## New South Wales.



# GEORGII VI REGIS.

#### Act No. 40, 1946.

An Act to make provision for day baking; to amend the Factories and Shops Act, 1912, and the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940, and certain other Acts in certain respects; and for purposes connected therewith. [Assented to, 21st May, 1946.]

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BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :---

#### PART I.

#### PRELIMINARY.

**1.** (1) This Act may be cited as the "Bread Industry Act, 1946."

(2) This Act shall commence upon a day to be appointed by the Governor and notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.

(3) This Act shall be read and construed subject to the Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act, and so as not to exceed the legislative power of the State to the intent that where any provision of this Act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid the remainder of this Act and the application of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected.

2. This Act is divided into Parts as follows :-

PART I.—PRELIMINARY.

PART II.-DAY BAKING.

PART III.-GENERAL.

PART IV.—Amendment of Factories and Shops Act, 1912, as amended by subsequent Acts. SCHEDULE.

3. In this Act unless the context or subject matter otherwise indicates or requires:—

"Bread" includes bread rolls.

"Bread distributor" means a person who sells bread purchased from a bread manufacturer to bread resellers, wholesale users or consumers, but does not include a bread reseller.

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Short title, commencement and construction.

Division into Parts.

Definitions.

- "Bread manufacturer" means a person who carries on the business of manufacturing, preparing or baking bread for sale or who, in carrying on any business, manufactures, prepares or bakes bread for consumption or use in the course of that business.
- "Bread reseller" means a person who sells bread by retail at his place of business, but does not include a person who supplies bread for consumption or use on his premises.
- "Inspector" means inspector within the meaning of the Factories and Shops Act, 1912, as amended by subsequent Acts.
- "Make or bake" in relation to bread does not include any operations connected with the preparation of dough for bread or with the firing of ovens.
- "Prescribed" means prescribed by this Act or the regulations made thereunder.

4. This Act other than Part IV shall apply to the Applica-Counties of Cumberland and Northumberland and to such tion of Act. other districts as the Governor may by proclamation published in the Gazette direct.

#### PART II.

#### DAY BAKING.

5. The time or times for commencing work for commencing employees engaged in the making or baking of bread times of employees on any day in any week of a type set forth in the engaged in making or Schedule to this Act shall be the time or times for commencing work specified in such Schedule in respect of such day.

6. Any bread manufacturer or employee engaged in Manufacthe making or baking of bread who in the County of ture of bread at Cumberland or County of Northumberland or in any certain other district to which this Act applies makes or bakes times for trade or sale any bread after the hour of six o'clock

baking bread.

prohibited.

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in the afternoon of any working day and before the time next after such hour fixed by the Schedule to this Act as a time for commencing work for employees engaged in the making or baking of bread shall be guilty of an offence against this Part of this Act.

Exemption.

7. The Minister may in the case of any emergency or unforeseen circumstances exempt any bread manufacturer or employee engaged in the making or baking of bread from the operation of all or any of the provisions of sections five and six of this Act for such period and subject to such conditions as the Minister may determine.

Delivery of bread during certain hours prohibited. 8. (1) Any person being a bread manufacturer, bread distributor or an employee of a bread manufacturer or bread distributor who in the County of Cumberland or County of Northumberland or any other district to which this Act applies delivers, by vehicle or other receptacle, any bread to a purchaser before the time that may be fixed by an award (whether in force at the commencement of this Act or made after such commencement) for the time being in force under the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940, as amended by subsequent Acts, for the commencing of the ordinary hours of work by breadcarters in such County or district or after the time that may be so fixed for the cessation of the ordinary hours of work by breadcarters in such County or district or after the time that may be so fixed for the cessation of the ordinary hours of work by breadcarters in such County or district, shall be guilty of an offence against this Part of this Act:

Provided that—

- (a) no such person shall so deliver bread after the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon on a Saturday, not being a treble delivery day, and before the time fixed by any such award for the commencing of the ordinary hours of work by breadcarters in such County or district for the next working day;
- (b) where a Saturday is a treble delivery day no such person shall so deliver bread after the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon and before the time fixed by any such award for the

the commencing of the ordinary hours of work by breadcarters in such County or district for the next working day;

(c) no such person shall so deliver bread after the hour fixed by any such award for the cessation of the ordinary hours of work by breadcarters in such County or district on the working day next preceding any day fixed by that award or by Statute as a holiday and before the time fixed by that award for the commencing of the ordinary hours of work by such breadcarters on the next working day following such holiday.

In this section "treble delivery day" means a day in which three days' bread or more is delivered.

(2) This section shall not apply to or in respect of the delivery of bread to a purchaser on the premises of the bread manufacturer or bread distributor.

9. Any person who commits an offence against this Penalty. Part of this Act shall be liable upon summary conviction for a first offence to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds and for a second offence to a penalty of not less than twenty-five pounds and not exceeding one hundred pounds, and for a third or subsequent offence to a penalty of not less than fifty pounds and not exceeding two hundred pounds.

#### PART III.

#### GENERAL.

10. (1) Any inspector authorised in that behalf by Inspection. the Minister shall have power—

(a) to enter and inspect at all reasonable hours by day or night any premises of any bread manufacturer, bread distributor or bread reseller, for the purpose of ascertaining whether the provisions of this Act and the regulations thereunder are being complied with; 5

(b)

- (b) to require the production of any books, documents and papers referring to the manufacture, distribution and sale of bread and to examine, make copies of or extracts from the same;
- (c) to stop any person engaged in the distribution or delivery of bread and search any vehicle, basket or other means used in connection with such distribution or delivery;
- (d) to interrogate any bread manufacturer, bread distributor or bread reseller and any of their employees with respect to any matter coming within the provisions of this Act or the regulations thereunder.

(2) (a) Every bread manufacturer, bread distributor and bread reseller, their agents or servants, shall furnish the means required by an inspector for an entry, inspection, examination and inquiry, or the exercise of his powers under this Act or the regulations thereunder.

(b) If the admission of an inspector into any premises in the exercise of his powers under this Act or the regulations thereunder is refused or unreasonably delayed, such inspector, if accompanied by a member of the police force, may enter such premises with such assistance as may be deemed requisite.

(c) Every person who wilfully delays or obstructs an inspector in the exercise of any power conferred on him by this Act or the regulations thereunder, or who fails to comply with a requisition of an inspector made under any such power as aforesaid, or to produce any books, documents or papers which he is required to produce or who conceals or prevents any person from appearing before or being examined by an inspector in the execution of his powers shall be guilty of an offence against this Act:

Provided that no person shall be required to answer any question or give any evidence incriminating himself. 2

(3) (a) Every inspector shall be furnished with an authority and on applying for admission to any premises, or exercising any powers conferred on him by this Act or the regulations thereunder, shall, if required, produce such authority to the occupier or person concerned. (b)

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#### Bread Industry.

(b) Every person who forges or counterfeits any such authority or makes use of any forged, counterfeited, or false authority, or personates the inspector named in any such authority, or falsely pretends to be an inspector under this Act, shall be guilty of an offence against this Act.

11. (1) Proceedings for an offence against this Act Proceed. or the regulations thereunder may be taken by any per- ings. son acting with the authority of the Minister.

(2) On a prosecution for any such offence an authority to prosecute purporting to be signed by the Minister shall be evidence of such authority without proof of the Minister's signature.

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(3) All proceedings for offences against this Act or the regulations thereunder may be disposed of summarily before a police or stipendiary magistrate or an industrial magistrate appointed under the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940, as amended by subsequent Acts.

(4) The provisions of the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940, as amended by subsequent Acts, and the regulations thereunder, relating to proceedings before an industrial magistrate and to appeals from an industrial magistrate to the Commission shall apply mutatis mutandis to proceedings before a police or stipendiary magistrate or an industrial magistrate for offences against this Act or the regulations thereunder.

12. (1) The Governor may make regulations not Regulainconsistent with this Act prescribing all matters which tions. by this Act are required or permitted to be prescribed or which are necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to this Act.

(2) The regulations may impose a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds for any breach thereof.

(3) The regulations shall—

- (a) be published in the Gazette;
- (b) take effect from the date of publication or from a later date to be specified in the regulations: and
- (c) be laid before both Houses of Parliament within fourteen sitting days after the publication thereof

thereof if Parliament is in session, and if not, then within fourteen sitting days after the commencement of the next session.

If either House of Parliament passes a resolution of which notice has been given at any time within fifteen sitting days after such regulations have been laid before such House disallowing any regulation or part thereof, such regulation or part shall thereupon cease to have effect.

#### PART IV.

AMENDMENT OF FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACT, 1912, AS AMENDED BY SUBSEQUENT ACTS.

