounts, such commission or percentage for his pains and trouble as shall be just and reasonable, and subject to such notices if any as he may direct. No such allowance shall be made to any executor, administrator, or trustee who shall neglect or
- 30 omit without good reason or a special order of a Judge to pass his accounts pursuant to any general or special rule or order of the Court.

55. The Registrar shall cause entries to be made in a book to Registrar to keep be kept for that purpose of all grants of probate and administration, record of probates, &c.

- 35 and of the filing, passing, and allowance of the accounts of all executors and administrators, and of any special order extending the time for passing such accounts; and such book shall set forth the dates of such grants, the names of the testators or intestates, the place and time of death, the names and description of the executors or administrators, the
- 40 sworn value of the estates, and the dates of the filing, passing allowance of, and special orders with reference to the said accounts.

56. In case any such executor or administrator shall neglect to If accounts not file such inventory or to pass such accounts as aforesaid for the space exhibited Registrar of one calendar month after the expiration of the period fixed it shall trator before Judge

- 45 be the duty of the Registrar to cause such executor or administrator who may inflict to be notified of such neglect, and in case of further neglect for the period of one calendar month he shall cause him to be summoned before the Court to show cause why he should not be ordered to file such inventory or to exhibit such account to the Court forthwith.
- 50 And if such executor or administrator shall not within the prescribed time or within such further time as shall be allowed him by a Judge, file, pass, or exhibit such inventory or account in manner aforesaid he shall be liable to attachment in accordance with the practice of the Court of Equity.
- 57. Proceedings being taken under the last preceding clause Proceedings under shall not prejudice the right to proceed against the executor or last section not to prejudice proceedings 55 administrator for an account and administration or prevent the Court on bond. from ordering the assignment of the bond to any person with a view of enforcing the penalty thereof as hereinbefore mentioned.

58. The Court may make such order with reference to the Judge may make distribution or application of any moneys which the executor or of moneys in hands administrator or Curator may have in hand or as to the residue of the of executor &c. estate as it may think fit. Provided that no final order for distribu-

5 tion shall be made except upon notice to all the parties entitled.

59. Any decree in Equity in an administration suit shall bind Decree in Equity the parties, and be of the same force and effect to all intents and shall bind parties. purposes as if an order to the same effect had been made in the Probate Jurisdiction.

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PART V.

Foreign Probates and Letters of Administration.

60. When any probate or letters of administration to be granted Probates and letters by any Court of competent jurisdiction in any portion of Her of administration granted in other Majesty's Dominions shall be produced to and a copy thereof deposited Colonies or the Colonies or the therein named, or by any person being the executor or administrator be of like force as if therein named, or by any person duly authorized by power of attorney granted to New South Wales on the the the band and seal of such executor or administrator. in that behalf under the hand and seal of such executor or administrator, being resealed. such probate or letters of administration may be sealed with the seal S. A. Act. of the Court, and shall when so sealed have the like force and effect

20 and have the same operation in New South Wales, and every executor and administrator thereunder shall perform the same duties and be subject to the same liabilities as if such probate or letters of administration had been originally granted by the Supreme Court of New South Wales in its Probate Jurisdiction. Provided always that the

25 Court may on application in that behalf require any such executor or person authorized as aforesaid to give security for the due administration of the estate in respect of matters or claims within the Colony.

61. The seal of the Court shall not be affixed to any such probate Seal not to be affixed or letters of administration until all such probate, stamp, and other till duty is paid. 30 duties if any have been paid as would have been payable if such 1b. probate or letters of administration had been originally granted by the Supreme Court of New South Wales, and further such letters of And as to adminisadministration shall not be so sealed until such bond has been entered tration till bond is into as would have been required if such letters had been originally 35 granted by the last-mentioned Supreme Court.

62. Every such executor or administrator as last aforesaid, and Every executor &c. every executor or administrator appointed under this Act shall be in the Colony. deemed to be resident within the Colony of New South Wales, and where not actually so resident he shall before the issue or sealing of any probate

40 or administration file with the Registrar an address within the city of Sydney at which notices and processes may be served upon him, and all services at such registered address shall be deemed personal service.

63. Any person may lodge a caveat against the sealing of any Caveat.

such probate or letters of administration, and such caveat shall have 45 the same effect and shall be dealt with in the same manner as a caveat

against the grant of probate or administration. 64. The seal of the Court shall not be affixed as aforesaid Notice of intention except upon an affidavit that notice of the intention to apply in that to apply.

behalf has been published twice in one or more Sydney daily news-50 papers fourteen days before the making of such affidavit, and that no caveat has been lodged in respect thereof up to the morning of such application.

65. The above provision as to sealing shall not apply to any Not to apply to Public Officer or Public Officer or to the Curator of Intestate Estates. Curator.

PART

PART VI.

Curator of Intestate Estates.

66. The Curator shall before entering upon the duties of his Curator to give office give security to Her Majesty and her successors to the satisfaction security. 5 of the Colonial Treasurer for the collection and due payment of and accounting for all moneys which shall come to his hands by virtue of his office. Provided that any surety found by him may withdraw from any future liability by giving the Colonial Treasurer three months written notice of his desire so to do, but such withdrawal shall not 10 affect his liability for any breach which may have occurred prior to the

date of actual withdrawal.

67. On the death, resignation, or removal of such Curator or of successors to have the successor in office of any such Curator, the successor of the Curator power of adminis-trator de bonis non. so dying, resigning, or removed shall immediately on his appointment

- 15 and by virtue thereof become administrator of all the real and personal of every such deceased person as hereinafter mentioned left unadministered by any predecessor. And every such successor shall immediately upon his appointment and by virtue thereof become entitled to the possession of all books, accounts, letters, papers, and
- 20 documents of every description used by or in the possession or under the control of any predecessor relating to any estate administered by him or to the office of Curator.
 - 68. In all legal proceedings it shall not be necessary for the Proceedings by and Curator or those suing him to prove his general authority to act as against Curator.
- 25 Curator, but only to prove the order to collect in the specific estate to which the proceedings relate. Whenever the office of Curator shall become vacant by death, resignation, or removal from office or otherwise and another person shall be appointed to the vacancy so created any action or proceeding which may have been taken as aforesaid shall 30 not abate but shall be continued by or against the person so appointed
- as such Curator, and no fresh order to collect shall be necessary. 69. The Curator may appoint any persons he may think fit to Curator's agents. act as his agents for the purpose of administering all estates in his
- hands, and the clerks to the several Benches of Magistrates within 35 the Colony shall at his request act as such agents within their respective districts. Every such agent not being a Clerk of Petty Sessions shall give security to the satisfaction of the Curator for the performance of his duties. Such agents shall in all respects act in the management, collection, and getting in of such property under the
- 40 direction of the Curator who shall not be answerable for any act or omission of any such agent not in conformity with any such direction or which shall not have happened by the said Curator's own default or neglect.

70. The Curator shall take and retain the fees set out in the As to fees and com-45 Schedule hereto and also a commission of five pounds per centum on all mission.

- moneys collected by him or by his agents and shall pay such moneys into the Treasury for the public uses of the Colony after deducting therefrom all expenses and an allowance of not exceeding three pounds per centum by way of commission to his agents in respect of 50 all moneys collected by them or through or by reason of their agency.
- 71. The Court may on the application of the Curator grant to Order to Curator to the Curator an order to collect the estate of any deceased person collect. leaving real or personal estate within the jurisdiction of the Court in any of the following cases-
- (I) Where the person shall have died testate but leaving no 55 executor or no executor who may be willing and capable of acting

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| | acting in execution of his will and no widow or next of kin | |
|----|--|------------------------|
| | or no such person willing and capable as aforesaid resident | |
| | within the jurisdiction of the Court or where he shall have | |
| | died intestate and leaving no widow or next of kin resident | |
| 5 | | |
| | (II) Where the person shall have died either testate or intestate | |
| | and probate or administration shall not have been applied for | |
| | within three months after the death of such person. | |
| 10 | (III) Where the person shall by his will have appointed the Curator to act. | |
| 10 | (IV) Where the estate or any portion thereof is liable to waste, and | |
| | the executor appointed by the will or widow or lawful next | |
| | of kin shall be absent from the locality of the said estate | |
| | or is not known or has not been found, or shall request the | |
| 15 | | |
| | (v) Where the executors named in the will of the deceased have | |
| | renounced probate or all the persons primarily entitled to | |
| | administration have by writing filed in the office of the | |
| | Registrar declined to apply for administration. | |
| 20 | | |
| | nature or is in danger of being lost or destroyed, or where | |
| | great expense may be incurred by reason of delay. | |
| | (VII) Where after the expiration of thirty days from the decease | |
| 95 | of any person there is no reasonable probability of probate | |
| 25 | or administration being obtained within the period of three months from such decease. | |
| | | |
| | Provided that the Court may in any case require the Curator to give | |
| | such notices or cite such persons or produce such evidence as it may | |
| 90 | think fit before granting the order applied for or may make a tem- | |
| 50 | porary order for collection and protection only or generally or limited to a portion of the estate or otherwise. And it is hereby declared | |
| | that the provisions of this Act shall apply to the administration of the | |
| | real estate within the Colony of all persons who shall have died prior | |
| | to the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, | |
| 35 | where those entitled to such estate shall not have asserted their rights | |
| | thereto prior to the date of the passing of this Act; and all orders to | |
| | collect such estate shall have the effect of vesting it in the Curator, | |
| | subject to any claim under the Statute of Limitations, so as to enable | |
| | him to convey the right, title, and interest (if any) of the deceased to | |
| 40 | the purchaser thereof. And the Curator shall hold such estate, or the | |
| | proceeds of sale thereof, subject as aforesaid, for the benefit of, and in | |
| | trust for, those who, prior to the first day of July, one thousand eight | |
| | hundred and sixty-three, would have been entitled thereto. | |
| | 72. An order to collect the estate of any deceased person Effect of | f order. |
| 45 | shall give to the Curator the same powers, rights, and obligations in | |
| | respect of such estate, except as hereby enacted, as he would have had | |
| | if administration had been granted to him as next of kin to such | |
| | person intestate; and all laws now or hereafter in force in reference to | |
| 50 | the administration of the estates of deceased persons shall apply to | |
| 50 | the administration of estates by the Curator. | |
| | 73. Notwithstanding any order which shall have been made Probate authorizing the Curator to collect under this Act the Court may istration granted | s and adn is may be |
| | grant probate of the will or administration of the estate of such standing | notwith- g appoint- |

grant probate of the will or administration of the estate of such standing appoint-deceased person to any person in such manner and subject to such ment of Curator. 55 limitations or conditions as it shall think proper, but no application for any such grant shall be made until seven days after notice in writing of the intention to apply for the same shall have been left at the office of the Curator.

s and admin-is may be notwith-

54° VICTORIÆ, No.

Probate.

