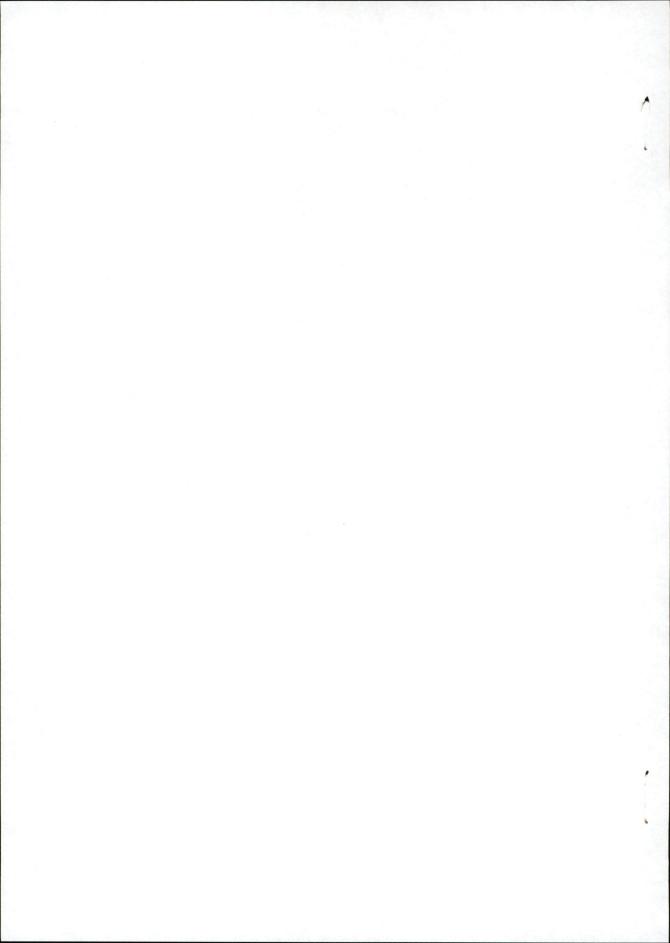


Contents

			Page
1	Name	of Act	2
2	Comm	encement	2
3	Ameno	dment of Public Health Act 1991 No 10	2
4		quential amendment of Health Legislation Ilaneous Amendments) Act 1994 No 19,	
	Sched		2
. .			
Sche	dule 1	Amendment of Public Health Act 1991	3





Act No 1, 1996

An Act to amend the *Public Health Act 1991* to establish a New South Wales Pap Test Register to record information concerning tests for cervical cancer and its precursors; and for related purposes. [Assented to 8 May 1996]

The Legislature of New South Wales enacts:

1 Name of Act

This Act is the Public Health Amendment Act 1996.

2 Commencement

This Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.

3 Amendment of Public Health Act 1991 No 10

The Public Health Act 1991 is amended as set out in Schedule 1.

4 Consequential amendment of Health Legislation (Miscellaneous Amendments) Act 1994 No 19, Schedule 2

The Health Legislation (Miscellaneous Amendments) Act 1994 is amended by omitting Schedule 2.

Amendment of Public Health Act 1991

Schedule 1

Schedule 1 Amendment of Public Health Act 1991

(Section 3)

Part 3B

Insert after Part 3A:

Part 3B Pap Test Register

Division 1 Preliminary

42E Definitions

In this Part:

cervical cancer means a malignant growth of human tissue in the cervix of the uterus that is likely to spread to tissue beyond its site of origin.

cervical cancer test means a test that is carried out to determine whether or not a woman has cervical cancer or any of its precursors, and that:

- (a) consists of a pathological examination of a specimen of any kind taken from the woman, or
- (b) is a test, or a test of a class, prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this paragraph.

health practitioner means a person who is:

- (a) a medical practitioner, or
- (b) a registered nurse (within the meaning of the *Nurses Act 1991*), or
- (c) a person, or a person of a class, prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this paragraph.

identifying particulars of a woman means the woman's:

- (a) full name (and any previous name), and
- (b) residential or postal address.

pathology request form means a form submitted to a pathology laboratory by or on behalf of a health practitioner requesting the laboratory to carry out a pathological examination of a specimen.

