REAL PROPERTY (CROWN LAND TITLES) AMENDMENT BILL, 1980

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This Explanatory Note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament)

The following Bills are cognate with this Bill:-

Crown Lands (Land Titles) Amendment Bill, 1980:

Closer Settlement (Land Titles) Amendment Bill, 1980:

Miscellaneous Acts (Crown Land Titles) Amendment Bill, 1980.

Under Part III of the Real Property Act, 1900 ("the Principal Act"), Crown land, when a Crown grant is issued in respect of it, becomes subject to the provisions of the Principal Act. The land may then be transferred or otherwise dealt with in the same way as other "Torrens title" land.

The object of this Bill is to enable the Registrar-General to bring Crown land and alienated Crown land under the provisions of the Principal Act without the issue of a Crown grant and to bring any such land under the Principal Act at any time, that is, before, after or while in the course of alienation from the Crown. A certificate of title issued under the Principal Act will replace the Crown grant.

Where Crown land that is not in the course of alienation or is not the subject of a perpetual lease from the Crown is brought under the provisions of the Principal Act, "The State of New South Wales" will be recorded as the first registered proprietor. If the land is held under a tenure from the Crown, such as a lease for a term of years, particulars will be recorded in the folio.

Where a certificate of title is issued in respect of Crown land held under any form of tenure from the Crown, it will be issued subject to the conditions, provisions, etc., applicable to the tenure.

The Bill (Schedule 1 (3)) omits Part III (section 13) of the Principal Act and inserts a new Part III consisting of sections 13–13M, the objects of which are as follows:—

Section 13 defines the land to which Part III applies ("Part III land").

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- Section 13A provides that, where a person has an estate in fee simple in Part III land, the Registrar-General may, by creating a folio of the Register in the name of the person who, in the opinion of the Registrar-General, is entitled to be the registered proprietor of the land, bring the land under the provisions of the Principal Act. The section further provides that the Registrar-General shall bring such land under the Principal Act where the purchase money and any other money due have been paid and any conditions attaching to the land have been complied with.
- Section 13B makes, in relation to Part III land held under perpetual lease from the Crown, provisions similar to those in section 13A.
- Section 13c empowers the Registrar-General to require any instruments of lease issued in respect of Part III land brought under the provisions of the Principal Act to be lodged for cancellation.
- Section 13D enables the Registrar-General, by creating a folio of the Register in the name of "The State of New South Wales", to bring under the provisions of the Principal Act Part III land not covered by sections 13A and 13B. If the land is dedicated or reserved land or land held under a lease for a term of years or a licence, permit or occupancy he may record such particulars thereof in the folio as he considers appropriate. In the case of a lease, he may create a separate folio of the Register for the lease in the name of the person who, in his opinion, is entitled to be the registered proprietor.
- Section 13E carries forward the provisions of existing section 13 (3) of the Principal Act relating to the death of persons entitled to be registered proprietors.
- Section 13F deems certain amendments to have been made to section 39A of the Principal Act (registration under the Principal Act of mortgages or charges executed before the land is brought under the Principal Act) for the purposes of its application to Part III land.
- Section 136 empowers the Registrar-General to record in folios of the Register and upon certificates of title such particulars of conditions, provisions etc., attaching to Part III land as he considers appropriate and to cancel or remove any such recordings. The section also carries forward provisions in existing section 13 (6)-(8) of the Principal Act relating to the recording of conditions, provisions, etc., applicable to a folio, on a document separate from the folio.
- Section 13H replaces section 49 of the Principal Act (relating to the procedures to be adopted where land subject to the Principal Act becomes Crown land). In future, such land will remain subject to the provisions of the Principal Act and the Registrar-General may record "The State of New South Wales" as the registered proprietor.
- Section 131 provides that a revocation of a dedication or reservation of land, or the cancellation or revocation of any Crown grant, does not effect a cancellation of the relevant folio of the Register under the Principal Act.

- Section 13J provides that "The State of New South Wales" shall be recorded as holding an estate in fee simple in any lands of which it is the registered proprietor under the Principal Act.
- Section 13k empowers the Registrar-General to create such folios of, and make such recordings in, the Register as, in his opinion, are necessary upon the conversion, purchase, subdivision, etc., of a holding under the Crown Lands Acts or another Act (being a holding which has been brought under the provisions of the Principal Act). The section makes further provisions relating to the carrying over of interests, such as mortgages and easements, when such a holding is converted, purchased, subdivided, etc.
- Section 13L contains provisions relating to the execution of transfers, etc., of land of which "The State of New South Wales" is the registered proprietor.
- Section 13M allows the Registrar-General to register, after land is brought under the provisions of the Principal Act, certain instruments executed in respect of that land prior to the bringing of the land under the Principal Act.

Clause 5 of the Bill authorises the Registrar-General to amend certain folios of the Register and certificates of title where, before the commencement of Schedule 1 to the proposed Act, certain registered proprietors of leases in perpetuity were recorded as holding estates in fee simple.

Clauses 6-8 of the Bill contain transitional provisions.

The Bill makes other provisions and contains other amendments of a minor, consequential or ancillary nature.



REAL PROPERTY (CROWN LAND TITLES) AMENDMENT BILL, 1980

Act No. , 1980.

A BILL FOR

An Act to amend the Real Property Act, 1900, to enable the Registrar-General to bring Crown land and alienated Crown land under the provisions of that Act without the issue of a Crown grant; and for certain other purposes.

[MR GORDON—22 October, 1980.]

See also Crown Lands (Land Titles) Amendment Bill, 1980; Closer Settlement (Land Titles) Amendment Bill, 1980; Miscellaneous Acts (Crown Land Titles) Amendment Bill, 1980.

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BE it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :—

5 1. This Act may be cited as the "Real Property (Crown Land short title. Titles) Amendment Act, 1980".

2. (1) This section and section 1 shall commence on the date Commenceof assent to this Act.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (1), this Act shall10 commence on such day as may be appointed by the Governor in respect thereof and as may be notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.

3. The Real Property Act, 1900, is referred to in this Act Principal as the Principal Act.

15 4. The Principal Act is amended in the manner set forth in Amendment Schedule 1. of Act No. 25, 1900.

