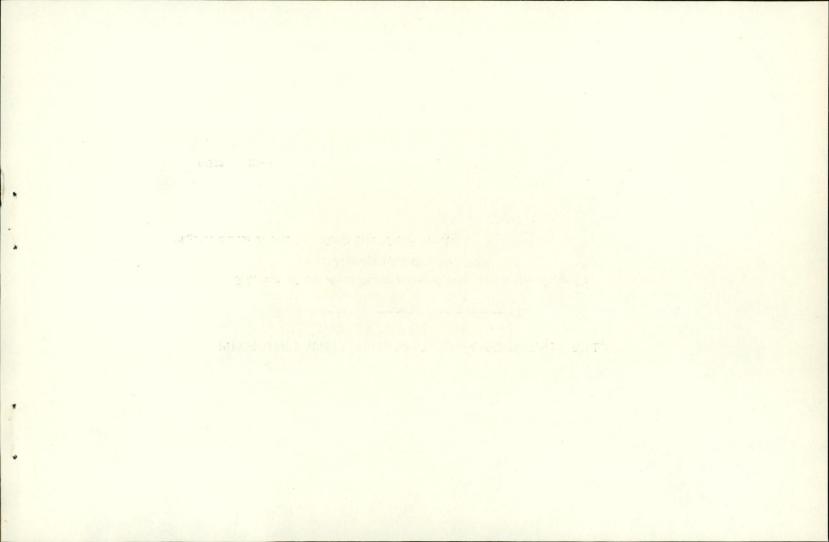
PHYSIOTHERAPISTS REGISTRATION (AMENDMENT) BILL.

Schedule of the Amendment referred to in Legislative Council's Message of 1 October, 1959.

Page 6, clause 2, line 30. Omit "six" insert "twelve".

67387 21-



This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

ALLAN PICKERING, Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 17 September, 1959.

The LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL has this day agreed to this Bill with an Amendment.

J. R. STEVENSON, Clerk of the Parliaments.

Legislative Council Chamber, Sydney, 1 October, 1959.



ANNO OCTAVO

ELIZABETHÆ II REGINÆ

Act No. , 1959.

An Act to prohibit, subject to certain exemptions the practice of physiotherapy by unregistered persons; for this and other purposes to amend the Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945, as amended by subsequent Acts; and for purposes connected therewith.

 \mathbf{B}^{E} it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as 5 follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Physiotherapists Short title, citation and commence-

67387 21—A

* * * * * *

NOTE.—The word to be *omitted* is *ruled through*; that to be *inserted* is printed in **black letter**.

(2) The Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945, as amended by subsequent Acts and by this Act, may be cited as the Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945-1959.

(3) This Act shall commence upon a day to be 5 appointed by the Governor and notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.

2. The Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945, as Amendment amended by subsequent Acts, is amended— 9, 1945.

(a) (i) by omitting from section two the definition of Sec. 2.
 "Physiotherapy" and by inserting in lieu (Interpretation.)

- "Physiotherapy" means the use by external application to the human body of massage, being the manipulation of the soft tissues of the human body. passive movements, remedial exercises, muscle re-education, electricity, heat, light, sound, water, ultrasonic therapy apparatus, or any proclaimed method, for the purpose of curing or alleviating any abnormal condition of the human body, and includes the application of any medical or surgical appliance so far as the application of such appliance is necessary in the use as aforesaid of massage, passive movements, remedial exercises, muscle re-education, electricity, heat, light, sound, water, or any proclaimed method.
- (ii) by inserting at the end of the same section the following new definition : ---
 - "Ultrasonic therapy apparatus" means any apparatus employing ultrasonic mechanical vibrations that is capable of being used for the treatment of the human body by way of physiotherapy. (b)

10

15

20

25

30

- (b) by inserting at the end of section eighteen the Sec. 18. following new subsection : — (Appointments.)
 - (2) For the purpose of ascertaining—

cf. Act No. 10, 1934, s. 5

- (a) whether any provision of this Act or (2).
 the regulations has been or is being contravened by any physiotherapist; or
- (b) whether a physiotherapist is so conducting himself as to be guilty of misconduct in a professional respect,
- an inspector duly appointed under this section may enter any premises of any physiotherapist in which such physiotherapist is carrying on the practice of physiotherapy and may make such inquiries therein as such inspector may think fit.
- (c) by inserting next after section twenty-one the follow- New sec. ing new section : — 21A.

21A. (1) When a person has applied to be regis- Certificate tered, the President of the Board, or, in his absence of provisional from the City of Sydney, any other member of the registration Board authorised generally in that behalf by the granted. Board, upon being satisfied that such person : — ______ cf Act No.

- cf. Act No. 37, 1938,
- (a) is entitled to be registered under this Act; s. 20. or
- (b) (i) is of good character;
 - (ii) has attained the age of twenty years;
 - (iii) is entitled to a diploma or a certificate of competency in physiotherapy obtained by examination after a course of study and training from any body in New South Wales recognised by the Board for the purpose of paragraph (d) of subsection one of section twenty-one of this Act; and

(iv)

25

5

10

15

20

(iv) will have such diploma or certificate of competency conferred upon or granted to him in due course according to the practice in conferring diplomas or granting certificates of competency, as the case may be, of the body so recognised from which he is to obtain such diploma or certificate of competency, may on payment of the fee to be paid for registration, prescribed under paragraph (g) of subsection one of section thirty-three of this Act, grant to such person a certificate of provisional registration in or to the effect of the prescribed form. (2) Where a person has obtained a certificate of provisional registration he shall be deemed to be registered under this Act until-(a) the date stated in such certificate as the date upon which the certificate expires, or (b) such later date as is fixed by the Board, the date so stated or fixed being not later than three months after the granting of such certificate :

Provided that if the Board, before the date so stated or fixed, has reason to believe that such person is not entitled to be registered under this Act, it may, without prejudice to his application to be registered under this Act, cancel such certificate; and such person shall thereupon cease to be deemed to be registered under this Act.

(3) If a person to whom a certificate of provisional registration has been granted becomes registered under this Act, his registration shall, unless otherwise decided by the Board, date from the granting of such certificate.

(d)

10

5

15

20

25

35

0

-			
5	(1A) Without limiting the meaning of the expres- sion "misconduct in a professional respect" in subsection one of this section, a physiotherapist shall be guilty of such misconduct who—		
10	 (a) carries on the practice of physiotherapy under a name other than his own name except whilst he is acting as the duly appointed locum tenens of another physio- therapist; or 		
15	 (b) allows the use of his name in connection with the practice of physiotherapy at premises at which he or his duly appointed locum tenens is not in regular attendance for the purpose of practice and supervision during the hours in which such premises are open for the practice of physiotherapy; or 		
20 25	(c) allows any person, not being a physio- therapist, to practise physiotherapy in contravention of the provisions of section twenty-six of this Act at premises used by him or his duly appointed locum tenens for the purpose of carrying on the practice of physiotherapy; or		
	(d) advertises otherwise than in accordance with the regulations or advertises in contra- vention of the regulations; or		
30	(e) for fee, salary, or other reward is employed by or associates himself with a person, not being a physiotherapist or a medical prac- titioner, in carrying on the practice of physiotherapy. In this paragraph "person"		
35	includes a body or corporation, but does		

(i) the Crown;

not include-

(ii)

(iii) a society registered under the Friendly Societies Act, 1912, or any amendment thereof;
(iv) any body or corporation which upon application made for the purpose has been approved by the Board.
The approval of the Board referred to in subparagraph (iv) of this paragraph shall not be granted unless the Board is satisfied that the interests of the public generally or any section of the public, other than physiotherapists, warrant the granting of such approval. Any such approval may be granted subject to any terms and con- ditions the Board may think fit to impose, and may be revoked by the Board for any cause which it deems reasonable.
(1B) For the purposes of this section, no person shall be deemed to be a duly appointed locum tenens unless—

- (a) he is appointed in writing by a physiotherapist;
- (b) he is a physiotherapist at the time of taking up his duties; and

(c) he is employed only during the temporary absence of his employer and for a period not exceeding six twelve months or for such further period as the Board may in any particular case permit.

25

5

10

15

20

30

(e)

(e) by omitting section twenty-six and by inserting in Substituted lieu thereof the following sections :— sec. 26 and new sec. 26 and new sec. 26 and

26. (1) A person who is not registered under Unregistered this Act shall not—

(a) practise physiotherapy;

(b) take or use the name or title of physiophysiotherapeutist, therapist, physical therapist or physical therapeutist or electrotherapist, hold himself out as being a physiotherapist or a physiotherapeutist or a physical therapist or physical therapeutist or electrotherapist or assume, take, or use, any name, initials, word, title, addition, symbol or description which, having regard to the circumstances in which it is assumed, taken or used, indicates, or is capable of being understood to indicate, or is calculated to lead persons to infer, that he is registered under this Act as a physiotherapist, or is qualified to be registered under this Act as a physiotherapist, or is competent or willing to practise physiotherapy in contravention of this section.

(2) Nothing in this section shall operate to prevent the practice of physiotherapy—

- (a) by a medical practitioner or a dentist registered under the Dentists Act, 1934, as amended by subsequent Acts, in the ordinary course of his practice as a medical practitioner or dentist, as the case may be;
- (b) by a nurse acting under instructions given to him or her by a medical practitioner, dentist registered as aforesaid, or physiotherapist:

person not to practise or hold himself out as physiotherapist.

