This Public Bill originated in the Legislative Assembly, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the Legislative Council for its concurrence.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 8 February, 1888.

F. W. WEBB, Clerk of Legislative Assembly.

New South Wales.



ANNO QUINQUAGESIMO PRIMO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

No.

An Act to make better provision for the management of the Government Railways and Tramways of New South Wales and for other purposes connected therewith.

WHEREAS it is desirable that the powers and duties appertaining Preamble. to the management of the Government Railways and Tramways, and the conduct of the traffic thereon, as well as the control and regulation of the staff employed in connection therewith, together with certain other powers and duties, should be separated from those appertaining to the construction of Railways and Tramways, and be vested in and imposed on the Authority hereby created, but without prejudice to certain powers of construction, repair, and alteration to be vested in such Authority,—Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most 10 Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

PART I.

Preliminary Provisions.

15 1. This Act may be cited as the "Government Railways Act short title and of 1887" and in its construction (unless the context requires a different interpretation, meaning) the expression—

"Commissioners," means the Railway Commissioners appointed under this Act, and "Commissioner," means one of such Commissioners.

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"Governor,"

"Governor," means Governor with the advice of the Executive Council.

"Justice," means any Justice of the Peace, not being a Magistrate.

"Magistrate" means any Police or Stipendiary Magistrate or any person lawfully acting as his Deputy, or in his place.

"Minister," means the Responsible Minister of the Crown for the time being administering this Act.

"Prescribed," means prescribed by regulations or by-laws made under this Act.

"Railway" and "Railways," means any Railway or Railways by this Act vested in the Commissioners; and includes respectively any Tramway and Tramways so vested.

"Vessel," includes ship, barge, lighter and boat, and howsoever propelled.

2. So much only of this Act as empowers the Governor to Different days for appoint Railway Commissioners for New South Wales, declares their portions of Act to tenure of office, and provides their salaries shall come into force on

the passing of the Act. The whole Act shall come into force on a 20 day to be proclaimed by the Governor and published in the Gazette. Provided that such day shall not be earlier than the sixtieth, nor later than the one hundred and twentieth, day after the passing of the Act. And such last-mentioned day shall for all purposes be deemed to be the "commencement of this Act."

3. On the commencement of this Act the office of Com- Abolition of office of missioner for Railways and the Corporation Sole as constituted by Commissioner for that name pursuant to the Act hereinafter repealed shall be, respectively, abolished and dissolved.

4. On the commencement of this Act the Acts twenty-second Repeal of Acts, &c 30 Victoria, number nineteen, and the Act thirty-seventh Victoria, number eighteen shall be wholly repealed, but without prejudice to the past operation thereof, or to any rights accrued, offences committed, proceedings taken, or things done thereunder.

5. The sections of this Act are arranged in the following order Divisions of Act.

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PART I.—Preliminary Provisions.—ss. 1 to 5. The Railway Commissioners.—ss. 6 to 21.

PART II.—Powers, duties, &c. of the Railway Commissioners.
—ss. 22 to 50.

40 PART III.—Investigation of Accidents.—ss. 51 and 52.

PART IV.—By-laws, &c.—ss. 53 to 57.

PART V.—Appointment, Promotion and Discipline in, and Regulation of, Railway Service.—ss. 58 to 80.

PART VI.—Miscellaneous Provisions, Penalties, Procedure, &c. —ss. 81 to 107.

The Railway Commissioners.

6. The Authority to carry out this Act shall be three Com-Constitution of Commissioners who shall be a body corporate by the name "The Railway missioners. Commissioners of New South Wales;" and, by that name, shall have

50 perpetual succession and a common seal, and be capable in law of suing and being sued, and, subject to the provisions hereinafter contained, shall have power to take, purchase, sell, lease and hold lands, tenements and hereditaments, goods, chattels and other property for the purposes of this Act. And all courts, judges and persons acting

55 judicially shall take judicial notice of the common seal of the Commissioners affixed to any document or notice, and shall presume that such seal was duly affixed.

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7. (I) The Governor shall, as soon as conveniently practicable Appointment of after the passing of this Act, appoint three persons to be "Railway Commissioners. Commissioners for New South Wales," who, subject to the provisions hereinafter contained, shall each hold office for a term of seven years.

(II) On the occurrence of any vacancy in the office of a Commissioner the Governor shall appoint a person to the vacant office, whose term of office shall be for his predecessor's unexpired term

of office.

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All persons appointed under the authority of this section shall, at the 10 expiration of their respective terms of office, be eligible for reappoint-

ment for a like term of seven years.

(III) In case of the illness, suspension or absence of any Commissioner, the Governor may appoint some person to act as the deputy of such Commissioner during such illness, suspension or 15 absence; and every person so appointed shall, while so acting, have all the powers, and perform all the duties of such Commissioner.

8. Every Commissioner shall hold his office during good Tenure of office of Commissioners.

behaviour.—

(I) A Commissioner may be removed for misbehaviour;—

(a) When Parliament is sitting,—

By a recommendation of the Governor to that effect, which shall first have been laid before both Houses of Parliament, and have been affirmed by a Resolution of each House.

(b) When Parliament is not sitting,—

By a writing under the hand of the Governor addressed to the Minister and suspending such Commissioner from his office for misbehaviour; Provided that a full statement of the cause of such suspension shall be laid by the Minister before both Houses of Parliament, within seven days after the commencement of the next Session thereof. And, if an address of both Houses shall not within twenty-one days from the commencement of such Session be presented to the Governor praying for the restoration of such Commissioner to his office, the Governor may confirm such suspension and declare the office of such Commissioner vacant; but if such address be so presented such Commissioner shall be restored accordingly.

(II) A Commissioner shall be deemed to have vacated his office,— office how otherwise (a) If he shall engage, during his term of office, in any employ-vacated.

ment outside the duties of his office.

(b) If he shall become insolvent, or apply to take the benefit of any Act now or hereafter to be in force for the relief of insolvent debtors, or shall compound with his creditors, or make an assignment of his salary for their benefit.

(c) If he shall absent himself from duty for a period of fourteen consecutive days except on leave granted by the Governor, (which leave he is hereby authorized to grant,) or shall become incapable of performing his duties.

(d) If he shall become in anyway concerned or interested in any contract or agreement made by or on behalf of the Commissioners; or shall in anywise participate or claim to be entitled to participate in the profit thereof, or in any benefit or emolument arising therefrom.

9. One of such three Commissioners shall be appointed by the chief Commissioner 55 Governor as Chief Commissioner, and, on the occurrence of any vacancy in the office of Chief Commissioner, the Governor shall appoint a person to fill that office.

10. The Commissioners shall receive the following salaries, viz:— salaries of (I) The Chief Commissioner,—two thousand five hundred pounds Commissioners

per annum.

(II)

(II) Each of the other Commissioners,—one thousand five hundred

pounds per annum.

All such salaries are hereby charged on the Consolidated Revenue Fund; and such Fund, to the extent required for the payment of such

5 salaries, is hereby permanently appropriated.

11. For the conduct of business any two Commissioners shall be Quorum. a quorum, and, subject to the enactment next following, shall have all the powers and authorities by this Act vested in Commissioners.

12. If, at any meeting at which two Commissioners only are Procedure on 10 present, such Commissioners shall differ in opinion upon any matter, difference of opinion. the determination of such matter shall be postponed until all the

Commissioners are present.

13. No act or proceeding of the Commissioners shall be Acts of Commisinvalidated or prejudiced by reason only of the fact that, at the time sioners not invalidated by 15 when such proceeding or act was taken, done or commenced, there vacancy. was a vacancy in the office of any one Commissioner.

14. The Commissioners shall keep minutes of their proceedings Minutes of Proceedings.

in such manner and form as the Governor shall direct.

15. (1) The Commissioners shall appoint or employ such clerks, Commissioners to 20 officers and employés to assist in the execution of this Act as they appoint staff, &c. think necessary; and every person so appointed shall hold office during pleasure only.

(II) The Commissioners may remove such clerks, officers or employés; and may discontinue the offices of, or appoint other persons 25 in the room of such as may be removed, or may die, or resign, or be convicted of any felony, or become insolvent, or apply to take the benefit of any Act now or hereafter to be in force for the relief of insolvent debtors, or compound with their creditors, or make assignments of their salaries for the benefit of their creditors.

30 (III) The Commissioners shall pay such salaries, wages and allowance to such clerks, officers and employés respectively, as Parliament shall appropriate for that purpose.

(IV) All clerks, officers and employés in the employment of the Government, in the railway or tramway service at the time of 35 the passing of this Act, shall be deemed to have been appointed by the Commissioners under this Act.

(v) No person appointed, or whose appointment has been confirmed, under this section, shall engage in any employment outside

the duties of his office.

(VI) Nothing in this section shall apply to the present Engineer-in-Chief for Railways, or Solicitor for Railways; but the said Solicitor for Railways shall be Solicitor for Railways under this Act so long as he shall think fit to hold that office, but subject to the conditions of his original appointment.