5. (1) Where, in respect of a lease in perpetuity of land Perpetual under the Crown Lands Consolidation Act, 1913, the Closer leases expressed Settlement Acts or the Returned Soldiers Settlement Act, 1916, to be held the Periotre Consolidation and the settlement Act, 1916, to be held the Periotre Consolidation and the settlement Act, 1916, to be held the settlement Act and the settlement

- 20 the Registrar-General has, before the commencement of this in fee section, created a folio of the Register for an estate in fee simple amendment. in the land, the Registrar-General may—
 - (a) amend that folio by omitting any reference which expresses the title to the land to be an estate in fee simple and by inserting instead a reference which expresses the title to the land to be a lease in perpetuity; and
 - (b) when it is available to him, make the same amendment to any certificate of title issued in respect of that land.

(2) No action shall lie against the Registrar-General in respect of anything done under subsection (1).

6. Where, in any instrument made before the commencement Replace-of this section under an Act referred to in section 13 (2) of the ment of Crown grant.
5 Principal Act, as amended by this Act, it is provided that a Crown grants. grant or grant or deed of grant from the Crown will be prepared, completed or issued in respect of land or an estate in land, or a like intention is expressed, and such a grant has not been prepared, completed or issued as at the commencement of this section, it is 10 sufficient compliance with that provision if—

- (a) where the land or the estate in land has not been brought under the provisions of the Principal Act—a folio of the Register under that Act is, in respect of the land or the estate in land, created by the Registrar-General in the name of the person who, in the opinion of the Registrar-General, would, under the instrument, be entitled to such a grant; or
- (b) where the land or the estate in land has been brought under the provisions of the Principal Act—an instrument of transfer is executed under that Act transferring the land or the estate in land from "The State of New South Wales" to the person who would, under the instrument, be entitled to such a grant.

7. (1) Where—

Transitional

- (a) an application under the provisions of the Crown Lands provisions— Consolidation Act, 1913, the Closer Settlement Acts, ^{surrenders.} the Western Lands Act, 1901, or the Returned Soldiers Settlement Act, 1916, has been made but has not been finally dealt with as at the commencement of this section; and
 - (b) those provisions, as in force before that commencement, required a surrender of a perpetual lease grant to be made in connection with that application,

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Act No. , 1980.

Real Property (Crown Land Titles) Amendment.

the requirement, if not complied with, or any surrender executed in compliance with the requirement, shall be deemed never to have had any force or effect in relation to the application.

(2) The Minister or a person authorised by him may, by 5 notice in writing given in relation to an application referred to in subsection (1) (a), require a person who is in possession of a perpetual lease grant or certificate of title issued in respect of the holding the subject of the application to deliver up the grant or certificate for cancellation or notation within a period specified in 10 the notice or within such further period as the Minister or the

person so authorised may allow.

(3) If, in respect of an application referred to in subsection (1) (a), a grant or certificate is not delivered up in accordance with a requirement made under subsection (2), the application 15 shall be deemed to have lapsed.

- 8. (1) Where—
 - (a) any provision of the law (being a provision enacted provisionbefore, and in force after, the commencement of this Grown grants. section but not being a provision of an instrument made under an Act referred to in section 13 (2) of the Principal Act, as amended by this Act) authorises the issue of a Crown grant; and
 - (b) a Crown grant is, after the commencement of this section, issued in accordance with that provision,
- 25 the provisions of the Principal Act, as in force immediately before the commencement of this section, shall be deemed to apply to that Crown grant and the issue thereof.

(2) Where a provision of the law referred to in subsection (1) (a) (being a provision authorising the issue of a Crown 30 grant) depended on a provision of any other Act repealed or amended by the Crown Lands (Land Titles) Amendment Act, 1980, the Closer Settlement (Land Titles) Amendment Act, 1980,

Transitional

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or the Miscellaneous Acts (Crown Land Titles) Amendment Act, 1980, for its operation, that lastmentioned provision shall, for the purpose of issuing that Crown grant, be deemed not to have been so repealed or amended.

5 (3) A reference in any provision of the law enacted before, and in force after, the commencement of this section to a grant of land in fee simple by the Crown (not being a provision authorising the issue of a Crown grant) shall be deemed to include a reference to a sale of land by the Crown.

SCHEDULE 1.

Sec. 4.

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AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT.

(1) Section 1-

Omit the matter relating to Part III, insert instead :--

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PART III.—CROWN LANDS AND LANDS ACQUIRED FROM THE CROWN TO BE SUBJECT TO THE ACT ss. 13–13M.

(2) Section 2 (1)—

Omit "the First Schedule to this Act", insert instead "Schedule 1".

20 (3) Part III-

Omit the Part, insert instead :---

PART III.

CROWN LANDS AND LANDS ACQUIRED FROM THE CROWN TO BE SUBJECT TO THE ACT.

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13. (1) For the purposes only of this Part, "perpetual Applicalease from the Crown" includes a homestead selection tion of under the Crown Lands Consolidation Act, 1913.

SCHEDULE 1-continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT-continued.

- (2) This Part applies to land—
- (a) sold, leased, dedicated, reserved or otherwise disposed of or dealt with;
- (b) in the course of being sold, leased, dedicated, reserved or otherwise disposed of or dealt with; or
- (c) capable of being sold, leased, dedicated, reserved or otherwise disposed of or dealt with,

by or on behalf of the Crown under the Crown Lands Acts (as defined in the Crown Lands Consolidation Act, 1913) or under any of the Acts specified in Schedule 2, being land in respect of which a grant has not issued and which, unless the context otherwise indicates or requires, is not under the provisions of this Act.

13A. (1) Where a person has an estate in fee simple in Bringing of land to which this Part applies (not being a homestead purchases, selection under the Crown Lands Consolidation Act, Crown land 1913), the Registrar-General may, by creating a folio of under Act. the Register in the name of the person who, in the opinion of the Registrar-General, is entitled to be the registered proprietor of the land, bring the land under the provisions of this Act.

(2) The Registrar-General shall, in accordance with subsection (1), bring land referred to in that subsection under the provisions of this Act if he is satisfied that-

(a) the purchase money (if any) and all other money pavable to the Crown in respect of the land have been paid; and

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SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT-continued.

(b) where the land was sold or otherwise disposed of subject to conditions, those conditions have been performed or complied with, as the case may be.

(3) For the purposes of subsection (2) (b), the conditions subject to which the land referred to in that paragraph was sold or otherwise disposed of shall be deemed to have been performed or complied with, as the case may be, if-

- (a) where the land is not within an irrigation area, the Minister authorised to sell or otherwise dispose of the land on behalf of the Crown (or a person authorised by him for the purposes of this subsection); or
- (b) where the land is within an irrigation area, the Water Resources Commission,

has advised the Registrar-General that he or it is satisfied that those conditions have been sufficiently performed or complied with, as the case may be.