13. (1) The Factories and Shops Act, 1912, as amended by subsequent Acts, is amended by inserting at the end of section one hundred and eighteen the following new subsection:—

(2) This Division of this Part of this Act shall not apply within the County of Cumberland or County of Northumberland or any district to which the Bread Industry Act, 1946, applies—

- (a) to or in respect of any person exercising the trade or calling of a baker, whether an employer of labour or not, or any person employed in such trade or calling, who in such County or in any such district makes or bakes bread for sale;
- (b) to any person being a baker or seller of bread, whether an employer of labour or not, or an employee or person acting for or on behalf of a baker or seller of bread or any contractor for the delivery of bread who delivers by vehicle or other receptacle any bread in such County or in any such district.

(2) The Factories and Shops Act, 1912, as amended by subsequent Acts and by this Act, may be cited as the Factories and Shops Acts, 1912-1946.

Amendment of Act No. 39, 1912, sec. 118. (Application of Division.)

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	Но	OURS FOR BAL	KING.		1 mark 1	and A to Gar		
Times for commencing work.								
Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.		
	4.30 a.m.	5.30 a.m.	5.30 a.m.	5.30 a.m.	4 a.m.			
		4 <b>·</b> 30 a.m.	5 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	5·30 a.m.	4 a.m.			
	4·30 a.m.	<b>5·3</b> 0 a.m.	5 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5·30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Friday night.		
Midnight.	Carry on from Sunday		4·30 a.m.	5.30 a.m.	4 a.m.			
	<b>4.3</b> 0 a.m.	4 a.m.		4·30 a.m.	4 a.m.			
	4.30 a.m.	5 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	4 a.m.		4 a.m.			
	4·30 a.m.	5• <b>3</b> 0 a.m.	5-30 a.m.	4 a.m.	Midnight.	Carry on from Friday night.		
	 Midnight.	Sunday.         Monday.            4·30 a.m.            4·30 a.m.           Midnight.         Carry on from Sunday            4·30 a.m.           Midnight.         Carry on from Sunday            4·30 a.m.	Hours for Bat         Sunday.       Monday.       Tuesday.         Sunday.       4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.          4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.          4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.         Midnight.       Carry on from Sunday           4·30 a.m.       4 a.m.          4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.	HOURS FOR BAKING.         Times for commencial         Sunday.       Monday.       Tuesday.       Wednesday.          4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.          4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.          4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.          4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.         Midnight.       Carry on from Sunday        4·30 a.m.          4·30 a.m.       4 a.m.           4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       4 a.m.	HOURS FOR BAKING.         Times for commencing work.         Sunday.       Monday.       Tuesday.       Wednesday.       Thursday.          4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.          4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.          4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.          4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.         Midnight.       Carry on from Sunday        4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.          4·30 a.m.       4 a.m.        4·30 a.m.          4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       4·30 a.m.	HOURS FOR BAKING.         Times for commencing work.         Sunday.       Monday.       Tuesday.       Wednesday.       Thursday.       Friday.         4.30 a.m.       5.30 a.m.       5.30 a.m.       5.30 a.m.       4 a.m.          4.30 a.m.       5.30 a.m.       4.30 a.m.       4 a.m.          4.30 a.m.       4 a.m.       4.30 a.m.       4 a.m.          4.30 a.m.       5.30 a.m.       4 a.m.       4 a.m.          4.30 a.m.       5.30 a.m.       4 a.m.       4 a.m.          4.30 a.m.       5.30 a.m.       4 a.m.       4 a.m.		

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	Hours F					SCHUDER -		
Times for commencing work.								
Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.		
	4·30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	4 a.m.	10 p.m.	Carry on from Friday night.		
		4•30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	4 a.m.			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4·30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5·30 a.m. and midnight.	Carry on from Thursday.			
			4 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	4. a.m.			
	4·30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	5·30 a.m.	5·30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Friday night.		
		Sunday.         Monday.            4·30 a.m.            4·30 a.m.            4·30 a.m.	Hours For Baking—o         Times         Sunday.       Monday.       Tuesday.          4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.          4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.          4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.          4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.	Sunday.       Monday.       Tuesday.       Wednesday.          4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.           4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.          4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.	Hours for Baking—continued.         Times for commencing work.         Sunday.       Monday.       Tuesday.       Wednesday.       Thursday.          4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       4 a.m.          4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       4 a.m.          4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.	Hours for Baking—continued.         Times for commencing work.         Sunday.       Monday.       Tuesday.       Wednesday.       Thursday.       Friday.          4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       4 a.m.       10 p.m.          4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       4 a.m.       10 p.m.          4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       4 a.m.       4 a.m.          4·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       5·30 a.m.       4 a.m.		

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			Hours Fo	or Baking—co				
Тв	Type of Week.			Times f	or commencing	; work.		
- THOMAS H		Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.
By HENRY TENNANT,	13. In which Tuesday and Wednesday are holidays.	10 p.m.	Carry on from Sunday.		· · · ·····	4-30 a.m.	4 a.m.	
	14. In which Wednesday and Thursday are holidays.		4·30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Monday.			4 a.m.	······
Authority: Government Printer, Sydney,	15. In which Thursday and Friday are holi- days.		4.30 a.m.	5·30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Tuesday.		Midnight.	Carry on from Friday.
r, Sydney,	16. In which Friday and Saturday are holi- days.		4·30 a.m.	5 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	5.30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Wednesday.		
1946.	17. Week in which Sat- urday and the Mon- day in the following week are holidays.		4-30 a.m.	5 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5·30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Thursday.	

SCHEDULE.

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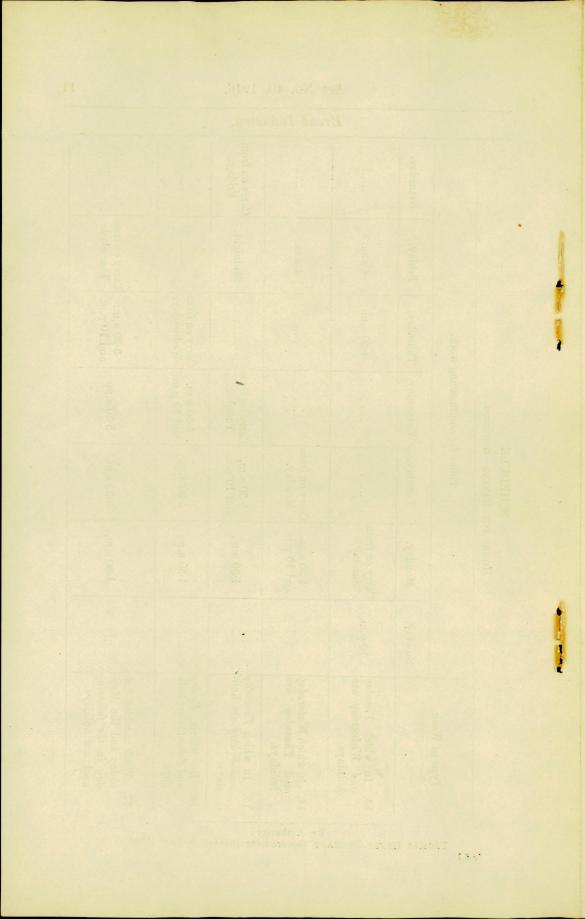
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Bread Industry.

Act No. 40, 1946.



I certify that this PUBLIC BILL, which originated in the LEGIS-LATIVE ASSEMBLY, has finally passed the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL and the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY of NEW SOUTH WALES.

> W. R. McCOURT, Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 8 May, 1946.

# New South Wales.

# ANNO DECIMO GEORGII VI REGIS.

#### Act No. 40, 1946.

An Act to make provision for day baking; to amend the Factories and Shops Act, 1912, and the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940, and certain other Acts in certain respects; and for purposes connected therewith. [Assented to, 21st May, 1946.]

BE.

I have examined this Bill, and find it to correspond in all respects with the Bill as finally passed by both Houses.

> G. BOOTH, Chairman of Committees of the Legislative Assembly.

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and concert of the Line by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :---

#### PART I.

#### PRELIMINARY.

Short title. commence ment and construc tion.

**1.** (1) This Act may be cited as the "Bread Industry Act, 1946."

(2) This Act shall commence upon a day to be appointed by the Governor and notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.

(3) This Act shall be read and construed subject to the Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act, and so as not to exceed the legislative power of the State to the intent that where any provision of this Act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid the remainder of this Act and the application of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected.

Division Parts.

Definitions.

2. This Act is divided into Parts as follows:-

PART I.—PRELIMINARY.

PART II.—DAY BAKING.

PART III.-GENERAL.

PART IV.-AMENDMENT OF FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACT, 1912, AS AMENDED BY SUBSEQUENT ACTS.

SCHEDULE.

3. In this Act unless the context or subject matter otherwise indicates or requires :----

"Bread" includes bread rolls.

"Bread distributor" means a person who sells bread purchased from a bread manufacturer to bread resellers, wholesale users or consumers, but does not include a bread reseller.

