

Community Land Development Amendment Bill 1996

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament. The Strata Titles Amendment Bill 1996 is cognate with this Bill.

Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to amend the Community Land Development Act 1989 ("the Principal Act") with respect to the following:

- (a) development contracts (see Schedule 1),
- (b) public roads and public reserves (see Schedule 2),
- (c) access ways (see Schedule 3),
- (d) statutory easements (see Schedule 4),
- (e) miscellaneous matters (see Schedule 5).

The amendments proposed by Schedules 1-4 relate to the *community* schemes, precinct schemes and neighbourhood schemes dealt with by the Principal Act. Those are schemes that extend the common property concept

(introduced by the Strata Titles Act 1973) to schemes involving conventional subdivisions. However, to avoid confusion, the Principal Act provides that, instead of extending the meaning of the term common property, the relevant expressions for those schemes would be community property for a community scheme, precinct property for a precinct scheme and neighbourhood property for a neighbourhood scheme.

A community scheme is initiated by the registration of a *community plan* comprising 2 or more *community development lots* and another lot which would be community property for the use of participants in the community scheme.

A precinct scheme is initiated by the registration of a *precinct plan* subdividing a community development lot into 2 or more *precinct development lots* and another lot which would be precinct property for the use of participants in the precinct scheme. A community scheme need not include a precinct scheme.

A community development lot or precinct development lot is then subdivided by the registration of a *neighbourhood plan* comprising 2 or more *neighbourhood lots* for separate occupation (like a strata lot) and another lot for the use of participants in the neighbourhood scheme as neighbourhood property. Other development lots in the community scheme or precinct scheme could then be subdivided by the registration of another neighbourhood plan or a strata plan.

The Principal Act also provides for the establishment of neighbourhood schemes that do not form part of a community scheme or precinct scheme.

The miscellaneous amendments proposed by Schedule 5 are explained later.

Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides that the proposed Act is to commence on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.

Clause 3 gives effect to the proposed amendments set out in Schedules 1–5.

Schedule 1 Amendments relating to development contracts

Schedule 1 amends section 26 of the Principal Act.

- Schedule 1 [1] is intended to make it clear that the consent to be given by a council to the subdivision proposed by a neighbourhood plan is conditional on approval also being given by the council to a proposed development contract for the neighbourhood scheme. A development contract comprises instruments, plans and drawings that are registered with a community plan, precinct plan or neighbourhood plan and describe the manner in which it is proposed to develop the land in the plan to which they relate.
- Schedule 1 [2] removes the compulsory imposition, as a condition of development consent to a community scheme or precinct scheme, or to the subdivision effected by a neighbourhood plan, of a requirement that the community, precinct or neighbourhood scheme be developed in accordance with the terms of a development contract. The imposition of the condition will be at the discretion of the council. Even if the council chooses not to impose such a condition, or chooses not to take any action for a breach of such a condition, the proprietors of lots within the scheme could take proceedings for breach of the development contract.
- Schedule 1 [3] is intended to make it clear that the development of a community scheme, precinct scheme or neighbourhood scheme may take place anywhere in the State and is not restricted to circumstances in which an environmental planning instrument requires development consent for a subdivision.

Schedule 2 Amendments relating to public roads and public reserves

Schedule 2 [1] amends Schedule 1 to the Principal Act to make it clear that a public road or a public reserve may be dedicated on the registration of a community, precinct or neighbourhood plan of subdivision, so that the opportunity for effecting such a dedication is not limited to registration of the original plan. The amendment would not enable a plan of subdivision to dedicate association property as a public road or public reserve, unless it is done under section 21 of the Principal Act. That section enables a neighbourhood association to make such a dedication if it is a neighbourhood association that is not part of a community scheme.

Schedule 2 [2] amends Schedule 11 to the Principal Act in order to deal with the situation that arises if a lot in a community plan, precinct plan or neighbourhood plan, or part of such a lot, having a unit entitlement, is proposed to be dedicated as a public road or a public reserve. When the lot is dedicated, it carries no unit entitlements, so that an adjustment of the unit entitlements for the scheme becomes necessary. The proposed amendment provides for the adjustment to be made in a way similar to that provided by Schedule 8 to the Principal Act on the severance of a community development lot from a community scheme or a precinct development lot from a precinct scheme.

