No. , 1957.

A BILL

To amend the law relating to alimony and maintenance; for this purpose to amend the Matrimonial Causes Act 1899, the Deserted Wives and Children Act, 1901, and certain other Acts in certain respects; and for purposes connected therewith.

[Mr. Sheahan; -20 November, 1957.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of 5 the same, as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Matrimonial Short title, Causes (Amendment) Act, 1957".

citation and commencement.

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- (2) The Matrimonial Causes Act 1899, as amended by subsequent Acts and by this Act, may be cited as the Matrimonial Causes Act, 1899-1957.
- (3) The Deserted Wives and Children Act, 1901, 5 as amended by subsequent Acts and by this Act, may be cited as the Deserted Wives and Children Act, 1901-1957.
 - (4) This Act shall commence upon a day to be appointed by the Governor and notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.
- 10 2. The Matrimonial Causes Act 1899, as amended by Amendment subsequent Acts, is amended—

 of Act No.
 14, 1899.
 - (a) by inserting in section three before the definition Sec. 3. of "The Court" the following new definitions:— (Interpretation.)

"Alimony" includes maintenance.

- "Marriage" includes a union which is ostensibly a marriage and which is the subject of judicial proceedings to determine its validity.
- (b) by omitting from section five the words "other Sec. 5.

 than proceedings to dissolve any marriage" and (Court to
 by inserting in lieu thereof the words ", other principles
 than proceedings to dissolve any marriage or of Ecclesiasproceedings under Part VIII of this Act,"; tical
 Courts.)
- (c) by omitting section eight, subsection two of Secs. 8, section nine and section ten;

 9 (2) and
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 - (d) by omitting from subsection two of section Sec. 23.

 twenty-three the words "the payment of permanent alimony the maintenance of children by reand";

 (Application by respondent.)

(e)

(e) by omitting Part VIII and by inserting in lieu Subst. thereof the following Part:—

Part VIII.

PART VIII.

ALIMONY.

- 39. (1) In any proceedings under this Act Alimony. (other than proceedings for jactitation of marriage), the Court may make such order as it deems just and proper, having regard to the means and conduct of the parties to the marriage and all other relevant circumstances, for the payment of alimony to one party to the marriage by the other party, or for the maintenance of the children the marriage of whose parents is the subject of the proceedings, including an order in favour of a party against whom a decree in the proceedings is made.
 - (2) An order for alimony—
 - (a) pending the hearing of a petition for restitution of conjugal rights; and
- 20 (b) made before or after the commencement of the Matrimonial Causes (Amendment) Act, 1957,

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shall, if a decree is made in favour of the party in whose favour the order was made, but subject to any special terms of the order, continue in force after the time in that behalf limited by the Court for compliance with the decree until varied or revoked:

Provided that in the case of any such order made before the commencement of the Matrimonial Causes (Amendment) Act, 1957, this subsection applies only where the time so limited expires after that commencement.

(3)

- (3) An order for alimony—
- (a) pending the hearing of a petition for judicial separation; and
- (b) made before or after the commencement of the Matrimonial Causes (Amendment) Act, 1957,

shall, if a decree is made in favour of the person in whose favour the order was made, but subject to any special terms of the order, continue in force after the decree until varied or revoked:

Provided that in the case of any such order made before the commencement of the Matrimonial Causes (Amendment) Act, 1957, this subsection applies only where the decree in the suit is made after that commencement.

- (4) An order for alimony—
- (a) pending the hearing of a petition for dissolution of marriage; and
- (b) made before or after the commencement of the Matrimonial Causes (Amendment) Act, 1957,

shall, where that order is in force immediately before the decree *nisi* in the suit is made absolute, but subject to any special terms of the order, continue in force after the decree absolute until varied or revoked:

Provided that in the case of any such order made before the commencement of the Matrimonial Causes (Amendment) Act, 1957, this subsection applies only where the decree *nisi* is made absolute after that commencement.

