New South Wales.



ANNO OCTAVO

GEORGII VI REGIS.

Act No. 15, 1944.

An Act to provide for the constitution of a Crown Employees Appeal Board and to define its powers, authorities, duties and functions; to confer on such Board jurisdiction to hear and determine certain appeals by certain employees of the Crown; to amend the Police Regulation (Appeals) Act, 1923, as amended by subsequent Acts; and for purposes connected therewith. [Assented to, 20th April, 1944.]

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

PART I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Crown Stort title Employees Appeal Board Act, 1944."

Stort title and division into (2) Parts.

N. 265

(2) This Act is divided into Parts as follows:—PART I.—PRELIMINARY—ss. 1, 2.

PART II.—Crown Employees Appeal Board—ss. 3-8.

PART III.—APPEALS—SS. 9-13.

PART IV.—REGULATIONS—s. 14.

PART V.—AMENDMENT OF POLICE REGULATION (APPEALS) ACT, 1923—s. 15.

SCHEDULES.

Interpreta-

2. (1) In this Act, unless the context or subject matter otherwise indicates or requires—

"Association of employees" means any association which is registered as an industrial union of employees under the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940-1943, and the name of which appears in the First Schedule to this Act or which is added to such Schedule in pursuance of this Act.

"Board" means the Crown Employees Appeal Board constituted under this Act.

"Chairman" means the chairman of the Board.

"Employer" means an employing authority in whose service an officer is employed and, in relation to officers of the classes referred to in paragraphs (a), (b) and (e) of the definition of "Officer," means the Public Service Board.

"Employing authority" means any person whose name appears in the Second Schedule to this Act or is added to such Schedule in pursuance of this Act.

"Officer" means any person-

(a) who is an officer within the meaning of the Public Service Act;

(b) who, being an employee within the meaning of the Public Service Act, has been continuously employed as such an employee for a period of not less than one year;

(c) who is a member of the police force within the meaning of the Police Regu-

lation Act. 1899-1943:

- (d) who is permanently employed in the service of an employing authority;
- (e) who is employed (otherwise than permanently) in the service of an employing authority and who has been continuously employed in the service of that employing authority for a period of not less than one year;
- (f) who is employed (otherwise than in any of the capacities referred to in paragraphs (a) to (e), both inclusive, of this definition, or as an officer or employee of the Department of Railways or of the Department of Road Transport and Tramways or as an officer of either House of Parliament or as a person employed in either of the Departments of the Legislature under the separate control of the President or Speaker or under their joint control) in the service of the Crown by any person other than the Public Service Board or an employing authority and who has been continuously so employed for a period of not less than one year;

but a person who, by the terms of his employment, is employed only during the absence on leave of an officer, shall not, by reason only of paragraph (b) or paragraph (e) or paragraph (f) of this definition, be deemed to be an officer.

- "Prescribed" means prescribed by this Act or by the regulations.
- "Public Service Act" means the Public Service Act, 1902, as amended by subsequent Acts.
- "Public Service Board" means the Public Service Board constituted under the Public Service Act.
- "Regulations" means regulations made under this Act.
- "Secretary" means the secretary to the Board.

- (2) (a) If any industrial union of employees registered under the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940-1943, satisfies the Governor that of the members of such union a substantial number are officers within the meaning of this Act, the Governor may amend the First Schedule to this Act by inserting therein the name of such union.
- (b) If the registration of any association as an industrial union of employees is cancelled by the Industrial Commission of New South Wales the Governor may amend the First Schedule to this Act by omitting therefrom the name of such association.
- (c) The Governor may amend the Second Schedule to this Act by inserting therein the name of any person who, under the authority of any Act, employs persons on behalf of the Crown.
- (d) The Schedules as so amended shall be the Schedules to this Act.

PART II.

CROWN EMPLOYEES APPEAL BOARD.

The Board.

3. (1) There shall be a Crown Employees Appeal Board, which shall have and may exercise and discharge the powers, authorities, duties and functions conferred and imposed upon the Board by or under this Act.

(2) The Board shall consist of a chairman and members nominated as provided in this Act.

(3) At sittings of the Board three members shall be present, of whom—

(a) one shall be the chairman;

(b) one shall be an employers' representative; and

(c) one shall be an officers' representative.

(4) Sittings of the Board shall be arranged by the chairman.

In arranging such sittings the chairman shall, as far as practicable, ensure that the employers' representative is the member or alternate member nominated by the employer in whose service the appellant is employed, and the officers' representative is the member or alternate member nominated by the association of employees of which the appellant is a member or of an association of employees of which he is eligible for membership.

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Crown Employees Appeal Board.

- (5) At sittings of the Board each member (including the chairman) shall have one vote and the decision of the majority in number of the members shall be the decision of the Board.
- (6) Each member of the Board, other than the chairman, and each alternate member shall be entitled to receive such fees and allowances as may be prescribed.

Any such member or alternate member shall, notwithstanding the provisions of any Act or of any rule or regulation made under any Act, be entitled to receive remuneration under this section, in addition to any remuneration to which he is otherwise entitled.

- 4. (1) The chairman shall be appointed by the Chairman. Governor and shall be—
 - (a) a judge of the Supreme Court who shall be so appointed on the nomination of the Chief Justice; or
 - (b) a member of the Industrial Commission of New South Wales who shall be so appointed on the nomination of the President of that Commission; or
 - (c) a person who is eligible for appointment as a judge of the Supreme Court or as a member of the Industrial Commission of New South Wales.
- (2) (a) Where the person appointed chairman holds the qualification referred to in paragraph (a) of subsection one of this section he shall retain his office as a judge of the Supreme Court, and any period during which he serves as chairman shall be computed as part of his service as such judge for the purposes of section twelve of the Supreme Court and Circuit Courts Act, 1900-1941.
- (b) Where the person appointed chairman holds the qualification referred to in paragraph (b) of subsection one of this section he shall retain his office as a member of the Industrial Commission of New South Wales, and any period during which he serves as chairman shall be computed as part of his service as such member for the purposes of section fourteen of the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940-1943.

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(c) Where the person appointed chairman holds the qualification referred to in paragraph (c) of subsection one of this section the following provisions shall have effect:—

(i) On appointment the chairman shall take the oath of allegiance and the judicial oath.

This paragraph extends to any such person appointed to act temporarily as chairman.

(ii) The chairman shall, subject to this paragraph, hold office during good behaviour, shall have the same rank, title, status and precedence and the same salary, pension and other rights as a puisne judge of the Supreme Court, and shall be removable from office in the same manner only as a judge of the Supreme Court is by law liable to be removed from his office.

(iii) Such salary and pension shall be paid out of

moneys provided by Parliament.

(iv) The chairman shall retire on the day upon which he attains the age of seventy years, unless he is granted retiring leave, in which case he shall retire on the expiration of such leave.

- (v) The chairman shall not be capable of accepting or holding any other office or any other place of profit within the State except any such judicial office as may be conferred upon him by or under any law of the State.
- (3) If the chairman is prevented by any cause from attending to his duties as such the Governor may appoint some person qualified to be appointed as chairman to act temporarily as chairman, and such person, while so acting, shall have all the powers of the chairman.
- 5. (1) The members of the Board who are employers' representatives shall be the members nominated by the employers and the members of the Board who are the officers' representatives shall be the members nominated by the associations of employees.
- (2) Each employer and each association of employees shall nominate one member of the Board and one alternate member.

Employers' representatives and officers' representatives.

During the absence from any cause of a member so nominated or during any vacancy in the office of any such member the alternate member may act as a member of the Board, and while so acting shall have all the powers and authorities of a member.

- (3) Every such nomination shall be in or to the effect of the prescribed form and shall be lodged with the secretary together with the following documents, namely:—
 - (a) a written statement signed by the person nominated and signifying his consent to such nomination;
 - (b) the oath or affirmation referred to in subsection four of this section sworn or made by the person nominated.

No such nomination shall take effect unless and until it and the documents referred to in this subsection have been so lodged.

- (4) Every person nominated as a member or alternate member under this section shall, before assuming office, take an oath or make an affirmation in the prescribed form that he will faithfully and impartially discharge the duties of his office.
- (5) (a) A person nominated by the Public Service Board under this section shall be either a member of the Public Service Board or an officer.
- (b) A person nominated by any employing authority shall be either an officer, or—
 - (i) where the employing authority is a corporate body, a member of the corporate body; or
 - (ii) where the employing authority is a corporation sole or an individual, the person constituting the corporation sole or the individual.
- (c) A person nominated under this section by an association of employees shall be an officer.

tives.

- 6. (1) (a) The first nomination of members and employers' alternate members shall be lodged within one month representa- after the commencement of this Act.
- tives and edd lie even (b) The persons so nominated shall assume office on the dates upon which their respective nominations take effect and, subject to this Act, shall hold office until the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred and forty-seven.
 - (2) (a) Subsequent nominations of members and alternate members shall be lodged in the month of November in the year one thousand nine hundred and forty-seven and in each third year thereafter.
 - (b) The persons so nominated shall assume office on the first day of January next following the date of lodgment of the nomination and shall, subject to this Act, hold office for a period of three years.
 - (3) (a) A nomination to fill a casual vacancy in the office of a member or alternate member shall be lodged within one month after the occurrence of the vacancy.
 - To radman (b) The person so nominated shall assume office on the date upon which his nomination takes effect and, subject to this Act, shall hold office for the balance of his predecessor's term of office.
 - (4) If no nomination or no effective nomination of a member or alternate member is, within the prescribed time, lodged by an employer who is required by this Act to lodge such nomination, the Governor may appoint any person eligible for nomination by such employer to be a member or alternate member.

The member or alternate member so appointed shall, for all purposes of this Act, be deemed to have been onominated by such employer, and shall be an employers' representative.

going (5) If no nomination or no effective nomination of a member or alternate member is, within the prescribed time, lodged by an association of employees which is required by this Act to lodge such nomination, the Governor may appoint an officer to be a member or alternate member.

The member or alternate member so appointed shall, for all purposes of this Act, be deemed to have been nominated by such association of employees, and shall be an officers' representative.

7. (1) A member of the Board (other than the chair- Casual man) or an alternate member shall be deemed to have vacancies. vacated his office if-

- (a) he becomes bankrupt, compounds with his creditors or makes an assignment of his estate for their benefit; or
- (b) he becomes an insane person or patient or an incapable person within the meaning of the Lunacy Act of 1898; or
- (c) he is convicted in New South Wales of a felony or of a misdemeanour which is punishable by imprisonment for twelve months or upwards, or is convicted elsewhere than in New South Wales of an offence which, if committed in New South Wales, would be a felony or a misdemeanour which is punishable as aforesaid; or
- (d) he resigns his office by writing under his hand addressed to the secretary; or
- (e) he dies; or
- (f) he ceases to be an officer or, as the case may be, to hold the office by virtue of which he was nominated as member or alternate member; or
- (g) he is removed from office by the Governor.
- (2) A member of the Board (other than the chairman) or an alternate member may be removed from office by the Governor if, without just cause, he neglects or refuses to sit as a member of the Board at any sitting at which he is required, by notice given pursuant to this Act, to attend as an employers' representative or an officers' representative as the case may be.
- 8. (1) The Governor may appoint and employ a secre- secretary tary and such other officers and employees as may be and necessary for the execution of this Act.

(2) It shall be the duty of the secretary to convene all sittings of the Board and to keep a record of all proceedings and decisions of the Board.

PART III.

APPEALS.