Schedule 3 Amendments relating to access ways

The Local Government Act 1993 has a definition of public place that includes places such as public roads and public reserves. The proposed amendments would adopt this definition.

Access within a community, precinct or neighbourhood scheme may be provided either by a public road, by an *open access way* or by a *private access way*. An open access way has many of the features of a public road, while a private access way is part of the *association property* in the scheme to which it relates. (Association property comprises community property, precinct property or neighbourhood property and is the equivalent of the common property in a strata scheme).

As access ways are created by inclusion in the management statement for the scheme involved, it is possible for an association, by altering its management statement, to close an access way or convert an open access way to a private access way. It is proposed to require the consent of all associations using the access way before such an alteration to a management statement may be made.

An access way may at present be linked only to a public road, so that there is no provision enabling an access way to be linked to any other public place such as a park. It is proposed to enable an access way to be linked to any public place.

Schedule 3 [1] proposes adoption of the definition of *public place* in the *Local Government Act 1993*.

Items [2]-[6] of Schedule 3 deal with open access ways

Schedule 3 [2] and **[3]** amend section 41 of the Principal Act which at present enables a part (but not all) of the land that is community property in a community scheme to be set apart as an open access way connecting the land and a public road. The proposed amendment would remove the present limitation applying the section to part only of the land and would also enable a means of open access to be provided in order to connect the land and *any* public place.

Schedule 3 [4] amends section 42 of the Principal Act which at present enables a part (but not all) of the land that is precinct property in a precinct scheme to be set apart as an open access way connecting the land and a public road. The proposed amendment would remove the present limitation applying the section to part only of the land and would also enable an open access way to be provided in order to connect *any* public place and:

- (a) a part of the precinct parcel, or
- (b) an open access way within the community parcel of which the precinct parcel forms part.

Schedule 3 [5] amends section 43 of the Principal Act which at present enables a part (but not all) of the land that is neighbourhood property in a neighbourhood scheme to be set apart as a means of open access connecting the land and a public road. The proposed amendment would remove the present limitation that enables only part of the land to be set apart and would also enable a means of open access to be provided in order to connect the land and *any* public place.

The proposed amendment would also limit section 43 to a neighbourhood scheme that is not part of a community scheme.

Schedule 3 [6] proposes to insert new sections 43A and 43B in the Principal Act.

- Section 43A would enable all or part of the land that is neighbourhood property in a neighbourhood scheme that is part of a community scheme to be set apart as a means of open access connecting any public place and:
 - (a) part of the neighbourhood parcel, or
 - (b) means of open access within the relevant community parcel.

• Section 43B relates to the closure of an open access way that connects any public place and land within a community parcel. The provision would prohibit the closure of such an access way without the authority of a unanimous resolution of each of the associations of which the members are entitled to use the access way. (A unanimous resolution is a resolution passed at a duly convened general meeting of an association without a vote being cast against it.)

Items [7]-[10] of Schedule 3 deal with private access ways

Schedule 3 [7] and [8] amend section 44 of the Principal Act which at present enables a part (but not all) of the land that is community property in a community scheme and is not an open access way to be set apart as a private access way connecting the land and a public road, or an open access way, within the community parcel. The proposed amendment would remove the present limitation applying the section to part only of the land and would also enable a private access way to be provided to connect the land and any public place.

Schedule 3 [9] amends section 45 of the Principal Act which at present enables a part (but not all) of the land that is precinct property in a precinct scheme and is not an open access way to be set apart as a private access way connecting the land and a public road or an open access way within the precinct parcel. The proposed amendment would remove the present limitation applying the section to part only of the land and would also enable a private access way to be provided to connect the land and a public place.

Schedule 3 [10] amends section 46 of the Principal Act which at present enables a part (but not all) of the land that is neighbourhood property in a neighbourhood scheme and is not an open access way to be set apart as a private access way connecting the land and a public road or an open access way within the neighbourhood parcel. The proposed amendment would remove the present limitation applying the section to part only of the land and would also enable a private access way to be provided to connect the land and a public place.

Schedule 4 Amendments relating to statutory easements

Schedule 4 amends section 36 of the Principal Act.