10

5

15

20

25

30

(c) by a person who practises physiotherapy in the course of his undergoing a course of study and training in physiotherapy conducted by any body in New South Wales recognised by the Board for the purposes of subparagraph (d) of subsection one of section twenty-one of this Act and who does so acting under the direct instructions and personal supervision of a medical practitioner, dentist registered as aforesaid, or physiotherapist;

 (d) being such part of the practice of physiotherapy as consists of the use by external application to the human body of ultrasonic therapy apparatus, by any person authorised by the Board to so use such apparatus;

(e) being such part of the practice of physiotherapy as consists of the use by external application to the human body of massage, being the manipulation of the soft tissues of the human body, passive movements, remedial exercises, muscle re-education, or heat—

> (i) by any person in the course of the practice by him of chiropractic, osteopathy or chiropody;

 (ii) by any person in conjunction with the practice by him of face or scalp massage where such part of the practice of physiotherapy as aforesaid is practised for cosmetic purposes only; or

 (iii) by any person in the course of training persons engaged in or training for physical culture or any games, sports or athletics or for

10

5

15

20

25

30

for the purpose of curing or alleviating injuries received by persons in the course of their being engaged in or training for physical culture or any games, sports or athletics.

(3) In this section—

"Chiropractic" means the system of palpating and adjusting the articulations of the human spinal column by hand only, for the relief of nerve pressure.

"Osteopathy" means the adjustment by hand only of the bones or soft tissue of the human body for the purpose of curing or alleviating any disease or abnormal condition of the human body.

"Chiropody" means the care of the nails and the treatment of their disorders and the treatment of superficial excrescences of the feet.

(4) A person guilty of an offence against this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds.

26A. (1) A physiotherapist shall not for fee or Physiotherapists not to perform (a) diagnose or attempt to diagnose any certain ac

- (a) diagnose or attempt to diagnose any certain acts. abnormal condition of the human body;
- (b) prescribe any diet for any person;
- (c) prescribe any drug or medicine for internal use by any person.

21—B

10

15

5

1

20

30

25

(2)

	Physiotherapists Registration (Amendment).		
	this secti	2) Any person guilty of an offence against on shall be liable to a penalty not exceed- hundred pounds.	
5	(f) by omitti police";	ng from section twenty-nine the words "or	Sec. 29. (Informa- tions to be laid by secretary, etc.)
	thirty-thr	ing at the end of subsection one of section ee the following new paragraph : — specifying the manner in which and the	(Regula-

(h) specifying the manner in which and the textent to which a physiotherapist is authorised to advertise.

10

[1s.]

Sydney: V. C. N. Blight, Government Printer-1959

10

·····

-

This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

ALLAN PICKERING, Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 17 September, 1959.

The LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL has this day agreed to this Bill with an Amendment.

Clerk of the Parliaments.

Legislative Council Chamber, Sydney,

1959.





ANNO OCTAVO

ELIZABETHÆ II REGINÆ

, 1959. Act No.

An Act to prohibit, subject to certain exemptions the practice of physiotherapy by unregistered persons; for this and other purposes to amend the Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945, as amended by subsequent Acts; and for purposes connected therewith.

B^E it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as 5 follows : -

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Physiotherapists Short title. Registration (Amendment) Act, 1959".

67387 21-A citation and commencement.

(2)

NOTE .- The word to be omitted is ruled through; that to be inserted is printed in black letter.

(2) The Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945, as amended by subsequent Acts and by this Act, may be cited as the Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945-1959.

(3) This Act shall commence upon a day to be 5 appointed by the Governor and notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.

The Physiotherapists Registration Act. 1945, as Amendment 2. of Act No. 9, 1945. amended by subsequent Acts, is amended-

10

15

20

25

(a) (i) by omitting from section two the definition of Sec. 2. "Physiotherapy" and by inserting in lieu (Interpretation.) thereof the following definition-

> "Physiotherapy" means the use by external application to the human body of massage, being the manipulation of the soft tissues of the human body, passive movements, remedial exercises, muscle re-education, electricity, heat, light, sound, water, ultrasonic therapy apparatus, or any proclaimed method. for the purpose of curing or alleviating any abnormal condition of the human body, and includes the application of any medical or surgical appliance so far as the application of such appliance is necessary in the use as aforesaid of massage, passive movements, remedial exercises, muscle re-education, electricity, heat, light, sound, water, or any proclaimed method.

- (ii) by inserting at the end of the same section the following new definition :-
 - "Ultrasonic therapy apparatus" means any apparatus employing ultrasonic mechanical vibrations that is capable of being used for the treatment of the human body by way of physiotherapy. (b)

30

35

(2) For the purpose of ascertaining—	(Appoint- ments.) cf. Act No. 10, 1934, s. 5
 (a) whether any provision of this Act or the regulations has been or is being contravened by any physiotherapist; or (b) whether a physiotherapist is so conducting himself as to be guilty of misconduct in a professional respect, an inspector duly appointed under this section may enter any premises of any physiotherapist in which such physiotherapist is carrying on the practice of 	10, 1934, s. 5
 (a) whether any provision of this Act or (the regulations has been or is being contravened by any physiotherapist; or (b) whether a physiotherapist is so con- ducting himself as to be guilty of misconduct in a professional respect, an inspector duly appointed under this section may enter any premises of any physiotherapist in which such physiotherapist is carrying on the practice of 	(2).
ducting himself as to be guilty of misconduct in a professional respect, an inspector duly appointed under this section may enter any premises of any physiotherapist in which such physiotherapist is carrying on the practice of	
enter any premises of any physiotherapist in which such physiotherapist is carrying on the practice of	
as such inspector may think fit.	
c) by inserting next after section twenty-one the follow- n ing new section :	New sec. 21a.
Board authorised generally in that behalf by the r_{g}^{n} Board, upon being satisfied that such person : —	of provisional registration may be granted. cf. Act No.
(a) is entitled to be registered under this Act; s or	37, 1938, s. 20.
(b) (i) is of good character;	
(ii) has attained the age of twenty years;	
 (iii) is entitled to a diploma or a certificate of competency in physiotherapy obtained by examination after a course of study and training from any body in New South Wales recognised by the 	
	or (b) (i) is of good character; (ii) has attained the age of twenty years; (iii) is entitled to a diploma or a certificate of competency in physiotherapy obtained by examination after a course of study and training from any body

twenty-one of this Act; and

(iv)

(iv) will have such diploma or certificate of competency conferred upon or granted to him in due course according to the practice in conferring diplomas or granting certificates of competency, as the case may be, of the body so recognised from which he is to obtain such diploma or certificate of competency,

may on payment of the fee to be paid for registration, prescribed under paragraph (g) of subsection one of section thirty-three of this Act, grant to such person a certificate of provisional registration in or to the effect of the prescribed form.

(2) Where a person has obtained a certificate of provisional registration he shall be deemed to be registered under this Act until—

- (a) the date stated in such certificate as the date upon which the certificate expires, or
- (b) such later date as is fixed by the Board,

20

the date so stated or fixed being not later than three months after the granting of such certificate :

Provided that if the Board, before the date so stated or fixed, has reason to believe that such person is not entitled to be registered under this Act, it may, without prejudice to his application to be registered under this Act, cancel such certificate; and such person shall thereupon cease to be deemed to be registered under this Act.

(3) If a person to whom a certificate of provisional registration has been granted becomes registered under this Act, his registration shall, unless otherwise decided by the Board, date from the granting of such certificate.

10

5

15

25

30

(d)

(d) by inserting next after subsection one of section Sec. 24. twenty-four the following new subsections : --- (Remov

(Removal of name on account of - misconduct.

(1A) Without limiting the meaning of the expres- misconduct. sion "misconduct in a professional respect" in etc.) subsection one of this section, a physiotherapist shall be guilty of such misconduct who—

- (a) carries on the practice of physiotherapy under a name other than his own name except whilst he is acting as the duly appointed locum tenens of another physiotherapist; or
- (b) allows the use of his name in connection with the practice of physiotherapy at premises at which he or his duly appointed locum tenens is not in regular attendance for the purpose of practice and supervision during the hours in which such premises are open for the practice of physiotherapy; or
- (c) allows any person, not being a physiotherapist, to practise physiotherapy in contravention of the provisions of section twenty-six of this Act at premises used by him or his duly appointed locum tenens for the purpose of carrying on the practice of physiotherapy; or
- (d) advertises otherwise than in accordance with the regulations or advertises in contravention of the regulations; or
- (e) for fee, salary, or other reward is employed by or associates himself with a person, not being a physiotherapist or a medical practitioner, in carrying on the practice of physiotherapy. In this paragraph "person" includes a body or corporation, but does not include—

(i) the Crown;

(ii)

10

5

15

20

25

30

35

- (ii) a public hospital or charitable or philanthropic institution;
- (iii) a society registered under the Friendly Societies Act, 1912, or any amendment thereof;
- (iv) any body or corporation which upon application made for the purpose has been approved by the Board.

The approval of the Board referred to in subparagraph (iv) of this paragraph shall not be granted unless the Board is satisfied that the interests of the public generally or any section of the public, other than physiotherapists, warrant the granting of such approval. Any such approval may be granted subject to any terms and conditions the Board may think fit to impose, and may be revoked by the Board for any cause which it deems reasonable.

(1B) For the purposes of this section, no person shall be deemed to be a duly appointed locum tenens unless—

- (a) he is appointed in writing by a physiotherapist;
- (b) he is a physiotherapist at the time of taking up his duties; and
- (c) he is employed only during the temporary absence of his employer and for a period not exceeding six twelve months or for such further period as the Board may in any particular case permit.

25

30

5

10

15

20

6

(e)

(e) by omitting section twenty-six and by inserting in Substituted lieu thereof the following sections : ---

sec. 26 and new sec. 26A.

26. (1) A person who is not registered under Unregistered this Act shall not-

person not to practise or hold himself out as physiotherapist.