- (5) An order for the maintenance of a child—
 - (a) pending the hearing of a petition for restitution of conjugal rights, judicial separation, dissolution of marriage or nullity of marriage; and

(b)

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(b) made before or after the commencement of the Matrimonial Causes (Amendment) Act, 1957,

shall, subject to any special terms of the order, but in so far only as it relates to the maintenance of the child, continue in force—

- (i) in a case of restitution of conjugal rights—after the time in that behalf limited by the Court for compliance with the decree in the suit until varied or revoked;
- (ii) in any other case—after the final decree or decree absolute in the suit until varied or revoked:
- Provided that in the case of any such order made before the commencement of the Matrimonial Causes (Amendment) Act, 1957, this subsection applies only where—
 - (i) in a case of restitution of conjugal rights—the time so limited expires after that commencement;
 - (ii) in any other case—the final decree or decree absolute is made after that commencement.
 - Nothing in this subsection affects the operation of subsection two, three or four of this section.
 - 40. (1) The Court, in exercising its powers specific under this Part of this Act, may—

 powers of Court,
 - (a) order that a gross sum or a weekly, fortnightly, monthly or other periodic sum be paid or secured and order that any security is to be in addition to or wholly or partly in substitution for a periodic payment;

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	Matrimonial Causes (Amendment).		
5	(b) order that any necessary deed or instrument be executed and that such documents of title be produced or such other things be done as are necessary to enable an order to be effectively		
	carried out or to provide security for the due performance of an order; (c) settle and approve any deed or instru- ment so ordered to be executed;		
10	(d) order that payments be made direct to a party to the marriage, to a trustee to be appointed or to any public authority for the benefit of a party to the marriage;		
15	(e) order that payments of maintenance in respect of a child be made to such person as the Court may specify;(f) make a permanent order, an order pending the disposal of the proceedings		
20	or an order for a fixed term, for a life or during joint lives; (g) impose terms and conditions; (h) discharge an order if the party in whose favour the order is made marries		
25	 again or if there is any other just cause for so doing; (i) modify an order under this Part or suspend its operation wholly or in part and either until further order or until 		
30	 a fixed time or the happening of some future event; (j) revive an order wholly or in part; (k) increase or decrease the amount payable under an order; 		
35	(1) sanction an agreement for the acceptance of a gross sum or periodic sums in lieu of rights under this Part;(m) deal with any two or more matters mentioned in this subsection in the same		
40	order; (n)		

- (n) include its order under this Part in a decree *nisi*, decree absolute, or final decree, or make any order under this Part on, or at any time before or after, the pronouncement of any such decree.
- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Part—
 - (a) where no alimony was payable-
 - (i) in a case of restitution of conjugal rights, immediately before the expiration of the time limited by the Court for compliance with the decree in the proceedings; or
 - (ii) in any other case, immediately before the pronouncement of the decree absolute or final decree in the proceedings; or
 - (b) where alimony was so payable but the order therefor was not continued in force by virtue of the operation of subsection two, three or four of section thirty-nine of this Act.

the Court shall not make an order for permanent alimony in respect of the proceedings unless application therefor was or is made before, on, or, having regard to all the circumstances of the case, within a reasonable time after, the pronouncement of the decree absolute or final decree.

- (3) The Court may exercise the powers conferred by this Part—
 - (a) in relation to an order for alimony or maintenance pursuant to which a gross or periodic sum is secured as well as in relation to any other order for alimony or maintenance; and

(b)

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- (b) in relation to an order for alimony or maintenance made before the commencement of the Matrimonial Causes (Amendment) Act, 1957, as well as in relation to an order for alimony or maintenance made after that commencement.
- 41. (1) Where any person, directed by an Execution order under this Part to execute any deed or of instruments or make a surrender or transfer, refuses or neglects to do so, the Court may appoint the Chief Clerk in Divorce, or some 24, 1901, other person, to execute the deed or instrument s. 90. or to make the surrender or transfer in his name, and to do all acts necessary to give validity and operation thereto.
 - (2) The execution of the deed or instrument and the surrender or transfer so made by the person so appointed shall in all respects have the same force and validity as if it had been executed or made by the person directed by the order to execute or make it.
- (3) The Court shall make such order as may be just touching the payment of the costs of, or attending the execution of, any such deed, transfer, surrender or instrument.
 - 42. This Part applies to proceedings under this Pending Act (other than proceedings for jactitation of proceedings) pending at the commencement of the Matrimonial Causes (Amendment) Act, 1957, as well as to proceedings under this Act (other than proceedings for jactitation of marriage) instituted after that commencement.