Register means the New South Wales Pap Test Register referred to in section 42F.

Schedule 1 Amendment of Public Health Act 1991

Division 2 New South Wales Pap Test Register

42F New South Wales Pap Test Register

- (1) The Director-General is to cause to be compiled and maintained a Register, to be known as the New South Wales Pap Test Register.
- (2) The Director-General may enter into any agreement or arrangement for any other person to maintain the Register.

42G Object of establishing Register

The object of establishing the Register is to reduce the incidence of, and mortality from, preventable cervical cancer by using the Register for the purposes specified in section 42I.

42H Contents of Register

- (1) The Register is to contain the following information in relation to a cervical cancer test:
 - (a) the identifying particulars of the woman who had the test,
 - (b) her date of birth,
 - (c) the date of the test,
 - (d) the result of the test,
 - (e) an indication of whether the test was carried out:
 - (i) because the woman had symptoms that warranted investigation, or
 - (ii) as a routine measure only,
 - (f) the identification number of the test,
 - (g) if the test consisted of a pathological examination of a specimen taken from the woman:
 - the name, address and identification code of the health practitioner by or on whose behalf the relevant pathology request form was submitted, and
 - (ii) the identification code of the laboratory that examined the specimen,

Amendment of Public Health Act 1991

- (h) if the test was a test, or a test of a class, prescribed by the regulations:
 - (i) the name, address and identification code of the health practitioner who carried out the test, and
 - (ii) such clinical information as the regulations may prescribe.
- (2) In this section:

identification code, in relation to a health practitioner or laboratory, means a code used to identify the health practitioner or laboratory for the purposes of the Register.

identification number, in relation to a test, means the number allocated uniquely to the test by:

- (a) the laboratory that carried out the test (in the case of a test consisting of a pathological examination of a specimen taken from a woman), or
- (b) the health practitioner (in any other case).

421 Use of information in Register

- (1) The information in the Register is to be used for the following purposes:
 - (a) to remind any woman who does not have a further cervical cancer test (or other appropriate investigation or treatment) within a reasonable time after a cervical cancer test that a further test (or investigation or treatment) is recommended,
 - (b) to provide a record of test results that links each woman tested with her health practitioner and any laboratory that produces her test results,
 - (c) to monitor rates and patterns of cervical cancer tests to assist in the planning and evaluation of test programs,

Schedule 1 Amendment of Public Health Act 1991

- (d) to provide information (being information that does not include any woman's identifying particulars):
 - (i) to the public—so as to increase public awareness of the Register and its objects, and
 - (ii) to health practitioners and laboratories—to assist them to monitor their quality control procedures in relation to cervical cancer tests, and
 - (iii) to the Department of Health, and
 - (iv) to the Commonwealth,
- (e) to maintain a database (being a database that does not contain any woman's identifying particulars) for use in research into the prevention and treatment of cervical cancer.
- (2) Any person acting for the purposes of this Division does not, if acting in good faith, incur any liability by reason of any notification or advice to a woman, or any failure to notify or advise a woman, in relation to any matter included in or otherwise concerning the Register.
- (3) In this section, *test results* means the results of a cervical cancer test.

42J Disclosure of identifying particulars in conjunction with test result

- (1) A person may disclose, in conjunction with the result of a cervical cancer test, the identifying particulars of the woman who had the test only:
 - (a) to the woman concerned, or
 - (b) with the written consent of the woman, or
 - (c) to the woman's health practitioner, or
 - (d) to the person in charge of a laboratory that is, or has previously been, engaged on the woman's behalf to make a pathological examination of a specimen taken from her, or

Amendment of Public Health Act 1991

- (e) for the purposes of section 42I (1) (a) or (b), or
- (f) if permitted or required to do so under the terms of an order of a court or the provisions of an Act, or
- (g) in accordance with the regulations.
- (2) The regulations may prescribe either or both of the following:
 - (a) the persons, or class of persons, to whom a woman's identifying particulars may be disclosed in conjunction with the results of the woman's cervical cancer test,
 - (b) the circumstances in which that disclosure may be made.