13B. (1) Where land to which this Part applies is held Bringing of under perpetual lease from the Crown, the Registrar-perpetual leases of General may, by creating a folio of the Register in the Crown land name of the person who, in the opinion of the Registrar- under Act. General, is entitled to be the registered proprietor of the perpetual lease from the Crown, bring the land under the provisions of this Act.

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(2) The Registrar-General shall, in accordance with subsection (1), bring under the provisions of this Act land referred to in that subsection which-

(a) is not part of a lease the other part of which is held for a specified term; and

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SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT-continued.

(b) is not the subject of a lease under the Western Lands Act, 1901,

if he is satisfied that-

- (c) all money due to the Crown in respect of the land has been paid; and
- (d) where the land was leased subject to conditions, those conditions have been performed or complied with, as the case may be.

(3) For the purposes of subsection (2) (d), the conditions subject to which the land referred to in that paragraph was leased shall be deemed to have been performed or complied with, as the case may be, if—

- (a) where the land is not within an irrigation area, the Minister authorised to lease the land on behalf of the Crown (or a person authorised by him for the purposes of this subsection); or
- (b) where the land is within an irrigation area, the Water Resources Commission,

has advised the Registrar-General that he or it is satisfied that those conditions have been sufficiently performed or complied with, as the case may be.

13c. Where-

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- (a) land to which this Part applies is, after the ments of commencement of Schedule 1 to the Real lease for cancella-Property (Crown Land Titles) Amendment Act, tion. 1980, brought, or to be brought, under the provisions of this Act; and
- (b) an instrument of lease has been issued in respect of that land,

the Registrar-General may require the instrument to be lodged with him for cancellation.

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SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

13D. (1) The Registrar-General may bring under the Bringing of provisions of this Act any land to which this Part applies other (not being land referred to in section 13A (1) or 13B (1)) land by creating a folio of the Register recording "The State of under Act. New South Wales" as the proprietor of the land.

(2) Where the Registrar-General creates a folio of the Register under subsection (1), he may record in that folio such particulars relating to any dedication, reservation, lease, licence, permit, occupancy or other matter affecting that land from time to time as he considers appropriate.

(3) The Registrar-General may, in respect of a lease the particulars of which are recorded in a folio of the Register pursuant to subsection (2), create a folio of the Register in the name of the person who, in his opinion, is entitled to be the registered proprietor of the lease.

13E. Where a person is or was, in the opinion of the Death of Registrar-General, entitled to be the registered proprietor person before of land to which this Part applies and that person dies creation before a folio of the Register is created in respect of the of folio. land—

- (a) a folio of the Register may be created in the name of that person; and
- (b) the land the subject of the folio shall devolve as if the folio had been created immediately before the death of that person.

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SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

13F. In the application of section 39A to land to which Mortgagesapplication this Part applies, that section shall be deemed-

of sec. 39A.

(a) to have been amended by the omission of subsection (1) (b) and by the insertion instead of the following paragraph :---

(b) that—

- (i) has been registered in the General Register of Deeds kept pursuant to the Registration of Deeds Act, 1897; and
- (ii) is a mortgage or a charge the existence of which is disclosed in the records of land tenures or holdings kept by the Department of Lands, the Western Lands Commissioner or the Water Resources Commission; and
- (b) to have been amended by the omission from subsection (2) (a) of the words "unless the mortgagee or chargee otherwise directs,"; and
- have commenced (c) to on the date of commencement of this section.

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13G. (1) Where a folio of the Register has been Recordings created, whether before or after the commencement of in Register. Schedule 1 to the Real Property (Crown Land Titles) Amendment Act, 1980, in respect of land to which this Part applies, the Registrar-General may record in the folio.

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SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

and upon any certificate of title issued in respect of the land comprised in the folio, such particulars of, or such references to—

- (a) any covenants, conditions, terms, reservations, exceptions, exemptions, restrictions or provisions (including the provisions of an Act or an instrument made under an Act) attaching or applying to the land;
- (b) the purpose, if any, for which the land was disposed of; and
- (c) any variation, alteration, modification or revocation of, or addition to, a matter recorded pursuant to paragraph (a) or (b),

as he considers appropriate, and may cancel or remove any such recording.

(2) The provisions of subsection (1) apply in addition to and not in derogation of any provisions of this or any other Act.

(3) Notwithstanding that under a provision of this or any other Act any covenant, condition, term, reservation, exception, exemption, restriction or provision (including a provision of an Act or an instrument made under an Act) to which land to which this Part applies is subject is required to be, or may be, set forth in a folio of the Register created, or upon a certificate of title issued, in respect of that land, it shall be sufficient compliance with that provision if—

(a) the covenant, condition, term, reservation, exception, exemption, restriction or provision is set out in a public document; and

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SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

(b) the folio of the Register or the certificate of title, as the case may be, specifies that it is subject to the covenants, conditions, terms, reservations, exceptions, exemptions, restrictions or provisions set out in that document.

(4) For the purposes of this or any other Act, where a folio of the Register or a certificate of title specifies that the land to which it relates is subject to covenants, conditions, terms, reservations, exceptions, exemptions, restrictions or provisions set out in a specified public document, those covenants, conditions, terms, reservations, exceptions, exemptions, restrictions or provisions shall be deemed to be set out at length in the folio or certificate.

(5) In subsections (3) and (4), "public document" includes a memorandum which has been distinctively numbered and filed in the office of the Registrar-General.

(6) A memorandum referred to in subsection (5) shall, for the purposes only of section 96B, be deemed to be part of the Register.

13H. (1) Where the Registrar-General becomes aware Land that that land (whether it is land to which this Part applies or becomes not) comprised in a folio of the Register has become Crown land within the meaning of the Crown Lands Consolidation Act, 1913, he shall make such recordings in the Register as he considers appropriate and may cancel, or make such recordings as he considers appropriate upon, any relevant certificate of title or duplicate registered dealing when it becomes available to him.

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SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT-continued.

(2) Without limiting the generality of subsection (1), the Registrar-General may record "The State of New South Wales" as the registered proprietor of land referred to in that subsection if it is not already so recorded.

