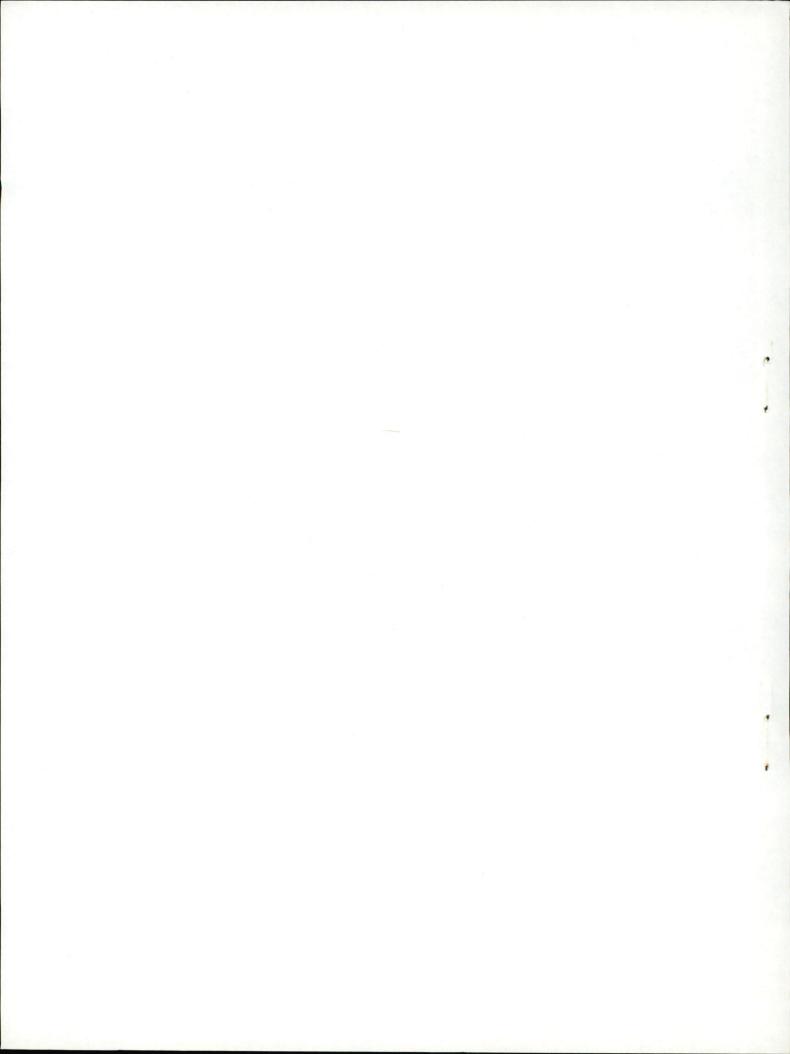
#### PRINTING AND NEWSPAPERS BILL.

Schedule of the Amendment referred to in Legislative Council's Message of 29 March, 1973.

Page 6, clause 5, line 2. After "as", insert "prima facie".

16597 227---



This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

> I. P. K. VIDLER, Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 21 March, 1973.

The LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL has this day agreed to this Bill with an Amendment.

A. W. SAXON, Clerk of the Parliaments.

Legislative Council Chamber, Sydney, 29 March, 1973.



New South Wales

# ANNO VICESIMO SECUNDO ELIZABETHÆ II REGINÆ

# Act No. , 1973.

An Act to make provision relating to the printing of certain documents and newspapers; to repeal the Printing Act 1899, and the Newspapers Act, 1898, and amend certain other Acts; and for purposes connected therewith.

BE

16597 227—

Note .- The words to be inserted are printed in black letter.

#### Act No. , 1973.

#### Printing and Newspapers.

**B**<sup>E</sup> it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Printing and Short title Newspapers Act, 1973".

ment.

(2) This Act shall commence upon such day as may be appointed by the Governor in respect thereof and as may 10 be notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.

2. In this Act, except in so far as the context otherwise Interpretaindicates or requires—

"document" includes a book, pamphlet, leaflet, circular, advertisement, poster, or magazine or other

periodical publication, but does not include a newspaper;

"newspaper" means any paper containing public news, or observations thereon or upon any political matter, which is printed for sale or gratuitous distribution and published periodically at intervals not exceeding twenty-six days;

"printing" includes any mode of representing or reproducing in any document or newspaper any words, symbols, or pictures in any visible form.

25 **3.** (1) Subject to subsection (4), a person who prints Provisions any document which he knows, or has reason to believe, is in respect intended to be sold or distributed (whether to the public of certain printed documents.

generally

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generally or to a restricted class or number of persons) or to be publicly displayed shall—

(a) at the time of, or within twenty-four hours after, printing the document print on at least one copy of the document the name and address of the person for whom or on whose instructions the document was printed;

- (b) subject to paragraph (c), retain, for a period of six months from the date on which the document was printed, a copy of the document on which that name and address is so printed;
- (c) upon the request of a member of the police force made at any time during that period, produce or surrender the copy of the document so retained; and
- (d) at the time of the printing, print his name, or if he carries on business under a name registered under the Business Names Act, 1962, that name, the address of his place of business, and the year in which the document is printed on the front or first or last page of the document.

Penalty : \$400.

(2) Subject to subsections (3) and (4), no person shall sell, offer for sale, deliver, distribute, affix to any object or structure in a public place, leave in a public place or other-25 wise expose to public view, a document on which there have not been printed on the front or first or last page the name of the printer or the name under which he carries on business, the address of his place of business and the year in which the document was printed.

30 Penalty : \$400.

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(3) It shall be a defence if a person charged with an offence under subsection (2) proves that the document concerned—

(a) was printed before the commencement of this Act; or

(b) was not printed in the State.

- (4) This section does not apply to—
- (a) any document containing only the name, address, telephone number, business or profession of a person and the designation of any article in which he deals:
- (b) any document relating to the sale of property by auction or otherwise;

(c) documents intended for use as bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds or other securities for the payment of money, bills of lading, policies of insurance, letters or powers of attorney, deeds, agreements or process of a court;

(d) any document printed for the Crown in the right of a State (including this State) or of the Commonwealth, either House of Parliament of a State (including this State) or of the Commonwealth, any department of Government or any statutory body representing the Crown; or

(e) any document or document belonging to any class of document which the Minister, by order, exempts from the application of this section.