Commencement of Part III. 9. This Part shall commence upon a day to be appointed by the Governor and notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.

Appeals to Board. 10. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other Act, an officer, deeming himself to be adversely affected by any decision or determination of the nature referred to in this subsection made after the commencement of this Part by the employer or other the person in whose service he is employed, may appeal to the Board against such decision or determination.

The decisions and determinations in respect of which an appeal to the Board shall lie under this Act shall be any decision or determination—

- (a) for the promotion or appointment to any permanent office of an officer other than the officer who, according to the rules governing promotion in the service in which those officers are employed, is next in seniority for the promotion or appointment;
- (b) for the reduction in rank, position, grade or pay of the officer;
- (c) for the dismissal of the officer;
- (d) for the imposition of a fine or forfeiture of pay in respect of any offence of which the officer is held to be guilty;
- (e) requiring the officer to resign:

Provided that no appeal shall lie from any decision or determination of the nature referred to in paragraph (a) of this subsection—

(i) where the salary attached to the office to be filled exceeds one thousand pounds per annum; or

(ii) where the office to be filled has been declared, pursuant to the Public Service Act, 1902, as amended by subsequent Acts, to be in the Special Division:

Provided further that an appeal from any decision or determination for the dismissal of an officer shall not be allowed where the Board is satisfied that the volume of work of the employer had diminished, and that as a consequence of such diminution a reduction of staff had become necessary, and that the particular dismissal was made only for the purpose of reducing the staff and was not made for any disciplinary or punitive purpose.

(2) Notice in writing of any decision or determination of the nature referred to in subsection one of this section shall be served on the officer or each of the officers affected thereby as soon as practicable after the decision or determination is made:

Provided that where the employer or other the person in whose service any such officer is employed is unable to effect service of such notice within a period of fourteen days after the decision or determination was made, such employer or person may apply to the chairman for directions; and upon such application the chairman may give directions as to the manner of serving such notice or may dispense with service of the notice.

(3) A decision or determination of the nature referred to in subsection one of this section shall not be carried into effect until the expiration of the time for lodging an appeal under this Act, and, if an appeal is lodged within that time, shall not be carried into effect until the appeal is determined:

Provided that where the chairman has, under subsection two of this section, dispensed with service of the notice, any such decision or determination may be carried into effect at any time thereafter.

Where a decision or determination is made by the employer or other the person in whose service an officer is employed for the dismissal of the officer, such officer shall not, unless the Board so determines on an appeal

under

under this Act, be entitled to any salary, wages or allowances in respect of the period from the date the decision or determination was made until the date upon which it is carried into effect, or, as the case may be, the date upon which the appeal is determined.

(4) Where under any law or any award or industrial agreement (whether enacted or made before or after the commencement of this Part) an officer has a right of appeal to any tribunal or authority (including the employer or other the person in whose service he is employed) against any decision or determination of the nature referred to in subsection one of this section, he may exercise either that right of appeal or the right of appeal conferred by subsection one of this section.

Where the officer lodges an appeal under such law, award, or industrial agreement no appeal shall lie under this section, and where the officer lodges an appeal under this section no appeal shall lie under such law, award or

industrial agreement.

(5) This section shall not apply to and in respect of an officer who is a member of the police force within the meaning of the Police Regulation Act, 1899-1943.

Notice of appeal.

- 11. (1) Every appeal to the Board shall be initiated by notice in writing lodged with the secretary.
- (2) Every such notice shall be in the prescribed form, and shall be lodged in quadruplicate with the secretary within thirty days after the appellant has been notified of the decision or determination appealed against.
- (3) Upon receipt of such notice the secretary shall forward one copy to the employer in whose service the appellant is employed and shall notify the chairman.

The chairman shall arrange a sitting of the Board and shall fix the date and place for the hearing of the appeal, and shall cause notice thereof to be given to the employers' representative and the officers' representative.

The secretary shall give to the appellant and the employer not less than seven days' notice of the date and place so fixed.

Hearing of appeals.

12. (1) For the purpose of hearing and determining any appeal under this Act the members of the Board and

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the chairman of the Board shall have the powers, authorities, protections and immunities conferred on commissioners and the chairman of a commission respectively by Division 1 of Part II of the Royal Commissions Act, 1923, as amended by subsequent Acts.

The provisions of the Royal Commissions Act, 1923, as amended by subsequent Acts, with the exception of section thirteen and Division 2 of Part II, shall, mutatis mutandis, apply to and in respect of any such appeal and to any witness or person summoned by or appearing before the Board.

(2) Upon application made by or on behalf of the appellant the chairman may direct that all or any of the official papers, correspondence or reports of the employer relating to the decision or determination against which the appeal is made, shall be open to the inspection of the appellant or his representative at the hearing or at such time prior thereto as he may arrange with the employer.

(3) The decisions of the Board shall be upon the real merits and justice of the case and it shall not be

bound to follow strict legal precedent.

(4) The appellant may be represented before the

Board by a barrister, solicitor or agent.

(5) The employer shall be entitled to be represented before the Board and may be so represented by a barrister or solicitor or by an officer.

13. (1) The decision of the Board on any appeal Decision of under this Act shall be final and shall be given effect to final. by the employer or other the person in whose service the appellant is employed.

(2) No decision or proceeding of the Board shall cf. Act be vitiated by reason only of any informality or want of No. 2, 1940, form or be lighted to be all lights to be all lights. form or be liable to be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed or called in question by any court of judicature on any account whatsoever.

(3) No writ of prohibition or certiorari shall lie in respect of any decision or proceeding of the Board relating to any appeal under this Act.

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REGULATIONS.

Regulations.

- 14. (1) The Governor may make regulations not inconsistent with this Act prescribing all matters which by this Act are required or permitted to be prescribed or which are necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to this Act. mutandis, apply to a to any witness or
 - (2) The regulations shall—
 - (a) be published in the Gazette; broad and around
 - (b) take effect from the date of publication, or from a later date to be specified in the regulations:
 - (c) be laid before both Houses of Parliament within fourteen sitting days after publication, if Parliament is in session, and if not, then within fourteen sitting days after the commencement of the next session.

If either House of Parliament passes a resolution of which notice has been given at any time within fifteen sitting days after such regulations have been laid before such House disallowing any regulation or part thereof such regulation or part shall thereupon cease to have effect.

PART V.

AMENDMENT OF POLICE REGULATION (APPEALS) ACT, 1923.

Amendment of Act No. 33, 1923.

Sec. 2. (Definitions.)

15. (1) The Police Regulation (Appeals) Act, 1923, as amended by subsequent Acts, is amended beweiver

(a) (i) by omitting from section two the definition of "Board" and by inserting in lieu thereof the following definition:

> "Board" means the Crown Employees Appeal Board constituted under the Crown Employees Appeal Board Act. 1944.

by the employer or other the person in who

- (ii) by omitting from the same section the definition of "Secretary";
- (b) by omitting sections three, four and five;

Secs. 3-5, inclusive. (Police Appeals Board.)

- (e) (i) by inserting in subsection one of section six Sec. 6.

 after the word "transfer" the words "or (Appeals if dissatisfied with any decision of the Commissioner made or given after the commencement of the Crown Employees

 Appeal Board Act, 1944, in regard to the granting or refusal of leave of absence on full pay for any period of absence occasioned by any wound or injury received, without his own default or wilful act, on any of the daily or other periodic journeys referred to in section 10a of the Police Regulation (Superannuation) Act, 1906-1944, which wound or injury is not received—
 - (a) during or after any substantial interruption of, or substantial deviation from, any such journey made for a reason unconnected with his duty; or
 - (b) during or after any other break in any such journey which, having regard to all the circumstances, is not reasonably incidental to any such journey."
 - (ii) by omitting from the same subsection the words "give notice of appeal from such decision in the prescribed manner: Such notice of appeal shall be given within thirty days after such decision becomes known to him" and by inserting in lieu thereof the words "appeal to the Board against such decision";

- (iii) by omitting subsections two to eight both inclusive of the same section and by inserting in lieu thereof the following subsection:—
 - (2) The provisions of sections eleven to thirteen both inclusive of the Crown Employees Appeal Board Act, 1944, shall apply to and in respect of any appeal made to the Board under this section.
- (d) by omitting sections seven to nine, both inclusive.
- (2) The Police Regulation (Appeals) Act, 1923, as amended by subsequent Acts and by this Act, may be cited as the Police Regulation (Appeals) Act, 1923-1944.
- (3) This section shall commence upon the day appointed and notified pursuant to section nine of this Act.

Where, on the day so appointed and notified, any notice of appeal has been given under section six of the Police Regulation (Appeals) Act, 1923, as amended by subsequent Acts, such appeal shall be heard and decided as if the amendments made by subsection one of this section had not been enacted.

SCHEDULES.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Public Service Association of New South Wales.

New South Wales Public Service Professional Officers Association.

Professional Officers Association of New South Wales.

Public School Teachers' Federation of New South Wales.

The Amalgamated Hospitals, Homes and Laboratories Employees' Association of New South Wales.

The Trained Mental Nurses Association of New South Wales. New South Wales Dredge and Maritime Services Board Employees' Association.

Fire Brigades Association of New South Wales.

Fire Brigades Officers' Association, New South Wales.

Maritime Services Board of New South Wales Clerical and General Officers' Association.

The Hunter District Water Board Employees' Association.

The

Secs. 7-9.
(Decisions of Board and regulations.)

The Metropolitan Board of Water Supply and Sewerage Employees' Association.

The Institute of Inspectors of Schools of New South Wales. Police Association of New South Wales.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

The Metropolitan Water, Sewerage and Drainage Board.

The Hunter District Water Board.

The Water Conservation and Irrigation Commission.

The Milk Board.

The Board of Fire Commissioners of New South Wales.

The Commissioner for Main Roads.

The Maritime Services Board of New South Wales.

The Metropolitan Meat Industry Commissioner.

The Comptroller-General of Prisons.

The Inspector-General appointed under the Lunacy Act of 1898, as amended by subsequent Acts.

The Commissioner of Police.

By Authority: Reprinted by

ALFRED HENRY PETTIFER, Government Printer, Sydney, 1949. [9d.]

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I certify that this Public Bill, which originated in the Legis-LATIVE ASSEMBLY, has finally passed the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL and the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY of NEW SOUTH WALES.

W. R. McCOURT,

Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 13 April, 1944.

New South Wales.



ANNO OCTAVO

REGIS.

Act No. 15, 1944.

An Act to provide for the constitution of a Crown Employees Appeal Board and to define its powers, authorities, duties and functions; to confer on such Board jurisdiction to hear and determine certain appeals by certain employees of the Crown; to amend the Police Regulation (Appeals) Act, 1923, as amended by subsequent Acts; and for purposes connected therewith. [Assented to, 20th April, 1944.]

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

PART I. PRELIMINARY.

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Crown Short title Employees Appeal Board Act, 1944."

and division into Parts.

I have examined this Bill, and find it to correspond in all respects with the Bill as finally passed by both Houses.

G. BOOTH.

Chairman of Committees of the Legislative Assembly.

(2) This Act is divided into Parts as follows:-PART I.—Preliminary—ss. 1, 2.

PART II.—Crown Employees Appeal Board ss. 3-8.

PART III.—Appeals—ss. 9-13.

PART IV.—REGULATIONS—s. 14.

PART V.—AMENDMENT OF POLICE REGULATION (APPEALS) ACT, 1923—s. 15.

SCHEDULES.

Interpretation.

