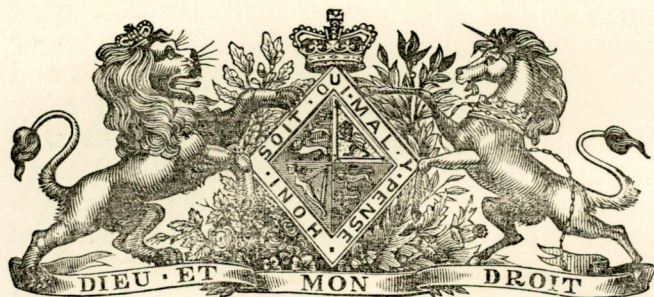


This PRIVATE BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

*Legislative Assembly Chamber,
Sydney, 9 April, 1884.* }

STEPHEN W. JONES,
Clerk of Legislative Assembly.

New South Wales.



ANNO QUADRAGESIMO SEPTIMO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

An Act to enable Alexander Munro to erect Gas-works in the Borough of Singleton and to regulate the establishment and carrying out of Gas-works in Singleton aforesaid and to regulate the sale supply and quality of the Gas to be supplied and for other purposes.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Borough of Singleton in the Preamble. Colony of New South Wales should be supplied and lighted with gas And whereas Alexander Munro of Greenwood Singleton hereinafter designated the promoter desires to establish and carry out works
5 for such purposes and other purposes incidental thereto in the said borough And whereas the Municipal Council of the said borough have at the request of the promoter and in consideration of the benefits to arise from the establishment and carrying out of such works consented to the vesting in the said promoter of all necessary powers and authorities
10 so far as the rights and interests of the said Municipal Council are concerned Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows:—
15 1. The promoter is hereby authorized and empowered by Authority to erect gasometers break up streets roads &c. himself his servants contractors agents and workmen from time to time to make erect sink lay place fit maintain and repair such retorts gasometers meters receivers cisterns engines machines cuts drains

Singleton Gas.

drains sewers watercourses pipes reservoirs buildings and other works and devices of such construction and in such manner as the promoter shall think necessary or proper for the purpose of carrying out the operations of the promoter in respect of and incidental to the making and supplying of gas in conformity with this Act and also for all such purposes to open and break up the soil and pavement of the several streets and bridges within the limits of the borough and suburbs aforesaid and to open and break up any sewers drains or tunnels within or under such streets and bridges and to erect posts pillars lamps lamp-irons and other apparatus in or upon the same streets and bridges or against any wall or walls erected on or adjoining to any of them and to dig and sink trenches and drains and to lay mains and pipes and put stop-cocks siphons plugs or branches from such mains or pipes in under across or along such streets and bridges and also with such consent as hereinafter mentioned to do the like in under across or along any private roads ways lanes passages buildings and places and from time to time to cut stop remove alter repair replace and relay such main-pipes stop-cocks siphons plugs branches or other apparatus Provided always that nothing in this section contained shall be deemed to authorize the promoter his servants contractors agents or workmen to enter into or upon any private lands buildings or places for any of the purposes aforesaid or to carry out thereon any work authorized by this Act without the previous consent in writing of the occupiers thereof but the promoter may at any reasonable time by himself his servants agents or workmen enter upon any land or place wherein any pipe has already been laid down or placed in pursuance of this Act and repair or alter the existing pipe or lay or place any new pipe in its stead And provided also that the promoter shall give forty-eight hours notice in writing to the Council Clerk of the Borough prior to the opening or breaking up as aforesaid of any street road pavement sewer drain or tunnel within the said Borough.

2. It shall be lawful for the promoter to contract with any person for supplying with gas any such person or any street way lane passage manufactory shop warehouse public or private house building or place and for such purpose from time to time to lay down carry fit up connect and furnish any pipe branch or burner lamp meter or other apparatus from or in connection with any main pipe or to lay down any new main which for such purposes may be required and to let any such apparatus for hire for such sum as may be agreed upon which sum may be recovered in like manner as any rent or remuneration for the supply of gas Provided always that in all cases where damage may be done by the promoter his agent workmen or others in the course of laying on or removing apparatus the said damage shall be made good at the expense of the promoter and in case he shall delay within a reasonable time to make good such damage the owner or occupier of such premises may make good the same and recover the expense thereof from the promoter in the same manner as is herein provided for the recovery of any sum of money payable under the provisions of this Act Provided also that if any owner or occupier of any building tenement or place or any person acting for him shall refuse reasonable access in pursuance of the provisions of this or the fifth section of this Act to the contractors agents workmen or servants of the promoter for the purpose of removing any such pipe burner meter or apparatus placed or introduced into any such building tenement or place by the promoter or shall prevent or obstruct such removal then the said owner occupier or person acting for him shall immediately make payment to the promoter for such pipe burner meter or apparatus and in default of his so doing within three days after demand thereof made at the same building tenement or place or the residence of the party it shall

Power to make contracts for supply of gas.

And carry out works for that purpose.

Occupier obstructing removal of apparatus.

Singleton Gas.

- shall be lawful for the promoter to make complaint thereof before any Justice of the Peace who may cause to be issued a summons to the person so making default calling on him to show cause before the nearest Court of Petty Sessions to where the building tenement or place is situated why he refuses to pay such demand and thereupon the said Court shall proceed to the adjudication and enforcement of such demand in the manner hereinafter set forth And if any person shall place or lay any pipe to communicate with any main-pipe meter or other apparatus already laid placed or erected by the said promoter or shall use additional burners or burners of larger dimensions or of other kind or description than that he has contracted with the promoter to use or shall keep the gas supplied by him burning for a longer time than he has contracted to pay for or shall supply any person with any of the gas supplied to him by the promoter without his consent in writing first obtained or if any person shall wantonly or maliciously hinder or interrupt the contractors workmen agents or servants of the promoter in legally doing or performing any of the acts aforesaid or in exercising the powers and authorities by this Act given or if any person shall wilfully negligently or accidentally do or cause to be done any injury or damage to any of the buildings machinery pipes burners lamps meters or apparatus of the promoter or remove the same or cause a waste or improper use of gas supplied by the promoter it shall be lawful for the promoter to make a complaint thereof before any Justice of the Peace who may cause to be issued a summons to the person so offending to appear before the Court of Petty Sessions nearest to the place where such offence shall be committed and being thereof lawfully convicted such person shall forfeit and pay to the promoter any sum not exceeding five pounds over and above all damages done and over and above all costs such sum to be ascertained by such Court and to be enforced by distress and all proceedings under this Act not herein expressly provided for shall be regulated and conducted in accordance with the Acts in force for the time-being respecting summary proceedings before Justices of the Peace and the provisions of such Acts shall so far as the same are applicable be enforced and observed in all proceedings under this Act not herein expressly provided for.
3. No pipe burner lamp meter or other apparatus of the promoter being set up in any building tenement or place shall be subject to distress for rent or shall be taken in execution under any process or proceeding of any Court of Law or Equity or under any proceedings in insolvency save so far as any process or proceedings against the promoter are concerned.
4. When and so often as the promoter his servants contractors agents or workmen shall have opened broken up or removed the soil or pavement of any street or bridge as aforesaid or shall have opened or broken up any sewers drains or tunnels within or under any such streets or bridges the promoter shall make all reasonable despatch in performance of the work to be done and shall on completion of such work forthwith carry away all rubbish and waste or surplus material and reinstate such pavement stone or other material and render such street or bridge and every such sewer drain and tunnel within or under the same as nearly as possible in the same condition as it was in previously to the disturbance thereof and during the continuance of such work and until such reinstatement the promoter shall set up sufficient barriers and keep lights burning at night in order to prevent accidents And also when and so often as any gas pitch waste tar waste liquid or other things shall escape or flow from any pipe receivers or drain being part of or incidental to the works to be erected under this Act so as to contaminate the air or any stream spring
- Fraudulent use of gas obstruction of workmen damages to apparatus.
- Apparatus not liable for distress execution &c.
- Materials of streets &c. broken to be replaced.
- Barriers and lights to be kept up.
- Nuisances.