(5) For the purposes of subsection (4) (d) "statutory body representing the Crown" has the meaning ascribed 30 thereto in section 4 of the Local Government Act, 1919.

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4. (1) A person who prints a newspaper shall, at the time Provision of the printing, print on the front or first or last page of the in respect newspaperand

publishing

- (a) his name or if he carries on business under a name newspapers. registered under the Business Names Act, 1962, that name, and the address of his place of business;
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- (a) the printer of the document or newspaper;
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shall be received by all courts and tribunals in any proceedings (whether criminal or civil) as **prima facie** evidence that the person whose name is so printed is—

- (d) the printer of the document or newspaper;
- (e) the person for whom or on whose instructions the document was printed; or

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as the case may be.

6. A director, within the meaning of the Companies Act, Liability of 10 1961, or an employee, of a corporation which commits an etc., of offence arising under any provision of this Act is guilty of the corporations. same offence and may be punished accordingly unless he proves that—

- (a) the offence committed by the corporation was committed without his knowledge:
- (b) he was not in a position to influence the conduct of the corporation in relation to the commission of the offence by it; or
- (c) being in such a position, he used all due diligence to prevent the commission of the offence by the corporation.

7. (1) Each Act specified in column 1 of the Schedule Repeals is amended or repealed to the extent specified opposite that and savings. Act in column 2 of the Schedule.

25 (2) Notwithstanding the repeal of the Newspapers Act, 1898, sections 9, 15 and 18 of that Act shall continue to have effect in relation to any legal proceedings pending at the commencement of this Act.

(3) No person shall be liable under a recognisance30 entered into under Part III of the Newspapers Act, 1898, except for any penalty imposed or incurred before the commencement of this Act and for which he would otherwise have been liable under the recognisance.

SCHEDULE

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Act No. , 1973.

Printing and Newspapers.

# SCHEDULE

Sec. 7.

### REPEALS

	Column 1		Column 2
5	Year and No. of Act	Short title	Extent of amendment or repeal
	1898, No. 23	Newspapers Act, 1898	Repeal the whole Act.
	1899, No. 16	Printing Act 1899	Repeal the whole Act.
10		Local Government Act, 1919.	Omit from the definition of "Newspaper" in section 4 the words "upon which is printed a statement that it is registered for transmission by post or under the Newspapers Act, 1898," and insert instead the
20			words "registered at the General Post Office pursuant to the Post and Telegraph Act 1901-1971 of the Parliament of the Com- monwealth,".
	1923, No. 14	Transfer o Records Act, 1923.	Omit section 6 (2). Omit section 6 (3). Omit the following from the First Schedule—
25			"Newspapers Act, 1898. Printing Act 1899."
30	1934, No. 19	Printing and Book Pur- chasers' Protection (Amendment) Act, 1934.	
20	1937, No. 35	Statute Law Revision Act, 1937.	Omit so much of the Second Schedule as amends Act No. 16, 1899.

BY AUTHORITY V. C. N. BLIGHT, C.B.E., GOVERNMENT PRINTER, NEW SOUTH WALES—1973 [10c]

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Sec. 7.

#### REPEALS

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Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 21 March, 1973.

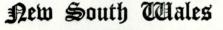
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generally or to a restricted class or number of persons) or to be publicly displayed shall—

- (a) at the time of, or within twenty-four hours after, printing the document print on at least one copy of the document the name and address of the person for whom or on whose instructions the document was printed;
- (b) subject to paragraph (c), retain, for a period of six months from the date on which the document was printed, a copy of the document on which that name and address is so printed;
- (c) upon the request of a member of the police force made at any time during that period, produce or surrender the copy of the document so retained; and
- (d) at the time of the printing, print his name, or if he carries on business under a name registered under the Business Names Act, 1962, that name, the address of his place of business, and the year in which the document is printed on the front or first or last page of the document.

Penalty : \$400.

(2) Subject to subsections (3) and (4), no person shall sell, offer for sale, deliver, distribute, affix to any object or structure in a public place, leave in a public place or other-25 wise expose to public view, a document on which there have not been printed on the front or first or last page the name of the printer or the name under which he carries on business, the address of his place of business and the year in which the document was printed.

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(3) It shall be a defence if a person charged with an offence under subsection (2) proves that the document concerned—

(a) was printed before the commencement of this Act; or

(b) was not printed in the State.

(4) This section does not apply to-

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- (b) any document relating to the sale of property by auction or otherwise;
- (c) documents intended for use as bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds or other securities for the payment of money, bills of lading, policies of insurance, letters or powers of attorney, deeds, agreements or process of a court;
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- (a) his name or if he carries on business under a name newspapers. registered under the Business Names Act, 1962, that name, and the address of his place of business:
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as the case may be.

6. A director, within the meaning of the Companies Act, Liability of 10 1961, or an employee, of a corporation which commits an etc., of offence arising under any provision of this Act is guilty of the corporations. same offence and may be punished accordingly unless he proves that—

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(a) the offence committed by the corporation was committed without his knowledge;

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- (c) being in such a position, he used all due diligence to prevent the commission of the offence by the corporation.

7. (1) Each Act specified in column 1 of the Schedule Repeals is amended or repealed to the extent specified opposite that and and Act in column 2 of the Schedule.

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(3) No person shall be liable under a recognisance30 entered into under Part III of the Newspapers Act, 1898, except for any penalty imposed or incurred before the commencement of this Act and for which he would otherwise have been liable under the recognisance.

SCHEDULE

Act No. , 1973.

Printing and Newspapers.

# SCHEDULE

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Sec. 7.

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BY AUTHORITY V. C. N. BLIGHT, C.B.E., GOVERNMENT PRINTER, NEW SOUTH WALES—1973 V

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Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 21 March, 1973.





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- (c) upon the request of a member of the police force made at any time during that period, produce or surrender the copy of the document so retained; and
- (d) at the time of the printing, print his name, or if he carries on business under a name registered under the Business Names Act, 1962, that name, the address of his place of business, and the year in which the document is printed on the front or first or last page of the document.

Penalty: \$400. finchuling this State) and the Communicable at

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- (d) any document printed for the Crown in the right of a State (including this State) or of the Commonwealth, either House of Parliament of a State (including this State) or of the Commonwealth, any department of Government or any statutory body representing the Crown; or

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- 10 Penalty : \$400.

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#### Act No. , 1973.

#### Printing and Newspapers.

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SCHEDULE

Act No. , 1973.

