

Legislative Council.

51<sup>o</sup> VICTORIÆ, 1888.

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## A BILL

To amend the Law relating to the Registration of Births,  
Marriages, and Deaths.

[MR. CREED;—16 February, 1888.]

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**W**HEREAS the existing law for the Registration of Births, Preamble.  
Marriages, and Deaths is defective, and it is therefore expedient  
to amend the same. Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most  
Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative  
5 Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament  
assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. After the commencement of this Act the Act and parts of Repeal of Act.  
the Acts specified in Schedule A annexed hereto shall be repealed.  
Provided that every registration of births, marriages, or deaths lawfully Saving section.  
10 made and every act or thing lawfully done under the provisions of the  
said Acts before the commencement of this Act shall be as valid and  
effectual as if this Act had not been passed. And all penalties incurred  
and all offences committed prior to that date shall be recovered and  
prosecuted as if the said Acts or parts of Acts had never been repealed.
- 15 2. The words in the first column of the Schedule hereto marked Construction of  
B whenever used in this Act shall respectively bear the meanings terms.  
expressed and set against them in the second column of the same  
Schedule unless otherwise indicated by the context.

- General registry office. 3. The Governor may establish by notice in the *Gazette* an office in the city of Sydney for registering all births, marriages, and deaths in the Colony, to be called the "General Registry for New South Wales," hereinafter termed the General Registry, and may
- Registrar-General. appoint a fit person, to be called the "Registrar-General," for performing the duties by this Act imposed upon him. 5
- Registry districts. 4. The Governor may for the purposes of this Act by proclamation in the *Gazette* at any time divide the Colony into such and so many registry districts as he shall think fit, one of them being the registry district of Sydney, and may in like manner by any subsequent 10 proclamation from time to time alter such division.
- District registrars. 5. The Governor may appoint such persons as he shall think fit to be registrars for such districts respectively, except for the district of Sydney, the office of registrar for which shall merge and be vested in the Registrar-General. 15
- Existing appointments, &c. 6. Provided that all district offices and appointments under the Acts hereby repealed which shall be subsisting at the commencement of this Act shall continue as if constituted or made under this Act.
- Substitutes on illness, &c. 7. In case of the unavoidable absence of the Registrar-General or of any registrar from illness or other cause, the Governor may appoint 20 a fit person to act in his stead, who shall while so acting have all the powers and duties and be subject to all the provisions and penalties of and affecting the Registrar-General or registrar, as the case may be.
- Regulations. 8. The Registrar-General may, subject to the approval of the Governor, make regulations for the management of the general registry 25 and to be observed by the registrars, and such regulations when so approved shall be published in the *Gazette*, and be thereupon as binding on all persons affected thereby as if they formed part of this Act.
- Fees. 9. The Registrar-General and every registrar shall for the services to be performed under this Act respectively receive the several 30 fees specified in the Schedule hereto marked C, and all such fees shall be retained by such registrars for their own use, except the fees paid to the Registrar-General or in his office, which shall be accounted for and paid by him to Her Majesty.
- Form of registration. 10. The Registrar-General shall from time to time at the public 35 expense furnish to every registrar books hereinafter termed registers for the registry therein of births, marriages, and deaths, and forms for certified copies thereof respectively, and also to every officiating minister duly registered as such, a sufficient number in duplicate of marriage registry books and forms, and every registrar shall inform 40 himself carefully of every birth, marriage, and death happening within his district, and shall as soon as possible after the event, without fee or reward, register the same and the particulars thereof in such registers according to the respective forms contained therein as so furnished to him, every entry to be made in order from the beginning 45 to the end of the book, and every such book to be paged consecutively.
- Returns to general registry. 11. In the months of January, April, July, and October in each year, every registrar and every person in charge of any burial ground shall respectively transmit to the general registry copies of the registers of births, marriages, and deaths made in his office, and a 50 return of all burials permitted by him during the three months next preceding, and all such copies and returns shall be thereafter kept in the general registry in such order and manner as the Registrar-General shall think fit, so that the same may be most readily seen and examined.
- General registry indexes. District registry indexes. 12. The Registrar-General shall cause indexes of the several 55 registers and of his own register for the district of Sydney and also one general index of all the births, marriages, and deaths to be made and kept in the general registry, and every registrar shall cause indexes of his register to be made and kept in his office.

