New South Wales.



ANNO PRIMO

GEORGII VI REGIS.

Act No. 58, 1936.

An Act to amend the Moratorium Act, 1932, in certain respects; and for purposes connected therewith. [Assented to, 23rd December, 1936.]

B^E it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :—

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Moratorium short title. (Amendment) Act, 1936."

(2) The Moratorium Act, 1932-1935, is in this Act referred to as the Principal Act.

(3) The Principal Act, as amended by this Act, may be cited as the Moratorium Act, 1932-1936.

Moratorium (Amendment).

2. The Principal Act is amended—

Amendment of Act No. 57, 1982.

Sec. 2. (Interpre-

tation.)

 (a) (i) by inserting in subsection one of section two next after the definition of "Mortgagee" the following new definition:—

> "Person who has guaranteed the payment of money" includes and shall be deemed always to have included a person who to the knowledge of the creditor at the time of incurring such liability has incurred a primary liability to the creditor to pay money to such creditor as surety for a third person.

(ii) by inserting next after the same subsection the following new subsection :---

(1A) A lessee from a mortgagor shall not be and shall be deemed never to have been, for the purposes of this Act or of any Act repealed by this Act, a person entitled to redeem the mortgage.

(b) by inserting at the end of subsection two of section six the following words:--

Provided that where a mortgagor has by instrument inter vivos disposed of the whole of his estate or interest in any mortgaged property it shall not be necessary, nor shall it be deemed ever to have been necessary, to give any such notice to such mortgagor.

Provided further that in the case of a mortgage of land it shall not be necessary, nor shall it be deemed ever to have been necessary, to give notice to any person whose interest in the land was created by an instrument which is not registered either under the Registration of Deeds Act, 1897, or the Real Property Act, 1900, but this proviso shall not apply where the person whose interest is so unregistered is the original

Sec. 6. (Mortgages to the Crown, etc.)

Moratorium (Amendment).

original mortgagor or his personal representative or where such person is in possession of the land or where the mortgagee has express notice of the interest of such person.

(c) (i) by inserting in subsection two of section Sec. 9. nine after the words "from entering into (Limitation possession" wherever occurring the words of rights of mortgagee.) "or taking proceedings to obtain possession";

.......

(ii) by inserting at the end of paragraph (a) of the same subsection the following new proviso:-

Provided further that where on or after such date any unpaid interest has been or shall be capitalised in accordance with the to induction terms of the mortgage, such interest shall not, for the purposes of this subsection, be, by reason of such capitalisation, deemed to have been or to be paid.

> (iii) by inserting at the end of the same subsection the following new subsection :---

(2A) Where the mortgagor has, by failing to make a payment of money, made default under the provisions of any covenant or agreement referred to in paragraph (b) or paragraph (c) of subsection two of this section he shall be deemed to continue to be in such default notwithstanding that the mortgagee has made the payment which the mortgagor has so failed to make.

(iv) by inserting next after subsection four of the same section the following new subsection :---

> (4A) An order made by the court under subsection one of this section, giving a mortgagee leave to exercise all or any of his rights, powers or remedies against the mortgaged property, shall enure and shall be deemed

deemed always to have enured for the benefit of the assigns of the mortgagee, and shall not be and shall be deemed never to have been prejudiced or affected by any change occurring after the making of such order in the title to or ownership of the mortgaged property.

(d) (i) by inserting at the end of subsection one of section ten the following words:---

"Where the terms of a mortgage provide for the capitalisation of interest, the date at which by such terms a rest may be taken shall, for the purposes of this section, be regarded as the date upon which the interest is payable, and default shall be deemed to be made or to have been made in the payment thereof if such interest be not paid at such date notwithstanding any capitalisation thereof."

 (ii) by inserting after subsection four of the same section the following new subsection:—

(4a) On any application under this section the court may order the mortgagor, puisne mortgagee or purchaser, as the case may be, to file accounts, verified by affidavit, showing, for or in respect of the period specified in the order, the amounts of rents, profits or income received by him from the mortgaged or purchased property, and the sums paid by him for rates, taxes, insurance premiums and other charges and outgoings on or in relation to such property, and may order the person making such affidavit to attend before the court for crossexamination thereon.

(e) by inserting next after section thirteen the following new section:--

13A. (1) Where a mortgagee under a mortgage of land to which the provisions of this Part of f

Sec. 10. (Remedy of mortgagee, etc.)

New s. 134.

Further provisions as to mortgagee in possession.

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of this Act apply has, either before or after the commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act, 1936, entered into possession of the mortgaged property or appointed a receiver thereof and has been paid or tendered by the mortgagor or any subsequent mortgagee, or has, out of the rents, profits or income the mortgaged property, received of an amount sufficient to discharge all interest due to him and to all prior mortgagees (if any) and all rates, taxes and other outgoings on or in respect of the mortgaged property properly paid by him, or, where a receiver has been appointed, such interest, rates, taxes and other outgoings have been discharged out of such rents, profits or income, the court may, on the application of the mortgagor or any subsequent mortgagee, order the mortgagee to deliver up possession to the applicant, or to determine the appointment of the receiver either absolutely or on such terms and conditions as it thinks fit.

(2) A mortgagee in possession of land comprised in any mortgage to him shall, on request in writing made by the mortgagor or any subsequent mortgagee and on tender of a reasonable sum for the expenses of preparing the account, give to such mortgagor or subsequent mortgagee an account in writing verified by statutory declaration showing all rents, profits and income received by him and all moneys appropriated or paid by him for interest, rates, taxes or other outgoings on or in respect of the mortgaged property.

The court may, on the application of the person who requested the account, order the person who made the statutory declaration to attend before the court for cross-examination thereon.

(3) If such mortgagee neglects or refuses, within a reasonable time to give such account, the court may, on the application of

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the person who has requested such account, order such mortgagee to give to the applicant, within a time to be fixed by the order, such account.

(4) In this section "mortgagor" means the person entitled to the equity of redemption in the mortgaged land, or if the land comprised in the mortgage is under the provisions of the Real Property Act, 1900, has the same meaning as in that Act.

(f) by inserting at the end of section fourteen the following new subsections :---

(5) Where a mortgagor has, by instrument inter vivos, disposed of the whole of his estate or interest in any mortgaged property, the consent of such mortgagor shall not be necessary and shall be deemed never to have been necessary under this Act or under any Act repealed by this Act to enable the mortgagee to exercise, without the leave of the court, any of his rights, powers or remedies against that mortgaged property.

(6) (a) In the case of a mortgage of land the consent of any person whose interest in the land was created by an instrument which is not at the time the right, power or remedy is exercised registered under either the Registration of Deeds Act, 1897, or the Real Property Act, 1900, shall not be necessary and shall be deemed never to have been necessary under this Act or under any Act repealed by this Act, to enable the mort-gagee to exercise without the leave of the court all or any of his rights, powers or remedies against the land.