Printing and Newspapers.

# SCHEDULE

Sec. 7.

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BY AUTHORITY V. C. N. BLIGHT, C.B.E., GOVERNMENT PRINTER, NEW SOUTH WALES—1973 [10c]

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Sec. 7.

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No. , 1973.

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[MR GRIFFITH—7 March, 1973.]

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generally or to a restricted class or number of persons) or to be publicly displayed shall—

- (a) at the time of, or within twenty-four hours after, printing the document print on at least one copy of the document the name and address of the person for whom or on whose instructions the document was printed;
- (b) subject to paragraph (c), retain, for a period of six months from the date on which the document was printed, a copy of the document on which that name and address is so printed;
- (c) upon the request of a member of the police force made at any time during that period, produce or surrender the copy of the document so retained; and
- (d) at the time of the printing, print his name, or if he carries on business under a name registered under the Business Names Act, 1962, that name, the address of his place of business, and the year in which the document is printed on the front or first or last page of the document.

Penalty : \$400.

(2) Subject to subsections (3) and (4), no person shall sell, offer for sale, deliver, distribute, affix to any object or structure in a public place, leave in a public place or other-25 wise expose to public view, a document on which there have not been printed on the front or first or last page the name of the printer or the name under which he carries on business, the address of his place of business and the year in which the document was printed.

30 Penalty : \$400.

(3)

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(3) It shall be a defence if a person charged with an offence under subsection (2) proves that the document concerned—

- (a) was printed before the commencement of this Act; or
- (b) was not printed in the State.
  - (4) This section does not apply to—
- (a) any document containing only the name, address, telephone number, business or profession of a person and the designation of any article in which he deals;
- (b) any document relating to the sale of property by auction or otherwise;
- (c) documents intended for use as bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds or other securities for the payment of money, bills of lading, policies of insurance, letters or powers of attorney, deeds, agreements or process of a court;
- (d) any document printed for the Crown in the right of a State (including this State) or of the Commonwealth, either House of Parliament of a State (including this State) or of the Commonwealth, any department of Government or any statutory body representing the Crown; or
- 25 (e) any document or document belonging to any class of document which the Minister, by order, exempts from the application of this section.

(5) For the purposes of subsection (4) (d) "statutory body representing the Crown" has the meaning ascribed 30 thereto in section 4 of the Local Government Act, 1919.

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4. (1) A person who prints a newspaper shall, at the time Provision of the printing, print on the front or first or last page of the in respect of printing and

and publishing

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- (a) his name or if he carries on business under a name newspapers. registered under the Business Names Act, 1962, that name, and the address of his place of business;
- (b) the name and address of the publisher of the newspaper.
- 10 Penalty : \$400.

and

(2) Subject to subsection (3), no person shall sell, offer for sale, deliver, distribute, affix to any object or structure in a public place, leave in a public place or otherwise expose to public view a newspaper on which the name of the printer 15 or the name under which he carries on business, and the address of his place of business, and the name and address

of the publisher, have not been printed on the front or first or last page of the newspaper.

Penalty : \$400.

- 20 (3) It shall be a defence if a person charged with an offence under subsection (2) proves that the newspaper concerned—
  - (a) was printed before the commencement of this Act; or

25 (b) was not printed in the State.

5. A document or newspaper on which is printed a name <sub>Evidentiary</sub>. purporting to be the name of—

- (a) the printer of the document or newspaper;
- (b) the person for whom or on whose instructions the document was printed; or

(c) the publisher of the newspaper,

shall

shall be received by all courts and tribunals in any proceedings (whether criminal or civil) as evidence that the person whose name is so printed is—

- (d) the printer of the document or newspaper;
- (e) the person for whom or on whose instructions the document was printed; or

(f) the publisher of the newspaper,

as the case may be.

6. A director, within the meaning of the Companies Act, Liability of 10 1961, or an employee, of a corporation which commits an directors, of offence arising under any provision of this Act is guilty of the corporations. same offence and may be punished accordingly unless he proves that—

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(a) the offence committed by the corporation was committed without his knowledge;

(b) he was not in a position to influence the conduct of the corporation in relation to the commission of the offence by it; or

(c) being in such a position, he used all due diligence to prevent the commission of the offence by the corporation.

7. (1) Each Act specified in column 1 of the Schedule Repeals is amended or repealed to the extent specified opposite that and savings. Act in column 2 of the Schedule.

25 (2) Notwithstanding the repeal of the Newspapers Act, 1898, sections 9, 15 and 18 of that Act shall continue to have effect in relation to any legal proceedings pending at the commencement of this Act.

(3) No person shall be liable under a recognisance 30 entered into under Part III of the Newspapers Act, 1898, except for any penalty imposed or incurred before the commencement of this Act and for which he would otherwise have been liable under the recognisance.

SCHEDULE

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Act No. , 1973.

Printing and Newspapers.

### SCHEDULE

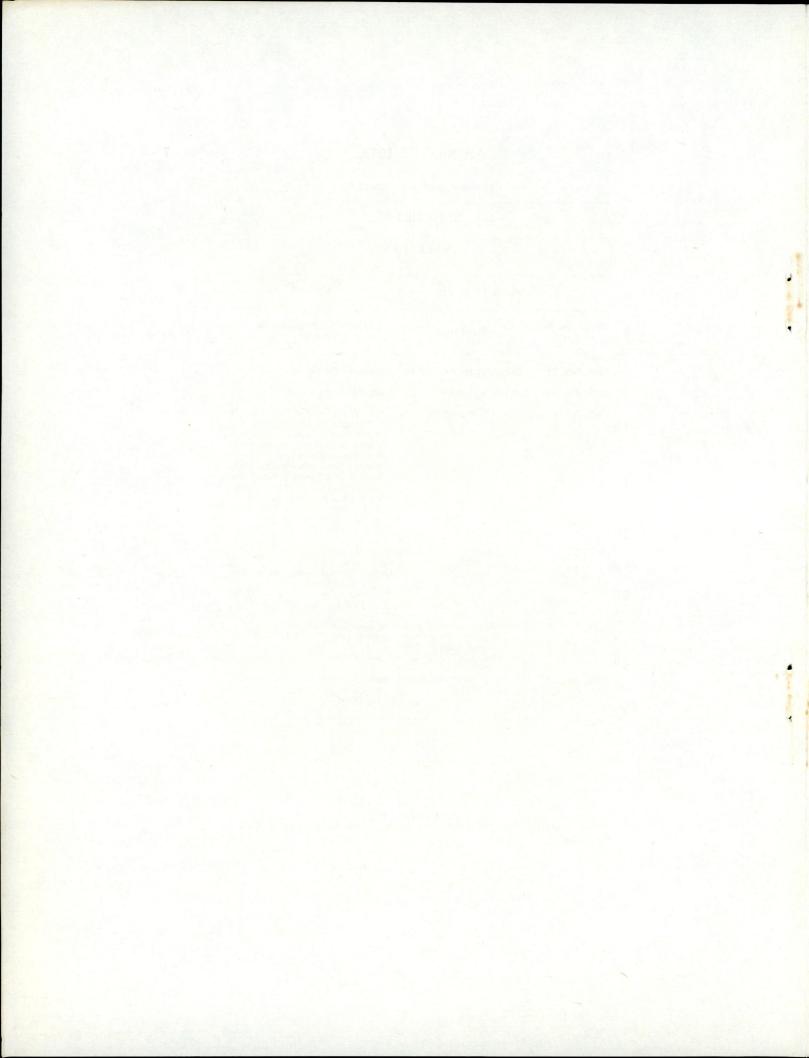
Sec. 7.