(3) The Registrar-General may, by notice in writing, require a person who is in possession of a certificate of title or duplicate registered dealing evidencing title to an estate or interest in land referred to in subsection (1) to deliver up the certificate or dealing for cancellation or notation, as the case may require, within a period specified in the notice.

(4) Where a certificate of title or duplicate registered dealing is not delivered up to the Registrar-General for cancellation or notation as required by a notice given under subsection (3)—

- (a) the certificate of title or duplicate registered dealing, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be wrongfully retained within the meaning of section 136; and
- (b) the notice shall be deemed to be a notice referred to in section 136 (1).

131. The revocation of any dedication or reservation of Revocation land, or the cancellation or revocation of any Crown grant of reserves. of land, in respect of which a folio of the Register has been created (whether before or after the commencement of Schedule 1 to the Real Property (Crown Land Titles) Amendment Act, 1980) shall not effect a cancellation of the folio of the Register.

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Act No. , 1980.

Real Property (Crown Land Titles) Amendment.

SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT-continued.

13J. Where "The State of New South Wales" is re-Estate in corded as the registered proprietor of land in accordance land where the with this Part, the estate to which that recording relates is State is recorded an estate in fee simple. as

proprietor.

13k. (1) Where a holding comprising land to which this Conversions, Part applies is subject to the provisions of this Act and the extensions following action is taken in regard to the holding :---

of term. subdivisions,

- (a) it is converted in whole or in part into another etc. class of holding;
- (b) being a leasehold tenure, the purchase from the Crown of the whole or a part of it is confirmed, approved or granted;
- (c) being a leasehold tenure, its term is extended as to the whole or a part thereof:
- (d) it is subdivided;
- (e) land is added to, included in or withdrawn from it:
- (f) land comprised in it is exchanged for other land; or
- (g) it is otherwise dealt with (except by way of a dealing registrable under this Act),

the Registrar-General may create such folios of, and make such recordings in, the Register as, in his opinion, are appropriate to give effect to that action.

(2) Any folio of the Register created in respect of land in pursuance of this section shall be in the name of the person who, in the opinion of the Registrar-General, is entitled to be the registered proprietor of the land.

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SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT-continued.

(3) Without limiting the generality of any other provision of this or any other Act, where—

- (a) a folio of the Register has been created in respect of land to which this Part applies;
- (b) an interest affecting the land is recorded in the folio; and
- (c) a new folio of the Register is created as referred to in this section in respect of the land,

the creation of the new folio shall not affect the interest and the interest shall, to the extent that it is applicable to the land—

(d) continue to exist in relation to the land in respect of which the new folio has been created in the same way as it existed in relation to the land in respect of which the firstmentioned folio was created; and

(e) be recorded by the Registrar-General in the new folio.

(4) In subsection (3), "interest" includes mortgage, easement, restriction as to user, lease, caveat and writ.

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(5) Where it appears to the Registrar-General that the legal estate in land in respect of which a new folio of the Register is to be created as referred to in this section is vested in a mortgagee, he may record as the registered proprietor in the new folio the mortgagee or the mortgagor of the land.

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SCHEDULE 1-continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT-continued.

(6) Section 39A as deemed to be amended by section 13F shall apply to land in respect of which a new folio of the Register is created pursuant to this section and, for the purpose of that application, section 39A shall be deemed to have been further amended by-

- (a) the omission of subsection (1) (a);
- (b) the omission from subsection (1) (c) of the words ", at the time of its execution, the land it affects had been subject to the provisions of this Act and":
- (c) the omission from subsection (2) of the words "When land that is affected by a prescribed instrument is brought under the provisions of this Act by the creation of a folio of the Register" and by the insertion instead of the words "When a new folio of the Register is created for land that is affected by a prescribed instrument and the folio is created"; and
- (d) the omission from subsection (8) of the words ", when bringing land under the provisions of this Act,".

13L. (1) Where—

Execution of instruments (a) land to which this Part applies has been brought in respect of land to which this Part

- (b) "The State of New South Wales" is recorded as applies. the registered proprietor of the land; and
- (c) the land is to be transferred or otherwise dealt with,

under the provisions of this Act;

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SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT-continued.

the required instrument may be executed by-

- (d) the Minister authorised to sell or otherwise deal with the land on behalf of the Crown (or a person authorised by him for the purposes of this section); or
- (e) the Water Resources Commission, where that Commission is authorised to sell or otherwise deal with the land on behalf of the Crown.

(2) Any instrument executed by a Minister or the Water Resources Commission as referred to in subsection (1) may be expressed to be executed on behalf of "The State of New South Wales", with or without reference to the Crown.

(3) An instrument referred to in subsection (2) which is expressed to be executed on behalf of "The State of New South Wales", with or without reference to the Crown, shall be deemed to have been executed on behalf of the Crown.

13M. (1) The Registrar-General may record in a folio Registration of the Register created for the purpose of bringing land of instruments referred to in section 13A or 13B under the provisions of executed this Act any transfer (other than a transfer by way of mortgage) or any mortgage or charge that affects the land of a folio. if the transfer, mortgage or charge—

- (a) was executed, before the creation of the folio, by the registered proprietor for the time being recorded therein:
- (b) is in a form that is, in the opinion of the Registrar-General, an appropriate form for the transfer, mortgage or charging, as the case may be, of the land before its being brought under the provisions of this Act; and

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96-B

SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

(c) is presented to the Registrar-General within 6 months next after the creation of the folio.

(2) Section 39A as deemed to be amended by section 13F shall apply to a recording of a mortgage or charge made pursuant to subsection (1) notwithstanding that the existence of the mortgage or charge is not disclosed in the records of land tenures or holdings kept by the Department of Lands, the Western Lands Commissioner or the Water Resources Commission.

(4) Section 28EA (1) (a)—

Omit "subsection (2)", insert instead "section 12B (2)".

(5) Section 33A (4) (a)—

Omit the paragraph, insert instead :---

- (a) a grant or the first certificate of title issued for land brought under the provisions of this Act pursuant to Part III shall be deemed to have been lodged by the grantee or the registered proprietor named therein, as the case may be; and
- (6) Section 45D (7)-(9)—

After section 45D (6), insert :--

(7) Where—

(a) land to which Part III applies has been or is being purchased from the Crown; and

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SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

(b) but for this subsection, a holder of the land at any time after the commencement of the purchase would not, at that time, have had an estate in fee simple in the land,

the holder shall, for the purposes of subsection (1), be deemed to have had such an estate at that time.