Singleton Gas.

spring or other watercourse or body of water natural or artificial and render the same unhealthy or offensive or unfit for use it shall be lawful for any person to give notice thereof in writing to the promoter who shall immediately take the most speedy and effectual measures to prevent or remedy the same and if the promoter shall make default in any of the matters so required by him to be performed it shall be lawful for any person to lodge complaint thereof before any Justice of the Peace who may summon the promoter before the nearest Court of Petty Sessions and on proof of such default the said Court of Petty Sessions shall order and direct that the said matters shall be done by the promoter within a reasonable time to be named by such Court and in default of compliance with such order any Justice of the Peace on proof of such default on the part of the promoter and on proof that the complainant or any other person has performed the said work so to be done and of the costs charges and expenses attending the same shall issue a distress warrant against the goods and chattels of the promoter for any amount not exceeding the said charges and expenses and the cost of prosecuting such complaint to be paid to the person performing the said work as aforesaid.

5. The price for the gas shall at no time exceed thirteen shillings and sixpence per thousand cubic feet and the gas supplied shall be absolutely free from sulphuretted hydrogen and shall be of such minimum quality as to produce from an Argand burner having fifteen holes and a seven-inch chimney consuming five cubic feet of gas per hour a light equal in intensity to the light produced by fifteen sperm candles of six in the pound burning one hundred and twenty grains per hour.

Price purity and illuminating power of the gas.

6. The promoter shall within twelve months after receiving notice from the Borough Council put up at some testing place to be provided by the said Council within the Borough suitable apparatus for the purposes following:—

Provision for testing.

- (1.) For testing the illuminating power of the gas supplied.
- (2.) For testing the presence of sulphuretted hydrogen in the gas supplied. The said apparatus shall be in accordance with the Schedule hereunto annexed and shall at all times be kept and maintained in good repair and working order by the promoter.

35

7. The Borough Council may from time to time appoint a competent and impartial person to be gas examiner to test the gas at the testing place who shall test the illuminating power and purity of the gas supplied on any or every day and the promoter may be represented at the testing if he shall think fit but shall not be entitled either by himself or his representative to interfere in the testing.

Appointment of gas examiner.

8. The gas examiner shall on the day immediately following that on which the testing was made by him deliver to the Borough Council a report of such testing and shall deliver a copy thereof to the promoter and such report shall be receivable in evidence.

Gas examiner to report &c.

9. Any gas examiner appointed by the Borough Council shall be paid a salary not exceeding one hundred pounds per annum which shall be paid one moiety by the Council and the other moiety by the promoter.

Gas examiner how paid.

10. No meter shall be used for ascertaining the quantity of gas sold by the promoter unless the same shall have its measuring capacity at one revolution or complete action of the meter and also the quantity per hour it is intended to measure in cubic feet or multiples or decimal parts of a cubic foot denominated or marked on the outside thereof in legible letters or figures and shall have been tested and stamped as correct by the English Warden of standards.

Meters.

11. An inspector of meters may from time to time be appointed by the Borough Council and the said Inspector shall at all

Borough Council may appoint inspector of meters.

Singleton Gas.

all times when authorised by the Council on the application and at the expense of any consumer of gas supplied by the promoter be entitled to inspect and test the meters erected by the promoter in the premises of the person making such request after giving forty-eight hours
 5 notice of such intended inspection to the promoter and before such inspection the person requiring the same shall deposit in the hands of the Inspector all moneys due or appearing to be due by such person to the promoter on account delivered and in case such deposit shall be in excess of the sum found to be due to the promoter such excess shall
 10 be returned to the consumer.

12. No meter which shall have been fixed by the promoter for use before the expiration of one year of the time when this Act comes into operation shall be allowed to remain in use after the expiration of five years from that time unless it shall have been tested and stamped
 15 as by this Act directed and no meter once tested and stamped under the provisions of this Act shall be allowed to remain in use for more than five years from the time when it shall have been last so stamped unless and until it shall have been retested and restamped in manner aforesaid and whenever the promoter shall knowingly allow any meter
 20 to be used in contravention of this section he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding forty shillings for every such offence.

13. After the expiration of one year from the time when this Act comes into operation the legal standard or unit or measure for the sale of the promoter's gas by meter shall be the cubic foot containing
 25 sixty-two and three hundred and twenty-one thousandths (62·321) pounds avoirdupois weight of distilled or rain water weighed in air at the temperature of sixty-two degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer the barometer being at thirty inches.

14. If any person shall forge or counterfeit or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited or knowingly act or assist in the forging or counterfeiting any stamp which may hereafter be used for the stamping of any meter under this Act every person so offending shall for every such offence be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds or less than ten pounds and if any person shall knowingly sell utter
 30 or dispose of let lend or expose for sale any meter with such forged stamp thereon every person so offending shall for every such offence be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten pounds or less than forty shillings and all meters having forged or counterfeited stamps thereon shall be forfeited and destroyed.

15. All gas supplied by the promoter shall except in case of accident be supplied at such pressure as to balance from midnight to sunset a column of water not less than six-tenths of an inch in height and to balance from sunset to midnight a column of water not less than one inch in height.

16. It shall be lawful for the promoter to cut off and take away the supply of gas from the building tenement or other place of every person or body making default in payment after giving twenty-four hours notice to the occupier and thenceforth to discontinue the supply of gas contracted for with the promoter by such person or body and to enter by himself his agents or workmen into such building tenement
 50 or place between the hours of nine in the forenoon and four in the afternoon and remove and carry away any pipe burners lamp meter or other apparatus the property of the promoter and the promoter shall have the like powers with regard to cutting off taking away and discontinuing the supply of gas in the case of the building tenement or place of any person who shall have been lawfully convicted as hereinbefore provided of any fraudulent injury to any meter or apparatus on such premises or fraudulent use of the gas of the promoter And in case any person who shall contract with the promoter or agree to take or shall take or use
 55 the

Regulation of meters.

Legal standard.

Forging stamps.

Pressure of gas.

Power to cut off gas of defaulter.

Remedy for recovery of rents of gas.

Singleton Gas.

the gas of the promoter in any building tenement or place or otherwise shall refuse or neglect to pay the sum or sums of money then due under his or their contract for the same to the promoter according to the terms and stipulations thereof it shall be lawful for the promoter
 5 to make complaint of such refusal or neglect before any Justice of the Peace who may cause to be issued a summons to the party so refusing or neglecting calling on him or them to show cause before the Court of Petty Sessions in the police district in which such building tenement or place is situated or such user took place why he or they refuses or
 10 refuse to pay such sum or sums and thereupon the said Court shall proceed to the adjudication of the said complaint and enforcement of the said demand and costs charges and expenses incurred in the prosecution thereof by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the person so refusing or neglecting to pay.

15 17. The clerk engineer or other officer duly appointed for such purpose by the promoter may at all reasonable times enter any building tenement or place lighted with gas supplied by the promoter in order to inspect the pipes burners lamps meters or other apparatus of or connected with the works of the promoter to regulate the supply of
 20 gas or to ascertain the quantity of gas consumed or supplied and if any person shall hinder any such officer as aforesaid from so entering or making such inspection as aforesaid at any reasonable time such person shall for every such offence forfeit and pay to the promoter a sum of money not exceeding five pounds to be awarded and recovered
 25 by the promoter in like manner as the penalties aforesaid.

Right of officer to enter premises.

18. Any person may appeal from the judgment or conviction of
 any Court of Petty Sessions under this Act in the form and manner set forth in the Act fifth William the Fourth number twenty-two.

Appeal.

30 19. Nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to prevent any person from indicting or otherwise proceeding either civilly or criminally against the promoter for nuisance or otherwise in respect of the works or means used or employed by the promoter in exercising the privileges hereby conferred or to prevent the promoter or any person from recovering any sum of money or otherwise proceeding in any
 35 Court of competent jurisdiction but the promoter or any person to whom any penalty or sum of money may by the provisions of this Act be awarded may elect either to proceed in manner in this Act provided or to proceed for damages or otherwise in any Court of competent jurisdiction nor shall anything herein contained limit or in any manner
 40 affect the right of any municipality or of any other person or company hereafter empowered by the Legislature to supply gas to the said borough of Singleton or other place or to exercise any power which it may be deemed expedient or necessary to grant for that purpose.

General rights against promoter reserved.