#### REPEALS

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	Column 1		Column 2
5	Year and No. of Act	Short title	Extent of amendment or repeal
	1898, No. 23	Newspapers Act, 1898	Repeal the whole Act.
	1899, No. 16	Printing Act 1899	Repeal the whole Act.
10	1919, No. 41	Local Government Act, 1919.	Omit from the definition of "Newspaper" in section 4 the words "upon which is printed a statement that it is registered for transmission by post or under the Newspapers Act,
15 20			1898," and insert instead the words"registered at the General Post Office pursuant to the Post and Telegraph Act 1901-1971 of the Parliament of the Com- monwealth,".
20		Transfer of Records	
25	1923, No. 14	Act, 1923.	Omit section 6 (2). Omit section 6 (3). Omit the following from the First Schedule— "Newspapers Act, 1898.
23			Printing Act 1899."
30	1934, No. 19	Printing and Book Pur- chasers' Protection (Amendment) Act, 1934.	
	1937, No. 35	Statute Law Revision Act, 1937.	Omit so much of the Second Schedule as amends Act No. 16, 1899.

BY AUTHORITY V. C. N. BLIGHT, C.B.E., GOVERNMENT PRINTER, NEW SOUTH WALES—1973 [10c]



#### PROOF

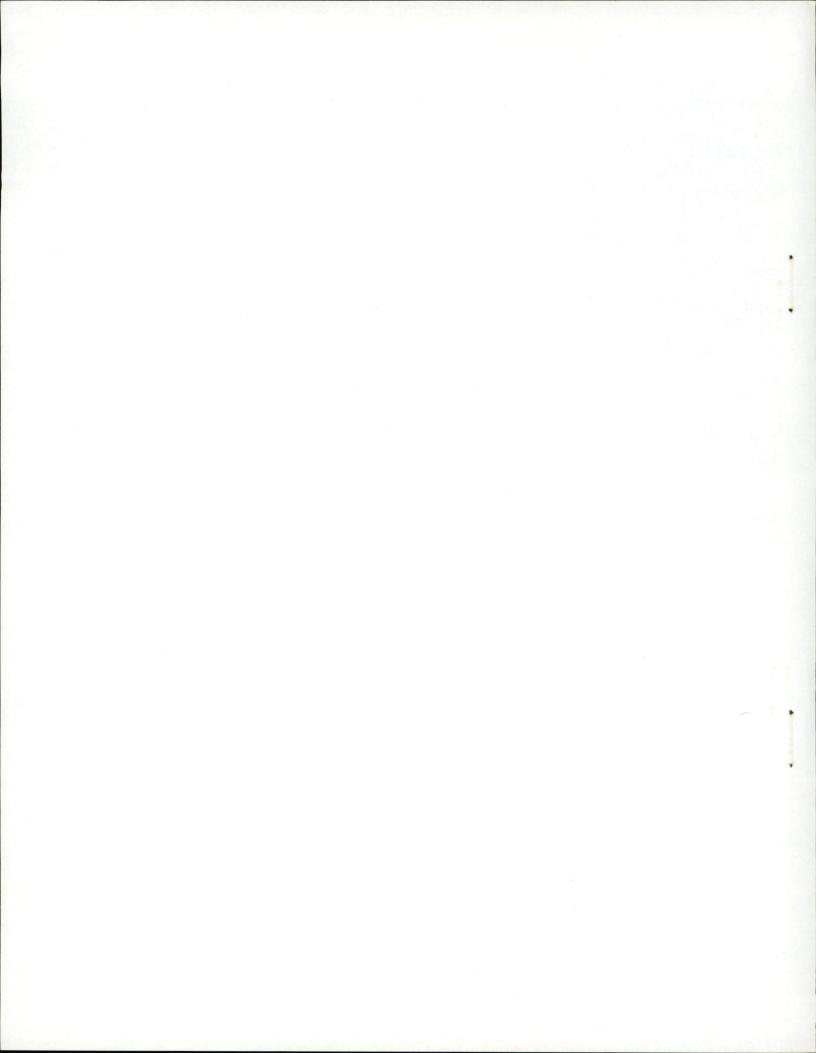
## **PRINTING AND NEWSPAPERS BILL, 1973**

#### EXPLANATORY NOTE

THE objects of this Bill are-

- (a) to require the printer of a document (as defined) to print his name and certain other matters on the document, except where the document is exempted from the requirement;
- (b) to require the printer of a document (as defined) to retain a copy of the document for a period of six months and produce any such copy if required by a member of the police force to do so, except where the document is exempted from the requirement;
- (c) to require the printer of a newspaper to print his name and address and the name and address of the publisher of the newspaper on the newspaper;
- (d) to make it an offence to sell or offer for sale a document or newspaper on which the matters required to be printed thereon have not been printed; and
- (e) to make other provisions consequential upon or ancillary to the foregoing.

16597 227-



PROOF

No. , 1973.

# A BILL

To make provision relating to the printing of certain documents and newspapers; to repeal the Printing Act 1899, and the Newspapers Act, 1898, and amend certain other Acts; and for purposes connected therewith.

[MR GRIFFITH-7 March, 1973.]