74. Immediately on the grant of any such probate or administra- On such grant Jurator's duties and tion all the interest, powers, rights, and duties of the Curator (except liabilities to cease. such rights as are conferred by this section) in regard to the estate of the deceased person whose estate shall be affected by such grant, and 5 all liabilities of the Curator under any contract or agreement entered into by him in relation to such estate or any part thereof shall cease, and (subject to and on the allowance and payment of all money due

- for the commission of the Curator as aforesaid and the necessary outlay, disbursements, costs, charges, and expenses in relation to such estate, 10 including all costs of appearing on the application for such probate or letters of administration or rule and consequent thereon, and subject also to the provisions of this section) such portion of the estate of such deceased person as shall be left unadministered by the Curator, and all rights and obligations of the Curator in respect thereof shall vest
- 15 in the executor or administrator obtaining such probate or administration. Provided always that nothing herein contained shall be held to relieve the Curator from any liability in respect of his management of the estate up to the time of such probate or administration.
- 75. Whenever it shall be made to appear to the Court that When there is 20 there is reasonable ground to suppose that any person has died out of the reasonable ground to jurisdiction of the Court intestate but leaving property within such juris-person has died out diction the Court may order and empower the Curator to collect and court the Curator manage the estate of such person both real and personal, and every may obtain order to such order shall be valid until revoked and shall empower the Curator to strict legal proof of collect manage and administen the personal estate and onter upon and death
- 25 collect, manage, and administer the personal estate, and enter upon and death. receive the rents and profits and otherwise manage the real estate of such supposed deceased person, and to pay and discharge the debts and liabilities of such person in like manner as if he were certainly dead and the Curator had obtained an order to collect the estate of such person
- 30 under the preceding provisions. Provided that the Curator shall not proceed to any distribution of the assets without an order of the Court specially authorizing him to make such distribution.

76. Within fourteen days after any order to collect shall Notice of rule to be have been granted the Curator shall, unless the Court shall otherwise published. 35 order, cause notice of the fact that such order has been granted to be published twice in some newspaper published in the city of Sydney; and if the person of whose estate the Curator shall have been appointed Curator did not reside in such city then twice in some newspaper published in the town or place where such person resided,

- 40 or if there shall be no newspaper published in such town or place then twice in some newspaper circulating in or near to such town or place. 77. The Curator shall cause like notices to be published in Like notices to next newspapers published or circulating in the town or place where the of kin.
- next of kin are known or supposed to reside, and in the case of
- 45 foreigners he shall give notice to the Consul of the country where the next of kin are supposed to reside, unless the Court shall in any case otherwise order.

78. Any person interested as creditor, next of kin or otherwise Court to have in the real or personal estate of any deceased person which the Curator summary jurisdiction has been ordered to collect may on the reglect or population of the

- 50 has been ordered to collect may, on the neglect or refusal of the Curator to do any act in relation to the administration of such estate or on his doing or threatening to do any act in breach of his duty with reference to the said estate, apply ex parte upon affidavit to the Probate Judge in chambers for an order calling upon the Curator to
- 55 show cause upon a day not less than two days from the service of such order upon him before the Court why he should not do or abstain from doing such act, and for an interim order in the nature of an injunction if warranted by the facts of the case; and any such order may be granted subject to such conditions as to giving security for 60 costs as the Court may impose.

79. Upon the hearing of any such complaint the Court may Applications how receive proof of the matters in relation thereto orally or by affidavit, heard. and may make such order thereon as the circumstances of the case

- may require and as to payment of costs by the complainant or by 5 the Curator personally or from the estate administered by him as in his discretion shall seem just, and such orders shall have the same effect and be enforceable by the same process as if made by the Court sitting in equity in a suit between the parties to such complaint.
- 80. In all cases where an order to collect shall have been made Curator to act as the 10 or shall be made under this Act it shall be lawful for the Court on the Court shall direct. petition of the Curator or any person interested in the estate to make such orders touching the collection, sale, investment, and disposal of the estate as to the Court shall seem meet.
- 81. In every case in which the estate of any deceased person Mode of proceeding
 15 shall be administered by the Curator under this Act all disputes and under this Act.
 15 shall be administered by the collection, management, or administration of the same within the provisions of this Act, and all claims and demands thereon except as hereinafter provided shall be decided by the Court on petition. Provided nevertheless that in any case in which it
- 20 shall appear to be not desirable that the matter in question should be so decided the Court may direct such proceedings to be instituted as shall appear proper for the due decision thereof.
 - S2. The Curator shall at such times as he shall think fit cause Payment of debts.
- advertisements to be published in the *Gazette* and such other public 25 papers as he shall deem expedient, calling upon the creditors of the persons whose estates he shall have been ordered to administer to come in and prove their debts before him, on or before a time to be fixed in such notice. He may allow any claim which may be made before him upon the affidavit of the claimant alone or where
- 30 he shall think fit to call for further evidence upon such further evidence as he shall require. He shall as soon after the expiration of the time allowed for proof of debts as he conveniently can, pay the debts proved if the whole thereof can be paid, and if not shall declare and pay a dividend thereon; and if he shall collect any further
- 35 assets after making such payment he shall in case any part of the debts proved remain unpaid pay the same and any debts subsequently proved before him (or a dividend thereon as the case may be), but such debts as shall be subsequently proved shall first be paid a dividend in proportion to their amount equal to the dividend paid to creditors
- 40 having previously proved their debts. After payment of all debts, fees, and expenses incident to the collection, management, and administration of such estate he shall pay over the residue to the personal representative of the intestate or testator (as the case may be) so soon as such representative shall have been duly constituted.
- representative shall have been duly constituted. 45 83. After the expiration of three calendar months from the Payment to relatives time fixed by the advertisement for creditors to come in and prove determined their debts, if no debt shall be proved or no creditor having proved his debt shall remain unpaid, it shall be lawful for the Curator with the approval of the Court to pay any sum not exceeding one hundred
- 50 pounds to any person claiming to be a party in distribution or to be a legatee under a will without letters of administration having been obtained or the will being proved, and upon such evidence of the right or title of the party so claiming as the Court may under the circumstances deem sufficient.
- 55 84. The Curator shall have the same right to require a release Discharge to Curator and discharge upon winding up any estate in his charge and handing ^{on winding up estate.} over the property which may be in his hands to the person or persons entitled thereto as any executor, administrator, or any other trustee now has in the like circumstances.

85.

85. The Curator shall make or cause to be made an inventory or Accounts to be kept, list of all the estates of the persons which he shall have been ordered &c. to administer, and shall retain the same in his office and shall keep an

- account of all his receipts, payments, and dealings in every such estate, 5 and shall retain all letters received and copies of all letters written by him and all deeds, papers, and writings of and relating to such estates, and shall permit all persons to inspect and take copies of the same and of all proceedings relating thereto at all reasonable hours, or shall furnish office copies thereof on payment of the fees mentioned in the 10 Schedule hereto annexed. The Curator shall with due diligence sell or
- mortgage such lands as he may be authorized to deal with and convert into money all such other estate as shall not consist of money unless otherwise ordered by the Court, and shall forthwith pay all moneys received by him as such Curator into some Bank to be approved of by
- 15 the Court and the Colonial Treasurer to the credit of an official account to be operated on by him as such Curator.

86. The receipts in writing of the said Curator for any moneys Receipt of Curator payable to him under this Act shall be sufficient discharges for the ^{sufficient discharge}. same to the persons paying the same who shall not afterwards be liable 20 for any misapplication thereof.

- 87. The Curator shall in the months of January, April, July, and Quarterly returns to October in every year transmit to the Colonial Treasurer a return of Treasurer and accounts. all moneys received and paid by him or any agent or agents for him
- during the three months immediately preceding in respect of the 25 estates intrusted to him to collect, distinguishing the particular estate in which the same have been so received or paid. And shall at the same time furnish a separate and distinct return of all balances or sums whatsoever then in his hands to the credit of each of such estates : And shall keep proper books of account in reference thereto, which
- 30 shall once in every three months or oftener if necessary be examined and passed by the Colonial Treasurer or some officer appointed by him in that behalf.

88. The Curator shall after the expiration of six months from The Curator to the date of the order for collection of any estate invest all moneys invest moneys after then standing to the gradit of each such estate and the Grant moneys expiration of twelve 35 then standing to the credit of each such estate as the Court may by months. any general or special rule or order direct, and until and subject to any such order or rule may be made in accordance with the rule for the time being in force with reference to the investment of suitors moneys under the charge or control of the Court of Equity.

- 89. Neither the Curator nor any of his agents shall be personally Curator or his agents 40 liable to any person in respect of goods or chattels in the possession done in the performof any intestate at the time of his death which shall be sold by the ance of their duties. Curator or any such agent as the goods of such intestate, unless such
- Curator or agent shall know or have actual notice before the sale that 45 such goods or chattels were not in fact the property of such intestate, nor for any act done *bond fide* in the performance of their duties respectively unless it shall be shown that such act was done not only illegally but wilfully or with gross negligence.
- 90. In case of any sale by the Curator or his agents of goods or Proceeds of property 50 chattels belonging in fact to any third person the amount realized by of third person to be handed over to him. such sale thereof shall be paid over by him or them to the owner upon proof by him of such ownership, unless the same shall have been applied in the payment of the debts of the deceased or shall have been
- distributed according to any will of the deceased or in the ordinary 55 course of administration whilst the said Curator or any such agent was in ignorance, and without actual notice of the claim of such person to the goods or chattels so sold.

91. If it shall appear on office found that any real estate vested Conveyance of in the Curator has escheated to Her Majesty, the net proceeds of sale of escheated lands and disposal of proceeds such of sale.

such estate shall be paid by the Curator to the Colonial Treasurer and be by him carried to the credit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund: And the Curator's conveyance of such real estate to the purchaser thereof shall operate to pass the right, title, and interest of the deceased 5 intestate to such purchaser as in any other case.

92. The Curator shall in the first week in January in each Payment to Colonial year cause all sums of money which shall on the first day of that month Treasurer after six years. have been invested as aforesaid and lying to the credit of any intestate

estate for the term of six years then next preceding to be paid to the 10 Colonial Treasurer for the public service of the Colony, subject to the provisions hereinafter contained.

93. It shall be lawful for the Court at any time upon the Parties entitled may petition of any person claiming to be entitled to the said moneys so apply subsequently. paid over to the Colonial Treasurer or any part thereof, and upon being 15 satisfied by affidavit or other sufficient evidence adduced in support

- thereof that such person is so entitled to make an order for the payment of such moneys or any portion thereof, but without interest thereon from the time of payment to the Colonial Treasurer as aforesaid, and after deducting any costs and expenses which may have been
- 20 incurred by the Curator or otherwise in respect of such application; and the Colonial Treasurer on being served with such order shall within a reasonable time in that behalf pay the amount mentioned therein to the person therein named, and the receipt of such person shall be a sufficient voucher for such payment.

25

PART VII.

Procedure.

94. Subject to any rules or orders to be made hereunder, and Practice until except where otherwise provided by this Act the practice of the Supreme otherwise ordered Court in Probate Jurisdiction shall be regulated so far as the circum to be as at present Court in Probate Jurisdiction shall be regulated so far as the circum-existing. 30 stances of the case will admit by the practice of the Court in its

Equitable Jurisdiction.

95. Subject to the rules and orders to be made hereunder, the Mode of taking witnesses and where necessary the parties in all matters where their ^{evidence.} 20 and 21 Vic. c. 77 attendance can be had shall be examined orally in open Court, whether s. 31.