45 20. Provided always that if within two years after the passing of this Act the promoter shall not supply at a price agreed upon by the promoter and the Borough of Singleton or if no such price shall be or
 have been agreed upon then at a reasonable price gas of a good quality and in sufficient quantity to light the roads and streets in Singleton and all houses and buildings situate therein or if the promoter shall after the
 50 said period of two years fail so to supply gas for any period exceeding twenty days then and in either of such cases all the powers hereby vested in the promoter shall thereupon cease and determine.

If works not constructed and gas supplied within two years powers to cease.

21. The following words and expressions shall in this Act have
 the respective meanings hereby assigned to them unless there be some-
 55 thing in the context repugnant to such construction The word "promoter" shall mean the said Alexander Munro his representatives or assigns owners for the time-being of the Singleton Gas-works The expression "Singleton Gas-works" shall mean the gas-works and the works connected therewith by this Act authorized to be constructed

Interpretation clause.

The

Singleton Gas.

The word "street" shall include any square court or alley highway lane road thoroughfare or other passage or place within the limits of this Act. The expression "Borough" shall comprise all lands lying within the limits of the Borough of Singleton. Provided that it shall
 5 be lawful for the Governor at any time by proclamation in the *Gazette* to order that this meaning of the expression last aforesaid may for the purposes of this Act be extended to include any such other place or places as in such proclamation may be named and defined.

22. Nothing contained in this Act shall prevent the said Gas-
 10 works being brought under the provisions of any general Act which may be passed by the Parliament of New South Wales applying equally to Companies engaged in the manufacture of gas in the said Colony with reference to the manufacture and sale of gas nor entitle
 15 the said promoter to compensation from the public revenue by reason of the provisions of such general Act for the purpose aforesaid being made applicable to and binding upon the said promoter.

Gas-works may be brought under general Act.

23. This Act may be cited as the "Singleton Gas Act of 1884." Short title.

Faint, illegible text at the top of the page, possibly a header or introductory paragraph.

The South Islands



A line of faint text, likely a subtitle or a section heading, positioned below the central illustration.

VICTORIE REGINE

Il est à regret que l'histoire de la conquête de la Nouvelle-Calédonie, et plus particulièrement de la conquête de la Grande Terre, n'ait pas été écrite par un témoin oculaire. Les récits qui nous restent sont donc essentiellement des récits de seconde main, et leur valeur historique est en conséquence limitée.

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1883-4.

Legislative Council.

SINGLETON GAS BILL.

(*New Clause and Schedule to be proposed by MR. JACOB in Committee of the Whole.*)

New clause to stand as clause 21 :—

21. If it shall be proved to the satisfaction of any two Justices ^{General penalty.} of the Peace in Petty Sessions assembled that the promoter or any of his officers have been guilty of any default under this Act not otherwise provided for under this Act they shall be liable for each and every such default to a penalty not exceeding five pounds to be recovered in a summary way.

SCHEDULE.

PART I.

1. *Regulations in respect of testing apparatus.*

(a) The apparatus for testing the illuminating power of the gas shall consist of the most improved form of photometer known together with a proper meter minute clock governor pressure gauge and balance The burner to be used for testing the gas shall be an Argand burner having fifteen holes and a seven-inch chimney The candle used for testing the gas shall be sperm candles of six to the pound and two candles shall be used together.

2. *The apparatus.*

(b) For testing the presence in the gas of sulphuretted hydrogen A glass vessel containing a strip of bibulous paper moistened with a solution of acetate of lead containing sixty grains of crystallized acetate of lead dissolved in one fluid ounce of water.

PART II.

1. *Rules as to mode of testing gas.*

(a) Mode of testing for illuminating power The gas in the photometer is to be lighted at least fifteen minutes before the testings begin and it is to be kept continually burning from the beginning to the end of the tests.

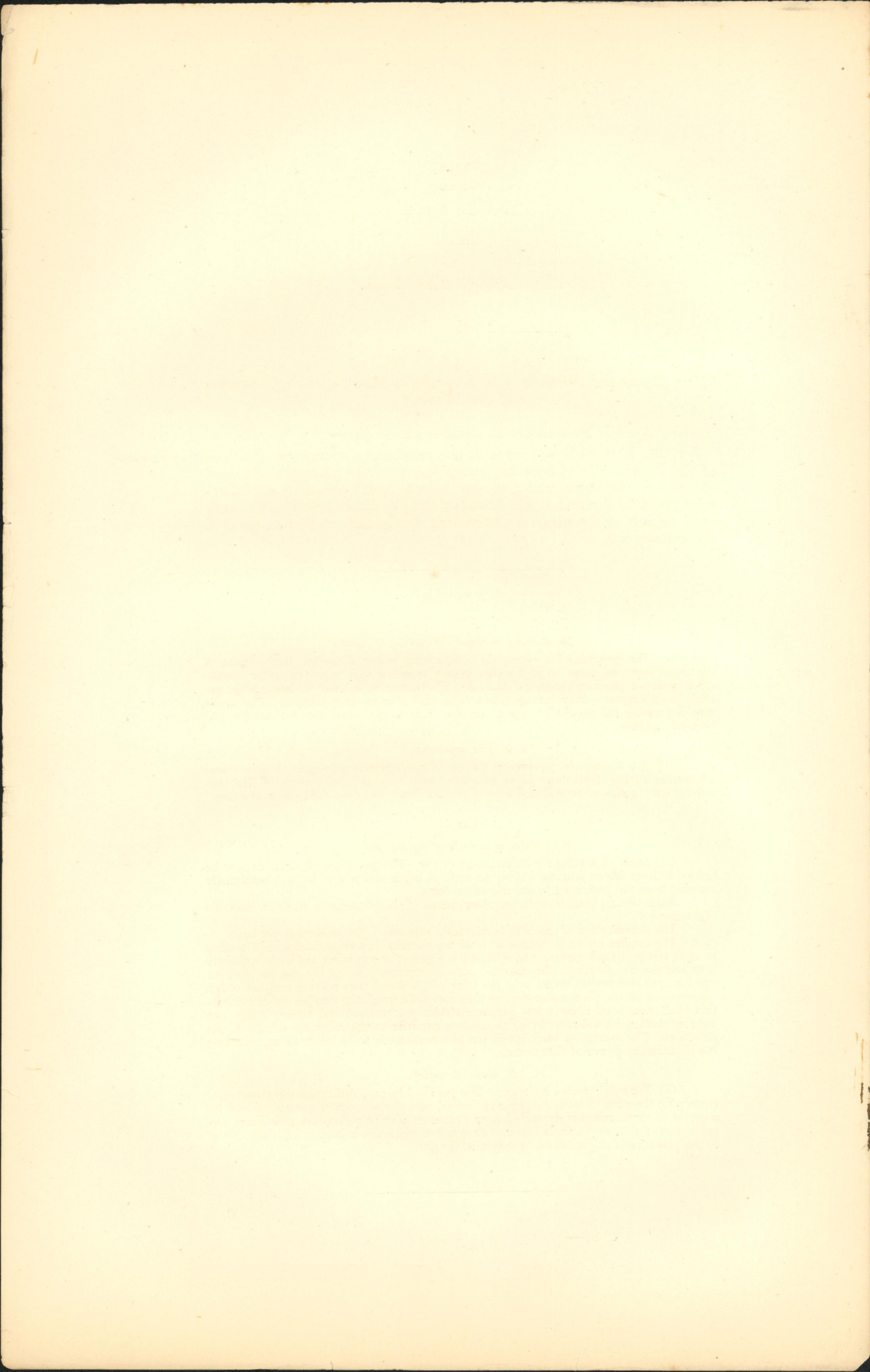
Each testing shall include ten observations of the photometer made at intervals of a minute.

The consumption of gas is to be carefully adjusted to five cubic feet per hour.

The candles are to be lighted at least ten minutes before beginning each testing so as to arrive at their normal rate of burning which is shown when the wick is slightly bent and the tip glowing The standard rate of consumption for the candles shall be one hundred and twenty grains each per hour Before and after making each set of ten observations of the photometer the gas examiner shall weigh the candles and if combustion shall have been more or less per candle than one hundred and twenty grains per hour he shall make and record the calculations requisite to neutralize the effects of this difference The average of each set of ten observations is to be taken as representing the illuminating power of that testing.

2. *Mode of testing.*

(b) For sulphuretted hydrogen The gas shall be passed through the glass vessel containing the strip of bibulous paper moistened with the solution of acetate of lead for a period of three minutes or such longer period as may be prescribed and if any discoloration of the test paper is found to have taken place this is held to be conclusive as to the presence of sulphuretted hydrogen in the gas.