13. The Registrar-General and registrars respectively shall sign and seal all certificates or certified copies given in their respective offices, and all certificates or certified copies so sealed shall be received in all Courts of Justice as evidence of the birth, marriage, or death to which the same relate, and of the other particulars therein recorded without further proof of such matters, and every certificate of the Registrar-General that any original register of births, marriages, or deaths for any specified period and for any particular district has been lost or destroyed shall be received in any Court of Justice as conclusive evidence of the fact. Provided that no entry in the register of any death shall be received as evidence of the death of the person therein mentioned, unless there shall also be an entry in the register of the burial.

Certified copy of register signed by Registrar-General or any deputy registrar shall be received as evidence.

14. Every person on payment of the specified fees mentioned in that behalf in Schedule C and giving in a written memorandum of the particular entry which he desires to find or search for, shall be entitled at reasonable hours, to be fixed by the regulations hereinbefore mentioned to have search made by the Registrar-General or any registrar in any of the abovementioned indexes, and also in the several registers in which such entry shall appear to be, and also to have a copy of any entry in any such register certified by the Registrar-General or registrar as the case may be.

Searches and copies.

#### Births.

15. The father or mother of every child born alive shall within thirty days next thereafter inclusive of the day of birth, personally inform the registrar of such birth, and for the purpose of registration in the form of Schedule D hereto annexed lodge with him (1) a certificate from a registered medical practitioner, if any, attending the birth, declaring that he was present at such birth—or where no medical certificate is obtainable (2) a certificate from the midwife in attendance to the like effect, the truth of which shall be attested by two independent householders—or where neither a medical certificate nor a midwife's certificate is obtainable then (3) a declaration by some person present at the birth, their belief in the truth of which solemn declaration shall be attested by two independent householders. Provided that in all cases the registrar may at his discretion within thirty days of the day of birth receive a written information signed by at least one of the parents and containing the particulars set out in the said Schedule, and if one of the parents or some person present at such birth shall within a time to be then fixed by the registrar appear personally and testify to the truth of the abovementioned information, such registrar shall register such birth as if all the provisions of the first part of this section had been duly complied with.

Parent of child to give information to registrar of the birth.

16. It shall not be lawful for any registrar after the expiration of thirty days and within three months of the birth of any child to register such birth unless one of the parents of such child shall make a declaration on oath to the best of his knowledge and belief, of the particulars hereinbefore mentioned, and also deposit a sum of *five* shillings for every month or part of a month during which he shall have neglected to give such information.

Registration after thirty days.

17. Any parent neglecting to register the birth of any child within three months of the date of such birth, or where the registrar in the exercise of his discretion shall have received a written information, then any of the abovementioned persons who shall neglect to appear within the time fixed by such registrar for the personal appearance of such persons shall on conviction forfeit a sum not exceeding *ten* pounds. And where any person shall have been duly convicted of neglect in registering any such birth, the convicting Justice

Penalty for non-registration within three months.

Justice or Justices of the Peace shall forthwith transmit to the registrar of the district where such birth ought to have been registered a certificate setting forth particulars of the birth and the aforesaid conviction, and such registrar on receipt of the same shall without fee or reward register the birth of such child.

Children born out of the Colony.

18. In every case of the arrival in the Colony of any child 5 under the age of eighteen months born at sea or under the age of fourteen years born in any place out of the Colony whose parents or guardian take up their abode therein, the registrar shall, upon a declaration on oath by one of the parents or the guardian of the particulars required as abovementioned or by the laws of the country wherein such 10 child was born, register the birth together with such particulars. And any person so neglecting to register such child within six months after his arrival in the Colony, shall on conviction forfeit a sum not exceeding *five* pounds.

Registration of name.

19. If any child whose birth shall have been registered shall 15 at any time afterwards have any name duly given to him, one of the parents shall within seven days next thereafter procure and deliver to the registrar in whose custody the register of the birth of such child may then happen to be, a certificate according to the form in the Schedule hereto marked E, signed by the minister or other person 20 who shall have given such name, which certificate such minister or other person is hereby required to deliver whenever demanded on payment to him of the fee of one shilling, and the registrar upon receipt of such certificate shall without any erasure of the original entry forthwith register therein that the child was baptized 25 by such name or had such name given to it, and shall thereupon certify upon the said certificate the additional entry so made.