(8) Where—

- (a) a limitation period for a cause of action to recover land to which Part III applies has commenced to run; and
- (b) after that commencement a folio of the Register is created in respect of the land pursuant to Part III,

the time which elapsed after the limitation period commenced to run and before the date on which the folio of the Register was created may be counted in the reckoning of the limitation period for the purposes of a possessory application in respect of the land.

(9) Subsection (8) applies to a limitation period for a cause of action to recover land notwithstanding that—

- (a) the limitation period commenced to run; or
- (b) the folio of the Register created in respect of the land pursuant to Part III was created,

before the commencement of that subsection.

(7) Section 49—

Omit the section.

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SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT-continued.

(8) Section 83-

Omit the section, insert instead :---

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83. Nothing in this Act shall be deemed to prevent the Dedicated registration of a transfer of dedicated or reserved land to or which Part III applies by reason of the fact that a trust is lands trusts. declared in the transfer.

- (9) Section 112-
- 10 Omit the section.
 - (10) Section 126 (2)-

Omit "section 13 (2A)" wherever occurring, insert instead "Part III".

(11) (a) Section 144 (1) (a)—

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Omit "and" where secondly occurring.

(b) Section 144 (1) (b)—

Omit "refunded.", insert instead "refunded; and".

(c) Section 144 (1) (c)—

After section 144 (1) (b), insert :--

(c) the circumstances in which, and the extent to which, fees and charges recoverable under the regulations in respect of the administration of Part III may be waived.

SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT-continued.

(12) First Schedule-

Omit "FIRST SCHEDULE.", insert instead "SCHEDULE 1.".

(13) Schedule 2-

After the First Schedule, insert :---

Closer Settlement Acts.

SCHEDULE 2.

Sec 13 (2)

Western Lands Act, 1901.
Public Roads Act 1902.
Irrigation Act, 1912.
Returned Soldiers Settlement Act, 1916.
Prickly-pear Act, 1924.
Glen Davis Act, 1939.
Land Acquisition (Charitable Institutions) Act, 1946.
Aborigines Act, 1969.
Zoological Parks Board Act, 1973.
Chipping Norton Lake Authority Act, 1977.

BY AUTHORITY D. WEST, GOVERNMENT PRINTER, NEW SOUTH WALES-1980 (55c)

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REAL PROPERTY (CROWN LAND TITLES) AMENDMENT ACT, 1980, No. 193

New South Wales



ANNO VICESIMO NONO ELIZABETHÆ II REGINÆ

Act No. 193, 1980.

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An Act to amend the Real Property Act, 1900, to enable the Registrar-General to bring Crown land and alienated Crown land under the provisions of that Act without the issue of a Crown grant; and for certain other purposes. [Assented to, 22nd December, 1980.]

See also Crown Lands (Land Titles) Amendment Act, 1980; Closer Settlement (Land Titles) Amendment Act, 1980; Miscellaneous Acts (Crown Land Titles) Amendment Act, 1980.

P 89016K (55c)

Act No. 193, 1980.

Real Property (Crown Land Titles) Amendment.

BE it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :—

Short title. 1. This Act may be cited as the "Real Property (Crown Land Titles) Amendment Act, 1980".

Commencement. (1) This section and section 1 shall commence on the date of assent to this Act.

> (2) Except as provided in subsection (1), this Act shall commence on such day as may be appointed by the Governor in respect thereof and as may be notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.

Principal 3. The Real Property Act, 1900, is referred to in this Act as the Principal Act.

Amendment **4.** The Principal Act is amended in the manner set forth in of Act No. Schedule 1.

Perpetual leases expressed to be held in fee simple amendment. 5. (1) Where, in respect of a lease in perpetuity of land under the Crown Lands Consolidation Act, 1913, the Closer Settlement Acts or the Returned Soldiers Settlement Act, 1916, the Registrar-General has, before the commencement of this section, created a folio of the Register for an estate in fee simple in the land, the Registrar-General may—

- (a) amend that folio by omitting any reference which expresses the title to the land to be an estate in fee simple and by inserting instead a reference which expresses the title to the land to be a lease in perpetuity; and
- (b) when it is available to him, make the same amendment to any certificate of title issued in respect of that land.

(2) No action shall lie against the Registrar-General in respect of anything done under subsection (1).

6. Where, in any instrument made before the commencement Replaceof this section under an Act referred to in section 13 (2) of the ment of Crown Principal Act, as amended by this Act, it is provided that a Crown grants. grant or grant or deed of grant from the Crown will be prepared, completed or issued in respect of land or an estate in land, or a like intention is expressed, and such a grant has not been prepared, completed or issued as at the commencement of this section, it is sufficient compliance with that provision if—

- (a) where the land or the estate in land has not been brought under the provisions of the Principal Act—a folio of the Register under that Act is, in respect of the land or the estate in land, created by the Registrar-General in the name of the person who, in the opinion of the Registrar-General, would, under the instrument, be entitled to such a grant; or
- (b) where the land or the estate in land has been brought under the provisions of the Principal Act—an instrument of transfer is executed under that Act transferring the land or the estate in land from "The State of New South Wales" to the person who would, under the instrument, be entitled to such a grant.

7. (1) Where—

Transitional s provisions—

- (a) an application under the provisions of the Crown Lands provisions— Consolidation Act, 1913, the Closer Settlement Acts, ^{surrenders.} the Western Lands Act, 1901, or the Returned Soldiers Settlement Act, 1916, has been made but has not been finally dealt with as at the commencement of this section; and
- (b) those provisions, as in force before that commencement, required a surrender of a perpetual lease grant to be made in connection with that application,

Act No. 193, 1980.

Real Property (Crown Land Titles) Amendment.

the requirement, if not complied with, or any surrender executed in compliance with the requirement, shall be deemed never to have had any force or effect in relation to the application.

(2) The Minister or a person authorised by him may, by notice in writing given in relation to an application referred to in subsection (1) (a), require a person who is in possession of a perpetual lease grant or certificate of title issued in respect of the holding the subject of the application to deliver up the grant or certificate for cancellation or notation within a period specified in the notice or within such further period as the Minister or the person so authorised may allow.

(3) If, in respect of an application referred to in subsection (1) (a), a grant or certificate is not delivered up in accordance with a requirement made under subsection (2), the application shall be deemed to have lapsed.

