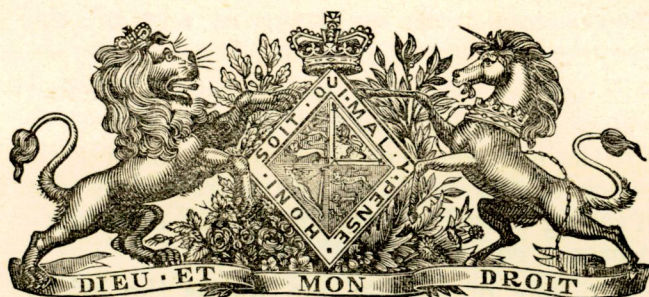


*This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.*

*Legislative Assembly Chamber,  
Sydney, 15 September, 1882. }*

STEPHEN W. JONES,  
*Clerk of Legislative Assembly.*

## New South Wales.



ANNO QUADRAGESIMO SEXTO

# VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

\*\*\*\*\*

No. .

An Act to extend and regulate the Liability of Employers to make Compensation for Personal Injuries suffered by Workmen in their service.

**B**E it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows:—

5 1. Where after the commencement of this Act personal injury Amendment of Law.  
is caused to a workman—

- (I.) By reason of any defect in the condition of the ways works machinery or plant connected with or used in the business of the employer or
- 10 (II.) By reason of the negligence of any person in the service of the employer who has any superintendence entrusted to him whilst in the exercise of such superintendence or
- (III.) By reason of the negligence of any person in the service of the employer to whose orders or directions the workman at
- 15 the time of the injury was bound to conform and did conform where such injury resulted from his having so conformed or

*Employers Liability.*

5 (iv.) By reason of the act or omission of any person in the service of the employer done or made in obedience to the rules or by-laws of the employer or in obedience to particular instructions given by any person delegated with the authority of the employer in that behalf or

10 (v.) By reason of the negligence of any person in the service of the employer who has the charge or control of any signal points engine or train upon a rail or tramway the workman or in case the injury results in death the legal personal representatives of the workman and any persons entitled in case of death shall have the same right of compensation and remedies against the employer as if the workman had not been a workman of nor in the service of the employer nor engaged in his work.

15 2. A workman shall not be entitled under this Act to any right of compensation or remedy against the employer in any of the following cases that is to say— Exceptions to amendment of law.

20 (I.) Under sub-section one of section one unless the defect therein mentioned arose from or had not been discovered or remedied owing to the negligence of the employer or of some person in the service of the employer and entrusted by him with the duty of seeing that the ways works and machinery or plant were in proper condition.

25 (II.) Under sub-section four of section one unless the injury resulted from some impropriety or defect in the rules by-laws or instructions therein mentioned.

30 (III.) In any case where the workman knew of the defect or negligence which caused his injury and failed within a reasonable time to give or cause to be given information thereof to the employer or some person entrusted with any duties of superintendence in or over that department in which the defect or negligence existed whether such superintendent be ordinarily engaged in manual labour or not unless the injured person should himself perform duties of superintendence in which case such person must have given notice to the employer or to a person entrusted with any superintendence over himself unless the employer or such superior already knew of the said defect or negligence.

40 3. An action for the recovery under this Act of compensation for an injury shall not be maintainable unless notice that injury has been sustained is given within twelve weeks and the action is commenced within twelve months from the occurrence of the accident causing the injury or in case of death within twelve months from the time of death. Limit of time for recovery of compensation.

45 4. There shall be deducted from any compensation awarded to any workman or representatives of a workman or persons claiming by under or through a workman in respect of any cause of action arising under this Act any penalty or part of a penalty which may have been paid in pursuance of any other Act of Parliament to such workman Money payable under penalty to be deducted from compensation under Act.

50 representatives or persons in respect of the same cause of action and where an action has been brought under this Act by any workman or the representatives of any workman or any persons claiming by under or through such workman for compensation in respect of any cause of action arising under this Act and payment has not previously been

55 made of any penalty or part of a penalty under any other Act of Parliament in respect of the same cause of action such workman representatives

*Employers Liability.*

representatives or persons shall not be entitled thereafter to receive any penalty or part of a penalty under any other Act of Parliament in respect of the same cause of action.