BE

16597 227-

 $\mathbf{B}_{\mathrm{and}}^{\mathrm{E}}$  it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:-

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Printing and Short title and Newspapers Act, 1973". commence-

ment.

(2) This Act shall commence upon such day as may be appointed by the Governor in respect thereof and as may 10 be notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.

2. In this Act, except in so far as the context otherwise Interpretation. indicates or requires-

"document" includes a book, pamphlet, leaflet, circular,

advertisement, poster, or magazine or other periodical publication, but does not include a newspaper;

"newspaper" means any paper containing public news, or observations thereon or upon any political matter, which is printed for sale or gratuitous distribution and published periodically at intervals not exceeding twenty-six days;

"printing" includes any mode of representing or reproducing in any document or newspaper any words, symbols, or pictures in any visible form.

3. (1) Subject to subsection (4), a person who prints Provisions 25 any document which he knows, or has reason to believe, is in respect intended to be sold or distributed (whether to the public of certain printed

documents.

generally

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generally or to a restricted class or number of persons) or to be publicly displayed shall—

- (a) at the time of, or within twenty-four hours after, printing the document print on at least one copy of the document the name and address of the person for whom or on whose instructions the document was printed;
- (b) subject to paragraph (c), retain, for a period of six months from the date on which the document was printed, a copy of the document on which that name and address is so printed;
- (c) upon the request of a member of the police force made at any time during that period, produce or surrender the copy of the document so retained; and
- (d) at the time of the printing, print his name, or if he carries on business under a name registered under the Business Names Act, 1962, that name, the address of his place of business, and the year in which the document is printed on the front or first or last page of the document.

Penalty: \$400.

(2) Subject to subsections (3) and (4), no person shall sell, offer for sale, deliver, distribute, affix to any object or structure in a public place, leave in a public place or other-25 wise expose to public view, a document on which there have not been printed on the front or first or last page the name of the printer or the name under which he carries on business, the address of his place of business and the year in which the document was printed.

30 Penalty : \$400.

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(3) It shall be a defence if a person charged with an offence under subsection (2) proves that the document concerned—

(a) was printed before the commencement of this Act; or

(b) was not printed in the State.

- (4) This section does not apply to—
- (a) any document containing only the name, address, telephone number, business or profession of a person and the designation of any article in which he deals;
- (b) any document relating to the sale of property by auction or otherwise;

(c) documents intended for use as bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds or other securities for the payment of money, bills of lading, policies of insurance, letters or powers of attorney, deeds, agreements or process of a court;

 (d) any document printed for the Crown in the right of a State (including this State) or of the Commonwealth, either House of Parliament of a State (including this State) or of the Commonwealth, any department of Government or any statutory body representing the Crown; or

25 (e) any document or document belonging to any class of document which the Minister, by order, exempts from the application of this section.

(5) For the purposes of subsection (4) (d) "statutory body representing the Crown" has the meaning ascribed 30 thereto in section 4 of the Local Government Act, 1919.

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4. (1) A person who prints a newspaper shall, at the time Provision of the printing, print on the front or first or last page of the in respect of printing and publishing

- (a) his name or if he carries on business under a name newspapers.
  - registered under the Business Names Act, 1962, that name, and the address of his place of business; and
- (b) the name and address of the publisher of the newspaper.
- 10 Penalty : \$400.

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(2) Subject to subsection (3), no person shall sell, offer for sale, deliver, distribute, affix to any object or structure in a public place, leave in a public place or otherwise expose to public view a newspaper on which the name of the printer

15 or the name under which he carries on business, and the address of his place of business, and the name and address of the publisher, have not been printed on the front or first or last page of the newspaper.

Penalty : \$400.

- 20 (3) It shall be a defence if a person charged with an offence under subsection (2) proves that the newspaper concerned—
  - (a) was printed before the commencement of this Act; or
- (b) was not printed in the State.

5. A document or newspaper on which is printed a name  $_{Evidentiary.}$  purporting to be the name of—

- (a) the printer of the document or newspaper;
- (b) the person for whom or on whose instructions the document was printed; or

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(c) the publisher of the newspaper,

shall

shall be received by all courts and tribunals in any proceedings (whether criminal or civil) as evidence that the person whose name is so printed is—

- (d) the printer of the document or newspaper;
- (e) the person for whom or on whose instructions the document was printed; or
- (f) the publisher of the newspaper,

as the case may be.

6. A director, within the meaning of the Companies Act, Liability of 10 1961, or an employee, of a corporation which commits an directors, of offence arising under any provision of this Act is guilty of the corporations. same offence and may be punished accordingly unless he proves that—

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(a) the offence committed by the corporation was committed without his knowledge;

- (b) he was not in a position to influence the conduct of the corporation in relation to the commission of the offence by it; or
- (c) being in such a position, he used all due diligence to prevent the commission of the offence by the corporation.

7. (1) Each Act specified in column 1 of the Schedule Repeals is amended or repealed to the extent specified opposite that and savings. Act in column 2 of the Schedule.

25 (2) Notwithstanding the repeal of the Newspapers Act, 1898, sections 9, 15 and 18 of that Act shall continue to have effect in relation to any legal proceedings pending at the commencement of this Act.

(3) No person shall be liable under a recognisance 30 entered into under Part III of the Newspapers Act, 1898, except for any penalty imposed or incurred before the commencement of this Act and for which he would otherwise have been liable under the recognisance.