"Bread

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- "Bread manufacturer" means a person who carries on the business of manufacturing, preparing or baking bread for sale or who, in carrying on any business, manufactures, prepares or bakes bread for consumption or use in the course of that business.
- "Bread reseller" means a person who sells bread by retail at his place of business, but does not include a person who supplies bread for consumption or use on his premises.
- "Inspector" means inspector within the meaning of the Factories and Shops Act, 1912, as amended by subsequent Acts.
- "Make or bake" in relation to bread does not include any operations connected with the preparation of dough for bread or with the firing of ovens.
- "Prescribed" means prescribed by this Act or the regulations made thereunder.

4. This Act other than Part IV shall apply to the Applica-Counties of Cumberland and Northumberland and to such different di other districts as the Governor may by proclamation published in the Gazette direct.

#### PART II.

#### DAY BAKING.

5. The time or times for commencing work for commencing employees engaged in the making or baking of bread on any day in any week of a type set forth in the Schedule to this Act shall be the time or times for combread. mencing work specified in such Schedule in respect of such day.

6. Any bread manufacturer or employee engaged in Manufacthe making or baking of bread who in the County of ture of bread at Cumberland or County of Northumberland or in any certain other district to which this Act applies makes or bakes times for trade or sale any bread after the hour of six o'clock prohibited.

times of employees engaged in making or baking

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#### Bread Industry.

in the afternoon of any working day and before the time next after such hour fixed by the Schedule to this Act as a time for commencing work for employees engaged in the making or baking of bread shall be guilty of an offence against this Part of this Act.

Exemption.

7. The Minister may in the case of any emergency or unforeseen circumstances exempt any bread manufacturer or employee engaged in the making or baking of bread from the operation of all or any of the provisions of sections five and six of this Act for such period and subject to such conditions as the Minister may determine.

Delivery of bread during certain hours prohibited. 8. (1) Any person being a bread manufacturer, bread distributor or an employee of a bread manufacturer or bread distributor who in the County of Cumberland or County of Northumberland or any other district to which this Act applies delivers, by vehicle or other receptacle, any bread to a purchaser before the time that may be fixed by an award (whether in force at the commencement of this Act or made after such commencement) for the time being in force under the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940, as amended by subsequent Acts, for the commencing of the ordinary hours of work by breadcarters in such County or district or after the time that may be so fixed for the cessation of the ordinary hours of work by breadcarters in such County or district, shall be guilty of an offence against this Part of this Act:

Provided that-

- (a) no such person shall so deliver bread after the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon on a Saturday, not being a treble delivery day, and before the time fixed by any such award for the commencing of the ordinary hours of work by breadcarters in such County or district for the next working day;
- (b) where a Saturday is a treble delivery day no such person shall so deliver bread after the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon and before the time fixed by any such award for the

the commencing of the ordinary hours of work by breadcarters in such County or district for the next working day;

(c) no such person shall so deliver bread after the hour fixed by any such award for the cessation of the ordinary hours of work by breadcarters in such County or district on the working day next preceding any day fixed by that award or by Statute as a holiday and before the time fixed by that award for the commencing of the ordinary hours of work by such breadcarters on the next working day following such holiday.

In this section "treble delivery day" means a day in which three days' bread or more is delivered.

(2) This section shall not apply to or in respect of the delivery of bread to a purchaser on the premises of the bread manufacturer or bread distributor.

9. Any person who commits an offence against this Penalty. Part of this Act shall be liable upon summary conviction for a first offence to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds and for a second offence to a penalty of not less than twenty-five pounds and not exceeding one hundred pounds, and for a third or subsequent offence to a penalty of not less than fifty pounds and not exceeding two hundred pounds.

#### PART III.

#### GENERAL.

10. (1) Any inspector authorised in that behalf by Inspection. the Minister shall have power-

(a) to enter and inspect at all reasonable hours by day or night any premises of any bread manufacturer, bread distributor or bread reseller, for the purpose of ascertaining whether the provisions of this Act and the regulations thereunder are being complied with;

(b)

- (b) to require the production of any books, documents and papers referring to the manufacture, distribution and sale of bread and to examine, make copies of or extracts from the same;
- (c) to stop any person engaged in the distribution or delivery of bread and search any vehicle, basket or other means used in connection with such distribution or delivery;
- (d) to interrogate any bread manufacturer, bread distributor or bread reseller and any of their employees with respect to any matter coming within the provisions of this Act or the regulations thereunder.

(2) (a) Every bread manufacturer, bread distributor and bread reseller, their agents or servants, shall furnish the means required by an inspector for an entry, inspection, examination and inquiry, or the exercise of his powers under this Act or the regulations thereunder.

(b) If the admission of an inspector into any premises in the exercise of his powers under this Act or the regulations thereunder is refused or unreasonably delayed, such inspector, if accompanied by a member of the police force, may enter such premises with such assistance as may be deemed requisite.

(c) Every person who wilfully delays or obstructs an inspector in the exercise of any power conferred on him by this Act or the regulations thereunder, or who fails to comply with a requisition of an inspector made under any such power as aforesaid, orto produce any books, documents or papers which he is required to produce or who conceals or prevents any person from appearing before or being examined by an inspector in the execution of his powers shall be guilty of an offence against this Act:

Provided that no person shall be required to answer any question or give any evidence incriminating himself.

(3) (a) Every inspector shall be furnished with an authority and on applying for admission to any premises, or exercising any powers conferred on him by this Act or the regulations thereunder, shall, if required, produce such authority to the occupier or person concerned. (b) Act No. 40, 1946.

#### Bread Industry.

(b) Every person who forges or counterfeits any such authority or makes use of any forged, counterfeited, or false authority, or personates the inspector named in any such authority, or falsely pretends to be an inspector under this Act, shall be guilty of an offence against this Act.

11. (1) Proceedings for an offence against this Act Proceed. or the regulations thereunder may be taken by any per-ings. son acting with the authority of the Minister.

(2) On a prosecution for any such offence an authority to prosecute purporting to be signed by the Minister shall be evidence of such authority without proof of the Minister's signature.

(3) All proceedings for offences against this Act or the regulations thereunder may be disposed of summarily before a police or stipendiary magistrate or an industrial magistrate appointed under the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940, as amended by subsequent Acts.

(4) The provisions of the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940, as amended by subsequent Acts, and the regulations thereunder, relating to proceedings before an industrial magistrate and to appeals from an industrial magistrate to the Commission shall apply mutatis mutandis to proceedings before a police or stipendiary magistrate or an industrial magistrate for offences against this Act or the regulations thereunder.

12. (1) The Governor may make regulations not Regulainconsistent with this Act prescribing all matters which tions. by this Act are required or permitted to be prescribed or which are necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to this Act.

(2) The regulations may impose a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds for any breach thereof.

- (3) The regulations shall—
- (a) be published in the Gazette:
- (b) take effect from the date of publication or from a later date to be specified in the regulations; and
- (c) be laid before both Houses of Parliament within fourteen sitting days after the publication thereof

thereof if Parliament is in session, and if not, then within fourteen sitting days after the commencement of the next session.

If either House of Parliament passes a resolution of which notice has been given at any time within fifteen sitting days after such regulations have been laid before such House disallowing any regulation or part thereof, such regulation or part shall thereupon cease to have effect.

#### PART IV.

#### AMENDMENT OF FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACT, 1912, AS AMENDED BY SUBSEQUENT ACTS.

Amendment of Act No. 39, 1912, sec. 118. (Application of Division.)

13. (1) The Factories and Shops Act, 1912, as amended by subsequent Acts, is amended by inserting at the end of section one hundred and eighteen the following new subsection:—

(2) This Division of this Part of this Act shall not apply within the County of Cumberland or County of Northumberland or any district to which the Bread Industry Act, 1946, applies—

- (a) to or in respect of any person exercising the trade or calling of a baker, whether an employer of labour or not, or any person employed in such trade or calling, who in such County or in any such district makes or bakes bread for sale;
- (b) to any person being a baker or seller of bread, whether an employer of labour or not, or an employee or person acting for or on behalf of a baker or seller of bread or any contractor for the delivery of bread who delivers by vehicle or other receptacle any bread in such County or in any such district.

SCHEDULE.

(2) The Factories and Shops Act, 1912, as amended by subsequent Acts and by this Act, may be cited as the Factories and Shops Acts, 1912-1946.