SINGLETON GAS BILL.

Schedule of the Amendments referred to in Message of 30th April, 1884.

- Page 2, clause 2, line 51. *Omit "fifth" insert "sixteenth"*
Page 6, clause 20. *After clause 20 insert new clause 21.*
Page 7, clause ~~21~~ **22**, line 11. *After "Singleton" omit Proviso.*
„ clause ~~23~~ **24**. *After clause ~~23~~ **24**, insert Schedule.*
-

This PRIVATE BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

*Legislative Assembly Chamber,
Sydney, 9 April, 1884. }*

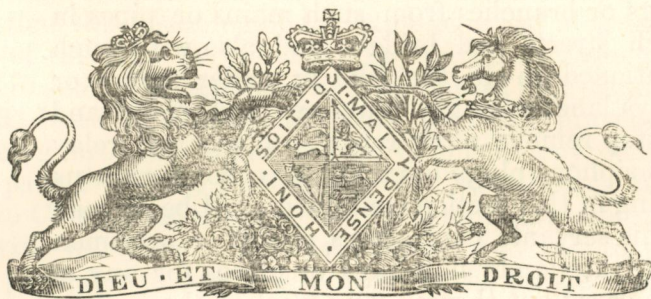
STEPHEN W. JONES,
Clerk of Legislative Assembly.

The LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL has this day agreed to this Bill with Amendments.

*Legislative Council Chamber,
Sydney, 30th April, 1884. }*

JOHN J. CALVERT,
Clerk of the Parliaments.

New South Wales.



ANNO QUADRAGESIMO SEPTIMO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

An Act to enable Alexander Munro to erect Gas-works in the Borough of Singleton and to regulate the establishment and carrying out of Gas-works in Singleton aforesaid and to regulate the sale supply and quality of the Gas to be supplied and for other purposes.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Borough of Singleton in the Colony of New South Wales should be supplied and lighted with gas And whereas Alexander Munro of Greenwood Singleton hereinafter designated the promoter desires to establish and carry out works for such purposes and other purposes incidental thereto in the said borough And whereas the Municipal Council of the said borough have at the request of the promoter and in consideration of the benefits to arise from the establishment and carrying out of such works consented to the vesting in the said promoter of all necessary powers and authorities so far as the rights and interests of the said Municipal Council are concerned Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows :—

1. The promoter is hereby authorized and empowered by himself his servants contractors agents and workmen from time to time to make erect sink lay place fit maintain and repair such retorts gasometers meters receivers cisterns engines machines cuts drains

Authority to erect gasometers break up streets roads &c.

NOTE.—The words to be omitted are ruled through ; those to be inserted are printed in black letter.

Singleton Gas.

drains sewers watercourses pipes reservoirs buildings and other works and devices of such construction and in such manner as the promoter shall think necessary or proper for the purpose of carrying out the operations of the promoter in respect of and incidental to the making and supplying of gas in conformity with this Act and also for all such purposes to open and break up the soil and pavement of the several streets and bridges within the limits of the borough and suburbs aforesaid and to open and break up any sewers drains or tunnels within or under such streets and bridges and to erect posts pillars lamps lamp-irons and other apparatus in or upon the same streets and bridges or against any wall or walls erected on or adjoining to any of them and to dig and sink trenches and drains and to lay mains and pipes and put stop-cocks siphons plugs or branches from such mains or pipes in under across or along such streets and bridges and also with such consent as hereinafter mentioned to do the like in under across or along any private roads ways lanes passages buildings and places and from time to time to cut stop remove alter repair replace and relay such main-pipes stop-cocks siphons plugs branches or other apparatus Provided always that nothing in this section contained shall be deemed to authorize the promoter his servants contractors agents or workmen to enter into or upon any private lands buildings or places for any of the purposes aforesaid or to carry out thereon any work authorized by this Act without the previous consent in writing of the occupiers thereof but the promoter may at any reasonable time by himself his servants agents or workmen enter upon any land or place wherein any pipe has already been laid down or placed in pursuance of this Act and repair or alter the existing pipe or lay or place any new pipe in its stead And provided also that the promoter shall give forty-eight hours notice in writing to the Council Clerk of the Borough prior to the opening or breaking up as aforesaid of any street road pavement sewer drain or tunnel within the said Borough.

2. It shall be lawful for the promoter to contract with any person for supplying with gas any such person or any street way lane passage manufactory shop warehouse public or private house building or place and for such purpose from time to time to lay down carry fit up connect and furnish any pipe branch or burner lamp meter or other apparatus from or in connection with any main pipe or to lay down any new main which for such purposes may be required and to let any such apparatus for hire for such sum as may be agreed upon which sum may be recovered in like manner as any rent or remuneration for the supply of gas Provided always that in all cases where damage may be done by the promoter his agent workmen or others in the course of laying on or removing apparatus the said damage shall be made good at the expense of the promoter and in case he shall delay within a reasonable time to make good such damage the owner or occupier of such premises may make good the same and recover the expense thereof from the promoter in the same manner as is herein provided for the recovery of any sum of money payable under the provisions of this Act Provided also that if any owner or occupier of any building tenement or place or any person acting for him shall refuse reasonable access in pursuance of the provisions of this or the ~~fifth~~ **sixteenth** section of this Act to the contractors agents workmen or servants of the promoter for the purpose of removing any such pipe burner meter or apparatus placed or introduced into any such building tenement or place by the promoter or shall prevent or obstruct such removal then the said owner occupier or person acting for him shall immediately make payment to the promoter for such pipe burner meter or apparatus and in default of his so doing within three days after demand thereof made at the same building tenement or place or the residence of the party it shall

Power to make contracts for supply of gas.

And carry out works for that purpose.

Occupier obstructing removal of apparatus.

Singleton Gas.

shall be lawful for the promoter to make complaint thereof before any Justice of the Peace who may cause to be issued a summons to the person so making default calling on him to show cause before the nearest Court of Petty Sessions to where the building tenement
 5 or place is situated why he refuses to pay such demand and thereupon the said Court shall proceed to the adjudication and enforcement of such demand in the manner hereinafter set forth And if any person shall place or lay any pipe to communicate with any main-pipe meter or other apparatus already laid placed or erected by the said
 10 promoter or shall use additional burners or burners of larger dimensions or of other kind or description than that he has contracted with the promoter to use or shall keep the gas supplied by him burning for a longer time than he has contracted to pay for or shall supply any person with any of the gas supplied to him by the promoter
 15 without his consent in writing first obtained or if any person shall wantonly or maliciously hinder or interrupt the contractors workmen agents or servants of the promoter in legally doing or performing any of the acts aforesaid or in exercising the powers and authorities by this Act given or if any person shall wilfully negligently
 20 or accidentally do or cause to be done any injury or damage to any of the buildings machinery pipes burners lamps meters or apparatus of the promoter or remove the same or cause a waste or improper use of gas supplied by the promoter it shall be lawful for the promoter to make a complaint thereof before any Justice of the Peace who may
 25 cause to be issued a summons to the person so offending to appear before the Court of Petty Sessions nearest to the place where such offence shall be committed and being thereof lawfully convicted such person shall forfeit and pay to the promoter any sum not exceeding five pounds over and above all damages done and over and above all
 30 costs such sum to be ascertained by such Court and to be enforced by distress and all proceedings under this Act not herein expressly provided for shall be regulated and conducted in accordance with the Acts in force for the time-being respecting summary proceedings before Justices of the Peace and the provisions of such Acts shall so far as
 35 the same are applicable be enforced and observed in all proceedings under this Act not herein expressly provided for.

3. No pipe burner lamp meter or other apparatus of the promoter being set up in any building tenement or place shall be subject to distress for rent or shall be taken in execution under any process or
 40 proceeding of any Court of Law or Equity or under any proceedings in insolvency save so far as any process or proceedings against the promoter are concerned.