SCHEDULE

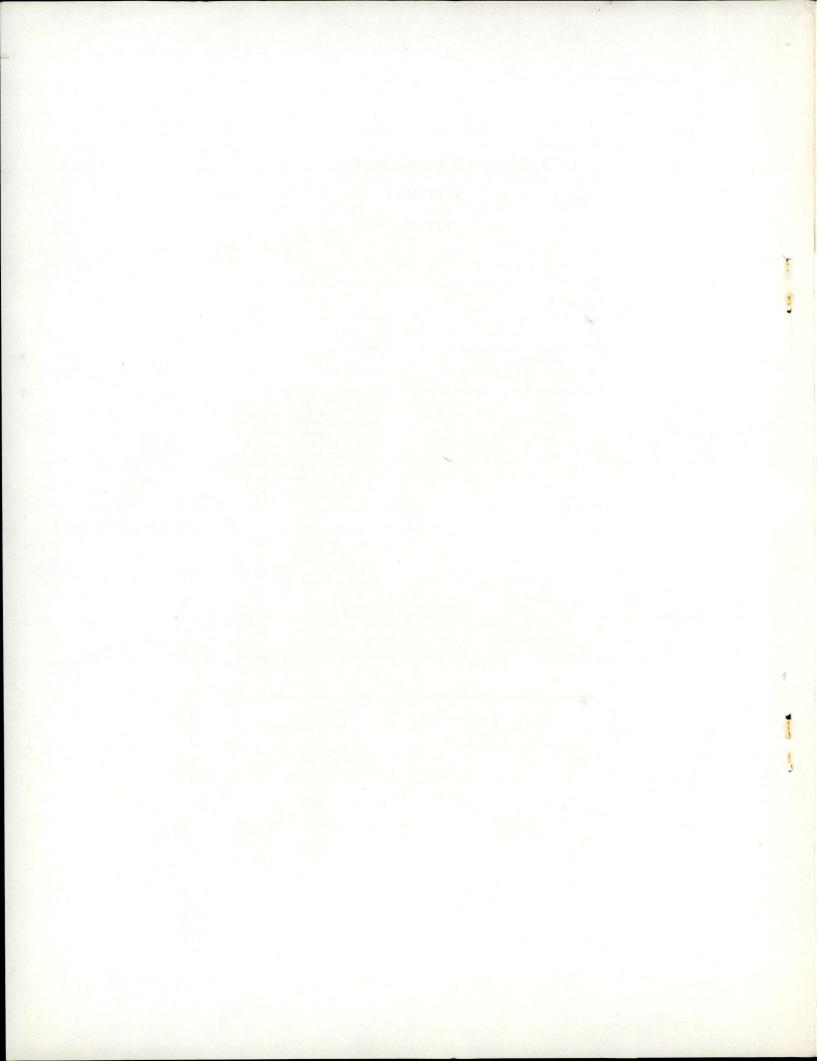
## SCHEDULE

Sec. 7.

## REPEALS

	Column 1		Column 2
5	Year and No. of Act	Short title	Extent of amendment or repeal
	1898, No. 23	Newspapers Act, 1898	Repeal the whole Act.
	1899, No. 16	Printing Act 1899	Repeal the whole Act.
10	1919, No. 41	Local Government Act, 1919.	Omit from the definition of "Newspaper" in section 4 the words "upon which is printed a statement that it is registered for transmission by post or under the Newspapers Act,
15 20			1898," and insert instead the words"registered at the General Post Office pursuant to the Post and Telegraph Act 1901-1971 of the Parliament of the Com- monwealth,".
	1923, No. 14	Transfer of Records Act, 1923.	Omit section 6 (3). Omit the following from the First Schedule—
25			"Newspapers Act, 1898. Printing Act 1899."
30	1934, No. 19	Printing and Book Pur- chasers' Protection (Amendment) Act, 1934.	
50	1937, No. 35	Statute Law Revision Act, 1937.	Omit so much of the Second Schedule as amends Act No. 16, 1899.

BY AUTHORITY V. C. N. BLIGHT, C.B.E., GOVERNMENT PRINTER, NEW SOUTH WALES—1973



## New South Wales



## ANNO VICESIMO SECUNDO ELIZABETHÆ II REGINÆ

## Act No. 46, 1973.

An Act to make provision relating to the printing of certain documents and newspapers; to repeal the Printing Act 1899, and the Newspapers Act, 1898, and amend certain other Acts; and for purposes connected therewith. [Assented to, 8th May, 1973.]

P 25647 [10c]

**B**<sup>E</sup> it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

Short title and commencement.

**1.** (1) This Act may be cited as the "Printing and Newspapers Act, 1973".

(2) This Act shall commence upon such day as may be appointed by the Governor in respect thereof and as may be notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.

Interpretation. 2. In this Act, except in so far as the context otherwise indicates or requires—

- "document" includes a book, pamphlet, leaflet, circular, advertisement, poster, or magazine or other periodical publication, but does not include a newspaper;
- "newspaper" means any paper containing public news, or observations thereon or upon any political matter, which is printed for sale or gratuitous distribution and published periodically at intervals not exceeding twenty-six days;

"printing" includes any mode of representing or reproducing in any document or newspaper any words, symbols, or pictures in any visible form.

Provisions in respect of certain printed documents. **3.** (1) Subject to subsection (4), a person who prints any document which he knows, or has reason to believe, is intended to be sold or distributed (whether to the public

generally

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generally or to a restricted class or number of persons) or to be publicly displayed shall—

- (a) at the time of, or within twenty-four hours after, printing the document print on at least one copy of the document the name and address of the person for whom or on whose instructions the document was printed;
- (b) subject to paragraph (c), retain, for a period of six months from the date on which the document was printed, a copy of the document on which that name and address is so printed;
- (c) upon the request of a member of the police force made at any time during that period, produce or surrender the copy of the document so retained; and
- (d) at the time of the printing, print his name, or if he carries on business under a name registered under the Business Names Act, 1962, that name, the address of his place of business, and the year in which the document is printed on the front or first or last page of the document.

Penalty : \$400.

(2) Subject to subsections (3) and (4), no person shall sell, offer for sale, deliver, distribute, affix to any object or structure in a public place, leave in a public place or otherwise expose to public view, a document on which there have not been printed on the front or first or last page the name of the printer or the name under which he carries on business, the address of his place of business and the year in which the document was printed.

Penalty: \$400.

(3) It shall be a defence if a person charged with an offence under subsection (2) proves that the document concerned—

- (a) was printed before the commencement of this Act; or
- (b) was not printed in the State.

(4) This section does not apply to—

- (a) any document containing only the name, address, telephone number, business or profession of a person and the designation of any article in which he deals;
- (b) any document relating to the sale of property by auction or otherwise;
- (c) documents intended for use as bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds or other securities for the payment of money, bills of lading, policies of insurance, letters or powers of attorney, deeds, agreements or process of a court;
- (d) any document printed for the Crown in the right of a State (including this State) or of the Commonwealth, either House of Parliament of a State (including this State) or of the Commonwealth, any department of Government or any statutory body representing the Crown; or
- (e) any document or document belonging to any class of document which the Minister, by order, exempts from the application of this section.

(5) For the purposes of subsection (4) (d) "statutory body representing the Crown" has the meaning ascribed thereto in section 4 of the Local Government Act, 1919.

4.

