This Public Bill originated in the Legislative Assembly, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 13 September, 1881.

STEPHEN W. JONES, Clerk of Legislative Assembly.

New South Wales.



ANNO QUADRAGESIMO QUINTO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

No.

An Act to improve the administration of the law so far as respects summary proceedings before Justices of the Peace.

THEREAS it is expedient that provision should be made for obtain- Preamble. ing the opinion of the Supreme Court on questions of law which arise in the exercise of summary jurisdiction by Justices of the Peace Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty by and 5 with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows:-

1. After the hearing and determination by a Justice or Justices Justices on the of the Peace of any information or complaint which he or they have application of party aggrieved to state 10 power to determine in a summary way by any law now in force or case for the opinion hereafter to be made either party to the proceeding before the said of the Supreme Court.

Justice or Justices may if dissatisfied with the said determination as being erroneous in point of law apply in writing within eight days where the information or complaint shall have been determined in the 15 County of Cumberland or within one hundred miles of the City of Sydney or within sixteen days if within two hundred miles of the City of Sydney or within twenty-four days if over two hundred miles from Sydney after the same to the said Justice or Justices to state and

sign a case (which may be in the form in the Schedule A hereto)

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setting forth the facts and the grounds of such determination for the opinion thereon of the Supreme Court of New South Wales and the party applying hereinafter called the "appellant" shall within five days after receiving such case transmit the same to the Prothonotary 5 of the Supreme Court first giving notice in writing of such appeal with a copy of the case so stated and signed to the other party to the proceeding in which the determination was given hereinafter called "respondent."

2. The appellant at the time of making such application and Security and notice 10 before a case shall be stated and delivered to him by the Justice or to be given by the Justices shall in every instance enter into a recognizance before such Justices shall in every instance enter into a recognizance before such Justice or Justices or any one or more of them or any other Justice exercising the same jurisdiction with or without surety or sureties and in such sum as to the said Justice or Justices shall seem meet 15 conditioned to prosecute without delay such appeal and to submit to

the judgment of the Supreme Court and pay such costs as may be awarded by the same and the appellant shall at the same time and before he shall be entitled to have the case delivered to him pay to the Clerk of Petty Sessions his fees for and in respect of the case and

20 recognizances and any other fees to which such Clerk shall be entitled which fees (except such as are already provided for by law shall be according to the Schedule to this Act marked "B" and the appellant if then in custody shall be liberated upon the recognizance being further conditioned for his appearance before the same Justice or 25 Justices or if that is impracticable then before some other Justice or

Justices exercising the same jurisdiction who shall then be sitting within ten days after the judgment of the Supreme Court shall have been given to abide such judgment unless the determination appealed against be reversed.

3. If the Justice or Justices be of opinion that the application Justices may refuse is merely frivolous but not otherwise he or they may refuse to state a case where they think the application case and shall on the request of the appellant sign and deliver to him frivolous. a certificate of such refusal provided that the Justice or Justices shall not refuse to state a case where application for that purpose is made to 35 him or them by or under the direction of Her Majesty's Attorney General for the said Colony.

4. Where the Justice or Justices shall refuse to state a case as where Justices aforesaid it shall be lawful for the appellant to apply to the Supreme refuse the Supreme Court may by rule Court upon an affidavit of the facts for a rule calling upon such order a case to be 40 Justice or Justices and also upon the respondent to show cause why stated.

such case should not be stated and the said Court may make the same absolute or discharge it with or without payment of costs as to the Court shall seem meet and the Justice or Justices upon being served with such rule absolute shall state a case accordingly upon the 45 appellant entering into such recognizance as is hereinbefore provided.

5. The Court shall hear and determine the question or questions supreme Court to of law arising thereon and shall thereupon reverse affirm or amend the determine the determination in respect of which the case has been stated or remit case Its decisions the matter to the Justice or Justices with the opinion of the Court final.

50 thereon or may make such other order in relation to the matter and may make such order in relation to costs as to the Court may seem fit and such orders shall be final and conclusive on all parties Provided always that no Justice or Justices of the Peace who shall state and deliver a case in pursuance of this Act shall be liable to any costs in 55 respect or by reason of such appeal against his or their determination.

6. The Court shall have power if they think fit to cause the Case may be sent case to be sent back for amendment and thereupon the same shall be back for amendment. amended accordingly and judgment shall be delivered after it shall have been amended.

7. The authority and jurisdiction hereby vested in the Supreme Powers of the Court shall and may (subject to any rules and orders of the said Supreme Court may Court in relation thereto) be exercised by a Judge of such Court Judge in Chambers.

sitting in Chambers and as well in vacation as in term time.