16. For the purposes of this Act there shall be vested absolutely Government in the Commissioners, and, in respect of land, for an estate in fee railways &c. vested in Commissioners.

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(I) All railways and tramways, and all rolling-stock heretofore constructed or acquired by or on behalf of Her Majesty, pursuant to any Act in force for the time being authorizing the construction of railways or tramways,—and all railways and tramways hereafter to be so constructed or acquired, upon transfer of the same to such Commissioners in the prescribed manner.

(II) All piers, wharves, jetties, stations, yards and buildings connected or used in connection with such railways, tramways and rolling-stock, or reputed to belong thereto,

respectively.

(III) The land, over or upon which, such piers, wharves, jetties, stations, yards and buildings have been, or may hereafter be constructed or erected.

(IV) The land included within the boundary fences of all such

railways or tramways.

(v) All land outside such fences acquired by or on behalf of Her Majesty, or by any Corporation, or person, under any Act authorizing the taking or acquiring of land for railway or tramway purposes.

(VI) All Crown and other lands taken under the authority of any Act authorizing the taking of land for railway or

tramway purposes.

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- (VII) All telegraph posts erected on any lands by this Act vested in the Commissioners, which, at the passing of this Act, were 15 under the control of any Corporation or person, and all wires, instruments and other telegraphic or telephonic apparatus used in connection with the railways or tramways so vested as aforesaid.
- 17. No rates, tax or assessment shall be made, charged or Railway property not 20 levied upon any railway or tramway, or upon any pier, wharf, jetty, subject to rates &c. station, yard, building, works or other property vested in the Commissioners.
- 18. (I) All purchases, sales, conveyances, grants, assurances, Commissioners deeds, securities, contracts, bonds and agreements entered into, made substituted with reference to rights 25 or given before the passing of this Act by or to any Corporation or liabilities &c. person, in connection with the railways or tramways, or with the piers, wharfs, jetties, stations, yards, buildings, lands or rolling-stock by this Act vested in the Commissioners, shall be as binding, and of as full force and effect respectively, against or in favour of, the Commissioners, 30 and may be enforced as fully and effectually as if, instead of such Corporation or person as aforesaid, the Commissioners had been parties thereto.

(II) All powers conferred upon such Corporation or person, and all matters or things done or to be done, and all rights and privileges 35 accrued or accruing, shall be exercised, enforced, and enjoyed by the Commissioners in the same way as such Corporation or person might have exercised, enforced, or enjoyed the same but for the passing of this Act,—and with respect thereto the Commissioners shall be substituted for such Corporation or person.

40 (III) Any penalty, forfeiture or other punishment incurred or to be incurred for any offence committed against such Corporation or person, in respect of the railways, or in respect of any such piers, wharfs, jetties, stations, yards, buildings, lands or rolling-stock before the passing of this Act, may be enforced and recovered by or on behalf 45 of the Commissioners in the same way as such Corporation or person might have enforced and recovered the same, if this Act had not been passed.

19. All moneys appropriated by Parliament for the maintenance Expenditure of or management of the railways and tramways by this Act vested in money appropriated the Commissioners, and for all numbers in connection the result by Parliament. 50 the Commissioners, and for all purposes in connection therewith, shall be expended under the control and management of the Commissioners.

20. All moneys payable to the Commissioners, under this or any Audit Act to apply other Act, shall be collected and received by them on account of, and to Commissioner shall be paid into, the Consolidated Revenue; and the provisions of the 55 "Audit Act of 1870," and of any other Act relating to the collection and payment of public moneys and the audit of the public account, shall, save as in this Act otherwise expressly provided, apply to the Commissioners and to all officers and employés under this Act.

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21. (I) No action, suit, prosecution or other proceeding what- Provision as to prosoever, commenced before the passing of this Act, by or against such ceedings &c. already Corporation or person as aforesaid, shall abate or be discontinued or be prejudicially affected by this Act, but the same shall continue and 5 take effect in favour of or against the Commissioners appointed under this Act (as the case may be).

(II) All judgments, decrees or orders made in favour of or against such Corporation or person, and all fines and penalties imposed or incurred under any Act hereby repealed, shall be respectively 10 enforced, levied, proceeded for and recovered by, against, with reference to, and in the name of, the Commissioners so appointed, the same as they might have been enforced, levied, proceeded for, and recovered by, against, with reference to, and in the name of such Corporation or person, if this Act had not been passed.

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PART II.

Powers duties &c. of the Railway Commissioners.

22. It shall be the duty of the Commissioners to ensure that Duties of Commisthe railways and all works in connection therewith are maintained in sioners in respect to the railways, &c. a state of efficiency,—and that persons, animals and goods, travelling or

20 carried upon such railways are carried without negligence or delay. Commissioners not to But nothing in this Act shall extend to charge or make liable the beliable to a greater Commissioners further, or in any other case than where, according carriers. to the laws of this Colony, stage coach proprietors and common carriers Prin. Act s. 101. would be liable,—or shall extend in any degree to deprive the Com- 8 Vic. c. 20 s. 98.

25 missioners of any protection or privilege which common carriers or stage coach proprietors may be entitled to; but, on the contrary, the Commissioners shall at all times be entitled to the benefit of every

such protection and privilege.

23. (I) The Commissioners shall at all times ensure a careful Other duties and 30 inspection of the condition of the railways and tramways under their powers of Commissioners. control.

(II) Whenever it shall appear to the Commissioners that a reconstruction or partial reconstruction, or a duplication, or other addition to, or extension of, the roadway of any existing line, or part 35 of any such line, or of any bridge viaduct or other work, or that the laying of new rails or that any other repair, or alteration of any line or work vested in them is necessary for the continuance or renewal of the traffic—they shall without delay undertake, execute and carry out such reconstruction, repair or alteration.

40 (III) During any reconstruction, repair or alteration, the passenger and goods traffic may be conducted along temporary roadways, or otherwise, as the Commmissioners may deem best for the

public interest and safety.

24. The Commissioners shall not afford or give any undue or Commissioners not 45 unreasonable preference or advantage to any particular person, company, firm, corporation, or to any particular description of traffic, in any respect whatsoever; nor shall they subject any particular person, company, firm, corporation, or any particular description of traffic to any undue or unreasonable prejudice or disadvantage in any respect 50 whatsoever.

25. Notwithstanding anything in this Act contained, the special rules, &c. Commissioners may frame a special scale of tolls or charges for the conveyance of specific classes of produce or merchandize. Provided that the same charges shall apply alike to all corporations, companies, 55 associations and persons using the railways or tramways.

26. Subject to the provisions of this Act the Commissioners Commissioners to shall afford all reasonable, proper, and equal facilities for the inter-afford all reasonable change of traffic between the respective lines of railway vested in change of traffic, &c. them; and for the receiving, forwarding, and delivery of passengers 5 and goods to and from such lines.

27. Each of the persons hereinafter mentioned shall be entitled Issue of free passes. to receive from the Commissioners and to hold, and use a free pass which shall authorize the holder to travel free on all railways and tramways vested in the Commissioners, but which shall in no case be

10 transferable; viz.:-

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(1) Every Member of the Legislative Council.

(a) Every pass issued to a Member of such Council shall be issued in the name of the person entitled to the same.

(b) Every such pass shall be forthwith returned to the Commissioners by the holder thereof or his agent or personal representative on his ceasing to be a member of such Council.

(II) Every Member of the Legislative Assembly.

(a) The free pass to be issued to such Member shall be issued to him in the name of the electorate which he has been

elected to represent.

(b) Every such pass shall be returned to the Commissioners by the Member holding the same if the seat of such Member shall have been rendered vacant by his resignation or other act having the effect of vacating his seat in the Legislative Assembly under the law in force for the time being so soon as his successor shall have been elected.

(c) The passes issued by the Governments of other Colonies to members of the respective Parliaments of those Colonies shall be recognized and held to admit the holders thereof

to travel upon the railways of New South Wales.

(d) Any free pass granted for life or for any fixed period at the time of the passing of this Act, shall not be affected by these provisions.

(III) Every person who has held any of the offices enumerated in Schedule A hereto, and whether before or after, or partly before and partly after the commencement of this Act.

(a) Every such pass shall be issued in the name of the person entitled and shall be available during the term of his life, and shall bear on the face of it the name in full of the person to whom it is granted.

(IV) Any person of distinction visiting the Colony or officially engaged in some public duty which renders it necessary for him to travel by railway, or who may have rendered some

important public service to the Colony.

(a) No such pass shall be issued for a period exceeding one calendar month.

(v) Every free pass issued under this section shall, in respect to the holder of such pass, and his personal representatives, be accompanied by, and entail, the like rights, remedies, obligations, and liabilities (except in respect of the payment of money therefor) as if the said pass had been a ticket issued to such holder for a money consideration.