5. All the provisions of this Act shall have effect and be enforced by every Court in every case notwithstanding any contract or agreement excluding all or any of the provisions of this Act or otherwise interfering with the operations thereof. Provided that in determining in any case the amount of compensation payable under this Act by an employer the Court shall take into consideration the value of any payment or contribution made by such employer to or for the injured person in respect of his injury and also the value of any payment or contribution made by such employer to any insurance or compensation fund to the extent to which any person who would otherwise be entitled to compensation under this Act has actually received compensation out of such payment or contribution at the expense of such employer.

Act to be enforced notwithstanding agreements to the contrary.

6. The Court in which any action for recovery of compensation under this Act is commenced or is pending may at any stage of the proceedings amend any defect in a notice of injury or death or direct that the action shall proceed and be maintainable notwithstanding that such notice has not been given duly or at all if the Court having regard to the circumstances of the case thinks just so to direct and if it appears to the Court that within the time limited by the Act for giving such notice the employer or his agent or representative had knowledge or notice of the occurrence of the accident and of the fact that the workman was injured thereby or that there was reasonable excuse for such defect or omission.

Defective notices may be amended.

7. Notice in respect of an injury under this Act shall give the name and address of the person injured and shall state in ordinary language the cause of the injury and the date at which it was sustained and shall be served on the employer or if there is more than one employer upon one of such employers. The notice may be served by delivering the same to or at the residence or place of business of the person on whom it is to be served. The notice may also be served by post by a registered letter addressed to the person on whom it is to be served at his last known place of residence or place of business and if served by post shall be deemed to have been served at the time when a letter containing the same would be delivered in the ordinary course of post and in proving the service of such notice it shall be sufficient to prove that the notice was properly addressed and registered. Where the employer is a body of persons corporate or unincorporate the notice shall be served by delivering the same at or by sending it by post in a registered letter addressed to the office or if there be more than one office any one of the offices of such body. A notice under this section shall not be deemed invalid by reason of any defect or inaccuracy therein unless the Judge who tries the action arising from the injury mentioned in the notice shall be of opinion that the defendant in the action is prejudiced in his defence by such defect or inaccuracy and that the defect or inaccuracy was for the purpose of misleading.

Mode of serving notice of injury.

8. For the purposes of this Act unless the context otherwise requires the expression "person who has superintendence entrusted to him" means a person whose sole or principal duty is that of superintendence and who is not ordinarily engaged in manual labour. The expression "employer" includes a body of persons corporate or unincorporate. The expression "workman" means a railway or domestic servant and any other person who being a labourer servant in husbandry journeyman artificer handicraftsman miner or otherwise engaged in manual labour whether under the age of twenty-one years or above that

Definitions.

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*Employers Liability.*

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that age has entered into or works under a contract with an employer whether the contract be made before or after the passing of this Act be express or implied oral or in writing and be a contract of service or a contract personally to execute any work or labour.

5 9. This Act shall not come into operation until the first day of <sup>Commencement of</sup> January one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three which date is <sup>Act.</sup> in this Act referred to as the commencement of this Act.

