PROCUREMENT OF MISCARRIAGE LIMITATION BILL 1991

NEW SOUTH WALES



EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This Explanatory Note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament)

The objects of this Bill are:

- to make it an offence for a registered medical practitioner to carry out treatment for the termination of a pregnancy at an abortion clinic or a private hospital;
 and
- (b) to provide that a registered medical practitioner who is found guilty of that offence is taken to be guilty of professional misconduct.

Clause 1 specifies the short title of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on the date of assent.

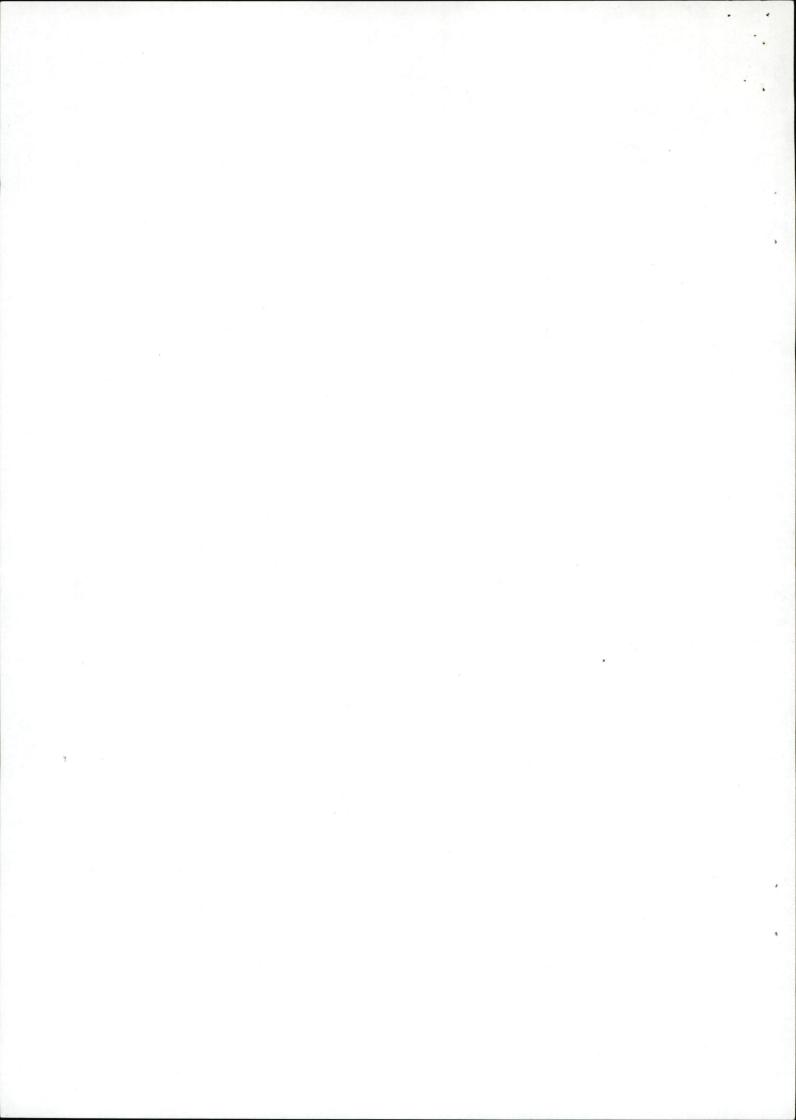
Clause 3 contains definitions for the purposes of the proposed Act.

Clause 4 makes it an offence for a registered medical practitioner to carry out treatment for the termination of a pregnancy at an abortion clinic or a private hospital. The maximum penalty for the offence is 50 penalty units (currently \$5,000).

Clause 5 provides that the creation of the new offence under clause 4 does not affect other laws which render treatment for the termination of a pregnancy unlawful.

Clause 6 provides that a registered medical practitioner who is found guilty of an offence under clause 4 is taken to be guilty of professional misconduct.

Clause 7 provides that proceedings for an offence against the proposed Act are to be taken summarily before a Local Court. Any such proceedings may be commenced at any time.