28. The Commissioners shall be the authority to decide on the Powers of position character and suitableness of all stations, station platforms, lines in construction. 55 gate-houses, station-yards, sheds, piers, wharves, jetties required for or in connection with any railway hereafter to be constructed, and although such railway may not be constructed by them, or of any other building, siding, platform or work for the accommodation of the passengers stock or goods to be carried on such railway.

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29. Before the second reading in the Legislative Assembly of any Commissioners to bill authorizing the construction of new lines of railway, the Com-prepare estimate of missioners shall transmit to the Minister of the Minist missioners shall transmit to the Minister a statement under their seal showing their estimate of the traffic on each proposed new line, and any 5 other returns likely to be derived therefrom, and the Minister shall before such second reading lay the same upon the table of the Assembly.

30. The Commissioners may use locomotive engines and other Commissioners to motive or tractive power, and draw or propel thereby carriages employ locomotive and waggons and may carry and convey upon the railways all 10 such passengers and goods as shall be offered for that purpose, and May demand toll.

may demand reasonable tolls and charges in respect thereof. Subject Tolls to be charged to the provisions of this Act, all such tolls shall, at all times, be equally under like circumstances. charged equally to all persons, and after the same rate, whether per Prin. Act s. 100. ton, per mile or otherwise, in respect of all passengers and of all goods 8 Vic. c. 20 s. 86.

15 or carriages of the same description, and conveyed or propelled by a like carriage or engine passing over the same portion of the line of railway and under the same circumstances; and no reduction or advance in any such tolls shall be made, either directly or indirectly, in favour of or against any particular company or person travelling 20 upon or using the Railway.

31. The tolls shall be paid to such persons, and at such places, Tolls to be paid as upon or near to the railways, and in such manner, and under such Prin. Act s. 104. 8 Vic. c. 20 s. 96. regulations as the Commissioners shall appoint.

32. If, on demand, any person fail to pay the tolls due in respect In default of paycarriage or goods, the Commissioners may;—

The default of payment of tolls goods &c. may be detained 25 of any carriage or goods, the Commissioners may;-

(I) Detain and sell such carriage, or all or any part of such goods; and sold. (II) If the same shall have been removed from the railway 8 Vic. c. 20 s. 97. premises, detain and sell any other carriages or goods within

such premises belonging to the person liable to pay such tolls; 30 And, in either case, out of the moneys arising from the sale, retain the tolls payable as aforesaid, and all charges and expenses of such detention and sale, rendering the surplus, (if any,) of the moneys arising by such sale, and such of the carriages or goods as shall remain unsold, to the person entitled thereto,

(III) Recover any such tolls by action at law.

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33. Every person being the owner or having the care of any Account of lading carriage or goods passing or being upon any Railway, shall on demand, &c. to be given. give to the collector of tolls, at the places where he attends, for the 8 Vic. c. 20 s. 98, purpose of receiving goods or of collecting tolls, for the part of the 40 Railway on which such carriage or goods may have travelled or be

about to travel, an exact account in writing signed by him of; (I) The number or quantity of goods conveyed by any such carriage, (ii) The point on the Railway from which such carriage or goods have set out or are about to set out,

(III) At what point the same are intended to be unloaded or taken off the Railway.

(IV) If the goods, conveyed by any such carriage or brought for conveyance as aforesaid, be liable to the payment of different tolls, then such owner or other person shall specify the respective numbers or quantities thereof liable to each or any of such tolls.

34. If any such owner, or person as in the last preceding section Penalty for not mentioned in contravention of the requirements thereof giving account (I) Fail to give an account:

Prin. Act s. 107 (II) Fail to produce his way-bill or bill of lading to such collector, 8 Vic. c. 20 s. 99. or other officer or servant of the Commissioners, demanding the same;

(III) Give a false account;

(IV) Unload or take off any part of his lading or goods at any other place than shall be mentioned in such account, with intent to avoid the payment of any tolls payable in respect thereof;

5 He shall for every such offence forfeit to the Commissioners a sum not exceeding ten pounds for every ton of goods, or for any parcel not exceeding one hundredweight, and so in proportion for any less quantity of goods than one ton, or for any parcel exceeding one hundredweight, (as the case may be,) which shall be upon any such

10 carriage; and such penalty shall be in addition to the toll to which such goods may be liable.

35. If any dispute arise—

(I) Concerning the amount of the tolls due to the Commissioners, chargeable.

Disputes as to amount of tolls chargeable.

(ii) Concerning the charges, occasioned by any detention or sale Prin. Act s. 108. thereof under the provisions herein contained,the same shall be settled by a Magistrate or two Justices, and the Commissioners may, in the meanwhile, detain the goods or retain the

proceeds of the sale thereof. 36. If any difference arise between any toll collector or other Differences as to 20 officer or servant of the Commissioners and any owner of or person weights &c. having the charge of any carriage passing or being upon any Railway, 8 Vic. c. 20 s. 101. or any goods conveyed or to be conveyed by such carriage,-respecting the weight, quantity, quality or nature of such goods, such collector or other officer may lawfully detain such carriage or goods, and

25 examine, weigh, gauge or otherwise measure the same;

If upon such measuring or examination,

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(1) Such goods appear to be of greater weight or quantity, or of other nature than shall have been stated in the account given thereof, the person, who shall have given such account shall pay, and the owner of such carriage or the respective owners of such goods shall also, at the option of the Commissioners, be liable to pay, the costs of such measuring and examining.

(II) If such goods appear to be of the same or less weight or quantity than, but of the same nature as, shall have been stated in such account, the Commissioners shall pay such costs, and they shall also pay to such owner of or person having charge of such carriage, and to the respective owners of such goods such damage (if any) as shall appear to any Justice, on a summary application to him for that purpose, to have arisen from such detention.

40 37. If at any time it be made to appear to any Justice, upon Toll collector to be the complaint of the Commissioners, that any such detention, measuring liable for wrongful detention of goods. or examining of any carriage or goods, as hereinbefore mentioned was-Prin. Act s. 110. without reasonable ground; or was vexatious on the part of such 8 Vic. c. 20 s. 102.

45 collector or other officer; such collector or officer shall himself pay the costs of such detention and measuring, and the damage occasioned thereby; and in default of immediate payment of any such costs or damage, the same may be recovered by distress of the goods of such collector, and such Justice shall issue his warrant accordingly.

(I) Travel or attempt to travel in any carriage employed on any gers practising frauds
Railway without having provided by the Committee of the Railway without having previously paid his fare, and with sioners. intent to avoid payment thereof, or

(II) Having paid his fare for a certain distance, knowingly and 8 Vic. c. 20 s. 103. wilfully proceed in any such carriage beyond such distance, without previously paying the additional fare for the additional distance, and with intent to avoid payment thereof, or

(III) Knowingly and wilfully refuse or neglect, on arriving at the point to which he has paid his fare, to quit such carriage; 22-B

Prin. Act s. 111.

(IV) Knowingly and wilfully travel, or attempt to travel in any carriage, of a superior class to that which his ticket entitles him to use, with intent to avoid payment of the additional fare; Every such person shall, for every such offence, forfeit to the Com-

5 missioners a sum not exceeding forty shillings.

39. If any person be discovered either in the act of or after Detention of committing or of attempting to commit any such offence as in the offenders. preceding enactment mentioned, all officers and servants and other 8 Vic. c. 20 s. 104. persons on behalf of the Commissioners, and all constables, gaolers

10 and peace officers may lawfully apprehend and detain such person until he can conveniently be taken before some Justice, or until he be otherwise discharged in due course of law.

40. (1) No person shall be entitled to carry, or to require the Bringing dangerous Commissioners to carry, upon any Railway, any aqua-fortis, oil of goods on the Railway. 15 vitriol, gunpowder, lucifer matches or any goods whatsoever which, in Prin. Act s. 113. the judgment of the Commissioners or their officers, may be of a 8Vic. c. 20 s. 105. dangerous nature.

(II) If any person send by any Railway any such goods, without distinctly marking their nature on the outside of the package 20 containing the same, or otherwise giving notice in writing, at the time of sending the same, to the bookkeeper or other servant of the Commissioners, with whom the same are left, he shall forfeit to the Commissioners a sum not exceeding fifty pounds for every such offence.

(III) The Commissioners may refuse to take any parcel 25 which they may suspect to contain goods of a dangerous nature, or may require any parcel to be opened, so that the nature of the contents may be ascertained.

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(I) Appoint places as depôts for the receipt and delivery of and delivery of parcels or passengers' luggage to be formed by parcels or passengers' luggage to be forwarded to or received from any railway;

(II) Contract with any person for the carriage of such parcels, or and may contract for of passengers' luggage to and from any railway station or loading or unloading

35 (III) Instead of loading or unloading goods on or from any truck, shed or vessel by temporary day labour, invite public tenders on such terms and conditions as they think fit for the performance of such work, for a period not exceeding one year; and shall have power to accept the lowest eligible tender, or 40 invite fresh tenders, and may make a contract with the person whose tender is accepted.