10. This Act may be cited as the "Employers' Liability Act <sup>Short title.</sup> 1882."



*Employers Liability.*

- (iv.) By reason of the act or omission of any person in the service of the employer done or made in obedience to the rules or by-laws of the employer or in obedience to particular instructions given by any person delegated with the authority of the employer in that behalf or
- 5 (v.) By reason of the negligence of any person in the service of the employer who has the charge or control of any signal points engine or train upon a rail or tramway the workman or in case the injury results in death the legal personal representatives of the workman and any persons entitled in case of death shall have the same right of compensation and remedies against the employer as if the workman had not been a workman of nor in the service of the employer nor engaged in his work.
- 10
- 15 2. A workman shall not be entitled under this Act to any right of compensation or remedy against the employer in any of the following cases that is to say—
- (I.) Under sub-section one of section one unless the defect therein mentioned arose from or had not been discovered or remedied owing to the negligence of the employer or of some person in the service of the employer and entrusted by him with the duty of seeing that the ways works and machinery or plant were in proper condition.
- 20
- (II.) Under sub-section four of section one unless the injury resulted from some impropriety or defect in the rules by-laws or instructions therein mentioned **Provided that where a rule or by-law has been approved or has been accepted as a proper rule or by-law by any department of the Government under or by virtue of any Act of Parliament it shall not be deemed for the purposes of this Act to be an improper or defective rule or by-law.**
- 25
- (III.) In any case where the workman knew of the defect or negligence which caused his injury and failed within a reasonable time to give or cause to be given information thereof to the employer or some person entrusted with any duties of superintendence in or over that department in which the defect or negligence existed whether such superintendent be ordinarily engaged in manual labour or not unless the injured person should himself perform duties of superintendence in which case such person must have given notice to the employer or to a person entrusted with any superintendence over himself superior to himself in the service of the employer unless he was aware that the employer or such superior already knew of the said defect or negligence.
- 30
- 35
- 40
- 45 3. The amount of compensation recoverable under this Act shall not exceed such sum as may be found to be equivalent to the estimated earnings during the three years preceding the injury of a person in the same grade employed during those years in the like employment and in the district in which the workman is employed at the time of the injury.
- 50 Limit of sum recoverable as compensation.
- 3 4. An action for the recovery under this Act of compensation for an injury shall not be maintainable unless notice that injury has been sustained is given within ~~twelve~~ six weeks and the action is commenced within ~~twelve~~ six months from the occurrence of the accident causing the injury or in case of death within twelve months from the time of death.
- 55 Limit of time for recovery of compensation.
- 4 5. There shall be deducted from any compensation awarded to any workman or representatives of a workman or persons claiming by under or through a workman in respect of any cause of action arising under
- Money payable under penalty to be deducted from compensation under Act.

*Employers Liability.*

under this Act any penalty or part of a penalty which may have been paid in pursuance of any other Act of Parliament to such workman representatives or persons in respect of the same cause of action and where an action has been brought under this Act by any workman or  
 5 the representatives of any workman or any persons claiming by under or through such workman for compensation in respect of any cause of action arising under this Act and payment has not previously been made of any penalty or part of a penalty under any other Act of Parliament in respect of the same cause of action such workman  
 10 representatives or persons shall not be entitled thereafter to receive any penalty or part of a penalty under any other Act of Parliament in respect of the same cause of action.

~~5. 6. All the provisions of this Act shall have effect and be~~ Act to be enforced  
 enforced by every Court in every case notwithstanding any contract notwithstanding  
 15 or agreement excluding all or any of the provisions of this Act or agreements to the  
 otherwise interfering with the operations thereof. Provided that contrary.  
 In determining in any case the amount of compensation payable under this Act by an employer ~~the Court shall take into consideration~~ the value of any payment or contribution made by such employer to or  
 20 for the injured person in respect of his injury **shall be taken into consideration** and also the value of any payment or contribution made by such employer to any insurance or compensation fund to the extent to which any person who would otherwise be entitled to compensation under this Act has actually received compensation out of such payment  
 25 or contribution at the expense of such employer.

~~6. 7.~~ The Court in which any action for recovery of compensation Defective notices  
 under this Act is commenced or is pending may at any stage of the may be amended.  
 proceedings amend any defect in a notice of injury or death or direct that the action shall proceed and be maintainable notwithstanding  
 30 that such notice has not been given duly or at all if the Court having regard to the circumstances of the case thinks just so to direct and if it appears to the Court that within the time limited by the Act for giving such notice the employer or his agent or representative had knowledge or notice of the occurrence of the accident and of the fact  
 35 that the workman was injured thereby or that there was reasonable excuse for such defect or omission.