8. After the decision of the Supreme Court in relation to any After the decision of case stated for their opinion under this Act the Justice or Justices in Justices may issue relation to whose determination the case has been stated or any other warrants. Justice or Justices of the Peace exercising the same jurisdiction shall have the same authority to enforce any conviction or order which may 10 have been affirmed amended or made by such Court as the Justice or

Justices who originally decided the case would have had to enforce his or their determination if the same had not been appealed against and no action or proceeding whatever shall be commenced or had

against the Justice or Justices for enforcing such conviction or order 15 by reason of any defect in the same respectively.

9. No writ of certiorari or other writ shall be required for the Certiorari not to be removal of any conviction order or other determination in relation to required for proceedings under this Act. which a case is stated under this Act or otherwise for obtaining the judgment or determination of the said Court on such case under this 20 Act.

10. The Supreme Court may from time to time and as often Supreme Court may as it shall see occasion make and alter rules and orders to regulate make rules for proceedings. the practice and proceedings in reference to the cases hereinbefore mentioned.

25 11. In all cases where the conditions or any of them in the Recognizances how said recognizance mentioned shall not have been complied with the to be enforced. Justice or Justices who shall have taken the same or any other Justice or Justices shall certify upon the back of the recognizance in what respect the conditions thereof have not been observed and transmit

30 the same to the Clerk of the Peace for the said Colony to be proceeded upon in like manner as other recognizances forfeited at the Quarter Sessions may now by law be enforced and such certificate shall be deemed sufficient primá facie evidence of the said recognizance having been forfeited.

12. Any person who shall appeal under the provisions of this Appellants under Act against any determination of a Justice or Justices of the Peace this Act not to be allowed to appeal to from which he is by law entitled to appeal to the Quarter Sessions Quarter Sessions. 35 shall be taken to have abandoned such last-mentioned right of appeal finally and conclusively to all intents and purposes.

13. Any person who shall feel aggrieved by the forfeiture of any Appeal against 40 recognizance under this Act shall have the right to appeal to the next forfeiture of recognizance under this Act shall have the right to appeal to the next forfeiture of recognizance how made. Court of Quarter Sessions holden nearest to the place where the complaint or information may have been determined of which appeal he shall give the Clerk of the Peace and the respondent five days notice

45 and the Court of Quarter Sessions shall have the same power to deal with such recognizance upon such appeal as such Courts now have to deal with recognizances when forfeited in such Courts and to make such order thereon as to the Judge thereof shall appear to be reasonable and just.

14. The provisions of this Act shall not in any way interfere The right to apply with curtail or limit the powers of any person to apply for a writ of prohibition not prohibition against the determination of any Justice or Justices as interfered with. such power now exists.

15. This Act may be cited as the "Justices Appeal Act of 1881." Short title.

SCHEDULES.

SCHEDULE A.

In the Supreme Court of \ New South Wales

5 In the matter of an appeal from the determination of the undersigned (two) of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the Colony of New South Wales in a proceeding before us at in the said Colony between A B complainant and proceeding before us at C D defendant.

The (information or complaint as the case may be) alleged that (here state the charge or 10 claim) The defendant pleaded not guilty and after hearing the parties and the evidence adduced by them we did on the day of 18 convict the said defendant of the said offence and adjudged him to pay the sum of for the same (or in case of civil case say) make an order against the defendant for the payment by him to the complainant of the sum of or dismiss the said information or complaint.

The (defendant or complainant) alleging that he was aggrieved by the said determination as being erroneous in point of law did within (here state time according to distance) thereafter apply in writing to us to state and sign a case setting forth the facts and the grounds of such determination for the opinion thereon of this Honorable Court and did at the time of making such application and before the stating of this case before

and did at the time of making such application and before the stating of this case before 20 a Justice of the Peace enter into a recognizance to Her Majesty in the sum of

with a condition to prosecute this appeal with effect and without delay and to submit to the judgment of this honorable Court and pay such costs as may be awarded by the same and thereupon in pursuance of the Act in such case made and provided we state and sign the following case (here set forth the depositions taken in the case if any if no depositions 25 proceed as follows) :-

It was proved (or admitted as the case may be) upon the hearing that (here state the facts) We determine that the matter hereinbefore stated afforded no ground of answer or defence to the said (complaint or information as the case may be) or was insufficient to support the said (complaint or information).

The question for the opinion of the said Court is whether our said determination was erroneous in point of law.

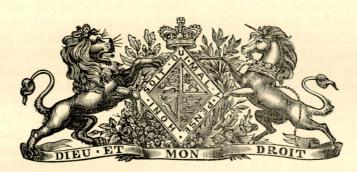
Dated

A.D. 18

J.J. Justices of the Peace.

| 35 | SCHEDULE B. | | |
|----|---|----|----|
| | Fees to be taken by Clerks of Petty Sessions. | s. | d. |
| | For drawing case and copy where the case does not exceed five | | |
| | folios of ninety words each | 10 | 0 |
| 40 | For every additional folio (beyond five folios) | 1 | 0 |
| | For the recognizance | 5 | 0 |
| | For every enlargement or renewal thereof | 2 | 6 |
| | For certificate of refusal of case | 2 | 0 |

New South Wales.