5

10

15

20

- (a) practise physiotherapy:
- (b) take or use the name or title of physiophysiotherapeutist, therapist. physical therapist or physical therapeutist or electrotherapist, hold himself out as being a physiotherapist or a physiotherapeutist or a physical therapist or physical therapeutist or electrotherapist or assume, take, or use, any name, initials, word, title, addition, symbol or description which, having regard to the circumstances in which it is assumed, taken or used, indicates, or is capable of being understood to indicate, or is calculated to lead persons to infer, that he is registered under this Act as a physiotherapist, or is qualified to be registered under this Act as a physiotherapist, or is competent or willing to practise physiotherapy in contravention of this section.
- 25

(2) Nothing in this section shall operate to prevent the practice of physiotherapy-

- (a) by a medical practitioner or a dentist registered under the Dentists Act, 1934, as amended by subsequent Acts, in the ordinary course of his practice as a medical practitioner or dentist, as the case may be;
- (b) by a nurse acting under instructions given to him or her by a medical practitioner, dentist registered as aforesaid, or physiotherapist:

(c)

(c) by a person who practises physiotherapy in the course of his undergoing a course of study and training in physiotherapy conducted by any body in New South Wales recognised by the Board for the purposes of subparagraph (d) of subsection one of section twenty-one of this Act and who does so acting under the direct instructions and personal supervision of a medical practitioner, dentist registered as aforesaid, or physiotherapist; 8

- (d) being such part of the practice of physiotherapy as consists of the use by external application to the human body of ultrasonic therapy apparatus, by any person authorised by the Board to so use such apparatus;
- (e) being such part of the practice of physiotherapy as consists of the use by external application to the human body of massage, being the manipulation of the soft tissues of the human body, passive movements, remedial exercises, muscle re-education, or heat—
 - (i) by any person in the course of the practice by him of chiropractic, osteopathy or chiropody;
 - (ii) by any person in conjunction with the practice by him of face or scalp massage where such part of the practice of physiotherapy as aforesaid is practised for cosmetic purposes only; or
 - (iii) by any person in the course of training persons engaged in or training for physical culture or any games, sports or athletics or for

10

5

15

20

25

30

9

Physiotherapists Registration (Amendment).

for the purpose of curing or alleviating injuries received by persons in the course of their being engaged in or training for physical culture or any games, sports or athletics.

- (3) In this section—
- "Chiropractic" means the system of palpating and adjusting the articulations of the human spinal column by hand only, for the relief of nerve pressure.
- "Osteopathy" means the adjustment by hand only of the bones or soft tissue of the human body for the purpose of curing or alleviating any disease or abnormal condition of the human body.
- "Chiropody" means the care of the nails and the treatment of their disorders and the treatment of superficial excrescences of the feet.

(4) A person guilty of an offence against this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds.

26A. (1) A physiotherapist shall not for fee or Physiotherapists not to perform (a) diagnose or attempt to diagnose any certain acts.

- abnormal condition of the human body;
- (b) prescribe any diet for any person;
- (c) prescribe any drug or medicine for internal use by any person.

30 21—B

(2)

10

5

1

*

15

20

	Physiotherapists Registration (Amendment).
	(2) Any person guilty of an offence against this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceed- ing one hundred pounds.
5	 (f) by omitting from section twenty-nine the words "or Sec. 29. police"; (Informations to be laid by secretary, etc.)
	 (g) by inserting at the end of subsection one of section Sec. 33. thirty-three the following new paragraph: — (Regulations.) (h) specifying the manner in which and the extent to which a physiotherapist is
0	authorised to advertise.

Sydney: V. C. N. Blight, Government Printer-1959

10

4

10

3 11

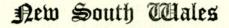
-

This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and. having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

> ALLAN PICKERING, Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

> > * * * * * * * * *

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 17 September, 1959.





ANNO OCTAVO ELIZABETHÆ II REGINÆ

Act No. , 1959.

An Act to prohibit, subject to certain exemptions the practice of physiotherapy by unregistered persons; for this and other purposes to amend the Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945, as amended by subsequent Acts; and for purposes connected therewith.

B^E it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as 5 follows : --

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Physiotherapists Short title, Registration (Amendment) Act, 1959".

citation and commencement.

67387 21-A (2)

(2) The Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945, as amended by subsequent Acts and by this Act, may be cited as the Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945-1959.

(3) This Act shall commence upon a day to be 5 appointed by the Governor and notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.

2. The Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945, as Amendment amended by subsequent Acts, is amended— 9, 1945.

(a) (i) by omitting from section two the definition of Sec. 2.
 "Physiotherapy" and by inserting in lieu (Interpretation.)

"Physiotherapy" means the use by external application to the human body of massage, being the manipulation of the soft tissues of the human body, passive movements, remedial exercises, muscle re-education, electricity, heat, light, sound, water, ultrasonic therapy apparatus, or any proclaimed method, for the purpose of curing or alleviating any abnormal condition of the human body, and includes the application of any medical or surgical appliance so far as the application of such appliance is necessary in the use as aforesaid of massage, passive movements, remedial exercises, muscle re-education, electricity, heat, light, sound, water, or any proclaimed method.

(ii) by inserting at the end of the same section the following new definition : —

"Ultrasonic therapy apparatus" means any apparatus employing ultrasonic mechanical vibrations that is capable of being used for the treatment of the human body by way of physiotherapy.

(b)

15

10

20

25

30

35

Physiotherapists Registration (Amendment). (b) by inserting at the end of section eighteen the Sec. 18. following new subsection : ---(Appointments.) (2) For the purpose of ascertainingcf. Act No. 10, 1934, s. 5 (a) whether any provision of this Act or (2). the regulations has been or is being 5 contravened by any physiotherapist; or (b) whether a physiotherapist is so conducting himself as to be guilty of misconduct in a professional respect, an inspector duly appointed under this section may 10 enter any premises of any physiotherapist in which such physiotherapist is carrying on the practice of physiotherapy and may make such inquiries therein as such inspector may think fit. (c) by inserting next after section twenty-one the follow- New sec. 15 214. ing new section : ---21A. (1) When a person has applied to be regis- Certificate tered, the President of the Board, or, in his absence of provisional from the City of Sydney, any other member of the registration Board authorised generally in that behalf by the may be granted. 20 Board, upon being satisfied that such person :--cf. Act No. 37. 1938. (a) is entitled to be registered under this Act; s. 20. or (b) (i) is of good character; (ii) has attained the age of twenty years; 25 (iii) is entitled to a diploma or a certificate competency in physiotherapy of

obtained by examination after a course of study and training from any body in New South Wales recognised by the Board for the purpose of paragraph (d) of subsection one of section twenty-one of this Act; and

(iv)

30

(iv) will have such diploma or certificate of competency conferred upon or granted to him in due course according to the practice in conferring diplomas or granting certificates of competency, as the case may be, of the body so recognised from which he is to obtain such diploma or certificate of competency,

may on payment of the fee to be paid for registration, prescribed under paragraph (g) of subsection one of section thirty-three of this Act, grant to such person a certificate of provisional registration in or to the effect of the prescribed form.

15

(2) Where a person has obtained a certificate of provisional registration he shall be deemed to be registered under this Act until—

- (a) the date stated in such certificate as the date upon which the certificate expires, or
- (b) such later date as is fixed by the Board,

20

the date so stated or fixed being not later than three months after the granting of such certificate :

Provided that if the Board, before the date so stated or fixed, has reason to believe that such person is not entitled to be registered under this Act, it may, without prejudice to his application to be registered under this Act, cancel such certificate; and such person shall thereupon cease to be deemed to be registered under this Act.

(3) If a person to whom a certificate of provisional registration has been granted becomes registered under this Act, his registration shall, unless otherwise decided by the Board, date from the granting of such certificate.

10

5

25

30

(d)

	(d) by inserting next after subsection one of section twenty-four the following new subsections : —	Sec. 24. (Removal of name or
5	(1A) Without limiting the meaning of the expres-	account of
10	 (a) carries on the practice of physiotherapy under a name other than his own name except whilst he is acting as the duly appointed locum tenens of another physio- therapist; or 	
15	 (b) allows the use of his name in connection with the practice of physiotherapy at premises at which he or his duly appointed locum tenens is not in regular attendance for the purpose of practice and supervision during the hours in which such premises are open for the practice of physiotherapy; or 	
20 25	(c) allows any person, not being a physio- therapist, to practise physiotherapy in contravention of the provisions of section twenty-six of this Act at premises used by him or his duly appointed locum tenens for the purpose of carrying on the practice of physiotherapy; or	
	(d) advertises otherwise than in accordance with the regulations or advertises in contra- vention of the regulations; or	
30 35	(e) for fee, salary, or other reward is employed by or associates himself with a person, not being a physiotherapist or a medical prac- titioner, in carrying on the practice of physiotherapy. In this paragraph "person" includes a body or corporation, but does not include—	
	(i) the Crown; (ii)	

- (ii) a public hospital or charitable or philanthropic institution;
- (iii) a society registered under the Friendly Societies Act, 1912, or any amendment thereof;
- (iv) any body or corporation which upon application made for the purpose has been approved by the Board.

The approval of the Board referred to in subparagraph (iv) of this paragraph shall not be granted unless the Board is satisfied that the interests of the public generally or any section of the public, other than physiotherapists, warrant the granting of such approval. Any such approval may be granted subject to any terms and conditions the Board may think fit to impose, and may be revoked by the Board for any cause which it deems reasonable.

(1B) For the purposes of this section, no person shall be deemed to be a duly appointed locum tenens unless—

- (a) he is appointed in writing by a physiotherapist;
- (b) he is a physiotherapist at the time of taking up his duties; and
- (c) he is employed only during the temporary absence of his employer and for a period not exceeding six months or for such further period as the Board may in any particular case permit.

25

30

5

10

15

20

6

Act No. , 1959.