(b) Paragraph (a) of this subsection shall not apply where the person whose interest is so unregistered is the original mortgagor or his personal representative or where such person is in possession of the land or where the mortgagee has express notice of the interest of such person. (7)

Sec. 14.

(Consent by the mortgagor to exercise of powers, etc., by mortgagee.)

(7) Where a mortgagee exercises, without the leave of the court, any power of sale or foreclosure of the mortgaged property or of the land subject to the mortgage, as the case may be, the exercise of such power shall operate to discharge the liability under any covenant expressed or implied in the mortgage of any person whose consent would, but for subsection five or subsection six of this section, have been necessary to the exercise of such right, power or remedy and who has not in fact consented thereto.

the News. 14A. (g) by inserting next after section fourteen following new section:-

14A. Unless otherwise therein expressly pro- Further vided and subject to any such provision a consent given by a mortgagor pursuant to the consent. provisions of section six or of section fourteen of this Act or in accordance with the provisions of the Moratorium Act, 1930, or any Act amending the same in force at the date of the consent-

(b)

- (a) shall be, and shall, from the commence. ment of this Act, be deemed always to have been irrevocable;
- (b) shall enure and be deemed always to have enured for the benefit of any person thereafter acquiring any interest in the mortgage;
- (c) shall, so far as it extends, be and be deemed always to have been sufficient for the purpose, without any further consent by any person thereafter acquiring any interest in the mortgaged property; and
- (d) if given after the purported exercise by the mortgagee of any right, power or remedy to which such consent relates, shall be and be deemed always to have been as efficacious as if given before such exercise.

New s. 23A.

Council not to bring suit for charging order in certain events.

Sec. 34. (Restriction on rights of mortgagees.) (h) by inserting next after section twenty-three the following new section:---

23A. No suit shall be brought by the council of any municipality or shire to enforce the charge for rates on land whilst such land is subject to any mortgage registered under either the Registration of Deeds Act, 1897, or the Real Property Act, 1900, to which the provisions of this Part of this Act apply, unless the mortgagee under such mortgage is in possession of the mortgaged land or he or any receiver appointed by him is in receipt of the rents and profits thereof.

- (i) (i) by inserting in paragraph (a) of subsection seven of section thirty-four after the word "mortgagor" the words "whether such order be made before or after the commencement of this Act";
 - (ii) by inserting in paragraph (b) of the same subsection after the word "force" the words "whether such deed be executed before or after the commencement of this Act";
 - (iii) by inserting in paragraph (c) of the same subsection after the words "being a company" the words "whether such order or resolution be made or passed before or after the commencement of this Act":
 - (iv) by inserting at the end of paragraph (d) of the same subsection the following words
 "whether the decree or order for such administration be made before or after the commencement of this Act";
 - (v) by inserting at the end of the same section the following new subsection:—

(8) A creditor whose proof of debt has, before the commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act, 1936, been rejected on the ground that the provisions of subsection seven of this section did not extend to the winding-up of a company or

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Moratorium (Amendment).

the administration of the estate of a deceased mortgagor pursuant to an order or decree made or resolution passed before the commencement of this Act. or to the administration of the estate of a mortgagor against whom a sequestration order has, before such commencement, been made, or who has, before such commencement, executed a deed of assignment or of arrangement, and whose proof of debt is after the commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act, 1936, admitted, shall be entitled to be paid, out of any money available for dividend, any dividends he has failed to receive, before that money is applied to the payment of any future dividend : but he shall not be entitled to disturb the distribution of any dividend declared before his debt is proved after the commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act, 1936, by reason that he has not participated therein.

(j) by inserting next after section forty the News. 40A. following new section :---

40A. Where, under the provisions of mortgage to which the provisions of Part II of restrictions on rights of this Act apply, a mortgagee is empowered to ex- mortgagee. pend moneys in payment of rates, taxes or insurance premiums or for the protection, preservation or benefit of the mortgaged property, and to add the amount of any such payments to the mortgage debt, and in pursuance of such provisions the mortgagee, after the commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act, 1936, has expended or shall expend moneys in any such payments, the moneys so expended shall, unless such moneys were so expended with the consent in writing, or at the request in writing, of the mortgagor, be deemed not to be advances made or credits provided or given within the meaning of paragraph (h) of section eight or of paragraph (c) of subsection six of section thirty-four of this Act. (k)

a Further

Moratorium (Amendment).

Sec. 41. (Rights and remedies of person entitled to benefit of guarantee.

Sec. 42. (Policies of insurance.)

Debts, trust funds and other choses in action.

Sec. 43. (Offences.)

Sec. 46. (Notices.)

- (k) (i) by omitting from subsection one of section forty-one the words "whether before or after" and by inserting in lieu thereof the word "before";
 - (ii) by inserting next after the same subsection the following new subsection:---

(1A) Money payable by a purchaser to a vendor under a contract for the sale of land for or on account of the purchase price thereof and interest thereon shall for the purposes of this section be and be deemed always to have been money the payment whereof is secured by a mortgage of land.

(1) by inserting at the end of section forty-two the following new subsection :---

(2) Nothing in this Act or in any enactment by this Act repealed, shall be construed to prevent a mortgagee of a debt, trust fund or other chose in action (not being a mortgagee of a mortgage debt) from suing the debtor, trustee or other the person against whom the chose in action is enforceable, to recover any moneys due and payable by such debtor, trustee or other person under or by reason of such debt, trust or other chose in action or from receiving from such debtor, trustee or other person such moneys.

- (m) by inserting in section forty-three, after the words "section thirteen" the words "or section 13^A";
- (n) by omitting from paragraph (b) of subsection one of section forty-six the words "aforesaid place of abode or business, and if that letter is not returned through the post-office undelivered" and by inserting in lieu thereof the words "place of abode or business last known to the person giving the notice."

(0)

Moratorium (Amendment).

(o) by inserting next after section forty-six the New is 46A, 46i following new sections:-

46A, 46B. and 46C. Consents and

46A. In the events mentioned in the first notices. column hereunder and distinguished by a number therein any notice required or authorised by this Act to be given may be given to the respective persons mentioned in the second column and distinguished by a corresponding number in place or on behalf of the persons respectively referred to in the first column as the mortgagor and the respective persons so mentioned and distinguished in the second column shall have and be deemed always to have had power to make any application to the court or to give any consent under any of the provisions of this Act in place or on behalf of the respective persons referred to in the first column as the mortgagor :---

First Column.

Second Column.

1. Where the mortgagor is dead and probate of his will or letters of administation of his estate have been granted or resealed in New South Wales. 1. The personal representative of the mortgagor or other the person in whom the interest of the mortgagor in the mortgaged property has vested.

2. Where the mortgagor is a bankrupt or has executed a deed of assignment or arrangement under the provisions of a ny bankruptcy law for the time being in force. 2. The person in or to whom the interest of the mortgagor in the mortgaged property is vested or has been conveyed or assigned or, where the interest of the mortgagor in the mortgaged property is not vested in or has not been assigned or conveyed to any other person, the person who is empowered to direct the mortgagor to convey or assign his interest in the mortgaged property.