ANNO QUADRAGESIMO QUINTO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

No. IV.

An Act to improve the administration of the law so far as respects summary proceedings before Justices of the Peace. [Assented to, 4th October, 1881.]

THEREAS it is expedient that provision should be made for obtain- Preamble. ing the opinion of the Supreme Court on questions of law which arise in the exercise of summary jurisdiction by Justices of the Peace Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows:-

1. After the hearing and determination by a Justice or Justices Justices on the of the Peace of any information or complaint which he or they have application of party power to determine in a summary way by any law now in force or case for the opinion hereafter to be made either party to the proceeding before the said of the Supreme Court. Justice or Justices may if dissatisfied with the said determination as being erroneous in point of law apply in writing within eight days where the information or complaint shall have been determined in the County of Cumberland or within one hundred miles of the City of County of Cumberland or within one hundred miles of the City of Sydney or within sixteen days if within two hundred miles of the City of Sydney or within twenty-four days if over two hundred miles from Sydney after the same to the said Justice or Justices to state and sign a case (which may be in the form in the Schedule A hereto)

setting forth the facts and the grounds of such determination for the opinion thereon of the Supreme Court of New South Wales and the party applying hereinafter called the "appellant" shall within five days after receiving such case transmit the same to the Prothonotary of the Supreme Court first giving notice in writing of such appeal with a copy of the case so stated and signed to the other party to the proceeding in which the determination was given hereinafter called "respondent."

Security and notice to be given by the appellant.

2. The appellant at the time of making such application and before a case shall be stated and delivered to him by the Justice or Justices shall in every instance enter into a recognizance before such Justice or Justices or any one or more of them or any other Justice exercising the same jurisdiction with or without surety or sureties and in such sum as to the said Justice or Justices shall seem meet conditioned to prosecute without delay such appeal and to submit to the judgment of the Supreme Court and pay such costs as may be awarded by the same and the appellant shall at the same time and before he shall be entitled to have the case delivered to him pay to the Clerk of Petty Sessions his fees for and in respect of the case and recognizances and any other fees to which such Clerk shall be entitled which fees (except such as are already provided for by law shall be according to the Schedule to this Act marked "B" and the appellant if then in custody shall be liberated upon the recognizance being further conditioned for his appearance before the same Justice or Justices or if that is impracticable then before some other Justice or Justices exercising the same jurisdiction who shall then be sitting within ten days after the judgment of the Supreme Court shall have been given to abide such judgment unless the determination appealed against be reversed.

3. If the Justice or Justices be of opinion that the application is merely frivolous but not otherwise he or they may refuse to state a think the application case and shall on the request of the appellant sign and deliver to him a certificate of such refusal provided that the Justice or Justices shall not refuse to state a case where application for that purpose is made to him or them by or under the direction of Her Majesty's Attorney General for the said Colony.

Where Justices refuse the Supreme Court may by rule order a case to be stated.

Justices may refuse case where they

frivolous.

4. Where the Justice or Justices shall refuse to state a case as aforesaid it shall be lawful for the appellant to apply to the Supreme Court upon an affidavit of the facts for a rule calling upon such Justice or Justices and also upon the respondent to show cause why such case should not be stated and the said Court may make the same absolute or discharge it with or without payment of costs as to the Court shall seem meet and the Justice or Justices upon being served with such rule absolute shall state a case accordingly upon the appellant entering into such recognizance as is hereinbefore provided.

Supreme Court to determine the questions on the Its decisions

5. The Court shall hear and determine the question or questions of law arising thereon and shall thereupon reverse affirm or amend the determination in respect of which the case has been stated or remit the matter to the Justice or Justices with the opinion of the Court thereon or may make such other order in relation to the matter and may make such order in relation to costs as to the Court may seem fit and such orders shall be final and conclusive on all parties Provided always that no Justice or Justices of the Peace who shall state and deliver a case in pursuance of this Act shall be liable to any costs in respect or by reason of such appeal against his or their determination.

Case may be sent

6. The Court shall have power if they think fit to cause the back for amendment. case to be sent back for amendment and thereupon the same shall be amended accordingly and judgment shall be delivered after it shall have been amended.

7. The authority and jurisdiction hereby vested in the Supreme Powers of the Court shall and may (subject to any rules and orders of the said Supreme Court may be exercised by a Judge of such Court Judge in Chambers.

sitting in Chambers and as well in vacation as in term time.