2. (1) In this Act, unless the context or subject matter otherwise indicates or requires—

"Association of employees" means any association which is registered as an industrial union of employees under the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940-1943, and the name of which appears in the First Schedule to this Act or which is added to such Schedule in pursuance of this Act.

"Board" means the Crown Employees Appeal

Board constituted under this Act.

"Chairman" means the chairman of the Board.

"Employer" means an employing authority in whose service an officer is employed and, in relation to officers of the classes referred to in paragraphs (a), (b) and (e) of the definition of "Officer," means the Public Service Board.

"Employing authority" means any person whose name appears in the Second Schedule to this Act or is added to such Schedule in pursuance

of this Act.

"Officer" means any person-

(a) who is an officer within the meaning

of the Public Service Act;

(b) who, being an employee within the meaning of the Public Service Act, has been continuously employed as such an employee for a period of not less than one year;

(c) who is a member of the police force within the meaning of the Police Regu-

lation Act, 1899-1943;

- (d) who is permanently employed in the service of an employing authority;
- (e) who is employed (otherwise than permanently) in the service of an employing authority and who has been continuously employed in the service of that employing authority for a period of not less than one year;
- (f) who is employed (otherwise than in any of the capacities referred to in paragraphs (a) to (e), both inclusive, of this definition, or as an officer or employee of the Department of Railways or of the Department of Road Transport and Tramways or as an officer of either House of Parliament or as a person employed in either of the Departments of the Legislature under the separate control of the President or Speaker or under their joint control) in the service of the Crown by any person other than the Public Service Board or an employing authority and who has been continuously so employed for a period of not less than one year;

but a person who, by the terms of his employment, is employed only during the absence on leave of an officer, shall not, by reason only of paragraph (b) or paragraph (e) or paragraph (f) of this definition, be deemed to be an officer.

- "Prescribed" means prescribed by this Act or by the regulations.
- "Public Service Act" means the Public Service Act, 1902, as amended by subsequent Acts.
- "Public Service Board" means the Public Service Board constituted under the Public Service Act.
- "Regulations" means regulations made under this Act.
- "Secretary" means the secretary to the Board.

(2) (a) If any industrial union of employees registered under the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940-1943, satisfies the Governor that of the members of such union a substantial number are officers within the meaning of this Act, the Governor may amend the First Schedule to this Act by inserting therein the name of such union.

(b) If the registration of any association as an industrial union of employees is cancelled by the Industrial Commission of New South Wales the Governor may amend the First Schedule to this Act by omitting there-

from the name of such association.

(c) The Governor may amend the Second Schedule to this Act by inserting therein the name of any person who, under the authority of any Act, employs persons on behalf of the Crown.

(d) The Schedules as so amended shall be the

Schedules to this Act.

PART II.

CROWN EMPLOYEES APPEAL BOARD.

The Board.

3. (1) There shall be a Crown Employees Appeal Board, which shall have and may exercise and discharge the powers, authorities, duties and functions conferred and imposed upon the Board by or under this Act.

(2) The Board shall consist of a chairman and

members nominated as provided in this Act.

(3) At sittings of the Board three members shall be present, of whom—

(a) one shall be the chairman;

(b) one shall be an employers' representative; and

(c) one shall be an officers' representative.

(4) Sittings of the Board shall be arranged by the chairman.

In arranging such sittings the chairman shall, as far as practicable, ensure that the employers' representative is the member or alternate member nominated by the employer in whose service the appellant is employed, and the officers' representative is the member or alternate member nominated by the association of employees of which the appellant is a member or of an association of employees of which he is eligible for membership.

(5)

- (5) At sittings of the Board each member (including the chairman) shall have one vote and the decision of the majority in number of the members shall be the decision of the Board.
- (6) Each member of the Board, other than the chairman, and each alternate member shall be entitled to receive such fees and allowances as may be prescribed.

Any such member or alternate member shall, notwithstanding the provisions of any Act or of any rule or regulation made under any Act, be entitled to receive remuneration under this section, in addition to any remuneration to which he is otherwise entitled.

- 4. (1) The chairman shall be appointed by the Chairman. Governor and shall be—
 - (a) a judge of the Supreme Court who shall be so appointed on the nomination of the Chief Justice; or
 - (b) a member of the Industrial Commission of New South Wales who shall be so appointed on the nomination of the President of that Commission; or
 - (c) a person who is eligible for appointment as a judge of the Supreme Court or as a member of the Industrial Commission of New South Wales.
- (2) (a) Where the person appointed chairman holds the qualification referred to in paragraph (a) of subsection one of this section he shall retain his office as a judge of the Supreme Court, and any period during which he serves as chairman shall be computed as part of his service as such judge for the purposes of section twelve of the Supreme Court and Circuit Courts Act, 1900-1941.
- (b) Where the person appointed chairman holds the qualification referred to in paragraph (b) of subsection one of this section he shall retain his office as a member of the Industrial Commission of New South Wales, and any period during which he serves as chairman shall be computed as part of his service as such member for the purposes of section fourteen of the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940-1943.

- (c) Where the person appointed chairman holds the qualification referred to in paragraph (c) of subsection one of this section the following provisions shall have effect:—
 - (i) On appointment the chairman shall take the oath of allegiance and the judicial oath. This paragraph extends to any such person

appointed to act temporarily as chairman. (ii) The chairman shall, subject to this paragraph, hold office during good behaviour, shall have the same rank, title, status and precedence and the same salary, pension and other rights as a puisne judge of the Supreme Court, and shall be removable from office in the same manner only as a judge of the Supreme Court is by law liable

to be removed from his office. (iii) Such salary and pension shall be paid out of

moneys provided by Parliament.

- (iv) The chairman shall retire on the day upon which he attains the age of seventy years, unless he is granted retiring leave, in which case he shall retire on the expiration of such leave.
- (v) The chairman shall not be capable of accepting or holding any other office or any other place of profit within the State except any such judicial office as may be conferred upon him by or under any law of the State.
- (3) If the chairman is prevented by any cause from attending to his duties as such the Governor may appoint some person qualified to be appointed as chairman to act temporarily as chairman, and such person, while so acting, shall have all the powers of the chairman.
- 5. (1) The members of the Board who are employers' representatives shall be the members nominated by the employers and the members of the Board who are the officers' representatives shall be the members nominated by the associations of employees.
- (2) Each employer and each association of employees shall nominate one member of the Board and one alternate member.

Employers' representatives and officers' representatives.

During

During the absence from any cause of a member so nominated or during any vacancy in the office of any such member the alternate member may act as a member of the Board, and while so acting shall have all the powers and authorities of a member.

- (3) Every such nomination shall be in or to the effect of the prescribed form and shall be lodged with the secretary together with the following documents, namely:—
 - (a) a written statement signed by the person nominated and signifying his consent to such nomination;
 - (b) the oath or affirmation referred to in subsection four of this section sworn or made by the person nominated.

No such nomination shall take effect unless and until it and the documents referred to in this subsection have been so lodged.

- (4) Every person nominated as a member or alternate member under this section shall, before assuming office, take an oath or make an affirmation in the prescribed form that he will faithfully and impartially discharge the duties of his office.
- (5) (a) A person nominated by the Public Service Board under this section shall be either a member of the Public Service Board or an officer.
- (b) A person nominated by any employing authority shall be either an officer, or—
 - (i) where the employing authority is a corporate body, a member of the corporate body; or
 - (ii) where the employing authority is a corporation sole or an individual, the person constituting the corporation sole or the individual.
- (c) A person nominated under this section by an association of employees shall be an officer.

Nominations of employers' representatives and officers' representatives.

- 6. (1) (a) The first nomination of members and alternate members shall be lodged within one month after the commencement of this Act.
- (b) The persons so nominated shall assume office on the dates upon which their respective nominations take effect and, subject to this Act, shall hold office until the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred and forty-seven.
- (2) (a) Subsequent nominations of members and alternate members shall be lodged in the month of November in the year one thousand nine hundred and forty-seven and in each third year thereafter.
- (b) The persons so nominated shall assume office on the first day of January next following the date of lodgment of the nomination and shall, subject to this Act, hold office for a period of three years.
- (3) (a) A nomination to fill a casual vacancy in the office of a member or alternate member shall be lodged within one month after the occurrence of the vacancy.
- (b) The person so nominated shall assume office on the date upon which his nomination takes effect and, subject to this Act, shall hold office for the balance of his predecessor's term of office.
- (4) If no nomination or no effective nomination of a member or alternate member is, within the prescribed time, lodged by an employer who is required by this Act to lodge such nomination, the Governor may appoint any person eligible for nomination by such employer to be a member or alternate member.

The member or alternate member so appointed shall, for all purposes of this Act, be deemed to have been nominated by such employer, and shall be an employers' representative.

(5) If no nomination or no effective nomination of a member or alternate member is, within the prescribed time, lodged by an association of employees which is required by this Act to lodge such nomination, the Governor may appoint an officer to be a member or alternate member.

The

The member or alternate member so appointed shall, for all purposes of this Act, be deemed to have been nominated by such association of employees, and shall be an officers' representative.

7. (1) A member of the Board (other than the chair- Casual man) or an alternate member shall be deemed to have vacancies. vacated his office if—

- (a) he becomes bankrupt, compounds with his creditors or makes an assignment of his estate for their benefit; or
- (b) he becomes an insane person or patient or an incapable person within the meaning of the Lunacy Act of 1898; or
- (c) he is convicted in New South Wales of a felony or of a misdemeanour which is punishable by imprisonment for twelve months or upwards, or is convicted elsewhere than in New South Wales of an offence which, if committed in New South Wales, would be a felony or a misdemeanour which is punishable as aforesaid; or
- (d) he resigns his office by writing under his hand addressed to the secretary; or
- (e) he dies; or
- (f) he ceases to be an officer or, as the case may be, to hold the office by virtue of which he was nominated as member or alternate member; or
- (g) he is removed from office by the Governor.
- (2) A member of the Board (other than the chairman) or an alternate member may be removed from office by the Governor if, without just cause, he neglects or refuses to sit as a member of the Board at any sitting at which he is required, by notice given pursuant to this Act, to attend as an employers' representative or an officers' representative as the case may be.
- 8. (1) The Governor may appoint and employ a secre- secretary tary and such other officers and employees as may be and officers. necessary for the execution of this Act.

(2) It shall be the duty of the secretary to convene all sittings of the Board and to keep a record of all proceedings and decisions of the Board.

PART III.

APPEALS.

Commencement of Part III. 9. This Part shall commence upon a day to be appointed by the Governor and notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.

Appeals to Board.

10. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other Act, an officer, deeming himself to be adversely affected by any decision or determination of the nature referred to in this subsection made after the commencement of this Part by the employer or other the person in whose service he is employed, may appeal to the Board against such decision or determination.

The decisions and determinations in respect of which an appeal to the Board shall lie under this Act shall be any decision or determination—

- (a) for the promotion or appointment to any permanent office of an officer other than the officer who, according to the rules governing promotion in the service in which those officers are employed, is next in seniority for the promotion or appointment;
- (b) for the reduction in rank, position, grade or pay of the officer;
- (c) for the dismissal of the officer;
- (d) for the imposition of a fine or forfeiture of pay in respect of any offence of which the officer is held to be guilty;
- (e) requiring the officer to resign:

Provided that no appeal shall lie from any decision or determination of the nature referred to in paragraph (a) of this subsection—

(i) where the salary attached to the office to be filled exceeds one thousand pounds per annum; or

(ii)

(ii) where the office to be filled has been declared, pursuant to the Public Service Act, 1902, as amended by subsequent Acts, to be in the Special Division:

Provided further that an appeal from any decision or determination for the dismissal of an officer shall not be allowed where the Board is satisfied that the volume of work of the employer had diminished, and that as a consequence of such diminution a reduction of staff had become necessary, and that the particular dismissal was made only for the purpose of reducing the staff and was not made for any disciplinary or punitive purpose.