First

First Column.

3. Where the mortgagor is a company and the company is being wound up whether voluntarily, compulsorily or under the supervision of the Court.

4. Where the mortgagor is an insane patient or an incapable or insane person within the meaning of the Lunacy Act of 1898, or any Act amending or replacing the same.

Second Column.

3. The liquidator of the company.

4. The Master in Lunacy or the person to whom has been committed the management of the estate of the mortgagor, as the case may be.

46B. (1) Where, either before or after the commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act, 1936, a mortgagee has, under this Act, obtained the leave of the court to exercise all the rights, powers and remedies expressly or impliedly given to him by the mortgage, any notice required or authorised by this or any other Act to be given to the mortgagor or to any other person interested in the mortgaged property for any purpose of or relating to or in any way concerning the exercise of any such right, power or remedy may, where such mortgagor or person is dead and there is no personal representative of such mortgagor or person in New South Wales, be given personally or by post to the Public Trustee and shall be accompanied by a statement containing such particulars as may be prescribed.

(2) Any notice given in accordance with the provisions of subsection one of this section shall be as valid and effectual as if given to the personal representative of the mortgagor or person unless probate of the will or letters of administration

Notice to the Public Trustee in certain events.

administration of the estate of such mortgagor or person is granted to some person other than the Public Trustee within one month after such notice has been so given.

46c. During such time as any right or remedy statutes of of the mortgagee of any property or the vendor limitations not to run. of any land against the mortgagor or mortgaged property or the purchaser or purchased land is or has been, by reason of this Act or any Act hereby repealed, suspended, time shall not run against such mortgagee or vendor under the provisions of any Statute of Limitations barring such right or remedy of the mortgagee or vendor against the mortgagor, mortgaged property, purchaser or purchased land.

(p) by omitting from the matter relating to Division Sec. 1. 1 of Part II appearing in section one the figures (Division "23" and by inserting in lieu thereof the figures into Parts.) and letter "23A."

By Authority:

DAVID HAROLD PAISLEY, Government Printer, Sydney, 1936.

[6d.]

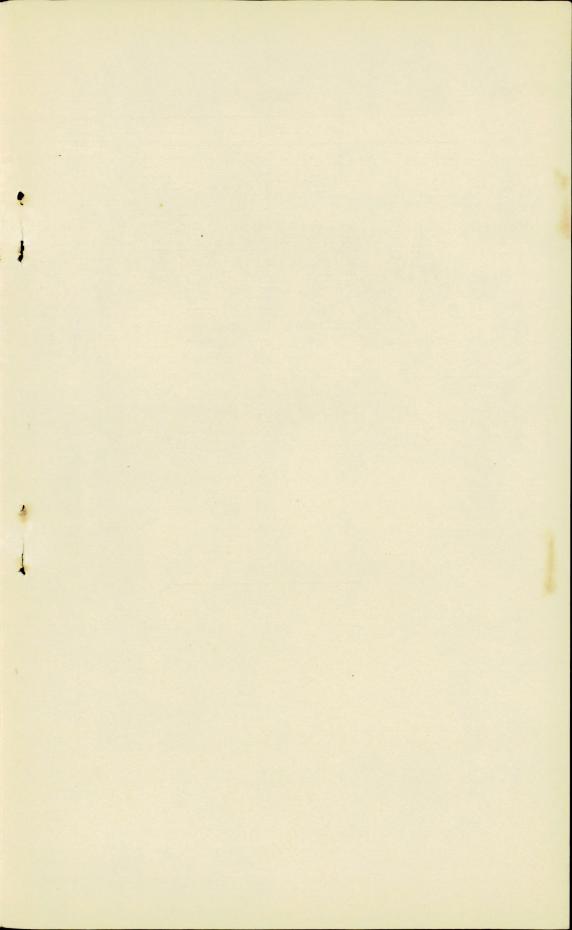
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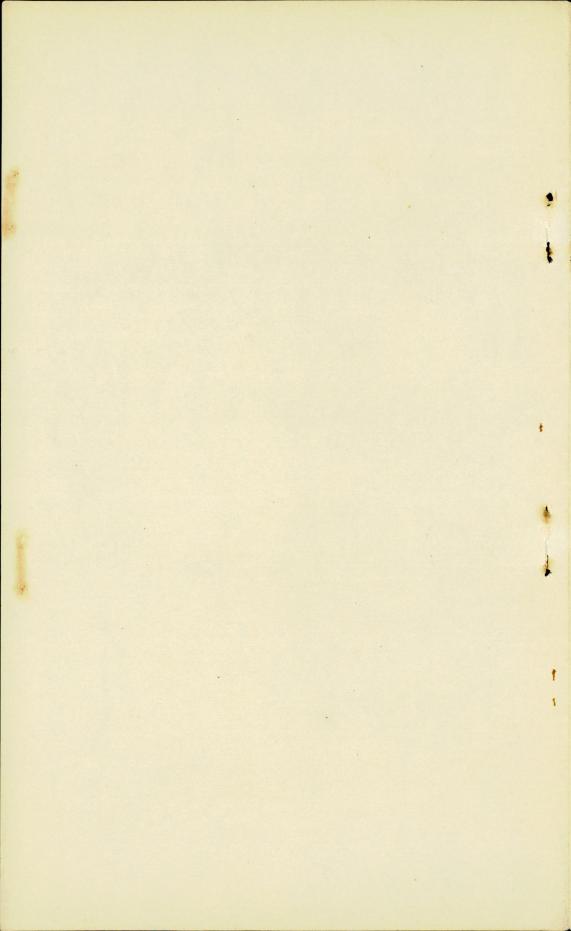
Moratorium (Amendment).

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(dc. During wells time as any related founds, sai at the montgape of any property or the ventor just or any land against the moregonor or moregared property withe purchaser or purchased hard is or ins been, by reason of this Act or any Act hereby repealed, suspended, time shall not run against such mortgages or vendor ander the provisions of any Statute of Limitations carring such right or runsky of the mortgage or vendor against the mortgaged.

> by emitting from the matter relating to Division fact. 1 of Part II appearing in section one the figures (Division +221" and by inserting in from the roof the figures and letter + 22a."

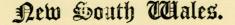




I certify that this PUBLIC BILL, which originated in the LEGIS-LATIVE ASSEMBLY, has finally passed the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL and the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY of NEW SOUTH WALES.

W. R. McCOURT, Clerk of the Legislative Assembly. Legislative Assembly Chamber,

Sydney, 16 December, 1936.





ANNO PRIMO

GEORGII VI REGIS.

Act No. 58, 1936.

An Act to amend the Moratorium Act, 1932, in certain respects; and for purposes connected therewith. [Assented to, 23rd December, 1936.]