		H	SCHEDULE				Secs. 5, 6.			
Type of Week.	Times for commencing work.									
	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.			
1. Ordinary week		4.30 a.m.	5·30 a.m.	5.30 a.m.	5 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	4 a.m.				
2. In which Monday is a holiday.			4·30 a.m.	5 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	5 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	4 a.m.		B	Act	
3. The week previous to this Monday holi- day.		4·30 a.m.	<b>5·3</b> 0 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	5.30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Friday night.	Bread In	NO.	
4. In which <i>Tuesday</i> is a single holiday.	Midnight.	Carry on from Sunday	1. 1997 (1977) 1. 1997 (1977)	4·30 a.m.	5 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	4 a.m.		Industry.	40, 1940.	
5. In which Wednesday is a single holiday.		4.30 a.m.	4 a.m.		4·30 a.m.	<b>4</b> a.m.			to.	
6. In which <i>Thursday</i> is a single holiday.	····.	<b>4·30 a.m</b> .	5 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	4 a.m.		4 a.m.				
7. In which <i>Friday</i> is a single holiday and is not followed by a Monday holiday.		4·30 a.m.	5 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	4 a.m.	Midnight.	Carry on from Friday night.			
	Ar - 100 - 100 - 100 - 1		ARTEN T	1	1211102001211	Ę	CHEDULE.		9	

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Type of Week.	Times for commencing work.									
to a normana	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.			
8. In which Good Friday occurs.		4·30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	4 a.m.	10 p.m.	Carry on from Friday night.			
9. Which follows Eas- ter week-end.	AP 146.99	Contraction of the second s	<b>4.</b> 30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	4 a.m.				
10. In which <i>Saturday</i> is a public holiday.		4·30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5•30 a.m. and midnight.	Carry on from Thursday.				
11. In which Monday and Tuesday are holi- days.		il contra 		4 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	4. a.m.				
12. The week previous to that outlined in 11.		4·30 a.m.	5·30 a.m.	5 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	5 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	5•30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Friday night.			

	S	CHEDULE.
Hours	FOR	BAKING-continued

Act No. 40, 1946.

SCHEDULE.

		HOURS F	or Baking-	ominueu.						
Type of Week.	Times for commencing work.									
	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.			
13. In which <i>Tuesday</i> and <b>Wednesday</b> are holidays.		Carry on from Sunday.			4·30 a.m.	4 a.m.		В		
14. In which Wednesday and Thursday are holidays.		4·30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Monday.			4 a.m.		Bread Indi		
15. In which <i>Thursday</i> and <i>Friday</i> are holi- days.		4·30 a.m.	5·30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Tuesday.		Midnight.	Carry on from Friday.	Industry.		
16. In which <i>Friday</i> and Saturday are holi- days.		4·30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5 <b>·30 a</b> .m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Wednesday.					
17. Week in which Sat- urday and the Mon- day in the following week are holidays.		4•30 a.m.	5• <b>3</b> 0 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5•30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Thursday.				

#### SCHEDULE.

D.

In the name and on behalf of His Majesty I assent to this Act.

F. R. JORDAN, Lieutenant-Governor.

Government House, Sydney, 21st May, 1946.

#### SCHEDGLE :

#### HOURS FOR BARING Communed.

and Friday are holis dars. In which Friday				
<ol> <li>Ju which i) chaesday and Thangday are holidays.</li> </ol>	4-30 a.u. aud 10 p.a.	•	1.00	
In <sup>w</sup> which <i>Twoday</i> w.d. Wednooday are holidays.				

In the name and on behalf of the Prijesty I assert to the Act.

F. R. JORDAN. View report to Present

Yet No. 40, 1940.

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Covernment House

- States

Sydney, 21st May, 1940

This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

> W. R. McCOURT, Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 16 April, 1946.

mence-



New South Wales.

# ANNO DECIMO GEORGII VI REGIS.

### Act No. , 1946.

An Act to make provision for day baking; to amend the Factories and Shops Act, 1912, and the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940, and certain other Acts in certain respects; and for purposes connected therewith.

1937 123—A

BE

**B**<sup>E</sup> it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :--

#### PART I.

#### PRELIMINARY.

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Bread Industry Short title commence-

ment and construction.

Division into

Parts.

10 (2) This Act shall commence upon a day to be tion. appointed by the Governor and notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.

(3) This Act shall be read and construed subject to the Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act, and
15 so as not to exceed the legislative power of the State to the intent that where any provision of this Act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid the remainder of this Act and the application of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall
20 not be affected.

2. This Act is divided into Parts as follows :-

PART II.—DAY BAKING.

I.—PRELIMINARY.

PART III.-GENERAL.

PART

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PART IV.—Amendment of Factories and Shops Act, 1912, as amended by subsequent Acts. SCHEDULE.

3. In this Act unless the context or subject matter Definitions. otherwise indicates or requires :--

30 "Bread" includes bread rolls.

"Bread distributor" means a person who sells bread purchased from a bread manufacturer to bread resellers, wholesale users or consumers, but does not include a bread reseller.

"Bread

"Bread manufacturer" means a person who carries on the business of manufacturing, preparing or baking bread for sale or who, in carrying on any business, manufactures, prepares or bakes bread for consumption or use in the course of that business.

- "Bread reseller" means a person who sells bread by retail at his place of business, but does not include a person who supplies bread for consumption or use on his premises.
- "Inspector" means inspector within the meaning of the Factories and Shops Act, 1912, as amended by subsequent Acts.

"Make or bake" in relation to bread does not include any operations connected with the preparation of dough for bread or with the firing of ovens.

"Prescribed" means prescribed by this Act or the regulations made thereunder.

4. This Act other than Part IV shall apply to the Applica-20 Counties of Cumberland and Northumberland and to such of Act. other districts as the Governor may by proclamation published in the Gazette direct.

#### PART II.

#### DAY BAKING.

5. The time or times for commencing work for commencing 25 employees engaged in the making or baking of bread on any day in any week of a type set forth in the engaged in making or Schedule to this Act shall be the time or times for commencing work specified in such Schedule in respect of 30 such day.

6. Any bread manufacturer or employee engaged in Manufacthe making or baking of bread who in the County of ture of Cumberland or County of Northumberland or in any certain other district to which this Act applies makes or bakes times 35 for trade or sale any bread after the hour of six o'clock prohibited.

times of employees baking bread.

bread at

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, 1946. Act No.

#### Bread Industry.

in the afternoon of any working day and before the time next after such hour fixed by the Schedule to this Act as a time for commencing work for employees engaged in the making or baking of bread shall be guilty of an offence 5 against this Part of this Act.

7. The Minister may in the case of any emergency Exemption. or unforeseen circumstances exempt any bread manufacturer or employee engaged in the making or baking of bread from the operation of all or any of the provi-10 sions of sections five and six of this Act for such period

and subject to such conditions as the Minister may determine.

8. (1) Any person being a bread manufacturer, bread Delivery distributor or an employee of a bread manufacturer or of bread 15 bread distributor who in the County of Cumberland or certain County of Northumberland or any other district to which hours pro-hibited. this Act applies delivers, by vehicle or other receptacle, any bread to a purchaser before the time that may be fixed by an award (whether in force at the commencement

20 of this Act or made after such commencement) for the time being in force under the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940, as amended by subsequent Acts, for the commencing of the ordinary hours of work by breadcarters in such County or district or after the time that may be so

25 fixed for the cessation of the ordinary hours of work by breadcarters in such County or district, shall be guilty of an offence against this Part of this Act:

Provided that—

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(a) no such person shall so deliver bread after the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon on a Saturday, not being a treble delivery day, and before the time fixed by any such award for the commencing of the ordinary hours of work by breadcarters in such County or district for the next working day;

(b) where a Saturday is a treble delivery day no such person shall so deliver bread after the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon and before the time fixed by any such award for the

the commencing of the ordinary hours of work by breadcarters in such County or district for the next working day;

(c) no such person shall so deliver bread after the hour fixed by any such award for the cessation of the ordinary hours of work by breadcarters in such County or district on the working day next preceding any day fixed by that award or by Statute as a holiday and before the time fixed by that award for the commencing of the ordinary hours of work by such breadcarters on the next working day following such holiday.

In this section "treble delivery day" means a day in 15 which three days' bread or more is delivered.

(2) This section shall not apply to or in respect of the delivery of bread to a purchaser on the premises of the bread manufacturer or bread distributor.

9. Any person who commits an offence against this Penalty. 20 Part of this Act shall be liable upon summary conviction for a first offence to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds and for a second offence to a penalty of not less than twenty-five pounds and not exceeding one hundred pounds, and for a third or subsequent offence to a penalty of not less than fifty pounds and not exceeding two 25

hundred pounds.

#### PART III.

#### GENERAL.

10. (1) Any inspector authorised in that behalf by Inspection. 30 the Minister shall have power-

> (a) to enter and inspect at all reasonable hours by day or night any premises of any bread manufacturer, bread distributor or bread reseller, for the purpose of ascertaining whether the provisions of this Act and the regulations thereunder are being complied with;

> > (b)

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- (b) to require the production of any books, documents and papers referring to the manufacture, distribution and sale of bread and to examine, make copies of or extracts from the same;
  (c) to stop any person engaged in the distribution or delivery of bread and search any vehicle, basket or other means used in connection with such distribution or delivery;
  (d) to interrogate any bread manufacturer, bread distributor or bread reseller and any of their employees with respect to any matter coming within the provisions of this Act or the regulations thereunder.
- (2) (a) Every bread manufacturer, bread distri-15 butor and bread reseller, their agents or servants, shall furnish the means required by an inspector for an entry, inspection, examination and inquiry, or the exercise of his powers under this Act or the regulations thereunder.
- (b) If the admission of an inspector into 20 any premises in the exercise of his powers under this Act or the regulations thereunder is refused or unreasonably delayed, such inspector, if accompanied by a member of the police force, may enter such premises with such assistance as may be deemed requisite.
- 25 (c) Every person who wilfully delays or obstructs an inspector in the exercise of any power conferred on him by this Act or the regulations thereunder, or who fails to comply with a requisition of an inspector made under any such power as aforesaid, or
- **30** to produce any books, documents or papers which he is required to produce or who conceals or prevents any person from appearing before or being examined by an inspector in the execution of his powers shall be guilty of an offence against this Act:
- 35 Provided that no person shall be required to answer any question or give any evidence incriminating himself.