42. The Commissioners may apply in writing to the Minister Commissioners to refor additional stores, plant, material, rolling-stock, stations, sheds and quisition for rolling-stock &c. other accommodation which, in the opinion of the Commissioners, may 45 be required to enable them to meet the traffic requirements, or ensure

the efficient working of the railways.

43. The Commissioners may lease any refreshment-room, shed, Commissioners may office, shop, stall, coal gears, sites for storage or for erecting sheds, rooms &c. right of entrance into any station by any public vehicle, right of 50 advertising, or other convenience or appurtenance to any of the railways, for such term and at such rent as they may determine.

44. In the first month in each quarter of every year the Com-Commissioners' missioners shall report in writing to the Minister-

arterly report to Minister.

(I) The state of the traffic returns, with the approximate cost and earnings of trains per ton, per train mile, in respect of goods and passengers respectively, carried during the past quarter;

(II) The general condition of the lines and accommodation for the traffic;

(III)

(III) The special rates, if any, which have been made, and the reasons for making such rates;

(IV) The appointments and removals of employés with the cir-

cumstances attending each case;

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5 Such reports shall be laid before Parliament, if Parliament be in Session, and if not, then within seven days after the commencement of the Session next ensuing.

45. The Commissioners shall prepare—

Commissioners' (I) An annual report of their proceedings, and an account of all annual report to Parliament. moneys received and expended during the preceding year. Such annual report shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament in the month of January in each year if Parliament be then sitting, otherwise, within one month after the commencement of the Session next ensuing.

(II) Estimates, in such form as the Governor may direct, of receipts, and expenditure for each period of twelve months ending

on the thirtieth day of June in each and every year.

46. The several lines of telegraphic communication belonging Working of the to the Commissioners or which are worked under the direction, telegraphs vested in 20 or on behalf of the Commissioners, may be used by them—

(I) For the transmission of messages in relation to the working of the railways;

(II) So far as is consistent with the due and efficient working of the railways, for the transmission of messages by the public.

25 All such messages as last aforesaid shall be transmitted by the officers and employés on behalf of the Commissioners, as agents of the Postmaster-General; and there shall be demanded and received, in respect of such last-mentioned messages, such fees, rates and dues as may for the time being be lawfully demanded or received by the

30 Postmaster-General, in respect of lines of telegraphic communication under his control; and, save as aforesaid, the Commissioners shall not transmit or permit the transmission of messages on behalf of the public through their wires. The sum to be paid by the Postmaster-General to the Commissioners for the transmission of messages as

35 aforesaid, may be either a lump sum or a percentage on the gross sum received by the Postmaster-General from the Commissioners, in respect of such transmission, or may be determined in such other way as may be agreed upon between the Postmaster-General and the Commissioners.

47. (I) The Commissioners in their corporate name may contract Commissioners may 40 for the execution of any work authorized by this or any other Act to make contracts &c. be executed by them, or for furnishing materials or labour, or for providing locomotive engines or other motive or tractive power, or for any other matters and things whatsoever, necessary for enabling them to carry the purposes of such Act into full effect, in such manner and 45 upon such terms for such sum and under such stipulations, conditions

and restrictions as the Commissioners think proper. (II) Every such contract shall be in writing, and shall specify the work to be done, the materials to be furnished, and the price to be paid for the same, and the time within which the work is 50 to be completed, and the materials to be furnished, and the penalties to be suffered in case of non-performance thereof; and every such contract may, if the Commissioners think fit, comprise several works and may in every case specify the person to whose satisfaction the work or works is or are to be completed or the material furnished, and 55 the mode of determining any dispute which may arise concerning, or in consequence of, such contract.

(III) The Commissioners shall not enter into any such contract for the supply, either directly or indirectly, from places outside

New South Wales, of materials, locomotive engines or other motive or tractive power, or of any other matter or thing without the sanction of the Governor.

48. The Commissioners and the Postmaster-General may enter Power for Commis-5 into, alter and rescind contracts and agreements, with respect to the sioners and Post-master-General to receipt, carriage and conveyance of letters, newspapers, parcels and make contracts. newspapers, and or with respect to any other matter or thing in relation to the postal service; also, with respect to the working of any of the lines of telegraphic communication of the Postmaster-General by the

10 Commissioners, and generally with respect to telegraphs and the transmission of telegraphic messages.

49. In case any difference shall arise between the Commissioners How differences to and the Postmaster-General, with regard to the terms and conditions be determined. on which any contract or agreement should be made or otherwise in

15 relation thereto, the same shall be determined by the Governor.

50. The Commissioners, at a meeting specially called for that Commissioners may purpose, may compound and agree with any person who has entered compound for into any contract in pursuance of or under the authority of this Act, or against whom any action or suit is brought for any penalty contained

20 in any such contract, or in any bond, or other security for the performance thereof, or for or on account of any breach or non-performance of any such contract, bond or security, for such sum of money or other consideration as the Commissioners think proper.

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PART III.

Investigation of Accidents.

51. Whenever, upon or about any railway, or any works, building Accidents to be or place of any kind whatsoever, used or connected with any railway, reported to the Minister. any such accident as hereinafter specified takes place in the course of 34 and 35 Vic. c. 78 30 working such railway viz.:-

(a) Any accident attended with loss of life or personal injury to any person-

(b) Any collision where one of the trains is a passenger train—

(c) Any passenger train or portion thereof accidentally leaving the

(d) Any accident of a kind not comprised in the foregoing descriptions, but which has caused or might have caused loss of life or personal injury—

The Commissioners shall-

(I) Cause the earliest information by telegraph, post or otherwise to be forwarded to the Minister.

(II) Appoint such officer or officers as they may think fit to hold an inquiry into the matter.

(III) As soon as practicable after such inquiry, send to the Minister full information of the accident and the report of such officers.

52. Where it appears to the Minister, either before or after the Governor may direct commencement of any such inquiry, that a more formal investigation formal investigation. of the accident, and of the causes thereof, and of the circumstances Ib. s. 7. attending the same, is expedient, he shall notify the same to the 50 Governor, and the Governor may, by order, direct such investigation to be held; and with respect to such investigation the following provisions shall have effect:

(I) The Governor may, by the same or any subsequent order, direct Persons by whom the a District Court judge, stipendiary or police magistrate, or inquiry is to be other

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Government Railways.

other person or persons, named in the same or any subsequent order, to hold such investigation with the assistance of the assessors named in the order;

- (II) The person or persons holding any such formal investigation Inquiry to be held (hereinafter referred to as the Court) shall hold the same in open Court, in such manner, and under such conditions as he or they may think most effectual for ascertaining the causes and circumstances of the accident, and enabling him or them to make the report in this section mentioned;
- 10 (III) The Court shall, for the purposes of such investigation, have Powers of persons all the powers of a Court of Petty Sessions acting in the conducting inquiry. exercise of its ordinary jurisdiction, and,

(a) May enter and inspect any place or building, the entry May personally and inspection whereof appears to such Court requisite inspect. for the said purpose.

(b) May by summons under their hand require the Call witnesses &c. attendance of all such persons as the Court thinks fit to call, and examine the same, and may require answers or returns to such inquiries as the Court thinks fit to make.

(c) May require and enforce the production of all books, Call for production papers and documents which the Court considers of books &c. important.

(d) May administer an oath, and require any person Administer oaths. examined to make and sign a declaration of the truth of the statements made by him in his examination.

(e) Every person so summoned, not being a person engaged Expenses of witin the Railway service or otherwise connected with it, nesses. shall be allowed such expenses as would be allowed to a witness attending on subpœna before the Supreme Court; and in case of dispute as to the amount to be allowed, the same shall be referred by the Court to the Prothonotary of the Supreme Court, who, on request by the Court, shall ascertain and certify the proper amount of such expenses.

(IV) The Court, after holding an investigation concerning any Persons holding accident, shall make a report to the Governor stating the inquiry to make report to Governor. causes of the accident, and all the circumstances attending the same, and any observations thereon, or on the evidence, or on any matters arising out of the investigation, which the Court thinks right to make.

PART IV.

By-Laws &c.

53. The Commissioners may make by-laws for all or any of the By-laws may be 45 subjects or matters hereinafter mentioned, and may impose penalties made. not exceeding twenty pounds, upon any person committing a breach of any of such by-laws—

(I) For fixing the amount of fares for the conveyance of passengers, and the charges for the carriage of animals, goods and parcels, and the circumstances and conditions under which the Commissioners will make special rates for the carriage of goods in quantities;

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Government Railways.