- 35 the trial or proceeding be with or without a jury. Provided always that by the permission of the Court in every case the parties may verify their respective cases in whole or in part by affidavit, but so that the deponent in every such affidavit shall on the application of the opposite party be subject to be cross-examined by or on behalf
- 40 of such opposite party orally in open Court as aforesaid, and upon such cross-examination may be re-examined orally in open Court as aforesaid by or on behalf of the party by whom such affidavit was filed.
- 96. Where a witness in any contested matter is out of the Court may issue jurisdiction of the Court, or where by reason of his illness or otherwise commission or give 45 the Court shall not think fit to enforce the attendance of the witness tion of witnesses in open Court, it shall be lawful for the Court to order a com- abroad or who are unable to attend. mission to issue for the examination of such witness on oath upon 16. s. 32. interrogatories or otherwise, or if the witness be within the jurisdiction of the Court to order the examination of such witness on
- 50 oath upon interrogatories or otherwise before any officer of the said Court or other person to be named in such order for the purpose; and all the powers now vested in the Supreme Court in its equitable jurisdiction with reference to the issuing of commissions and ordering the examination of witnesses and generally in connection therewith shall
- 55 extend to and be applicable to the Court in its probate jurisdiction. 354 - C97.

97. The Court may direct any question of fact arising in any Questions of fact suit or proceeding under this Act to be tried by a special or common may be directed to be tried before the Court jury. or before a jury.

98. When any question shall be so directed to be tried such Ib. s. 35. 5 question shall be reduced into the form of an issue and shall be tried Question to be stated. before the Probate Judge or one of the other Judges of the Supreme 10. s. 37 38. Court and a jury of four or twelve men at such time and place as the Court may direct, and thereupon the matter shall proceed as in the case of issues directed to be tried by the Court in its equitable jurisdiction.

99. Any person considering himself aggrieved by any final or Appeal. 10 interlocutory decree or order of the Probate Judge may appeal therefrom to the full Court in the same way and with and subject to the same powers, orders, rules, and regulations as are now in force with reference to appeals from the decisions of the Primary Judge in Equity.

100. The Probate Judge may on the application of any party or Judge may direct 15 at his own discretion, and on such terms (if any) as he shall think fit to rehearing. Eq. Act s. 77. impose, direct a rehearing by the Full Court of any cause, petition, motion, or matter before him; and in such case it shall not be necessary to give any notice of appeal, but nothing herein shall prejudice the

20 right of any party to appeal when the Judge shall not give any such direction.

101. Any person may lodge with the registrar a caveat against Careat may be any application for probate or administration at any time previous to viet. Act. such probate or administration being granted; and every such caveat No. 427 s. 23.

25 thall set forth the name of the person lodging the same, and an address within the city of Sydney at which notices may be served on him.

102. In every case in which a caveat shall be lodged the Where a caveat Court may upon motion on behalf of the person applying for probate lodged Court may grant order nisi. or administration supported by affidavits upon which if there had been Ib. 30.

- 30 no caveat, probate or administration would have been granted, make an order nisi for the grant of probate or administration to the person applying; and every such order shall name a time for showing cause against the same, and the Court may enlarge such order from time to time.
- 103. Every such order nisi and every order enlarging the same service of order misi. 35 may be served on the caveator by delivering a copy of the same at the 16. 31. address mentioned in his caveat.

104. If upon the day named in the order nisi or upon the day Proceeding where to which such order shall have been enlarged the caveator do not civeator does not appear such order wisi may be made absolute appear.

40 appear such order nisi may be made absolute upon an affidavit of 16. 32. service, but if the caveator appear the matter shall proceed as a contested matter and be heard before the Probate Judge alone upon affidavit or oral evidence or by a jury as the Court may direct.

105. The Court shall have the like powers, jurisdiction, and Powers of the Court 45 authority for requiring and enforcing the production of documents and to enforce orders. the attendance of persons as witnesses and otherwise, and for punishing 20&21 Vic. c. 77 s. 25. persons failing, neglecting, or refusing to produce such documents, or to appear or to be sworn or make affirmation or declaration, or to give

- evidence, or guilty of contempt, and generally for the trial or determina-50 tion of questions of fact, and for enforcing all orders, decrees, and judgments made or given by the Court under this Act, and for the taxation of costs, and otherwise in relation to the matters to be inquired into and done under this Act or by or under the orders of the Court under this Act as are or shall be by law vested in the Supreme Court in equity 55 for such purposes in relation to any suit or matter depending in such
- Court in equity.

106. The Court may on motion or petition or otherwise in a Order to produce any summary way whether any suit or other proceeding shall or shall not instrument purport be pending in the Court with respect to any probate or administration, tary.

order 16. s. 26.

order any person to produce and bring into the registry any paper or writing, being or purporting to be testamentary or otherwise material to the matter before the Court which may be shown to be in the possession or under the control of such person, and if it be not shown 5 that any such paper or writing is in the possession or under the control of such person, but it shall appear that there are reasonable grounds for believing that he has the knowledge of any such paper or writing, the Court may direct such person to attend for the purpose of being examined in open Court or upon interrogatories respecting the 10 same, and such person shall be bound to answer such questions or interrogatories, and (if so ordered) to produce and bring in such paper or writing, and shall be subject to the like process of contempt in case of default in not attending or in not answering such questions or interrogatories or not bringing in such paper or writing as he would have 15 been subject to in case he had been a party to a suit in the Court and had made such default, and the costs of any such motion, petition, or other proceeding shall be in the discretion of the Court.

PART VIII.

General matters.

20 107. The Registrar, Commissioners of the Supreme Court, and Oaths. Justices of the Peace of the Colony of New South Wales shall have power to administer oaths under this Act.

108. In all matters under this Act the question of costs and costs. how they shall be paid shall be in the discretion of the Court subject 25 to appeal as aforesaid.

109. The Judges of the Supreme Court or any three of them, Rules. may make general rules for regulating the times and form and mode Equity Act, 1860. of procedure, and generally the practice of the Court in respect of the

several matters to which this Act relates, and for fixing the amount of 30 all fees and allowances to officers of the Court and solicitors in reference to such matters, and otherwise for the effectual execution of this Act and of the intention and object thereof; and all such rules and orders shall be published in the *Government Gazette* and shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament within thirty days of their 35 being promulgated, or if Parliament be not then sitting, within the

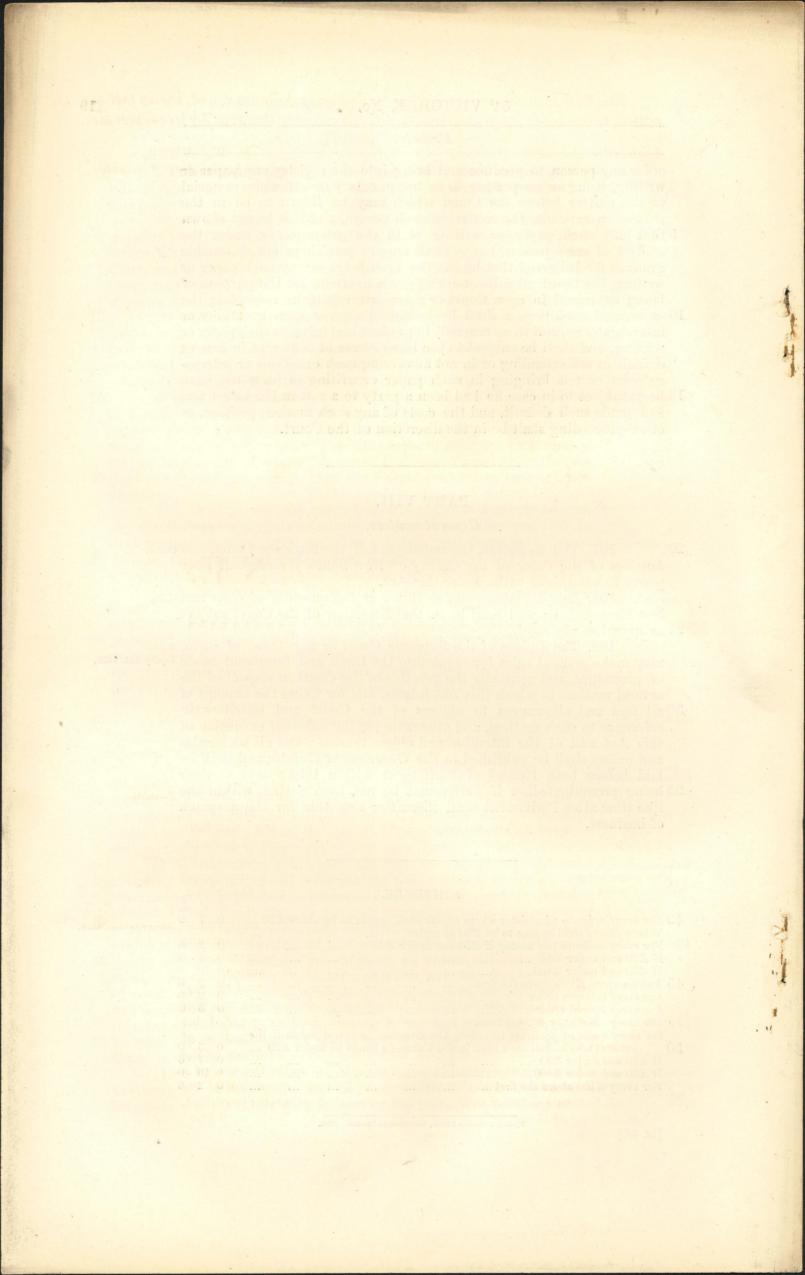
35 being promulgated, or if Parliament be not then sitting, within the like time after Parliament shall thereafter assemble for the despatch of business.

SCHEDULE.

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| 40 | For every order to administer where effects shall appear to be above £ | 50 | 0 | 7 | 6 |
|----|--|-----|---|----|---|
| | Where effects shall appear to be £50 or under | | | | |
| | For every order to pay money if £10 and under £20 | | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| | If £20 and under £50 | | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| | If £50 and under £100 | | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| 45 | And on every £100 above the first | | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| | For every common order | | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| | For every special order | | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| | For every office copy 6d. per folio. | | | | |
| | On every audit of accounts including the direction to invest assets if | the | | | |
| 50 | | | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| 00 | If £20 and under £50 | | 0 | 7 | 6 |
| | If £50 and under £100 | | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| | For every $\pounds 100$ above the first | | Õ | 2 | 6 |

Sydney : Charles Potter, Government Printer .-- 1890.



This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 16 September, 1890. F. W. WEBB, Clerk of Legislative Assembly.

New South Wales.



ANNO QUINQUAGESIMO QUARTO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

No.

An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to Probate and Letters of Administration, and to the succession to Real Estate in cases of Intestacy, and for the preservation and management of the estates of deceased persons.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law Preamble. relating to Probate and Letters of Administration, and to the succession to Real Estate in cases of Intestacy, and to the collection, management, and administration of the estates of deceased persons. 5 Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

 In the construction of this Act, unless the context be inconsis- Interpretation clause.
 10 tent therewith, the following words and terms shall have and include the meanings severally set opposite to them and hereby assigned :--

"Administrator" includes the Curator of Intestate Estates.