- 8. (1) Where—
 - (a) any provision of the law (being a provision enacted before, and in force after, the commencement of this section but not being a provision of an instrument made under an Act referred to in section 13 (2) of the Principal Act, as amended by this Act) authorises the issue of a Crown grant; and
 - (b) a Crown grant is, after the commencement of this section, issued in accordance with that provision,

the provisions of the Principal Act, as in force immediately before the commencement of this section, shall be deemed to apply to that Crown grant and the issue thereof.

(2) Where a provision of the law referred to in subsection (1) (a) (being a provision authorising the issue of a Crown grant) depended on a provision of any other Act repealed or amended by the Crown Lands (Land Titles) Amendment Act, 1980, the Closer Settlement (Land Titles) Amendment Act, 1980,

Transitional provision— Crown grants.

or the Miscellaneous Acts (Crown Land Titles) Amendment Act, 1980, for its operation, that lastmentioned provision shall, for the purpose of issuing that Crown grant, be deemed not to have been so repealed or amended.

(3) A reference in any provision of the law enacted before, and in force after, the commencement of this section to a grant of land in fee simple by the Crown (not being a provision authorising the issue of a Crown grant) shall be deemed to include a reference to a sale of land by the Crown.

SCHEDULE 1.

Sec. 4.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT.

(1) Section 1-

Omit the matter relating to Part III, insert instead :--

PART III.—CROWN LANDS AND LANDS ACQUIRED FROM THE CROWN TO BE SUBJECT TO THE ACT ss. 13–13M.

(2) Section 2 (1)—

Omit "the First Schedule to this Act", insert instead "Schedule 1".

(3) Part III-

Omit the Part, insert instead :---

PART III.

CROWN LANDS AND LANDS ACQUIRED FROM THE CROWN TO BE SUBJECT TO THE ACT.

13. (1) For the purposes only of this Part, "perpetual Applicalease from the Crown" includes a homestead selection tion of under the Crown Lands Consolidation Act, 1913.

SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT-continued.

- (2) This Part applies to land—
- (a) sold, leased, dedicated, reserved or otherwise disposed of or dealt with;
- (b) in the course of being sold, leased, dedicated, reserved or otherwise disposed of or dealt with; or
- (c) capable of being sold, leased, dedicated, reserved or otherwise disposed of or dealt with,

by or on behalf of the Crown under the Crown Lands Acts (as defined in the Crown Lands Consolidation Act, 1913) or under any of the Acts specified in Schedule 2, being land in respect of which a grant has not issued and which, unless the context otherwise indicates or requires, is not under the provisions of this Act.

13A. (1) Where a person has an estate in fee simple in land to which this Part applies (not being a homestead selection under the Crown Lands Consolidation Act, 1913), the Registrar-General may, by creating a folio of the Register in the name of the person who, in the opinion of the Registrar-General, is entitled to be the registered proprietor of the land, bring the land under the provisions of this Act.

(2) The Registrar-General shall, in accordance with subsection (1), bring land referred to in that subsection under the provisions of this Act if he is satisfied that—

(a) the purchase money (if any) and all other money payable to the Crown in respect of the land have been paid; and

Bringing of purchases, etc., of Crown land under Act.

SCHEDULE 1-continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT-continued.

(b) where the land was sold or otherwise disposed of subject to conditions, those conditions have been performed or complied with, as the case may be.

(3) For the purposes of subsection (2) (b), the conditions subject to which the land referred to in that paragraph was sold or otherwise disposed of shall be deemed to have been performed or complied with, as the case may be, if-

- (a) where the land is not within an irrigation area, the Minister authorised to sell or otherwise dispose of the land on behalf of the Crown (or a person authorised by him for the purposes of this subsection); or
- (b) where the land is within an irrigation area, the Water Resources Commission,

has advised the Registrar-General that he or it is satisfied that those conditions have been sufficiently performed or complied with, as the case may be.

13B. (1) Where land to which this Part applies is held Bringing of under perpetual lease from the Crown, the Registrar- perpetual leases of General may, by creating a folio of the Register in the Crown land name of the person who, in the opinion of the Registrar- under Act. General, is entitled to be the registered proprietor of the perpetual lease from the Crown, bring the land under the provisions of this Act.

(2) The Registrar-General shall, in accordance with subsection (1), bring under the provisions of this Act land referred to in that subsection which-

(a) is not part of a lease the other part of which is held for a specified term; and

SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT-continued.

(b) is not the subject of a lease under the Western Lands Act, 1901,

if he is satisfied that-

- (c) all money due to the Crown in respect of the land has been paid; and
- (d) where the land was leased subject to conditions, those conditions have been performed or complied with, as the case may be.

(3) For the purposes of subsection (2) (d), the conditions subject to which the land referred to in that paragraph was leased shall be deemed to have been performed or complied with, as the case may be, if—

- (a) where the land is not within an irrigation area, the Minister authorised to lease the land on behalf of the Crown (or a person authorised by him for the purposes of this subsection); or
- (b) where the land is within an irrigation area, the Water Resources Commission,

has advised the Registrar-General that he or it is satisfied that those conditions have been sufficiently performed or complied with, as the case may be.

13c. Where—

- (a) land to which this Part applies is, after the commencement of Schedule 1 to the Real Property (Crown Land Titles) Amendment Act, 1980, brought, or to be brought, under the provisions of this Act; and
- (b) an instrument of lease has been issued in respect of that land,

the Registrar-General may require the instrument to be lodged with him for cancellation.

Lodgment of instruments of lease for cancellation.
Real Property (Crown Land Titles) Amendment.

SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

13D. (1) The Registrar-General may bring under the Bringing of provisions of this Act any land to which this Part applies other Crown (not being land referred to in section 13A (1) or 13B (1)) land by creating a folio of the Register recording "The State of under Act. New South Wales" as the proprietor of the land.

(2) Where the Registrar-General creates a folio of the Register under subsection (1), he may record in that folio such particulars relating to any dedication, reservation, lease, licence, permit, occupancy or other matter affecting that land from time to time as he considers appropriate.

(3) The Registrar-General may, in respect of a lease the particulars of which are recorded in a folio of the Register pursuant to subsection (2), create a folio of the Register in the name of the person who, in his opinion, is entitled to be the registered proprietor of the lease.