Masters of British and Colonial vessels on arrival to report births occurring at sea.

20. The master or commander of every vessel shall on arrival in any port in the Colony furnish forthwith to the Health Officer of the port, or if there be no Health Officer to the Chief Officer of 30 Customs the particulars of every birth which shall have occurred on board such vessel while at sea, according to the form in the Schedule hereto marked F. The said form on being demanded by any master or commander to be supplied to him by such Health Officer or Officer 35 of Customs.

Father of illegitimate child need not give information of birth.

21. In cases of the birth of illegitimate children no person shall as father of such child be required to give information under this Act concerning the birth of such child, and the registrar shall not enter in the register the name of any person as father of such child unless at the joint request of the mother and the person acknowledging 40 himself to be the father of such child, and such person shall in such case sign the register together with the mother.

Notice to be given by occupiers of lying-in houses.

22. The occupier of every house or place expressly or impliedly for the accommodation in child-birth of women not usually resident in the same shall, within fourteen days of any birth therein, make a 45 declaration on oath to the registrar of the particulars contained respectively in the Schedules hereto marked D and G. Any person so neglecting to furnish such information within fourteen days of such birth shall for every such offence forfeit a sum not exceeding *twenty* 50 pounds.

#### Still Births.

Registration of still-born children.

23. The father or mother of every child still-born in the Colony shall forthwith inform the registrar of its birth, and for the purpose of registration in the form of Schedule G hereto annexed lodge in the office of the registrar (1) a certificate from a registered medical prac- 55 titioner, if any, attending the birth, to the effect that he was present at

at such birth and that the child was still-born—or where no medical certificate is obtainable (2) a certificate from the midwife in attendance to the like effect, their belief in the truth of which shall be attested by two independent householders. Where neither a medical certificate nor a midwife's certificate is obtainable then some person present at the birth shall notify such birth to the officer in charge of the police for the district wherein such birth took place, and if such officer shall after enquiry be satisfied that such child was still-born he shall forthwith issue to the informant a certificate to that effect in the form of Schedule H hereto annexed, and the Registrar on receiving any of the aforesaid certificates from the informant shall register such birth in the form of the Schedule hereto annexed marked G.

24. Provided that in any country district where any of the above-mentioned certificates are not forthcoming, or in any case where the informant shall make a declaration on oath that he has been unable after using all reasonable efforts to deposit such certificates with the registrar, the nearest Justice of the Peace may grant a written permission for burial, and shall forthwith transmit the necessary particulars for registration to the registrar of the district wherein the still birth took place. And provided that in any country districts the Coroner or Justice of the Peace holding an inquest or inquiry on any dead new-born child may order the body to be buried if he think fit without registration, and shall in such case give a certificate of his order in writing under his hand in the form of Schedule R hereto to the undertaker or other person having charge of the funeral, and every undertaker who shall bury or otherwise dispose of any such dead child shall within twenty-four hours next ensuing transmit to the registrar a certificate thereof in the form of the Schedule hereto marked J, countersigned by two independent householders.

Provision for certain cases.

Order by Justice of the Peace.

Order by Coroner.

*Marriages.*

25. The witnesses to every marriage shall sign a certificate which shall also be signed by the minister or registrar celebrating the marriage and by the parties thereto, and shall be legibly written (or partly written and partly printed) in the form of the Schedule hereto marked K, and such minister or registrar shall deliver a copy of such certificate immediately after the marriage, signed by himself, to one of the parties to the marriage, and the said minister shall within seven days thereafter transmit the original certificate to the registrar of the district within which such marriage was celebrated, who shall thereupon register such marriage in the form of the Schedule hereto marked L.

Witnesses and certificate.

Registration.