(2) Notice in writing of any decision or determination of the nature referred to in subsection one of this section shall be served on the officer or each of the officers affected thereby as soon as practicable after the decision or determination is made:

Provided that where the employer or other the person in whose service any such officer is employed is unable to effect service of such notice within a period of fourteen days after the decision or determination was made, such employer or person may apply to the chairman for directions; and upon such application the chairman may give directions as to the manner of serving such notice or may dispense with service of the notice.

(3) A decision or determination of the nature referred to in subsection one of this section shall not be carried into effect until the expiration of the time for lodging an appeal under this Act, and, if an appeal is lodged within that time, shall not be carried into effect until the appeal is determined:

Provided that where the chairman has, under subsection two of this section, dispensed with service of the notice, any such decision or determination may be carried into effect at any time thereafter.

Where a decision or determination is made by the employer or other the person in whose service an officer is employed for the dismissal of the officer, such officer shall not, unless the Board so determines on an appeal

under

under this Act, be entitled to any salary, wages or allowances in respect of the period from the date the decision or determination was made until the date upon which it is carried into effect, or, as the case may be, the date upon which the appeal is determined.

(4) Where under any law or any award or industrial agreement (whether enacted or made before or after the commencement of this Part) an officer has a right of appeal to any tribunal or authority (including the employer or other the person in whose service he is employed) against any decision or determination of the nature referred to in subsection one of this section, he may exercise either that right of appeal or the right of appeal conferred by subsection one of this section.

Where the officer lodges an appeal under such law, award, or industrial agreement no appeal shall lie under this section, and where the officer lodges an appeal under this section no appeal shall lie under such law, award or industrial agreement.

- (5) This section shall not apply to and in respect of an officer who is a member of the police force within the meaning of the Police Regulation Act, 1899-1943.
- Notice of appeal.

 11. (1) Every appeal to the Board shall be initiated by notice in writing lodged with the secretary.
 - (2) Every such notice shall be in the prescribed form, and shall be lodged in quadruplicate with the secretary within thirty days after the appellant has been notified of the decision or determination appealed against.
 - (3) Upon receipt of such notice the secretary shall forward one copy to the employer in whose service the appellant is employed and shall notify the chairman.

The chairman shall arrange a sitting of the Board and shall fix the date and place for the hearing of the appeal, and shall cause notice thereof to be given to the employers' representative and the officers' representative.

The secretary shall give to the appellant and the employer not less than seven days' notice of the date and place so fixed.

Hearing of appeals.

12. (1) For the purpose of hearing and determining any appeal under this Act the members of the Board and

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the chairman of the Board shall have the powers, authorities, protections and immunities conferred on commissioners and the chairman of a commission respectively by Division 1 of Part II of the Royal Commissions Act, 1923, as amended by subsequent Acts.

The provisions of the Royal Commissions Act, 1923, as amended by subsequent Acts, with the exception of section thirteen and Division 2 of Part II, shall, mutatis mutandis, apply to and in respect of any such appeal and to any witness or person summoned by or appearing before the Board.

(2) Upon application made by or on behalf of the appellant the chairman may direct that all or any of the official papers, correspondence or reports of the employer relating to the decision or determination against which the appeal is made, shall be open to the inspection of the appellant or his representative at the hearing or at such time prior thereto as he may arrange with the employer.

(3) The decisions of the Board shall be upon the real merits and justice of the case and it shall not be bound to follow strict legal precedent.

(4) The appellant may be represented before the Board by a barrister, solicitor or agent.

(5) The employer shall be entitled to be represented before the Board and may be so represented by a barrister or solicitor or by an officer.

13. (1) The decision of the Board on any appeal Decision of under this Act shall be final and shall be given effect to Board to be by the employer or other the person in whose service the appellant is employed.

- (2) No decision or proceeding of the Board shall cf. Act be vitiated by reason only of any informality or want of No. 2, 1940, form on he lights to be challenged any all wints. form or be liable to be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed or called in question by any court of judicature on any account whatsoever.
- (3) No writ of prohibition or certiorari shall lie in respect of any decision or proceeding of the Board relating to any appeal under this Act.

PART IV.

REGULATIONS.

Regulations.

- 14. (1) The Governor may make regulations not inconsistent with this Act prescribing all matters which by this Act are required or permitted to be prescribed or which are necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to this Act.
 - (2) The regulations shall—
 - (a) be published in the Gazette;
 - (b) take effect from the date of publication, or from a later date to be specified in the regulations; and
 - (c) be laid before both Houses of Parliament within fourteen sitting days after publication, if Parliament is in session, and if not, then within fourteen sitting days after the commencement of the next session.

If either House of Parliament passes a resolution of which notice has been given at any time within fifteen sitting days after such regulations have been laid before such House disallowing any regulation or part thereof such regulation or part shall thereupon cease to have effect.

PART V.

AMENDMENT OF POLICE REGULATION (APPEALS) ACT, 1923.

Amendment of Act No. 33, 1923. 15. (1) The Police Regulation (Appeals) Act, 1923, as amended by subsequent Acts, is amended—

Sec. 2. (Definitions.)

(a) (i) by omitting from section two the definition of "Board" and by inserting in lieu thereof the following definition:—

"Board" means the Crown Employees Appeal Board constituted under the Crown Employees Appeal Board Act, 1944.

- (ii) by omitting from the same section the definition of "Secretary";
- (b) by omitting sections three, four and five;

Secs. 3-5, inclusive. (Police Appeals Board.)

- (c) (i) by inserting in subsection one of section six Sec. 6.

 after the word "transfer" the words "or "Appeals if dissatisfied with any decision of the commissioner made or given after the commencement of the Crown Employees Appeal Board Act, 1944, in regard to the granting or refusal of leave of absence on full pay for any period of absence occasioned by any wound or injury received, without his own default or wilful act, on any of the daily or other periodic journeys referred to in section 10a of the Police Regulation (Superannuation) Act, 1906-1944, which wound or injury is not received—
 - (a) during or after any substantial interruption of, or substantial deviation from, any such journey made for a reason unconnected with his duty; or
 - (b) during or after any other break in any such journey which, having regard to all the circumstances, is not reasonably incidental to any such journey."
 - (ii) by omitting from the same subsection the words "give notice of appeal from such decision in the prescribed manner: Such notice of appeal shall be given within thirty days after such decision becomes known to him" and by inserting in lieu thereof the words "appeal to the Board against such decision";

(iii)

- (iii) by omitting subsections two to eight both inclusive of the same section and by inserting in lieu thereof the following subsection:
 - (2) The provisions of sections eleven to thirteen both inclusive of the Crown Employees Appeal Board Act, 1944, shall apply to and in respect of any appeal made to the Board under this section.

Secs. 7-9. (Decisions of Board and regulations.)

- (d) by omitting sections seven to nine, both inclusive.
- (2) The Police Regulation (Appeals) Act, 1923, as amended by subsequent Acts and by this Act, may be cited as the Police Regulation (Appeals) Act, 1923-1944.
- (3) This section shall commence upon the day appointed and notified pursuant to section nine of this Act.

Where, on the day so appointed and notified, any notice of appeal has been given under section six of the Police Regulation (Appeals) Act, 1923, as amended by subsequent Acts, such appeal shall be heard and decided as if the amendments made by subsection one of this section had not been enacted.

SCHEDULES.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Public Service Association of New South Wales.

New South Wales Public Service Professional Officers Association.

Professional Officers Association of New South Wales.

Public School Teachers' Federation of New South Wales.

The Amalgamated Hospitals, Homes and Laboratories Employees'

Association of New South Wales.

The Trained Mental Nurses Association of New South Wales. New South Wales Dredge and Maritime Services Board Employees'

Fire Brigades Association of New South Wales.

Fire Brigades Officers' Association, New South Wales.

Maritime Services Board of New South Wales Clerical and General Officers' Association.

The Hunter District Water Board Employees' Association.

The

The Metropolitan Board of Water Supply and Sewerage Employees' Association.

The Institute of Inspectors of Schools of New South Wales. Police Association of New South Wales.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

The Metropolitan Water, Sewerage and Drainage Board.

The Hunter District Water Board.

The Water Conservation and Irrigation Commission.

The Milk Board.

The Board of Fire Commissioners of New South Wales.

The Commissioner for Main Roads.

The Maritime Services Board of New South Wales.

The Metropolitan Meat Industry Commissioner.

The Comptroller-General of Prisons.

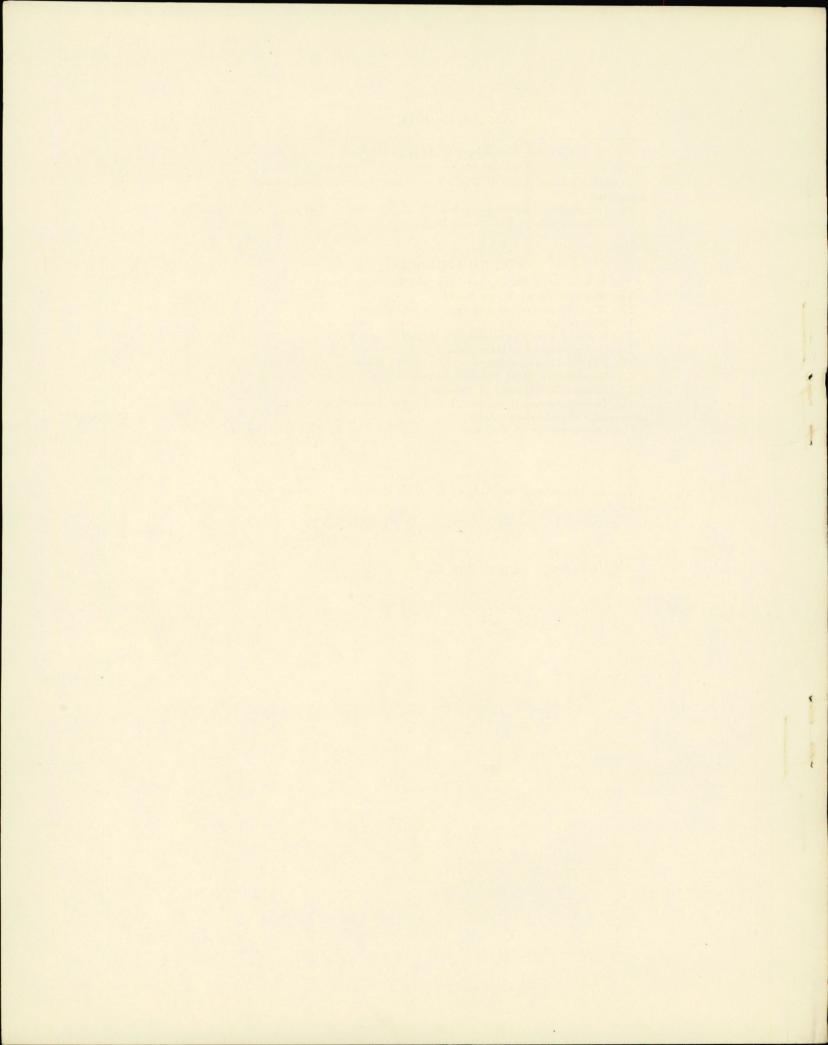
The Inspector-General appointed under the Lunacy Act of 1898, as amended by subsequent Acts.