(e)	by omitting section twenty-six and by inserting in lieu thereof the following sections : —	Substituted sec. 26 and new sec. 26A
	26. (1) A person who is not registered under this Act shall not—	Unregistered person not to practise or hold
	(a) practise physiotherapy;	himself out as physio-
	(b) take or use the name or title of physio- therapist, physiotherapeutist, physical	therapist.
	therapist, physical therapeutist, physical therapist, hold himself out as being a	
	physiotherapist or a physiotherapeutist or a physical therapist or physical therapeutist or electrotherapist or assume, take, or use, any name, initials, word, title, addition,	
	symbol or description which, having regard to the circumstances in which it is assumed, taken or used, indicates, or is capable of being understood to indicate, or is calcu- lated to lead persons to infer, that he is	
	registered under this Act as a physio- therapist, or is qualified to be registered under this Act as a physiotherapist, or is competent or willing to practise physio- therapy in contravention of this section.	

prevent the practice of physiotherapy-

(a) by a medical practitioner or a dentist registered under the Dentists Act, 1934, as amended by subsequent Acts, in the ordinary course of his practice as a medical practitioner or dentist, as the case may be;

(b) by a nurse acting under instructions given to him or her by a medical practitioner, dentist registered as aforesaid, or physiotherapist;

(c)

1

1

2

25

FI

Act No. , 1959.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

Physiotherapists Registration (Amendment). (c) by a person who practises physiotherapy in the course of his undergoing a course of study and training in physiotherapy conducted by any body in New South Wales recognised by the Board for the purposes of subparagraph (d) of subsection one of section twenty-one of this Act and who does so acting under the direct instructions and personal supervision of a medical practitioner, dentist registered as aforesaid, or physiotherapist; (d) being such part of the practice of physiotherapy as consists of the use by external application to the human body of ultrasonic therapy apparatus, by any person authorised by the Board to so use such apparatus; (e) being such part of the practice of physiotherapy as consists of the use by external application to the human body of massage, being the manipulation of the soft tissues of the human body, passive movements, remedial exercises, muscle re-education, or heat-(i) by any person in the course of the practice by him of chiropractic, osteopathy or chiropody: (ii) by any person in conjunction with the practice by him of face or scalp massage where such part of the practice of physiotherapy as aforesaid is practised for cosmetic purposes only; or

 (iii) by any person in the course of training persons engaged in or training for physical culture or any games, sports or athletics or for 8

for the purpose of curing or alleviating injuries received by persons in the course of their being engaged in or training for physical culture or any games, sports or athletics.

- (3) In this section-
- "Chiropractic" means the system of palpating and adjusting the articulations of the human spinal column by hand only, for the relief of nerve pressure.
- "Osteopathy" means the adjustment by hand only of the bones or soft tissue of the human body for the purpose of curing or alleviating any disease or abnormal condition of the human body.
- "Chiropody" means the care of the nails and the treatment of their disorders and the treatment of superficial excrescences of the feet.

(4) A person guilty of an offence against this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds.

26A. (1) A physiotherapist shall not for fee or Physiotherapists net to

not to perform certain acts

- (a) diagnose or attempt to diagnose any certain acts. abnormal condition of the human body;
- (b) prescribe any diet for any person;
- (c) prescribe any drug or medicine for internal use by any person.

21-B

(2)

20

25

30

5

10

15

(2) Any person guilty of an offence against this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds.

(f) by omitting from section twenty-nine the words "or Sec. 29. police"; (Inform

(Informations to be laid by secretary, etc.)

- (g) by inserting at the end of subsection one of section Sec. 33. thirty-three the following new paragraph : — (Regulations.)
 - (h) specifying the manner in which and the extent to which a physiotherapist is authorised to advertise.

. .

5

10

Sydney: V. C. N. Blight, Government Printer-1959

[18.]

10

No. , 1959.

A BILL

To prohibit, subject to certain exemptions the practice of physiotherapy by unregistered persons; for this and other purposes to amend the Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945, as amended by subsequent Acts; and for purposes connected therewith.

[MR. SHEAHAN ;-27 August, 1959.]

 \mathbf{B}^{E} it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as 5 follows : ---

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Physiotherapists Short title, citation and Registration (Amendment) Act, 1959".

commencement.

67387 21-A (2)

(2) The Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945, as amended by subsequent Acts and by this Act, may be cited as the Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945-1959.

(3) This Act shall commence upon a day to be 5 appointed by the Governor and notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.

2. The Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945, as Amendment of Act No. 9, 1945. amended by subsequent Acts, is amended-

10	 (a) (i) by omitting from section two the definition of Sec. 2. "Physiotherapy" and by inserting in lieu (Interpretentered) thereof the following definition—
15	"Physiotherapy" means the use by external application to the human body of massage, being the manipulation of the soft tissues of the human body, passive movements, remedial exercises,
20	muscle re-education, electricity, heat, light, sound, water, ultrasonic therapy apparatus, or any proclaimed method, for the purpose of curing or alleviat- ing any abnormal condition of the human body, and includes the appli- cation of any medical or surgical
25 30	appliance so far as the application of such appliance is necessary in the use as aforesaid of massage, passive move- ments, remedial exercises, muscle re-education, electricity, heat, light, sound, water, or any proclaimed method.
	 (ii) by inserting at the end of the same section the following new definition : —
35	"Ultrasonic therapy apparatus" means any apparatus employing ultrasonic mechanical vibrations that is capable

of being used for the treatment of the human body by way of physiotherapy.

(b)

. 3

	Physiotherapists R	egistration (Amendment).	
	(b) by inserting at following new sul	the end of section eighteen the osection : —	Sec. 18. (Appoint- ments.)
	(2) For the	purpose of ascertaining-	cf. Act No.
5	the	ether any provision of this Act or regulations has been or is being travened by any physiotherapist; or	10, 1934, s. 5 (2).
	duc	ether a physiotherapist is so con- ting himself as to be guilty of conduct in a professional respect,	
10	enter any premise carrying on the p	appointed under this section may es in which such physiotherapist is practice of physiotherapy and may ies therein as such inspector may	
15	(c) by inserting next a ing new section : -	after section twenty-one the follow-	New sec. 21A.
20	tered, the Presider from the City of Board authorised	a person has applied to be regis- nt of the Board, or, in his absence Sydney, any other member of the generally in that behalf by the g satisfied that such person : —	of provisional registration may be granted. cf. Act No.
	(a) is entitle or	d to be registered under this Act;	37, 1938, s. 20.
	(b) (i) is of	good character;	
25	(ii) has	attained the age of twenty years;	
30	of obta of s in N Boa	ntitled to a diploma or a certificate competency in physiotherapy tined by examination after a course tudy and training from any body lew South Wales recognised by the rd for the purpose of paragraph of subsection one of section	
		nty-one of this Act; and	
		(iv)	

¥

.

(iv) will have such diploma or certificate of competency conferred upon or granted to him in due course according to the practice in conferring diplomas or granting certificates of competency, as the case may be, of the body so recognised from which he is to obtain such diploma or certificate of competency,

may on payment of the fee to be paid for registration, prescribed under paragraph (g) of subsection one of section thirty-three of this Act, grant to such person a certificate of provisional registration in or to the effect of the prescribed form.

(2) Where a person has obtained a certificate of provisional registration he shall be deemed to be registered under this Act until—

(a) the date stated in such certificate as the date upon which the certificate expires, or

(b) such later date as is fixed by the Board,

the date so stated or fixed being not later than three months after the granting of such certificate :

Provided that if the Board, before the date so stated or fixed, has reason to believe that such person is not entitled to be registered under this Act, it may, without prejudice to his application to be registered under this Act, cancel such certificate; and such person shall thereupon cease to be deemed to be registered under this Act.

(3) If a person to whom a certificate of provisional registration has been granted becomes registered under this Act, his registration shall, unless otherwise decided by the Board, date from the granting of such certificate.

(d)

10

5

15

25

20

Act No. , 1959.

		(Removal of name or
5	(1A) Without limiting the meaning of the expres-	account of misconduc etc.)
10	 (a) carries on the practice of physiotherapy under a name other than his own name except whilst he is acting as the duly appointed locum tenens of another physio- therapist; or 	
	 (b) allows the use of his name in connection with the practice of physiotherapy at premises at which he or his duly appointed locum tenens is not in regular attendance for the purpose of practice and supervision during the hours in which such premises are open for the practice of physiotherapy; or 	
20	(c) allows any person, not being a physio- therapist, to practise physiotherapy in contravention of the provisions of section twenty-six of this Act at premises used by him or his duly appointed locum tenens for the purpose of carrying on the practice of physiotherapy; or	
	(d) advertises otherwise than in accordance with the regulations or advertises in contra- vention of the regulations; or	
30 35	(e) for fee, salary, or other reward is employed by or associates himself with a person, not being a physiotherapist, in carrying on the practice of physiotherapy. In this para- graph "person" includes a body or corpora- tion, but does not include—	
	(i) the Crown;	

(ii) a public hospital or charitable or philanthropic institution;
pinantinopic institution;
(iii) a society registered under the Friendly Societies Act, 1912, or any amendment thereof;
(iv) any body or corporation which upon application made for the purpose has been approved by the Board.
The approval of the Board referred to in subparagraph (iv) of this paragraph shall not be granted unless the Board is satisfied that the interests of the public
generally or any section of the public, other than physiotherapists, warrant the granting of such approval. Any such approval may be granted subject to any terms and con-
ditions the Board may think fit to impose, and may be revoked by the Board for any cause which it deems reasonable.
(1B) For the purposes of this section, no person shall be deemed to be a duly appointed locum tenens unless—
(a) he is appointed in writing by a physio- therapist;

- (b) he is a physiotherapist at the time of taking up his duties; and
- (c) he is employed only during the temporary absence of his employer and for a period not exceeding six months or for such further period as the Board may in any particular case permit.

(e)

2

30

Act No. , 1959.