(3) (a) Every inspector shall be furnished with an authority and on applying for admission to any premises, or exercising any powers conferred on him by

40 this Act or the regulations thereunder, shall, if required, produce such authority to the occupier or person concerned. (b)

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(b) Every person who forges or counterfeits any such authority or makes use of any forged, counterfeited, or false authority, or personates the inspector named in any such authority, or falsely pretends to be an inspector under this Act, shall be guilty of an offence against this Act.

11. (1) Proceedings for an offence against this Act Proceed.
 or the regulations thereunder may be taken by any person acting with the authority of the Minister.
 10 (2) On a proceeding for a proceeding for

(2) On a prosecution for any such offence an authority to prosecute purporting to be signed by the Minister shall be evidence of such authority without proof of the Minister's signature.

(3) All proceedings for offences against this Act
15 or the regulations thereunder may be disposed of summarily before a police or stipendiary magistrate or an industrial magistrate appointed under the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940, as amended by subsequent Acts.

(4) The provisions of the Industrial Arbitration
20 Act, 1940, as amended by subsequent Acts, and the regulations thereunder, relating to proceedings before an industrial magistrate and to appeals from an industrial magistrate to the Commission shall apply mutatis mutandis to proceedings before a police or stipendiary

25 magistrate or an industrial magistrate for offences against this Act or the regulations thereunder.

12. (1) The Governor may make regulations not Regulainconsistent with this Act prescribing all matters which tions. by this Act are required or permitted to be prescribed

**30** or which are necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to this Act.

(2) The regulations may impose a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds for any breach thereof.

(3) The regulations shall—

(a) be published in the Gazette:

- (b) take effect from the date of publication or from a later date to be specified in the regulations; and
- (c) be laid before both Houses of Parliament within

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fourteen sitting days after the publication thereof Grit

thereof if Parliament is in session, and if not, then within fourteen sitting days after the commencement of the next session.

If either House of Parliament passes a resolution of 5 which notice has been given at any time within fifteen sitting days after such regulations have been laid before such House disallowing any regulation or part thereof, such regulation or part shall thereupon cease to have effect.

#### PART IV.

#### AMENDMENT OF FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACT, 1912, AS AMENDED BY SUBSEQUENT ACTS.

13. (1) The Factories and Shops Act, 1912, as Amendamended by subsequent Acts, is amended by inserting Ment of Act No. 39, 15 at the end of section one hundred and eighteen the follow- 1912, sec. 118. ing new subsection :---

(Applica-

(2) This Division of this Part of this Act shall tion of Division.) not apply within the County of Cumberland or County of Northumberland or any district to which the Bread Industry Act, 1946, applies-

- (a) to or in respect of any person exercising the trade or calling of a baker, whether an employer of labour or not, or any person employed in such trade or calling, who in such County or in any such district makes or bakes bread for sale;
- (b) to any person being a baker or seller of bread, whether an employer of labour or not, or an employee or person acting for or on behalf of a baker or seller of bread or any contractor for the delivery of bread who delivers by vehicle or other receptacle any bread in such County or in any such district.

(2) The Factories and Shops Act, 1912, as 35 amended by subsequent Acts and by this Act, may be cited as the Factories and Shops Acts, 1912-1946.

SCHEDULE.

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		Но	SCHEDULE OURS FOR BAR				Secs. 5, 6.
Type of Week.			Times	for commencin	g work.		
	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.
1. Ordinary week		<b>4.30</b> a.m.	5·30 a.m.	5.30 a.m.	5.30 a.m.	4 a.m.	
2. In which Monday is a holiday.			4·30 a.m.	5·30 a.m.	5.30 a.m.	4 a.m.	
3. The week previous to this Monday holi- day.		4.30 a.m.	<b>5·30</b> a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5•30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Friday night.
4. In which <i>Tuesday</i> is a single holiday.	Midnight.	Carry on from Sunday		4·30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	4 a.m.	
5. In which Wednesday is a single holiday.		4·30 a.m.	4 a.m.		4.30 a.m.	4 a.m.	
6. In which <i>Thursday</i> is a single holiday.		4.30 a.m.	5 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	4 a.m.		4 a.m.	
7. In which <i>Friday</i> is a single holiday and is not followed by a Monday holiday.		4·30 a.m.	5·30 a.m.	5 <b>·</b> 30 a.m.	4 a.m.	Midnight.	Carry on from Friday night.

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45		Hours	SCHEDUL FOR BAKING-	É. continued.				1	
Type of Week.			Times	for <b>co</b> mmenci	ng work.				
	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.		
8. In which Good Friday occurs.		4·30 a.m.	5·30 a.m.	5 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	4 a.m.	10 p.m.	Carry on from Friday night.		E
9. Which follows Eas- ter week-end.			4·30 a.m.	5·30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	4 a.m.		Bread In	Act No.
10. In which <i>Saturday</i> is a public holiday.		4·30 a.m.	5·30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5·30 a.m. and midnight.	Carry on from Thursday.		Industry.	, 1946.
11. In which Monday and Tuesday are holi- days.				4 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	4. a.m.	 		
12. The week previous to that outlined in 11.		4 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	5·30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5•30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Friday night.		
				nement		S	CHEDULE.		10

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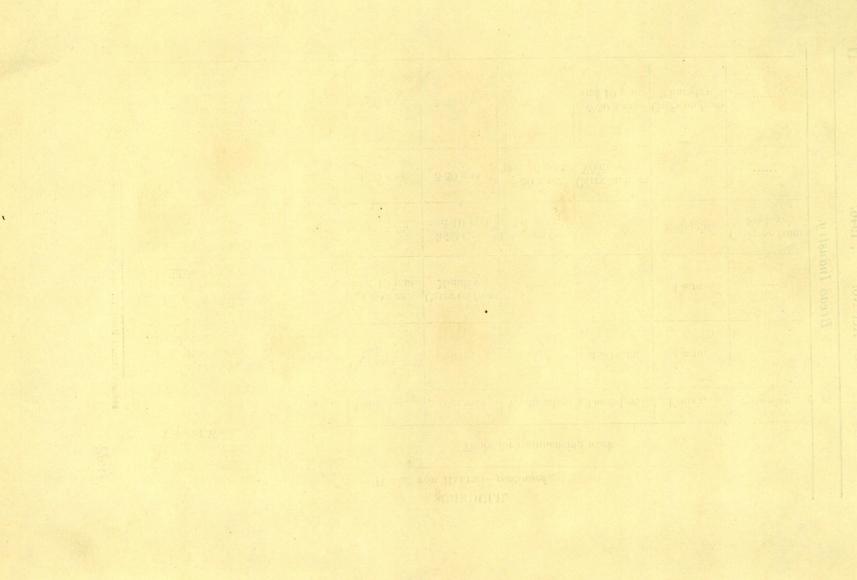
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	Type of Week.		Times for commencing work.								
-		Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.			
1	13. In which <i>Tuesday</i> and <b>Wednesday</b> are holidays.	10 p.m.	Carry on from Sunday.			4·30 a.m.	4 a.m.				
1	4. In which Wednesday and Thursday are holidays.		4.30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Monday.			4 a.m.		DI CGG LIG		
1	5. In which <i>Thursday</i> and <i>Friday</i> are holi- days.		4·30 a.m.	5•30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Tuesday.		Midnight.	Carry on from Friday.	industry.		
1	6. In which Friday and Saturday are holi- days.		4•30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5•30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Wednesday.					
1	7. Week in which Sat- urday and the Mon- day in the following week are holidays.		4·30 a.m.	<b>5·3</b> 0 a.m.	5·30 a.m.	5·30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Thursday.				

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# Act No. , 1946.



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No. , 1946.

# A BILL

To make provision for day baking; to amend the Factories and Shops Act, 1912, and the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940, and certain other Acts in certain respects; and for purposes connected therewith.

[MR. KNIGHT;-15 April, 1946.]

1937 123-A

BE

**D**E it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, B by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of 5 the same, as follows :----

#### PART I.

#### PRELIMINARY.

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Bread Industry short title Act, 1946."

commencement and

(2) This Act shall commence upon a day to be construc-10 appointed by the Governor and notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.