"Administration" includes all letters of administration of the real and personal estate and effects of deceased persons whether with or without the will annexed, and whether granted for general, special, or limited purposes, also exemplification of letters of administration or such other formal evidence of the letters of administration purporting to be under the seal of a Court of competent jurisdiction as shall in the opinion of the Court be deemed sufficient, and orders to the Curator to collect. 354-A "The

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| | "The Court" means Supreme Court of New South Wales in its | |
|----|---|------------------|
| | Probate Jurisdiction, or the Probate Judge. | |
| | "Governor" means Governor, with the advice of the Executive | |
| | Council. | |
| 5 | | |
| | formal document purporting to be under the seal of a Court | |
| | of competent jurisdiction which shall in the opinion of the | |
| | Court be deemed sufficient. | |
| | "Probate Judge" means the Judge for the time being authorized | |
| 10 | to administer this Act, or any Judge acting as such. | |
| | "Real Estate" shall include lands held under building leases or | |
| | any lease for twenty-one years and upwards. | |
| | "Will"-Testament and all other testamentary instruments of | |
| | which probate may now be granted. | |
| 15 | | Repeal. |
| | first Victoria number four, eleventh Victoria number twenty-four, | |
| | thirteenth Victoria number forty-four, fifteenth Victoria number eight, | |
| | twenty-sixth Victoria number twenty, forty-fifth Victoria number two, | |
| | but such repeal shall not affect any proceeding commenced under the | |
| 20 | said Acts or any of them prior to the passing of this Act, and so far | |
| | as the Act twenty-sixth Victoria number twenty is concerned the | |
| | provisions of the said Act shall be applied to the case of any person | |
| | who shall have died prior to the passing of this Act. | |
| | 3. This Act shall be divided into Parts, viz. : | Division of Act. |
| 25 | PART IJurisdiction of the Supreme Court in testamentary | |
| | causes, and appointment of officers. | |
| | PART II.—Probate. | |
| | PART III.—Administration and distribution of Intestate Estates. | |
| | PADI II A aministration and distribution of Intestate Listates. | |

PART IV.—Probate and Administration generally.

PART V.-Foreign Probates and Letters of Administration.

PART VI.—Curator of Intestate Estates.

PART VII.—Procedure.

PART VIII.—General matters.

and may be cited as the "Probate Act of 1890."

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PART I.

Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in Probate Jurisdiction, and appointment of Officers.

4. The jurisdiction and authority heretofore vested in or Jurisdiction of exercised by the Supreme Court or by the Primary Judge in Equity in ^{Supreme Court in} 40 respect of the estates of deceased persons shall be vested in and exercised by the Supreme Court in Probate Jurisdiction and by the Primary Judge in Equity of the supreme Court in Probate Jurisdiction and by the Primary Judge in Equity or such other Judge as may from time to time be permanently or temporarily appointed in that behalf by the Governor under the title of the Probate Judge or by any Judge of the 45 Supreme Court acting for the said Probate Judge during his illness or

absence or at his request.

5. The Probate Judge may sit with the assistance of any Judge Other Judges may or Judges of the Supreme Court who at his request may consent to Judge. attend for that purpose. Provided that where three Judges so sit the 20 & 21 Vic. c. 77

50 judgment of the majority, and where only two Judges so sit their s. 34. unanimous judgment shall respectively be taken to be the judgment of the Full Court.

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| Probate. | |
|---|---|
| 6. The Probate Judge may hear in Chambers such part of the business under this Act as can in his opinion be so heard with advan- tage to the suitors, and shall when so sitting have and exercise the same powers and jurisdiction as if in Court. Provided that the Judge | 21 & 22 Vic. c. 95 88. 3, 5. |
| 5 while sitting in Chambers may adjourn for hearing in Court or when sitting in Court may adjourn for hearing in Chambers any case before him which he may think would be better heard in Court or Chambers | L 9 |
| as the case may be. 7. The Governor may appoint some fit and proper person to be 10 the Registrar and if thought expedient Deputy Registrar of the | Appointment of Registrar. |
| Probate Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court; and such Registrar shall subject to any rules to be made hereunder for his future guidance and direction, perform such duties as have heretofore been performed by | Long all the sole of the sole |
| the Prothonotary of the Supreme Court in reference to proceedings 15 in the Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction of the Court and by the Ecclesiastical Clerk of the Supreme Court, and such other duties as may be pre- | |
| scribed by rule of Court or directed by the Probate Judge, and during his illness or absence the Probate Judge may authorize any Officer of the Supreme Court to act as Registrar. | f |
| 20 8. The Governor may appoint some fit and proper person to be Curator and if necessary Deputy Curator of Intestate Estates; and the present Curator of Intestate Estates shall be considered to have been | lo rotataot |
| appointed hereunder, and shall have, perform, and exercise all the powers, duties, and authorities by this Act conferred on the Curator | , |
| 25 and such Curator of Intestate Estates may be suspended or removed from office by the Governor. 9. During the illness or absence of the Curator the Probate | Appointment of |
| Judge may appoint some fit person to discharge the duties of the Curator upon his giving such security as the Judge may direct; and 30 such person shall during such illness or absence act in the stead of the | e temporary Curator. 1 Security. 2 |
| Curator, and sign and execute in his name all such documents as may require his signature or execution, and do, perform, and discharge all other acts, deeds, and duties pertaining to the office of Curator. | tights and t |
| 10. The Court shall have jurisdiction to grant probate of the 35 will or administration of the estate of any deceased person leaving property, whether real or personal, within the Colony of New South Wales. | granted of real or |
| 11. The Court may if it shall think fit grant probate to one of more of the executors named in any will, reserving leave to the othe 40 or others who have not renounced to come in and apply for probate a some future date. | r more executors |
| 12. It shall be lawful for the Judges of the Supreme Court, by rule of Court in that behalf made, to delegate to the Master in Equit or Registrar the powers of the Court in and about the granting of | Waster in Equity. |
| 45 probates and administration of estate not exceeding one thousand pounds in value where no contention has arisen, and also in and about the passing of the accounts of trustees, executors, and administrators | 1 t , |
| save in respect of the award of commission thereon. Provided tha such Master or Registrar shall where any party interested shall s 50 desire and in cases of doubt or difficulty refer the matter to th Probate Judge, and provided that no such administration shall empowe | o e r |
| the administrator to sell, mortgage, lease, or otherwise deal with th real estate of the intestate unless such real estate shall be sworn t be of a less value than one hundred pounds, and the Master o | e o r |
| 55 Registrar shall think fit to make a special order in that behalf, which he is hereby authorized to do. | official cord |

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Probate.

PART II.

Probate.

13. Upon the grant of probate of the will of any deceased Real estate to vest person after the commencement of this Act, all the real estate whether ^{in executors.} Vict. Act.
5 held by him beneficially or in trust shall vest as from the death of No. 427 s. 6. such person in the executor to whom such probate shall be granted for all the estate therein of such person, and if there shall be more than one such executor shall vest in them as joint tenants in the same way as personal estate now vests.

- 10 14. The real estate of every deceased person shall be assets in Real estate to be the hands of his executor to whom probate shall have been granted of debts. for the payment of all duties and fees and for the payment of his 9 Geo. IV cap. 33 debts in the ordinary course of administration, and it shall be lawful^{55.1 & 2}. for such executor for purposes of administration to sell or mortgage
- 15 such real estate with or without a power of sale and to convey the same to a purchaser in as full and effectual a manner in law as the testator of such executor could have done in his lifetime.

15. In all suits in Equity concerning the real estate of a In suits executor or deceased person, his executor or administrator shall represent his real administrator to represent real estate.

20 estate and the persons interested therein in the same manner and to vict. Act. the same extent as in suits concerning personal estate the executor or No. 407 s. 8.

administrator represents such estate and the persons interested therein.

16. Subject to the provisions of this Act the real estate of every Real estate to be deceased person devising such estate by his will shall be held by the held upon trusts of 25 executor of such person according to the trusts and dispositions of *Ib. s. 9.* such will.

17. The executor of any deceased person shall have the same Executor to have rights and be subject to the same duties with respect to the real estate same rights &c. as to real estate as personal of such person that executors heretofore have had or been subject to estate.
 30 with reference to personal assets.

18. The probate of any will or letters of administration with Probate to be the will annexed hereafter to be granted shall be evidence of the due evidence of will execution of such will upon all questions concerning real estate in the estate. same manner and to the same extent as heretofore concerning personal *Ib.* . 11.

35 estate, and the copy attached or annexed to such probate or letters of administration purporting to be a copy of the will in respect of which probate or letters of administration have been so granted shall be *primâ facie* evidence of the contents of such will, and every probate or administration shall be *primâ facie* evidence of the death 40 and the date of the death of the testator or intestate.

19. There shall be one place of deposit under the control of the Place of original Court at such place in Sydney as the Governor may by notice in the wills. *Gazette* direct in which all the original wills brought into the Court or of a 66. which probate or administration with the will annexed is granted under

- 45 this Act, and such other documents as the Probate Judge may direct shall be deposited and preserved and the same may be inspected under the control of the Court and subject to the rules and regulations to be made hereunder; and until any such direction as aforesaid such wills and other documents shall be deposited and kept in the places and 50 manner at the present time set apart and used in that behalf.
- 20. An official copy of the whole or any part of a will or an Official copy of whole official certificate of the grant of any letters of administration may be be obtained. obtained from the Registrar or custodian on the payment of the fees *Ib. e. 69.* fixed for the same by the rules and regulations now or hereafter to be

55 in force in that behalf.

21. Any person residing in New South Wales may deposit in Will may be the office of the Registrar-General his will enclosed in a sealed deposited in the office of the envelope or cover endorsed with the full name, description, and the then Registrar-General address of the testator or other means of ready identification, and also by testator in his 5 the names in full with descriptions and addresses of the executors Vict. Act No. 213-named therein, and such will shall unless previously required to be a 201. given up by the testator remain in the said office in the custody of the Registrar-General until the death of the testator, and upon his death the Registrar-General shall deliver the same after examination 10 to either of the executors named in the said will, or in case of doubt to such person as the Supreme Court or any Judge thereof may direct; Vict. Act No. 230] and no probate of any will not so deposited and no administration in s. 14.

any case shall be granted unless the application be supported by an affidavit that a search has been made in the proper office for a will of 15 the deceased, and stating whether any such will remains deposited with the officer for the time being authorized to have the custody of deposited wills, or by a certificate from the Registrar-General to the like effect.

PART III.

Administration and Distribution of Intestate Estates.

22. The practice and proceedings hitherto in force with reference Practice as to grant-20 to granting administration of the personal estate of an intestate shall, ing administration of save as hereby altered and subject to the rules and orders to be estate. made hereunder, be applicable to administration granted hereunder and so far as may be to administration of real estate, and administration of 25 both real and personal estate may be granted in and by the same letters.

23. The Court may grant administration of the estate of an To whom adminisintestate person to the husband or widow or to one or more of the next tration may be of kin of the deceased person or to the husband or widow conjointly granted. with one or more of the next of kin. Provided that any person to whom

30 administration shall be granted shall be of the full age of twenty-one years. And in case there shall be no such person who shall be qualified as aforesaid, or who being so qualified shall be in the opinion of the Court fit to be so trusted, or who shall when duly cited appear and pray for administration, then administration may be granted to any person 35 or persons whether creditors or not of the deceased that the Court shall

think fit.