~~7. 8.~~ Notice in respect of an injury under this Act shall give the name and address of the person injured and shall state in ordinary Mode of serving  
 language the cause of the injury and the date at which it was notice of injury.  
 40 sustained and shall be served on the employer or if there is more than one employer upon one of such employers. The notice may be served by delivering the same to or at the residence or place of business of the person on whom it is to be served. The notice may also be served by post by a registered letter addressed to the  
 45 person on whom it is to be served at his last known place of residence or place of business and if served by post shall be deemed to have been served at the time when a letter containing the same would be delivered in the ordinary course of post and in proving the service of such notice it shall be sufficient to prove that the notice  
 50 was properly addressed and registered. Where the employer is a body of persons corporate or unincorporate the notice shall be served by delivering the same at or by sending it by post in a registered letter addressed to the office or if there be more than one office any one of the offices of such body. A notice under this section shall not  
 55 be deemed invalid by reason of any defect or inaccuracy therein unless the Judge who tries the action arising from the injury mentioned in the notice shall be of opinion that the defendant in the action is prejudiced in his defence by such defect or inaccuracy ~~and that the defect or inaccuracy was for the purpose of misleading.~~

*Employers Liability.*

8. 9. For the purposes of this Act unless the context otherwise Definitions. requires the expression "person who has superintendence entrusted to him" means a person whose sole or principal duty is that of superintendence and who is not ordinarily engaged in manual labour The
- 5 expression "employer" includes a body of persons corporate or unincorporate The expression "workman" means a railway ~~or domestic~~ servant and any other person who being a labourer servant in husbandry journeyman artificer handicraftsman miner or otherwise engaged in
- 10 that age has entered into or works under a contract with an employer whether the contract be made before or after the passing of this Act be express or implied oral or in writing and be a contract of service or a contract personally to execute any work or labour.
- 15 9. 10. This Act shall not come into operation until the first day of Commencement of Act. January one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three which date is in this Act referred to as the commencement of this Act.
- 20 10. 11. This Act may be cited as the "Employers' Liability Act Short title. 1882" and shall continue in force till the thirty-first day of December one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five and to the end of the then next session of Parliament and no longer unless Parliament shall otherwise determine and all actions commenced under this Act before that period shall be continued as if the said Act had not expired.



## EMPLOYERS LIABILITY BILL.

### *SCHEDULE of the Amendments referred to in Message of 25th October, 1882.*

- Page 2, clause 2, line 26. At end of subsection 2, *add* " Provided that where a rule  
" or by-law has been approved or has been accepted as a proper rule  
" or by-law by any department of the Government under or by virtue  
" of any Act of Parliament it shall not be deemed for the purposes of  
" this Act to be an improper or defective rule or by-law."
- " clause 2, lines 35 to 42. *Omit* " entrusted with any duties of superintendence  
" in or over that department in which the defect or negligence existed whether  
" such superintendent be ordinarily engaged in manual labour or not unless the  
" injured person should himself perform duties of superintendence in which  
" case such person must have given notice to the employer or to a person  
" entrusted with any superintendence over himself" *insert* " superior to him-  
" self in the service of the employer"
- " clause 2, line 43. *After* " unless" *insert* " he was aware that"
- " " *After* clause 2 *insert* new clause 3.
- " clause 3. 4, line 53. *Omit* " twelve" *insert* " six"
- " " " 54. *Omit* " twelve" *insert* " six"
- Page 3, clause 5. 6, lines 13 to 16. *Omit* " All the provisions of this Act shall have effect  
" and be enforced by every Court in every case notwithstanding any contract  
" or agreement excluding all or any of the provisions of this Act or otherwise  
" interfering with the operations thereof Provided that "
- " clause 5. 6, line 18. *Omit* " the Court shall take into consideration "
- " " " 20. *After* " injury" *insert* " shall be taken into con-  
" sideration."
- " clause 7. 8, lines 58 and 59. *Omit* " and that the defect or inaccuracy was  
" for the purpose of misleading"
- Page 4, clause 8. 9, line 6. *Omit* " or domestic "
- " clause 10. 11. At end of clause *add* " and shall continue in force till the  
" thirty-first day of December one thousand eight hundred and  
" eighty-five and to the end of the then next session of Parliament  
" and no longer unless Parliament shall otherwise determine and all  
" actions commenced under this Act before that period shall be con-  
" tinued as if the said Act had not expired."