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the edvice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :--

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Moratorium short title. (Amendment) Act, 1936."

(2) The Moratorium Act, 1932-1935, is in this Act referred to as the Principal Act.

(3) The Principal Act, as amended by this Act, may be cited as the Moratorium Act, 1932-1936.

2.

I have examined this Bill, and find it to correspond in all respects with the Bill as finally passed by both Houses.

> W. W. HEDGES, Chairman of Committees of the Legislative Assembly.

Moratorium (Amendment).

2. The Principal Act is amended-

Amendment of Act No. 57, 1932.

Sec. 2. (Interpretation.) (a) (i) by inserting in subsection one of section two next after the definition of "Mortgagee" the following new definition :---

> "Person who has guaranteed the payment of money" includes and shall be deemed always to have included a person who to the knowledge of the creditor at the time of incurring such liability has incurred a primary liability to the creditor to pay money to such creditor as surety for a third person.

(ii) by inserting next after the same subsection the following new subsection :---

(1A) A lessee from a mortgagor shall not be and shall be deemed never to have been, for the purposes of this Act or of any Act repealed by this Act, a person entitled to redeem the mortgage.

(b) by inserting at the end of subsection two of section six the following words:---

Provided that where a mortgagor has by instrument inter vivos disposed of the whole of his estate or interest in any mortgaged property it shall not be necessary, nor shall it be deemed ever to have been necessary, to give any such notice to such mortgagor.

Provided further that in the case of a mortgage of land it shall not be necessary, nor shall it be deemed ever to have been necessary, to give notice to any person whose interest in the land was created by an instrument which is not registered either under the Registration of Deeds Act, 1897, or the Real Property Act, 1900, but this proviso shall not apply where the person whose interest is so unregistered is the original

Sec. 6. (Mortgages to the Crown, etc.)

original mortgagor or his personal representative or where such person is in possession of the land or where the mortgagee has express notice of the interest of such person.

- (c) (i) by inserting in subsection two of section Sec. 9.
 nine after the words "from entering into (Limitation possession" wherever occurring the words "or taking proceedings to obtain possession";
 - (ii) by inserting at the end of paragraph (a) of the same subsection the following new proviso:—

Provided further that where on or after such date any unpaid interest has been or shall be capitalised in accordance with the terms of the mortgage, such interest shall not, for the purposes of this subsection, be, by reason of such capitalisation, deemed to have been or to be paid.

(iii) by inserting at the end of the same subsection the following new subsection:---

(2A) Where the mortgagor has, by failing to make a payment of money, made default under the provisions of any covenant or agreement referred to in paragraph (b) or paragraph (c) of subsection two of this section he shall be deemed to continue to be in such default notwithstanding that the mortgagee has made the payment which the mortgagor has so failed to make.

(iv) by inserting next after subsection four of the same section the following new subsection:—

(4A) An order made by the court under subsection one of this section, giving a mortgagee leave to exercise all or any of his rights, powers or remedies against the mortgaged property, shall enure and shall be deemed

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Moratorium (Amendment).

deemed always to have enured for the benefit of the assigns of the mortgagee, and shall not be and shall be deemed never to have been prejudiced or affected by any change occurring after the making of such order in the title to or ownership of the mortgaged property.

Sec. 10. (Remedy of mortgagee, etc.)

(d) (i) by inserting at the end of subsection one of section ten the following words:-

> "Where the terms of a mortgage provide for the capitalisation of interest, the date at which by such terms a rest may be taken shall, for the purposes of this section, be regarded as the date upon which the interest is payable, and default shall be deemed to be made or to have been made in the payment thereof if such interest be not paid at such date notwithstanding any capitalisation thereof."

(ii) by inserting after subsection four of the same section the following new subsection :--

(4A) On any application under this section the court may order the mortgagor, puisne mortgagee or purchaser, as the case may be, to file accounts, verified by affidavit, showing, for or in respect of the period specified in the order, the amounts of rents, profits or income received by him from the mortgaged or purchased property. and the sums paid by him for rates, taxes, insurance premiums and other charges and outgoings on or in relation to such property. and may order the person making such affidavit to attend before the court for crossexamination thereon.

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New s. 13A.

Further

provisions as to mort-

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13A. (1) Where a mortgagee under a mortgage of land to which the provisions of this Part

of

Moratorium (Amendment).

of this Act apply has, either before or after the commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act, 1936, entered into possession of the mortgaged property or appointed a receiver thereof and has been paid or tendered by the mortgagor or any subsequent mortgagee, or has, out of the rents, profits or income of the mortgaged property, received an amount sufficient to discharge all interest due to him and to all prior mortgagees (if any) and all rates, taxes and other outgoings on or in respect of the mortgaged property properly paid by him, or, where a receiver has been appointed, such interest, rates, taxes and other outgoings have been discharged out of such rents, profits or income, the court may, on the application of the mortgagor or any subsequent mortgagee, order the mortgagee to deliver up possession to the applicant, or to determine the appointment of the receiver either absolutely or on such terms and conditions as it thinks fit.

(2) A mortgagee in possession of land comprised in any mortgage to him shall, on request in writing made by the mortgagor or any subsequent mortgagee and on tender of a reasonable sum for the expenses of preparing the account, give to such mortgagor or subsequent mortgagee an account in writing verified by statutory declaration showing all rents, profits and income received by him and all moneys appropriated or paid by him for interest, rates, taxes or other outgoings on or in respect of the mortgaged property.

The court may, on the application of the person who requested the account, order the person who made the statutory declaration to attend before the court for cross-examination thereon.

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Moratorium (Amendment).

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(4) In this section "mortgagor" means the person entitled to the equity of redemption in the mortgaged land, or if the land comprised in the mortgage is under the provisions of the Real Property Act, 1900, has the same meaning as in that Act.

(f) by inserting at the end of section fourteen the following new subsections :---

(5) Where a mortgagor has, by instrument inter vivos, disposed of the whole of his estate or interest in any mortgaged property, the consent of such mortgagor shall not be necessary and shall be deemed never to have been necessary under this Act or under any Act repealed by this Act to enable the mortgagee to exercise, without the leave of the court, any of his rights, powers or remedies against that mortgaged property.

(6) (a) In the case of a mortgage of land the consent of any person whose interest in the land was created by an instrument which is not at the time the right, power or remedy is exercised registered under either the Registration of Deeds Act, 1897, or the Real Property Act, 1900, shall not be necessary and shall be deemed never to have been necessary under this Act or under any Act repealed by this Act, to enable the mortgagee to exercise without the leave of the court all or any of his rights, powers or remedies against the land.

(b) Paragraph (a) of this subsection shall not apply where the person whose interest is so unregistered is the original mortgagor or his personal representative or where such person is in possession of the land or where the mortgagee has express notice of the interest of such person. (7)

Sec. 14. (Consent by the mortgagor to exercise of powers, etc., by mortgagee.)