The Commissioner of Police.

In the name and on behalf of His Majesty I assent to this Act.

WAKEHURST,
Governor.

Government House, Sydney, 20th April, 1944.



CROWN EMPLOYEES APPEAL BOARD BILL.

Schedule of the Amendments referred to in Legislative Council's Message of 5th April, 1944.

No. 1.—Page 11, clause 10. After line 12 insert-

(2) Notice in writing of any decision or determination of the nature referred to in subsection one of this section shall be served on the officer or each of the officers affected thereby as soon as practicable after the decision or determination is made:

Provided that where the employer or other the person in whose service any such officer is employed is unable to effect service of such notice within a period of fourteen days after the decision or determination was made, such employer or person may apply to the chairman for directions; and upon such application the chairman may give directions as to the manner of serving such notice or may dispense with service of the notice.

No. 2.—Page 11, clause 10, line 31. After "determined" insert—

Provided that where the chairman has, under subsection two of this section, dispensed with service of the notice, any such decision or determination may be carried into effect at any time thereafter.

Where a decision or determination is made by the employer or other the person in whose service an officer is employed for the dismissal of the officer, such officer shall not, unless the Board so determines on an appeal under this Act, be entitled to any salary, wages or allowances in respect of the period from the date the decision or determination was made until the date upon which it is carried into effect, or, as the case may be, the date upon which the appeal is determined.

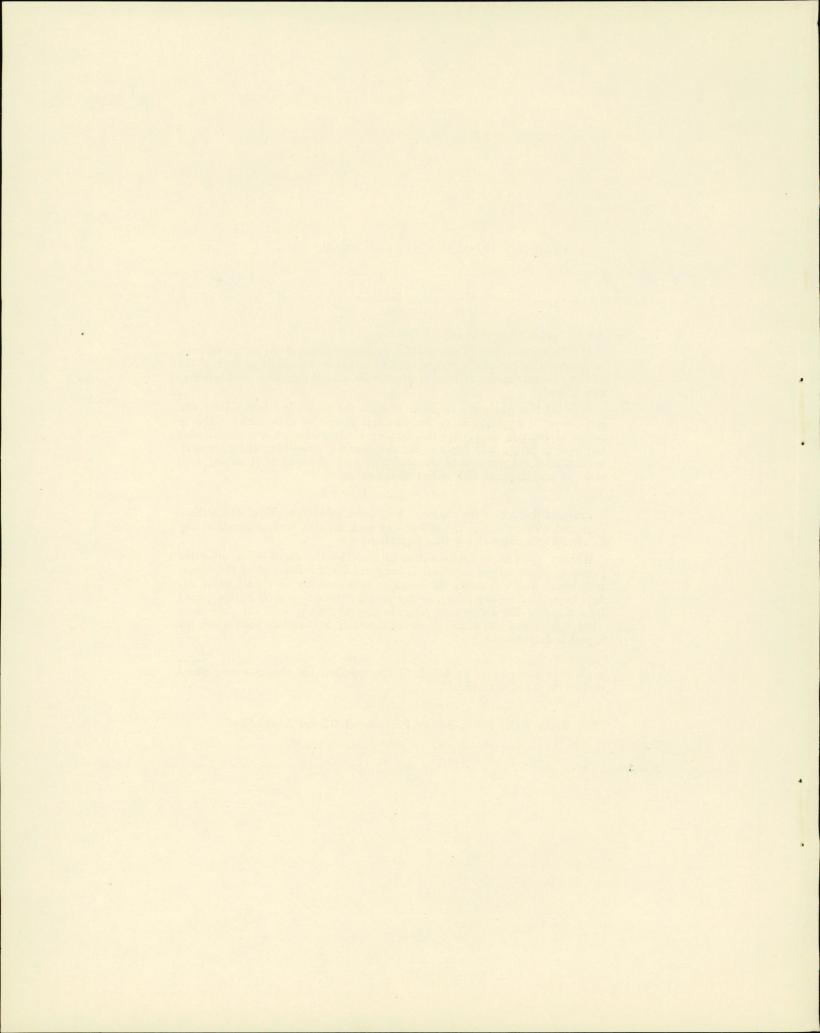
No. 3.—Page 13, clause 12, line 12. Omit all words on this line, insert "Upon application made by or on behalf of the appellant the chairman may direct that all or any of the official"

No. 4.—Page 16, First Schedule. After line 25 insert—

"New South Wales Public Service Professional Officers Association."

No. 5 .- Page 16, First Schedule, line 27. Omit "Public Service"

39549 47-



This Public Bill originated in the Legislative Assembly, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

W. R. McCOURT,

Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 30 March, 1944.

The LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL has this day agreed to this Bill with Amendments.

W. K. CHARLTON,

Clerk of the Parliaments.

Legislative Council Chamber, Sydney, 5th April, 1944.

New South Wales.



ANNO OCTAVO

, 1944. Act No.

An Act to provide for the constitution of a Crown Employees Appeal Board and to define its powers, authorities, duties and functions; to confer on such Board jurisdiction to hear and determine certain appeals by certain employees of the Crown; to amend the Police Regulation (Appeals) Act, 1923, as amended by subsequent Acts; and for purposes connected therewith.

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of 5 the same, as follows:

PART I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Crown short title and divi-Employees Appeal Board Act, 1944." sion into

39549 47—A (2)Parts.

(2) This Act is divided into Parts as follows:—PART I.—PRELIMINARY—ss. 1, 2.

PART II.—Crown Employees Appeal Board—ss. 3-8.

5 PART III.—Appeals—ss. 9-13.

PART IV.—REGULATIONS—s. 14.

PART V.—AMENDMENT OF POLICE REGULATION (APPEALS) ACT, 1923—s. 15.

SCHEDULES.

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10 2. (1) In this Act, unless the context or subject Interpretamatter otherwise indicates or requires—

"Association of employees" means any association which is registered as an industrial union of employees under the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940-1943, and the name of which appears in the First Schedule to this Act or which is added to such Schedule in pursuance of this Act.

"Board" means the Crown Employees Appeal

Board constituted under this Act.

20 "Chairman" means the chairman of the Board.

"Employer" means an employing authority in whose service an officer is employed and, in relation to officers of the classes referred to in paragraphs (a), (b) and (e) of the definition of "Officer," means the Public Service Board.

"Employing authority" means any person whose name appears in the Second Schedule to this Act or is added to such Schedule in pursuance of this Act.

30 "Officer" means any person—

(a) who is an officer within the meaning of the Public Service Act;

(b) who, being an employee within the meaning of the Public Service Act, has been continuously employed as such an employee for a period of not less than one year;

(c) who is a member of the police force within the meaning of the Police Regu-

40 lation Act, 1899-1943;

(2)

Crown Employees Appeal Board.

	Crown Employees Appeal Boura.
	(d) who is permanently employed in the service of an employing authority;
	(e) who is employed (otherwise than per-
	manently) in the service of an employ-
5	ing authority and who has been con- tinuously employed in the service of
	that employing authority for a period
	of not less than one year;
	(f) who is employed (otherwise than in
10	any of the capacities referred to in
	paragraphs (a) to (e), both inclusive,
	of this definition, or as an officer or
	employee of the Department of Railways or of the Department of Road
15	Transport and Tramways or as an
10	officer of either House of Parlia-
	ment or as a person employed in
	either of the Departments of the
20	Legislature under the separate con- trol of the President or Speaker or
20	under their joint control) in the service
	of the Crown by any person other than
	the Public Service Board or an employ-
~	ing authority and who has been con- tinuously so employed for a period of
25	not less than one year;
	but a person who, by the terms of his employ-
	ment, is employed only during the absence on
	leave of an officer, shall not, by reason only of
30	paragraph (b) or paragraph (e) or paragraph (f) of this definition, be deemed to be an officer.
	"Prescribed" means prescribed by this Act or by
	the regulations.
	"Public Service Act" means the Public Service Act,
35	1902, as amended by subsequent Acts.
	"Public Service Board" means the Public Service
	Board constituted under the Public Service Act.
	"Regulations" means regulations made under this Act.
40	"Secretary" means the secretary to the Board.
40	Secretary means the secretary to the Board.

(2) (a) If any industrial union of employees registered under the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940-1943, satisfies the Governor that of the members of such union a substantial number are officers within the meaning of 5 this Act, the Governor may amend the First Schedule to this Act by inserting therein the name of such union.

(b) If the registration of any association as an industrial union of employees is cancelled by the Industrial Commission of New South Wales the Governor may amend the First Schedule to this Act by omitting there-

from the name of such association.

(c) The Governor may amend the Second Schedule to this Act by inserting therein the name of any person who, under the authority of any Act, employs 15 persons on behalf of the Crown.

(d) The Schedules as so amended shall be the

Schedules to this Act.

PART II.

CROWN EMPLOYEES APPEAL BOARD.

20 3. (1) There shall be a Crown Employees Appeal The Board. Board, which shall have and may exercise and discharge the powers, authorities, duties and functions conferred and imposed upon the Board by or under this Act.

(2) The Board shall consist of a chairman and

25 members nominated as provided in this Act.

(3) At sittings of the Board three members shall be present, of whom—

(a) one shall be the chairman;

(b) one shall be an employers' representative; and

30 (c) one shall be an officers' representative.

(4) Sittings of the Board shall be arranged by the chairman.

In arranging such sittings the chairman shall, as far as practicable, ensure that the employers' representative 35 is the member or alternate member nominated by the employer in whose service the appellant is employed, and the officers' representative is the member or alternate member nominated by the association of employees of which the appellant is a member or of an association 40 of employees of which he is eligible for membership.

(5)

- (c) Where the person appointed chairman holds the qualification referred to in paragraph (c) of subsection one of this section the following provisions shall have effect:-
- (i) On appointment the chairman shall take the 5 oath of allegiance and the judicial oath. This paragraph extends to any such person appointed to act temporarily as chairman.
 - (ii) The chairman shall, subject to this paragraph, hold office during good behaviour, shall have the same rank, title, status and precedence and the same salary, pension and other rights as a puisne judge of the Supreme Court, and shall be removable from office in the same manner only as a judge of the Supreme Court is by law liable to be removed from his office.

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(iii) Such salary and pension shall be paid out of moneys provided by Parliament.

- (iv) The chairman shall retire on the day upon which he attains the age of seventy years, unless he is granted retiring leave, in which case he shall retire on the expiration of such leave.
- (v) The chairman shall not be capable of accepting or holding any other office or any other place of profit within the State except any such judicial office as may be conferred upon him by or under any law of the State.
- (3) If the chairman is prevented by any cause from attending to his duties as such the Governor may 30 appoint some person qualified to be appointed as chairman to act temporarily as chairman, and such person, while so acting, shall have all the powers of the chairman.
- 5. (1) The members of the Board who are employers' Employers' representatives shall be the members nominated by the representa-35 employers and the members of the Board who are the officers' officers' representatives shall be the members nominated representa. by the associations of employees.

(2) Each employer and each association of emplovees shall nominate one member of the Board and 40 one alternate member.

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- (5) At sittings of the Board each member (including the chairman) shall have one vote and the decision of the majority in number of the members shall be the decision of the Board.
- (6) Each member of the Board, other than the chairman, and each alternate member shall be entitled to receive such fees and allowances as may be prescribed.
 Any such member or alternate member shall, notwithstanding the provisions of any Act or of any rule or regulation made under any Act, be entitled to receive remuneration under this section, in addition to any

remuneration to which he is otherwise entitled.