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to enforce orders for

Matrimonial Causes (Amendment).

- (f) by omitting from the heading to Part XIII the Part XIII. words "AND MAINTENANCE"; Heading.
- (g) by omitting from subsection one of section sixty Sec. 60.
 the word "maintenance";
 (In suits for separation, nullity or dissolution.)
- 5 (h) by omitting from section sixty-two the word sec. 62.

 "maintenance";

 (In applications for conjugal rights.)
 - (i) (i) by inserting in subsection one of section 90A Sec. 90A. after the word "monthly" the word ", fort- (summary nightly";
 - (ii) by omitting from the same subsection the alimony or words "and any sum due under the order is unpaid, any justice, upon complaint on oath being made by the wife or by any reputable person on behalf of the wife or child that the wife or child is unable through lack of means to have the order enforced by attachment, may" and by inserting in lieu thereof the words "any justice may, upon complaint on oath being made by the wife or by any reputable person on behalf of the

wife or child that any sum due under the

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(iii) by omitting from subsection two of the same section the words "section ninety-seven of the Child Welfare Act, 1923" and by inserting in lieu thereof the words "section twelve of the Child Welfare Act, 1939";

order is unpaid";

(iv) by omitting from subsection three of the same section the words "and that the wife or child is unable through lack of means to have the order enforced by attachment";

93—B (v)

- (v) by omitting subsection eight of the same section and by inserting in lieu thereof the following subsection:-
 - (8) In this section "husband" includes a male person against whom the court has made an order for payment in respect of alimony and "wife" includes a female person in whose favour the court has made such an order, and "justice" means justice of the peace.
- (j) by inserting in Part XVIII next after section 90A New sec. the following new section:—
 - 90B. (1) This section applies to an order Enforcemade by the Court before or after the commence-order ment of the Matrimonial Causes (Amendment) by means of Act, 1957, for the payment by any person of amount due alimony or maintenance to any other person.

and judgment thereon.

- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained cf. Act No. 17, in this or any other Act an order to which this 1901, s. 13A. section applies made against a female shall be enforced only in the manner provided in this section.
- (3) Where it is made to appear upon oath to the registrar or a deputy-registrar in divorce that default has, before or after the commencement of the Matrimonial Causes (Amendment) Act, 1957, been made by a person against whom an order to which this section applies has been made in making the payments directed by the order and that an amount of more than ten pounds is due thereunder, the registrar or deputy-registrar may grant a certificate in the prescribed form stating the amount due under the order at the date of the certificate without requiring notice of the application to be given to that person.

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(4)

- (4) The person entitled to receive the money ordered to be paid may file or cause to be filed the certificate in the Supreme Court or in any District Court having jurisdiction within the district wherein the person against whom the order was made resides or wherein any real property of the last-mentioned person is situated, and the Prothonotary or the registrar of the District Court in which the certificate is so filed, as the case may be, shall enter judgment for the person so entitled for the amount stated to be due in the certificate together with the fees paid therefor and for filing the certificate and entering the judgment.
- The judgment may be enforced in any manner in which a final judgment in an action may be enforced.
- Rules of court may prescribe the practice and procedure in the Supreme Court and in District Courts to be observed in connection with the filing of certificates and entering up of judgments thereon in pursuance of this section, and the fees to be paid.
- (k) (i) by omitting from section one all matter sec. 1.

 relating to Part VIII and by inserting in (Conselieu thereof the following matter:— quential.)

PART VIII.—ALIMONY—ss. 39-42.

(ii) by omitting from the matter relating to Part XIII in the same section the words "AND MAINTENANCE".