24. Every administration heretofore granted to any husband in Validation of respect of the estate of his deceased wife or to any widow in respect of administration herethe estate of her deceased husband shall be deemed to be and to have certain cases. 40 been valid to all intents and purposes, anything in the Charter of

Justice to the contrary notwithstanding.

25. Every person to whom a grant of administration shall be Administration bond made shall, previous to the issue of such administration, execute a bond to be executed. 20 and 21 Vic. c. 77 to Her Majesty and her successors with one or more surety or sureties s. si.

- 45 conditioned for duly collecting, getting in, and administering the personal estate or real and personal estate of the deceased, which bond shall be in such form as the Court shall by rule direct, and in the meantime shall be in the form heretofore in use. Provided that it shall not be necessary for the Curator or for any person obtaining administration 50 to the use or for the benefit of Her Majesty to execute any such bond.
- 26. Such bond shall be in a penalty equal to the amount under Amount of penalty in which the property of the deceased shall be sworn, but the Court $\frac{administration bord.}{Ib. s. 82.}$ may in any case dispense with the bond or with one or both of the sureties, or direct that such penalty shall be reduced in amount, and 55 may also if it shall think fit direct that more bonds than one shall be

given

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given so as to limit the liability of any surety to such amount as the Court shall think reasonable, and may in place of such bond accept the security of any incorporated company or guarantee society approved of by the Court in such form and under such regulations as the Court 5 shall by rule direct.

27. The Court may at any time upon the motion of any Administration may person interested in the estate revoke the administration already be revoked or further granted or order the administrator to execute a further bond in such sum and within such time as may seem right with or without sureties

10 as aforesaid, and upon default remove the administrator and appoint an administrator de bonis non in his place, with power to sue or be sued upon any contract made by the removed administrator.

28. The Court may on application made on motion in a Order may be made summary way and on being satisfied that the condition of any bond to assign the bond. 20 and 21 Vic. c. 77 15 given hereunder has been broken order the Curator to assign the same s. s3.

to some person to be named in such order, and such person, his executors or administrators shall thereupon be entitled to sue upon the said bond in his or their own name or names as if the same had been originally given to him, and shall be entitled to recover thereon 20 as trustee for all persons interested the full amount recoverable in

respect of any breach of the condition of the said bond. 29. All real estate which any person shall hereafter die seised or Lands of intestate or possessed of or entitled to in the Colony of New South Wales intestate devised to vest in

- shall pass to and become vested in the administrator of the estate of Curator in trust for 25 such person as from the death of such person for his estate therein, or in next of kin.
- the case of a partial intestacy to and in the executor named in the will, or to and in the administrator with the will annexed, and such administrator, or in the case of partial intestacy the executor or administrator Vict. Act No. 230 s. S. with the will annexed, as the case may be, shall hold the said real 30 estate upon trust for payment of the debts of the deceased, and subject
- thereto on trust for and as if the same had been devised to the same persons as tenants in common as would be entitled in the case of personal property, excepting only as mentioned in the next succeeding section.
- 30. Any husband or wife shall be entitled on the death of the Husband's interest 35 other intestate to the same share in the real or personal estate of the in wife's estate and vice versa. other as a wife is now by law entitled to in the personal estate of the vice versa.
 other as a wife is now by law entitled to in the personal estate of an Vict. Act No. 427 s. 9. intestate husband predeceasing her, and no estate by courtesy or right Queensland 41 Vic. of dower or any equivalent estate shall arise after the passing of this No. 24 s. 13. No dower or Act out of any real estate. Provided that any husband or widow so courtesy title.
 40 entitled to share in real estate shall be bound to accept the value
- thereof in lieu of partition if so desired by all the persons entitled jointly with him or her.

31. All real estate held by any person in trust or by way of Lands held in trust mortgage passing under this Act shall as from the death of such person vest in administrator. 45 intestate vest in the administrator for all the estate therein of such

person subject to the trusts and equities affecting the same.

32. No real estate of which administration has been granted Lands not to be sold under this Act shall be sold or mortgaged or leased for a longer term without consent or than three years by the administrator without the consent of all persons Queensland 50 beneficially interested or the order of the Court in that behalf which ⁴¹ Vic. No. 24 s. 24.

may impose such conditions as it shall think fit, subject however to

appeal as herein provided.

33. The Court may upon the petition of the administrator, or Court may make in case of partial intestacy the executor, or the administrator with the ^{special order.} 55 will annexed, or of any person beneficially interested, and after such ²⁶ Vic. No. 20 s. 3.

previous notice to other parties and inquiry as shall seem fit, order and direct the course of proceedings which shall be taken in regard to the time and mode of sale of any such real estate as aforesaid, the letting and management thereof until sale, the application for maintenance

or

or advancement or otherwise of shares or income of shares of infants, the expediency and mode of effecting a partition if applied for, and generally in regard to the administration of the real estate for the greatest advantage of all persons interested.

- 34. In any case wherein upon such inquiry the Court shall be Court may order 5 satisfied that a partition of such real estate or any part thereof partition in a summary way. would be advantageous to the parties interested therein, it shall $_{Ib}$ s. 4. be lawful for such Court to appoint one or more arbitrators to effect such partition. And the report and final award of the 10 arbitrators setting forth particulars of the land allotted to each party interested shall when signed by them and confirmed by the order of the Court and when also resistered in the effect of the
- the order of the Court and when also registered in the office of the Registrar-General be effectual without the necessity of any further conveyance to vest in each allottee the land so allotted, and an office
- 15 copy of such award so signed, confirmed, and registered as aforesaid shall for all purposes be equivalent to an indenture of conveyance to each allottee of the lands allotted as aforesaid. And in the case of land subject to the provisions of the "Real Property Act" each such allottee shall be entitled to have issued to him a certificate
- 20 of title for the land so allotted to him. And if such allotment be made subject to the charge of any money payable to any other party interested for equalizing the partition such charge shall take effect according to the terms and conditions in regard to time and mode of payment and otherwise which shall be expressed in such award without
- 25 the necessity of any further instrument being made or executed. And in the case of land subject to the provisions of the Real Property Act the certificate of title shall issue, subject to such charge unless such charge shall be satisfied.
- 35. No personal representative shall be required against his Personal 30 own consent to continue the duty of a trustee by managing the representative not property during an enforced suspension of sale but shall be entitled to act against their upon such suspension being ordered to relinquish his trust to such own consent. Ib. s. 7. person as the Court may appoint.

PART IV.

Probate and Administration generally.

36. From and after the decease of any person dying intestate Property of intestate and until letters of administration or an order to collect shall be granted to vest in Chief Justice. in respect of his estate the real and personal estate of such deceased 21 & 22 Vic. c. 95 person shall be deemed to be vested in the Chief Justice of New ^{s. 19.} 40 South Wales, or if there shall be no Chief Justice then in the senior

- Puisne Judge for the time being in the same manner and to the same extent as aforetime the personal estate and effects vested in the Ordinary in England.
- 37. Where any person after the commencement of this Act Executor renouncing 45 renounces probate of the will of which he is appointed executor or one probate or not acting of the executors, and whenever an executor appointed in a will survives citation to be treated as if he had the testator but dies without having taken probate, and whenever an as if he had renounced. executor named in a will is personally cited to take probate and does 21 and 22 Vic. c. 95 not appear to such citation the right of such person in respect of the s. 16.
- 50 executorship shall wholly cease, and the representation to the testator and the administration of his effects shall without any further renunciation go, devolve, and be committed in like manner as if such person had not been appointed executor.

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38. Where an infant is sole executor, administration with the Where an infant is will annexed may be granted to the guardian of such infant or to sole executor adminis-such other person as the Court shall think fit, until such infant shall tration to be granted to the guardian &c. have attained the full age of twenty-one years, with or without full 38 Geo. III c. 87 5 or limited powers to act in the premises until probate shall have been ^{s. 6}.

granted to the said executor or administration to some other person.

39. The person to whom such administration shall be granted who shall have the shall have the same powers vested in him as an administrator by same power as where virtue of an administration granted to him *durante minore ætate* of granted *durante* 10 the next of kin.

the next of kin. 40. When any person named as executor, or any husband or *Ib.s.7*. widow or the next of kin entitled to probate or administration shall be Probate or adminisout of the jurisdiction but shall have some person within the jurisdic- tration to be granted tion of the Court appointed under power of attorney to act for him or certain cases.

15 her respectively, administration may be granted to such attorney, but on behalf of the person entitled thereto and on such terms and conditions as the Court shall think fit.

41. Pending any suit touching the validity of the will of any Administration pendeceased person or for obtaining, recalling, or revoking any probate or dente lite and

- 20 any grant of administration, or during a contested right to administra- 20 & 21 Vic. c. 77 tion, the Court may if it shall think fit appoint an administrator of the s. 70, 71. personal estate and the same or any other person to be receiver of the real estate of any deceased person with such full or limited powers and with or without a bond or sureties as the Court may think right,
- 25 and may make such orders for the remuneration of such administrator or receiver out of the personal and real estate of the deceased as it may think right.

42. Where a person shall die wholly or partially intestate or Power as to appoint leaving a will but without having appointed an executor thereof, or an ment of adminis

- 30 executor willing and competent to take probate, or where the executor Ib. s. 73. shall be resident out of the Colony the Court may if it shall think it necessary or convenient in any such case appoint some person to be the administrator of the estate of the deceased or of any part thereof upon his giving such security (if any) as the Court shall direct, and 35 every such administration may be limited as the Court shall think fit.
 - 43. In any case where the executor named in a will shall neglect Proceeding where or refuse to prove the same or to renounce probate thereof within six executor neglect to weeks from the death of the testator or from the time of such executor Vict. Act. attaining the age of twenty-one years after a grant durante minore
- 40 ætate, or where the executor is unknown or cannot be found the Court may upon the application of any person interested in the estate or of the Curator or of any creditor of the testator grant an order nisi calling upon the executor to show cause why probate of the said will should not be granted to such executor, or in the alternative why administration
- 45 with such will annexed should not be granted to the applicant, and upon affidavit of service or of sufficient reasons for non-service of such order if the executor do not appear, or upon cause being shown it shall be lawful for the Court to make such order thereon for the administration of the estate and to make such order as to costs as shall appear just.
- 50 44. If at the expiration of six calendar months from the death If executor or of any person the executor to whom probate of the will or the administrator out of administrator to whom administration of the estate and effects of such administrator may deceased person shall have been granted is then residing out of the be appointed. jurisdiction, the Court may upon the application of any creditor, legatee,
- 55 or next of kin grant to such creditor, legatee, or next of kin so applying special letters of administration of such deceased person, nevertheless to cease upon the return of the lawful executor or administrator within the jurisdiction of the said Court, and an order being made for the rescission thereof as hereinafter mentioned.

45. The person applying for any such special grant as aforesaid Special administrator shall in addition to the oath usually taken by administrators make affidavits. oath that the executor or administrator of such deceased person is Ib.

resident out of the jurisdiction of the Court and that the applicant is 5 thereby delayed in recovering or obtaining payment of moneys or the possession of goods and chattels to which he is by law entitled or that

the estate is liable to loss or waste.