Physiotherapists Registration (Amendment).	
(e) by omitting section twenty-six and by inserting in lieu thereof the following sections : —	Substituted sec. 26 and new sec. 26A.
 26. (1) A person who is not registered under this Act shall not— (a) practise physiotherapy; 	Unregistered person not to practise or hold himself out as physio- therapist.
(b) take or use the name or title of physio- therapist, physiotherapeutist, physical therapist or physical therapeutist or electro- therapist, hold himself out as being a physiotherapist or a physiotherapeutist or a physical therapist or physical therapeutist or electrotherapist or assume, take, or use, any name, initials, word, title, addition, symbol or description which, having regard to the circumstances in which it is assumed, taken or used, indicates, or is capable of being understood to indicate, or is calcu- lated to lead persons to infer, that he is registered under this Act as a physio- therapist, or is qualified to be registered under this Act as a physiotherapist, or is competent or willing to practise physio- therapy in contravention of this section.	
(2) Nothing in this section shall except to	
(2) Nothing in this section shall operate to prevent the practice of physiotherapy—	

(a) by a medical practitioner or a dentist registered under the Dentists Act, 1934, as amended by subsequent Acts, in the ordinary course of his practice as a medical practitioner or dentist, as the case may be;

(b) by a nurse acting under instructions given to him or her by a medical practitioner, dentist registered as aforesaid, or physiotherapist;

(c)

30

7

25

5

10

15

(c) by a person who practises physiotherapy in the course of his undergoing a course of study and training in physiotherapy conducted by any body in New South Wales recognised by the Board for the purposes of subparagraph (d) of subsection one of section twenty-one of this Act and who does so acting under the direct instructions and personal supervision of a medical practitioner, dentist registered as aforesaid, or physiotherapist;

(d) being such part of the practice of physiotherapy as consists of the use by external application to the human body of ultrasonic therapy apparatus, by any person authorised by the Board to so use such apparatus;

(e) being such part of the practice of physiotherapy as consists of the use by external application to the human body of massage, being the manipulation of the soft tissues of the human body, passive movements, remedial exercises, muscle re-education, or heat—

- (i) by any person in the course of the practice by him of chiropractic, osteopathy or chiropody;
- (ii) by any person in conjunction with the practice by him of face or scalp massage where such part of the practice of physiotherapy as aforesaid is practised for cosmetic purposes only; or
- (iii) by any person in the course of training persons engaged in or training for physical culture or any games, sports or athletics or for

10

5

15

20

25

30

35

Act No. , 1959.

Physiotherapists Registration (Amendment).

for the purpose of curing or alleviating injuries received by persons in the course of their being engaged in or training for physical culture or any games, sports or athletics.

(3) In this section—

- "Chiropractic" means the system of palpating and adjusting the articulations of the human spinal column by hand only, for the relief of nerve pressure.
- "Osteopathy" means the adjustment by hand only of the bones or soft tissue of the human body for the purpose of curing or alleviating any disease or abnormal condition of the human body.
- "Chiropody" means the care of the nails and the treatment of their disorders and the treatment of superficial excrescences of the feet.

(4) A person guilty of an offence against this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds.

26A. (1) A physiotherapist shall not for fee or Physiotherapists not to

- (a) diagnose or attempt to diagnose any certain acts abnormal condition of the human body;
- (b) prescribe any diet for any person;
- (c) prescribe any drug or medicine for internal use by any person.

21—B

(2)

25

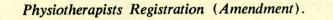
30

4

10

15

20



(2) Any person guilty of an offence against this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds.

(f) by omitting from section twenty-nine the words "or Sec. 29. police"; (Inform tions to

(Informations to be laid by secretary, etc.)

- (g) by inserting at the end of subsection one of section Sec. 33. thirty-three the following new paragraph : — (Regulations.)
 - (h) specifying the manner in which and the extent to which a physiotherapist is authorised to advertise.

5

10

Sydney: V. C. N. Blight, Government Printer-1959

[18.]

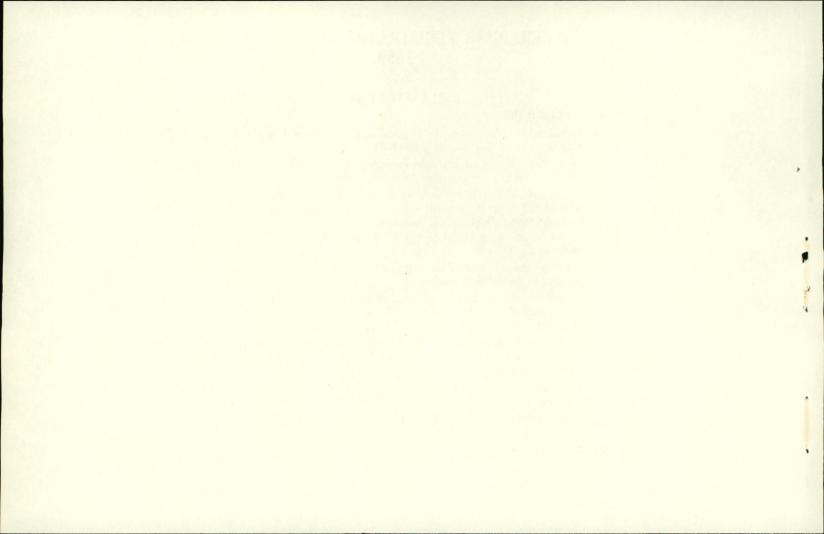
PHYSIOTHERAPISTS REGISTRATION (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1959.

EXPLANATORY NOTE.

THE objects of this Bill are-

- (a) to extend the definition of "Physiotherapy" contained in the Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945, as amended;
- (b) to confer a power of entry on inspectors appointed under section eighteen of the said Act;
- (c) to authorise the granting, pending registration of a person as a physiotherapist, of a certificate of provisional registration as a physiotherapist to that person if he is entitled to registration under the said Act or to a certificate or diploma which, upon being granted, will entitle such person to registration under the said Act;
- (d) to extend the meaning of the expression "misconduct in a professional respect" in relation to physiotherapists;
- (e) to prohibit the practice of physiotherapy by persons not registered under the Act, other than medical practitioners, dentists and certain other specified persons;
- (f) to impose a penalty on physiotherapists who, for fee or reward, diagnose abnormal conditions of the human body, or prescribe diets, or drugs or medicines for internal use;
- (g) to authorise the making of regulations with respect to advertising by physiotherapists;
- (h) to make other amendments of a minor or consequential character.

67387 21-



PROOF.

No. , 1959.

A BILL

prohibit, subject to certain To exemptions the practice of physiotherapy by unregistered persons; for this and other purposes to amend the Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945, as amended by subsequent Acts; and for purposes connected therewith.

[MR. SHEAHAN ;-27 August, 1959.]

B^E it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and constant of the Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as 5 follows :--

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Physiotherapists short title, Registration (Amendment) Act, 1959".

citation and commencement.

67387 21-A (2)

(2) The Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945, as amended by subsequent Acts and by this Act, may be cited as the Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945-1959.

(3) This Act shall commence upon a day to be 5 appointed by the Governor and notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.

2. The Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945, as Amendment amended by subsequent Acts, is amended— 9, 1945.

(a) (i) by omitting from section two the definition of Sec. 2.
 "Physiotherapy" and by inserting in lieu (Interpretation.)

	"Physiotherapy" means the use by external application to the human body of
	massage, being the manipulation of the soft tissues of the human body, passive movements, remedial exercises, muscle re-education, electricity, heat, light, sound, water, ultrasonic therapy
	apparatus, or any proclaimed method, for the purpose of curing or alleviat-
	ing any abnormal condition of the human body, and includes the appli- cation of any medical or surgical appliance so far as the application of such appliance is necessary in the use as aforesaid of massage, passive move- ments, remedial exercises, muscle re-education, electricity, heat, light,
	sound, water, or any proclaimed method.
() 1	

- (ii) by inserting at the end of the same section the following new definition : —
- "Ultrasonic therapy apparatus" means any apparatus employing ultrasonic mechanical vibrations that is capable of being used for the treatment of the human body by way of physiotherapy. (b)

10

15

20

25

30

35

	Physiotherapists Registration (Amendment).
	(b) by inserting at the end of section eighteen the Sec. 18. following new subsection : — (Appoint- ments.)
	(2) For the purpose of ascertaining— cf. Act No.
5	 (a) whether any provision of this Act or ^{10, 1934, s. 5} (b) the regulations has been or is being contravened by any physiotherapist; or
	 (b) whether a physiotherapist is so con- ducting himself as to be guilty of misconduct in a professional respect,
10	an inspector duly appointed under this section may enter any premises in which such physiotherapist is carrying on the practice of physiotherapy and may make such inquiries therein as such inspector may think fit.
15	(c) by inserting next after section twenty-one the follow- New sec. ing new section : — 21A.
20	21A. (1) When a person has applied to be regis- Certificate tered, the President of the Board, or, in his absence of provisional from the City of Sydney, any other member of the registration Board authorised generally in that behalf by the may be granted. Board, upon being satisfied that such person: — (cf. Act No. $37, 1938, 1$
	(a) is entitled to be registered under this Act; s. 20. or
	(b) (i) is of good character;
25	(ii) has attained the age of twenty years;
	 (iii) is entitled to a diploma or a certificate of competency in physiotherapy obtained by examination after a course of study and training from any body
30	in New South Wales recognised by the Board for the purpose of paragraph (d) of subsection one of section twenty-one of this Act; and
	(iv)

 (iv) will have such diploma or certificate of competency conferred upon or granted to him in due course according to the practice in conferring diplomas or granting certificates of competency, as the case may be, of the body so recognised from which he is to obtain such diploma or certificate of competency,

may on payment of the fee to be paid for registration, prescribed under paragraph (g) of subsection one of section thirty-three of this Act, grant to such person a certificate of provisional registration in or to the effect of the prescribed form.

(2) Where a person has obtained a certificate of provisional registration he shall be deemed to be registered under this Act until—

- (a) the date stated in such certificate as the date upon which the certificate expires, or
- (b) such later date as is fixed by the Board,
- 20

25

the date so stated or fixed being not later than three months after the granting of such certificate :

Provided that if the Board, before the date so stated or fixed, has reason to believe that such person is not entitled to be registered under this Act, it may, without prejudice to his application to be registered under this Act, cancel such certificate; and such person shall thereupon cease to be deemed to be registered under this Act.

(3) If a person to whom a certificate of provisional registration has been granted becomes registered under this Act, his registration shall, unless otherwise decided by the Board, date from the granting of such certificate.