(II) For preventing the commission of any nuisance in or upon the carriages, or in any of the stations, buildings, piers, wharves or jetties vested in the Commissioners;

(III) For preventing the emptying of sewage or drainage on to any of the railways, or on to any lands, stations, buildings, piers, wharves or jetties vested in the Commissioners;

(IV) For regulating the exercise of the several powers vested in any pier-master, wharfinger or berthing master;

(v) For regulating the admission of vessels to any pier, wharf or jetty hereinbefore mentioned, and their removal from the same, and for the good order and government of such vessels, whilst at such pier, wharf or jetty;

(VII) For regulating the use of any such pier, wharf or jetty; (VII) For regulating the shipping, unshipping, landing, warehousing, stowing, depositing and removing of all goods from or at

any such station, building, pier, wharf or jetty;
(VIII) For regulating the conduct of all persons, (not being any
officer of the Marine Board, or of the Department of Harbours
and Rivers, or of the Customs,) while upon or in any such
station, building, pier, wharf or jetty, or while employed at

or near the same;
(IX) For regulating, subject to the approval of the Marine Board, the use of fires and lights within or on board any vessel being at any such pier, wharf or jetty;

(x) For preventing damage or injury to any vessel or goods at any such station, building, pier, wharf or jetty;

(XI) For regulating the duties and conduct of porters, cabmen, carmen, draymen and carriers, (not being employés of the Commissioners,) employed at any such station, building, pier, wharf or jetty, and fixing the charges to be paid to them for carrying any passengers, goods, articles or things from or to the same;

(XII) For fixing the amount of tolls to be paid by any vessel using any such pier, wharf or jetty, or any crane, the property of the Commissioners; and for fixing the amount of tolls to be paid on goods brought to or taken from any vessel using any such pier, wharf or jetty, by lighter or other vessel;

(XIII) For fixing the amount of tolls upon animals and goods received or delivered upon or from any such pier, wharf or jetty;

(XIV) For regulating generally the travelling or traffic upon, or using or working of the railways, and of the stations, buildings, piers, wharves and jetties hereinbefore mentioned; and for the good government and maintenance of order thereon:

(xv) For specially regulating the conduct of the traffic during any reconstruction or repair of any railway or tramway;

(XVI) For regulating the terms and conditions upon which special trains will be run;

(XVII) For regulating the admission of the public to any of the railways, and to any of the stations, buildings, piers, wharves or jetties, hereinbefore mentioned; and for fixing a charge therefor, or for dispensing with the same on certain days or for certain times;

(XVIII) For regulating the use of stamps as pre-payment upon parcels;

(XIX) For regulating the sale of tickets at places, other than railway stations, and the conditions under which such tickets shall be sold;

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(xx) For fixing demurrage charges, where goods are to be loaded into or discharged from trucks by owners, consignors or consignees;

(XXI) For fixing the charges for warehousing goods, and the charges to be paid in respect of parcels and luggage left for transit or for care or custody, and the conditions upon which they respectively will be received;

(XXII) For regulating the disposal of unclaimed goods;

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(XXIII) For imposing conditions upon which passengers luggage will be carried;

(XXIV) For preventing or regulating bathing or fishing in, or shooting over or upon, any reservoir or tank connected with any of the railways;

(xxv) For regulating the carriage of corpses, and for prohibiting the carriage or conveyance of the bodies of persons who have died from any contagious disease;

(XXVI) For prohibiting the carriage or conveyance of diseased animals, and preventing them from coming upon any station or premises;

(XXVII) For preventing damage or injury to railway stations, buildings, piers, wharves, jetties, premises, carriages, gates, fences or any property whatever;

(XXVIII) For the issue of free passes on the railways;

(XXIX) For regulating public or private traffic across any of the said railways, on the level thereof, and for preventing animals from trespassing on any of the railways;

(xxx) For altering or repealing any by-laws made heretofore with regard to the railways;

(XXXI) For regulating the manner in which public notices shall be advertised, and generally with regard to advertising in newspapers and elsewhere;

(XXXII) For facilitating and regulating the insurance of persons, travelling on the lines of railway, by any Accident Insurance

Company now or hereafter to be formed.

54. (1) No such by-law shall have any force or effect unless By-law of Commisthe same has been approved by the Governor, and has been published sioners to be approved by for at least three clear days in the Gazette. for at least three clear days in the Gazette.

(II) The Commissioners shall cause the substance of such by-laws, and a list of any tolls, fares and charges from time to time 40 imposed thereby, to be painted upon or to be printed and affixed to boards in large and legible characters, and shall cause such boards to By-laws to be be exhibited in some conspicuous place in or on every station, pier, published. jetty, wharf or other place where such tolls, fares or charges, or any of them are payable, and according to the nature and character of such 45 by-laws respectively, so as to give public notice thereof; and shall cause every such board from time to time to be renewed, if destroyed or

defaced. 55. The exhibiting on boards of the substance of such by-laws, Evidence of publicaand lists of tolls, fares and charges, shall be deemed to have been complied tion. 50 with, if it be proved that, at the time of any alleged breach, a board was exhibited in accordance with the provisions of this section, at the station, pier, wharf, jetty or other place where tolls, fares or charges were payable, nearest to the place where such breach took place. production of the Gazette, containing such by-law shall be primá facie

55 evidence that such by-law has been duly made and confirmed, and that it is still in force.

56. The rules, regulations and by-laws in force at the passing Certain rules regulaof this Act in respect of the Government Railways and Tramways shall tions and by-laws to remain in force. be read and construed as if the Authority therein named had been

therein

therein expressed to be "the Commissioners" appointed under this Act. Such rules, regulations and by-laws shall be deemed to have been made under the authority of this Act, and shall be and continue to be in full force and effect until altered or repealed by rules, regula-5 tions or by-laws made under the authority of this Act.

57. When the breach of any by-law would be attended with Summary interferdanger or annoyance to the public, or hindrance to any of the ence in certain cases employés in the lawful use of any of the railways, or of any pier, wharf, jetty, station, yard or building, such employés or any of them may 10 summarily interfere to obviate or remove such danger, annoyance or hindrance, and that without prejudice to any penalty incurred by the breach of such by-law.

PART V.

Appointment Promotion and Discipline in, and Regulation of, Railway 15 Service.

58. The Governor may appoint for each branch of the Railway Governor to appoint Service competent persons, to be Examiners of candidates for perma-Examiners. nent employment in such branch and of employés who are candidates for promotion to the higher grades in such service Provided that 20 such Examiners shall not hold office longer than three years from the date of appointment, but shall be eligible for reappointment.

59. Whenever the Commissioners require additional permanent Notice of examinaofficers, they shall give public notice thereof three times in a Sydney tion for perm daily paper, which shall state the qualifications required and the 25 branches for which such additional officers are required, and shall also state the time and place of examination. The Commissioners shall so arrange the times and places when and where candidates are to comply with the conditions of employment provided in this Act, and to undergo examination, that persons residing in country districts 30 shall have reasonable facilities for being examined in the district in which they reside.

60. All persons employed in the Railway Service except super-Permanent numeraries shall be deemed to be employed in a permanent office. employment and appointment of No person shall be employed in the Railway service as a supernumerary supernumeraries.

35 for a longer period in all than six months in any one year except persons employed as day labourers; and no person who has been so employed shall be again employed as a supernumerary until a period of six months has elapsed from the termination of the period during which he was so employed. The Commissioners shall cause to be kept 40 a special record of all appointments of supernumeraries, and of the

circumstances under which their services were deemed necessary, of the periods during which they were respectively employed, and of the payments received by them respectively; and a copy of such record shall be sent to the Minister at the end of every three months.

61. No person shall be appointed as an additional permanent Certificate. 45 officer who has not obtained a certificate of fitness from the Examiners (which they are hereby empowered to issue).

62. If a greater number of candidates than are required by the Order of precedence Commissioners for appointment obtain certificates from the Examiners, determined. 50 the Commissioners shall appoint as many persons as are required, in such grades and to such situation as they may consider best. The persons in excess of the number required by the Commissioners shall be eligible for appointment for a period of twelve months then next ensuing from the date of such determination without further examination.

63. All appointments shall be made to the lowest grade in each Appointments how to of the various branches of the Railway service and on probation only for a period of six months. After the period of such probation, and upon production of a certificate of fitness from the officer at the head 5 of the branch in which such probationer was employed, and upon proof to the satisfaction of the Commissioners that all the provisions of this Act have been complied with, such appointments may be confirmed by the Commissioners. The Commissioners shall, notwithstanding, have the power to appoint to any position or grade, if they 10 think fit, without examination as aforesaid, persons of known ability

not engaged in the Railway service. No such appointment shall be made unless the Commissioners shall have previously certified under their seal to the Governor that there is no person in the Railway service fit and qualified to be promoted to such appointment, and shall

15 have obtained his sanction to such appointment.

64. No probationer's appointment shall be confirmed until he Appointee to effect has effected, in some life insurance company carrying on business in an insurance on his this Colony, an insurance on his life providing for the payment of a sum

of money at his death, should it occur before the age of retirement 20 from the Railway service; or, if he survive until that age, of a sum of money or annuity on the date of such retirement. Such insurance shall be continued, and the amount thereof fixed and increased, from time to time, in the prescribed manner, and no policy of insurance so effected shall, during the time such person remains in the Railway 25 service, be assignable either at law or in equity.