46. On the return within the jurisdiction of the Court of the On return of executor or administrator to whom probate or administration shall administrator special

- 10 originally have been granted such executor or administrator may apply administrator special to the Court by petition to rescind such special grant of administration, *Ib* and the Court on the hearing of such petition upon being satisfied that such executor or administrator *bonâ fide* intends to remain within the jurisdiction of the Court until the estate of the deceased has been 15 duly administered may make an order to rescind such special grant
- of administration upon such terms and conditions as to security, costs, or otherwise as to the Court may seem reasonable.
- 47. Upon any order being made by the Court for the rescission On order being made of any grant of special administration as aforesaid the special admini- for rescission special administrator to 20 strator shall be bound duly to account to the original executor or account and pay administrator and to pay over all moneys received by him as such over moneys. special administrator, and then remaining in his hands undisposed of, as the Court may order.
- 48. If such executor or administrator shall neglect to apply for Original executor or 25 an order for the rescission of such special administration he shall, although special notwithstanding that such special administration remains unrescinded, administration not be liable to answer and make good all claims and demands against the *Ib*. estate of the deceased to the extent of the assets which have come to his hands or which might have come to his hands but for his wilful 30 neglect or default including the neglect herein mentioned.

49. Where before the revocation of any ordinary or temporary Revocation of administration or the rescission of any special administration as afore-said, any proceedings at law or in equity have been commenced by actions or suits. or against any administrator so appointed, the Court in which such 20 & 21 Vic. c. 77

- 35 proceedings are pending may order that a suggestion be made upon ^{s. 76}. the record of the revocation or rescission of such administration and of the grant of probate or administration which shall have been made consequent thereon, and thereupon the proceedings shall be continued in the name of the new or original executor or administrator in like
- 40 manner as if the proceedings had been originally commenced by or against such new or original executor or administrator, but subject to

such conditions and variations if any as such Court may direct. 50. In the administration of the estate of every person who All specialty and shall die after the passing of this Act no debt or liability of such person to stand in equal 45 shall be entitled to any priority or preference by reason merely that degree. the same is secured by or arises under a bond, deed, or other instrument ³² and ³³ Vic. cap. under seal or is otherwise made or constituted a specialty debt or is due to an executor or administrator, but all the creditors of such person as well specialty as simple contract shall be treated as standing

50 in equal degree and be paid accordingly out of the assets of such deceased person whether such assets are legal or equitable, any statute or law to the contrary notwithstanding. Provided always that this Act shall not prejudice or affect any mortgage, lien, charge, or other security which any creditor may hold or be entitled to for payment of 55 his debt.

51. Where any probate or administration is revoked or rescinded Payments under under this Act all payments *bond fide* made to any executor or administrations trator under such probate or administration before the revocation or valid. rescission thereof shall be a legal discharge to the person making the Ib. s. 77.

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same, and the executor or administrator who shall have acted under any such revoked or rescinded probate or administration may retain and reimburse himself or shall be entitled to be reimbursed in respect of any payments made by him which the person to whom probate or

5 administration shall be afterwards or was originally granted might have lawfully made.

52. All persons and corporations making or permitting to be Persons &c. making made any payment or transfer bond fide upon any probate or adminis-payments upon tration or order granted in respect of the estate of any deceased estate of deceased

- 10 person under the authority of this Act shall be indemnified and person to be protected in so doing notwithstanding any defect or circumstance 16. 8. 78. whatsoever affecting the validity of such probate or letters of administration or order not then known to such persons or corporations.
- 53. Every person to whom probate or administration shall be Executor or 15 granted shall file an inventory of the estate of the deceased and pass accounts.
- his accounts relating thereto within such time and in such manner as may be fixed by any rule or order under this Act or as the Court may specially order, and until then in accordance with the rules hitherto in force: And shall be subject to any special order that
- 20 the Court may on the motion of any person interested make as to the production and verification of his accounts, but no such passing of accounts shall affect the rights of parties to dispute the same other than the applicant.
- 54. It shall be lawful for the Court to allow out of the assets Executors &c. 25 of any deceased person to his executor, administrator, or trustee for may be allowed commission. the time being in passing his accounts, such commission or percentage for his pains and trouble as shall be just and reasonable, and subject to such notices if any as he may direct. No such allowance shall be made to any executor, administrator, or trustee who shall neglect or
- 30 omit without good reason or a special order of a Judge to pass his accounts pursuant to any general or special rule or order of the Court.

55. The Registrar shall cause entries to be made in a book to Registrar to keep be kept for that purpose of all grants of probate and administration, record of probates, &c.

- 35 and of the filing, passing, and allowance of the accounts of all executors and administrators, and of any special order extending the time for passing such accounts; and such book shall set forth the dates of such grants, the names of the testators or intestates, the place and time of death, the names and description of the executors or administrators, the
- 40 sworn value of the estates, and the dates of the filing, passing allowance of, and special orders with reference to the said accounts. 56. In case any such executor or administrator shall neglect to If accounts not

file such inventory or to pass such accounts as aforesaid for the space exhibited Registrar of one calendar month after the expiration of the period fixed it shall trator before Judge

- 45 be the duty of the Registrar to cause such executor or administrator who may inflict to be notified of such neglect, and in case of further neglect for the period of one calendar month he shall cause him to be summoned before the Court to show cause why he should not be ordered to file such inventory or to exhibit such account to the Court forthwith.
- 50 And if such executor or administrator shall not within the prescribed time or within such further time as shall be allowed him by a Judge, file, pass, or exhibit such inventory or account in manner aforesaid he shall be liable to attachment in accordance with the practice of the Court of Equity.
- 57. Proceedings being taken under the last preceding clause Proceedings under 55 shall not prejudice the right to proceed against the executor or last section not to administrator for an account and administration or prevent the Court on bond. from ordering the assignment of the bond to any person with a view of enforcing the penalty thereof as hereinbefore mentioned.

58. The Court may make such order with reference to the Judge may make distribution or application of any moneys which the executor or of moneys in hands administrator or Curator may have in hand or as to the residue of the of executor &c. estate as it may think fit. Provided that no final order for distribu-5 tion shall be made except upon notice to all the parties entitled.

59. Any decree in Equity in an administration suit shall bind Decree in Equity the parties, and be of the same force and effect to all intents and ^{shall bind parties.} purposes as if an order to the same effect had been made in the Probate Jurisdiction.

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PART V.

Foreign Probates and Letters of Administration.

60. When any probate or letters of administration to be granted Probates and letters by any Court of competent jurisdiction in any portion of Her of administration to be granted in other granted in other Majesty's Dominions shall be produced to and a copy thereof deposited Colonies or the United Kingdom to be of like force as if therein named, or by any person duly authorized by power of attorney granted to New in that behalf under the hand and seal of such executor or administrator, being resealed. such probate or letters of administration may be sealed with the seal S. A. Act. of the Court, and shall when so sealed have the like force and effect

20 and have the same operation in New South Wales, and every executor and administrator thereunder shall perform the same duties and be subject to the same liabilities as if such probate or letters of administration had been originally granted by the Supreme Court of New South Wales in its Probate Jurisdiction. Provided always that the

25 Court may on application in that behalf require any such executor or person authorized as aforesaid to give security for the due administration of the estate in respect of matters or claims within the Colony.

61. The seal of the Court shall not be affixed to any such probate Seal not to be affixed or letters of administration until all such probate, stamp, and other till duty is paid.

30 duties if any have been paid as would have been payable if such 16. probate or letters of administration had been originally granted by the Supreme Court of New South Wales, and further such letters of And as to adminisadministration shall not be so sealed until such bond has been entered tration till bond is into as would have been required if such letters had been originally 35 granted by the last-mentioned Supreme Court.

62. Every such executor or administrator as last aforesaid, and Every executor &c. every executor or administrator appointed under this Act shall be in the Colony. deemed to be resident within the Colony of New South Wales, and where not actually so resident he shall before the issue or sealing of any probate

40 or administration file with the Registrar an address within the city of Sydney at which notices and processes may be served upon him, and all services at such registered address shall be deemed personal service.

63. Any person may lodge a caveat against the sealing of any Caveat. such probate or letters of administration, and such caveat shall have 45 the same effect and shall be dealt with in the same manner as a caveat against the grant of probate or administration.

64. The seal of the Court shall not be affixed as aforesaid Notice of intention except upon an affidavit that notice of the intention to apply in that to apply. behalf has been published twice in one or more Sydney daily news-

50 papers fourteen days before the making of such affidavit, and that no caveat has been lodged in respect thereof up to the morning of such application.

65. The above provision as to sealing shall not apply to any Not to apply to Public Officer or Public Officer or to the Curator of Intestate Estates.

Curator.

PART

PART VI.

Curator of Intestate Estates.

66. The Curator shall before entering upon the duties of his Curator to give office give security to Her Majesty and her successors to the satisfaction security. 5 of the Colonial Treasurer for the collection and due payment of and accounting for all moneys which shall come to his hands by virtue of his office. Provided that any surety found by him may withdraw from any future liability by giving the Colonial Treasurer three months written notice of his desire so to do, but such withdrawal shall not 10 affect his liability for any breach which may have occurred prior to the

date of actual withdrawal.

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67. On the death, resignation, or removal of such Curator or of Successors to have the successor in office of any such Curator, the successor of the Curator power of adminis-trator de bonis non. so dying, resigning, or removed shall immediately on his appointment

- 15 and by virtue thereof become administrator of all the real and personal of every such deceased person as hereinafter mentioned left unadministered by any predecessor. And every such successor shall immediately upon his appointment and by virtue thereof become entitled to the possession of all books, accounts, letters, papers, and
- 20 documents of every description used by or in the possession or under the control of any predecessor relating to any estate administered by him or to the office of Curator.

68. In all legal proceedings it shall not be necessary for the Proceedings by and Curator or those suing him to prove his general authority to act as against Curator

- 25 Curator, but only to prove the order to collect in the specific estate to which the proceedings relate. Whenever the office of Curator shall become vacant by death, resignation, or removal from office or otherwise and another person shall be appointed to the vacancy so created any action or proceeding which may have been taken as aforesaid shall
- 30 not abate but shall be continued by or against the person so appointed as such Curator, and no fresh order to collect shall be necessary. 69. The Curator may appoint any persons he may think fit to Curator's agents.

act as his agents for the purpose of administering all estates in his hands, and the clerks to the several Benches of Magistrates within

- 35 the Colony shall at his request act as such agents within their respective districts. Every such agent not being a Clerk of Petty Sessions shall give security to the satisfaction of the Curator for the performance of his duties. Such agents shall in all respects act in the management, collection, and getting in of such property under the
- 40 direction of the Curator who shall not be answerable for any act or omission of any such agent not in conformity with any such direction or which shall not have happened by the said Curator's own default or neglect.

70. The Curator shall take and retain the fees set out in the As to fees and com-45 Schedule hereto and also a commission of five pounds per centum on all mission.