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3. The Deserted	Wives and Childr	en Act, 1901, as	Amendment
amended by subsequ	ent Acts, is amende	ed by inserting in	of Act No.
Part II next afte	r section 13B the	following new	17, 1901. New sec
section:—			13c.

5 13c. An order made under section seven of Dissolution this Act shall not be taken to be discharged or of marriage not to cancelled by reason only of the dissolution after affect mainthe commencement of the Matrimonial Causes tenance order. (Amendment) Act, 1957, of the marriage 10 between the husband and the wife, and for the purposes of enforcing, varying, suspending or discharging the order a reference in this Act to "husband" includes a reference to the person who before the marriage was dissolved was the 15 husband and a reference in this Act to "wife" includes a reference to the person who before the marriage was dissolved was the wife.

4. The Supreme Court Procedure Act, 1957, is Amendment of Act No. 13,1957.

- 20 (a) by omitting from the First Column of the second Second Schedule the words and figures "Matrimonial Causes Act 1899."; (Consequential.)
- (b) by omitting from the Second Column of the same Schedule the words and figures "Matrimonial Causes Act, 1899-1957."

MATRIMONIAL CAUSES (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1957.

EXPLANATORY NOTE.

THE objects of this Bill are-

- (a) to redefine the powers of the Supreme Court in its matrimonial causes jurisdiction to make orders for alimony or for the maintenance of children, principally to ensure—
 - (i) that permanent alimony granted on dissolution of marriage can afterwards be increased. (At present it can only be decreased, although permanent alimony in cases of judicial separation and restitution of conjugal rights can at present be increased as well as decreased);
 - (ii) that in proceedings for nullity of marriage an order for permanent alimony can be made against a party to the marriage in favour of the other party and that an order for maintenance can be made in favour of their children;
 - (iii) that in proceedings for dissolution of marriage, judicial separation, restitution of conjugal rights or nullity of marriage, an order for alimony or maintenance can, where the circumstances so warrant, be made against a wife in favour of her husband or child;
 - (iv) that in certain cases an order for alimony or maintenance made pending the disposal of a suit is to continue beyond the time when the suit is disposed of (that is to say, beyond the time limited for complying with the decree in the case of restitution of conjugal rights, and beyond the final decree or decree absolute in any other case) until varied or revoked;
 - (v) the execution of all instruments necessary to give effect to an order for secured alimony;
- (b) to remove from the provisions relating to the summary enforcement of orders made by the Supreme Court for alimony or maintenance the requirement that those provisions can only be used where the wife or child concerned is unable through lack of means to have the order enforced by attachment;
- (c) to provide that any order for alimony or maintenance may be enforced in the manner set out hereinafter in this paragraph and that that manner is the only method of enforcing an order for alimony or maintenance made against a wife in favour of her husband or child—
 - A certificate of the amount due under the order is filed in the Supreme Court or a District Court whereupon judgment is entered in the Court in which it is filed for the amount set out in the certificate and the judgment can then be enforced in any manner in which a final judgment in an action can be enforced.
- (d) to provide that an order for maintenance made under the Deserted Wives and Children Act, 1901, is not to be discharged or cancelled by reason only of the dissolution of the marriage between the husband and the wife.

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A BILL

To amend the law relating to alimony and maintenance; for this purpose to amend the Matrimonial Causes Act 1899, the Deserted Wives and Children Act, 1901, and certain other Acts in certain respects; and for purposes connected therewith.

[Mr. Sheahan;—20 November, 1957.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of 5 the same, as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Matrimonial short title, Causes (Amendment) Act, 1957".

citation and commencement.

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- (2) The Matrimonial Causes Act 1899, as amended by subsequent Acts and by this Act, may be cited as the Matrimonial Causes Act, 1899-1957.
- (3) The Deserted Wives and Children Act, 1901, 5 as amended by subsequent Acts and by this Act, may be cited as the Deserted Wives and Children Act, 1901-1957.
 - (4) This Act shall commence upon a day to be appointed by the Governor and notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.
- 10 2. The Matrimonial Causes Act 1899, as amended by Amendment subsequent Acts, is amended—

 of Act No.
 14, 1899.
 - (a) by inserting in section three before the definition Sec. 3. of "The Court" the following new definitions:— (Interpretation.)