*Deaths.*

26. On the death of any person who has been attended during his last illness by a registered medical practitioner, the occupier of the place wherein such death has occurred or if there be no occupier then some person present at the time of such death shall forthwith lodge with the registrar for the district wherein such death has taken place a medical certificate of the cause of death, in the form of the Schedule hereto annexed marked M, and a certificate of identification of the body in the form of Schedule N, and also inform the registrar of all other particulars concerning the same as set forth in Schedule O. Where no registered medical practitioner has attended the deceased during his last illness one of the aforesaid persons as the case may be shall notify such death and lodge the aforesaid certificate of

Notice of deaths.

of

of identification with the officer in charge of police for the district wherein such death took place, and if such officer shall after inquiry be satisfied that no suspicious circumstances exist in connection with such death he shall forthwith issue to the informant a certificate to that effect in the form of Schedule P hereto, and the registrar on receiving such certificate, together with the abovementioned certificate of identification from the aforesaid informant, shall register such death in the form of the Schedule hereto annexed marked O. Provided that in any country district where the abovementioned certificates are not forthcoming, or in any case where the informant shall make a declaration on oath that he has been unable after using all reasonable efforts to deposit such certificates with the registrar, the nearest Justice of the Peace may grant a written permission for burial, and shall forthwith transmit the requisite particulars for registration to the registrar for the district wherein such death took place. 15

Finding of child or body.

27. In case any human body shall be found dead the chief officer of police for the district in the case of a new-born child, and the Coroner, or if none such the nearest Justice of the Peace in the case of any other dead body, shall forthwith inform the registrar thereof, and of the place where such child or other dead body was found. In all cases where an inquest or magisterial inquiry shall be held on any dead body, the Coroner or Justice (as the case may be) shall notify to the registrar the verdict of the jury or the opinion of such Justice, with all other particulars required to be registered concerning the death, and such registrar shall make the entry accordingly. 25

Notice of inquest.

Certificate of death and burial.

28. Every registrar immediately upon registering any death, or as soon after as he may be required so to do shall, without fee or reward, deliver to the undertaker or other person having charge of the funeral a certificate under his hand according to the form in the Schedule hereto annexed marked Q, that such death has been duly registered, and such certificate shall be delivered by such undertaker or other person to the person in charge of the burial-ground, and it shall not be lawful for any such last-mentioned person to permit the burial or other disposal of any dead human body without the abovementioned certificate or a written permission from a Justice of the Peace being produced. Provided always that in any country district the Coroner or Justice holding any inquest or inquiry upon any such body for which no certificate shall have been delivered as aforesaid may order the body to be buried if he think fit without registration, and shall in such case give a certificate of his order in writing under his hand according to the form in the Schedule hereto marked R to such undertaker or other person having charge of the funeral. And every undertaker or other person who shall bury or otherwise dispose of any such body shall within twenty-four hours immediately after cause to be transmitted to the registrar a certificate thereof in the form of the Schedule hereto marked S, countersigned by two independent householders. 30

Burial of still-born children.

29. No person who has control over any burial-ground shall permit to be buried in such burial-ground the body of any dead child as if it were still-born, and shall not bury or permit to be buried any still-born child before there is delivered to him by the person in charge of the funeral, either— 50

- (a) A certificate from the registrar in the form of the Schedule hereto annexed marked T.
- (b) A written permission from the nearest Justice of the Peace as provided for by section twenty-four. 55
- (c) In any country district where there has been an inquest or magisterial inquiry an order for burial from the Coroner or presiding Justice of the Peace.

30. The master or commander of every vessel, shall on arrival in any port in the Colony, furnish forthwith to the health officer of the port, or if there be no health officer to the chief officer of customs, the particulars of every death which shall have occurred on board such vessel while at sea, according to the form in the Schedule hereto marked U. The said form on being demanded by any master or commander to be supplied to him by such health officer or officer of customs.

Miscellaneous.

10 31. Nothing herein contained shall affect the right of any officiating minister to receive the fees usually paid for the performance of any religious rite of baptism, marriage, or burial.

Death at sea.

Clerical fees not prejudiced.

15 32. Any person charged with the duty of making entry in the register of any birth, marriage, or death, who shall discover any error to have been committed in the form or substance of such entry, shall not be liable to any penalty on account thereof, if within one month next after the discovery of such error, in the presence of the registrar and of either the parents in any case of birth, or of either of the parties in the case of a marriage, or of the occupier or some one present at the time of death in the case of death, or in any of such cases respectively, in the presence of the registrar, he shall truly correct the error by making and signing a new entry in the margin without altering the original entry, adding the date of such correction. Provided that in every such case he shall make the like alteration in the certified copy of the register to be made by him as aforesaid, or if such certified copy shall have been already made shall then make and deliver a separate certified copy of the original erroneous entry and of the new and correct marginal entry.