Moratorium (Amendment).

(7) Where a mortgagee exercises, without the leave of the court, any power of sale or foreclosure of the mortgaged property or of the land subject to the mortgage, as the case may be, the exercise of such power shall operate to discharge the liability under any covenant expressed or implied in the mortgage of any person whose consent would, but for subsection five or subsection six of this section, have been necessary to the exercise of such right, power or remedy and who has not in fact consented thereto.

(g) by inserting next after section fourteen the News. 14A. following new section:-

14A. Unless otherwise therein expressly pro- Further vided and subject to any such provision a con- provisions sent given by a mortgagor pursuant to the consent. provisions of section six or of section fourteen of this Act or in accordance with the provisions of the Moratorium Act, 1930, or any Act amending the same in force at the date of the consent--

- (a) shall be, and shall, from the commence. ment of this Act, be deemed always to have been irrevocable;
- (b) shall enure and be deemed always to have enured for the benefit of any person thereafter acquiring any interest in the mortgage;
- (c) shall, so far as it extends, be and be deemed always to have been sufficient for the purpose, without any further consent by any person thereafter acquiring any interest in the mortgaged property; and
- (d) if given after the purported exercise by the mortgagee of any right, power or remedy to which such consent relates, shall be and be deemed always to have been as efficacious as if given before such exercise.

as to

(b)

New s. 234.

Council not to bring suit for charging order in certain events.

Sec. 34. (Restriction on rights of mortgagees.) (h) by inserting next after section twenty-three the following new section :---

23A. No suit shall be brought by the council of any municipality or shire to enforce the charge for rates on land whilst such land is subject to any mortgage registered under either the Registration of Deeds Act, 1897, or the Real Property Act, 1900, to which the provisions of this Part of this Act apply, unless the mortgagee under such mortgage is in possession of the mortgaged land or he or any receiver appointed by him is in receipt of the rents and profits thereof.

- (i) (i) by inserting in paragraph (a) of subsection seven of section thirty-four after the word "mortgagor" the words "whether such order be made before or after the commencement of this Act";
 - (ii) by inserting in paragraph (b) of the same subsection after the word "force" the words "whether such deed be executed before or after the commencement of this Act";
 - (iii) by inserting in paragraph (c) of the same subsection after the words "being a company" the words "whether such order or resolution be made or passed before or after the commencement of this Act";
 - (iv) by inserting at the end of paragraph (d) of the same subsection the following words
 "whether the decree or order for such administration be made before or after the commencement of this Act";
 - (v) by inserting at the end of the same section the following new subsection:—

(8) A creditor whose proof of debt has, before the commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act, 1936, been rejected on the ground that the provisions of subsection seven of this section did not extend to the winding-up of a company or the

Moratorium (Amendment).

the administration of the estate of a deceased mortgagor pursuant to an order or decree made or resolution passed before the commencement of this Act, or to the administration of the estate of a mortgagor against whom a sequestration order has, before such commencement, been made, or who has, before such commencement, executed a deed of assignment or of arrangement, and whose proof of debt is after the commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act. 1936, admitted, shall be entitled to be paid, out of any money available for dividend, any dividends he has failed to receive, before that money is applied to the payment of any future dividend; but he shall not be entitled to disturb the distribution of any dividend declared before his debt is proved after the commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act, 1936, by reason that he has not participated therein.

(j) by inserting next after section forty the News. 40A. following new section :--

40A. Where, under the provisions of a Further mortgage to which the provisions of Part II of restrictions this Act apply, a mortgagee is empowered to ex- mortgagee. pend moneys in payment of rates, taxes or insurance premiums or for the protection, preservation or benefit of the mortgaged property, and to add the amount of any such payments to the mortgage debt, and in pursuance of such provisions the mortgagee, after the commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act, 1936, has expended or shall expend moneys in any such payments, the moneys so expended shall, unless such moneys were so expended with the consent in writing, or at the request in writing, of the mortgagor, be deemed not to be advances made or credits provided or given within the meaning of paragraph (h) of section eight or of paragraph (c) of subsection six of section (k) thirty-four of this Act.

Sec. 41. (Rights and remedies of person entitled to benefit of guarantee.

Sec. 42. (Policies of insurance.)

Debts, trust funds and other choses in action.

Sec. 43. (Offences.)

Sec. 46. (Notices.) (k) (i) by omitting from subsection one of section forty-one the words "whether before or after" and by inserting in lieu thereof the word "before";

(ii) by inserting next after the same subsection the following new subsection:—

(1A) Money payable by a purchaser to a vendor under a contract for the sale of land for or on account of the purchase price thereof and interest thereon shall for the purposes of this section be and be deemed always to have been money the payment whereof is secured by a mortgage of land.

(1) by inserting at the end of section forty-two the following new subsection :---

(2) Nothing in this Act or in any enactment by this Act repealed, shall be construed to prevent a mortgagee of a debt, trust fund or other chose in action (not being a mortgagee of a mortgage debt) from suing the debtor, trustee or other the person against whom the chose in action is enforceable, to recover any moneys due and payable by such debtor, trustee or other person under or by reason of such debt, trust or other chose in action or from receiving from such debtor, trustee or other person such moneys.

 (m) by inserting in section forty-three, after the words "section thirteen" the words "or section 13a";

(n) by omitting from paragraph (b) of subsection one of section forty-six the words "aforesaid place of abode or business, and if that letter is not returned through the post-office undelivered" and by inserting in lieu thereof the words "place of abode or business last known to the person giving the notice."

(0) by inserting next after section forty-six the Newss. following new sections:---

46A, 46B. and 46C. Consents

46A. In the events mentioned in the first and notices. column hereunder and distinguished by a number therein any notice required or authorised by this Act to be given may be given to the respective persons mentioned in the second column and distinguished by a corresponding number in place or on behalf of the persons respectively referred to in the first column as the mortgagor and the respective persons so mentioned and distinguished in the second column shall have and be deemed always to have had power to make any application to the court or to give any consent under any of the provisions of this Act in place or on behalf of the respective persons referred to in the first column as the mortgagor:-

First Column.

Second Column.

1. Where the mortgagor is dead and probate of his will or letters of administation of his estate have been granted or resealed in New South Wales. 1. The personal representative of the mortgagor or other the person in whom the interest of the mortgagor in the mortgaged property has vested.

- 2. Where the mortgagor is a bankrupt or has executed a deed of assignment or arrangement under the provisions of any bankruptey law for the time being in force.
- 2. The person in or to whom the interest of the mortgagor in the mortgaged property is vested or has been conveyed or assigned or, where the interest of the mortgagor in the mortgaged property is not vested in or has not been assigned or conveyed to any other person, the person who is empowered to direct the mortgagor to convey or assign his interest in the mortgaged property.

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Act No. 58, 1936.