13E. Where a person is or was, in the opinion of the Death of Registrar-General, entitled to be the registered proprietor before of land to which this Part applies and that person dies creation before a folio of the Register is created in respect of the of folio. land—

- (a) a folio of the Register may be created in the name of that person; and
- (b) the land the subject of the folio shall devolve as if the folio had been created immediately before the death of that person.

SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT-continued.

13F. In the application of section 39A to land to which this Part applies, that section shall be deemed—

- (a) to have been amended by the omission of subsection (1)
 (b) and by the insertion instead of the following paragraph :---
 - (b) that—
 - (i) has been registered in the General Register of Deeds kept pursuant to the Registration of Deeds Act, 1897; and
 - (ii) is a mortgage or a charge the existence of which is disclosed in the records of land tenures or holdings kept by the Department of Lands, the Western Lands Commissioner or the Water Resources Commission; and
- (b) to have been amended by the omission from subsection (2) (a) of the words "unless the mortgagee or chargee otherwise directs,"; and
- (c) to have commenced on the date of commencement of this section.

13G. (1) Where a folio of the Register has been created, whether before or after the commencement of Schedule 1 to the Real Property (Crown Land Titles) Amendment Act, 1980, in respect of land to which this Part applies, the Registrar-General may record in the folio,

Mortgages application of sec. 39A.

Recordings in Register.

SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

and upon any certificate of title issued in respect of the land comprised in the folio, such particulars of, or such references to—

- (a) any covenants, conditions, terms, reservations, exceptions, exemptions, restrictions or provisions (including the provisions of an Act or an instrument made under an Act) attaching or applying to the land;
- (b) the purpose, if any, for which the land was disposed of; and
- (c) any variation, alteration, modification or revocation of, or addition to, a matter recorded pursuant to paragraph (a) or (b),

as he considers appropriate, and may cancel or remove any such recording.

(2) The provisions of subsection (1) apply in addition to and not in derogation of any provisions of this or any other Act.

(3) Notwithstanding that under a provision of this or any other Act any covenant, condition, term, reservation, exception, exemption, restriction or provision (including a provision of an Act or an instrument made under an Act) to which land to which this Part applies is subject is required to be, or may be, set forth in a folio of the Register created, or upon a certificate of title issued, in respect of that land, it shall be sufficient compliance with that provision if—

(a) the covenant, condition, term, reservation, exception, exemption, restriction or provision is set out in a public document; and

Real Property (Crown Land Titles) Amendment.

SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

(b) the folio of the Register or the certificate of title, as the case may be, specifies that it is subject to the covenants, conditions, terms, reservations, exceptions, exemptions, restrictions or provisions set out in that document.

(4) For the purposes of this or any other Act, where a folio of the Register or a certificate of title specifies that the land to which it relates is subject to covenants, conditions, terms, reservations, exceptions, exemptions, restrictions or provisions set out in a specified public document, those covenants, conditions, terms, reservations, exceptions, exemptions, restrictions or provisions shall be deemed to be set out at length in the folio or certificate.

(5) In subsections (3) and (4), "public document" includes a memorandum which has been distinctively numbered and filed in the office of the Registrar-General.

(6) A memorandum referred to in subsection (5) shall, for the purposes only of section 96B, be deemed to be part of the Register.

Land that becomes Crown land. 13H. (1) Where the Registrar-General becomes aware that land (whether it is land to which this Part applies or not) comprised in a folio of the Register has become Crown land within the meaning of the Crown Lands Consolidation Act, 1913, he shall make such recordings in the Register as he considers appropriate and may cancel, or make such recordings as he considers appropriate upon, any relevant certificate of title or duplicate registered dealing when it becomes available to him.

Real Property (Crown Land Titles) Amendment.

SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT-continued.

(2) Without limiting the generality of subsection (1), the Registrar-General may record "The State of New South Wales" as the registered proprietor of land referred to in that subsection if it is not already so recorded.

(3) The Registrar-General may, by notice in writing, require a person who is in possession of a certificate of title or duplicate registered dealing evidencing title to an estate or interest in land referred to in subsection (1) to deliver up the certificate or dealing for cancellation or notation, as the case may require, within a period specified in the notice.

(4) Where a certificate of title or duplicate registered dealing is not delivered up to the Registrar-General for cancellation or notation as required by a notice given under subsection (3)—

- (a) the certificate of title or duplicate registered dealing, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be wrongfully retained within the meaning of section 136; and
- (b) the notice shall be deemed to be a notice referred to in section 136 (1).

131. The revocation of any dedication or reservation of Revocation land, or the cancellation or revocation of any Crown grant of reserves. of land, in respect of which a folio of the Register has been created (whether before or after the commencement of Schedule 1 to the Real Property (Crown Land Titles) Amendment Act, 1980) shall not effect a cancellation of the folio of the Register.

Real Property (Crown Land Titles) Amendment.

SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT-continued.

13J. Where "The State of New South Wales" is recorded as the registered proprietor of land in accordance with this Part, the estate to which that recording relates is an estate in fee simple.

 13κ . (1) Where a holding comprising land to which this Part applies is subject to the provisions of this Act and the following action is taken in regard to the holding :—

- (a) it is converted in whole or in part into another class of holding;
- (b) being a leasehold tenure, the purchase from the Crown of the whole or a part of it is confirmed, approved or granted;
- (c) being a leasehold tenure, its term is extended as to the whole or a part thereof;
- (d) it is subdivided;
- (e) land is added to, included in or withdrawn from it;
- (f) land comprised in it is exchanged for other land; or
- (g) it is otherwise dealt with (except by way of a dealing registrable under this Act),

the Registrar-General may create such folios of, and make such recordings in, the Register as, in his opinion, are appropriate to give effect to that action.

(2) Any folio of the Register created in respect of land in pursuance of this section shall be in the name of the person who, in the opinion of the Registrar-General, is entitled to be the registered proprietor of the land.

Estate in land where the State is recorded as proprietor.

Conversions, purchases, extensions of term, subdivisions, etc.

SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT-continued.

(3) Without limiting the generality of any other provision of this or any other Act, where—

- (a) a folio of the Register has been created in respect of land to which this Part applies;
- (b) an interest affecting the land is recorded in the folio; and
- (c) a new folio of the Register is created as referred to in this section in respect of the land,

the creation of the new folio shall not affect the interest and the interest shall, to the extent that it is applicable to the land—

- (d) continue to exist in relation to the land in respect of which the new folio has been created in the same way as it existed in relation to the land in respect of which the firstmentioned folio was created; and
- (e) be recorded by the Registrar-General in the new folio.

