

New South Wales.



ANNO PRIMO

EDWARDI VIII REGIS.

Act No. 6, 1936.

An Act to provide for the removal of human remains and certain slabs and tombstones from a portion of the Roman Catholic Cemetery attached to the Church of Saint Charles, Ryde; for the reinterment of such remains and the re-erection of such slabs and tombstones in another part of such cemetery; to authorise the erection of a church upon the land from which such remains, slabs and tombstones have been removed; and for purposes connected therewith. [Assented to, 9th April, 1936.]

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. This Act may be cited as the "Saint Charles Church, Ryde, Cemetery Act, 1936."

Saint Charles Church, Ryde, Cemetery.

Removal of
remains.

2. (1) The Reverend Edward Gell, the Roman Catholic Parish Priest of the Parish of Ryde, may cause the remains of any person buried in the land described in the First Part of the Schedule to this Act (so far as such remains can by reasonable diligence be discovered and identified) together with any slab or tombstone in relation thereto, to be collected with due care, and may cause such remains to be reverently reinterred in and such slab or tombstone re-erected on that portion of the land described in the Second Part of the said Schedule which does not form part of the land described in the First Part of the said Schedule.

Cost of
removal,
etc.

(2) The said Reverend Edward Gell shall defray the cost of the removal, reinterment and re-erection, but shall not be liable to pay any exhumation fees in respect thereof.

Compensa-
tion not
payable.

(3) No compensation shall be payable by the said Reverend Edward Gell to any person in respect of the performance of any act authorised by this Act.

Church
may be
erected.

3. It shall be lawful to erect upon the land described in the First Part of the said Schedule, including the part of the land from which such remains have been removed pursuant to this Act, a church, notwithstanding any trust affecting such part.

SCHEDULE.

FIRST PART.

ALL that piece or parcel of land situate and lying in the municipality of Ryde, parish of Hunters Hill, county of Cumberland, State of New South Wales and being part of Joseph Hatton's Grant. Commencing at a point on the boundary fence between Saint Charles Ryde Church and School lands situated 35 feet south-easterly from the alignment of Charles street (such fence being 96 feet from and parallel to Victoria road) and bounded on the north-east by the aforesaid fenced line bearing south-easterly 100 feet thence on the south-east by a line bearing south-westerly 185 feet, thence on the south-west by a line parallel to aforesaid fence bearing north-westerly 100 feet thence by a line bearing north-easterly 185 feet to the point of commencement.

SECOND

Saint Charles Church, Ryde, Cemetery.

SECOND PART.

ALL that piece or parcel of land situate and lying in the municipality of Ryde, parish of Hunters Hill, county of Cumberland, State of New South Wales and being part of Joseph Hatton's Grant. Commencing on the south-eastern side of Charles-street 96 feet and bearing south-westerly from its intersection with the south-western side of Victoria-road thence bounded on the north-east by a line bearing south-easterly 218 feet 6 inches to the boundary between the Church and Presbytery lands thence on the south-east by that boundary bearing south-westerly 283 feet to a Reserve for Graves as shown on plan at Department of Lands, Sydney, and numbered Ms. 2035 Sy. thence on the south-west by part of the northern boundary of that reservation bearing north-westerly 217 feet $3\frac{1}{4}$ inches to the south-eastern side of Charles-street aforesaid thence bounded on the north-west by that side of that street bearing north-easterly 269 feet $8\frac{1}{2}$ inches to the point of commencement.

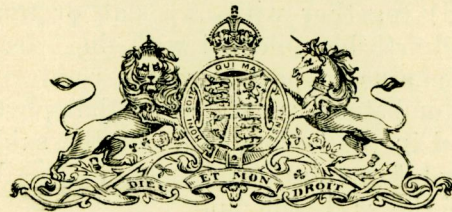
Journal of the American Chemical Society

The first law of general relativity is applicable to the present case. The second law of general relativity is applicable to the present case. The third law of general relativity is applicable to the present case. The fourth law of general relativity is applicable to the present case. The fifth law of general relativity is applicable to the present case. The sixth law of general relativity is applicable to the present case. The seventh law of general relativity is applicable to the present case. The eighth law of general relativity is applicable to the present case. The ninth law of general relativity is applicable to the present case. The tenth law of general relativity is applicable to the present case.