## Act No. 46, 1973.

## Printing and Newspapers.

4. (1) A person who prints a newspaper shall, at the time Provision of the printing, print on the front or first or last page of the in respect newspaper—

 (a) his name or if he carries on business under a name newspapers. registered under the Business Names Act, 1962, that name, and the address of his place of business; and

(b) the name and address of the publisher of the newspaper.

Penalty : \$400.

(2) Subject to subsection (3), no person shall sell, offer for sale, deliver, distribute, affix to any object or structure in a public place, leave in a public place or otherwise expose to public view a newspaper on which the name of the printer or the name under which he carries on business, and the address of his place of business, and the name and address of the publisher, have not been printed on the front or first or last page of the newspaper.

Penalty: \$400.

(3) It shall be a defence if a person charged with an offence under subsection (2) proves that the newspaper concerned—

- (a) was printed before the commencement of this Act; or
- (b) was not printed in the State.

5. A document or newspaper on which is printed a name Evidentiary. purporting to be the name of—

- (a) the printer of the document or newspaper;
- (b) the person for whom or on whose instructions the document was printed; or
- (c) the publisher of the newspaper,

shall

shall be received by all courts and tribunals in any proceedings (whether criminal or civil) as prima facie evidence that the person whose name is so printed is-

- (d) the printer of the document or newspaper;
- (e) the person for whom or on whose instructions the document was printed; or
- (f) the publisher of the newspaper,

as the case may be.

Liability of directors, etc., of

A director, within the meaning of the Companies Act, 6. 1961, or an employee, of a corporation which commits an corporations. offence arising under any provision of this Act is guilty of the same offence and may be punished accordingly unless he proves that-

- (a) the offence committed by the corporation was committed without his knowledge;
- (b) he was not in a position to influence the conduct of the corporation in relation to the commission of the offence by it; or
- (c) being in such a position, he used all due diligence to prevent the commission of the offence by the corporation.

Repeals anđ savings.

(1) Each Act specified in column 1 of the Schedule 7. is amended or repealed to the extent specified opposite that Act in column 2 of the Schedule.

(2) Notwithstanding the repeal of the Newspapers Act, 1898, sections 9, 15 and 18 of that Act shall continue to have effect in relation to any legal proceedings pending at the commencement of this Act.

(3) No person shall be liable under a recognisance entered into under Part III of the Newspapers Act, 1898, except for any penalty imposed or incurred before the commencement of this Act and for which he would otherwise have been liable under the recognisance.

#### **SCHEDULE**

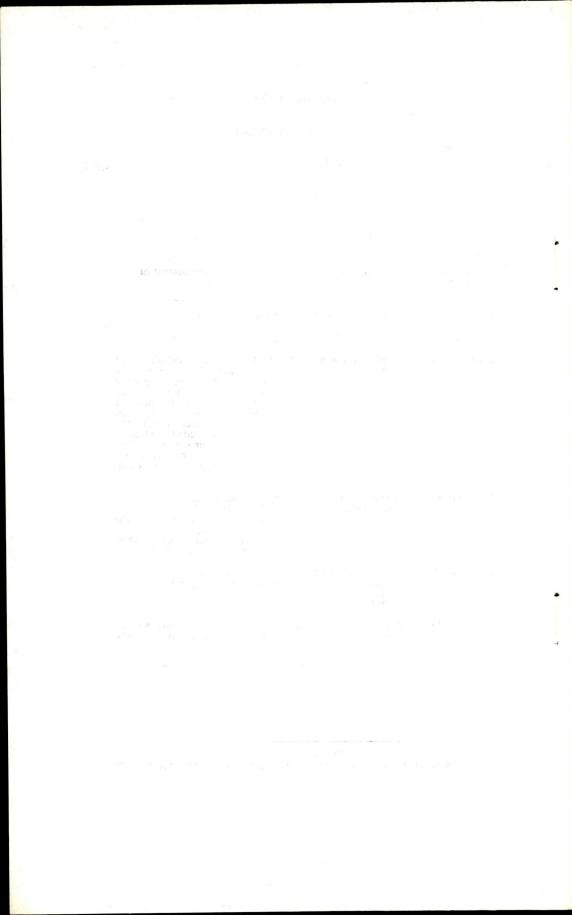
## SCHEDULE

#### Sec. 7.

## REPEALS

C	Column 1	Column 2
Year and No. of Act	Short title	Extent of amendment or repeal
1898, No. 23	Newspapers Act, 1898	Repeal the whole Act.
1899, No. 16	Printing Act 1899	Repeal the whole Act.
1919, No. 41	Local Government Act, 1919.	Omit from the definition of "Newspaper" in section 4 the words "upon which is printed a statement that it is registered for transmission by post or under the Newspapers Act, 1898," and insert instead the words"registered at the General Post Office pursuant to the Post and Telegraph Act 1901-1971 of the Parliament of the Com- monwealth,".
1923, No. 14	Transfer of Records Act, 1923.	Omit section 6 (2). Omit section 6 (3). Omit the following from the First Schedule— "Newspapers Act, 1898. Printing Act 1899."
1934, No. 19	Printing and Book Pur- chasers' Protection (Amendment) Act, 1934.	
1937, No. 35	Statute Law Revision Act, 1937.	Omit so much of the Second Schedule as amends Act No. 16, 1899.

BY AUTHORITY V. C. N. BLIGHT, C.B.E., GOVERNMENT PRINTER, NEW SOUTH WALES-1973



I certify that this PUBLIC BILL, which originated in the LEGIS-LATIVE ASSEMBLY, has finally passed the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL and the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY of NEW SOUTH WALES.

> I. P. K. VIDLER, Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 12 April, 1973, A.M.

## New South Wales



## ANNO VICESIMO SECUNDO

## ELIZABETHÆ II REGINÆ

## Act No. 46, 1973.

An Act to make provision relating to the printing of certain documents and newspapers; to repeal the Printing Act 1899, and the Newspapers Act, 1898, and amend certain other Acts; and for purposes connected therewith. [Assented to, 8th May, 1973.]

BE

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I have examined this Bill, and find it to correspond in all respects with the Bill as finally passed by both Houses.

> J. H. BROWN, Chairman of Committees of the Legislative Assembly.

## Act No. 46, 1973.

#### Printing and Newspapers.

**B**<sup>E</sup> it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

Short title and commencement.

**1.** (1) This Act may be cited as the "Printing and Newspapers Act, 1973".

(2) This Act shall commence upon such day as may be appointed by the Governor in respect thereof and as may be notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.