THE TITANIC

Faint, mirrored text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page. The text is illegible due to its low contrast and orientation.

*This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.*

*Legislative Assembly Chamber,  
Sydney, 15 September, 1882.* }

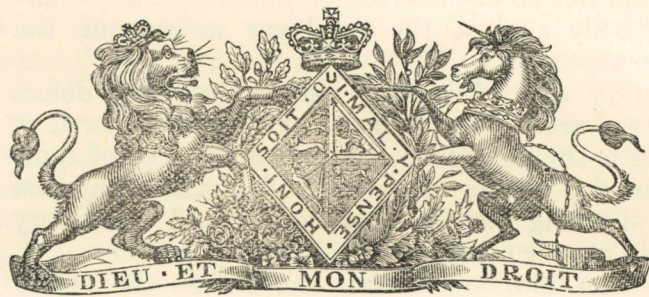
STEPHEN W. JONES,  
*Clerk of Legislative Assembly.*

*The LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL has this day agreed to this Bill with Amendments.*

*Legislative Council Chamber,  
Sydney, 25th October, 1882.* }

ADOLPHUS P. CLAPIN,  
*Acting Clerk of the Parliaments.*

## New South Wales.



ANNO QUADRAGESIMO SEXTO

# VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

\*\*\*\*\*

No. .

An Act to extend and regulate the Liability of Employers to make Compensation for Personal Injuries suffered by Workmen in their service.

**B**E it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows:—

5 1. Where after the commencement of this Act personal injury Amendment of Law.  
is caused to a workman—

- (I.) By reason of any defect in the condition of the ways works machinery or plant connected with or used in the business of the employer or
- 10 (II.) By reason of the negligence of any person in the service of the employer who has any superintendence entrusted to him whilst in the exercise of such superintendence or
- (III.) By reason of the negligence of any person in the service of the employer to whose orders or directions the workman at the time of the injury was bound to conform and did conform
- 15 where such injury resulted from his having so conformed or

78—

(IV.)

NOTE.—The words to be omitted are ruled through; those to be inserted are printed in black letter.

*Employers Liability.*

- (IV.) By reason of the act or omission of any person in the service of the employer done or made in obedience to the rules or by-laws of the employer or in obedience to particular instructions given by any person delegated with the authority of the employer in that behalf or
- 5 (V.) By reason of the negligence of any person in the service of the employer who has the charge or control of any signal points engine or train upon a rail or tramway the workman or in case the injury results in death the legal personal representatives of the workman and any persons entitled in case of death shall have the same right of compensation and remedies against the employer as if the workman had not been a workman of nor in the service of the employer nor engaged in his work.
- 10 2. A workman shall not be entitled under this Act to any right of compensation or remedy against the employer in any of the following cases that is to say—
- 15 Exceptions to amendment of law.
- (I.) Under sub-section one of section one unless the defect therein mentioned arose from or had not been discovered or remedied owing to the negligence of the employer or of some person in the service of the employer and entrusted by him with the duty of seeing that the ways works and machinery or plant were in proper condition.
- 20 (II.) Under sub-section four of section one unless the injury resulted from some impropriety or defect in the rules by-laws or instructions therein mentioned **Provided that where a rule or by-law has been approved or has been accepted as a proper rule or by-law by any department of the Government under or by virtue of any Act of Parliament it shall not be deemed for the purposes of this Act to be an improper or defective rule or by-law.**
- 25 (III.) In any case where the workman knew of the defect or negligence which caused his injury and failed within a reasonable time to give or cause to be given information thereof to the employer or some person entrusted with any duties of superintendence in or over that department in which the defect or negligence existed whether such superintendent be ordinarily engaged in manual labour or not unless the injured person should himself perform duties of superintendence in which case such person must have given notice to the employer or to a person entrusted with any superintendence over himself superior to himself in the service of the employer unless he was aware that the employer or such superior already knew of the said defect or negligence.
- 30 3. The amount of compensation recoverable under this Act shall not exceed such sum as may be found to be equivalent to the estimated earnings during the three years preceding the injury of a person in the same grade employed during those years in the like employment and in the district in which the workman is employed at the time of
- 35 Limit of sum recoverable as compensation.
- 40 4. An action for the recovery under this Act of compensation for an injury shall not be maintainable unless notice that injury has been sustained is given within ~~twelve~~ **six** weeks and the action is commenced within ~~twelve~~ **six** months from the occurrence of the
- 45 Limit of time for recovery of compensation.
- 50 5. There shall be deducted from any compensation awarded to any workman or representatives of a workman or persons claiming by under or through a workman in respect of any cause of action arising under
- Money payable under penalty to be deducted from compensation under Act.