 "Alimony" includes maintenance.
- "Marriage" includes a union which is ostensibly a marriage and which is the subject of judicial proceedings to determine its validity.
- (b) by omitting from section five the words "other Sec. 5.

 than proceedings to dissolve any marriage" and (Court to by inserting in lieu thereof the words ", other principles than proceedings to dissolve any marriage or of Ecclesias-proceedings under Part VIII of this Act,";
- (c) by omitting section eight, subsection two of Secs. 8, section nine and section ten;

 9 (2) and
 10.
 - (d) by omitting from subsection two of section Sec. 23.

 twenty-three the words "the payment of permanent alimony the maintenance of children by respondent.)

 and";

(e)

(e) by omitting Part VIII and by inserting in lieu subst. thereof the following Part:—

Part VIII.

PART VIII.

ALIMONY.

- 39. (1) In any proceedings under this Act Alimony. (other than proceedings for jactitation of marriage), the Court may make such order as it deems just and proper, having regard to the means and conduct of the parties to the marriage and all other relevant circumstances, for the payment of alimony to one party to the marriage by the other party, or for the maintenance of the children the marriage of whose parents is the subject of the proceedings, including an order in favour of a party against whom a decree in the proceedings is made.
 - (2) An order for alimony—
 - (a) pending the hearing of a petition for restitution of conjugal rights; and
- 20 (b) made before or after the commencement of the Matrimonial Causes (Amendment) Act, 1957,

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- shall, if a decree is made in favour of the party in whose favour the order was made, but subject to any special terms of the order, continue in force after the time in that behalf limited by the Court for compliance with the decree until varied or revoked:
- Provided that in the case of any such order made before the commencement of the Matrimonial Causes (Amendment) Act, 1957, this subsection applies only where the time so limited expires after that commencement.

(3)

- (3) An order for alimony-
- (a) pending the hearing of a petition for judicial separation; and
- (b) made before or after the commencement of the Matrimonial Causes (Amendment) Act, 1957,

shall, if a decree is made in favour of the person in whose favour the order was made, but subject to any special terms of the order, continue in force after the decree until varied or revoked:

Provided that in the case of any such order made before the commencement of the Matrimonial Causes (Amendment) Act, 1957, this subsection applies only where the decree in the suit is made after that commencement.

- (4) An order for alimony-
- (a) pending the hearing of a petition for dissolution of marriage; and
- (b) made before or after the commencement of the Matrimonial Causes (Amendment) Act, 1957,

shall, where that order is in force immediately before the decree *nisi* in the suit is made absolute, but subject to any special terms of the order, continue in force after the decree absolute until varied or revoked:

Provided that in the case of any such order made before the commencement of the Matrimonial Causes (Amendment) Act, 1957, this subsection applies only where the decree *nisi* is made absolute after that commencement.

- (5) An order for the maintenance of a child—
 - (a) pending the hearing of a petition for restitution of conjugal rights, judicial separation, dissolution of marriage or nullity of marriage; and

(b)

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- (b) made before or after the commencement of the Matrimonial Causes (Amendment) Act, 1957,
- shall, subject to any special terms of the order, but in so far only as it relates to the maintenance of the child, continue in force—
 - (i) in a case of restitution of conjugal rights—after the time in that behalf limited by the Court for compliance with the decree in the suit until varied or revoked;
 - (ii) in any other case—after the final decree or decree absolute in the suit until varied or revoked:
- Provided that in the case of any such order made before the commencement of the Matrimonial Causes (Amendment) Act, 1957, this subsection applies only where—
 - (i) in a case of restitution of conjugal rights—the time so limited expires after that commencement;
 - (ii) in any other case—the final decree or decree absolute is made after that commencement.
- Nothing in this subsection affects the operation of subsection two, three or four of this section.
 - 40. (1) The Court, in exercising its powers specific under this Part of this Act, may—

 powers of Court.
 - (a) order that a gross sum or a weekly, fortnightly, monthly or other periodic sum be paid or secured and order that any security is to be in addition to or wholly or partly in substitution for a periodic payment;