4. When and so often as the promoter his servants contractors agents or workmen shall have opened broken up or removed the soil
 45 or pavement of any street or bridge as aforesaid or shall have opened or broken up any sewers drains or tunnels within or under any such streets or bridges the promoter shall make all reasonable despatch in performance of the work to be done and shall on completion of such work forthwith carry away all rubbish and waste or surplus
 50 material and reinstate such pavement stone or other material and render such street or bridge and every such sewer drain and tunnel within or under the same as nearly as possible in the same condition as it was in previously to the disturbance thereof and during the continuance of such work and until such reinstatement the promoter
 55 shall set up sufficient barriers and keep lights burning at night in order to prevent accidents And also when and so often as any gas pitch waste tar waste liquid or other things shall escape or flow from any pipe receivers or drain being part of or incidental to the works to be erected under this Act so as to contaminate the air or any stream
 spring

Fraudulent use of gas obstruction of workmen damages to apparatus.

Apparatus not liable for distress execution &c.

Materials of streets &c. broken to be replaced.

Barriers and lights to be kept up.

Nuisances.

Singleton Gas.

spring or other watercourse or body of water natural or artificial and render the same unhealthy or offensive or unfit for use it shall be lawful for any person to give notice thereof in writing to the promoter who shall immediately take the most speedy and effectual measures to
 5 prevent or remedy the same and if the promoter shall make default in any of the matters so required by him to be performed it shall be lawful for any person to lodge complaint thereof before any Justice of the Peace who may summon the promoter before the nearest Court of Petty Sessions and on proof of such default the said Court of Petty
 10 Sessions shall order and direct that the said matters shall be done by the promoter within a reasonable time to be named by such Court and in default of compliance with such order any Justice of the Peace on proof of such default on the part of the promoter and on proof that the complainant or any other person has performed the said work so
 15 to be done and of the costs charges and expenses attending the same shall issue a distress warrant against the goods and chattels of the promoter for any amount not exceeding the said charges and expenses and the cost of prosecuting such complaint to be paid to the person performing the said work as aforesaid.

20 5. The price for the gas shall at no time exceed thirteen shillings and sixpence per thousand cubic feet and the gas supplied shall be absolutely free from sulphuretted hydrogen and shall be of such minimum quality as to produce from an Argand burner having fifteen holes and a seven-inch chimney consuming five cubic feet of
 25 gas per hour a light equal in intensity to the light produced by fifteen sperm candles of six in the pound burning one hundred and twenty grains per hour.

Price purity and illuminating power of the gas.

6. The promoter shall within twelve months after receiving notice from the Borough Council put up at some testing place to be
 30 provided by the said Council within the Borough suitable apparatus for the purposes following :—

Provision for testing.

(1.) For testing the illuminating power of the gas supplied.

(2.) For testing the presence of sulphuretted hydrogen in the gas supplied The said apparatus shall be in accordance with the
 35 Schedule hereunto annexed and shall at all times be kept and maintained in good repair and working order by the promoter.

7. The Borough Council may from time to time appoint a
 40 competent and impartial person to be gas examiner to test the gas at the testing place who shall test the illuminating power and purity of the gas supplied on any or every day and the promoter may be represented at the testing if he shall think fit but shall not be entitled either by himself or his representative to interfere in the testing.

Appointment of gas examiner.

8. The gas examiner shall on the day immediately following
 45 that on which the testing was made by him deliver to the Borough Council a report of such testing and shall deliver a copy thereof to the promoter and such report shall be receivable in evidence.

Gas examiner to report &c.

9. Any gas examiner appointed by the Borough Council shall
 50 be paid a salary not exceeding one hundred pounds per annum which shall be paid one moiety by the Council and the other moiety by the promoter.

Gas examiner how paid.

10. No meter shall be used for ascertaining the quantity of gas
 sold by the promoter unless the same shall have its measuring capacity at one revolution or complete action of the meter and also the quantity per hour it is intended to measure in cubic feet or multiples or decimal
 55 parts of a cubic foot denominated or marked on the outside thereof in legible letters or figures and shall have been tested and stamped as correct by the English Warden of standards.

Meters.

11. An inspector of meters may from time to time be ap-
 pointed by the Borough Council and the said Inspector shall at
 all

Borough Council may appoint inspector of meters.

Singleton Gas.

all times when authorised by the Council on the application and at the expense of any consumer of gas supplied by the promoter be entitled to inspect and test the meters erected by the promoter in the premises of the person making such request after giving forty-eight hours
 5 notice of such intended inspection to the promoter and before such inspection the person requiring the same shall deposit in the hands of the Inspector all moneys due or appearing to be due by such person to the promoter on account delivered and in case such deposit shall be in excess of the sum found to be due to the promoter such excess shall
 10 be returned to the consumer.

12. No meter which shall have been fixed by the promoter for
 use before the expiration of one year of the time when this Act comes
 into operation shall be allowed to remain in use after the expiration of
 five years from that time unless it shall have been tested and stamped
 15 as by this Act directed and no meter once tested and stamped under
 the provisions of this Act shall be allowed to remain in use for more
 than five years from the time when it shall have been last so stamped
 unless and until it shall have been retested and restamped in manner
 aforesaid and whenever the promoter shall knowingly allow any meter
 20 to be used in contravention of this section he shall be liable to a
 penalty not exceeding forty shillings for every such offence.

13. After the expiration of one year from the time when this
 Act comes into operation the legal standard or unit or measure for the
 sale of the promoter's gas by meter shall be the cubic foot containing
 25 sixty-two and three hundred and twenty-one thousandths (62·321)
 pounds avoirdupois weight of distilled or rain water weighed in air at
 the temperature of sixty-two degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer the
 barometer being at thirty inches.

14. If any person shall forge or counterfeit or cause or procure
 30 to be forged or counterfeited or knowingly act or assist in the forging
 or counterfeiting any stamp which may hereafter be used for the
 stamping of any meter under this Act every person so offending shall
 for every such offence be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds
 or less than ten pounds and if any person shall knowingly sell utter
 35 or dispose of let lend or expose for sale any meter with such forged
 stamp thereon every person so offending shall for every such offence
 be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten pounds or less than forty
 shillings and all meters having forged or counterfeited stamps thereon
 shall be forfeited and destroyed.

15. All gas supplied by the promoter shall except in case of
 40 accident be supplied at such pressure as to balance from midnight to
 sunset a column of water not less than six-tenths of an inch in height
 and to balance from sunset to midnight a column of water not less
 than one inch in height.

16. It shall be lawful for the promoter to cut off and take away
 45 the supply of gas from the building tenement or other place of every
 person or body making default in payment after giving twenty-four
 hours notice to the occupier and thenceforth to discontinue the supply
 of gas contracted for with the promoter by such person or body and to
 50 enter by himself his agents or workmen into such building tenement
 or place between the hours of nine in the forenoon and four in the after-
 noon and remove and carry away any pipe burners lamp meter or other
 apparatus the property of the promoter and the promoter shall have the
 like powers with regard to cutting off taking away and discontinuing
 55 the supply of gas in the case of the building tenement or place of any
 person who shall have been lawfully convicted as hereinbefore provided
 of any fraudulent injury to any meter or apparatus on such premises
 or fraudulent use of the gas of the promoter And in case any person
 who shall contract with the promoter or agree to take or shall take or use
 the

Remedy for recovery
of rents of gas.

Singleton Gas.

the gas of the promoter in any building tenement or place or otherwise shall refuse or neglect to pay the sum or sums of money then due under his or their contract for the same to the promoter according to the terms and stipulations thereof it shall be lawful for the promoter
 5 to make complaint of such refusal or neglect before any Justice of the Peace who may cause to be issued a summons to the party so refusing or neglecting calling on him or them to show cause before the Court of Petty Sessions in the police district in which such building tenement or place is situated or such user took place why he or they refuses or
 10 refuse to pay such sum or sums and thereupon the said Court shall proceed to the adjudication of the said complaint and enforcement of the said demand and costs charges and expenses incurred in the prosecution thereof by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the person so refusing or neglecting to pay.

15 17. The clerk engineer or other officer duly appointed for such purpose by the promoter may at all reasonable times enter any building tenement or place lighted with gas supplied by the promoter in order to inspect the pipes burners lamps meters or other apparatus of or connected with the works of the promoter to regulate the supply of
 20 gas or to ascertain the quantity of gas consumed or supplied and if any person shall hinder any such officer as aforesaid from so entering or making such inspection as aforesaid at any reasonable time such person shall for every such offence forfeit and pay to the promoter a sum of money not exceeding five pounds to be awarded and recovered
 25 by the promoter in like manner as the penalties aforesaid.