*Employers Liability.*

under this Act any penalty or part of a penalty which may have been paid in pursuance of any other Act of Parliament to such workman representatives or persons in respect of the same cause of action and where an action has been brought under this Act by any workman or  
 5 the representatives of any workman or any persons claiming by under or through such workman for compensation in respect of any cause of action arising under this Act and payment has not previously been made of any penalty or part of a penalty under any other Act of Parliament in respect of the same cause of action such workman  
 10 representatives or persons shall not be entitled thereafter to receive any penalty or part of a penalty under any other Act of Parliament in respect of the same cause of action.

~~5. 6. All the provisions of this Act shall have effect and be~~ Act to be enforced notwithstanding any contract  
 15 enforced by every Court in every case notwithstanding any contract or agreement excluding all or any of the provisions of this Act or otherwise interfering with the operations thereof. ~~Provided that~~ Compensation payable.  
 In determining in any case the amount of compensation payable under this Act by an employer ~~the Court shall take into consideration~~ the value of any payment or contribution made by such employer to or  
 20 for the injured person in respect of his injury shall be taken into consideration and also the value of any payment or contribution made by such employer to any insurance or compensation fund to the extent to which any person who would otherwise be entitled to compensation under this Act has actually received compensation out of such payment  
 25 or contribution at the expense of such employer.

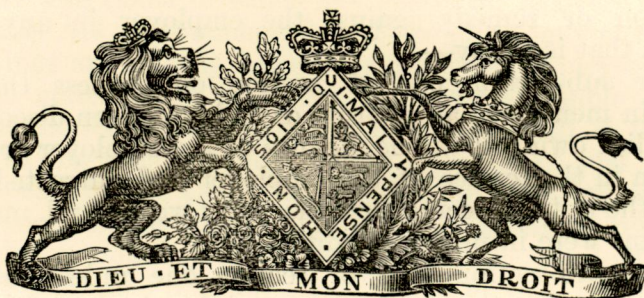
~~6. 7. The Court in which any action for recovery of compensation~~ Defective notices may be amended.  
 under this Act is commenced or is pending may at any stage of the proceedings amend any defect in a notice of injury or death or direct that the action shall proceed and be maintainable notwithstanding  
 30 that such notice has not been given duly or at all if the Court having regard to the circumstances of the case thinks just so to direct and if it appears to the Court that within the time limited by the Act for giving such notice the employer or his agent or representative had knowledge or notice of the occurrence of the accident and of the fact  
 35 that the workman was injured thereby or that there was reasonable excuse for such defect or omission.

~~7. 8. Notice in respect of an injury under this Act shall give the~~ Mode of serving notice of injury.  
 name and address of the person injured and shall state in ordinary language the cause of the injury and the date at which it was  
 40 sustained and shall be served on the employer or if there is more than one employer upon one of such employers. The notice may be served by delivering the same to or at the residence or place of business of the person on whom it is to be served. The notice may also be served by post by a registered letter addressed to the  
 45 person on whom it is to be served at his last known place of residence or place of business and if served by post shall be deemed to have been served at the time when a letter containing the same would be delivered in the ordinary course of post and in proving the service of such notice it shall be sufficient to prove that the notice  
 50 was properly addressed and registered. Where the employer is a body of persons corporate or unincorporate the notice shall be served by delivering the same at or by sending it by post in a registered letter addressed to the office or if there be more than one office any one of the offices of such body. A notice under this section shall not  
 55 be deemed invalid by reason of any defect or inaccuracy therein unless the Judge who tries the action arising from the injury mentioned in the notice shall be of opinion that the defendant in the action is prejudiced in his defence by such defect or inaccuracy and that the defect or inaccuracy was for the purpose of misleading.