- 4. (1) The chairman shall be appointed by the Chairman. Governor and shall be—
- (a) a judge of the Supreme Court who shall be so appointed on the nomination of the Chief Justice; or
- (b) a member of the Industrial Commission of New South Wales who shall be so appointed on the nomination of the President of that Commission; or
 - (c) a person who is eligible for appointment as a judge of the Supreme Court or as a member of the Industrial Commission of New South Wales.
- (2) (a) Where the person appointed chairman holds the qualification referred to in paragraph (a) of subsection one of this section he shall retain his office as a judge of the Supreme Court, and any period during which he serves as chairman shall be computed as part of his service as such judge for the purposes of section twelve of the Supreme Court and Circuit Courts Act, 1900-1941.
- (b) Where the person appointed chairman holds the qualification referred to in paragraph (b) of 35 subsection one of this section he shall retain his office as a member of the Industrial Commission of New South Wales, and any period during which he serves as chairman shall be computed as part of his service as such member for the purposes of section fourteen of the 40 Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940-1943.

During the absence from any cause of a member so nominated or during any vacancy in the office of any such member the alternate member may act as a member of the Board, and while so acting shall have all the 5 powers and authorities of a member.

- (3) Every such nomination shall be in or to the effect of the prescribed form and shall be lodged with the secretary together with the following documents, namely:—
- 10 (a) a written statement signed by the person nominated and signifying his consent to such nomination;
- (b) the oath or affirmation referred to in subsection four of this section sworn or made by the person nominated.

No such nomination shall take effect unless and until it and the documents referred to in this subsection have been so lodged.

- (4) Every person nominated as a member or 20 alternate member under this section shall, before assuming office, take an oath or make an affirmation in the prescribed form that he will faithfully and impartially discharge the duties of his office.
- (5) (a) A person nominated by the Public Service 25 Board under this section shall be either a member of the Public Service Board or an officer.
 - (b) A person nominated by any employing authority shall be either an officer, or—
- (i) where the employing authority is a corporate body, a member of the corporate body; or
 - (ii) where the employing authority is a corporation sole or an individual, the person constituting the corporation sole or the individual.
- (c) A person nominated under this section by 35 an association of employees shall be an officer.

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- 6. (1) (a) The first nomination of members and Nominaalternate members shall be lodged within one month tions of employers' after the commencement of this Act.
 - tives and
- (b) The persons so nominated shall assume officers' 5 office on the dates upon which their respective nomina representations take effect and, subject to this Act, shall hold office until the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred and forty-seven.
- (2) (a) Subsequent nominations of members and 10 alternate members shall be lodged in the month of November in the year one thousand nine hundred and forty-seven and in each third year thereafter.
- (b) The persons so nominated shall assume office on the first day of January next following the date 15 of lodgment of the nomination and shall, subject to this Act, hold office for a period of three years.
- (3) (a) A nomination to fill a casual vacancy in the office of a member or alternate member shall be lodged within one month after the occurrence of the 20 vacancy.
 - (b) The person so nominated shall assume office on the date upon which his nomination takes effect and, subject to this Act, shall hold office for the balance of his predecessor's term of office.
- 25 (4) If no nomination or no effective nomination of a member or alternate member is, within the prescribed time, lodged by an employer who is required by this Act to lodge such nomination, the Governor may appoint any person eligible for nomination by such employer to 30 be a member or alternate member.

The member or alternate member so appointed shall, for all purposes of this Act, be deemed to have been nominated by such employer, and shall be an employers' representative.

35 (5) If no nomination or no effective nomination of a member or alternate member is, within the prescribed time, lodged by an association of employees which is required by this Act to lodge such nomination, the Governor may appoint an officer to be a member or 40 alternate member.

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The member or alternate member so appointed shall, for all purposes of this Act, be deemed to have been nominated by such association of employees, and shall be an officers' representative.

7. (1) A member of the Board (other than the chair- Casual man) or an alternate member shall be deemed to have vacancies. vacated his office if-

- (a) he becomes bankrupt, compounds with his creditors or makes an assignment of his estate for 10 their benefit; or
 - (b) he becomes an insane person or patient or an incapable person within the meaning of the Lunacy Act of 1898; or
- (c) he is convicted in New South Wales of a felony or of a misdemeanour which is punishable by 15 imprisonment for twelve months or upwards, or is convicted elsewhere than in New South Wales of an offence which, if committed in New South Wales, would be a felony or a misdemeanour 20 which is punishable as aforesaid; or
 - (d) he resigns his office by writing under his hand addressed to the secretary; or
 - (e) he dies; or

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- (f) he ceases to be an officer or, as the case may be, to hold the office by virtue of which he was nominated as member or alternate member; or
- (g) he is removed from office by the Governor.
- (2) A member of the Board (other than the chairman) or an alternate member may be removed from office 30 by the Governor if, without just cause, he neglects or refuses to sit as a member of the Board at any sitting at which he is required, by notice given pursuant to this Act, to attend as an employers' representative or an officers' representative as the case may be.
- 8. (1) The Governor may appoint and employ a secre- secretary tary and such other officers and employees as may be and necessary for the execution of this Act.

(2)

(2) It shall be the duty of the secretary to convene all sittings of the Board and to keep a record of all proceedings and decisions of the Board.

PART III.

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APPEALS.

9. This Part shall commence upon a day to be Commence appointed by the Governor and notified by proclamation ment of published in the Gazette.

10. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any Appeals to other Act, an officer, deeming himself to be adversely affected by any decision or determination of the nature referred to in this subsection made after the commencement of this Part by the employer or other the person in whose service he is employed, may appeal to the Board 15 against such decision or determination.

The decisions and determinations in respect of which an appeal to the Board shall lie under this Act shall be any decision or determination—

- (a) for the promotion or appointment to any permanent office of an officer other than the officer who, according to the rules governing promotion in the service in which those officers are employed, is next in seniority for the promotion or appointment;
- 25 (b) for the reduction in rank, position, grade or pay of the officer;
 - (c) for the dismissal of the officer;
 - (d) for the imposition of a fine or forfeiture of pay in respect of any offence of which the officer is held to be guilty;
 - (e) requiring the officer to resign:

Provided that no appeal shall lie from any decision or determination of the nature referred to in paragraph (a) of this subsection—

35 (i) where the salary attached to the office to be filled exceeds one thousand pounds per annum; or

(ii)

- (ii) where the office to be filled has been declared, pursuant to the Public Service Act, 1902, as amended by subsequent Acts, to be in the Special Division:
- Provided further that an appeal from any decision or determination for the dismissal of an officer shall not be allowed where the Board is satisfied that the volume of work of the employer had diminished, and that as a consequence of such diminution a reduction of staff had become necessary, and that the particular dismissal was made only for the purpose of reducing the staff and was not made for any disciplinary or punitive purpose.
- (2) Notice in writing of any decision or determination of the nature referred to in subsection one of this 15 section shall be served on the officer or each of the officers affected thereby as soon as practicable after the decision or determination is made:

Provided that where the employer or other the person in whose service any such officer is employed is unable 20 to effect service of such notice within a period of fourteen days after the decision or determination was made, such employer or person may apply to the chairman for directions; and upon such application the chairman may give directions as to the manner of serving 25 such notice or may dispense with service of the notice.

(2) (3) A decision or determination of the nature referred to in subsection one of this section shall not be carried into effect until the expiration of the time for lodging an appeal under this Act, and, if an appeal is 30 lodged within that time, shall not be carried into effect until the appeal is determined:

Provided that where the chairman has, under subsection two of this section, dispensed with service of the notice, any such decision or determination may be carried

35 into effect at any time thereafter.

Where a decision or determination is made by the employer or other the person in whose service an officer is employed for the dismissal of the officer, such officer shall not, unless the Board so determines on an appeal

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under this Act, be entitled to any salary, wages or allowances in respect of the period from the date the decision or determination was made until the date upon which it is carried into effect, or, as the case may be, the date upon 5 which the appeal is determined.

(3) (4) Where under any law or any award or industrial agreement (whether enacted or made before or after the commencement of this Part) an officer has a right of appeal to any tribunal or authority (including the 10 employer or other the person in whose service he is employed) against any decision or determination of the nature referred to in subsection one of this section, he may exercise either that right of appeal or the right of

appeal conferred by subsection one of this section. Where the officer lodges an appeal under such law, award, or industrial agreement no appeal shall lie under this section, and where the officer lodges an appeal under this section no appeal shall lie under such law, award or industrial agreement.

- (4) (5) This section shall not apply to and in respect 20 of an officer who is a member of the police force within the meaning of the Police Regulation Act, 1899-1943.
 - 11. (1) Every appeal to the Board shall be initiated Notice of by notice in writing lodged with the secretary.

- (2) Every such notice shall be in the prescribed 25 form, and shall be lodged in quadruplicate with the secretary within thirty days after the appellant has been notified of the decision or determination appealed against.
- (3) Upon receipt of such notice the secretary 30 shall forward one copy to the employer in whose service the appellant is employed and shall notify the chairman.

The chairman shall arrange a sitting of the Board and shall fix the date and place for the hearing of the appeal, and shall cause notice thereof to be given to the em-35 ployers' representative and the officers' representative.

The secretary shall give to the appellant and the employer not less than seven days' notice of the date and place so fixed.

12. (1) For the purpose of hearing and determining Hearing of 40 any appeal under this Act the members of the Board and appeals.

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the chairman of the Board shall have the powers, authorities, protections and immunities conferred on commissioners and the chairman of a commission respectively by Division 1 of Part II of the Royal Com-5 missions Act, 1923, as amended by subsequent Acts.

The provisions of the Royal Commissions Act, 1923, as amended by subsequent Acts, with the exception of section thirteen and Division 2 of Part II, shall, mutatis mutandis, apply to and in respect of any such appeal and 10 to any witness or person summoned by or appearing

before the Board.

(2) With the approval of the chairman all official Upon application made by or on behalf of the appellant the chairman may direct that all or any of the official

- 15 papers, correspondence or reports of the employer relating to the decision or determination against which the appeal is made, shall be open to the inspection of the appellant or his representative at the hearing or at such time prior thereto as he may arrange with the employer.
- (3) The decisions of the Board shall be upon the 20 real merits and justice of the case and it shall not be bound to follow strict legal precedent.

(4) The appellant may be represented before the Board by a barrister, solicitor or agent.

(5) The employer shall be entitled to be repre-25 sented before the Board and may be so represented by a barrister or solicitor or by an officer.

13. (1) The decision of the Board on any appeal Decision of under this Act shall be final and shall be given effect to Board to be 30 by the employer or other the person in whose service the

appellant is employed. (2) No decision or proceeding of the Board shall cf. Act be vitiated by reason only of any informality or want of No. 2, 1940, s. 84 (1). form or be liable to be challenged, appealed against. 35 reviewed, quashed or called in question by any court of

judicature on any account whatsoever.

(3) No writ of prohibition or certiorari shall lie in respect of any decision or proceeding of the Board relating to any appeal under this Act.

PART IV.

REGULATIONS.

14. (1) The Governor may make regulations not in- Regulations. consistent with this Act prescribing all matters which by 5 this Act are required or permitted to be prescribed or which are necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to this Act.