- moneys collected by him or by his agents and shall pay such moneys into the Treasury for the public uses of the Colony after deducting therefrom all expenses and an allowance of not exceeding three pounds per centum by way of commission to his agents in respect of 50 all moneys collected by them or through or by reason of their agency.
- 71. The Court may on the application of the Curator grant to Order to Curator to the Curator an order to collect the estate of any deceased person collect. leaving real or personal estate within the jurisdiction of the Court in any of the following cases-
 - (I) Where the person shall have died testate but leaving no executor or no executor who may be willing and capable of acting

acting in execution of his will and no widow or next of kin or no such person willing and capable as aforesaid resident within the jurisdiction of the Court or where he shall have died intestate and leaving no widow or next of kin resident within such jurisdiction.

- (II) Where the person shall have died either testate or intestate and probate or administration shall not have been applied for within three months after the death of such person.
- (III) Where the person shall by his will have appointed the Curator to act.
- (IV) Where the estate or any portion thereof is liable to waste, and the executor appointed by the will or widow or lawful next of kin shall be absent from the locality of the said estate or is not known or has not been found, or shall request the Curator in writing to apply for such order.
- (v) Where the executors named in the will of the deceased have renounced probate or all the persons primarily entitled to administration have by writing filed in the office of the Registrar declined to apply for administration.
- (VI) Where the estate or any portion thereof is of a perishable nature or is in danger of being lost or destroyed, or where great expense may be incurred by reason of delay.
 - (VII) Where after the expiration of thirty days from the decease of any person there is no reasonable probability of probate or administration being obtained within the period of three months from such decease.

Provided that the Court may in any case require the Curator to give such notices or cite such persons or produce such evidence as it may think fit before granting the order applied for or may make a tem-

- 30 porary order for collection and protection only or generally or limited to a portion of the estate or otherwise. And it is hereby declared that the provisions of this Act shall apply to the administration of the real estate within the Colony of all persons who shall have died prior to the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three,
- 35 where those entitled to such estate shall not have asserted their rights thereto prior to the date of the passing of this Act; and all orders to collect such estate shall have the effect of vesting it in the Curator, subject to any claim under the Statute of Limitations, so as to enable him to convey the right, title, and interest (if any) of the deceased to
- 40 the purchaser thereof. And the Curator shall hold such estate, or the proceeds of sale thereof, subject as aforesaid, for the benefit of, and in trust for, those who, prior to the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, would have been entitled thereto.
- 72. An order to collect the estate of any deceased person Effect of order. 45 shall give to the Curator the same powers, rights, and obligations in respect of such estate, except as hereby enacted, as he would have had if administration had been granted to him as next of kin to such person intestate; and all laws now or hereafter in force in reference to the administration of the estates of deceased persons shall apply to
- 50 the administration of estates by the Curator.

73. Notwithstanding any order which shall have been made Probates and adminauthorizing the Curator to collect under this Act the Court may istrations may be grant probate of the will or administration of the estate of such standing appoint-deceased person to any person in such manner and subject to such ment of Curator.

55 limitations or conditions as it shall think proper, but no application for any such grant shall be made until seven days after notice in writing of the intention to apply for the same shall have been left at the office of the Curator.

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| | 74. Immediately on the grant of any such probate or administra- On such grant |
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| | 74. Immediately on the grant of any such probate of administrate Curator's duties and tion all the interest, powers, rights, and duties of the Curator (except liabilities to cease. such rights as are conferred by this section) in regard to the estate of |
| | the deceased person whose estate shall be affected by such grant, and |
| F | all liabilities of the Curator under any contract or agreement entered |
| · | into by him in relation to such estate or any part thereof shall cease, |
| | and (subject to and on the allowance and payment of all money due |
| | for the commission of the Curator as aforesaid and the necessary outlay, |
| | dishursements costs, charges, and expenses in relation to such estate, |
| 1(|) including all costs of appearing on the application for such probate or |
| | letters of administration or rule and consequent thereon, and subject |
| | also to the provisions of this section) such portion of the estate of such deceased person as shall be left unadministered by the Curator, |
| | and all rights and obligations of the Curator in respect thereof shall vest |
| 1 | in the executor or administrator obtaining such propate or administra- |
| т. | tion Provided always that nothing herein contained shall be field to |
| | relieve the Curator from any hability in respect of his management of |
| | the estate up to the time of such probate or administration. |
| | TTTI I la manda to oppose to the Court That when there is |
| 2 | 75. Whenever it shall be made to appear to the Could that reasonable ground to there is reasonable ground to suppose that any person has died out of the believe that any there is the Count interacted but leaving property within such juris- person has died out |
| | jurisdiction of the Court intestate but leaving property within such juris- person has died out diction the Court may order and empower the Curator to collect and Court the Curator |
| | diction the Court may order and empower the Ourator to concert and Court the Curator |
| | manage the estate of such person both real and personal, and every may obtain order to such order shall be valid until revoked and shall empower the Curator to strict legal proof of |
| 9 | 5 collect, manage, and administer the personal estate, and enter upon and death. |
| 4 | receive the rents and profits and otherwise manage the real estate of |
| | such supposed deceased person, and to pay and discharge the debts and |
| | liabilities of such person in like manner as if he were certainly dead and |
| | the Curator had obtained an order to collect the estate of such person |
| 3 | 0 under the preceding provisions. Provided that the Curator shall not |
| | proceed to any distribution of the assets without an order of the |
| | Court specially authorizing him to make such distribution. 76. Within fourteen days after any order to collect shall Notice of rule to be |
| | have been granted the Curator shall, unless the Court shall otherwise published. |
| 3 | 5 order cause notice of the fact that such order has been granted to be |
| 0 | published twice in some newspaper published in the city of Sydney, |
| | and if the person of whose estate the Curator shall have been |
| | appointed Curator did not reside in such city then twice in some |
| | newspaper published in the town or place where such person resided, |
| 4 | 0 or if there shall be no newspaper published in such town or place then twice in some newspaper circulating in or near to such town or place. |
| | 77. The Curator shall cause like notices to be published in Like notices to next |
| | newspapers published or circulating in the town or place where the |
| | next of kin are known or supposed to reside, and in the case of |
| 4 | 5 foreigners he shall give notice to the Consul of the country where the |
| | next of kin are supposed to reside, unless the Court shall in any case |
| | otherwise order |
| | 78. Any person interested as creditor, next of kin or otherwise Court to have in the real or personal estate of any deceased person which the Curator over Curator. |
| | o has been ordered to collect may, on the neglect or refusal of the |
| E | Curator to do any act in relation to the administration of such estate |
| | or on his doing or threatening to do any act in breach of his duty with |
| | reference to the said estate, apply ex parte upon andavit to the |
| | Probate Judge in chambers for an order calling upon the Ourator to |
| 1 | is show cause upon a day not less than two days from the service of such |
| | order upon him before the Court why he should not do or abstall |
| | from doing such act and for an interim order in the nature of an |
| | injunction if warranted by the facts of the case; and any such order |
| | may be granted subject to such conditions as to giving security for |
| | 30 costs as the Court may impose. 79. |
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54° VICTORIÆ, No.

Probate.

79. Upon the hearing of any such complaint the Court may Applications how receive proof of the matters in relation thereto orally or by affidavit, heard.

and may make such order thereon as the circumstances of the case may require and as to payment of costs by the complainant or by 5 the Curator personally or from the estate administered by him as in his discretion shall seem just, and such orders shall have the same effect and be enforceable by the same process as if made by the Court sitting in equity in a suit between the parties to such complaint.

sitting in equity in a suit between the parties to such complaint.
80. In all cases where an order to collect shall have been made Curator to act as the
10 or shall be made under this Act it shall be lawful for the Court on the Court shall direct.
petition of the Curator or any person interested in the estate to make such orders touching the collection, sale, investment, and disposal of the estate as to the Court shall seem meet.

81. In every case in which the estate of any deceased person Mode of proceeding 15 shall be administered by the Curator under this Act all disputes and under this Act.

matters touching the collection, management, or administration of the same within the provisions of this Act, and all claims and demands thereon except as hereinafter provided shall be decided by the Court on petition. Provided nevertheless that in any case in which it 20 shall appear to be not desirable that the matter in question should be so decided the Court may direct such proceedings to be instituted as shall appear proper for the due decision thereof.

82. The Curator shall at such times as he shall think fit cause Payment of debts.

- advertisements to be published in the *Gazette* and such other public 25 papers as he shall deem expedient, calling upon the creditors of the persons whose estates he shall have been ordered to administer to come in and prove their debts before him, on or before a time to be fixed in such notice. He may allow any claim which may be made before him upon the affidavit of the claimant alone or where
- 30 he shall think fit to call for further evidence upon such further evidence as he shall require. He shall as soon after the expiration of the time allowed for proof of debts as he conveniently can, pay the debts proved if the whole thereof can be paid, and if not shall declare and pay a dividend thereon; and if he shall collect any further
- 35 assets after making such payment he shall in case any part of the debts proved remain unpaid pay the same and any debts subsequently proved before him (or a dividend thereon as the case may be), but such debts as shall be subsequently proved shall first be paid a dividend in proportion to their amount equal to the dividend paid to creditors
- 40 having previously proved their debts. After payment of all debts, fees, and expenses incident to the collection, management, and administration of such estate he shall pay over the residue to the personal representative of the intestate or testator (as the case may be) so soon as such representative shall have been duly constituted.
- 45 83. After the expiration of three calendar months from the Payment to relatives time fixed by the advertisement for creditors to come in and prove &c. in petty cases. their debts, if no debt shall be proved or no creditor having proved his debt shall remain unpaid, it shall be lawful for the Curator with the approval of the Court to pay any sum not exceeding one hundred
- 50 pounds to any person claiming to be a party in distribution or to be a legatee under a will without letters of administration having been obtained or the will being proved, and upon such evidence of the right or title of the party so claiming as the Court may under the circumstances deem sufficient.
- 55 84. The Curator shall have the same right to require a release Discharge to Curator and discharge upon winding up any estate in his charge and handing on winding up estate. over the property which may be in his hands to the person or persons entitled thereto as any executor, administrator, or any other trustee now has in the like circumstances.

52º VICTORIÆ, No. 26.

Probate.

85. The Curator shall make or cause to be made an inventory or Accounts to be kept, list of all the estates of the persons which he shall have been ordered &c. to administer, and shall retain the same in his office and shall keep an

- account of all his receipts, payments, and dealings in every such estate, 5 and shall retain all letters received and copies of all letters written by him and all deeds, papers, and writings of and relating to such estates, and shall permit all persons to inspect and take copies of the same and of all proceedings relating thereto at all reasonable hours, or shall furnish office copies thereof on payment of the fees mentioned in the 10 Schedule hereto annexed. The Curator shall with due diligence sell or
- mortgage such lands as he may be authorized to deal with and convert into money all such other estate as shall not consist of money unless otherwise ordered by the Court, and shall forthwith pay all moneys received by him as such Curator into some Bank to be approved of by
- 15 the Court and the Colonial Treasurer to the credit of an official account to be operated on by him as such Curator.

86. The receipts in writing of the said Curator for any moneys Receipt of Curator payable to him under this Act shall be sufficient discharges for the sufficient discharge. same to the persons paying the same who shall not afterwards be liable 20 for any misapplication thereof.