*Employers Liability.*

8. 9. For the purposes of this Act unless the context otherwise <sup>Definitions.</sup> requires the expression "person who has superintendence entrusted to him" means a person whose sole or principal duty is that of superintendence and who is not ordinarily engaged in manual labour. The
- 5 expression "employer" includes a body of persons corporate or unincorporate. The expression "workman" means a railway ~~or domestic~~ servant and any other person who being a labourer servant in husbandry journeyman artificer handicraftsman miner or otherwise engaged in
- 10 that age has entered into or works under a contract with an employer whether the contract be made before or after the passing of this Act be express or implied oral or in writing and be a contract of service or a contract personally to execute any work or labour.
9. 10. This Act shall not come into operation until the first day of <sup>Commencement of Act.</sup> January one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three which date is in this Act referred to as the commencement of this Act.
10. 11. This Act may be cited as the "Employers' Liability Act <sup>Short title.</sup> 1882" and shall continue in force till the thirty-first day of December one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five and to the end of the then
- 20 next session of Parliament and no longer unless Parliament shall otherwise determine and all actions commenced under this Act before that period shall be continued as if the said Act had not expired.

New South Wales.



ANNO QUADRAGESIMO SEXTO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

\*\*\*\*\*

No. VI.

An Act to extend and regulate the Liability of Employers to make Compensation for Personal Injuries suffered by Workmen in their service. [Assented to, 21st November, 1882.]

**B**E it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows:—

1. Where after the commencement of this Act personal injury Amendment of law is caused to a workman—

- (I.) By reason of any defect in the condition of the ways works machinery or plant connected with or used in the business of the employer or
- (II.) By reason of the negligence of any person in the service of the employer who has any superintendence entrusted to him whilst in the exercise of such superintendence or
- (III.) By reason of the negligence of any person in the service of the employer to whose orders or directions the workman at the time of the injury was bound to conform and did conform where such injury resulted from his having so conformed or
- (IV.)

*Employers Liability.*

(iv.) By reason of the act or omission of any person in the service of the employer done or made in obedience to the rules or by-laws of the employer or in obedience to particular instructions given by any person delegated with the authority of the employer in that behalf or

(v.) By reason of the negligence of any person in the service of the employer who has the charge or control of any signal points engine or train upon a rail or tramway the workman or in case the injury results in death the legal personal representatives of the workman and any persons entitled in case of death shall have the same right of compensation and remedies against the employer as if the workman had not been a workman of nor in the service of the employer nor engaged in his work.

Exceptions to amendment of law.

2. A workman shall not be entitled under this Act to any right of compensation or remedy against the employer in any of the following cases that is to say—

(I.) Under sub-section one of section one unless the defect therein mentioned arose from or had not been discovered or remedied owing to the negligence of the employer or of some person in the service of the employer and entrusted by him with the duty of seeing that the ways works and machinery or plant were in proper condition.

(II.) Under sub-section four of section one unless the injury resulted from some impropriety or defect in the rules by-laws or instructions therein mentioned Provided that where a rule or by-law has been approved or has been accepted as a proper rule or by-law by any department of the Government under or by virtue of any Act of Parliament it shall not be deemed for the purposes of this Act to be an improper or defective rule or by-law.

(III.) In any case where the workman knew of the defect or negligence which caused his injury and failed within a reasonable time to give or cause to be given information thereof to the employer or some person superior to himself in the service of the employer unless he was aware that the employer or such superior already knew of the said defect or negligence.

Limit of sum recoverable as compensation.

3. The amount of compensation recoverable under this Act shall not exceed such sum as may be found to be equivalent to the estimated earnings during the three years preceding the injury of a person in the same grade employed during those years in the like employment and in the district in which the workman is employed at the time of the injury.