Moratorium (Amendment).	
First Column.	Second Column.
3. Where the mortg gor is a compa and the compa is being wound whether volu tarily, compulsor or under the sup vision of the Cou	ny pany. ny up in- ily er-
 Where the mortgag is an insane patie or an incapable insane person wit in the meaning the Lunacy Act 1898, or any A amending or repla ing the same. 	nt person to whom has been com- or mitted the management of the estate of the mortgagor, as the of case may be. of
commencement of Act, 1936, a mort tained the leave of rights, powers ar pliedly given to hi required or author to be given to th person interested any purpose of or	e, either before or after the the Moratorium (Amendment) gagee has, under this Act, ob- of the court to exercise all the ad remedies expressly or im- m by the mortgage, any notice rised by this or any other Act e mortgagor or to any other in the mortgaged property for relating to or in any way con- se of any such right, power or

Notice to the Public Trustee in certain events.

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(2) Any notice given in accordance with the provisions of subsection one of this section shall be as valid and effectual as if given to the personal representative of the mortgagor or person unless probate of the will or letters of administration

remedy may, where such mortgagor or person is dead and there is no personal representative of such mortgagor or person in New South Wales, be given personally or by post to the Public Trustee and shall be accompanied by a statement containing such particulars as may be

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Moratorium (Amendment).

administration of the estate of such mortgagor or person is granted to some person other than the Public Trustee within one month after such notice has been so given.

46c. During such time as any right or remedy statutes of of the mortgagee of any property or the vendor limitations of any land against the mortgagor or mortgaged property or the purchaser or purchased land is or has been, by reason of this Act or any Act hereby repealed, suspended, time shall not run against such mortgagee or vendor under the provisions of any Statute of Limitations barring such right or remedy of the mortgagee or vendor against the mortgagor, mortgaged property, purchaser or purchased land.

(p) by omitting from the matter relating to Division Sec. 1. 1 of Part II appearing in section one the figures (Division into Parts.) "23" and by inserting in lieu thereof the figures and letter "23A."

In the name and on behalf of His Majesty I assent to this Act.

> P. W. STREET, Lieutenant-Governor.

Government House, Sydney, 23rd December, 1936.

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not to run.

Act No. 58, 1930

Moratorium (Amendment).

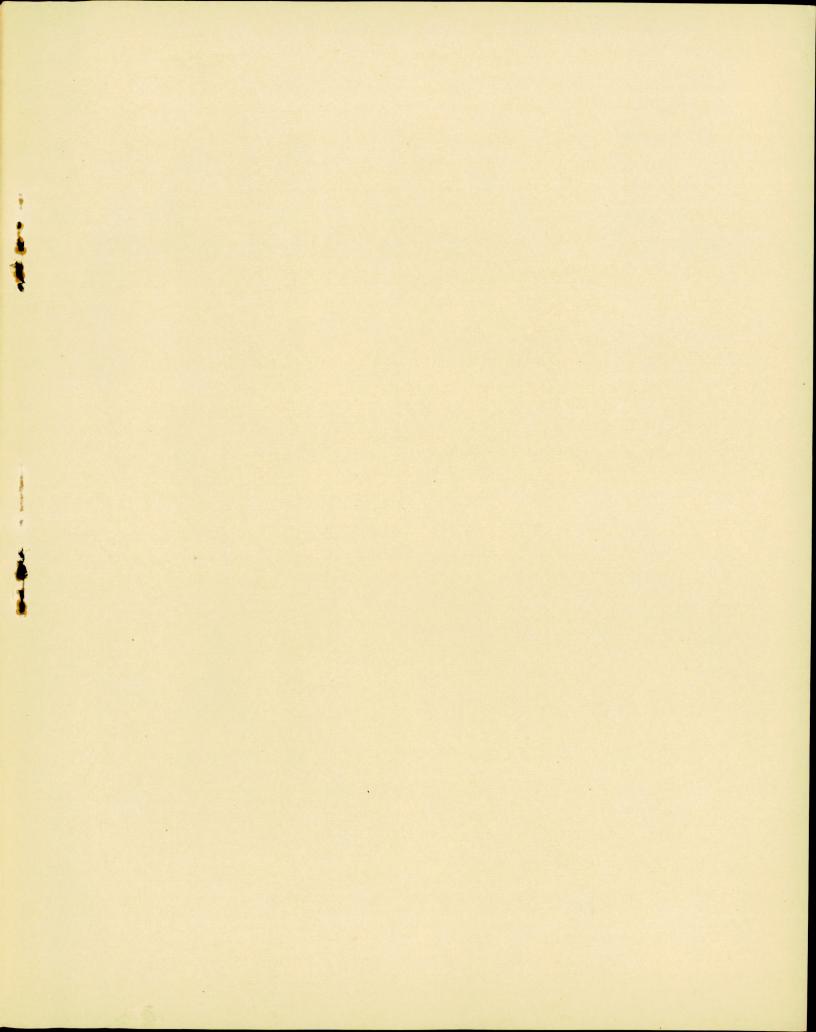
- administration of the estate of such morreagor or person is grauted to some person other than the Fublic Trustee within one month after such notice has been so given.
- 460. During such time as any right or remoty statutes of the mortgages of any property on the vendor inflation of any land against the mortgagor or mortgaged property or the purchaser or purchased land is or has been by reason of this Act or any Act hereby repealed, suspended, time shall not run against such mortgigee or vendor audor the provisions of any Statute of Limitations barring such right or remedy of the mortgaged or vendor against the mortgagor, mortgaged
- p) by omitting from the matter relating to Division Sec.1. 1 of Part II appearing in section one the figures (Vicker "23" and by inserting in Lon thereof the figures and letter "23".