87. The Curator shall in the months of January, April, July, and Quarterly returns to October in every year transmit to the Colonial Treasurer a return of Treasurer and all moneys received and paid by him or any accounts. all moneys received and paid by him or any agent or agents for him during the three months immediately preceding in respect of the

- 25 estates intrusted to him to collect, distinguishing the particular estate in which the same have been so received or paid. And shall at the same time furnish a separate and distinct return of all balances or sums whatsoever then in his hands to the credit of each of such estates :
- And shall keep proper books of account in reference thereto, which 30 shall once in every three months or oftener if necessary be examined and passed by the Colonial Treasurer or some officer appointed by him in that behalf.

88. The Curator shall after the expiration of six months from The Curator to the date of the order for collection of any estate invest all moneys invest moneys after then standing to the credit of each such estate as the Court and the credit of twelve

- 35 then standing to the credit of each such estate as the Court may by months. any general or special rule or order direct, and until and subject to any such order or rule may be made in accordance with the rule for the time being in force with reference to the investment of suitors moneys under the charge or control of the Court of Equity.
- 89. Neither the Curator nor any of his agents shall be personally Curator or his agents 40 liable to any person in respect of goods or chattels in the possession done in the performof any intestate at the time of his death which shall be sold by the ance of their duties. Curator or any such agent as the goods of such intestate, unless such Curator or agent shall know or have actual notice before the sale that
- 45 such goods or chattels were not in fact the property of such intestate, nor for any act done bona fide in the performance of their duties respectively unless it shall be shown that such act was done not only illegally but wilfully or with gross negligence. 90. In case of any sale by the Curator or his agents of goods or Proceeds of property
- 50 chattels belonging in fact to any third person the amount realized by handed over to him. such sale thereof shall be paid over by him or them to the owner upon proof by him of such ownership, unless the same shall have been applied in the payment of the debts of the deceased or shall have been distributed according to any will of the deceased or in the ordinary
- 55 course of administration whilst the said Curator or any such agent was in ignorance, and without actual notice of the claim of such person to the goods or chattels so sold.

91. If it shall appear on office found that any real estate vested Conveyance of in the Curator has escheated to Her Majesty, the net proceeds of sale of escheated lands and such of sale.

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such estate shall be paid by the Curator to the Colonial Treasurer and be by him carried to the credit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund: And the Curator's conveyance of such real estate to the purchaser thereof shall operate to pass the right, title, and interest of the deceased 5 intestate to such purchaser as in any other case.

92. The Curator shall in the first week in January in each Payment to Colonial year cause all sums of money which shall on the first day of that month Treasurer after six have been invested as aforesaid and lying to the credit of any intestate estate for the term of six years then next preceding to be paid to the

10 Colonial Treasurer for the public service of the Colony, subject to the provisions hereinafter contained.

93. It shall be lawful for the Court at any time upon the Parties entitled may petition of any person claiming to be entitled to the said moneys so apply subsequently. paid over to the Colonial Treasurer or any part thereof, and upon being

- 15 satisfied by affidavit or other sufficient evidence adduced in support thereof that such person is so entitled to make an order for the payment of such moneys or any portion thereof, but without interest thereon from the time of payment to the Colonial Treasurer as aforesaid, and after deducting any costs and expenses which may have been
- 20 incurred by the Curator or otherwise in respect of such application; and the Colonial Treasurer on being served with such order shall within a reasonable time in that behalf pay the amount mentioned therein to the person therein named, and the receipt of such person shall be a sufficient voucher for such payment.

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PART VII.

Procedure.

94. Subject to any rules or orders to be made hereunder, and Practice until except where otherwise provided by this Act the practice of the Supreme otherwise ordered to be as at present Court in Probate Jurisdiction shall be regulated so far as the circum- existing. 30 stances of the case will admit by the practice of the Court in its

Equitable Jurisdiction.

95. Subject to the rules and orders to be made hereunder, the Mode of taking witnesses and where necessary the parties in all matters where their evidence. attendance can be had shall be examined orally in open Court whether 20 and 21 Vic. c. 77 attendance can be had shall be examined orally in open Court, whether s. 31.

- 35 the trial or proceeding be with or without a jury. Provided always that by the permission of the Court in every case the parties may verify their respective cases in whole or in part by affidavit, but so that the deponent in every such affidavit shall on the application of the opposite party be subject to be cross-examined by or on behalf
- 40 of such opposite party orally in open Court as aforesaid, and upon such cross-examination may be re-examined orally in open Court as aforesaid by or on behalf of the party by whom such affidavit was filed.
- 96. Where a witness in any contested matter is out of the Court may issue jurisdiction of the Court, or where by reason of his illness or otherwise commission or give orders for examina-45 the Court shall not think fit to enforce the attendance of the witness tion of witnesses in open Court, it shall be lawful for the Court to order a com-unable to attend. mission to issue for the examination of such witness on oath upon 16. s. 32. interrogatories or otherwise, or if the witness be within the jurisdiction of the Court to order the examination of such witness on
- 50 oath upon interrogatories or otherwise before any officer of the said Court or other person to be named in such order for the purpose; and all the powers now vested in the Supreme Court in its equitable jurisdiction with reference to the issuing of commissions and ordering the examination of witnesses and generally in connection therewith shall

55 extend to and be applicable to the Court in its probate jurisdiction. 354-C 97.

97. The Court may direct any question of fact arising in any Questions of fact suit or proceeding under this Act to be tried by a special or common tried before the Court jury.

98. When any question shall be so directed to be tried such 15. s. 35. 5 question shall be reduced into the form of an issue and shall be tried Question to be stated. before the Probate Judge or one of the other Judges of the Supreme 16. s. 37 38. Court and a jury of four or twelve men at such time and place as the Court may direct, and thereupon the matter shall proceed as in the case of issues directed to be tried by the Court in its equitable jurisdiction.

99. Any person considering himself aggrieved by any final or Appeal. 10 interlocutory decree or order of the Probate Judge may appeal therefrom to the full Court in the same way and with and subject to the same powers, orders, rules, and regulations as are now in force with reference to appeals from the decisions of the Primary Judge in Equity.

100. The Probate Judge may on the application of any party or Judge may direct 15 at his own discretion, and on such terms (if any) as he shall think fit to rehearing. Eq. Act s. 77. impose, direct a rehearing by the Full Court of any cause, petition, motion, or matter before him; and in such case it shall not be necessary to give any notice of appeal, but nothing herein shall prejudice the 20 right of any party to appeal when the Judge shall not give any such direction.

101. Any person may lodge with the registrar a caveat against Careat may be any application for probate or administration at any time previous to viet. Act such probate or administration being granted; and every such caveat No. 427 s. 23.

25 shall set forth the name of the person lodging the same, and an address within the city of Sydney at which notices may be served on him.

102. In every case in which a caveat shall be lodged the Where a caveat Court may upon motion on behalf of the person applying for probate lodged Court may or administration supported by affidavits upon which if there had been Ib. 30.

- 30 no caveat, probate or administration would have been granted, make an order nisi for the grant of probate or administration to the person applying; and every such order shall name a time for showing cause against the same, and the Court may enlarge such order from time to time.
- 103. Every such order nisi and every order enlarging the same service of order misi. 35 may be served on the caveator by delivering a copy of the same at the 16. 31. address mentioned in his caveat.

104. If upon the day named in the order nisi or upon the day Proceeding where to which such order shall have been enlarged the caveator do not civeator does not appear. 40 appear such order nisi may be made absolute upon an affidavit of Ib. 32.

service, but if the caveator appear the matter shall proceed as a contested matter and be heard before the Probate Judge alone upon affidavit or oral evidence or by a jury as the Court may direct.

105. The Court shall have the like powers, jurisdiction, and Powers of the Court 45 authority for requiring and enforcing the production of documents and to enforce orders. the attendance of persons as witnesses and otherwise, and for punishing 20&21 Vic. c. 77 s. 25. persons failing, neglecting, or refusing to produce such documents, or to appear or to be sworn or make affirmation or declaration, or to give

evidence, or guilty of contempt, and generally for the trial or determina-50 tion of questions of fact, and for enforcing all orders, decrees, and judgments made or given by the Court under this Act, and for the taxation

of costs, and otherwise in relation to the matters to be inquired into and done under this Act or by or under the orders of the Court under this Act as are or shall be by law vested in the Supreme Court in equity 55 for such purposes in relation to any suit or matter depending in such

Court in equity. 106. The Court may on motion or petition or otherwise in a Order to produce any summary way whether any suit or other proceeding shall or shall not instrument purport be pending in the Court with respect to any probate or administration, tary.

order 16. s. 26.

or before a jury.

54° VICTORIÆ, No. .

Probate.

order any person to produce and bring into the registry any paper or writing, being or purporting to be testamentary or otherwise material to the matter before the Court which may be shown to be in the possession or under the control of such person, and if it be not shown 5 that any such paper or writing is in the possession or under the control of such person, but it shall appear that there are reasonable grounds for believing that he has the knowledge of any such paper or

- writing, the Court may direct such person to attend for the purpose of being examined in open Court or upon interrogatories respecting the 10 same, and such person shall be bound to answer such questions or interrogatories, and (if so ordered) to produce and bring in such paper or writing, and shall be subject to the like process of contempt in case ot
- default in not attending or in not answering such questions or interrogatories or not bringing in such paper or writing as he would have15 been subject to in case he had been a party to a suit in the Court and had made such default, and the costs of any such motion, petition, or other proceeding shall be in the discretion of the Court.

PART VIII.

General matters.

20 107. The Registrar, Commissioners of the Supreme Court, and Oaths. Justices of the Peace of the Colony of New South Wales shall have power to administer oaths under this Act.

108. In all matters under this Act the question of costs and costs. how they shall be paid shall be in the discretion of the Court subject 25 to appeal as aforesaid.

109. The Judges of the Supreme Court or any three of them, Rules. may make general rules for regulating the times and form and mode Equity Act, 1890. of procedure, and generally the practice of the Court in respect of the several matters to which this Act relates, and for fixing the amount of

30 all fees and allowances to officers of the Court and solicitors in reference to such matters, and otherwise for the effectual execution of this Act and of the intention and object thereof; and all such rules and orders shall be published in the *Government Gazette* and shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament within thirty days of their 35 being promulgated, or if Parliament be not then sitting, within the

like time after Parliament shall thereafter assemble for the despatch of business.

SCHEDULE.

| | Nomine of Her | - | | - | |
|----|--|---|----|----|---|
| | | £ | s. | d. | |
| 40 | For every order to administer where effects shall appear to be above £50 | 0 | 7 | 6 | |
| | Where effects shall appear to be £50 or under | | | | 1 |
| | For every order to pay money if £10 and under £20 | | 2 | | |
| | If £20 and under £50 | | 5 | | |
| | If £50 and under £100 | - | 10 | | |
| 45 | And on every £100 above the first | | 2 | | |
| | For every common order | | 2 | | |
| | For every special order | 0 | 5 | 0 | |
| | For every office copy 6d. per folio. | | | | |
| | On every audit of accounts including the direction to invest assets if the | | | | |
| 50 | | | 5 | | |
| | If £20 and under £50 | 0 | 7 | 6 | |
| | If £50 and under £100 | 0 | 10 | 0 | |
| | For every £100 above the first | 0 | 2 | 6 | |
| | | | | | |

Sydney : Charles Potter, Government Printer .-- 1890.