10

5

15

1

•

+++

ú

	Physiotherapists Registration (Amendment).	
		Sec. 24. (Removal of name on
5	(1A) Without limiting the meaning of the expres- sion "misconduct in a professional respect" in subsection one of this section, a physiotherapist shall be guilty of such misconduct who—	account of misconduct, etc.)
10	(a) carries on the practice of physiotherapy under a name other than his own name except whilst he is acting as the duly appointed locum tenens of another physio- therapist; or	
15	 (b) allows the use of his name in connection with the practice of physiotherapy at premises at which he or his duly appointed locum tenens is not in regular attendance for the purpose of practice and supervision during the hours in which such premises are open for the practice of physiotherapy; or 	
20 25	(c) allows any person, not being a physio- therapist, to practise physiotherapy in contravention of the provisions of section twenty-six of this Act at premises used by him or his duly appointed locum tenens for the purpose of carrying on the practice of physiotherapy; or	
	(d) advertises otherwise than in accordance with the regulations or advertises in contra- vention of the regulations; or	
30 35	(e) for fee, salary, or other reward is employed by or associates himself with a person, not being a physiotherapist, in carrying on the practice of physiotherapy. In this para- graph "person" includes a body or corpora- tion, but does not include—	
	(i) the Crown;	
-	(a) (ii)	

- (ii) a public hospital or charitable or philanthropic institution;
- (iii) a society registered under the Friendly Societies Act, 1912, or any amendment thereof;
- (iv) any body or corporation which upon application made for the purpose has been approved by the Board.

The approval of the Board referred to in subparagraph (iv) of this paragraph shall not be granted unless the Board is satisfied that the interests of the public generally or any section of the public, other than physiotherapists, warrant the granting of such approval. Any such approval may be granted subject to any terms and conditions the Board may think fit to impose, and may be revoked by the Board for any cause which it deems reasonable.

(1B) For the purposes of this section, no person shall be deemed to be a duly appointed locum tenens unless—

- (a) he is appointed in writing by a physiotherapist;
- (b) he is a physiotherapist at the time of taking up his duties; and
- (c) he is employed only during the temporary absence of his employer and for a period not exceeding six months or for such further period as the Board may in any particular case permit.

(c)

25

5

10

15

20

(e) by omitting section twenty-six and by inserting in Substituted sec. 26 and new sec. 26A.

26. (1) A person who is not registered under Unregistered person not to practise

- (a) practise physiotherapy;
- (b) take or use the name or title of physiotherapist, physiotherapeutist, physical therapist or physical therapeutist or electrotherapist, hold himself out as being a physiotherapist or a physiotherapeutist or a physical therapist or physical therapeutist or electrotherapist or assume, take, or use, any name, initials, word, title, addition, symbol or description which, having regard to the circumstances in which it is assumed. taken or used, indicates, or is capable of being understood to indicate, or is calculated to lead persons to infer, that he is registered under this Act as a physiotherapist, or is qualified to be registered under this Act as a physiotherapist, or is competent or willing to practise physiotherapy in contravention of this section.

(2) Nothing in this section shall operate to prevent the practice of physiotherapy—

- (a) by a medical practitioner or a dentist registered under the Dentists Act, 1934, as amended by subsequent Acts, in the ordinary course of his practice as a medical practitioner or dentist, as the case may be;
- (b) by a nurse acting under instructions given to him or her by a medical practitioner, dentist registered as aforesaid, or physiotherapist;

Unregistered person not to practise or hold himself out as physiotherapist.

10

5

15

20

25

30

(c)

(c) by a person who practises physiotherapy in the course of his undergoing a course of study and training in physiotherapy conducted by any body in New South Wales recognised by the Board for the purposes of subparagraph (d) of subsection one of section twenty-one of this Act and who does so acting under the direct instructions and personal supervision of a medical practitioner, dentist registered as aforesaid, or physiotherapist;

 (d) being such part of the practice of physiotherapy as consists of the use by external application to the human body of ultrasonic therapy apparatus, by any person authorised by the Board to so use such apparatus;

(e) being such part of the practice of physiotherapy as consists of the use by external application to the human body of massage, being the manipulation of the soft tissues of the human body, passive movements, remedial exercises, muscle re-education, or heat—

- (i) by any person in the course of the practice by him of chiropractic, osteopathy or chiropody;
- (ii) by any person in conjunction with the practice by him of face or scalp massage where such part of the practice of physiotherapy as aforesaid is practised for cosmetic purposes only; or
- (iii) by any person in the course of training persons engaged in or training for physical culture or any games, sports or athletics or for

10

5

15

20

25

30

35

8

2

for the purpose of curing or alleviating injuries received by persons in the course of their being engaged in or training for physical culture or any games, sports or athletics.

(3) In this section—

"Chiropractic" means the system of palpating and adjusting the articulations of the human spinal column by hand only, for the relief of nerve pressure.

"Osteopathy" means the adjustment by hand only of the bones or soft tissue of the human body for the purpose of curing or alleviating any disease or abnormal condition of the human body.

"Chiropody" means the care of the nails and the treatment of their disorders and the treatment of superficial excrescences of the feet.

(4) A person guilty of an offence against this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds.

26A. (1) A physiotherapist shall not for fee or Physiotherapists not to

not to perform

(2)

- (a) diagnose or attempt to diagnose any certain acts. abnormal condition of the human body;
- (b) prescribe any diet for any person;
- (c) prescribe any drug or medicine for internal use by any person.

30

21-B

10

5

20

15

25

	Physiotherapists Registration (Amendment).
	(2) Any person guilty of an offence against this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceed- ing one hundred pounds.
5	 (f) by omitting from section twenty-nine the words "or Sec. 29. police"; (Informations to be laid by secretary, etc.)
	 (g) by inserting at the end of subsection one of section Sec. 33. thirty-three the following new paragraph: — (Regulations.) (h) specifying the manner in which and the extent to which a physiotherapist is
10	authorised to advertise.

Sydney: V. C. N. Blight, Government Printer-1959

10

1

Tf

*

-

New South Wales



ANNO OCTAVO ELIZABETHÆ II REGINÆ

Act No. 19, 1959.

An Act to prohibit, subject to certain exemptions the practice of physiotherapy by unregistered persons; for this and other purposes to amend the Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945, as amended by subsequent Acts; and for purposes connected therewith. [Assented to, 14th October. 1959.]

B^E it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows : --

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Physiotherapists Short title, Registration (Amendment) Act, 1959".

citation and commencement.

(2)

85395 A [8d.]

(2) The Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945, as amended by subsequent Acts and by this Act, may be cited as the Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945-1959.

(3) This Act shall commence upon a day to be appointed by the Governor and notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.

Amendment 2. The Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945, as of Act No. amended by subsequent Acts, is amended—

Sec. 2. (Interpretation.)

- (a) (i) by omitting from section two the definition of "Physiotherapy" and by inserting in lieu thereof the following definition—
 - "Physiotherapy" means the use by external application to the human body of massage, being the manipulation of the soft tissues of the human body, passive movements, remedial exercises. muscle re-education, electricity, heat, light, sound, water, ultrasonic therapy apparatus, or any proclaimed method, for the purpose of curing or alleviating any abnormal condition of the human body, and includes the application of any medical or surgical appliance so far as the application of such appliance is necessary in the use as aforesaid of massage, passive movements, remedial exercises, muscle re-education, electricity, heat, light, sound, water, or any proclaimed method.
- (ii) by inserting at the end of the same section the following new definition :
 - "Ultrasonic therapy apparatus" means any apparatus employing ultrasonic mechanical vibrations that is capable of being used for the treatment of the human body by way of physiotherapy. (b)

Act No. 19, 1959.

Physiotherapists Registration (Amendment).

(b) by inserting at the end of section eighteen the Sec. 18. following new subsection : ---

- (2) For the purpose of ascertaining-
- cf. Act No. 10, 1934, s. 5
- (a) whether any provision of this Act or (2). the regulations has been or is being contravened by any physiotherapist; or
- (b) whether a physiotherapist is so conducting himself as to be guilty of misconduct in a professional respect,

an inspector duly appointed under this section may enter any premises of any physiotherapist in which such physiotherapist is carrying on the practice of physiotherapy and may make such inquiries therein as such inspector may think fit.

(c) by inserting next after section twenty-one the follow- New sec. 214. ing new section : -

21A. (1) When a person has applied to be regis- Certificate tered, the President of the Board, or, in his absence of provisional from the City of Sydney, any other member of the registration Board authorised generally in that behalf by the may be granted. Board, upon being satisfied that such person :-

cf. Act No. 37, 1938,

- (a) is entitled to be registered under this Act; s. 20. Or
- (b) (i) is of good character;
 - (ii) has attained the age of twenty years;
 - (iii) is entitled to a diploma or a certificate of competency in physiotherapy obtained by examination after a course of study and training from any body in New South Wales recognised by the Board for the purpose of paragraph (d) of subsection one of section twenty-one of this Act; and

(iv)

⁽Appointments.)

(iv) will have such diploma or certificate of competency conferred upon or granted to him in due course according to the practice in conferring diplomas or granting certificates of competency, as the case may be, of the body so recognised from which he is to obtain such diploma or certificate of competency,

may on payment of the fee to be paid for registration, prescribed under paragraph (g) of subsection one of section thirty-three of this Act, grant to such person a certificate of provisional registration in or to the effect of the prescribed form.

(2) Where a person has obtained a certificate of provisional registration he shall be deemed to be registered under this Act until—

- (a) the date stated in such certificate as the date upon which the certificate expires, or
- (b) such later date as is fixed by the Board,

the date so stated or fixed being not later than three months after the granting of such certificate :

Provided that if the Board, before the date so stated or fixed, has reason to believe that such person is not entitled to be registered under this Act, it may, without prejudice to his application to be registered under this Act, cancel such certificate; and such person shall thereupon cease to be deemed to be registered under this Act.

(3) If a person to whom a certificate of provisional registration has been granted becomes registered under this Act, his registration shall, unless otherwise decided by the Board, date from the granting of such certificate.

Act No. 19, 1959.