Right of officer to enter premises.

18. Any person may appeal from the judgment or conviction of
 any Court of Petty Sessions under this Act in the form and manner set forth in the Act fifth William the Fourth number twenty-two.

General rights against promoter reserved.

19. Nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to prevent
 30 any person from indicting or otherwise proceeding either civilly or criminally against the promoter for nuisance or otherwise in respect of the works or means used or employed by the promoter in exercising the privileges hereby conferred or to prevent the promoter or any person from recovering any sum of money or otherwise proceeding in any
 35 Court of competent jurisdiction but the promoter or any person to whom any penalty or sum of money may by the provisions of this Act be awarded may elect either to proceed in manner in this Act provided or to proceed for damages or otherwise in any Court of competent jurisdiction nor shall anything herein contained limit or in any manner
 40 affect the right of any municipality or of any other person or company hereafter empowered by the Legislature to supply gas to the said borough of Singleton or other place or to exercise any power which it may be deemed expedient or necessary to grant for that purpose.

20. Provided always that if within two years after the passing of
 45 this Act the promoter shall not supply at a price agreed upon by the promoter and the Borough of Singleton or if no such price shall be or have been agreed upon then at a reasonable price gas of a good quality and in sufficient quantity to light the roads and streets in Singleton and all houses and buildings situate therein or if the promoter shall after the
 50 said period of two years fail so to supply gas for any period exceeding twenty days then and in either of such cases all the powers hereby vested in the promoter shall thereupon cease and determine.

If works not constructed and gas supplied within two years powers to cease.

21. If it shall be proved to the satisfaction of any two Justices
 of the Peace in Petty Sessions assembled that the promoter or any of
 55 his officers have been guilty of any default under this Act not otherwise provided for under this Act they shall be liable for each and every such default to a penalty not exceeding five pounds to be recovered in a summary way.

General penalty.

Singleton Gas.

21. 22. The following words and expressions shall in this Act have the respective meanings hereby assigned to them unless there be something in the context repugnant to such construction. The word "promoter" shall mean the said Alexander Munro his representatives or assigns owners for the time-being of the Singleton Gas-works. The expression "Singleton Gas-works" shall mean the gas-works and the works connected therewith by this Act authorized to be constructed. The word "street" shall include any square court or alley highway lane road thoroughfare or other passage or place within the limits of this Act. The expression "Borough" shall comprise all lands lying within the limits of the Borough of Singleton. ^{Interpretation clause.} Provided that it shall be lawful for the Governor at any time by proclamation in the *Gazette* to order that this meaning of the expression last aforesaid may for the purposes of this Act be extended to include any such other place or places as in such proclamation may be named and defined.

22. 23. Nothing contained in this Act shall prevent the said Gas-works being brought under the provisions of any general Act which may be passed by the Parliament of New South Wales applying equally to Companies engaged in the manufacture of gas in the said Colony with reference to the manufacture and sale of gas nor entitle the said promoter to compensation from the public revenue by reason of the provisions of such general Act for the purpose aforesaid being made applicable to and binding upon the said promoter. ^{Gas-works may be brought under general Act.}

23. 24. This Act may be cited as the "Singleton Gas Act of 1884." ^{Short title.}

SCHEDULE.

PART I.

1. Regulations in respect of testing apparatus.

(a) The apparatus for testing the illuminating power of the gas shall consist of the most improved form of photometer known together with a proper meter minute clock governor pressure gauge and balance. The burner to be used for testing the gas shall be an Argand burner having fifteen holes and a seven-inch chimney. The candles used for testing the gas shall be sperm candles of six to the pound and two candles shall be used together.

2. The apparatus.

(b) For testing the presence in the gas of sulphuretted hydrogen. A glass vessel containing a strip of bibulous paper moistened with a solution of acetate of lead containing sixty grains of crystallized acetate of lead dissolved in one fluid ounce of water.

PART II.

1. Rules as to mode of testing gas.

(a) Mode of testing for illuminating power. The gas in the photometer is to be lighted at least fifteen minutes before the testings begin and it is to be kept continually burning from the beginning to the end of the tests.

Each testing shall include ten observations of the photometer made at intervals of a minute.

The consumption of gas is to be carefully adjusted to five cubic feet per hour.

The candles are to be lighted at least ten minutes before beginning each testing so as to arrive at their normal rate of burning which is shown when the wick is slightly bent and the tip glowing. The standard rate of consumption for the candles shall be one hundred and twenty grains each per hour. Before and after making each set of ten observations of the photometer the gas examiner shall weigh the candles and if combustion shall have been more or less per candle than one hundred and twenty grains per hour he shall make and record the calculations requisite to neutralize the effects of this difference. The average of each set of ten observations is to be taken as representing the illuminating power of that testing.

2. Mode of testing.

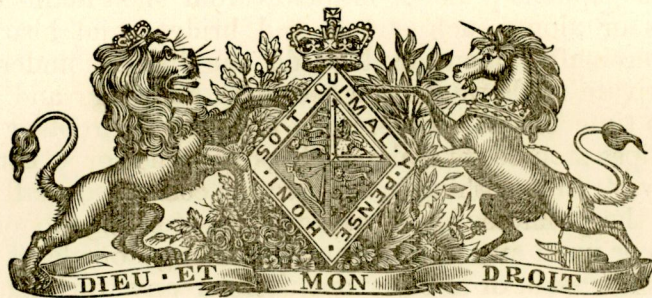
(b) For sulphuretted hydrogen. The gas shall be passed through the glass vessel containing the strip of bibulous paper moistened with the solution of acetate of lead for a period of three minutes or such longer period as may be prescribed and if any discoloration of the test paper is found to have taken place this is held to be conclusive as to the presence of sulphuretted hydrogen in the gas.

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APPENDIX

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New South Wales.



ANNO QUADRAGESIMO SEPTIMO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

An Act to enable Alexander Munro to erect Gas-works in the Borough of Singleton and to regulate the establishment and carrying out of Gas-works in Singleton aforesaid and to regulate the sale supply and quality of the Gas to be supplied and for other purposes. [Assented to, 16th May, 1884.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Borough of Singleton in the Preamble. Colony of New South Wales should be supplied and lighted with gas And whereas Alexander Munro of Greenwood Singleton hereinafter designated the promoter desires to establish and carry out works for such purposes and other purposes incidental thereto in the said borough And whereas the Municipal Council of the said borough have at the request of the promoter and in consideration of the benefits to arise from the establishment and carrying out of such works consented to the vesting in the said promoter of all necessary powers and authorities so far as the rights and interests of the said Municipal Council are concerned Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows:—

1. The promoter is hereby authorized and empowered by himself his servants contractors agents and workmen from time to time to make erect sink lay place fit maintain and repair such retorts gasometers meters receivers cisterns engines machines cuts drains

Authority to erect gasometers break up streets roads &c.

Singleton Gas.

drains sewers watercourses pipes reservoirs buildings and other works and devices of such construction and in such manner as the promoter shall think necessary or proper for the purpose of carrying out the operations of the promoter in respect of and incidental to the making and supplying of gas in conformity with this Act and also for all such purposes to open and break up the soil and pavement of the several streets and bridges within the limits of the borough and suburbs aforesaid and to open and break up any sewers drains or tunnels within or under such streets and bridges and to erect posts pillars lamps lamp-irons and other apparatus in or upon the same streets and bridges or against any wall or walls erected on or adjoining to any of them and to dig and sink trenches and drains and to lay mains and pipes and put stop-cocks siphons plugs or branches from such mains or pipes in under across or along such streets and bridges and also with such consent as hereinafter mentioned to do the like in under across or along any private roads ways lanes passages buildings and places and from time to time to cut stop remove alter repair replace and relay such main-pipes stop-cocks siphons plugs branches or other apparatus Provided always that nothing in this section contained shall be deemed to authorize the promoter his servants contractors agents or workmen to enter into or upon any private lands buildings or places for any of the purposes aforesaid or to carry out thereon any work authorized by this Act without the previous consent in writing of the occupiers thereof but the promoter may at any reasonable time by himself his servants agents or workmen enter upon any land or place wherein any pipe has already been laid down or placed in pursuance of this Act and repair or alter the existing pipe or lay or place any new pipe in its stead And provided also that the promoter shall give forty-eight hours notice in writing to the Council Clerk of the Borough prior to the opening or breaking up as aforesaid of any street road pavement sewer drain or tunnel within the said Borough.

