

Crimes Amendment (Possession of Refused Classification Publications, Films and Computer Games) Bill 1996

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to amend the *Crimes Act 1900* to prohibit possession of publications, films and computer games that:

- (a) have been classified RC (Refused Classification) in accordance with the *National Classification Code* under the Commonwealth *Classification (Publications, Films and Computer Games) Act 1995*, or
- (b) are unclassified but that would, if classified, be classified RC.

Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on a day to be appointed by proclamation.

Clause 3 is a formal provision giving effect to the amendment to the *Crimes Act 1900* set out in Schedule 1.

Schedule 1 amends the Crimes Act 1900 to replace the offence of possessing child pornography contained in section 578B with a new offence of possessing a publication, film or computer game classified RC, or an unclassified publication, film or computer game that would, if classified, be classified RC. The current offence relating to child pornography prohibits the possession of RC material classified (in accordance with the National Classification Code set out in the Schedule to the Commonwealth Classification (Publications, Films and Computer Games) Act 1995) RC on the basis that it describes or depicts, in a way that is likely to cause offence to a reasonable adult, a person (whether or not engaged in sexual activity) who is a child under 16 or who looks like a child under 16. The new offence will continue to prohibit the classification of such child pornography but will expand the prohibition to cover material classified RC on other grounds under the National Classification Code. For example, it will cover films classified RC on the basis that they:

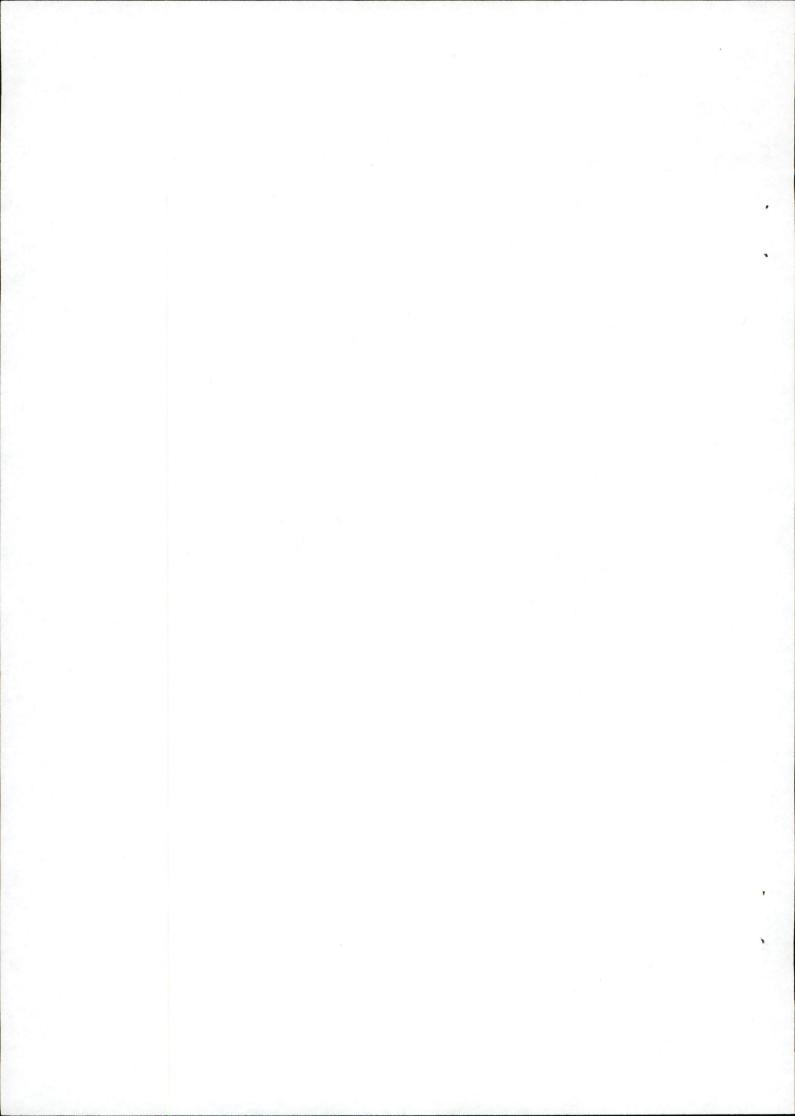
- depict, express or otherwise deal with matters of sex, drug misuse or addiction, crime, cruelty, violence or revolting or abhorrent phenomena in such a way that they offend against the standards of morality, decency and propriety generally accepted by reasonable adults to the extent that they should not be classified, or
- promote, incite or instruct in matters of crime or violence.



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No , 1996

A Bill for

An Act to amend the *Crimes Act 1900* with respect to possession of Refused Classification publications, films and computer games, and for other purposes.

The Legislature of New South Wales enacts:

1 Name of Act

This Act is the Crimes Amendment (Possession of Refused Classification Publications, Films and Computer Games) Act 1996.

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2 Commencement

This Act commences on a day to be appointed by proclamation.

3 Amendment of Crimes Act 1900 No 40

The Crimes Act 1900 is amended as set out in Schedule 1.

Schedule 1 Amendment

(Section 3)

Section 578B

Omit section 578B. Insert instead:

578B Possession of Refused Classification publications, films and computer games

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(1) In this section:

RC material means a publication, film or computer game classified RC, or an unclassified publication, film or computer game that would, if classified, be classified RC.

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Classification Board means the Classification Board established under the Commonwealth Act.

classified means classified under the Commonwealth Act.

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Commonwealth Act means the Classification (Publications, Films and Computer Games) Act 1995 of the Commonwealth.

computer game, film and publication each have the same meanings, respectively, as in the Commonwealth Act.

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law enforcement agency has the same meaning as in section 13 of the Criminal Records Act 1991, and includes a person or body prescribed by the regulations for the purpose of this definition.

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(2) A person who has in his or her possession any RC material is guilty of an offence.

Maximum penalty: 100 penalty units or imprisonment for 12 months (or both).

classified RC or would be classified RC, or

in the case of RC material classified on the basis

that it describes or depicts, in a way that is likely to cause offence to a reasonable adult, a person

(whether or not engaged in sexual activity) who is

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(b)

a child under 16 or who looks like a child under 16—that the person described or depicted in the material was of or above the age of 16 at the time when the publication, film or computer game was published, made, taken or produced.

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(6) In any proceedings under this section, a certificate issued under section 87 of the Commonwealth Act signed (or purporting to be signed) by the Director of the Classification Board (or by the Deputy Director of the Classification Board) and stating that the publication, film or computer game concerned is classified RC and the basis of its classification is prima facie evidence of the matter stated in the certificate.

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(7) A court that convicts a person of an offence under this section may order that any RC material in respect of which the offence was committed is to be destroyed or otherwise disposed of as the court thinks fit.

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(8) The Governor may make regulations, not inconsistent with this Act, prescribing any matter required or permitted to be prescribed under this section.

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