(2) The regulations shall—

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(a) be published in the Gazette;

- (b) take effect from the date of publication, or from 10 a later date to be specified in the regulations; and
 - (c) be laid before both Houses of Parliament within fourteen sitting days after publication, if Parliament is in session, and if not, then within fourteen sitting days after the commencement of the next session.

If either House of Parliament passes a resolution of which notice has been given at any time 20 within fifteen sitting days after such regulations have been laid before such House disallowing any regulation or part thereof such regulation or part shall thereupon cease to have effect.

PART V.

25 AMENDMENT OF POLICE REGULATION (APPEALS) ACT, 1923.

15. (1) The Police Regulation (Appeals) Act, 1923, Amendment as amended by subsequent Acts, is amended—

(a) (i) by omitting from section two the definition sec. 2. of "Board" and by inserting in lieu thereof (Definithe following definition:-

"Board" means the Crown Employees Appeal Board constituted under the Crown Employees Appeal Board Act, 1944.

- (ii) by omitting from the same section the definition of "Secretary";
- (b) by omitting sections three, four and five;

Secs. 3-5, inclusive. (Police Appeals Board.)

- (c) (i) by inserting in subsection one of section six Sec. 6.

 after the word "transfer" the words "or (Appeals and if dissatisfied with any decision of the Commissioner made or given after the commencement of the Crown Employees Appeal Board Act, 1944, in regard to the granting or refusal of leave of absence on full pay for any period of absence occasioned by any wound or injury received, without his own default or wilful act, on any of the daily or other periodic journeys referred to in section 10A of the Police Regulation (Superannuation) Act, 1906-1944, which wound or injury is not received—
 - (a) during or after any substantial interruption of, or substantial deviation from, any such journey made for a reason unconnected with his duty; or
 - (b) during or after any other break in any such journey which, having regard to all the circumstances, is not reasonably incidental to any such journey."
 - (ii) by omitting from the same subsection the words "give notice of appeal from such decision in the prescribed manner: Such notice of appeal shall be given within thirty days after such decision becomes known to him" and by inserting in lieu thereof the words "appeal to the Board against such decision";

(iii)

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- (iii) by omitting subsections two to eight both inclusive of the same section and by inserting lieu thereof the following subsection:—
 - (2) The provisions of sections eleven to thirteen both inclusive of the Crown Employees Appeal Board Act, 1944, shall apply to and in respect of any appeal made to the Board under this section.
- (d) by omitting sections seven to nine, both inclusive.

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both Secs. 7-9.
(Decisions of Board and regulations.)

- (2) The Police Regulation (Appeals) Act, 1923, as amended by subsequent Acts and by this Act, may be cited as the Police Regulation (Appeals) Act, 1923-1944.
- (3) This section shall commence upon the day 15 appointed and notified pursuant to section nine of this Act.

Where, on the day so appointed and notified, any notice of appeal has been given under section six of the Police Regulation (Appeals) Act, 1923, as amended by subsequent Acts, such appeal shall be heard and decided as if the amendments made by subsection one of this section had not been enacted.

SCHEDULES.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

- 25 Public Service Association of New South Wales.

 New South Wales Public Service Professional Officers Association.

 Public Service Professional Officers Association of New South Wales
- Public School Teachers' Federation of New South Wales.

 The Amalgamated Hospitals, Homes and Laboratories Employees'

Association of New South Wales.

The Trained Mental Nurses Association of New South Wales.

New South Wales Dredge and Maritime Services Board Employees'

35 Fire Brigades Association of New South Wales.
Fire Brigades Officers' Association, New South Wales.
Maritime Services Board of New South Wales Clerical and General Officers' Association.

The Hunter District Water Board Employees' Association.

The

The Metropolitan Board of Water Supply and Sewerage Employees' Association.

The Institute of Inspectors of Schools of New South Wales. Police Association of New South Wales.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

The Metropolitan Water, Sewerage and Drainage Board.

The Hunter District Water Board.

The Water Conservation and Irrigation Commission.

The Milk Board.

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10 The Board of Fire Commissioners of New South Wales.

The Commissioner for Main Roads.

The Maritime Services Board of New South Wales.

The Metropolitan Meat Industry Commissioner.

The Comptroller-General of Prisons.

15 The Inspector-General appointed under the Lunacy Act of 1898, as amended by subsequent Acts.

The Commissioner of Police.

Sydney: Alfred Henry Pettifer, Acting Government Printer-1944. [1s. 3d.]

A BILL

To provide for the constitution of a Crown Employees Appeal Board and to define its powers, authorities, duties and functions; to confer on such Board jurisdiction to hear and determine certain appeals by certain employees of the Crown; to amend the Police Regulation (Appeals) Act, 1923, as amended by subsequent Acts; and for purposes connected therewith.

[MR. McKell;—7 March, 1944.]

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of 5 the same, as follows:—

PART I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Crown Short title and division into Parts."

(2) Short title and division into Parts.

- (2) This Act is divided into Parts as follows:—
- PART I.—Preliminary—ss. 1, 2.
- PART II.—Crown Employees Appeal Board—ss. 3-8.
- 5 PART III.—APPEALS—ss. 9-13.
 - PART IV.—REGULATIONS—s. 14.
 - PART V.—AMENDMENT OF POLICE REGULATION (APPEALS) ACT, 1923—s. 15.

SCHEDULES.

- 10 2. (1) In this Act, unless the context or subject Interpretamatter otherwise indicates or requires—
 - "Association of employees" means any association which is registered as an industrial union of employees under the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940-1943, and the name of which appears in the First Schedule to this Act or which is added to such Schedule in pursuance of this Act.
 - "Board" means the Crown Employees Appeal Board constituted under this Act.
- 20 "Chairman" means the chairman of the Board.
 - "Employer" means an employing authority in whose service an officer is employed and, in relation to officers of the classes referred to in paragraphs (a), (b) and (e) of the definition of "Officer," means the Public Service Board.
 - "Employing authority" means any person whose name appears in the Second Schedule to this Act or is added to such Schedule in pursuance of this Act.
- 30 "Officer" means any person—
 - (a) who is an officer within the meaning of the Public Service Act;
 - (b) who, being an employee within the meaning of the Public Service Act, has been continuously employed as such an employee for a period of not less than one year;

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5	(c) who is permanently employed in the service of an employing authority;(d) who is employed (otherwise than permanently) in the service of an employ-
Ů	ing authority and who has been continuously employed in the service of that employing authority for a period of not less than one year;
10	(e) who is employed (otherwise than in any of the capacities referred to in paragraphs (a) to (d), both inclusive, of this definition, or as a member of the police force or as an officer or
15	employee of the Department of Rail- ways or of the Department of Road Transport and Tramways or as an officer of either House of Parlia- ment or as a person employed in
20	either of the Departments of the Legislature under the separate control of the President or Speaker or under their joint control) in the service of the Crown by any person other than the Public Service Peard or any least t
25	the Public Service Board or an employ- ing authority and who has been con- tinuously so employed for a period of not less than one year; but a person who, by the terms of his employ- ment, is employed only during the absence on
30	leave of an officer, shall not, by reason only of paragraph (b) or paragraph (d) or paragraph (e) of this definition, be deemed to be an officer. "Prescribed" means prescribed by this Act or by
35	the regulations. "Public Service Act" means the Public Service Act, 1902, as amended by subsequent Acts. "Public Service Board" means the Public Service Board constituted under the Public Service Act. "Regulations" means regulations made under this
:0	Act. "Secretary" means the secretary to the Board.

(2)

(2) (a) If any industrial union of employees registered under the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940-1943, satisfies the Governor that of the members of such union a substantial number are officers within the meaning of 5 this Act, the Governor may amend the First Schedule to this Act by inserting therein the name of such union.

(b) If the registration of any association as an industrial union of employees is cancelled by the Industrial Commission of New South Wales the Governor may 10 amend the First Schedule to this Act by omitting there-

from the name of such association.

(c) The Governor may amend the Second Schedule to this Act by inserting therein the name of any person who, under the authority of any Act, employs 15 persons on behalf of the Crown.

(d) The Schedules as so amended shall be the

Schedules to this Act.

PART II.

CROWN EMPLOYEES APPEAL BOARD.

3. (1) There shall be a Crown Employees Appeal The Board. 20 Board, which shall have and may exercise and discharge the powers, authorities, duties and functions conferred and imposed upon the Board by or under this Act.

(2) The Board shall consist of a chairman and

25 members nominated as provided in this Act.

(3) At sittings of the Board three members shall be present, of whom-

(a) one shall be the chairman;

(b) one shall be an employers' representative; and

(c) one shall be an officers' representative. 30

(4) Sittings of the Board shall be arranged by the

In arranging such sittings the chairman shall, as far as practicable, ensure that the employers' representative 35 is the member or alternate member nominated by the employer in whose service the appellant is employed, and the officers' representative is the member or alternate member nominated by the association of employees of which the appellant is a member or of an association

40 of employees of which he is eligible for membership.

- (5) At sittings of the Board each member (including the chairman) shall have one vote and the decision of the majority in number of the members shall be the decision of the Board.
- 5 (6) Each member of the Board, other than the chairman, and each alternate member shall be entitled to receive such fees and allowances as may be prescribed.

Any such member or alternate member shall, notwithstanding the provisions of any Act or of any rule or 10 regulation made under any Act, be entitled to receive remuneration under this section, in addition to any remuneration to which he is otherwise entitled.

- 4. (1) The chairman shall be appointed by the Chairman. Governor and shall be—
- 15 (a) a judge of the Supreme Court who shall be so appointed on the nomination of the Chief Justice; or

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- (b) a member of the Industrial Commission of New South Wales who shall be so appointed on the nomination of the President of that Commission; or
 - (c) a person who is eligible for appointment as a judge of the Supreme Court or as a member of the Industrial Commission of New South Wales.
- (2) (a) Where the person appointed chairman holds the qualification referred to in paragraph (a) of subsection one of this section he shall retain his office as a judge of the Supreme Court, and any period during which he serves as chairman shall be computed as part 30 of his service as such judge for the purposes of section twelve of the Supreme Court and Circuit Courts Act, 1900-1941.
- (b) Where the person appointed chairman holds the qualification referred to in paragraph (b) of 35 subsection one of this section he shall retain his office as a member of the Industrial Commission of New South Wales, and any period during which he serves as chairman shall be computed as part of his service as such member for the purposes of section fourteen of the 40 Industrial Arbitration Act, 1940-1943.

- (c) Where the person appointed chairman holds the qualification referred to in paragraph (c) of subsection one of this section the following provisions shall have effect:—
- 5 (i) On appointment the chairman shall take the oath of allegiance and the judicial oath.

This paragraph extends to any such person appointed to act temporarily as chairman.

(ii) The chairman shall, subject to this paragraph, hold office during good behaviour, shall have the 10 same rank, title, status and precedence and the same salary, pension and other rights as a puisne judge of the Supreme Court, and shall be removable from office in the same manner only 15 as a judge of the Supreme Court is by law liable to be removed from his office.

(iii) Such salary and pension shall be paid out of moneys provided by Parliament.

(iv) The chairman shall retire on the day upon which he attains the age of seventy years, unless he is granted retiring leave, in which case he shall retire on the expiration of such leave.

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- (v) The chairman shall not be capable of accepting or holding any other office or any other place of profit within the State except any such judicial office as may be conferred upon him by or under any law of the State.
- (3) If the chairman is prevented by any cause from attending to his duties as such the Governor may 30 appoint some person qualified to be appointed as chairman to act temporarily as chairman, and such person, while so acting, shall have all the powers of the chairman.
- 5. (1) The members of the Board who are employers' Employers' representatives shall be the members nominated by the representa-35 employers and the members of the Board who are the officers' officers' representatives shall be the members nominated representatives. by the associations of employees.