8. After the decision of the Supreme Court in relation to any After the decision of case stated for their opinion under this Act the Justice or Justices in Justices may issue relation to whose determination the case has been stated or any other warrants. Justice or Justices of the Peace exercising the same jurisdiction shall have the same authority to enforce any conviction or order which may have been affirmed amended or made by such Court as the Justice or Justices who originally decided the case would have had to enforce his or their determination if the same had not been appealed against and no action or proceeding whatever shall be commenced or had against the Justice or Justices for enforcing such conviction or order by reason of any defect in the same respectively.

9. No writ of certiorari or other writ shall be required for the Certiorari not to be removal of any conviction order or other determination in relation to required for proceed-which a case is stated under this. Act, or otherwise for obtaining the ings under this Act. which a case is stated under this Act or otherwise for obtaining the judgment or determination of the said Court on such case under this

10. The Supreme Court may from time to time and as often Supreme Court may as it shall see occasion make and alter rules and orders to regulate make rules for proceedings. the practice and proceedings in reference to the cases hereinbefore mentioned.

11. In all cases where the conditions or any of them in the Recognizances how said recognizance mentioned shall not have been complied with the to be enforced. Justice or Justices who shall have taken the same or any other Justice or Justices shall certify upon the back of the recognizance in what respect the conditions thereof have not been observed and transmit the same to the Clerk of the Peace for the said Colony to be proceeded upon in like manner as other recognizances forfeited at the Quarter Sessions may now by law be enforced and such certificate shall be deemed sufficient prima facie evidence of the said recognizance having been forfeited.

12. Any person who shall appeal under the provisions of this Appellants under Act against any determination of a Justice or Justices of the Peace this Act not to be allowed to appeal to from which he is by law entitled to appeal to the Quarter Sessions Quarter Sessions. shall be taken to have abandoned such last-mentioned right of appeal

finally and conclusively to all intents and purposes. 13. Any person who shall feel aggrieved by the forfeiture of any Appeal against recognizance under this Act shall have the right to appeal to the next forfeiture of recognizance how made. Court of Quarter Sessions holden nearest to the place where the complaint or information may have been determined of which appeal he shall give the Clerk of the Peace and the respondent five days notice and the Court of Quarter Sessions shall have the same power to deal with such recognizance upon such appeal as such Courts now have to deal with recognizances when forfeited in such Courts and to make such order thereon as to the Judge thereof shall appear to be reasonable and just.

14. The provisions of this Act shall not in any way interfere The right to apply with curtail or limit the powers of any person to apply for a writ of prohibition not prohibition against the determination of any Justice or Justices as interfered with. such power now exists.

15. This Act may be cited as the "Justices Appeal Act of 1881." Short title.

SCHEDULES.

SCHEDULE A.

In the Supreme Court of \ New South Wales.

In the matter of an appeal from the determination of the undersigned (two) of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the Colony of New South Wales in a proceeding before us at in the said Colony between A B complainant and C D defendant.

THE (information or complaint as the case may be) alleged that (here state the charge or claim) The defendant pleaded not guilty and after hearing the parties and the evidence adduced by them we did on the day of 18 convict the said convict the said defendant of the said offence and adjudged him to pay the sum of for the same (or in case of civil case say) make an order against the defendant for the payment by him to the complainant of the sum of or dismiss the said information or complaint.

The (defendant or complainant) alleging that he was aggrieved by the said determination as being erroneous in point of law did within (here state time according to distance) thereafter apply in writing to us to state and sign a case setting forth the facts and the grounds of such determination for the opinion thereon of this Honorable Court and did at the time of making such application and before the stating of this case before a Justice of the Peace enter into a recognizance to Her Majesty in the sum of with a condition to prosecute this appeal with effect and without delay and to submit to the judgment of this honorable Court and pay such costs as may be awarded by the same and thereupon in pursuance of the Act in such case made and provided we state and sign the following case (here set forth the depositions taken in the case if any if no depositions proceed as follows):

It was proved (or admitted as the case may be) upon the hearing that (here state the facts) We determine that the matter hereinbefore stated afforded no ground of answer or defence to the said (complaint or information as the case may be) or was incomplaint to prove the said (see all interpretation). insufficient to support the said (complaint or information).

The question for the opinion of the said Court is whether our said determination was erroneous in point of law.

Dated

day of

A.D. 18

J.J. Justices of the Peace.

SCHEDULE B.

Fees to be taken by Clerks of Petty Sessions.

| | | | | S. | d. |
|---|---|--|--|----|----|
| For drawing case and copy where the case does not exceed five | | | | | |
| folios of ninety words each | | | | 10 | 0 |
| For every additional folio (beyond five folio | | | | 1 | 0 |
| For the recognizance | · | | | 5 | 0 |
| For every enlargement or renewal thereof | | | | 2 | 6 |
| For certificate of refusal of case | | | | 2 | 0 |