• Schedule 4 [1] amends the definition of statutory easement in section 36 (1). This is an easement conferring rights to enter land through which runs a service line such as a pipe or cable supplying water, gas,

electricity, sewerage or drainage. Because it may be difficult to properly maintain a service line close to a boundary without entering land other than that subject to the easement, the proposed amendment would extend the easement to permit any necessary entry on adjoining land in order to provide or maintain a service line.

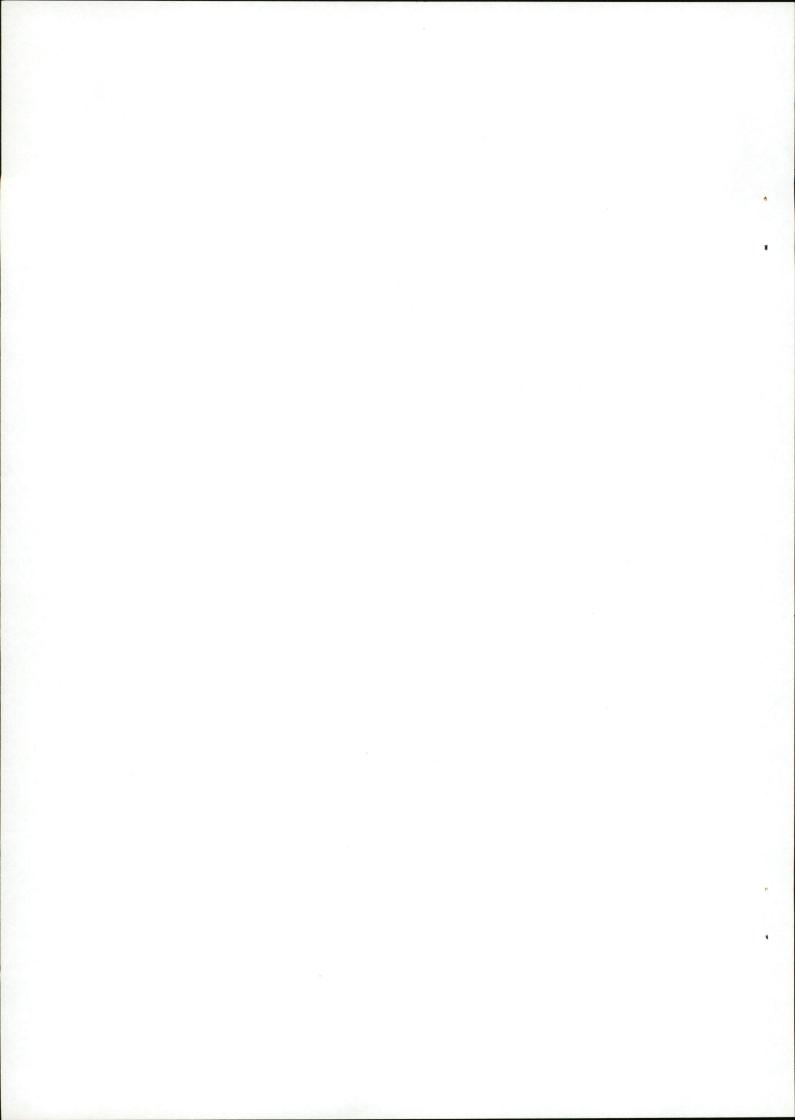
- Schedule 4 [2] requires the Registrar-General to be notified when a proposed service line is completed.
- Schedule 4 [3] requires the registration of a diagram that shows the actual location of a service line that is different from its proposed location.
- Schedule 4 [4] provides that if a service line is installed after registration of the management statement, the developer must, within 1 month after the installation (rather than after "a reasonable time") give a copy of the prescribed diagram for the service line to the relevant association.
- Schedule 4 [5] adds to the implied covenants by the proprietor of the land to which the statutory easement is appurtenant.
- Schedule 4 [5] also provides for the making in the Register kept under the *Real Property Act 1900* of such entries relating to the statutory easement as the Registrar-General thinks fit.

Schedule 5 Other amendments

Schedule 5 [1] amends the definition of *public authority* which at present states only that the expression includes the council of a city, municipality or shire. Because of changes made by the *Local Government Act 1993*, the proposed amendment refers to a council by reference to that Act and extends the definition to include a corporation prescribed by the regulations as a public authority.

Schedule 5 [2]-[5] make some amendments by way of statute law revision.