Power to make contracts for supply of gas.

And carry out works for that purpose.

Occupier obstructing removal of apparatus.

2. It shall be lawful for the promoter to contract with any person for supplying with gas any such person or any street way lane passage manufactory shop warehouse public or private house building or place and for such purpose from time to time to lay down carry fit up connect and furnish any pipe branch or burner lamp meter or other apparatus from or in connection with any main pipe or to lay down any new main which for such purposes may be required and to let any such apparatus for hire for such sum as may be agreed upon which sum may be recovered in like manner as any rent or remuneration for the supply of gas Provided always that in all cases where damage may be done by the promoter his agent workmen or others in the course of laying on or removing apparatus the said damage shall be made good at the expense of the promoter and in case he shall delay within a reasonable time to make good such damage the owner or occupier of such premises may make good the same and recover the expense thereof from the promoter in the same manner as is herein provided for the recovery of any sum of money payable under the provisions of this Act Provided also that if any owner or occupier of any building tenement or place or any person acting for him shall refuse reasonable access in pursuance of the provisions of this or the sixteenth section of this Act to the contractors agents workmen or servants of the promoter for the purpose of removing any such pipe burner meter or apparatus placed or introduced into any such building tenement or place by the promoter or shall prevent or obstruct such removal then the said owner occupier or person acting for him shall immediately make payment to the promoter for such pipe burner meter or apparatus and in default of his so doing within three days after demand thereof made at the same building tenement or place or the residence of the party it shall

Singleton Gas.

shall be lawful for the promoter to make complaint thereof before any Justice of the Peace who may cause to be issued a summons to the person so making default calling on him to show cause before the nearest Court of Petty Sessions to where the building tenement or place is situated why he refuses to pay such demand and thereupon the said Court shall proceed to the adjudication and enforcement of such demand in the manner hereinafter set forth And if any person shall place or lay any pipe to communicate with any main-pipe meter or other apparatus already laid placed or erected by the said promoter or shall use additional burners or burners of larger dimensions or of other kind or description than that he has contracted with the promoter to use or shall keep the gas supplied by him burning for a longer time than he has contracted to pay for or shall supply any person with any of the gas supplied to him by the promoter without his consent in writing first obtained or if any person shall wantonly or maliciously hinder or interrupt the contractors workmen agents or servants of the promoter in legally doing or performing any of the acts aforesaid or in exercising the powers and authorities by this Act given or if any person shall wilfully negligently or accidentally do or cause to be done any injury or damage to any of the buildings machinery pipes burners lamps meters or apparatus of the promoter or remove the same or cause a waste or improper use of gas supplied by the promoter it shall be lawful for the promoter to make a complaint thereof before any Justice of the Peace who may cause to be issued a summons to the person so offending to appear before the Court of Petty Sessions nearest to the place where such offence shall be committed and being thereof lawfully convicted such person shall forfeit and pay to the promoter any sum not exceeding five pounds over and above all damages done and over and above all costs such sum to be ascertained by such Court and to be enforced by distress and all proceedings under this Act not herein expressly provided for shall be regulated and conducted in accordance with the Acts in force for the time-being respecting summary proceedings before Justices of the Peace and the provisions of such Acts shall so far as the same are applicable be enforced and observed in all proceedings under this Act not herein expressly provided for.

Fraudulent use of gas
obstruction of work-
men damages to
apparatus.

3. No pipe burner lamp meter or other apparatus of the promoter being set up in any building tenement or place shall be subject to distress for rent or shall be taken in execution under any process or proceeding of any Court of Law or Equity or under any proceedings in insolvency save so far as any process or proceedings against the promoter are concerned.

Apparatus not liable
for distress execution
&c.

4. When and so often as the promoter his servants contractors agents or workmen shall have opened broken up or removed the soil or pavement of any street or bridge as aforesaid or shall have opened or broken up any sewers drains or tunnels within or under any such streets or bridges the promoter shall make all reasonable despatch in performance of the work to be done and shall on completion of such work forthwith carry away all rubbish and waste or surplus material and reinstate such pavement stone or other material and render such street or bridge and every such sewer drain and tunnel within or under the same as nearly as possible in the same condition as it was in previously to the disturbance thereof and during the continuance of such work and until such reinstatement the promoter shall set up sufficient barriers and keep lights burning at night in order to prevent accidents And also when and so often as any gas pitch waste tar waste liquid or other things shall escape or flow from any pipe receivers or drain being part of or incidental to the works to be erected under this Act so as to contaminate the air or any stream spring

Materials of streets
&c. broken to be
replaced.

Barriers and lights to
be kept up.

Nuisances.

Singleton Gas.

spring or other watercourse or body of water natural or artificial and render the same unhealthy or offensive or unfit for use it shall be lawful for any person to give notice thereof in writing to the promoter who shall immediately take the most speedy and effectual measures to prevent or remedy the same and if the promoter shall make default in any of the matters so required by him to be performed it shall be lawful for any person to lodge complaint thereof before any Justice of the Peace who may summon the promoter before the nearest Court of Petty Sessions and on proof of such default the said Court of Petty Sessions shall order and direct that the said matters shall be done by the promoter within a reasonable time to be named by such Court and in default of compliance with such order any Justice of the Peace on proof of such default on the part of the promoter and on proof that the complainant or any other person has performed the said work so to be done and of the costs charges and expenses attending the same shall issue a distress warrant against the goods and chattels of the promoter for any amount not exceeding the said charges and expenses and the cost of prosecuting such complaint to be paid to the person performing the said work as aforesaid.

Price purity and
illuminating
power of the gas.

5. The price for the gas shall at no time exceed thirteen shillings and sixpence per thousand cubic feet and the gas supplied shall be absolutely free from sulphuretted hydrogen and shall be of such minimum quality as to produce from an Argand burner having fifteen holes and a seven-inch chimney consuming five cubic feet of gas per hour a light equal in intensity to the light produced by fifteen sperm candles of six in the pound burning one hundred and twenty grains per hour.

Provision for
testing.

6. The promoter shall within twelve months after receiving notice from the Borough Council put up at some testing place to be provided by the said Council within the Borough suitable apparatus for the purposes following:—

- (1.) For testing the illuminating power of the gas supplied.
- (2.) For testing the presence of sulphuretted hydrogen in the gas supplied. The said apparatus shall be in accordance with the Schedule hereunto annexed and shall at all times be kept and maintained in good repair and working order by the promoter.

Appointment of gas
examiner.

7. The Borough Council may from time to time appoint a competent and impartial person to be gas examiner to test the gas at the testing place who shall test the illuminating power and purity of the gas supplied on any or every day and the promoter may be represented at the testing if he shall think fit but shall not be entitled either by himself or his representative to interfere in the testing.

Gas examiner to
report &c.

8. The gas examiner shall on the day immediately following that on which the testing was made by him deliver to the Borough Council a report of such testing and shall deliver a copy thereof to the promoter and such report shall be receivable in evidence.

Gas examiner how
paid.

9. Any gas examiner appointed by the Borough Council shall be paid a salary not exceeding one hundred pounds per annum which shall be paid one moiety by the Council and the other moiety by the promoter.

Meters.

10. No meter shall be used for ascertaining the quantity of gas sold by the promoter unless the same shall have its measuring capacity at one revolution or complete action of the meter and also the quantity per hour it is intended to measure in cubic feet or multiples or decimal parts of a cubic foot denominated or marked on the outside thereof in legible letters or figures and shall have been tested and stamped as correct by the English Warden of standards.

Borough Council
may appoint
inspector of meters.

11. An inspector of meters may from time to time be appointed by the Borough Council and the said Inspector shall at all

Singleton Gas.

all times when authorised by the Council on the application and at the expense of any consumer of gas supplied by the promoter be entitled to inspect and test the meters erected by the promoter in the premises of the person making such request after giving forty-eight hours notice of such intended inspection to the promoter and before such inspection the person requiring the same shall deposit in the hands of the Inspector all moneys due or appearing to be due by such person to the promoter on account delivered and in case such deposit shall be in excess of the sum found to be due to the promoter such excess shall be returned to the consumer.