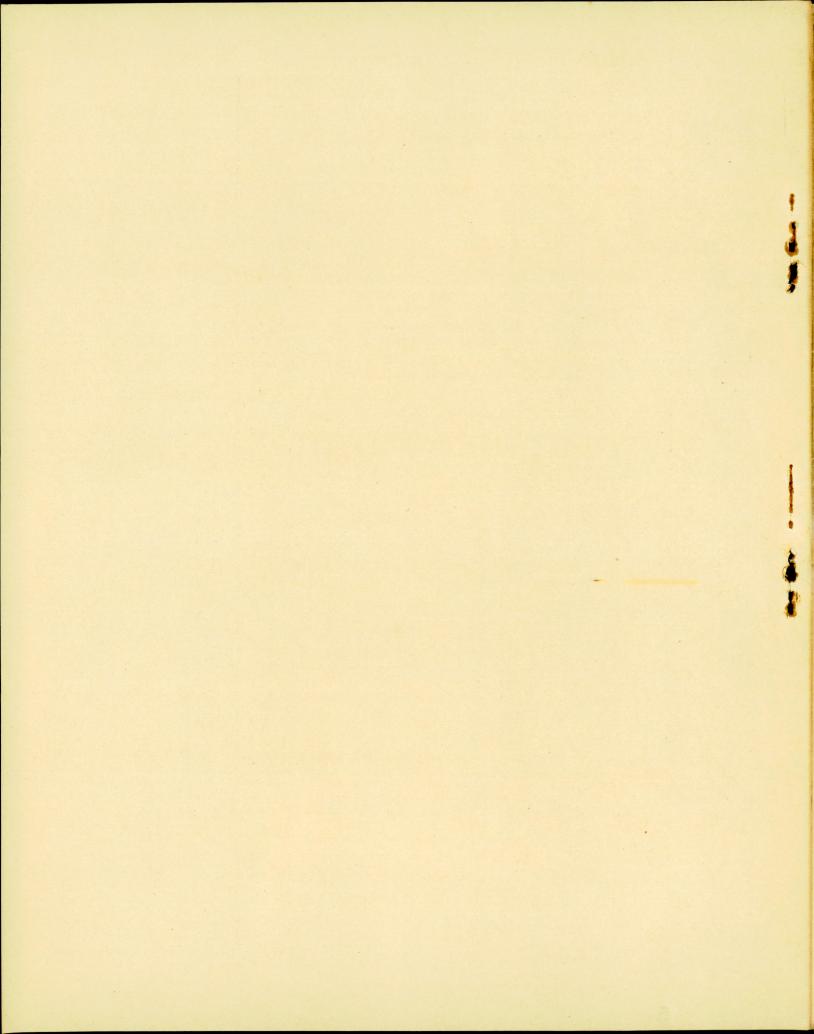
In the name and on behalf of His Majesty I assent to has det.

Lieutenan-Governon

Sudney, 23rd December 1936.

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I certify that this PUBLIC BILL, which originated in the LEGIS-LATIVE ASSEMBLY, has finally passed the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL and the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY of NEW SOUTH WALES.

W. R. McCOURT, Clerk of the Legislative Assembly. Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 16 December, 1936.

New South Wales.



AUNO PRIMO

GEORGII VI REGIS.

Act No. 58, 1936.

An Act to amend the Moratorium Act, 1932, in certain respects; and for purposes connected therewith. [Assented to, 23rd December, 1936.]

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :--

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Moratorium short title. (Amendment) Act, 1936."

(2) The Moratorium Act, 1932-1935, is in this Act referred to as the Principal Act.

(3) The Principal Act, as amended by this Act, may be cited as the Moratorium Act, 1932-1936.

I have examined this Bill, and find it to correspond in all respects with the Bill as finally passed by both Houses.

> W. W. HEDGES, Chairman of Committees of the Legislative Assembly.

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Moratorium (Amendment).

2. The Principal Act is amended—

Amendment of Act No. 57, 1932.

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Sec. 2. (Interpretation.) (a) (i) by inserting in subsection one of section two next after the definition of "Mortgagee" the following new definition:—

> "Person who has guaranteed the payment of money" includes and shall be deemed always to have included a person who to the knowledge of the creditor at the time of incurring such liability has incurred a primary liability to the creditor to pay money to such creditor as surety for a third person.

(ii) by inserting next after the same subsection the following new subsection :---

(1A) A lessee from a mortgagor shall not be and shall be deemed never to have been, for the purposes of this Act or of any Act repealed by this Act, a person entitled to redeem the mortgage.

(b) by inserting at the end of subsection two of section six the following words:--

Provided that where a mortgagor has by instrument inter vivos disposed of the whole of his estate or interest in any mortgaged property it shall not be necessary, nor shall it be deemed ever to have been necessary, to give any such notice to such mortgagor.

Provided further that in the case of a mortgage of land it shall not be necessary, nor shall it be deemed ever to have been necessary, to give notice to any person whose interest in the land was created by an instrument which is not registered either under the Registration of Deeds Act, 1897, or the Real Property Act, 1900, but this proviso shall not apply where the person whose interest is so unregistered is the original

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Sec. 6. (Mortgages to the Crown, etc.)

original mortgagor or his personal representative or where such person is in possession of the land or where the mortgagee has express notice of the interest of such person.

- (c) (i) by inserting in subsection two of section Sec. 9.
 nine after the words "from entering into (Limitation possession" wherever occurring the words "or taking proceedings to obtain possession";
 - (ii) by inserting at the end of paragraph (a) of the same subsection the following new proviso:—

Provided further that where on or after such date any unpaid interest has been or shall be capitalised in accordance with the terms of the mortgage, such interest shall not, for the purposes of this subsection, be, by reason of such capitalisation, deemed to have been or to be paid.

(iii) by inserting at the end of the same subsection the following new subsection:--

(24) Where the mortgagor has, by failing to make a payment of money, made default under the provisions of any covenant or agreement referred to in paragraph (b) or paragraph (c) of subsection two of this section he shall be deemed to continue to be in such default notwithstanding that the mortgagee has made the payment which the mortgagor has so failed to make.

(iv) by inserting next after subsection four of the same section the following new subsection:—

(4A) An order made by the court under subsection one of this section, giving a mortgagee leave to exercise all or any of his rights, powers or remedies against the mortgaged property, shall enure and shall be deemed

presession

deemed always to have enured for the benefit of the assigns of the mortgagee, and shall not be and shall be deemed never to have been prejudiced or affected by any change occurring after the making of such order in the title to or ownership of the mortgaged property.

Sec. 10. (Remedy of mortgagee, etc.) (d) (i) by inserting at the end of subsection one of section ten the following words:---

"Where the terms of a mortgage provide for the capitalisation of interest, the date at which by such terms a rest may be taken shall, for the purposes of this section, be regarded as the date upon which the interest is payable, and default shall be deemed to be made or to have been made in the payment thereof if such interest be not paid at such date notwithstanding any capitalisation thereof."

(ii) by inserting after subsection four of the same section the following new subsection:—

(4A) On any application under this section the court may order the mortgagor, puisne mortgagee or purchaser, as the case may be, to file accounts, verified by affidavit, showing, for or in respect of the period specified in the order, the amounts of rents, profits or income received by him from the mortgaged or purchased property, and the sums paid by him for rates, taxes, insurance premiums and other charges and outgoings on or in relation to such property, and may order the person making such affidavit to attend before the court for crossexamination thereon.

New s. 13A.

Further provisions as to mortgagee in possession. (e) by inserting next after section thirteen the following new section:—

13A. (1) Where a mortgagee under a mortgage of land to which the provisions of this Part of

Act No. 58, 1936.

Moratorium (Amendment).

of this Act apply has, either before or after the commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act, 1936, entered into possession of the mortgaged property or appointed a receiver thereof and has been paid or tendered by the mortgagor or any subsequent mortgagee, or has, out of the rents, profits or income of the mortgaged property, received an amount sufficient to discharge all interest due to him and to all prior mortgagees (if any) and all rates, taxes and other outgoings on or in respect of the mortgaged property properly paid by him, or, where a receiver has been appointed, such interest, rates, taxes and other outgoings have been discharged out of such rents, profits or income, the court may, on the application of the mortgagor or any subsequent mortgagee, order the mortgagee to deliver up possession to the applicant, or to determine the appointment of the receiver either absolutely or on such terms and conditions as it thinks fit.