Schedule 5 [6] validates certain actions taken before the commencement of amendments made by the proposed Act.





Community Land Development Amendment Bill 1996

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Community Land Development Amendment Bill 1996

No , 1996

A Bill for

An Act to amend the *Community Land Development Act 1989* with respect to development contracts, public places, public reserves, access ways and other matters.

See also Strata Titles Amendment Bill 1996.

The Legislature of New South Wales enacts:

1 Name of Act

This Act is the Community Land Development Amendment Act 1996.

2 Commencement

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This Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.

3 Amendment of Community Land Development Act 1989 No 201

The Community Land Development Act 1989 is amended as set out in Schedules 1-5.

Schedule 1 Amendments relating to development contracts

(Section 3)

[1] Section 26 Development contract

Omit "development proposed" from section 26 (2). Insert instead "subdivision to be effected".

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[2] Section 26 (3)

Omit "is". Insert instead "may be, but is not required to be,".

[3] Section 26 (5)

Insert "is required and" after "contract" where firstly occurring.

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Schedule 2 Amendments relating to public roads and public reserves

(Section 3)

[1]	Schedule	1	Plans
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Omit clause 1. Insert instead:

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1 Public roads and certain reserves

- (1) This clause applies to:
 - (a) a community plan, a precinct plan and a neighbourhood plan, and
 - (b) a community plan of subdivision, a precinct plan of subdivision and a neighbourhood plan of subdivision.
- (2) A plan to which this clause applies must define any land in the plan that is to be dedicated as a public road, a public reserve or a drainage reserve.

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(3) This clause is not to be taken as enabling a plan of subdivision of association property (other than neighbourhood property to which section 21 applies) to include any additional dedication, or proposed dedication, of land as a public road, public reserve or drainage reserve.

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[2] Schedule 11 Initial unit entitlements

Insert after clause 6:

7 Severance of lot proposed as public road or public reserve

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- (1) This clause applies to a lot in a community plan, a precinct plan or a neighbourhood plan:
 - (a) that has a unit entitlement, and
 - (b) the whole or part of which is to be dedicated as a public road or public reserve.

- (2) If the whole or part of a lot to which this clause applies is dedicated as a public road or public reserve, a replacement sheet for the schedule of unit entitlements for the relevant scheme:
 - (a) must reduce the total of the unit entitlements for the scheme by:
 - (i) the unit entitlement of the lot, if the whole of the lot is dedicated as a public road or public reserve, or
 - (ii) if part of the lot is dedicated as a public road or public reserve, the unit entitlement that would have been attributable to that part if it had been created as a separate lot, and
 - (b) must comply with this Schedule as if it were an 15 initial schedule of unit entitlements.

Schedule 3	Amendments	relating	to	access	ways
					(Section 3)

[1] Section 3 Definitions

Insert after the definition of public authority in section 3 (1):

public place has the same meaning as it has in the Local Government Act 1993,

[2] Section 41 Open access way in community property

Omit "Part" from section 41 (1). Insert instead "All or part".

[3] Section 41 (1)

Omit "a public road". Insert instead "a public place".

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[4] Section 42 Open access way in precinct property

Omit section 42 (1). Insert instead:

- (1) All or part of the land comprising the precinct property in a precinct scheme may be set apart as a means of open access connecting part of the precinct parcel and a public place, whether or not the connection is partly by means of an open access way within the community parcel of which the precinct parcel forms part.
- [5] Section 43 Open access way in neighbourhood property that is not part of a community scheme

Omit section 43 (1). Insert instead:

(1) All or part of the land comprising the neighbourhood property in a neighbourhood scheme that is not part of a community scheme may be set apart as a means of open access connecting part of the neighbourhood parcel and a public place.

[6] Sections 43A, 43B

Insert after section 43:

43A Open access way in neighbourhood property that is part of a community scheme

- (1) All or part of the land comprising the neighbourhood property in a neighbourhood scheme that is part of a community scheme may be set apart as a means of open access connecting part of the neighbourhood parcel and a public place, whether or not the connection is partly by means of an open access way within the community parcel of which the neighbourhood parcel forms part.
- (2) A setting apart under subsection (1) is effected if the neighbourhood management statement includes a plan that:
 - (a) is in the approved form, and
 - (b) defines as an open access way the land to be set apart, and
 - (c) includes the prescribed information.