65. When any vacancy occurs in any branch of the Railway How promotions service not open for competitive examination as hereinafter provided, made. it shall be filled, if possible, by the promotion of some officer next in rank, position or grade, to the vacant office; and no such officer shall

30 be passed over unless the head of his branch, in writing, so advise the Commissioners. No officer shall be passed over without being allowed to show cause, in the prescribed manner, to the Commissioners, whose decision upon the matter shall be final.

66. Whenever promotions to the higher grades of the Railway Competitive 35 service are to be made, the Commissioners shall cause competitive examinations. examinations to be held by the Examiners; and the names of the candidates who have satisfied the Examiners that they possess the necessary qualifications shall be registered by the Commissioners, in a book kept for that purpose, in the order of their merit. And no 40 promotions to the offices open to competitive examination shall be made except from the persons whose names are so registered, and in the order of such registration, taking the name first registered and

following in regular order. 67. The officer at the head of any branch of the Railway Gratuities and over-

45 service may, if he thinks fit, certify that in his opinion any officer in time payments. his branch is entitled to a gratuity or to a payment for overtime work; but no gratuity or payment for overtime work shall be paid upon such certificate without the authority of the Commissioners.

68. The officer at the head of each branch of the Railway service Power to fine or 50 shall, in the prescribed manner, have the power with respect to any employé. employé in his branch who has been guilty of misconduct or of breaking any rule by-law or regulation of the Railway service-

(I) To suspend him;

(II) To fine him in a sum not exceeding five pounds;

55 (III) To reduce him in rank, position or grade, and pay; But every such employé shall have the right of appeal to the Commissioners. 22-C

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69. Any officer in charge of a railway station may temporarily Employés guilty of suspend at such station any employé of inferior rank, position or grade misconduct how to his own until the effect of the dealt with. to his own, until the officer at the head of such employe's branch has dealt with the suspension of such employé. Any charge brought 5 against any employé, for the breach of any rule, by law or regulation, or for misconduct, may be investigated and dealt with by the Commissioners, who may suspend such employé; or, if he have been already suspended, may further suspend him for a period not exceeding six months, without salary or wages, or may inflict a fine to be deducted from his pay, or may

10 dismiss him; and their decision shall be final. 70. No officer or employé under the Commissioners shall be Employés not subliable to dismissal or any disability for refusing, on conscientious ject to dismissal for grounds to work on any Sunday except in cases of pages ity. Such refusing to work on grounds, to work on any Sunday except in cases of necessity. Such sunday.

officer or employé to be subject to a proportionate reduction in his 15 salary or wages on account of such refusal, provided always that such provision shall not apply to any officer or employé whose duties do not require him to work on Sunday.

71. The three Commissioners shall hear, and a majority of such Commissioners to Commissioners shall determine, any appeal made by an employé hear appeals. 20 against the adoption or confirmation of the advice or decision of the officer at the head of his branch, with regard to his right to promotion, or with respect to any charge made against such employé, or with respect to any penalty imposed by such officer; and may confirm or modify such decision, or make such order as they think fit; and their decision

25 shall be final. Every such appeal shall be heard within thirty days from the date of the appeal being lodged with the Commissioners.

72. If any officer or employé be convicted of any felony or Forfeiture of office infamous offence, or become insolvent, or apply to take the benefit of in certain cases. any Act now or hereafter to be in force for the relief of insolvent 30 debtors, or, by any deed or other writing, compound with his creditors, make an assignment of his salary for their benefit, he shall be deemed to have vacated his office.

73. When any such officer or employé has vacated his office by Commissioners may reason of any such pecuniary embarrassment as aforesaid, if he prove to officer in the absence 35 the satisfaction of the Commissioners that such embarrassment has not of fraud. been caused or attended by any fraud, extravagance or dishonorable conduct, they may reinstate such officer or employé in his former, or any other inferior, position in the Railway service.

74. The Commissioners shall

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74. The Commissioners shall
(I) Keep a record of all persons in the Railway service, and shall of Railway service to be kept.

Record of particulars record therein the rank, position or grade, the length of service, salaries, and such other particulars with regard to such persons as they think fit;

(II) Cause entries to be made in such record of deaths, dismissals, resignations, promotions and reductions;

(III) In the month of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight, and in each and every third year thereafter, publish in the Gazette a list of persons employed in the Railway service up to the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year.

75. The Commissioners shall make regulations—

(I) For prescribing the qualifications required of all candidates respect of permanent for permanent employment in each of the various level appointments. for permanent employment in each of the various branches of the Railway service, and, if necessary, in each grade of such branches.

Regulations in

- (II) For the examination of candidates and the granting of certificates to them.
- (III) For determining the nature or character and extent of examinations or tests, according to the requirements of each of

the higher grades in the Railway service, which employés in the lower grades, desiring to compete for and to be promoted

to such higher grades, shall undergo.

(IV) For regulating the relative rank, position or grade in the duties and conduct of the employés in each of the various branches of the Railway service; and for determining which of such grades shall be deemed the higher and lower grades, respectively, in such Railway service.

(v) For regulating the duties to be performed by employés in the 10 Railway service, and the discipline to be observed in the performance of such duties, the granting of leave of absence from time to time, and arranging for the performance of duties during holidays, and for affixing to breaches of such regulations, according to the nature of the offences, such 15 penalties as by this Act are authorized.

(VI) For regulating and determining the scale on which employés in the various grades of the Railway service shall insure

their lives.

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(VII) For the hearing and determining of appeals.

(VIII) For altering or repealing any rules or regulations made before the passing of this Act with regard to railways or tramways.

(IX) For fixing the ages at which employés shall retire in the different branches of the Railway Service.

All such regulations, when confirmed by the Governor, shall have the 25 same force and effect as if they had been contained in this Act.

76. Nothing in this Act shall be held to, in any way interfere Right to sue. with the right of any employé to sue the Commissioners in any Court of Law, and this Act expressly reserves to every employé the right so to sue should he so desire. It shall not be within the powers of the

30 Commissioners to agree with the employés in their service to contract themselves out of the provisions of any Act of Parliament, or to compel them to forego any civil rights to which any Act of Parliament entitles them.

77. No regulation which the Commissioners are by this Act Alterations of 35 empowered to make, in any way altering or annulling any privileges regulations. or immunities, which their servants have previously enjoyed, or dealing in any way with hours of work or wages shall have any force or effect until the same is confirmed by the Governor in Council, nor until the said regulation has been published in the Government Gazette one 40 week.

78. The Commissioners shall not be deemed to be exempt from Rights under Emliability to any action which might be brought against an employer ployer's Liability Act under the "Employer's Liability Act."

79. The Commissioners shall in each annual report include a List of employés. 45 list of all employés admitted to the Service since the date of the former annual report, and likewise a list of all employés who may have left the Service during the like period, giving date of appointment, positions and rates of pay to which appointed, and date and cause of leaving in each case.

80. In all public inquiries and investigations into the cause of Rights of employés sident the employés shall have the right to be represented by one to be represented at any accident the employes shall have the right to be represented by one public inquiries. of their number, or by any person whom they may select to represent

their interests at such inquiry.

PART VI.

Miscellaneous Provisions-Penalties-Procedure &c.

81. The Commissioners shall cause all weights, measures, scales, Adjustment of balances, steelyards, beams and other weighing machines in use upon weights and measures on 5 any of the railways, or on any of the stations, piers, wharfs or jetties railways. vested in the Commissioners, to be from time to time adjusted by some officer appointed by the Commissioners, either on comparison with authorized copies of the standard weights and measures made under the Act or Acts in force for the time being relating to Weights and 10 Measures, or otherwise as the case may be; but, save as aforesaid,

nothing in the said Act or Acts contained shall apply to the railways or to any station, pier, wharf or jetty vested in the Commissioners.

82. The Commissioners shall publish the short particulars of Publication of the several offences, for which any penalty is imposed by this Act or penalties 15 by any by-law of the Commissioners, affecting other persons than the Prin. Act s. 134. 8 Vic. c. 20 s. 143. Railway officers or servants, and of the amount of every such penalty; and shall cause such particulars to be painted on a board, or printed upon paper and pasted thereon, and shall cause such board to be hung up or affixed in some conspicuous part of the principal place of business

20 of the Commissioners. When any such penalties are of local application they shall cause such boards to be affixed in some conspicuous place in the neighbourhood to which such penalties are applicable or have reference; and such particulars shall be renewed, as often as the same or any part thereof is obliterated or destroyed; and no such penalty 25 shall be recoverable, unless the requirements of this section have been

complied with.

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83. If any person pull down or injure any board put up or Penalty for defacing affixed, as required by this Act, for the purpose of publishing any boards used for by-law or penalty; or shall obliterate any of the letters or figures publication.

30 thereon, he shall forfeit, for every such offence, a sum not exceeding 8 vic. c. 20 s. 144. five pounds, and shall defray the expenses attending the restoration of such board.