(b)

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Matrimonial Causes (Amendment).				
(b) order that any necessary deed or instrument be executed and that such documents of title be produced or such other things be done as are necessary				
to enable an order to be effectively carried out or to provide security for the due performance of an order;				
(c) settle and approve any deed or instrument so ordered to be executed;				
(d) order that payments be made direct to a party to the marriage, to a trustee to be appointed or to any public authority for the benefit of a party to the marriage;				
(e) order that payments of maintenance in respect of a child be made to such person as the Court may specify;				
(f) make a permanent order, an order pending the disposal of the proceedings or an order for a fixed term, for a life or during joint lives;				

- (g) impose terms and conditions;
- (h) discharge an order if the party in whose favour the order is made marries again or if there is any other just cause for so doing;
- (i) modify an order under this Part or suspend its operation wholly or in part and either until further order or until a fixed time or the happening of some future event;
- (j) revive an order wholly or in part;
- (k) increase or decrease the amount payable under an order;
- (1) sanction an agreement for the acceptance of a gross sum or periodic sums in lieu of rights under this Part;
- (m) deal with any two or more matters mentioned in this subsection in the same order; (n)

- (n) include its order under this Part in a decree nisi, decree absolute, or final decree, or make any order under this Part on, or at any time before or after, the pronouncement of any such decree.
- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Part—
 - (a) where no alimony was payable—
 - (i) in a case of restitution of conjugal rights, immediately before the expiration of the time limited by the Court for compliance with the decree in the proceedings; or
 - (ii) in any other case, immediately before the pronouncement of the decree absolute or final decree in the proceedings; or
 - (b) where alimony was so payable but the order therefor was not continued in force by virtue of the operation of subsection two, three or four of section thirty-nine of this Act,

the Court shall not make an order for permanent alimony in respect of the proceedings unless application therefor was or is made before, on, or, having regard to all the circumstances of the case, within a reasonable time after, the pronouncement of the decree absolute or final decree.

- (3) The Court may exercise the powers conferred by this Part—
 - (a) in relation to an order for alimony or maintenance pursuant to which a gross or periodic sum is secured as well as in relation to any other order for alimony or maintenance; and

(b)

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- (b) in relation to an order for alimony or maintenance made before the commencement of the Matrimonial Causes (Amendment) Act, 1957, as well as in relation to an order for alimony or maintenance made after that commencement.
- 41. (1) Where any person, directed by an Execution order under this Part to execute any deed or of instruments by other instrument or make a surrender or trans- order of 10 fer, refuses or neglects to do so, the Court may Court. appoint the Chief Clerk in Divorce, or some 24, 1901, other person, to execute the deed or instrument s. 90. or to make the surrender or transfer in his name, and to do all acts necessary to give 15 validity and operation thereto.
 - (2) The execution of the deed or instrument and the surrender or transfer so made by the person so appointed shall in all respects have the same force and validity as if it had been executed or made by the person directed by the order to execute or make it.
- (3) The Court shall make such order as may be just touching the payment of the costs of, or attending the execution of, any such deed, 25 transfer, surrender or instrument.
 - 42. This Part applies to proceedings under this Pending Act (other than proceedings for jactitation of proceedings. marriage) pending at the commencement of the Matrimonial Causes (Amendment) Act, 1957, as well as to proceedings under this Act (other than proceedings for jactitation of marriage) instituted after that commencement.

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- (f) by omitting from the heading to Part XIII the Part XIII. words "and Maintenance"; Heading.
- (g) by omitting from subsection one of section sixty sec. 60. the word "maintenance"; (In suits for separation, nullity or dissolu-
- (h) by omitting from section sixty-two the word sec. 62. 5 "maintenance"; conjugal
 - (i) (i) by inserting in subsection one of section 90A Sec. 90A. after the word "monthly" the word ", fort- (Summary nightly";

proceedings to enforce orders for

(In applica-

tions for

tion.)