12. No meter which shall have been fixed by the promoter for use before the expiration of one year of the time when this Act comes into operation shall be allowed to remain in use after the expiration of five years from that time unless it shall have been tested and stamped as by this Act directed and no meter once tested and stamped under the provisions of this Act shall be allowed to remain in use for more than five years from the time when it shall have been last so stamped unless and until it shall have been retested and restamped in manner aforesaid and whenever the promoter shall knowingly allow any meter to be used in contravention of this section he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding forty shillings for every such offence. Regulation of meters.

13. After the expiration of one year from the time when this Act comes into operation the legal standard or unit or measure for the sale of the promoter's gas by meter shall be the cubic foot containing sixty-two and three hundred and twenty-one thousandths (62·321) pounds avoirdupois weight of distilled or rain water weighed in air at the temperature of sixty-two degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer the barometer being at thirty inches. Legal standard.

14. If any person shall forge or counterfeit or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited or knowingly act or assist in the forging or counterfeiting any stamp which may hereafter be used for the stamping of any meter under this Act every person so offending shall for every such offence be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds or less than ten pounds and if any person shall knowingly sell utter or dispose of let lend or expose for sale any meter with such forged stamp thereon every person so offending shall for every such offence be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten pounds or less than forty shillings and all meters having forged or counterfeited stamps thereon shall be forfeited and destroyed. Forging stamps.

15. All gas supplied by the promoter shall except in case of accident be supplied at such pressure as to balance from midnight to sunset a column of water not less than six-tenths of an inch in height and to balance from sunset to midnight a column of water not less than one inch in height. Pressure of gas.

16. It shall be lawful for the promoter to cut off and take away the supply of gas from the building tenement or other place of every person or body making default in payment after giving twenty-four hours notice to the occupier and thenceforth to discontinue the supply of gas contracted for with the promoter by such person or body and to enter by himself his agents or workmen into such building tenement or place between the hours of nine in the forenoon and four in the afternoon and remove and carry away any pipe burners lamp meter or other apparatus the property of the promoter and the promoter shall have the like powers with regard to cutting off taking away and discontinuing the supply of gas in the case of the building tenement or place of any person who shall have been lawfully convicted as hereinbefore provided of any fraudulent injury to any meter or apparatus on such premises or fraudulent use of the gas of the promoter And in case any person who shall contract with the promoter or agree to take or shall take or use Power to cut off gas of defaulter.
Remedy for recovery of rents of gas.

the

Singleton Gas.

the gas of the promoter in any building tenement or place or otherwise shall refuse or neglect to pay the sum or sums of money then due under his or their contract for the same to the promoter according to the terms and stipulations thereof it shall be lawful for the promoter to make complaint of such refusal or neglect before any Justice of the Peace who may cause to be issued a summons to the party so refusing or neglecting calling on him or them to show cause before the Court of Petty Sessions in the police district in which such building tenement or place is situated or such user took place why he or they refuses or refuse to pay such sum or sums and thereupon the said Court shall proceed to the adjudication of the said complaint and enforcement of the said demand and costs charges and expenses incurred in the prosecution thereof by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the person so refusing or neglecting to pay.

Right of officer to enter premises.

17. The clerk engineer or other officer duly appointed for such purpose by the promoter may at all reasonable times enter any building tenement or place lighted with gas supplied by the promoter in order to inspect the pipes burners lamps meters or other apparatus of or connected with the works of the promoter to regulate the supply of gas or to ascertain the quantity of gas consumed or supplied and if any person shall hinder any such officer as aforesaid from so entering or making such inspection as aforesaid at any reasonable time such person shall for every such offence forfeit and pay to the promoter a sum of money not exceeding five pounds to be awarded and recovered by the promoter in like manner as the penalties aforesaid.

Appeal.

18. Any person may appeal from the judgment or conviction of any Court of Petty Sessions under this Act in the form and manner set forth in the Act fifth William the Fourth number twenty-two.

General rights against promoter reserved.

19. Nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to prevent any person from indicting or otherwise proceeding either civilly or criminally against the promoter for nuisance or otherwise in respect of the works or means used or employed by the promoter in exercising the privileges hereby conferred or to prevent the promoter or any person from recovering any sum of money or otherwise proceeding in any Court of competent jurisdiction but the promoter or any person to whom any penalty or sum of money may by the provisions of this Act be awarded may elect either to proceed in manner in this Act provided or to proceed for damages or otherwise in any Court of competent jurisdiction nor shall anything herein contained limit or in any manner affect the right of any municipality or of any other person or company hereafter empowered by the Legislature to supply gas to the said borough of Singleton or other place or to exercise any power which it may be deemed expedient or necessary to grant for that purpose.

If works not constructed and gas supplied within two years powers to cease.

20. Provided always that if within two years after the passing of this Act the promoter shall not supply at a price agreed upon by the promoter and the Borough of Singleton or if no such price shall be or have been agreed upon then at a reasonable price gas of a good quality and in sufficient quantity to light the roads and streets in Singleton and all houses and buildings situate therein or if the promoter shall after the said period of two years fail so to supply gas for any period exceeding twenty days then and in either of such cases all the powers hereby vested in the promoter shall thereupon cease and determine.

General penalty.

21. If it shall be proved to the satisfaction of any two Justices of the Peace in Petty Sessions assembled that the promoter or any of his officers have been guilty of any default under this Act not otherwise provided for under this Act they shall be liable for each and every such default to a penalty not exceeding five pounds to be recovered in a summary way.

Singleton Gas.

22. The following words and expressions shall in this Act have the respective meanings hereby assigned to them unless there be something in the context repugnant to such construction. The word "promoter" shall mean the said Alexander Munro his representatives or assigns owners for the time-being of the Singleton Gas-works. The expression "Singleton Gas-works" shall mean the gas-works and the works connected therewith by this Act authorized to be constructed. The word "street" shall include any square court or alley highway lane road thoroughfare or other passage or place within the limits of this Act. The expression "Borough" shall comprise all lands lying within the limits of the Borough of Singleton.

Interpretation
clause.

23. Nothing contained in this Act shall prevent the said Gas-works being brought under the provisions of any general Act which may be passed by the Parliament of New South Wales applying equally to Companies engaged in the manufacture of gas in the said Colony with reference to the manufacture and sale of gas nor entitle the said promoter to compensation from the public revenue by reason of the provisions of such general Act for the purpose aforesaid being made applicable to and binding upon the said promoter.

Gas-works may be
brought under
general Act.

24. This Act may be cited as the "Singleton Gas Act of 1884." Short title.

SCHEDULE.

PART I.

1. *Regulations in respect of testing apparatus.*

(a) The apparatus for testing the illuminating power of the gas shall consist of the most improved form of photometer known together with a proper meter minute clock governor pressure gauge and balance. The burner to be used for testing the gas shall be an Argand burner having fifteen holes and a seven-inch chimney. The candles used for testing the gas shall be sperm candles of six to the pound and two candles shall be used together.

2. *The apparatus.*

(b) For testing the presence in the gas of sulphuretted hydrogen. A glass vessel containing a strip of bibulous paper moistened with a solution of acetate of lead containing sixty grains of crystallized acetate of lead dissolved in one fluid ounce of water.

PART II.

1. *Rules as to mode of testing gas.*

(a) Mode of testing for illuminating power. The gas in the photometer is to be lighted at least fifteen minutes before the testings begin and it is to be kept continually burning from the beginning to the end of the tests.

Each testing shall include ten observations of the photometer made at intervals of a minute.

The consumption of gas is to be carefully adjusted to five cubic feet per hour.

The candles are to be lighted at least ten minutes before beginning each testing so as to arrive at their normal rate of burning which is shown when the wick is slightly bent and the tip glowing. The standard rate of consumption for the candles shall be one hundred and twenty grains each per hour. Before and after making each set of ten observations of the photometer the gas examiner shall weigh the candles and if combustion shall have been more or less per candle than one hundred and twenty grains per hour he shall make and record the calculations requisite to neutralize the effects of this difference. The average of each set of ten observations is to be taken as representing the illuminating power of that testing.

2. *Mode of testing.*

(b) For sulphuretted hydrogen. The gas shall be passed through the glass vessel containing the strip of bibulous paper moistened with the solution of acetate of lead for a period of three minutes or such longer period as may be prescribed and if any discoloration of the test paper is found to have taken place this is held to be conclusive as to the presence of sulphuretted hydrogen in the gas.