Physiotherapists Registration (Amendment).

(d) by inserting next after subsection one of section Sec. 24. twenty-four the following new subsections : — (Remov

(Removal of name on account of misconduct, etc.)

(1A) Without limiting the meaning of the expres-misconduct, sion "misconduct in a professional respect" in etc.) subsection one of this section, a physiotherapist shall be guilty of such misconduct who—

- (a) carries on the practice of physiotherapy under a name other than his own name except whilst he is acting as the duly appointed locum tenens of another physiotherapist; or
- (b) allows the use of his name in connection with the practice of physiotherapy at premises at which he or his duly appointed locum tenens is not in regular attendance for the purpose of practice and supervision during the hours in which such premises are open for the practice of physiotherapy; or
 - (c) allows any person, not being a physiotherapist, to practise physiotherapy in contravention of the provisions of section twenty-six of this Act at premises used by him or his duly appointed locum tenens for the purpose of carrying on the practice of physiotherapy; or
 - (d) advertises otherwise than in accordance with the regulations or advertises in contravention of the regulations; or
 - (e) for fee, salary, or other reward is employed by or associates himself with a person, not being a physiotherapist or a medical practitioner, in carrying on the practice of physiotherapy. In this paragraph "person" includes a body or corporation, but does not include—

(i) the Crown;

(ii)

B

(ii) a public hospital or charitable or philanthropic institution;

- (iii) a society registered under the Friendly Societies Act, 1912, or any amendment thereof;
 - (iv) any body or corporation which upon application made for the purpose has been approved by the Board.

The approval of the Board referred to in subparagraph (iv) of this paragraph shall not be granted unless the Board is satisfied that the interests of the public generally or any section of the public, other than physiotherapists, warrant the granting of such approval. Any such approval may be granted subject to any terms and conditions the Board may think fit to impose, and may be revoked by the Board for any cause which it deems reasonable.

(1B) For the purposes of this section, no person shall be deemed to be a duly appointed locum tenens unless—

- (a) he is appointed in writing by a physiotherapist;
- (b) he is a physiotherapist at the time of taking up his duties; and
- (c) he is employed only during the temporary absence of his employer and for a period not exceeding twelve months or for such further period as the Board may in any particular case permit.

6

(e)

(e) by omitting section twenty-six and by inserting in Substituted lieu thereof the following sections : --

sec. 26 and new sec. 26A.

26. (1) A person who is not registered under Unregistered this Act shall not-

- (a) practise physiotherapy;
 - therapist. (b) take or use the name or title of physiophysiotherapeutist. therapist. physical therapist or physical therapeutist or electrotherapist, hold himself out as being a physiotherapist or a physiotherapeutist or a physical therapist or physical therapeutist or electrotherapist or assume, take, or use, any name, initials, word, title, addition, symbol or description which, having regard to the circumstances in which it is assumed, taken or used, indicates, or is capable of being understood to indicate, or is calculated to lead persons to infer, that he is registered under this Act as a physiotherapist, or is qualified to be registered under this Act as a physiotherapist, or is competent or willing to practise physiotherapy in contravention of this section.

(2) Nothing in this section shall operate to prevent the practice of physiotherapy-

- (a) by a medical practitioner or a dentist regisa tradition of the second seco amended by subsequent Acts, in the ordinary course of his practice as a medical practitioner or dentist, as the case may be:
- (b) by a nurse acting under instructions given to him or her by a medical practitioner. dentist registered as aforesaid, or physiotherapist:

person not to practise or hold himself out as physio-

(c)

(c) by a person who practises physiotherapy in the course of his undergoing a course of study and training in physiotherapy conducted by any body in New South Wales recognised by the Board for the purposes of subparagraph (d) of subsection one of section twenty-one of this Act and who does so acting under the direct instructions and personal supervision of a medical practitioner, dentist registered as aforesaid, or physiotherapist:

(d) being such part of the practice of physiotherapy as consists of the use by external application to the human body of ultrasonic therapy apparatus, by any person authorised by the Board to so use such apparatus; mono edu of

- (e) being such part of the practice of physiotherapy as consists of the use by external application to the human body of massage, being the manipulation of the soft tissues of the human body, passive movements, remedial exercises, muscle re-education, or heat-
 - (i) by any person in the course of the practice by him of chiropractic, osteopathy or chiropody;
 - (ii) by any person in conjunction with the practice by him of face or scalp massage where such part of the practice of physiotherapy as aforesaid is practised for cosmetic purposes only; or
- (iii) by any person in the course of training persons engaged in or training for physical culture or any games, sports or athletics or for

for the purpose of curing or alleviating injuries received by persons in the course of their being engaged in or training for physical culture or any games, sports or athletics.

- (3) In this section—
- "Chiropractic" means the system of palpating and adjusting the articulations of the human spinal column by hand only, for the relief of nerve pressure.
- "Osteopathy" means the adjustment by hand only of the bones or soft tissue of the human body for the purpose of curing or alleviating any disease or abnormal condition of the human body.
- "Chiropody" means the care of the nails and the treatment of their disorders and the treatment of superficial excrescences of the feet.

(4) A person guilty of an offence against this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds.

26A. (1) A physiotherapist shall not for fee or Physiotherapist not to

therapists not to perform

- (a) diagnose or attempt to diagnose any certain acts. abnormal condition of the human body;
- (b) prescribe any diet for any person;
- (c) prescribe any drug or medicine for internal use by any person.

(2) Any person guilty of an offence against this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds.

(f) by omitting from section twenty-nine the words "or police";

(Informations to be laid by secretary, etc.) Sec. 33.

(Regulations.)

Sec. 29.

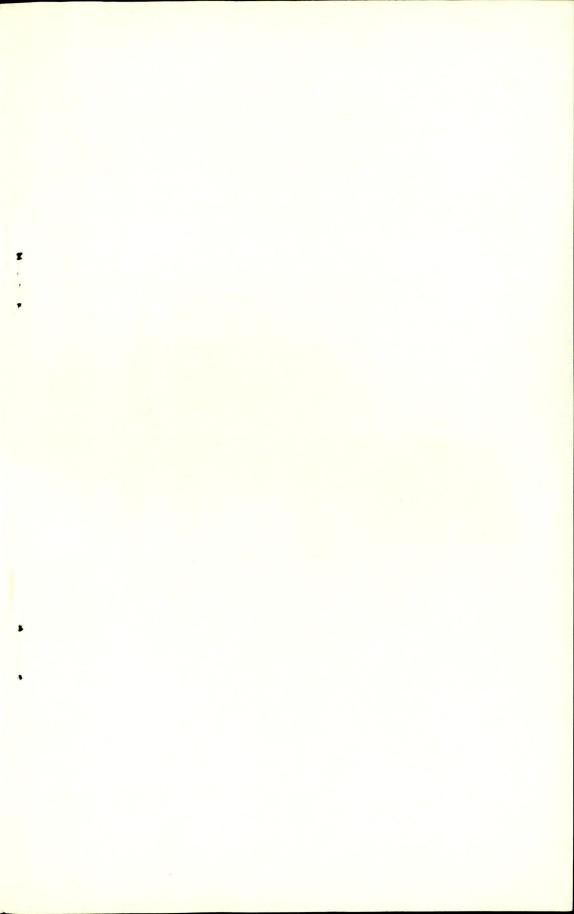
- (g) by inserting at the end of subsection one of section thirty-three the following new paragraph : —
 - (h) specifying the manner in which and the extent to which a physiotherapist is authorised to advertise.

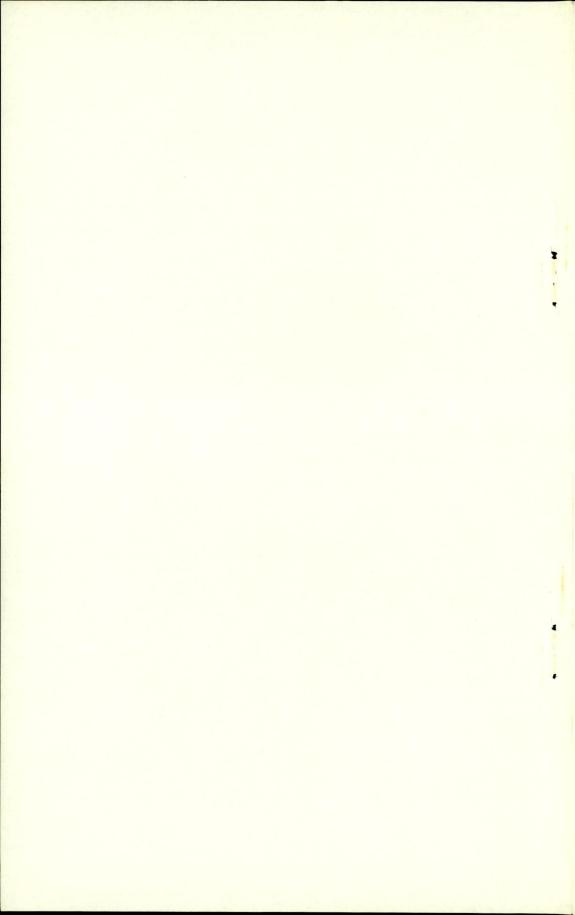
By Authority: V. C. N. BLIGHT, Government Printer, Sydney, 1959

(a) diagness or attempt to diagness any absorbal conduitos of the human body;

(b) nescribe any diet for any person-

(c) prescribe any drug or medicine for internal use by any person.





I certify that this PUBLIC BILL, which originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, has finally passed the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL and the LEGIS-LATIVE ASSEMBLY of NEW SOUTH WALES.

> ALLAN PICKERING. Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 7 October, 1959.



ANNO OCTAVO ELIZABETHÆ II REGINÆ

Act No. 19, 1959.

An Act to prohibit, subject to certain exemptions the practice of physiotherapy by unregistered persons; for this and other purposes to amend the Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945, as amended by subsequent Acts; and for purposes connected therewith. [Assented to, 14th October, 1959.1

B^E it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows : --

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Physiotherapists Short title, Registration (Amendment) Act, 1959".

citation and commencement.

