

To make certain provisions with respect to the Sydney Hospital; for this purpose to amend the Public Hospitals Act, 1929-1959; to repeal the Sydney Hospital Act of 1881; and for purposes connected therewith.

No. , 1963.

# A BILL

To make certain provisions with respect to the Sydney Hospital; for this purpose to amend the Public Hospitals Act, 1929-1959; to repeal the Sydney Hospital Act of 1881; and for purposes connected therewith.

[MR. SHEAHAN;—3 December, 1963.]

**B**E it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Public Hospitals (Amendment) Act, 1963". Short title and citation.

*Public Hospitals (Amendment).*

(2) The Public Hospitals Act, 1929, as amended by subsequent Acts and by this Act, and by orders of the Governor pursuant to section four of the Public Hospitals Act, 1929, as so amended, may be cited as the Public Hospitals Act, 1929-1963.

2. The Public Hospitals Act, 1929, as amended by subsequent Acts, is amended— Amendment of Act No. 8, 1929.

10 (a) by inserting in subsection two of section one next after the matter relating to Part VI the following new matter :— Sec. 1(2). (Division of Act.)

PART VIA.—PRINCE HENRY HOSPITAL.

PART VIB.—SYDNEY HOSPITAL.

15 (b) (i) by omitting from subsection three of section four the words “or the Prince Henry Hospital” and by inserting in lieu thereof the words “, the Prince Henry Hospital or the Sydney Hospital”; Sec. 4. (Application of Act.)

(ii) by inserting at the end of subsection six of the same section the following new paragraph :—

20 (h) On the day upon which an order is published pursuant to this section adding to the Second Schedule the name of the Sydney Hospital—

(i) the Sydney Hospital Act of 1881 shall be repealed;

25 (ii) the Third Schedule shall be amended by omitting the words “The Sydney Hospital”.

(c) by inserting next after section 33F the following new Part :— New Part VIB.

30 PART VIB.

SYDNEY HOSPITAL.

35 33G. This Part of this Act shall commence on the day upon which an order is published under section four of this Act adding to the Second Schedule the name of the Sydney Hospital. Commencement.

33H.



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*Public Hospitals (Amendment).*

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5 33H. (1) All persons who, immediately before the commencement of this Part of this Act, were officers, servants or members of the medical staff of the Board of Directors of the Sydney Hospital constituted under the Sydney Hospital Act of 1881, shall be deemed to have been appointed by the Board of Directors of the Sydney Hospital constituted under this Act as officers, employees or members of the medical staff, respectively, of the lastmentioned Board of Directors.

Transfer of officers, servants and medical staff.

10 (2) Any such person shall retain any rights accrued or accruing under the Local Government (Superannuation) Act, 1927, the Sydney Hospital Act of 1881, or any other Act, including the right to continue to contribute to any fund or account, and to receive any annual, sick, deferred or extended leave and any payment, pension or gratuity thereunder, and for any such purpose his service as an officer, employee or member of the medical staff of the Board of Directors of the Sydney Hospital constituted under this Act shall be deemed to be service for the purpose of any such Act.

15 (3) No such person shall be entitled to claim benefits under this Act as well as under any other Act for the same period of service.

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BY AUTHORITY:

Public Health Administration

The first of the public health measures adopted by the State of New York in 1895 was the creation of the State Board of Health. This board was composed of seven members, one of whom was the Governor. The board was given the authority to regulate the practice of medicine and surgery, and to issue licenses to practitioners. It was also given the power to inspect and regulate the sanitary conditions of public places, and to enforce the laws relating to the health of the State.

The second of the public health measures adopted by the State of New York in 1895 was the creation of the State Department of Health. This department was created by the consolidation of the State Board of Health and the State Board of Prison Commissioners. The department was given the authority to regulate the practice of medicine and surgery, and to issue licenses to practitioners. It was also given the power to inspect and regulate the sanitary conditions of public places, and to enforce the laws relating to the health of the State.