(2) Each employer and each association of employees shall nominate one member of the Board and 40 one alternate member.

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During the absence from any cause of a member so nominated or during any vacancy in the office of any such member the alternate member may act as a member of the Board, and while so acting shall have all the powers and authorities of a member.

- (3) Every such nomination shall be in or to the effect of the prescribed form and shall be lodged with the secretary together with the following documents, namely:—
- 10 (a) a written statement signed by the person nominated and signifying his consent to such nomination;
- (b) the oath or affirmation referred to in subsection four of this section sworn or made by the person nominated.

No such nomination shall take effect unless and until it and the documents referred to in this subsection have been so lodged.

- (4) Every person nominated as a member or 20 alternate member under this section shall, before assuming office, take an oath or make an affirmation in the prescribed form that he will faithfully and impartially discharge the duties of his office.
- (5) (a) A person nominated by the Public Service 25 Board under this section shall be either a member of the Public Service Board or an officer.
 - (b) A person nominated by any employing authority shall be either an officer, or—
- (i) where the employing authority is a corporate body, a member of the corporate body; or
 - (ii) where the employing authority is a corporation sole or an individual, the person constituting the corporation sole or the individual.
- (c) A person nominated under this section by 35 an association of employees shall be an officer.

representa-

Crown Employees Appeal Board.

- 6. (1) (a) The first nomination of members and Nominaalternate members shall be lodged within one month employers, after the commencement of this Act.
- (b) The persons so nominated shall assume officers' 5 office on the dates upon which their respective nomina-representations take effect and, subject to this Act, shall hold office until the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred and forty-seven.
- (2) (a) Subsequent nominations of members and 10 alternate members shall be lodged in the month of November in the year one thousand nine hundred and forty-seven and in each third year thereafter.
- (b) The persons so nominated shall assume office on the first day of January next following the date 15 of lodgment of the nomination and shall, subject to this Act, hold office for a period of three years.
- (3) (a) A nomination to fill a casual vacancy in the office of a member or alternate member shall be lodged within one month after the occurrence of the 20 vacancy.
 - (b) The person so nominated shall assume office on the date upon which his nomination takes effect and, subject to this Act, shall hold office for the balance of his predecessor's term of office.
- (4) If no nomination or no effective nomination of 25 a member or alternate member is, within the prescribed time, lodged by an employer who is required by this Act to lodge such nomination, the Governor may appoint any person eligible for nomination by such employer to 30 be a member or alternate member.

The member or alternate member so appointed shall, for all purposes of this Act, be deemed to have been nominated by such employer, and shall be an employers' representative.

(5) If no nomination or no effective nomination of 35 a member or alternate member is, within the prescribed time, lodged by an association of employees which is required by this Act to lodge such nomination, the Governor may appoint an officer to be a member or 40 alternate member.

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The member or alternate member so appointed shall, for all purposes of this Act, be deemed to have been nominated by such association of employees, and shall be an officers' representative.

7. (1) A member of the Board (other than the chair- Casual man) or an alternate member shall be deemed to have vacancies. vacated his office if-

- (a) he becomes bankrupt, compounds with his creditors or makes an assignment of his estate for their benefit; or
- (b) he becomes an insane person or patient or an incapable person within the meaning of the Lunacy Act of 1898; or
- (c) he is convicted in New South Wales of a felony or of a misdemeanour which is punishable by 15 imprisonment for twelve months or upwards, or is convicted elsewhere than in New South Wales of an offence which, if committed in New South Wales, would be a felony or a misdemeanour which is punishable as aforesaid; or 20
 - (d) he resigns his office by writing under his hand addressed to the secretary; or
 - (e) he dies; or

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- (f) he ceases to be an officer or, as the case may be, to hold the office by virtue of which he was nominated as member or alternate member; or
- (g) he is removed from office by the Governor.
- (2) A member of the Board (other than the chairman) or an alternate member may be removed from office 30 by the Governor if, without just cause, he neglects or refuses to sit as a member of the Board at any sitting at which he is required, by notice given pursuant to this Act, to attend as an employers' representative or an officers' representative as the case may be.
- 8. (1) The Governor may appoint and employ a secre- secretary tary and such other officers and employees as may be and officers. necessary for the execution of this Act.

(2)

(2) It shall be the duty of the secretary to convene all sittings of the Board and to keep a record of all proceedings and decisions of the Board.

PART III.

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APPEALS.

9. This Part shall commence upon a day to be commenceappointed by the Governor and notified by proclamation ment of Part III. published in the Gazette.

10. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any Appeals 10 other Act, an officer, deeming himself to be adversely Board. affected by any decision or determination of the nature referred to in this subsection made after the commencement of this Part by the employer or other the person in whose service he is employed, may appeal to the Board against such decision or determination.

The decisions and determinations in respect of which an appeal to the Board shall lie under this Act shall be any decision or determination-

- (a) for the promotion or appointment to any per-20 manent office of an officer other than the officer who, according to the rules governing promotion in the service in which those officers are employed, is next in seniority for the promotion or appointment;
- (b) for the reduction in rank, position, grade or 25 pay of the officer;
 - (c) for the dismissal of the officer;
 - (d) for the imposition of a fine or forfeiture of pay in respect of any offence of which the officer is held to be guilty;
 - (e) requiring the officer to resign:

Provided that no appeal shall lie from any decision or determination of the nature referred to in paragraph (a) of this subsection—

35 (i) where the salary attached to the office to be filled exceeds one thousand pounds per annum; or

(ii)

- (ii) where the office to be filled has been declared, pursuant to the Public Service Act, 1902, as amended by subsequent Acts, to be in the Special Division.
- 5 (2) A decision or determination of the nature referred to in subsection one of this section shall not be carried into effect until the expiration of the time for lodging an appeal under this Act, and, if an appeal is lodged within that time, shall not be carried into effect 10 until the appeal is determined.
 - (3) Where under any law or any award or industrial agreement (whether enacted or made before or after the commencement of this Part) an officer has a right of appeal to any tribunal or authority (including the
- 15 employer or other the person in whose service he is employed) against any decision or determination of the nature referred to in subsection one of this section, he may exercise either that right of appeal or the right of appeal conferred by subsection one of this section.
- 20 Where the officer lodges an appeal under such law, award, or industrial agreement no appeal shall lie under this section, and where the officer lodges an appeal under this section no appeal shall lie under such law, award or industrial agreement.
- 25 11. (1) Every appeal to the Board shall be initiated Notice of by notice in writing lodged with the secretary.
- (2) Every such notice shall be in the prescribed form, and shall be lodged in quadruplicate with the secretary within thirty days after the appellant has been noti30 fied of the decision or determination appealed against.
 - (3) Upon receipt of such notice the secretary shall forward one copy to the employer in whose service the appellant is employed and shall notify the chairman.

The chairman shall arrange a sitting of the Board and 35 shall fix the date and place for the hearing of the appeal, and shall cause notice thereof to be given to the employers' representative and the officers' representative.

The secretary shall give to the appellant and the employer not less than seven days' notice of the date and 40 place so fixed.

12. (1) For the purpose of hearing and determining Hearing of any appeal under this Act the members of the Board and appeals. the chairman of the Board shall have the powers, authorities, protections and immunities conferred on 5 commissioners and the chairman of a commission respectively by Division 1 of Part II of the Royal Commissions Act, 1923, as amended by subsequent Acts.

The provisions of the Royal Commissions Act, 1923, as amended by subsequent Acts, with the exception of sec-10 tion thirteen and Division 2 of Part II, shall, mutatis mutandis, apply to and in respect of any such appeal and to any witness or person summoned by or appearing before the Board.

(2) With the approval of the chairman all official 15 papers, correspondence or reports of the employer relating to the decision or determination against which the appeal is made, shall be open to the inspection of the appellant or his representative at the hearing or at such time prior thereto as he may arrange with the employer. 20

(3) The decisions of the Board shall be upon the real merits and justice of the case and it shall not be

bound to follow strict legal precedent.

(4) The appellant may be represented before the

Board by a barrister, solicitor or agent.

25 (5) The employer shall be entitled to be represented before the Board and may be so represented by a barrister or solicitor or by an officer.

13. (1) The decision of the Board on any appeal Decision of under this Act shall be final and shall be given effect to final. 30 by the employer or other the person in whose service the

appellant is employed.

(2) No decision or proceeding of the Board shall cf. Act be vitiated by reason only of any informality or want of s. 84 (1). form or be liable to be challenged, appealed against, 35 reviewed, quashed or called in question by any court of

judicature on any account whatsoever.

(3) No writ of prohibition or certiorari shall lie in respect of any decision or proceeding of the Board relating to any appeal under this Act.

PART IV.

REGULATIONS.

- 14. (1) The Governor may make regulations not inconsistent with this Act prescribing all matters which by
 this Act are required or permitted to be prescribed or
 which are necessary or convenient to be prescribed for
 carrying out or giving effect to this Act.
 - (2) The regulations shall—
 - (a) be published in the Gazette;

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- (b) take effect from the date of publication, or from a later date to be specified in the regulations; and
 - (c) be laid before both Houses of Parliament within fourteen sitting days after publication, if Parliament is in session, and if not, then within fourteen sitting days after the commencement of the next session.

If either House of Parliament passes a resolution of which notice has been given at any time within fifteen sitting days after such regulations have been laid before such House disallowing any regulation or part thereof such regulation or part shall thereupon cease to have effect.

PART V.

- 25 Amendment of Police Regulation (Appeals) Act, 1923.
 - 15. The Police Regulation (Appeals) Act, 1923, as Amendment amended by subsequent Acts, is amended—

 Amendment of Act No. 33, 1923.
- (a) by omitting from section eight the word Sec. 8.

 "thereof" and by inserting in lieu thereof the (No appeal words "of any such decision or in respect of from Appeal Board.)

 any proceeding of the board";
 - (b) by inserting in section nine after the word Sec. 9.

 "regulations" where firstly occurring the words (Regulations.)

 "not inconsistent with this Act prescribing all matters

matters which by this Act are required or permitted to be prescribed or which are necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to this Act.

Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power regulations may be so made."

SCHEDULES.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Public Service Association of New South Wales. 10

Public Service Professional Officers Association of New South Wales.

Public School Teachers' Federation of New South Wales.

The Amalgamated Hospitals, Homes and Laboratories Employees' Association of New South Wales.

The Trained Mental Nurses Association of New South Wales. 15 New South Wales Dredge and Maritime Services Board Employees'

Fire Brigades Association of New South Wales. Fire Brigades Officers' Association, New South Wales.

Maritime Services Board of New South Wales Clerical and General Officers' Association.

The Hunter District Water Board Employees' Association.

The Metropolitan Board of Water Supply and Sewerage Employees' Association.

The Institute of Inspectors of Schools of New South Wales.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

The Metropolitan Water, Sewerage and Drainage Board.

The Hunter District Water Board.

The Water Conservation and Irrigation Commission.

The Milk Board. 30

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The Board of Fire Commissioners of New South Wales.

The Commissioner for Main Roads.

The Maritime Services Board of New South Wales.

The Metropolitan Meat Industry Commissioner.

The Comptroller-General of Prisons. 35

The Inspector-General appointed under the Lunacy Act of 1898, as amended by subsequent Acts.

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