43B Unanimity required for closure of open access way

An open access way within a community parcel may not be closed unless the closure is authorised by a unanimous resolution of each of the associations whose members are entitled to use the access way.

[7] Section 44 Private access way in community property

Omit "Part" from section 44 (1). Insert instead "All or part".

[8] Section 44 (1)

Omit "a public road". Insert instead "a public place".

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[9]	Section	45	Private	access	way	in	precinct	property
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Omit section 45 (1). Insert instead:

- (1) All or part of the land that comprises the precinct property in a precinct scheme and is not set apart as an open access way may be set apart as a means of private access connecting part of the precinct parcel and:
 - (a) an open access way that is within the community parcel, or

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(b) a public place.

[10] Section 46 Private access way in neighbourhood property

Omit section 46 (1). Insert instead:

- (1) All or part of the land that comprises the neighbourhood property in a neighbourhood scheme and is not an open access way may be set apart as a means of private access connecting part of the neighbourhood parcel and:
 - (a) an open access way that is within the neighbourhood parcel, or
 - (b) if the neighbourhood scheme is part of a community scheme—an open access way within the community parcel, or
 - (c) a public place.

Schedule 4 Amendments relating to statutory easements

(Section 3)

[1] Section 36 Statutory easement

Omit paragraph (c) of the definition of *statutory easement* in section 36 (1). Insert instead:

- (c) to enter:
 - (i) land within the scheme that would include, or includes, the service line, or
 - (ii) land within the scheme that is contiguous to the land referred to in subparagraph (i),

and do all such things as may be reasonably necessary to exercise the rights referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b).

[2] Section 36 (3A)

Insert after section 36 (3):

- (3A) The Registrar-General is to be notified in the approved form when the installation of a proposed service line is completed. The notification is to be given:
 - (a) by the developer if installation of the service line is completed during the initial period, or
 - (b) by the relevant association if installation of the service line is completed after the initial period.

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[3]	Section	26	IA
เงเ	Section	30	(4)

Omit section 36 (4). Insert instead:

- (4) If, after registration of a prescribed diagram for a proposed service line as part of the management statement for a scheme:
 - (a) the service line is installed in a different position from that shown in the prescribed diagram for the service line, and
 - (b) the later prescribed diagram is signed by the proprietors of the lots that would be burdened by the statutory easement for the service line shown in the diagram,

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the later prescribed diagram must be lodged for registration and may be registered as an amendment of the management statement duly made under the Community Land Management Act 1989.

[4] Section 36 (8)

Omit "a reasonable time". Insert instead "1 month after installation of the service line".

[5] Section 36 (9)

Omit section 36 (9). Insert instead:

- (9) A proprietor of land, or a public authority, that has the benefit of a statutory easement is subject to the following covenants:
 - (a) that the rights under the easement will not be exercised in a manner that would unreasonably interfere with the use and enjoyment by any other proprietor of land burdened by the easement and, in particular, that in exercising the rights, any interference with the use and enjoyment of community, precinct or neighbourhood property by proprietors or occupiers of lots will be kept to a minimum,

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- (b) that any damage to, or interference with, the parts of the scheme affected by exercise of the rights conferred by the easement will, at the expense of the person exercising the rights, be made good:
 - (i) in the case of land within the scheme that would include, or includes, the service line—by restoring the land to a basic standard not including the repair or restoration of unusual or expensive landscaping or other works erected over the land, and
 - (ii) in the case of land within the scheme that is contiguous to the land referred to in subparagraph (i)—by restoring the land to its former state,
- (c) that the person exercising the rights will leave the land on which they are exercised in a clean and tidy condition on completion of the installation, maintenance or repair of any service the subject of the easement.
- (9A) The Registrar-General may make in the Register such recordings as the Registrar-General thinks fit in respect of any action taken under this section.

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Schedule 5 Other	amendments
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(Section 3)

[1] Section 3 Definitions

Omit the definition of *public authority* from section 3 (1). Insert instead:

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public authority includes:

- (a) the council of a local government area, and
- (b) a corporation prescribed by the regulations as a public authority.

[2] Section 70 Variation or termination of scheme

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Insert "varying or" after "Supreme Court" in section 70 (3).

[3] Schedule 1, clause 2 Requirements for all plans

Omit clause 2 (2) (b).