The third of the public health measures adopted by the State of New York in 1895 was the creation of the State Board of Sanitary Officers. This board was composed of seven members, one of whom was the Governor. The board was given the authority to regulate the practice of the sanitary profession, and to issue licenses to practitioners. It was also given the power to inspect and regulate the sanitary conditions of public places, and to enforce the laws relating to the health of the State.

The fourth of the public health measures adopted by the State of New York in 1895 was the creation of the State Board of Health Officers. This board was composed of seven members, one of whom was the Governor. The board was given the authority to regulate the practice of the health profession, and to issue licenses to practitioners. It was also given the power to inspect and regulate the sanitary conditions of public places, and to enforce the laws relating to the health of the State.

The fifth of the public health measures adopted by the State of New York in 1895 was the creation of the State Board of Health Officers. This board was composed of seven members, one of whom was the Governor. The board was given the authority to regulate the practice of the health profession, and to issue licenses to practitioners. It was also given the power to inspect and regulate the sanitary conditions of public places, and to enforce the laws relating to the health of the State.

## **PUBLIC HOSPITALS (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1963.**

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### **EXPLANATORY NOTE.**

THE objects of this Bill are—

- (a) to permit the addition of the name of the Sydney Hospital to the Second Schedule to the Public Hospitals Act, 1929, as amended, and so bring it within the operation of the provisions of that Act applicable to hospitals mentioned in that Schedule;
- (b) to make provision for the preservation of the rights of officers and employees of Sydney Hospital upon its incorporation under the Public Hospitals Act, 1929, as amended;
- (c) to make other provisions of a machinery or ancillary character.





PROOF

No. , 1963.

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[MR. SHEAHAN;—3 *December*, 1963.]

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*Public Hospitals (Amendment).*

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2. The Public Hospitals Act, 1929, as amended by subsequent Acts, is amended— Amendment of Act No. 8, 1929.

(a) by inserting in subsection two of section one next after the matter relating to Part VI the following new matter :— Sec. 1(2). (Division of Act.)

PART VIA.—PRINCE HENRY HOSPITAL.

PART VIB.—SYDNEY HOSPITAL.

(b) (i) by omitting from subsection three of section four the words “or the Prince Henry Hospital” and by inserting in lieu thereof the words “, the Prince Henry Hospital or the Sydney Hospital”; Sec. 4. (Application of Act.)

(ii) by inserting at the end of subsection six of the same section the following new paragraph :—

(h) On the day upon which an order is published pursuant to this section adding to the Second Schedule the name of the Sydney Hospital—

(i) the Sydney Hospital Act of 1881 shall be repealed;

(ii) the Third Schedule shall be amended by omitting the words “The Sydney Hospital”.

(c) by inserting next after section 33F the following new Part :— New Part VIB.

PART VIB.

SYDNEY HOSPITAL.

33G. This Part of this Act shall commence on the day upon which an order is published under section four of this Act adding to the Second Schedule the name of the Sydney Hospital. Commencement.

33H.



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*Public Hospitals (Amendment).*

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5 33H. (1) All persons who, immediately before the commencement of this Part of this Act, were officers, servants or members of the medical staff of the Board of Directors of the Sydney Hospital constituted under the Sydney Hospital Act of 1881, shall be deemed to have been appointed by the Board of Directors of the Sydney Hospital constituted under this Act as officers, employees or members of the medical staff, respectively, of the lastmentioned Board of Directors.

Transfer of officers, servants and medical staff.

15 (2) Any such person shall retain any rights accrued or accruing under the Local Government (Superannuation) Act, 1927, the Sydney Hospital Act of 1881, or any other Act, including the right to continue to contribute to any fund or account, and to receive any annual, sick, deferred or extended leave and any payment, pension or gratuity thereunder, and for any such purpose his service as an officer, employee or member of the medical staff of the Board of Directors of the Sydney Hospital constituted under this Act shall be deemed to be service for the purpose of any such Act.

25 (3) No such person shall be entitled to claim benefits under this Act as well as under any other Act for the same period of service.

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BY AUTHORITY:

V. C. N. BLIGHT, GOVERNMENT PRINTER, SYDNEY, NEW SOUTH WALES—1963