Interpretation. 2. In this Act, except in so far as the context otherwise indicates or requires—

- "document" includes a book, pamphlet, leaflet, circular, advertisement, poster, or magazine or other periodical publication, but does not include a newspaper;
- "newspaper" means any paper containing public news, or observations thereon or upon any political matter, which is printed for sale or gratuitous distribution and published periodically at intervals not exceeding twenty-six days;
- "printing" includes any mode of representing or reproducing in any document or newspaper any words, symbols, or pictures in any visible form.

Provisions in respect of certain printed documents.

**3.** (1) Subject to subsection (4), a person who prints any document which he knows, or has reason to believe, is intended to be sold or distributed (whether to the public

generally

generally or to a restricted class or number of persons) or to be publicly displayed shall—

- (a) at the time of, or within twenty-four hours after, printing the document print on at least one copy of the document the name and address of the person for whom or on whose instructions the document was printed;
- (b) subject to paragraph (c), retain, for a period of six months from the date on which the document was printed, a copy of the document on which that name and address is so printed;
- (c) upon the request of a member of the police force made at any time during that period, produce or surrender the copy of the document so retained; and
- (d) at the time of the printing, print his name, or if he carries on business under a name registered under the Business Names Act, 1962, that name, the address of his place of business, and the year in which the document is printed on the front or first or last page of the document.

## Penalty : \$400.

(2) Subject to subsections (3) and (4), no person shall sell, offer for sale, deliver, distribute, affix to any object or structure in a public place, leave in a public place or otherwise expose to public view, a document on which there have not been printed on the front or first or last page the name of the printer or the name under which he carries on business, the address of his place of business and the year in which the document was printed.

Penalty : \$400.

(3) It shall be a defence if a person charged with an offence under subsection (2) proves that the document concerned—

- (a) was printed before the commencement of this Act; or
- (b) was not printed in the State.
  - (4) This section does not apply to—
- (a) any document containing only the name, address, telephone number, business or profession of a person and the designation of any article in which he deals;
- (b) any document relating to the sale of property by auction or otherwise;
- (c) documents intended for use as bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds or other securities for the payment of money, bills of lading, policies of insurance, letters or powers of attorney, deeds, agreements or process of a court;
- (d) any document printed for the Crown in the right of a State (including this State) or of the Commonwealth, either House of Parliament of a State (including this State) or of the Commonwealth, any department of Government or any statutory body representing the Crown; or
- (e) any document or document belonging to any class of document which the Minister, by order, exempts from the application of this section.

(5) For the purposes of subsection (4) (d) "statutory body representing the Crown" has the meaning ascribed thereto in section 4 of the Local Government Act, 1919.

4. (1) A person who prints a newspaper shall, at the time Provision of the printing, print on the front or first or last page of the in respect of printing newspaper—

- and publishing me newspapers.
- (a) his name or if he carries on business under a name newspapers. registered under the Business Names Act, 1962, that name, and the address of his place of business; and
- (b) the name and address of the publisher of the newspaper.

Penalty : \$400.

(2) Subject to subsection (3), no person shall sell, offer for sale, deliver, distribute, affix to any object or structure in a public place, leave in a public place or otherwise expose to public view a newspaper on which the name of the printer or the name under which he carries on business, and the address of his place of business, and the name and address of the publisher, have not been printed on the front or first or last page of the newspaper.

Penalty : \$400.

(3) It shall be a defence if a person charged with an offence under subsection (2) proves that the newspaper concerned—

- (a) was printed before the commencement of this Act; or
- (b) was not printed in the State.

5. A document or newspaper on which is printed a name Evidentiary. purporting to be the name of—

- (a) the printer of the document or newspaper;
- (b) the person for whom or on whose instructions the document was printed; or
- (c) the publisher of the newspaper,

shall

shall be received by all courts and tribunals in any proceedings (whether criminal or civil) as prima facie evidence that the person whose name is so printed is-

- (d) the printer of the document or newspaper;
- (e) the person for whom or on whose instructions the document was printed; or
- (f) the publisher of the newspaper,

as the case may be.

Liability of directors, etc., of

6. A director, within the meaning of the Companies Act. 1961, or an employee, of a corporation which commits an corporations. offence arising under any provision of this Act is guilty of the same offence and may be punished accordingly unless he proves that-

- (a) the offence committed by the corporation was committed without his knowledge:
- (b) he was not in a position to influence the conduct of the corporation in relation to the commission of the offence by it; or
- (c) being in such a position, he used all due diligence to prevent the commission of the offence by the corporation.

Repeals and savings.

(1) Each Act specified in column 1 of the Schedule 7. is amended or repealed to the extent specified opposite that Act in column 2 of the Schedule.

(2) Notwithstanding the repeal of the Newspapers Act, 1898, sections 9, 15 and 18 of that Act shall continue to have effect in relation to any legal proceedings pending at the commencement of this Act.

(3) No person shall be liable under a recognisance entered into under Part III of the Newspapers Act, 1898, except for any penalty imposed or incurred before the commencement of this Act and for which he would otherwise have been liable under the recognisance.

**SCHEDULE** 

Act No. 46, 1973.

Printing and Newspapers.

## SCHEDULE

Sec. 7.

## REPEALS

C	Column 1	Column 2
Year and No. of Act	Short title	Extent of amendment or repeal
1898, No. 23	Newspapers Act, 1898	Repeal the whole Act.
1899, No. 16	Printing Act 1899	Repeal the whole Act.
1919, No. 41	Local Government Act, 1919.	Omit from the definition of "Newspaper" in section 4 the words "upon which is printed a statement that it is registered for transmission by post or under the Newspapers Act, 1898," and insert instead the words"registered at the General Post Office pursuant to the Post and Telegraph Act 1901-1971 of the Parliament of the Com- monwealth,".
1923, No. 14	Transfer of Records Act, 1923.	Omit section 6 (2). Omit section 6 (3). Omit the following from the First Schedule— "Newspapers Act, 1898. Printing Act 1899."
1934, No. 19	Printing and Book Pur- chasers' Protection (Amendment) Act, 1934.	
1937, No. 35	Statute Law Revision Act, 1937.	Omit so much of the Second Schedule as amends Act No. 16, 1899.

In the name and on behalf of Her Majesty I assent to this Act.

JOHN R. KERR, Administrator.

Government House, Sydney, 8th May, 1973.

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