Correction of accidental errors.

30 33. Every person who shall object to take an oath under the provisions of this Act may make in lieu thereof a solemn affirmation or be examined (as the case may be) upon his or her solemn affirmation. And any person who shall make any statement on oath or by solemn affirmation before any registrar or before any Justice under any of the provisions of this Act, which shall be wilfully false, shall be deemed guilty of perjury.

False statement deemed perjury.

34. If any minister or person having celebrated any marriage shall fail to comply with any of the provisions of this Act respecting the certificate to be transmitted to the registrar he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding *ten* pounds. And in cases within the eighth section of the "Marriage Act of 1855," where no person shall have celebrated the marriage other than the parties thereto themselves, the like penalty shall attach to the husband in case the certificate thereby required shall not be duly transmitted.

Omission to transmit certificate of marriage.

35. Every person who shall offend against this Act by knowingly registering any birth, marriage, or death contrary to the provisions of any of its sections shall for every such offence be guilty of misdemeanour.

Penalty for certain offences.

36. Every registrar who shall refuse or without reasonable cause omit to register any birth, death, or marriage of which he shall have had due notice, or to issue any certificate which by this Act he is required to issue, and every person having the custody of any register or certified copy thereof, or of any part thereof, who shall negligently lose or injure the same or negligently allow the same to be injured whilst in his keeping, shall forfeit a sum not exceeding *twenty* pounds for every such offence.

Penalty on district registrars.

Penalties on medical practitioners, &c.

37. If any registered medical practitioner who shall be requested to give a medical certificate in accordance with sections fifteen, twenty-three, or twenty-six shall refuse or neglect without reasonable cause so to give it, and if any person to whom such medical certificate shall have been given shall neglect or refuse to deliver the same to the registrar he shall forfeit a sum not exceeding *two* pounds. 5

Penalty on persons acting as midwives.

38. Any person furnishing or attempting to furnish any certificate of birth who is not a midwife within the meaning of this Act shall forfeit a sum not exceeding *ten* pounds.

Recovery of penalties.

39. All fines, and penalties by this Act imposed, unless otherwise provided, shall be recovered before any two Justices of the Peace or Police Magistrate in a summary way upon the complaint of any person. 10

Application of penalties.

40. All fines and penalties paid under this Act shall be paid to Her Majesty for the public uses of the Colony, and in support of the Government thereof. 15

Commencement of Act.

41. This Act shall take effect from and after day of



SCHEDULES.

SCHEDULE A.

*Acts Repealed.*

No. of Act.								Extent of repeal.
5	7	Vic. No. 16	...	...	...	...	...	Schedule B 15 16.
19	Vic. No. 30	...	...	...	...	...	...	Sections 13 22.
19	Vic. No. 34	...	...	...	...	...	...	The whole.

SCHEDULE B.

Words.	Meanings.
10 Parent ... ..	Father, or if dead or absent or unable from sickness or other unavoidable cause the mother or guardian.
Occupier ... ..	The tenant for the time being of any dwelling-house or tenement and in the case of a gaol, prison, house of correction, hospital, lunatic asylum, or other public or charitable institution, the head officer or person in actual charge thereof.
15 Seal ... ..	Any seal, stamp, or die caused to be made by the Registrar-General.
Registrar ... ..	Any District Registrar or Assistant District Registrar of the district for which he is appointed.
20 Still born ... ..	Any fetus born dead beyond the sixth month of pregnancy and up to the normal period of labour.
Midwife ... ..	Any person who shall have left a written notice with the Registrar-General or registrar signed with her signature that she is practising as a midwife in such registrar's district.
25 Country district ... ..	Where the house wherein the death took place is at a greater distance than fifteen miles from the office of the registrar for the district.
Governor ... ..	Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council.
Burial Ground ... ..	Shall also mean crematorium.
30 Undertaker ... ..	The person who shall lawfully dispose of any human dead body by burial or otherwise.