84. If any person without reasonable excuse (proof whereof Disobedience of person summoned shall lie on him) does any of the following things, namely:-

(I) Having been summoned and having had the expenses (if any) to which he is entitled tendered to him, fails to attend as a witness before a court holding an investigation under this Act;

(II) Fails, when required by such court, in pursuance of this Act so to do, to make any answer or to give any return, or to produce any document, or to make or sign any declaration;

(III) Prevents or impedes such court in the execution of their

he shall, for every such offence, incur a penalty not exceeding ten 45 pounds; save that, in the case of a failure to give any return or produce any document, the said penalty shall not exceed ten pounds for every day that such failure continues; and where the offence consists of preventing or impeding as aforesaid, any member of such court, or any person called by him to his assistance, may seize and 50 detain the offender, until he can be conveniently taken before a Stipendiary or Police Magistrate to be dealt with according to law.

85. Before any person entrusted with the custody and control commissioners to of moneys, whether as collector, or other officer or servant of the Com- take security from officers entrusted missioners, enters upon his office, the Commissioners shall take suffi- with money.

55 cient security from him for the faithful execution of his office; and such security may be that of any incorporated company or guarantee society approved by the Commissioners in the prescribed manner.

86. If any collector of tolls or other officer employed by the Delivery of matters Commissioners be discharged or suspended from his office, or die, in possession or 60 abscond, or absent himself, and if such collector or other officer, or the collector at removal wife widow, or any of the family or representatives of any such collector Prin. Act s. 114. 8 Vic. c. 20 s. 106.

or

or other officer, refuse or neglect, after seven days notice in writing for that purpose, to deliver up to the Commissioners or to any person appointed by them for that purpose, any station, dwelling-house, office or other buildings with its appurtenances, or any books, papers or other 5 matters belonging to the Commissioners, in the possession or custody of any such collector or officer at the occurrence of any such event as aforesaid;—then, upon application being made by the Commissioners to any Justice, such Justice may order any constable, with proper assistance, to enter upon such station or other building, and remove 10 any person found therein, and take possession thereof and of any such

books, papers or other matters, and to deliver the same to the Commissioners or to any person appointed by such Justice for that purpose.

87. Every officer or servant employed by the Commissioners officers to account shall, from time to time, when required by the Commissioners, make out on demand. 15 and deliver to them or to any person appointed by them for that purpose, Prin. Act s. 119.

a true and perfect account in writing, under his hand, of all moneys received by him on behalf of the Commissioners, or by virtue of his employment; and such account shall state how, and to whom, and for what purpose, such moneys shall have been disposed of; and,

20 together with such account, such officer shall deliver the vouchers and receipts for such payments; and every such officer shall pay to the Commissioners, or to any person appointed by them to receive the same, all moneys which shall appear to be owing from him upon the balance of any such account.

88. If any such officer as last aforesaid fail

(I) To render such account or

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(II) To produce and deliver up all the vouchers and receipts relat- Prin. Act s. 120. ing to the same in his possession or power or

(III) To pay the balance thereof when thereunto required or (IV) Within three days after being thereunto required to deliver up to the Commissioners or to any person appointed by them to receive the same, all papers and writings, property, effects, matters and things in his possession or power relating to the execution of this act or belonging to the Commissioners:

Then, on complaint thereof being made to a Justice, such Justice shall summon such officer to appear before a Stipendiary or Police Magistrate, at a time and place to be set forth in such summons, to answer such charge; and upon the appearance of such officer, or in his absence,

40 upon proof that such summons was personally served upon him or left at his last known place of abode, such Magistrate may hear and determine the matter in a summary way, and may adjust and declare the balance owing by such officer; and if it appear either upon confession of such officer, or upon evidence, or upon inspection of the

45 account, that any public moneys which should be paid over to the Commissioners are in the hands of such officer or owing by him, such Magistrate may order such officer to pay the same; and if he fail to pay the amount it shall be lawful for such Magistrate to grant a warrant to levy the same by distress, or, if he think fit, to commit the 50 offender to gaol for a period not exceeding three months.

89. If any such officer or servant, on being so brought before Officers refusing to such Magistrate and being required so to do, refuse to make out such &c. to be imprisoned. account in writing, or to produce and deliver to the Magistrate the several Prin. Act s. 121. vouchers and receipts relating thereto, or to deliver up any books, papers

55 or writings, property, effects, matters or things in his possession or power belonging to the Commissioners, such Magistrate may lawfully commit such offender to gaol, there to remain until he shall have delivered up all the vouchers and receipts (if any) in his possession or power relating to such accounts, and shall have delivered up all books, papers, writings,

Summary remedy against parties failing to account.

writings, property, effects, matters and things (if any) in his possession or power belonging to the Commissioners, or which should be delivered

up to him by such officer or servant.

90. If the Commissioners or any person authorized by them Where officer about 5 shall make oath before a Justice that they or he has good reason to to abscond a warrant believe, upon grounds to be stated in the deposition, and do or does first instance. believe that it is the intention of any such officer, as aforesaid, to abscond, Prin. Act s. 122. or that he has absconded, the Justice before whom the complaint is made, may, if he think fit, issue a warrant in the first instance for

10 the bringing such officer or servant before any Stipendiary or Police Magistrate; but no person executing such warrant shall keep such officer or servant in custody longer than twenty-four hours, or such longer period as may be rendered necessary by the distance of the place of apprehension from the residence of the nearest or most 15 convenient Justice, without bringing him before some Justice; and

the Justice before whom such officer may be brought may either discharge such officer, if he think there is no sufficient ground for his detention, or order such officer to be detained in custody so as to be brought before such Stipendiary or Police Magistrate, at a time and 20 place to be named in such order, unless such officer give bail to the

satisfaction of such Justice for his appearance before such Magistrate to answer the complaint of the Commissioners. Provided nevertheless Sureties not to be that no such proceeding against, or dealing with, any such officer or discharged. servant, as aforesaid, shall deprive the Commissioners of any remedy

25 which he might otherwise have against such officer or any surety of

such officer.

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91. If any person employed by the Commissioners

(I) Exact, or take or accept on account of anything done by lose his office and to virtue of his office or in relation to the functions of the Complex guilty of a misvirtue of his office or in relation to the functions of the Com- be gunty of demeanour. missioners, any fee or reward whatsoever other than the salary, rewards or allowances allowed or sanctioned by Parliament or

(II) Be in anywise concerned or interested in any bargain or contract made by or on the behalf of the Commissioners, otherwise than as a member only, but not as a director or officer, of any registered, incorporated or joint stock company with whom any such bargain or contract may be made;

He shall be removed from office, and shall be incapable of being afterwards employed by the Commissioners, and shall also be guilty of

40 a misdemeanour.

92. If any engine-driver, waggon-driver, guard, porter, servant, Punishment of or other person employed upon the railway or in repairing and main-persons employed on taining the works of the said railway shall taining the works of the said railway shall

(I) Be found drunk whilst so employed upon the said railway; or Prin. Act s. 132. (II) Commit any offence against any of the regulations or

by-laws of the Commissioners or

(III) Wilfully, maliciously, or negligently do any act, or be guilty of any omission of duty, whereby the life or limb of any person passing along or being upon such railway or the works thereof, respectively, shall be or might be injured or endangered, or whereby the passage of any engine carriage or trains shall be or might be obstructed or impeded;

It shall be lawful for any railway officer or agent or any special constable duly appointed, and all such persons as any of them they may call 55 to his assistance, to seize and detain such engine-driver, guard, porter, servant, or other person so offending, or any person counselling, aiding or assisting in such offence, and to convey him with all convenient dispatch before any Stipendiary or Police Magistrate, without any other warrant or authority than this Act, to be dealt with according to law; 60 and every person so offending as aforesaid, and every person counselling

aiding

aiding or assisting therein, shall, upon conviction before such Magistrate, (upon a complaint in writing) be imprisoned, with or without hard labour, for any term not exceeding six months, or shall forfeit any sum not exceeding fifty pounds, and in default of payment thereof 5 shall be imprisoned, with or without hard labour, for such period, not exceeding six months, as such Magistrate shall appoint.

93. If any person shall

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(I) Wilfully obstruct any person acting under the authority of ing construction of the Commissioners in the lawful exercise of his power or

Penalty for obstruct-

(II) Pull up or remove any poles or stakes driven into the ground, 8 Vic. c. 20 s. 24. for the purpose of setting out any line of railway, or deface or 3 & 4 Vic. c. 97 s. 16. destroy any marks made for the same purpose or

(III) Wilfully obstruct or impede any officer or agent of the Government or of the Commissioners in the execution of his 15 duty upon any railway, or upon or in any of the stations or other works or premises connected therewith or

(IV) Wilfully trespass upon any such railway or any of the stations or other works or premises connected therewith;

Every person committing any such offence, and all others aiding or 20 assisting therein, shall forfeit to the Commissioners a sum not exceeding twenty pounds for every such offence.