(3) This Act shall be read and construed subject to the Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act, and 15 so as not to exceed the legislative power of the State to the intent that where any provision of this Act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid the remainder of this Act and the application of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall 20 not be affected.

2. This Act is divided into Parts as follows:-

PART I.-PRELIMINARY. Division into Parts.

PART II.—DAY BAKING.

PART III.-GENERAL.

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PART IV .- AMENDMENT OF FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACT, 1912, AS AMENDED BY SUBSEQUENT ACTS. SCHEDULE.

3. In this Act unless the context or subject matter Definitions. 

"Bread" includes bread rolls.

"Bread distributor" means a person who sells bread purchased from a bread manufacturer to bread resellers, wholesale users or consumers, but does not include a bread reseller.

"Bread

"Bread manufacturer" means a person who carries on the business of manufacturing, preparing or baking bread for sale or who, in carrying on any business, manufactures, prepares or bakes bread for consumption or use in the course of that business.

- "Bread reseller" means a person who sells bread by retail at his place of business, but does not include a person who supplies bread for consumption or use on his premises.
- "Inspector" means inspector within the meaning of the Factories and Shops Act, 1912, as amended by subsequent Acts.
- "Make or bake" in relation to bread does not include any operations connected with the preparation of dough for bread or with the firing of ovens.
- "Prescribed" means prescribed by this Act or the regulations made thereunder.

4. This Act other than Part IV shall apply to the Applica-20 Counties of Cumberland and Northumberland and to such tion of Act. other districts as the Governor may by proclamation published in the Gazette direct.

# PART II.

# DAY BAKING.

25 5. The time or times for commencing work for commencing employees engaged in the making or baking of bread on any day in any week of a type set forth in the engaged in Schedule to this Act shall be the time or times for commencing work specified in such Schedule in respect of 30 such day.

6. Any bread manufacturer or employee engaged in Manufacthe making or baking of bread who in the County of ture of bread at Cumberland or County of Northumberland or in any certain other district to which this Act applies makes or bakes times 35 for trade or sale any bread after the hour of six o'clock prohibited.

employees making or baking bread.

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in the afternoon of any working day and before the time next after such hour fixed by the Schedule to this Act as a time for commencing work for employees engaged in the making or baking of bread shall be guilty of an offence 5 against this Part of this Act.

7. The Minister may in the case of any emergency Exemption. or unforeseen circumstances exempt any bread manufacturer or employee engaged in the making or baking of bread from the operation of all or any of the provi-

10 sions of sections five and six of this Act for such period and subject to such conditions as the Minister may determine.

8. (1) Any person being a bread manufacturer, bread Delivery distributor or an employee of a bread manufacturer or of bread 15 bread distributor who in the County of Cumberland or certain County of Northumberland or any other district to which hours prothis Act applies delivers, by vehicle or other receptacle, any bread to a purchaser before the time that may be fixed by an award (whether in force at the commencement

20 of this Act or made after such commencement) for the time being in force under the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940, as amended by subsequent Acts, for the commencing of the ordinary hours of work by breadcarters in such County or district or after the time that may be so

25 fixed for the cessation of the ordinary hours of work by breadcarters in such County or district, shall be guilty of an offence against this Part of this Act:

Provided that-

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(a) no such person shall so deliver bread after the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon on a Saturday, not being a treble delivery day, and before the time fixed by any such award for the commencing of the ordinary hours of work by breadcarters in such County or district for the next working day;

(b) where a Saturday is a treble delivery day no such person shall so deliver bread after the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon and before the time fixed by any such award for the

during hibited.

the commencing of the ordinary hours of work by breadcarters in such County or district for the next working day:

(c) no such person shall so deliver bread after the hour fixed by any such award for the cessation of the ordinary hours of work by breadcarters in such County or district on the working day next preceding any day fixed by that award or by Statute as a holiday and before the time fixed by that award for the commencing of the ordinary hours of work by such breadcarters on the next working day following such holiday.

In this section "treble delivery day" means a day in 15 which three days' bread or more is delivered.

(2) This section shall not apply to or in respect of the delivery of bread to a purchaser on the premises of the bread manufacturer or bread distributor.

(b)

9. Any person who commits an offence against this Penalty. 20 Part of this Act shall be liable upon summary conviction for a first offence to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds and for a second offence to a penalty of not less than twenty-five pounds and not exceeding one hundred pounds, and for a third or subsequent offence to a penalty

25 of not less than fifty pounds and not exceeding two hundred pounds.

# PART III.

#### GENERAL.

10. (1) Any inspector authorised in that behalf by Inspection. 30 the Minister shall have power-

> (a) to enter and inspect at all reasonable hours by day or night any premises of any bread manufacturer, bread distributor or bread reseller, for the purpose of ascertaining whether the provisions of this Act and the regulations thereunder are being complied with;

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- (b) to require the production of any books, documents and papers referring to the manufacture, distribution and sale of bread and to examine, make copies of or extracts from the same;
- (c) to stop any person engaged in the distribution or delivery of bread and search any vehicle, basket or other means used in connection with such distribution or delivery;
- (d) to interrogate any bread manufacturer, bread distributor or bread reseller and any of their employees with respect to any matter coming within the provisions of this Act or the regulations thereunder.
- (2) (a) Every bread manufacturer, bread distri-15 butor and bread reseller, their agents or servants, shall furnish the means required by an inspector for an entry, inspection, examination and inquiry, or the exercise of his powers under this Act or the regulations thereunder.
- (b) If the admission of an inspector into 20 any premises in the exercise of his powers under this Act or the regulations thereunder is refused or unreasonably delayed, such inspector, if accompanied by a member of the police force, may enter such premises with such assistance as may be deemed requisite.
- 25 (c) Every person who wilfully delays or obstructs an inspector in the exercise of any power conferred on him by this Act or the regulations thereunder, or who fails to comply with a requisition of an inspector made under any such power as aforesaid, or
- **30** to produce any books, documents or papers which he is required to produce or who conceals or prevents any person from appearing before or being examined by an inspector in the execution of his powers shall be guilty of an offence against this Act:
- 35 Provided that no person shall be required to answer any question or give any evidence incriminating himself.

(3) (a) Every inspector shall be furnished with an authority and on applying for admission to any premises, or exercising any powers conferred on him by

40 this Act or the regulations thereunder, shall, if required, produce such authority to the occupier or person concerned. (b)

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(b) Every person who forges or counterfeits any such authority or makes use of any forged, counterfeited, or false authority, or personates the inspector named in any such authority, or falsely pretends to be

5 an inspector under this Act, shall be guilty of an offence against this Act.

11. (1) Proceedings for an offence against this Act Proceedor the regulations thereunder may be taken by any person acting with the authority of the Minister.

10 (2) On a prosecution for any such offence an authority to prosecute purporting to be signed by the Minister shall be evidence of such authority without proof of the Minister's signature.

(3) All proceedings for offences against this Act 15 or the regulations thereunder may be disposed of summarily before a police or stipendiary magistrate or an industrial magistrate appointed under the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940, as amended by subsequent Acts.

(4) The provisions of the Industrial Arbitration 20 Act, 1940, as amended by subsequent Acts, and the regulations thereunder, relating to proceedings before an industrial magistrate and to appeals from an industrial magistrate to the Commission shall apply mutatis mutandis to proceedings before a police or stipendiary

25 magistrate or an industrial magistrate for offences against this Act or the regulations thereunder.

12. (1) The Governor may make regulations not Regulainconsistent with this Act prescribing all matters which tions. by this Act are required or permitted to be prescribed

30 or which are necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to this Act.

(2) The regulations may impose a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds for any breach thereof.

(3) The regulations shall—

(a) be published in the Gazette;

- (b) take effect from the date of publication or from a later date to be specified in the regulations; and
- (c) be laid before both Houses of Parliament within
- fourteen sitting days after the publication thereof

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thereof if Parliament is in session, and if not, then within fourteen sitting days after the commencement of the next session.

If either House of Parliament passes a resolution of 5 which notice has been given at any time within fifteen sitting days after such regulations have been laid before such House disallowing any regulation or part thereof, such regulation or part shall thereupon cease to have effect.

# PART IV.

# AMENDMENT OF FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACT, 1912, AS AMENDED BY SUBSEQUENT ACTS.

13. (1) The Factories and Shops Act, 1912, as Amendamended by subsequent Acts, is amended by inserting Act No. 39, 15 at the end of section one hundred and eighteen the follow- 1912, sec. ing new subsection :---

(Applica-

(2) This Division of this Part of this Act shall tion of not apply within the County of Cumberland or Division.) County of Northumberland or any district to which the Bread Industry Act, 1946, applies-

(a) to or in respect of any person exercising

- the trade or calling of a baker, whether an employer of labour or not, or any person employed in such trade or calling, who in such County or in any such district makes or bakes bread for sale;
- (b) to any person being a baker or seller of bread, whether an employer of labour or not, or an employee or person acting for or on behalf of a baker or seller of bread or any contractor for the delivery of bread who delivers by vehicle or other receptacle any bread in such County or in any such district.