[4] Schedule 1, clause 2 (3)

Omit "Survey Practice Regulation 1990". Insert instead "Surveyors (Practice) Regulation 1996".

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[5] Schedule 1, clause 2 (4)

Omit "Survey Co-ordination Act 1949".

Insert instead "Surveyors (Practice) Regulation 1996".

Schedule 5

[6] Schedule 12 Transitional provisions

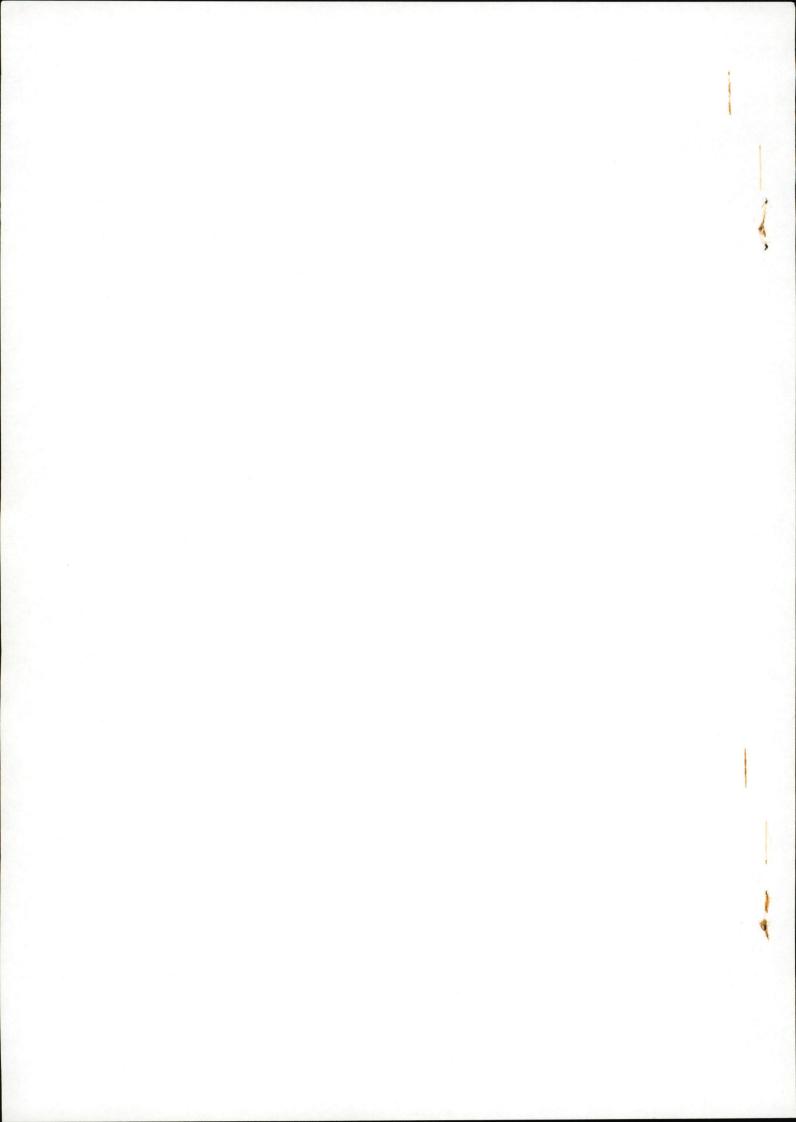
Insert after clause 8 of Schedule 12:

Part 3 Community Land Development Amendment Act 1996

9 Validation

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Anything done before a provision of this Act was amended by the *Community Land Development Amendment Act 1996* that would have been valid if that provision as so amended had been in force when it was done is taken to have been validly done.





Community Land Development Amendment Act 1996 No 80

Act No 80, 1996

An Act to amend the *Community Land Development Act 1989* with respect to development contracts, public places, public reserves, access ways and other matters. [Assented to 6 November 1996]

See also Strata Titles Amendment Act 1996.

The Legislature of New South Wales enacts:

1 Name of Act

This Act is the Community Land Development Amendment Act 1996.

2 Commencement

This Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.

3 Amendment of Community Land Development Act 1989 No 201

The Community Land Development Act 1989 is amended as set out in Schedules 1-5.