SCHEDULE C.

Every search in any index (to be paid beforehand) ... ..	Five shillings.
Every certified copy of an entry (payable on delivery) ... ..	Two shillings.
35 Every certified copy of any birth or death ... ..	Two shillings.
Every certified copy of every marriage ... ..	Two shillings.

**SCHEDULE D.**

BIRTHS in the District of \_\_\_\_\_ in the Colony of New South Wales Registered by \_\_\_\_\_

No.	Child.			Parents.			Informant.	Witnesses.	Registrar.	Name if added after registry.
	When and where born.	Name and whether present or not.	Sex.	Father.		Mother.				
				1. Name and surname. 2. Rank or profession. 3. Age. 4. Birthplace.	1. When and where married. 2. Issue living and deceased.	1. Name and maiden surname. 2. Age. 3. Birthplace.				

SCHEDULE E.

Registration of Births, Marriages, and Deaths.

SCHEDULE E.

I, A.B. (of \_\_\_\_\_), do hereby certify that I have this day baptized by the name of \_\_\_\_\_ (or that the name of \_\_\_\_\_ has this day been given to), a child produced to me by \_\_\_\_\_, as the \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_, and declared by the said \_\_\_\_\_ to have been born at \_\_\_\_\_ on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18 \_\_\_\_\_.

Witness my hand this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18 \_\_\_\_\_.

(Signature.)

(\* \* For SCHEDULES F and G see pages 12 and 13.)

SCHEDULE H.

10 I A.B., (a \_\_\_\_\_), do hereby certify that I have made due enquiry concerning the circumstances under which a child was born to E.F. and C.D., and do verily believe that such child was still-born.

(Signature.)

SCHEDULE J.

I, A.B., (of \_\_\_\_\_), undertaker, do hereby certify that the body of a child still-born to the parents C.D. and E.F. was on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18 \_\_\_\_\_ duly buried at \_\_\_\_\_ in the presence of the undersigned.

Witness my hand this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18 \_\_\_\_\_

Countersigned—  
 W.X. }  
 Y.Z. } *Householders.*

(Signature of Undertaker.)

SCHEDULE K.

I [name of minister or registrar] being [designation] do hereby certify that I have this day at [place] duly celebrated marriage between [name designation and residence of husband] and [name designation and residence of wife]

25 Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18 \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of minister or registrar

A.B.

Signature of parties to marriage { C.D.  
 { E.F.

Signature of witnesses { G.H.  
 { I.K.

30

SCHEDULE L.

Marriage in the District of \_\_\_\_\_ in the Colony of New South Wales.

No.	When and where married.	Name and surname of parties.	Age	Rank or profession.	Condition of parties—if a widower or widow date of spouse's disease.	Birth-place of parties.	Residence.		Parents.	
							Usual.	Present.	Father. Name and surname, rank, or profession.	Mother. Name and maiden surname.

SCHEDULE F.

SCHEDULE F.

BIRTHS on board the ship \_\_\_\_\_ sailed from \_\_\_\_\_ on \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ and arrived at \_\_\_\_\_ on \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ Captain.

(Registered by captain or officer in charge.)

No.	Child.			Parents.			Informant.	Registration.			Witnesses.
	Where born. Latitude. Longitude.	Name.	Sex.	Father.		Mother.		When registered and where.	Signature of the captain or master.	Name if added after registration of birth.	
				(1) Name and surname. (2) Rank or profession. (3) Age. (4) Birthplace.	(1) When and where married. (2) Issue living and deceased.	(1) Name and maiden surname. (2) Age. (3) Birthplace.					

SCHEDULE G.

Registration of Births, Marriages, and Deaths.

SCHEDULE G.  
 STILL births in the district of \_\_\_\_\_ in the Colony of New South Wales. Registered by \_\_\_\_\_

No.	Child.		Parents.		(1) Name of medical man—or (2) Midwife—or (3) Police officer certifying. (4) Justice of the Peace—or (5) Coroner giving order for burial.	Register of Burial.		Informant.	Signature of district registrar. Date. Where registered.
	When and where born.	Sex.	Father's name. Surname. Rank or profession. Age. Birthplace.	Mother's maiden name and surname. Age. Birthplace.		When and where buried.	Name and religion of minister and names of witnesses.	Signature. Description. Residence.	