(2) The Factories and Shops Act, 1912, as 35 amended by subsequent Acts and by this Act, may be cited as the Factories and Shops Acts, 1912-1946.

SCHEDULE.

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			SCHEDULE	B.		40	See. 5, 6.	
a phi on man in 11		Ho	URS FOR BAI	KING.		The brain in	auguranay.	
Type of Week.			Times	for commencin	g work.	Straw 2 dr.		
and Taraday and hull-	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	
. Ordinary week		4.30 a.m.	5·30 a.m.	5.30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	4 a.m.		
. In which Monday is a holiday.		130 7 50	4·30 a.m.	5 <b>·30 a</b> .m.	5 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	4 a.m.	· · · · · ·	Br
. The week previous to this Monday holi- day.		4·30 a.m.	<b>5·3</b> 0 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	5.30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Friday night.	Bread Ind
. In which <i>Tuesday</i> is a single holiday.	Midnight.	Carry on from Sunday		4·30 a.m.	5·30 a.m.	4 a.m.		Industry.
. In which Wednesday is a single holiday.		4·30 a.m.	4 a.m.		<b>4·30</b> a.m.	4 a.m.		
. In which <i>Thursday</i> is a single holiday.		4.30 a.m.	5 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	4 a.m.		4 a.m.		
In which <i>Friday</i> is a single holiday and is not followed by a Monday holiday.		<b>4·3</b> 0 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5·30 a.m.	4 a.m.	Midnight.	Carry on from Friday night.	
a single holiday and is not followed by a		4·30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	4 a.m.	Midnight.		

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		Hours	SCHEDUL.						0
Type of Week.			Times	for commenci	ng work.				
	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.		
8. In which Good Friday occurs.	<u></u>	4·30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	4 a.m.	10 p.m.	Carry on from Friday night.		
9. Which follows Eas- ter week-end.			4·30 a.m.	5·30 a.m.	5·30 a.m.	4 a.m.		Bread In	Act No.
10. In which Saturday is a public holiday.		4-30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5-30 a.m. and midnight.	l Carry on from Thursday.		Industry.	, 1946.
11. In which Monday and Tuesday are holi- days.				4·30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	4. a.m.			
12. The week previous to that outlined in 11.		4•30 a.m.	5·30 a.m.	5·30 a.m.	5·30 a.m.	5·30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Friday night.		
			(BEDD)	-		S	CHEDULE.		10

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Type of Week.	Times for commencing work.								
	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.		
13. In which <i>Tuesday</i> and <i>Wednesday</i> are holidays.	10 p.m.	Carry on from Sunday.			4·30 a.m.	4 a.m.			
14. In which Wednesday and Thursday are holidays.		4.30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Monday.			4 a.m.		Bread Ina	
15. In which Thursday and Friday are holi- days.		4·30 a.m.	5•30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Tuesday.		Midnight.	Carry on from Friday.	Industry.	
16. In which Friday and Saturday are holi- days.		4·30 a.m.	5·30 a.m.	5:30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Wednesday.				
17. Week in which Sat- urday and the Mon- day in the following week are holidays.	·	4·30 a.m.	5•3 <b>0 a.</b> m.	5·30 a.m.	5•30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Thursday.			

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SCHEDULE. DUES FOR BERING Communed

Traits for commencing work.

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# Bread Industry Bill, 1946.

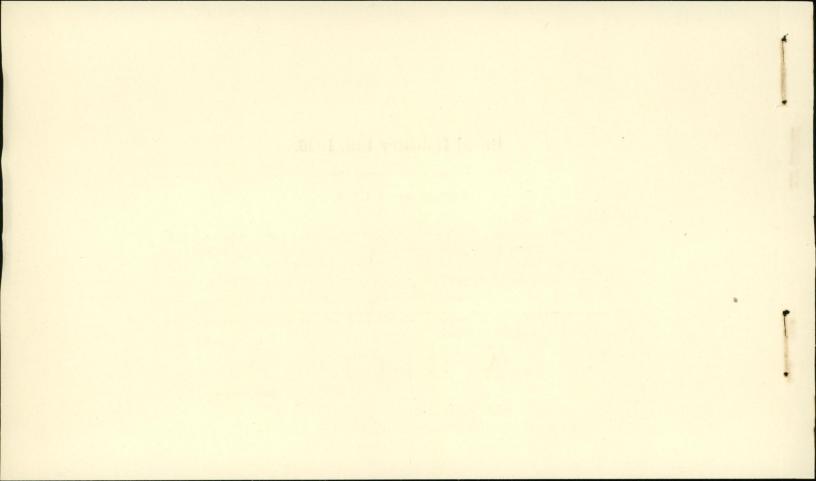
#### **EXPLANATORY NOTE.**

THE objects of this Bill are-

- (a) to provide for day baking by fixing the times for commencing work by employees engaged in making or baking bread and prohibiting the making or baking of bread between 6 p.m. and such commencing times;
- (b) to prohibit the delivery of bread outside award hours fixed for breadcarters;
- (c) to make other provisions of a machinery and administrative character.

The Bill applies to the Counties of Cumberland and Northumberland and other districts proclaimed by the Governor.

1937 123-



PROOF

No. , 1946.

# A BILL

To make provision for day baking; to amend the Factories and Shops Act, 1912, and the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940, and certain other Acts in certain respects; and for purposes connected therewith.

[Mr. Knight;-15 April, 1946.]

1937 123—A

B<sup>E</sup> it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legistative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :--

#### PART I.

# PRELIMINARY.

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Bread Industry Short title, Act, 1946."

commencement and construc-

10 (2) This Act shall commence upon a day to be construcappointed by the Governor and notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.

(3) This Act shall be read and construed subject to the Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act, and
15 so as not to exceed the legislative power of the State to the intent that where any provision of this Act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid the remainder of this Act and the application of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall
20 not be affected.

# 2. This Act is divided into Parts as follows :-

Division into Parts.

PART II.-DAY BAKING.

I.—PRELIMINARY.

PART III.-GENERAL.

PART

25 PART IV.—AMENDMENT OF FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACT, 1912, AS AMENDED BY SUBSEQUENT ACTS. SCHEDULE.

3. In this Act unless the context or subject matter Definitions. otherwise indicates or requires :---

**30** "Bread" includes bread rolls.

"Bread distributor" means a person who sells bread purchased from a bread manufacturer to bread resellers, wholesale users or consumers, but does not include a bread reseller.

"Bread

- "Bread manufacturer" means a person who carries on the business of manufacturing, preparing or baking bread for sale or who, in carrying on any business, manufactures, prepares or bakes bread for consumption or use in the course of that business.
- "Bread reseller" means a person who sells bread by retail at his place of business, but does not include a person who supplies bread for consumption or use on his premises.
- "Inspector" means inspector within the meaning of the Factories and Shops Act, 1912, as amended by subsequent Acts.
- "Make or bake" in relation to bread does not include any operations connected with the preparation of dough for bread or with the firing of ovens.
- "Prescribed" means prescribed by this Act or the regulations made thereunder.
- 4. This Act other than Part IV shall apply to the Applica-20 Counties of Cumberland and Northumberland and to such tion of Act. other districts as the Governor may by proclamation published in the Gazette direct.

# PART II.

#### DAY BAKING.

25 5. The time or times for commencing work for commencing employees engaged in the making or baking of bread on any day in any week of a type set forth in the Schedule to this Act shall be the time or times for commencing work specified in such Schedule in respect of 30 such day.

6. Any bread manufacturer or employee engaged in Manufacthe making or baking of bread who in the County of ture of Cumberland or County of Northumberland or in any certain other district to which this Act applies makes or bakes times 35 for trade or sale any bread after the hour of six o'clock

times of employees engaged in making or baking bread.

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in the afternoon of any working day and before the time next after such hour fixed by the Schedule to this Act as a time for commencing work for employees engaged in the making or baking of bread shall be guilty of an offence 5 against this Part of this Act.

7. The Minister may in the case of any emergency Exemption. or unforeseen circumstances exempt any bread manufacturer or employee engaged in the making or baking of bread from the operation of all or any of the provi-

10 sions of sections five and six of this Act for such period and subject to such conditions as the Minister may determine.