42K Provision of information for inclusion in Register

(1) The person in charge of a laboratory that carries out a cervical cancer test must provide a report relating to the test in accordance with this section.

Maximum penalty: 10 penalty units.

- (2) A person in charge of a laboratory is not guilty of an offence under this section by reason only that the report concerned did not include information that it was not in the power of the laboratory to provide.
- (3) A health practitioner who carries out a test, or a test of a class, prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of paragraph (b) of the definition of *cervical cancer test* in section 42E, must provide a report relating to the test in accordance with this section.

Maximum penalty: 10 penalty units.

(4) A health practitioner who takes a specimen from a woman for the purposes of a cervical cancer test is to ensure that the relevant pathology request form contains as much of the information required by this section to be included in a report from a laboratory as it is in the power of the health practitioner to provide.

Schedule 1 Amendment of Public Health Act 1991

- (5) A report referred to in this section:
 - (a) is to be provided to the Director-General (or, if the Director-General has entered into an agreement or arrangement with another person under section 42F (2) and the person in charge of the laboratory or the health practitioner concerned has been notified accordingly, to that other person), and
 - (b) is to be provided within 30 days after the completion of the test, and
 - (c) is to contain, in relation to the test, the information referred to in section 42H, and
 - (d) is to be in a form approved by the Director-General.
- (6) This section is subject to section 420.

Division 3 Right to anonymity in Register

42L Application of Division

This Division has effect despite section 42H.

42M Woman may elect not to be identified in Register

A woman who has a cervical cancer test may elect to have her identifying particulars withheld from the Register by advising the health practitioner carrying out, or taking the specimen for the purposes of, the test that she does not want to be identified in the Register.

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42N Removal of identifying particulars from Register

- (1) A woman may at any time request the Director-General, in writing, to remove her identifying particulars from the Register.
- (2) The Director-General is to cause any such request to be complied with as soon as practicable after receiving it.

Amendment of Public Health Act 1991

420 Withholding of identifying particulars

- (1) If a woman elects to have her identifying particulars withheld from the Register, the health practitioner to whom she makes the election:
 - (a) must note any relevant pathology request form accordingly, and
 - (b) must not provide those particulars to any person for the purpose of their inclusion in the Register.

Maximum penalty: 10 penalty units.

(2) A person in charge of a laboratory that receives a pathology request form noted as referred to in subsection (1) must ensure that the laboratory does not provide the identifying particulars of the woman to whom the form relates to any person for the purpose of their inclusion in the Register.

Maximum penalty: 10 penalty units.

(3) Any person who has reason to believe that a woman has elected to have her identifying particulars withheld from the Register is not to include those particulars in the Register.

42P Health practitioner to provide information about Register

- (1) A health practitioner who carries out a cervical cancer test, or takes a specimen from a woman for the purpose of such a test, is, before carrying out the test or taking the specimen, to provide the woman concerned with details of:
 - (a) the object of the Register, and
 - (b) the information that is recorded in the Register, and
 - (c) the purposes for which that information may be used, and
 - (d) the way in which the confidentiality of the Register is protected.

Schedule 1 Amendment of Public Health Act 1991

- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply if the health practitioner's records indicate that the woman has previously been provided with details of the Register. In that case, however, the health practitioner is to remind the woman of her right to have her identifying particulars removed from the Register.
- (3) If the health practitioner's records do not indicate that the woman has previously been provided with details of the Register, the health practitioner is also to inform the woman:
 - (a) that she may elect to have her identifying particulars withheld from the Register, and
 - (b) that if she does not so elect, she may have those particulars removed from the Register at any time after they are recorded in it.

[Minister's second reading speech made in-

Legislative Assembly on 6 December 1995 Legislative Council on 17 April 1996]

BY AUTHORITY