SCHEDULE M.

Registration of Births, Marriages, and Deaths.

Registration of Births, Marriages, and Deaths.

SCHEDULE M.

Medical certificate of the cause of death.

I HEREBY certify that I attended A.B., whose age was stated to be \_\_\_\_\_ that I last saw him on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ one thousand eight hundred and \_\_\_\_\_ that died on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ one thousand eight hundred and \_\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_ 5 and to the best of my knowledge and belief the cause of death was as hereunder written:—

Cause of death.	Duration of disease.	
Primary.	Years.	10
Secondary.	Months.	
	Days.	
	Hours.	

Witness my hand, this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18 .  
 F.G.  
 Registered qualification.  
 Residence.

SCHEDULE N.

I \_\_\_\_\_ hereby certify that I have viewed the dead body lying in the house situated at \_\_\_\_\_ and I recognize the body as being that of a person known to me during \_\_\_\_\_ life by the name of \_\_\_\_\_ 15  
 Witness my hand, this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18 . (Signature.) 20

(\* \* \* For SCHEDULE O see page 15.)

SCHEDULE P.

I, A.B. (a \_\_\_\_\_), do hereby certify that I have made due enquiry concerning the circumstances under which the death of C.D. took place, and do verily believe that the deceased came by death by [state whether by natural causes or by accident]. 25  
 Witness my hand, this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18 (Signature.)

SCHEDULE Q.

I, A.B., Registrar of Births and Deaths in the district of \_\_\_\_\_ do hereby certify that the death of \_\_\_\_\_ was duly registered by me, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18 . 30  
 Witness my hand, this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18 . (Signature.)

SCHEDULE R.

I, A.B., Coroner for the District of \_\_\_\_\_ [ or Justice of the Peace] do hereby order, the burial of the body now shown to the Inquest Jury [or to me] as the body of E.F. 35  
 Witness my hand, this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18 . (Signature.)

SCHEDULE S.

I, A.B., of \_\_\_\_\_ undertaker, do hereby certify that the body of C.D. was, on the day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18 duly buried at \_\_\_\_\_ in the presence of the undersigned. 40  
 Witness my hand, this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18 . (Signature of Undertaker.)

Countersigned—

W.X. }  
 Y.Z. } Householders. 45

SCHEDULE T.

I, A.B., Registrar of Births and Deaths in the District of \_\_\_\_\_ do hereby certify that the birth of a child still-born to the parents E.F. and C.D. was duly registered by me on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18 .  
 Witness my hand, this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18 . (Signature.) 50

SCHEDULE O.

SCHEDULE O.

DEATHS in the district of

in the Colony of New South Wales. Registered by

No.	Name, rank, and profession.	When and where death occurred.	Sex. Age.	1. Cause of death. 2. Duration of illness. 3. Medical attendant or 4. Police officer certifying. 5. Justice of the Peace or 6. Coroner giving order for burial. 7. Name of person identifying deceased.	Name of father and mother.	Burial.		If deceased was married.		Where born and length of time in New South Wales	Informant.
						When buried. Where.	Name and religion of minister and names of witnesses	1. Where. 2. At what age. 3. To whom.	If issue are living number and sex.		Signature. Description. Residence.

SCHEDULE U.

Registration of Births, Marriages, and Deaths.

SCHEDULE U.

DEATHS on board the \_\_\_\_\_ sailed from \_\_\_\_\_ on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18 \_\_\_\_\_ and arrived at \_\_\_\_\_ on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18 \_\_\_\_\_ .  
[Registered by Captain or Officer-in-Charge.]

No.	When died. Latitude and longitude.	Name and surname, rank, or profession.	Sex and age.	1. Cause of death. 2. Duration of last illness. 3. Medical attendant by whom certified. 4. When he last saw deceased.	Name and surname of father and mother, their rank and profession.	Signature, description, and former residence of informant and witness.	Signature of Captain or Master. Date and where registered.	Burial.		If deceased was married.	
								When.	Name and religion of Minister and names of witnesses of burial.	Where born.	Where. At what age. To whom.

[1s.]

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