Limit of time for recovery of compensation.

4. An action for the recovery under this Act of compensation for an injury shall not be maintainable unless notice that injury has been sustained is given within six weeks and the action is commenced within six months from the occurrence of the accident causing the injury or in case of death within twelve months from the time of death.

Money payable under penalty to be deducted from compensation under Act.

5. There shall be deducted from any compensation awarded to any workman or representatives of a workman or persons claiming by under or through a workman in respect of any cause of action arising under this Act any penalty or part of a penalty which may have been paid in pursuance of any other Act of Parliament to such workman representatives or persons in respect of the same cause of action and where an action has been brought under this Act by any workman or the representatives of any workman or any persons claiming by under or through such workman for compensation in respect of any cause of action arising under this Act and payment has not previously been made



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made of any penalty or part of a penalty under any other Act of Parliament in respect of the same cause of action such workman representatives or persons shall not be entitled thereafter to receive any penalty or part of a penalty under any other Act of Parliament in respect of the same cause of action.

6. In determining in any case the amount of compensation payable under this Act by an employer the value of any payment or contribution made by such employer to or for the injured person in respect of his injury shall be taken into consideration and also the value of any payment or contribution made by such employer to any insurance or compensation fund to the extent to which any person who would otherwise be entitled to compensation under this Act has actually received compensation out of such payment or contribution at the expense of such employer. Compensation payable.

7. The Court in which any action for recovery of compensation under this Act is commenced or is pending may at any stage of the proceedings amend any defect in a notice of injury or death or direct that the action shall proceed and be maintainable notwithstanding that such notice has not been given duly or at all if the Court having regard to the circumstances of the case thinks just so to direct and if it appears to the Court that within the time limited by the Act for giving such notice the employer or his agent or representative had knowledge or notice of the occurrence of the accident and of the fact that the workman was injured thereby or that there was reasonable excuse for such defect or omission. Defective notices may be amended.

8. Notice in respect of an injury under this Act shall give the name and address of the person injured and shall state in ordinary language the cause of the injury and the date at which it was sustained and shall be served on the employer or if there is more than one employer upon one of such employers. The notice may be served by delivering the same to or at the residence or place of business of the person on whom it is to be served. The notice may also be served by post by a registered letter addressed to the person on whom it is to be served at his last known place of residence or place of business and if served by post shall be deemed to have been served at the time when a letter containing the same would be delivered in the ordinary course of post and in proving the service of such notice it shall be sufficient to prove that the notice was properly addressed and registered. Where the employer is a body of persons corporate or unincorporate the notice shall be served by delivering the same at or by sending it by post in a registered letter addressed to the office or if there be more than one office any one of the offices of such body. A notice under this section shall not be deemed invalid by reason of any defect or inaccuracy therein unless the Judge who tries the action arising from the injury mentioned in the notice shall be of opinion that the defendant in the action is prejudiced in his defence by such defect or inaccuracy. Mode of serving notice of injury.

9. For the purposes of this Act unless the context otherwise requires the expression "person who has superintendence entrusted to him" means a person whose sole or principal duty is that of superintendence and who is not ordinarily engaged in manual labour. The expression "employer" includes a body of persons corporate or unincorporate. The expression "workman" means a railway servant and any other person who being a labourer servant in husbandry journeyman artificer handicraftsman miner or otherwise engaged in manual labour whether under the age of twenty-one years or above that age has entered into or works under a contract with an employer whether the contract be made before or after the passing of this Act be express or implied oral or in writing and be a contract of service or a contract personally to execute any work or labour. Definitions.

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Commencement of  
Act.

10. This Act shall not come into operation until the first day of January one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three which date is in this Act referred to as the commencement of this Act.

Short title.

11. This Act may be cited as the "Employers' Liability Act 1882" and shall continue in force till the thirty-first day of December one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five and to the end of the then next session of Parliament and no longer unless Parliament shall otherwise determine and all actions commenced under this Act before that period shall be continued as if the said Act had not expired.

[3d.]

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By Authority : THOMAS RICHARDS, Government Printer, Sydney, 1882.