(2)

I have examined this Bill, and find it to correspond in all respects with the Bill as finally passed by both Houses.

HOWARD T. FOWLES,

Chairman of Committees of the Legislative Assembly.

Act No. 19, 1959.

Physiotherapists Registration (Amendment).

(2) The Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945, as amended by subsequent Acts and by this Act, may be cited as the Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945-1959.

(3) This Act shall commence upon a day to be appointed by the Governor and notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.

Amendment 2. The Physiotherapists Registration Act, 1945, as of Act No. 9, 1945. amended by subsequent Acts, is amended—

Sec. 2. (Interpretation.) (a) (i) by omitting from section two the definition of "Physiotherapy" and by inserting in lieu thereof the following definition—

- "Physiotherapy" means the use by external application to the human body of massage, being the manipulation of the soft tissues of the human body, passive movements, remedial exercises, muscle re-education, electricity, heat, light, sound, water, ultrasonic therapy apparatus, or any proclaimed method, for the purpose of curing or alleviating any abnormal condition of the human body, and includes the application of any medical or surgical appliance so far as the application of such appliance is necessary in the use as aforesaid of massage, passive movements, remedial exercises, muscle re-education, electricity, heat, light, sound, water, or any proclaimed method.
- (ii) by inserting at the end of the same section the following new definition : ---
 - "Ultrasonic therapy apparatus" means any apparatus employing ultrasonic mechanical vibrations that is capable of being used for the treatment of the human body by way of physiotherapy. (b)

Act No. 19, 1959.

Physiotherapists Registration (Amendment).

(b) by inserting at the end of section eighteen the Sec. 18. following new subsection : ---

(Appointments.) cf. Act No.

- (2) For the purpose of ascertaining-
 - 10, 1934, s. 5 (a) whether any provision of this Act or (2). the regulations has been or is being contravened by any physiotherapist; or
 - (b) whether a physiotherapist is so conducting himself as to be guilty of misconduct in a professional respect.

an inspector duly appointed under this section may enter any premises of any physiotherapist in which such physiotherapist is carrying on the practice of physiotherapy and may make such inquiries therein as such inspector may think fit.

(c) by inserting next after section twenty-one the follow- New sec. 214. ing new section : ---

21A. (1) When a person has applied to be regis- Certificate tered, the President of the Board, or, in his absence of from the City of Sydney, any other member of the registration Board authorised generally in that behalf by the may be Board, upon being satisfied that such person :-

granted. cf. Act No. 37, 1938,

- (a) is entitled to be registered under this Act; s. 20. or
- (b) (i) is of good character:
 - (ii) has attained the age of twenty years;
 - (iii) is entitled to a diploma or a certificate competency in physiotherapy of obtained by examination after a course of study and training from any body in New South Wales recognised by the Board for the purpose of paragraph (d) of subsection one of section twenty-one of this Act; and

(iv)

 (iv) will have such diploma or certificate of competency conferred upon or granted to him in due course according to the practice in conferring diplomas or granting certificates of competency, as the case may be, of the body so recognised from which he is to obtain such diploma or certificate of competency,

may on payment of the fee to be paid for registration, prescribed under paragraph (g) of subsection one of section thirty-three of this Act, grant to such person a certificate of provisional registration in or to the effect of the prescribed form.

(2) Where a person has obtained a certificate of provisional registration he shall be deemed to be registered under this Act until—

- (a) the date stated in such certificate as the date upon which the certificate expires, or
- (b) such later date as is fixed by the Board,

the date so stated or fixed being not later than three months after the granting of such certificate :

Provided that if the Board, before the date so stated or fixed, has reason to believe that such person is not entitled to be registered under this Act, it may, without prejudice to his application to be registered under this Act, cancel such certificate; and such person shall thereupon cease to be deemed to be registered under this Act.

(3) If a person to whom a certificate of provisional registration has been granted becomes registered under this Act, his registration shall, unless otherwise decided by the Board, date from the granting of such certificate.

(d) by inserting next after subsection one of section Sec. 24. twenty-four the following new subsections : — (Remov

(Removal of name on account of misconduct,

(1A) Without limiting the meaning of the expres-misconduct. sion "misconduct in a professional respect" in etc.) subsection one of this section, a physiotherapist shall be guilty of such misconduct who—

- (a) carries on the practice of physiotherapy under a name other than his own name except whilst he is acting as the duly appointed locum tenens of another physiotherapist; or
- (b) allows the use of his name in connection with the practice of physiotherapy at premises at which he or his duly appointed locum tenens is not in regular attendance for the purpose of practice and supervision during the hours in which such premises are open for the practice of physiotherapy; or
- (c) allows any person, not being a physiotherapist, to practise physiotherapy in contravention of the provisions of section twenty-six of this Act at premises used by him or his duly appointed locum tenens for the purpose of carrying on the practice of physiotherapy; or
- (d) advertises otherwise than in accordance with the regulations or advertises in contravention of the regulations; or
- (e) for fee, salary, or other reward is employed by or associates himself with a person, not being a physiotherapist or a medical practitioner, in carrying on the practice of physiotherapy. In this paragraph "person" includes a body or corporation, but does not include—
 - (i) the Crown;

(ii)

- (ii) a public hospital or charitable or philanthropic institution;
- (iii) a society registered under the Friendly Societies Act, 1912, or any amendment thereof;
- (iv) any body or corporation which upon application made for the purpose has been approved by the Board.

The approval of the Board referred to in subparagraph (iv) of this paragraph shall not be granted unless the Board is satisfied that the interests of the public generally or any section of the public, other than physiotherapists, warrant the granting of such approval. Any such approval may be granted subject to any terms and conditions the Board may think fit to impose, and may be revoked by the Board for any cause which it deems reasonable.

(1B) For the purposes of this section, no person shall be deemed to be a duly appointed locum tenens unless—

- (a) he is appointed in writing by a physiotherapist;
- (b) he is a physiotherapist at the time of taking up his duties; and
- (c) he is employed only during the temporary absence of his employer and for a period not exceeding twelve months or for such further period as the Board may in any particular case permit.

Act No. 19, 1959.

Physiotherapists Registration (Amendment).

(e) by omitting section twenty-six and by inserting in Substituted lieu thereof the following sections : — Substituted sec. 26 and new sec. 26 and new sec. 26 A.

26. (1) A person who is not registered under Unregistered this Act shall not—

- (a) practise physiotherapy;
- (b) take or use the name or title of physiophysiotherapeutist. physical therapist. therapist or physical therapeutist or electrotherapist, hold himself out as being a physiotherapist or a physiotherapeutist or a physical therapist or physical therapeutist or electrotherapist or assume, take, or use, any name, initials, word, title, addition, symbol or description which, having regard to the circumstances in which it is assumed. taken or used, indicates, or is capable of being understood to indicate, or is calculated to lead persons to infer, that he is registered under this Act as a physiotherapist, or is qualified to be registered under this Act as a physiotherapist, or is competent or willing to practise physiotherapy in contravention of this section.

(2) Nothing in this section shall operate to prevent the practice of physiotherapy—

- (a) by a medical practitioner or a dentist registered under the Dentists Act, 1934, as amended by subsequent Acts, in the ordinary course of his practice as a medical practitioner or dentist, as the case may be;
- (b) by a nurse acting under instructions given to him or her by a medical practitioner, dentist registered as aforesaid, or physiotherapist;

person not to practise or hold himself out as physiotherapist. 8

Physiotherapists Registration (Amendment).

- (c) by a person who practises physiotherapy in the course of his undergoing a course of study and training in physiotherapy conducted by any body in New South Wales recognised by the Board for the purposes of subparagraph (d) of subsection one of section twenty-one of this Act and who does so acting under the direct instructions and personal supervision of a medical practitioner, dentist registered as aforesaid, or physiotherapist;
- (d) being such part of the practice of physiotherapy as consists of the use by external application to the human body of ultrasonic therapy apparatus, by any person authorised by the Board to so use such apparatus;
- (e) being such part of the practice of physiotherapy as consists of the use by external application to the human body of massage, being the manipulation of the soft tissues of the human body, passive movements, remedial exercises, muscle re-education, or heat—
 - (i) by any person in the course of the practice by him of chiropractic, osteopathy or chiropody;
 - (ii) by any person in conjunction with the practice by him of face or scalp massage where such part of the practice of physiotherapy as aforesaid is practised for cosmetic purposes only; or
 - (iii) by any person in the course of training persons engaged in or training for physical culture or any games, sports or athletics or for

for the purpose of curing or alleviating injuries received by persons in the course of their being engaged in or training for physical culture or any games, sports or athletics.

- (3) In this section—
- "Chiropractic" means the system of palpating and adjusting the articulations of the human spinal column by hand only, for the relief of nerve pressure.
- "Osteopathy" means the adjustment by hand only of the bones or soft tissue of the human body for the purpose of curing or alleviating any disease or abnormal condition of the human body.
- "Chiropody" means the care of the nails and the treatment of their disorders and the treatment of superficial excrescences of the feet.

(4) A person guilty of an offence against this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds.

26A. (1) A physiotherapist shall not for fee or Physiotherapists not to

not to perform

- (a) diagnose or attempt to diagnose any certain acts. abnormal condition of the human body;
- (b) prescribe any diet for any person;
- (c) prescribe any drug or medicine for internal use by any person.

(2)

(2) Any person guilty of an offence against this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds.

(f) by omitting from section twenty-nine the words "or police";

Sec. 33.

(g) by inserting at the end of subsection one of section thirty-three the following new paragraph : ---

(h) specifying the manner in which and the extent to which a physiotherapist is authorised to advertise.

In the name and on behalf of Her Majesty I assent to this Act.

E. W. WOODWARD,

Governor.

Government House, Sydney, 14th October, 1959.

Sec. 29. (Informations to be laid by secretary, etc.)

(Regulations.)