Schedule 1 Amendments relating to development contracts

(Section 3)

[1] Section 26 Development contract

Omit "development proposed" from section 26 (2). Insert instead "subdivision to be effected".

[2] Section 26 (3)

Omit "is". Insert instead "may be, but is not required to be,".

[3] Section 26 (5)

Insert "is required and" after "contract" where firstly occurring.

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Schedule 2 Amendments relating to public roads and public reserves

(Section 3)

[1] Schedule 1 Plans

Omit clause 1. Insert instead:

1 Public roads and certain reserves

- (1) This clause applies to:
 - (a) a community plan, a precinct plan and a neighbourhood plan, and
 - (b) a community plan of subdivision, a precinct plan of subdivision and a neighbourhood plan of subdivision.
- (2) A plan to which this clause applies must define any land in the plan that is to be dedicated as a public road, a public reserve or a drainage reserve.
- (3) This clause is not to be taken as enabling a plan of subdivision of association property (other than neighbourhood property to which section 21 applies) to include any additional dedication, or proposed dedication, of land as a public road, public reserve or drainage reserve.

[2] Schedule 11 Initial unit entitlements

Insert after clause 6:

7 Severance of lot proposed as public road or public reserve

- (1) This clause applies to a lot in a community plan, a precinct plan or a neighbourhood plan:
 - (a) that has a unit entitlement, and
 - (b) the whole or part of which is to be dedicated as a public road or public reserve.

- (2) If the whole or part of a lot to which this clause applies is dedicated as a public road or public reserve, a replacement sheet for the schedule of unit entitlements for the relevant scheme:
 - (a) must reduce the total of the unit entitlements for the scheme by:
 - (i) the unit entitlement of the lot, if the whole of the lot is dedicated as a public road or public reserve, or
 - (ii) if part of the lot is dedicated as a public road or public reserve, the unit entitlement that would have been attributable to that part if it had been created as a separate lot, and
 - (b) must comply with this Schedule as if it were an initial schedule of unit entitlements.

Schedule 3 Amendments relating to access ways

(Section 3)

[1] Section 3 Definitions

Insert after the definition of *public authority* in section 3 (1):

public place has the same meaning as it has in the Local Government Act 1993,

[2] Section 41 Open access way in community property

Omit "Part" from section 41 (1). Insert instead "All or part".

[3] Section 41 (1)

Omit "a public road". Insert instead "a public place".

[4] Section 42 Open access way in precinct property

Omit section 42 (1). Insert instead:

(1) All or part of the land comprising the precinct property in a precinct scheme may be set apart as a means of open access connecting part of the precinct parcel and a public place, whether or not the connection is partly by means of an open access way within the community parcel of which the precinct parcel forms part.

[5] Section 43 Open access way in neighbourhood property that is not part of a community scheme

Omit section 43 (1). Insert instead:

(1) All or part of the land comprising the neighbourhood property in a neighbourhood scheme that is not part of a community scheme may be set apart as a means of open access connecting part of the neighbourhood parcel and a public place.

[6] Sections 43A, 43B

Insert after section 43:

43A Open access way in neighbourhood property that is part of a community scheme

- (1) All or part of the land comprising the neighbourhood property in a neighbourhood scheme that is part of a community scheme may be set apart as a means of open access connecting part of the neighbourhood parcel and a public place, whether or not the connection is partly by means of an open access way within the community parcel of which the neighbourhood parcel forms part.
- (2) A setting apart under subsection (1) is effected if the neighbourhood management statement includes a plan that:
 - (a) is in the approved form, and
 - (b) defines as an open access way the land to be set apart, and
 - (c) includes the prescribed information.

43B Unanimity required for closure of open access way

An open access way within a community parcel may not be closed unless the closure is authorised by a unanimous resolution of each of the associations whose members are entitled to use the access way.

[7] Section 44 Private access way in community property

Omit "Part" from section 44 (1). Insert instead "All or part".

[8] Section 44 (1)

Omit "a public road". Insert instead "a public place".

[9] Section 45 Private access way in precinct property

Omit section 45 (1). Insert instead:

- (1) All or part of the land that comprises the precinct property in a precinct scheme and is not set apart as an open access way may be set apart as a means of private access connecting part of the precinct parcel and:
 - (a) an open access way that is within the community parcel, or
 - (b) a public place.