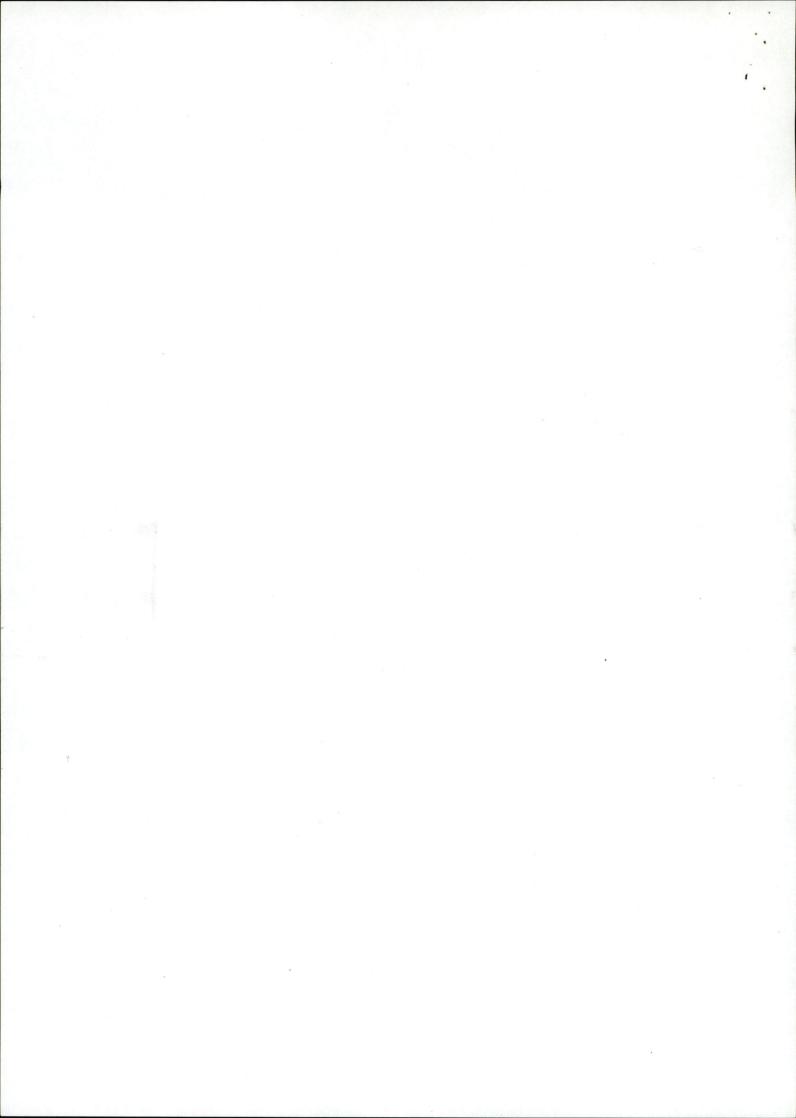
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TABLE OF PROVISIONS

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PROCUREMENT OF MISCARRIAGE LIMITATION BILL 1991

NEW SOUTH WALES



No. , 1991

A BILL FOR

An Act to prohibit the procurement of a miscarriage at abortion clinics and private hospitals.

The Legislature of New South Wales enacts:

Short title

1. This Act may be cited as the Procurement of Miscarriage Limitation Act 1991.

Commencement

2. This Act commences on the date of assent.

Definitions

- 3. In this Act:
- "abortion clinic" means any place, other than a public hospital or a private hospital, where treatment is carried out for the termination of a pregnancy;
- "private hospital" has the same meaning as in the Private Hospitals and Day Procedure Centres Act 1988;
- "public hospital" has the same meaning as "hospital" in the Public Hospitals Act 1929;
- "registered medical practitioner" has the same meaning as in the Medical Practitioners Act 1938.

Procurement of miscarriage prohibited at private hospitals and abortion clinics

4. A registered medical practitioner must not carry out treatment for the termination of a pregnancy at an abortion clinic or a private hospital.

Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.

Other criminal laws continue to apply to procurement of miscarriages

5. Section 4 does not render lawful treatment for the termination of a pregnancy if, apart from that section, the treatment would not be lawful.

Finding of guilt constitutes professional misconduct

6. A registered medical practitioner who is found guilty of an offence under section 4 is taken to be guilty of professional misconduct.

Proceedings for offences

- 7. (1) Proceedings for an offence against this Act are to be dealt with summarily before a Local Court constituted by a Magistrate sitting alone.
- (2) Proceedings for an offence against this Act may be commenced at any time.