- (ii) by omitting from the same subsection the alimony or mainten-10 words "and any sum due under the order ance.) is unpaid, any justice, upon complaint on oath being made by the wife or by any reputable person on behalf of the wife or child that the wife or child is unable through 15 lack of means to have the order enforced by attachment, may" and by inserting in lieu thereof the words "any justice may, upon complaint on oath being made by the wife or by any reputable person on behalf of the 20 wife or child that any sum due under the order is unpaid";
- (iii) by omitting from subsection two of the same section the words "section ninety-seven of the Child Welfare Act, 1923" and by insert-25 ing in lieu thereof the words "section twelve of the Child Welfare Act, 1939";
- (iv) by omitting from subsection three of the same section the words "and that the wife or child is unable through lack of means to 30 have the order enforced by attachment";

(v) 93—B

- (v) by omitting subsection eight of the same section and by inserting in lieu thereof the following subsection:
 - (8) In this section "husband" includes a male person against whom the court has made an order for payment in respect of alimony and "wife" includes a female person in whose favour the court has made such an order, and "justice" means justice of the peace.
- (j) by inserting in Part XVIII next after section 90A New sec. the following new section:-
 - 90B. (1) This section applies to an order Enforcemade by the Court before or after the commence-order ment of the Matrimonial Causes (Amendment) by means of Act, 1957, for the payment by any person of amount due alimony or maintenance to any other person.

thereon.

- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained cf. Act No. 17, in this or any other Act an order to which this 1901, s. 13A. section applies made against a female shall be enforced only in the manner provided in this section.
- (3) Where it is made to appear upon oath to the registrar or a deputy-registrar in 25 divorce that default has, before or after the commencement of the Matrimonial Causes (Amendment) Act, 1957, been made by a person against whom an order to which this section applies has been made in making the payments 30 directed by the order and that an amount of more than ten pounds is due thereunder, the registrar or deputy-registrar may grant a certificate in the prescribed form stating the amount due under the order at the date of the certificate without requiring notice of the application to be given to that person.

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- (4) The person entitled to receive the money ordered to be paid may file or cause to be filed the certificate in the Supreme Court or in any District Court having jurisdiction within the district wherein the person against whom the order was made resides or wherein any real property of the last-mentioned person is situated, and the Prothonotary or the registrar of the District Court in which the certificate is so filed, as the case may be, shall enter judgment for the person so entitled for the amount stated to be due in the certificate together with the fees paid therefor and for filing the certificate and entering the judgment.
- The judgment may be enforced in any manner in which a final judgment in an action may be enforced.
- Rules of court may prescribe the practice and procedure in the Supreme Court and in District Courts to be observed in connection with the filing of certificates and entering up of judgments thereon in pursuance of this section, and the fees to be paid.
- (k) (i) by omitting from section one all matter sec. 1.

 relating to Part VIII and by inserting in (Conselieu thereof the following matter:— quential.)

PART VIII.—ALIMONY—ss. 39-42.

(ii) by omitting from the matter relating to Part XIII in the same section the words "AND MAINTENANCE".

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3. The Deserted Wives and Children Act, 1901, as Amendment amended by subsequent Acts, is amended by inserting in of Act No. 17, 1901. Part II next after section 13B the following new New sec. section: 13c.

5 13c. An order made under section seven of Dissolution this Act shall not be taken to be discharged or of marriage not to cancelled by reason only of the dissolution after affect mainthe commencement of the Matrimonial Causes order. (Amendment) Act, 1957, of the marriage 10 between the husband and the wife, and for the purposes of enforcing, varying, suspending or discharging the order a reference in this Act to "husband" includes a reference to the person who before the marriage was dissolved was the 15 husband and a reference in this Act to "wife" includes a reference to the person who before the marriage was dissolved was the wife.

- 4. The Supreme Court Procedure Act, 1957, is Amendment of Act No. amended-13,1957.
- 20 (a) by omitting from the First Column of the second Second Schedule the words and figures "Matri-Schedule. monial Causes Act 1899."; quential.)
- (b) by omitting from the Second Column of the same Schedule the words and figures "Matri-25 monial Causes Act, 1899-1957."

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