[10] Section 46 Private access way in neighbourhood property

Omit section 46 (1). Insert instead:

- (1) All or part of the land that comprises the neighbourhood property in a neighbourhood scheme and is not an open access way may be set apart as a means of private access connecting part of the neighbourhood parcel and:
 - (a) an open access way that is within the neighbourhood parcel, or
 - (b) if the neighbourhood scheme is part of a community scheme—an open access way within the community parcel, or
 - (c) a public place.

Schedule 4 Amendments relating to statutory easements

(Section 3)

[1] Section 36 Statutory easement

Omit paragraph (c) of the definition of *statutory easement* in section 36 (1). Insert instead:

- (c) to enter:
 - (i) land within the scheme that would include, or includes, the service line, or
 - (ii) land within the scheme that is contiguous to the land referred to in subparagraph (i),

and do all such things as may be reasonably necessary to exercise the rights referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b).

[2] Section 36 (3A)

Insert after section 36 (3):

- (3A) The Registrar-General is to be notified in the approved form when the installation of a proposed service line is completed. The notification is to be given:
 - (a) by the developer if installation of the service line is completed during the initial period, or
 - (b) by the relevant association if installation of the service line is completed after the initial period.

[3] Section 36 (4)

Omit section 36 (4). Insert instead:

- (4) If, after registration of a prescribed diagram for a proposed service line as part of the management statement for a scheme:
 - (a) the service line is installed in a different position from that shown in the prescribed diagram for the service line, and
 - (b) the later prescribed diagram is signed by the proprietors of the lots that would be burdened by the statutory easement for the service line shown in the diagram,

the later prescribed diagram must be lodged for registration and may be registered as an amendment of the management statement duly made under the Community Land Management Act 1989.

[4] Section 36 (8)

Omit "a reasonable time".

Insert instead "1 month after installation of the service line".

[5] Section 36 (9)

Omit section 36 (9). Insert instead:

- (9) A proprietor of land, or a public authority, that has the benefit of a statutory easement is subject to the following covenants:
 - (a) that the rights under the easement will not be exercised in a manner that would unreasonably interfere with the use and enjoyment by any other proprietor of land burdened by the easement and, in particular, that in exercising the rights, any interference with the use and enjoyment of community, precinct or neighbourhood property by proprietors or occupiers of lots will be kept to a minimum,

- (b) that any damage to, or interference with, the parts of the scheme affected by exercise of the rights conferred by the easement will, at the expense of the person exercising the rights, be made good:
 - (i) in the case of land within the scheme that would include, or includes, the service line—by restoring the land to a basic standard not including the repair or restoration of unusual or expensive landscaping or other works erected over the land, and
 - (ii) in the case of land within the scheme that is contiguous to the land referred to in subparagraph (i)—by restoring the land to its former state,
- (c) that the person exercising the rights will leave the land on which they are exercised in a clean and tidy condition on completion of the installation, maintenance or repair of any service the subject of the easement.
- (9A) The Registrar-General may make in the Register such recordings as the Registrar-General thinks fit in respect of any action taken under this section.

Schedule 5 Other amendments

(Section 3)

[1] Section 3 Definitions

Omit the definition of *public authority* from section 3 (1). Insert instead:

public authority includes:

- (a) the council of a local government area, and
- (b) a corporation prescribed by the regulations as a public authority.

[2] Section 70 Variation or termination of scheme

Insert "varying or" after "Supreme Court" in section 70 (3).

[3] Schedule 1, clause 2 Requirements for all plans

Omit clause 2 (2) (b).

[4] Schedule 1, clause 2 (3)

Omit "Survey Practice Regulation 1990". Insert instead "Surveyors (Practice) Regulation 1996".

[5] Schedule 1, clause 2 (4)

Omit "Survey Co-ordination Act 1949". Insert instead "Surveyors (Practice) Regulation 1996".

[6] Schedule 12 Transitional provisions

Insert after clause 8 of Schedule 12:

Part 3 Community Land Development Amendment Act 1996

9 Validation

Anything done before a provision of this Act was amended by the *Community Land Development Amendment Act 1996* that would have been valid if that provision as so amended had been in force when it was done is taken to have been validly done.

[Minister's second reading speech made in— Legislative Assembly on 15 October 1996 Legislative Council on 29 October 1996]

BY AUTHORITY