I certify that this PUBLIC BILL, which originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, has finally passed the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL and the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY of NEW SOUTH WALES.

W. R. McCOURT,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.
Legislative Assembly Chamber,
Sydney, 1 April, 1936.

New South Wales.



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BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. This Act may be cited as the "Saint Charles Church, Ryde, Cemetery Act, 1936." Short title.

2.

I have examined this Bill, and find it to correspond in all respects with the Bill as finally passed by both Houses.

W. W. HEDGES,
Chairman of Committees of the Legislative Assembly.

Saint Charles Church, Ryde, Cemetery.

Removal of
remains.

2. (1) The Reverend Edward Gell, the Roman Catholic Parish Priest of the Parish of Ryde, may cause the remains of any person buried in the land described in the First Part of the Schedule to this Act (so far as such remains can by reasonable diligence be discovered and identified) together with any slab or tombstone in relation thereto, to be collected with due care, and may cause such remains to be reverently reinterred in and such slab or tombstone re-erected on that portion of the land described in the Second Part of the said Schedule which does not form part of the land described in the First Part of the said Schedule.

Cost of
removal,
etc.

(2) The said Reverend Edward Gell shall defray the cost of the removal, reinterment and re-erection, but shall not be liable to pay any exhumation fees in respect thereof.

Compensa-
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payable.

(3) No compensation shall be payable by the said Reverend Edward Gell to any person in respect of the performance of any act authorised by this Act.

Church
may be
erected.

3. It shall be lawful to erect upon the land described in the First Part of the said Schedule, including the part of the land from which such remains have been removed pursuant to this Act, a church, notwithstanding any trust affecting such part.

SCHEDULE.

FIRST PART.

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SECOND

Saint Charles Church, Ryde, Cemetery.

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*In the name and on behalf of His Majesty I assent
to this Act.*

P. W. STREET,
Lieutenant-Governor.

*Government House,
Sydney, 9th April, 1936.*

The first part of the report is devoted to a description of the country and its resources. It is followed by a chapter on the history of the country, and a chapter on the present state of the country. The report concludes with a chapter on the future of the country.

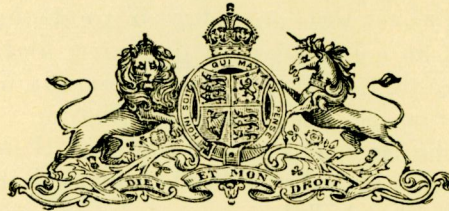
The second part of the report is devoted to a description of the country and its resources. It is followed by a chapter on the history of the country, and a chapter on the present state of the country. The report concludes with a chapter on the future of the country.

This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

W. R. McCOURT,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

*Legislative Assembly Chamber,
Sydney, 26 March, 1936.*

New South Wales.



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- (2) The said Reverend Edward Gell shall defray the cost of the removal, reinterment and re-erection, but shall not be liable to pay any exhumation fees in respect thereof.
- (3) No compensation shall be payable by the said Reverend Edward Gell to any person in respect of the performance of any act authorised by this Act.
3. It shall be lawful to erect upon the land described in the First Part of the said Schedule, including the part of the land from which such remains have been removed pursuant to this Act, a church, notwithstanding any trust affecting such part.

Removal of remains.

Cost of removal, etc.

Compensation not payable.

Church may be erected.

25

SCHEDULE.

FIRST PART.

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15 side of that street bearing north-easterly 269 feet $8\frac{1}{2}$ inches to the point of commencement.

The first part of the paper is devoted to a general
 introduction of the subject. It is followed by a
 detailed description of the experimental apparatus
 and the method of observation. The results of the
 experiments are then presented in a series of
 tables and figures. The paper concludes with a
 summary of the findings and a discussion of their
 significance.

The paper is divided into several sections. The first section is an introduction. The second section describes the experimental apparatus. The third section describes the method of observation. The fourth section presents the results of the experiments. The fifth section is a summary of the findings. The sixth section is a discussion of the significance of the results.