8. (1) Any person being a bread manufacturer, bread Delivery distributor or an employee of a bread manufacturer or of bread 15 bread distributor who in the County of Cumberland or certain County of Northumberland or any other district to which hours pro-hibited. this Act applies delivers, by vehicle or other receptacle, any bread to a purchaser before the time that may be

fixed by an award (whether in force at the commencement 20 of this Act or made after such commencement) for the

- time being in force under the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940, as amended by subsequent Acts, for the commencing of the ordinary hours of work by breadcarters in such County or district or after the time that may be so
- 25 fixed for the cessation of the ordinary hours of work by breadcarters in such County or district, shall be guilty of an offence against this Part of this Act:

Provided that—

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(a) no such person shall so deliver bread after the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon on a Saturday, not being a treble delivery day, and before the time fixed by any such award for the commencing of the ordinary hours of work by breadcarters in such County or district for the next working day;

(b) where a Saturday is a treble delivery day no such person shall so deliver bread after the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon and before the time fixed by any such award for the

the commencing of the ordinary hours of work by breadcarters in such County or district for the next working day;

(c) no such person shall so deliver bread after the hour fixed by any such award for the cessation of the ordinary hours of work by breadcarters in such County or district on the working day next preceding any day fixed by that award or by Statute as a holiday and before the time fixed by that award for the commencing of the ordinary hours of work by such breadcarters on the next working day following such holiday.

In this section "treble delivery day" means a day in 15 which three days' bread or more is delivered.

(2) This section shall not apply to or in respect of the delivery of bread to a purchaser on the premises of the bread manufacturer or bread distributor.

9. Any person who commits an offence against this Penalty. 20 Part of this Act shall be liable upon summary conviction for a first offence to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds and for a second offence to a penalty of not less than twenty-five pounds and not exceeding one hundred pounds, and for a third or subsequent offence to a penalty

25 of not less than fifty pounds and not exceeding two hundred pounds.

# PART III.

#### GENERAL.

10. (1) Any inspector authorised in that behalf by Inspection. 30 the Minister shall have power-

> (a) to enter and inspect at all reasonable hours by day or night any premises of any bread manufacturer, bread distributor or bread reseller, for the purpose of ascertaining whether the provisions of this Act and the regulations thereunder are being complied with;

> > (b)

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- (b) to require the production of any books, documents and papers referring to the manufacture, distribution and sale of bread and to examine, make copies of or extracts from the same;
- (c) to stop any person engaged in the distribution or delivery of bread and search any vehicle, basket or other means used in connection with such distribution or delivery;
- (d) to interrogate any bread manufacturer, bread distributor or bread reseller and any of their employees with respect to any matter coming within the provisions of this Act or the regulations thereunder.
- (2) (a) Every bread manufacturer, bread distri-15 butor and bread reseller, their agents or servants, shall furnish the means required by an inspector for an entry, inspection, examination and inquiry, or the exercise of his powers under this Act or the regulations thereunder.

(b) If the admission of an inspector into

- 20 any premises in the exercise of his powers under this Act or the regulations thereunder is refused or unreasonably delayed, such inspector, if accompanied by a member of the police force, may enter such premises with such assistance as may be deemed requisite.
- 25 (c) Every person who wilfully delays or obstructs an inspector in the exercise of any power conferred on him by this Act or the regulations thereunder, or who fails to comply with a requisition of an inspector made under any such power as aforesaid, or
- **30** to produce any books, documents or papers which he is required to produce or who conceals or prevents any person from appearing before or being examined by an inspector in the execution of his powers shall be guilty of an offence against this Act:
- 35 Provided that no person shall be required to answer any question or give any evidence incriminating himself.

(3) (a) Every inspector shall be furnished with an authority and on applying for admission to any premises, or exercising any powers conferred on him by

40 this Act or the regulations thereunder, shall, if required, produce such authority to the occupier or person concerned. (b)

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(b) Every person who forges or counterfeits any such authority or makes use of any forged, counterfeited, or false authority, or personates the inspector named in any such authority, or falsely pretends to be

5 an inspector under this Act, shall be guilty of an offence against this Act.

11. (1) Proceedings for an offence against this Act Proceed. or the regulations thereunder may be taken by any person acting with the authority of the Minister.

- 10 (2) On a prosecution for any such offence an authority to prosecute purporting to be signed by the Minister shall be evidence of such authority without proof of the Minister's signature.
- (3) All proceedings for offences against this Act 15 or the regulations thereunder may be disposed of summarily before a police or stipendiary magistrate or an industrial magistrate appointed under the Industrial Arbitration Act. 1940, as amended by subsequent Acts.

(4) The provisions of the Industrial Arbitration 20 Act, 1940, as amended by subsequent Acts, and the regulations thereunder, relating to proceedings before an industrial magistrate and to appeals from an industrial magistrate to the Commission shall apply mutatis mutandis to proceedings before a police or stipendiary

25 magistrate or an industrial magistrate for offences against this Act or the regulations thereunder.

12. (1) The Governor may make regulations not Regulainconsistent with this Act prescribing all matters which tions. by this Act are required or permitted to be prescribed

30 or which are necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to this Act.

(2) The regulations may impose a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds for any breach thereof.

(3) The regulations shall—

35 (a) be published in the Gazette;

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- (b) take effect from the date of publication or from a later date to be specified in the regulations; and
- (c) be laid before both Houses of Parliament within

fourteen sitting days after the publication thereof

thereof if Parliament is in session, and if not, then within fourteen sitting days after the commencement of the next session.

If either House of Parliament passes a resolution of 5 which notice has been given at any time within fifteen sitting days after such regulations have been laid before such House disallowing any regulation or part thereof, such regulation or part shall thereupon cease to have effect.

# PART IV.

# AMENDMENT OF FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACT. 1912, AS AMENDED BY SUBSEQUENT ACTS.

13. (1) The Factories and Shops Act, 1912, as Amendamended by subsequent Acts, is amended by inserting Act No. 39, 15 at the end of section one hundred and eighteen the follow- 1912, sec. 118. ing new subsection :---(Applica-

(2) This Division of this Part of this Act shall tion of Division.) not apply within the County of Cumberland or County of Northumberland or any district to which the Bread Industry Act, 1946, applies—

- (a) to or in respect of any person exercising the trade or calling of a baker, whether an employer of labour or not, or any person employed in such trade or calling, who in such County or in any such district makes or bakes bread for sale;
- (b) to any person being a baker or seller of bread, whether an employer of labour or not, or an employee or person acting for or on behalf of a baker or seller of bread or any contractor for the delivery of bread who delivers by vehicle or other receptacle any bread in such County or in any such district.

(2) The Factories and Shops Act, 1912, as 35 amended by subsequent Acts and by this Act, may be cited as the Factories and Shops Acts, 1912-1946.

SCHEDULE.

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			т:						
Type of Week.		Times for commencing work.							
	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.		
1. Ordinary week		4·30 a.m.	5.30 a.m.	5.30 a.m.	5.30 a.m.	4 a.m.		1	
2. In which Monday is a holiday.			4 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	5 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	5.30 a.m.	4 a.m.		Б	
3. The week previous to this Monday holi- day.		4·30 a.m.	<b>5·3</b> 0 a.m.	5 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5.30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Friday night.	bread In	
4. In which <i>Tuesday</i> is a single holiday.	Midnight.	Carry on from Sunday		4·30 a.m.	5 <b>·</b> 30 a.m.	4 a.m.		Industry.	
5. In which Wednesday is a single holiday.		4.30 a.m.	4 a.m.		<b>4·3</b> 0 a.m.	4 a.m.		y.	
6. In which <i>Thursday</i> is a single holiday.		4.30 a.m.	5 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	4 a.m.		4 a.m.			
7. In which <i>Friday</i> is a single holiday and is not followed by a Monday holiday.		4·30 a.m.	5·30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	4 a.m.	Midnight.	Carry on from Friday night.		

Type of Week.			Times	for commencir	ng work.			
	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	
8. In which Good Friday occurs.		4 <b>·3</b> 0 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	4 a.m.	10 p.m.	Carry on from Friday night.	
9. Which follows Eas- ter week-end.			4·30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5·30 a.m.	4 a.m.		Bread In
10. In which <i>Saturday</i> is a public holiday.		4·30 a.m.	<mark>5∙3</mark> 0 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5·30 a.m. and midnight.	Carry on from Thursday.		Industry.
11. In which Monday and Tuesday are holi- days.				<b>4·3</b> 0 a.m.	5·30 a.m.	4. a.m.		
12. The week previous to that outlined in 11.		4•30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5·30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Friday night.	

Type of Week.	Times for commencing work.								
		Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	
13	. In which <i>Tuesday</i> and <b>Wednesday</b> are holidays.	10 p.m.	Carry on from Sunday.	······		4·30 a.m.	4 a.m.		Б
14.	In which Wednesday and Thursday are holidays.		4·30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Monday.			4 a.m.		Bread Ind
15.	In which Thursday and Friday are holi- days.		4·30 a.m.	5·30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Tuesday.		Midnight.	Carry on from Friday.	Industry.
16.	In which Friday and Saturday are holi- days.		4·30 a.m.	5•30 a.m.	5·30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Wednesday.			
17.	Week in which Sat- urday and the Mon- day in the following week are holidays.		4·30 a.m.	5 <b>·30 a.</b> m.	5·30 a.m.	5•30 a.m. and 10 p.m.	Carry on from Thursday.		

SCHEDULE. HOURS FOR BAKING continued

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