

This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

ALLAN PICKERING,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

*Legislative Assembly Chamber,
Sydney, 20 February, 1964.*

New South Wales



ANNO TERTIO DECIMO

ELIZABETHÆ II REGINÆ

Act No. , 1964.

An Act to make certain provisions with respect to the Sydney Hospital; for this purpose to amend the Public Hospitals Act, 1929-1959; to repeal the Sydney Hospital Act of 1881; and for purposes connected therewith.

BE it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Public Hospitals (Amendment) Act, 1964". Short title and citation.

Public Hospitals (Amendment).

(2) The Public Hospitals Act, 1929, as amended by subsequent Acts and by this Act, and by orders of the Governor pursuant to section four of the Public Hospitals Act, 1929, as so amended, may be cited as the Public Hospitals Act, 1929-1964.

2. The Public Hospitals Act, 1929, as amended by subsequent Acts, is amended— Amendment of Act No. 8, 1929.

(a) by inserting in subsection two of section one next after the matter relating to Part VI the following new matter :— Sec. 1(2). (Division of Act.)

PART VIA.—PRINCE HENRY HOSPITAL.

PART VIB.—SYDNEY HOSPITAL.

(b) (i) by omitting from subsection three of section four the words "or the Prince Henry Hospital" and by inserting in lieu thereof the words ", the Prince Henry Hospital or the Sydney Hospital"; Sec. 4. (Application of Act.)

(ii) by inserting at the end of subsection six of the same section the following new paragraph :—

(h) On the day upon which an order is published pursuant to this section adding to the Second Schedule the name of the Sydney Hospital—

(i) the Sydney Hospital Act of 1881 shall be repealed;

(ii) the Third Schedule shall be amended by omitting the words "The Sydney Hospital".

(c) by inserting next after section 33F the following new Part :— New Part VIB.

PART VIB.

SYDNEY HOSPITAL.

33G. This Part of this Act shall commence on the day upon which an order is published under section four of this Act adding to the Second Schedule the name of the Sydney Hospital. Commencement.

33H.

Public Hospitals (Amendment).

5 33H. (1) All persons who, immediately before
the commencement of this Part of this Act, were
officers, servants or members of the medical staff
of the Board of Directors of the Sydney Hospital
constituted under the Sydney Hospital Act of 1881,
shall be deemed to have been appointed by the Board
of Directors of the Sydney Hospital constituted under
this Act as officers, employees or members of the
10 medical staff, respectively, of the lastmentioned
Board of Directors.

Transfer of
officers,
servants
and medical
staff.

15 (2) Any such person shall retain any rights
accrued or accruing under the Local Government
(Superannuation) Act, 1927, the Sydney Hospital
Act of 1881, or any other Act, including the right to
continue to contribute to any fund or account, and
to receive any annual, sick, deferred or extended
leave and any payment, pension or gratuity there-
under, and for any such purpose his service as an
officer, employee or member of the medical staff of
20 the Board of Directors of the Sydney Hospital
constituted under this Act shall be deemed to be
service for the purpose of any such Act.

25 (3) No such person shall be entitled to
claim benefits under this Act as well as under any
other Act for the same period of service.

BY AUTHORITY:

V. C. N. BLIGHT, GOVERNMENT PRINTER, SYDNEY, NEW SOUTH WALES—1964

[4d.]

Public Health (Amendment)

Section 11. A person who knowingly infects another person with a communicable disease shall be liable for a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars or imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, or both.

Section 12. A person who, with intent to defraud, obtains or attempts to obtain from any person or institution any money, property, or valuable thing by means of a false or fraudulent statement or representation shall be liable for a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years, or both.

Section 13. A person who, with intent to defraud, obtains or attempts to obtain from any person or institution any money, property, or valuable thing by means of a false or fraudulent check shall be liable for a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years, or both.