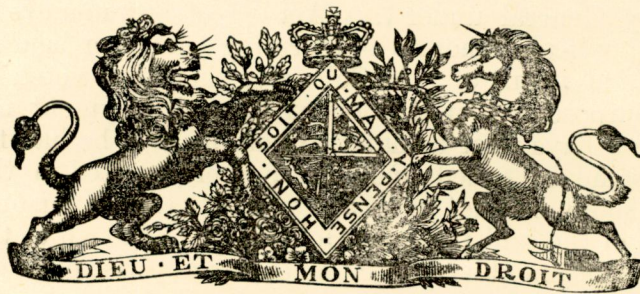


*This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.*

*Legislative Assembly Chamber,  
Sydney, 18 February, 1876. }*

STEPHEN W. JONES,  
*Clerk of Legislative Assembly.*

## New South Wales.



ANNO TRICESIMO NONO

## VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

\*\*\*\*\*

No. .

An Act to enforce claims against the Colonial Government and to give costs in Crown suits.

BE it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows:—

- 5 1. The Acts twentieth Victoria number fifteen and twenty-fourth Victoria number twenty-seven except as to proceedings already commenced under the said Acts are hereby repealed. Repeal of Acts 20 Vict. No. 15 and 24 Vict. No. 27.
- 10 2. Any person having or deeming himself to have any just claim or demand whatever against the Government of this Colony may set forth the same in a petition to the Governor praying him to appoint a nominal defendant in the matter of such petition and the Governor with the advice of the Executive Council may by notification in the *Gazette* appoint any person resident in the Colony to be a nominal defendant accordingly. Claimant may petition Governor. Governor may appoint nominal defendant. Provided that if within one month after
- 15 presentation of such petition no such notification be made the Colonial Treasurer for the time being shall be the nominal defendant.



*Claims against the Colonial Government.*

3. The petitioner may sue such nominal defendant at law or in equity in any competent Court and every such case shall be commenced in the same way and the proceedings and rights of parties therein shall as nearly as possible be the same and judgment and costs shall follow or may be awarded on either side as in an ordinary case between subject and subject. Petitioner may sue as in ordinary cases.
4. The nominal defendant in any case under this Act shall not be individually liable in person or property by reason of his being such defendant. Limited liability of nominal defendant.
5. In any action or suit under this Act all necessary judgments decrees and orders may be given and made and shall include every species of relief whether by way of specific performance or restitution of rights or recovery of lands or chattels or payment of money or damages. Nature of relief afforded by judgment.
6. In any action or suit by the Crown or Attorney General on behalf of the Crown costs shall follow or may be awarded as in an ordinary case between subject and subject. Costs.
7. The Colonial Treasurer shall pay all damages and costs adjudged against any such nominal defendant or costs awarded against the Crown or Attorney General under this Act out of any moneys in his hands then legally applicable thereto and forming part of or belonging to the Consolidated Revenue of this Colony or thereafter voted by Parliament for that purpose and in the event of such payment not being made within sixty days after demand execution may be had for the amount and the same be levied upon any property vested in the Government of this Colony but not upon any property real or personal vested in it on behalf of the said Imperial Government or to which the said last-mentioned Government has any claim or is in anywise entitled. Treasurer to pay damages awarded.
8. The Judges of the Supreme Court may make general rules not inconsistent with this Act for carrying the same into effect and such rules on being published in the *Gazette* shall have the force of law provided that copies of all such rules shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament within seven days after publication thereof or if Parliament be not sitting then within seven days after the commencement of the Session next following such publication and if either House shall at any time by resolution disapprove of such rules or any of them the rule or rules so disapproved of shall on notification of such resolution to the Chief Justice cease and determine. Rules of Court.
9. This Act may be cited as the "Claims against the Colonial Government Act." Short title.



CLAIMS AGAINST THE COLONIAL GOVERNMENT BILL.