(4) In subsection (3), "interest" includes mortgage, easement, restriction as to user, lease, caveat and writ.

(5) Where it appears to the Registrar-General that the legal estate in land in respect of which a new folio of the Register is to be created as referred to in this section is vested in a mortgagee, he may record as the registered proprietor in the new folio the mortgagee or the mortgagor of the land.

Real Property (Crown Land Titles) Amendment.

SCHEDULE 1-continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

(6) Section 39A as deemed to be amended by section 13F shall apply to land in respect of which a new folio of the Register is created pursuant to this section and, for the purpose of that application, section 39A shall be deemed to have been further amended by—

- (a) the omission of subsection (1) (a);
- (b) the omission from subsection (1) (c) of the words ", at the time of its execution, the land it affects had been subject to the provisions of this Act and";
- (c) the omission from subsection (2) of the words "When land that is affected by a prescribed instrument is brought under the provisions of this Act by the creation of a folio of the Register" and by the insertion instead of the words "When a new folio of the Register is created for land that is affected by a prescribed instrument and the folio is created"; and
- (d) the omission from subsection (8) of the words ", when bringing land under the provisions of this Act,".
- 13L. (1) Where—
 - (a) land to which this Part applies has been brought under the provisions of this Act;
 - (b) "The State of New South Wales" is recorded as the registered proprietor of the land; and
 - (c) the land is to be transferred or otherwise dealt with,

Execution of instruments in respect of land to which this Part applies.

SCHEDULE 1-continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT-continued.

the required instrument may be executed by-

- (d) the Minister authorised to sell or otherwise deal with the land on behalf of the Crown (or a person authorised by him for the purposes of this section); or
- (e) the Water Resources Commission, where that Commission is authorised to sell or otherwise deal with the land on behalf of the Crown.

(2) Any instrument executed by a Minister or the Water Resources Commission as referred to in subsection (1) may be expressed to be executed on behalf of "The State of New South Wales", with or without reference to the Crown.

(3) An instrument referred to in subsection (2) which is expressed to be executed on behalf of "The State of New South Wales", with or without reference to the Crown, shall be deemed to have been executed on behalf of the Crown.

13M. (1) The Registrar-General may record in a folio Registration of the Register created for the purpose of bringing land of instruments referred to in section 13A or 13B under the provisions of executed this Act any transfer (other than a transfer by way of before creation mortgage) or any mortgage or charge that affects the land of a folio. if the transfer, mortgage or charge-

- (a) was executed, before the creation of the folio, by the registered proprietor for the time being recorded therein:
- (b) is in a form that is, in the opinion of the Registrar-General, an appropriate form for the transfer, mortgage or charging, as the case may be, of the land before its being brought under the provisions of this Act; and

SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

(c) is presented to the Registrar-General within 6 months next after the creation of the folio.

(2) Section 39A as deemed to be amended by section 13F shall apply to a recording of a mortgage or charge made pursuant to subsection (1) notwithstanding that the existence of the mortgage or charge is not disclosed in the records of land tenures or holdings kept by the Department of Lands, the Western Lands Commissioner or the Water Resources Commission.

(4) Section 28EA (1) (a)—

Omit "subsection (2)", insert instead "section 12B (2)".

(5) Section 33A (4) (a)—

Omit the paragraph, insert instead :---

- (a) a grant or the first certificate of title issued for land brought under the provisions of this Act pursuant to Part III shall be deemed to have been lodged by the grantee or the registered proprietor named therein, as the case may be; and
- (6) Section 45D (7)-(9)—

After section 45D (6), insert :---

- (7) Where—
 - (a) land to which Part III applies has been or is being purchased from the Crown; and

SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT-continued.

(b) but for this subsection, a holder of the land at any time after the commencement of the purchase would not, at that time, have had an estate in fee simple in the land,

the holder shall, for the purposes of subsection (1), be deemed to have had such an estate at that time.

(8) Where—

- (a) a limitation period for a cause of action to recover land to which Part III applies has commenced to run; and
- (b) after that commencement a folio of the Register is created in respect of the land pursuant to Part III,

the time which elapsed after the limitation period commenced to run and before the date on which the folio of the Register was created may be counted in the reckoning of the limitation period for the purposes of a possessory application in respect of the land.

(9) Subsection (8) applies to a limitation period for a cause of action to recover land notwithstanding that—

- (a) the limitation period commenced to run; or
- (b) the folio of the Register created in respect of the land pursuant to Part III was created,

before the commencement of that subsection.

(7) Section 49-

Omit the section.

Real Property (Crown Land Titles) Amendment.

SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

(8) Section 83—

Omit the section, insert instead :---

Dedicated or reserved lands trusts. 83. Nothing in this Act shall be deemed to prevent the registration of a transfer of dedicated or reserved land to which Part III applies by reason of the fact that a trust is declared in the transfer.

(9) Section 112-

Omit the section.

(10) Section 126 (2)-

Omit "section 13 (2A)" wherever occurring, insert instead "Part III".

(11) (a) Section 144 (1) (a)—

Omit "and" where secondly occurring.

(b) Section 144 (1) (b)—

Omit "refunded.", insert instead "refunded; and".

(c) Section 144 (1) (c)—

After section 144 (1) (b), insert :--

(c) the circumstances in which, and the extent to which, fees and charges recoverable under the regulations in respect of the administration of Part III may be waived.

Real Property (Crown Land Titles) Amendment.

SCHEDULE 1—continued.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINCIPAL ACT—continued.

(12) First Schedule-

Omit "FIRST SCHEDULE.", insert instead "SCHEDULE 1.".

(13) Schedule 2—

After the First Schedule, insert :---

SCHEDULE 2.

Sec. 13 (2)

Closer Settlement Acts. Western Lands Act, 1901. Public Roads Act 1902. Irrigation Act, 1912. Returned Soldiers Settlement Act, 1916. Prickly-pear Act, 1924. Glen Davis Act, 1939. Land Acquisition (Charitable Institutions) Act, 1946. Aborigines Act, 1969. Zoological Parks Board Act, 1973. Chipping Norton Lake Authority Act, 1977.

In the name and on behalf of Her Majesty I assent to this Act.

A. R. CUTLER, Governor.

Government House, Sydney, 22nd December, 1980.

> BY AUTHORITY D. WEST, GOVERNMENT PRINTER, NEW SOUTH WALES-1981