94. If any person shall

Penalty on persons (I) Throw any gravel, stones or rubbish, or any matter or thing obstructing free course of Railway.

upon any part of a railway, or

(II) Drive or permit to wander, stray or be driven upon any such Prin. Act s.128. Railway or the approaches thereto, any horse, ass, sheep, swine, or other beast or cattle of any kind, or

(III) Do any other act, matter or thing to obstruct the free passage

of any such Railway or any part thereof;

30 Such person committing any such offence, and all others aiding or assisting therein, shall forfeit and pay for every such offence any sum not exceeding fifty pounds, and, in default of payment thereof, shall be imprisoned, with or without hard labour, for any period, not exceeding six months; and such penalty may be recovered before any 35 Stipendiary or Police Magistrate on complaint to them for that

purpose exhibited by any person on behalf of the Commissioners. 95. If any Commissioner shall become in anyway concerned or Penalty on Cominterested in any contract or agreement made by or on behalf of the interested in Commissioners, or shall in anywise participate or claim to be entitled contracts.

40 to participate in the profit thereof, or in any benefit or emolument arising therefrom, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and be liable, at the discretion of the Court, to a penalty not exceeding five hundred pounds, or to imprisonment for any term not exceeding three years, or to both such punishments.

96. If any person, not being one of the persons entitled under Fraudulent use of the provisions of this Act to claim, hold and use a free pass on the free passes.

railways

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(I) Shall travel or attempt to travel by virtue of any such free

(II) Shall at any time exhibit or show or carry any such free pass pretending to be the rightful possessor thereof, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanour, and be liable, at the discretion of the Court, to a penalty not exceeding five hundred pounds, or to imprisonment for any term not

exceeding two years, or to both such punishments.

97. It shall be lawful for any Railway officer or agent, and all Transient offenders. 55 persons called by him to his assistance, to seize and detain any person Prin. Act s. 138. who shall have committed any offence against the provisions of this 8 Vic. c. 20 s. 154. Act, and whose name and residence shall be unknown to such officer

or agent, and to convey him with all convenient dispatch before some Stipendiary or Police Magistrate, without any warrant or other authority than this Act; and such Magistrate shall proceed with all convenient dispatch to the hearing and determining of the complaint against such 5 offender.

98. Where in this Act any question of compensation, expenses, Method of proceed-charges, damages or other matter is referred to the determination of question of damages any one or more Justices, any Justice may, upon the application of &c. either party, summon the other party to appear before a Stipendiary or 8 Vic. c. 20 s. 142. 10 Police Magistrate, at a time and place to be named in such summons; and upon the appearance of such parties, or, in the absence of any of them, upon proof of due service of the summons, such Magistrate may

hear and determine such question, and for that purpose examine such parties or any of them and their witnesses on oath: and the cost of 15 every such inquiry shall be in the discretion of such Magistrate, and he shall determine the amount thereof.

99. Every penalty or forfeiture imposed by this Act or by any Penalties to be by-law made in pursuance thereof, the recovery of which is not other-summarily recovered. wise provided for, may be recovered by summary proceedings before 8 Vic. c. 20 s. 145.

20 any Stipendiary or Police Magistrate according to "The Justices' Act

of 1850" and the covered Act

of 1850" and the several Acts incorporated therewith.

accordingly.

100. If through any act, neglect or default whereby any person Damage to be made shall have incurred any penalty imposed by this Act, any damage good in addition to penalty. to any Railway or other property vested in the Commissioners shall Prin. Act s. 137. 25 have been committed by such person, he shall be liable to make 8 Vic. c. 20 s. 152. good such damage as well as to pay such penalty; and the amount of such damages shall in case of dispute be determined by the Magistrate, by whom the party incurring such penalty shall have been convicted; and on non-payment of such damages on demand the same shall be 30 levied by distress, and such Magistrate shall issue his warrant

101. If any party shall feel aggrieved by any determination Parties allowed to or adjudication of any Magistrate under the provisions of this Act, appeal to Quarter such party may appeal to the General or Quarter Sessions for the security. 35 district or place in which the cause of appeal shall have arisen; Prin. Act s. 139. but no such appeal shall be entertained unless it be made within 8 Vic. c. 18 s. 146 four months next after the making of such determination or adjudication, nor unless ten days notice in writing of such appeal, stating

the nature and grounds thereof, be given to the party against 40 whom the appeal shall be brought, nor unless the appellant, forthwith after such notice, enter into recognizances, with two sufficient sureties, before a Magistrate or any Justice, conditioned duly to prosecute such appeal and abide the order of the Court thereon.

102. At the General or Quarter Sessions for which such notice court to make such 45 shall be given the Court shall proceed to hear and determine the order as they think reasonable. appeal in a summary way, or they may, if they think fit, adjourn it to Prin. Act s. 140. the following Sessions; and upon the hearing of such appeal the Court s Vic. c. 20 s. 158. may, if they think fit, mitigate any penalty or forfeiture, or they may 8 Vic. c. 18 s. 147. confirm or quash the adjudication and order any money paid by the 50 appellant or levied by distress upon his goods to be returned to him, and also may order such further satisfaction to be made to the party

they may think reasonable. 103. Any summons, notice, writ, process, or document required Services of notices 55 to be served on the Commissioners pursuant to any Act or to any upon Commissioners. by-law or regulation, may be served upon the Solicitor to the Commissioners.

injured as they may judge reasonable; and they may make such order concerning the costs, both of the adjudication and of the appeal, as

104. (1) All actions to be brought against the Commissioners Actions against or against any person for anything done or purporting to have been conficers or officers. done under this Act shall be commenced within one year after the act complained of was committed;

(II) No writ shall be sued out against, nor any copy of any process served upon, the Commissioners or any person for anything done or purporting to have been done by them or him under this Act, until notice in writing of such intended writ or process has been delivered to them or him, or left at the office of the Solicitor to the 10 Commissioners, or at the usual place of abode of such person by the agent or attorney of the party who intends to cause the same to be sued out or served, at least one month before the suing out or

serving the same.

(III) Such notice shall clearly and explicitly set forth the 15 nature of the intended action and cause thereof, and on such notice shall be endorsed the name and place of abode of the party intending to bring such action, and the name and place of business of his attorney or agent;

(IV) The defendant in every such action may plead the Defendant may plead 20 general issue, and at the trial thereof give this Act and the special general issue.

matter in evidence.

105. If any person shall have committed any irregularity, trespass Tender of Amends. or other wrongful proceeding in the execution of this Act or by virtue Prin. Act s. 126. of any power or authority hereby given, and if before action brought in 8 Vic. c. 20 s. 135. 25 respect thereof such person make tender of sufficient amends to the

person injured, such last mentioned person shall not recover in any such action; and if no such tender shall have been made, the defendant may, by leave of the Court where such action shall be pending, at any time before issue joined, pay into Court such sum of money as 30 he shall think fit, and thereupon such proceedings shall be had as in other cases where defendants are allowed to pay money into Court.

106. Nothing in this Act shall prejudice or affect any officer or Saving of rights, &c. employé in the Railway or Tramway service who has been a contributor to the Superannuation Account, in respect of his right to any

35 compensation or retiring allowance under the provisions of the Civil Service or any other Act, or to any other rights privileges and im-

munities thereunder.

107. Upon the abolition of the office of Commissioner for Rail-Provision on abolition ways, the person holding that office at the time of such abolition shall of office of present he entitled to a rational all commissioner for 40 be entitled to a retiring allowance equal to three-fourths of his salary Railways. as such Commissioner. But, in the event of the said Commissioner accepting any office of profit under the Crown, such retiring allowance shall merge, or be reduced pro tanto during his tenure of such office, according as the salary or emoluments of the same are greater or less 45 than such retiring allowance.

SCHEDULE A.

Offices entitling persons to free passes for life:—

(1) The position of (a) head of an Administration or of Prime Minister, held for two years consecutively or in the aggregate; (b) The position of a Member of the Executive Council, so held for four years.

(11) The office of—
(a) Chief Justice, held for three years.
(b) Lieutenant-Governor, held for one year.
(c) President of the Legislative Council, held for one year. (d) Speaker of the Legislative Assembly, held for one year.

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(17) The defendant in every such notion may ploud the Defeated sorgificated marker in cyclence.

20 general issue, and at the trial thereof give this Act and the special grown selection of this Act on the special grown shall be vecenamisted any inegularity frespoise Todes of Lucus or other wronged proceeding in the execution of this Act or by viring Process and also of the power or and carry hereby given, and it before action brought in size a last years or increased such person make the such and it before action brought in size of a last years on injured such manking or such action shall not recover in any such action; and it no such tender of such action shall not recover in any such may, by leave the tender while there were not not continued any time before the Court whose such action shall be pending, at a go be shall think it, and thereupon shot proceedings shall be had as in other maces where metendants are allowed to pay money into Court.

103 to the family or transmy or transmy service who has been a contraction of the family of the respect of the process of the Court was family or transmy or transmy service who has been a contraction of the family of the respect of the process of the Court was and any contraction or the family at allowing or transmy service where they have not contraction of the family allowing or the process of the court of the family of the court, in respect of the right to any allowed.

Service or are now other testing allowing or not only the right to any and in-