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*SCHEDULE of the Amendments referred to in Message of 1st March, 1876.*

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Page 2, clause 7, line 27. *Omit* "said"

" " „ lines 27 and 28. *Omit* "the said" *insert* "such"

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*This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.*

*Legislative Assembly Chamber,  
Sydney, 18 February, 1876. }*

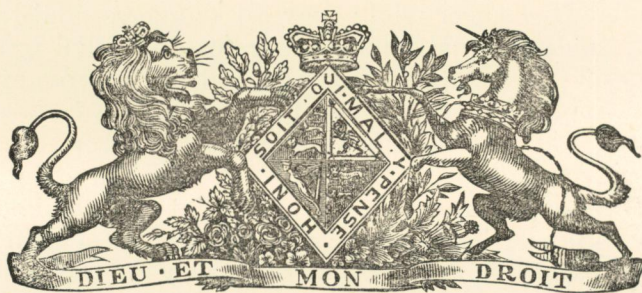
STEPHEN W. JONES,  
*Clerk of Legislative Assembly.*

*The LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL has this day agreed to this Bill with Amendments.*

*Legislative Council Chamber,  
Sydney, 1st March, 1876. }*

For JOHN J. CALVERT,  
*Clerk of the Parliaments,*  
ADOLPHUS P. CLAPIN,  
*Clerk Assistant.*

## New South Wales.



ANNO TRICESIMO NONO

## VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

\*\*\*\*\*

No. .

An Act to enforce claims against the Colonial Government and to give costs in Crown suits.

**B**E it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows :—

- 5 1. The Acts twentieth Victoria number fifteen and twenty-fourth Victoria number twenty-seven except as to proceedings already commenced under the said Acts are hereby repealed. Repeal of Acts 20 Vict. No. 15 and 24 Vict. No. 27.
- 10 2. Any person having or deeming himself to have any just claim or demand whatever against the Government of this Colony may set forth the same in a petition to the Governor praying him to appoint a nominal defendant in the matter of such petition and the Governor with the advice of the Executive Council may by notification in the *Gazette* appoint any person resident in the Colony to be a nominal defendant accordingly. Claimant may petition Governor. Provided that if within one month after presentation of such petition no such notification be made the Colonial Treasurer for the time being shall be the nominal defendant. Governor may appoint nominal defendant.
- 15

223—

3.

NOTE.—The words to be omitted are ruled through ; those to be inserted are printed in black letter.

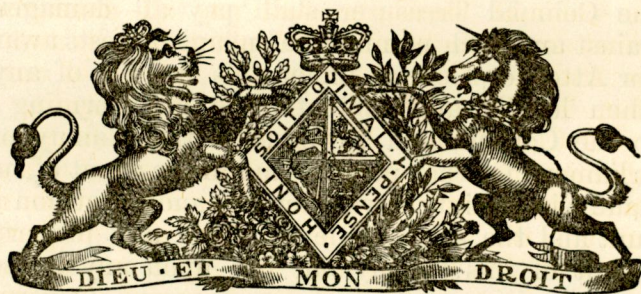


*Claims against the Colonial Government.*

3. The petitioner may sue such nominal defendant at law or in equity in any competent Court and every such case shall be commenced in the same way and the proceedings and rights of parties therein shall as nearly as possible be the same and judgment and costs shall follow or may be awarded on either side as in an ordinary case between subject and subject. Petitioner may sue as in ordinary cases.
4. The nominal defendant in any case under this Act shall not be individually liable in person or property by reason of his being such defendant. Limited liability of nominal defendant.
- 10 5. In any action or suit under this Act all necessary judgments decrees and orders may be given and made and shall include every species of relief whether by way of specific performance or restitution of rights or recovery of lands or chattels or payment of money or damages. Nature of relief afforded by judgment.
- 15 6. In any action or suit by the Crown or Attorney General on behalf of the Crown costs shall follow or may be awarded as in an ordinary case between subject and subject. Costs.
- 20 7. The Colonial Treasurer shall pay all damages and costs adjudged against any such nominal defendant or costs awarded against the Crown or Attorney General under this Act out of any moneys in his hands then legally applicable thereto and forming part of or belonging to the Consolidated Revenue of this Colony or thereafter voted by Parliament for that purpose and in the event of such payment not being made within sixty days after demand execution may be had for the amount and the same be levied upon any property vested in the Government of this Colony but not upon any property real or personal vested in it on behalf of the said Imperial Government or to which the said such last-mentioned Government has any claim or is in anywise entitled. Treasurer to pay damages awarded.
- 25 8. The Judges of the Supreme Court may make general rules not inconsistent with this Act for carrying the same into effect and such rules on being published in the *Gazette* shall have the force of law provided that copies of all such rules shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament within seven days after publication thereof or if Parliament be not sitting then within seven days after the commencement of the Session next following such publication and if either House shall at any time by resolution disapprove of such rules or any of them the rule or rules so disapproved of shall on notification of such resolution to the Chief Justice cease and determine. Rules of Court.
- 35 9. This Act may be cited as the "Claims against the Colonial Government Act." Short title.
- 40



# New South Wales.



ANNO TRICESIMO NONO

## VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

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### No. XXXVIII.

An Act to enforce Claims against the Colonial Government and to give costs in Crown suits. [Reserved, 23rd March, 1876.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows :—

1. The Acts twentieth Victoria number fifteen and twenty-fourth Victoria number twenty-seven except as to proceedings already commenced under the said Acts are hereby repealed. Repeal of Acts 20 Vict. No. 15 and 24 Vict. No. 27.

2. Any person having or deeming himself to have any just claim or demand whatever against the Government of this Colony may set forth the same in a petition to the Governor praying him to appoint a nominal defendant in the matter of such petition and the Governor with the advice of the Executive Council may by notification in the *Gazette* appoint any person resident in the Colony to be a nominal defendant accordingly. Provided that if within one month after presentation of such petition no such notification be made the Colonial Treasurer for the time being shall be the nominal defendant. Claimant may petition Governor. Governor may appoint nominal defendant.



*Claims against the Colonial Government.*

Petitioner may sue  
as in ordinary cases.

3. The petitioner may sue such nominal defendant at law or in equity in any competent Court and every such case shall be commenced in the same way and the proceedings and rights of parties therein shall as nearly as possible be the same and judgment and costs shall follow or may be awarded on either side as in an ordinary case between subject and subject.

Limited liability of  
nominal defendant.

4. The nominal defendant in any case under this Act shall not be individually liable in person or property by reason of his being such defendant.

Nature of relief  
afforded by judg-  
ment.

5. In any action or suit under this Act all necessary judgments decrees and orders may be given and made and shall include every species of relief whether by way of specific performance or restitution of rights or recovery of lands or chattels or payment of money or damages.

Costs.

6. In any action or suit by the Crown or Attorney General on behalf of the Crown costs shall follow or may be awarded as in an ordinary case between subject and subject.

Treasurer to pay  
damages awarded.

7. The Colonial Treasurer shall pay all damages and costs adjudged against any such nominal defendant or costs awarded against the Crown or Attorney General under this Act out of any moneys in his hands then legally applicable thereto and forming part of or belonging to the Consolidated Revenue of this Colony or thereafter voted by Parliament for that purpose and in the event of such payment not being made within sixty days after demand execution may be had for the amount and the same be levied upon any property vested in the Government of this Colony but not upon any property real or personal vested in it on behalf of the Imperial Government or to which such last-mentioned Government has any claim or is in anywise entitled.

Rules of Court.

8. The Judges of the Supreme Court may make general rules not inconsistent with this Act for carrying the same into effect and such rules on being published in the *Gazette* shall have the force of law provided that copies of all such rules shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament within seven days after publication thereof or if Parliament be not sitting then within seven days after the commencement of the Session next following such publication and if either House shall at any time by resolution disapprove of such rules or any of them the rule or rules so disapproved of shall on notification of such resolution to the Chief Justice cease and determine.

Short title.

9. This Act may be cited as the "Claims against the Colonial Government Act."