(2) A mortgagee in possession of land comprised in any mortgage to him shall, on request in writing made by the mortgagor or any subsequent mortgagee and on tender of a reasonable sum for the expenses of preparing the account, give to such mortgagor or subsequent mortgagee an account in writing verified by statutory declaration showing all rents, profits and income received by him and all moneys appropriated or paid by him for interest, rates, taxes or other outgoings on or in respect of the mortgaged property.

The court may, on the application of the person who requested the account, order the person who made the statutory declaration to attend before the court for cross-examination thereon.

(3) If such mortgagee neglects or refuses, within a reasonable time to give such account, the court may, on the application of

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the person who has requested such account, order such mortgagee to give to the applicant, within a time to be fixed by the order, such account.

(4) In this section "mortgagor" means the person entitled to the equity of redemption in the mortgaged land, or if the land comprised in the mortgage is under the provisions of the Real Property Act, 1900, has the same meaning as in that Act.

(f) by inserting at the end of section fourteen the following new subsections :---

(5) Where a mortgagor has, by instrument inter vivos, disposed of the whole of his estate or interest in any mortgaged property, the consent of such mortgagor shall not be necessary and shall be deemed never to have been necessary under this Act or under any Act repealed by this Act to enable the mortgagee to exercise, without the leave of the court, any of his rights, powers or remedies against that mortgaged property.

(6) (a) In the case of a mortgage of land the consent of any person whose interest in the land was created by an instrument which is not at the time the right, power or remedy is exercised registered under either the Registration of Deeds Act, 1897, or the Real Property Act, 1900, shall not be necessary and shall be deemed never to have been necessary under this Act or under any Act repealed by this Act, to enable the mort-gagee to exercise without the leave of the court all or any of his rights, powers or remedies against the land.

(b) Paragraph (a) of this subsection shall not apply where the person whose interest is so unregistered is the original mortgagor or his personal representative or where such person is in possession of the land or where the mortgagee has express notice of the interest of such person. (7)

Sec. 14. (Consent by the mortgagor to exercise of powers, etc., by mortgagee.) Act No. 58, 1936.

Moratorium (Amendment).

(7) Where a mortgagee exercises, without the leave of the court, any power of sale or foreclosure of the mortgaged property or of the land subject to the mortgage, as the case may be, the exercise of such power shall operate to discharge the liability under any covenant expressed or implied in the mortgage of any person whose consent would, but for subsection five or subsection six of this section, have been necessary to the exercise of such right, power or remedy and who has not in fact consented thereto.

(g) by inserting next after section fourteen the News. 14A. following new section:---

14A. Unless otherwise therein expressly pro- Further vided and subject to any such provision a con- provisions sent given by a mortgagor pursuant to the consent. provisions of section six or of section fourteen of this Act or in accordance with the provisions of the Moratorium Act, 1930, or any Act amending the same in force at the date of the consent-

- (a) shall be, and shall, from the commence. ment of this Act, be deemed always to have been irrevocable;
- (b) shall enure and be deemed always to have enured for the benefit of any person thereafter acquiring any interest in the mortgage;
- (c) shall, so far as it extends, be and be deemed always to have been sufficient for the purpose, without any further consent by any person thereafter acquiring any interest in the mortgaged property; and
- (d) if given after the purported exercise by the mortgagee of any right, power or remedy to which such consent relates, shall be and be deemed always to have been as efficacious as if given before such exercise.

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(b)

Act No. 58, 1936.

New s. 234.

Council not to bring suit for charging order in certain events.

Sec. 34. (Restriction on rights of mortgagees.) (h) by inserting next after section twenty-three the following new section:—

23a. No suit shall be brought by the council of any municipality or shire to enforce the charge for rates on land whilst such land is subject to any mortgage registered under either the Registration of Deeds Act, 1897, or the Real Property Act, 1900, to which the provisions of this Part of this Act apply, unless the mortgagee under such mortgage is in possession of the mortgaged land or he or any receiver appointed by him is in receipt of the rents and profits thereof.

- (i) (i) by inserting in paragraph (a) of subsection seven of section thirty-four after the word "mortgagor" the words "whether such order be made before or after the commencement of this Act";
 - (ii) by inserting in paragraph (b) of the same subsection after the word "force" the words "whether such deed be executed before or after the commencement of this Act";
 - (iii) by inserting in paragraph (c) of the same subsection after the words "being a company" the words "whether such order or resolution be made or passed before or after the commencement of this Act";
 - (iv) by inserting at the end of paragraph (d) of the same subsection the following words
 "whether the decree or order for such administration be made before or after the commencement of this Act";
 - (v) by inserting at the end of the same section the following new subsection:—

(8) A creditor whose proof of debt has, before the commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act, 1936, been rejected on the ground that the provisions of subsection seven of this section did not extend to the winding-up of a company or the

the administration of the estate of a deceased mortgagor pursuant to an order or decree made or resolution passed before the commencement of this Act, or to the administration of the estate of a mortgagor against whom a sequestration order has, before such commencement, been made, or who has, before such commencement, executed a deed of assignment or of arrangement, and whose proof of debt is after the commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act, 1936, admitted, shall be entitled to be paid, out of any money available for dividend, any dividends he has failed to receive, before that money is applied to the payment of any future dividend; but he shall not be entitled to disturb the distribution of any dividend declared before his debt is proved after the commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act, 1936, by reason that he has not participated therein.

(j) by inserting next after section forty the News. 40A. following new section :---

40A. Where, under the provisions of a Further mortgage to which the provisions of Part II of restrictions on rights of this Act apply, a mortgagee is empowered to ex- mortgagee. pend moneys in payment of rates, taxes or insurance premiums or for the protection, preservation or benefit of the mortgaged property, and to add the amount of any such payments to the mortgage debt, and in pursuance of such provisions the mortgagee, after the commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act, 1936, has expended or shall expend moneys in any such payments, the moneys so expended shall, unless such moneys were so expended with the consent in writing, or at the request in writing, of the mortgagor, be deemed not to be advances made or credits provided or given within the meaning of paragraph (h) of section eight or of paragraph (c) of subsection six of section thirty-four of this Act. (k)

Sec. 41. (Rights and remedies of person entitled to benefit of guarantee.

Sec. 42. (Policies of insurance.)

Debts, trust funds and other choses in action.

Sec. 43. (Offences.)

Sec. 46. (Notices.) (k) (i) by omitting from subsection one of section forty-one the words "whether before or after" and by inserting in lieu thereof the word "before";

(ii) by inserting next after the same subsection the following new subsection:---

(1A) Money payable by a purchaser to a vendor under a contract for the sale of land for or on account of the purchase price thereof and interest thereon shall for the purposes of this section be and be deemed always to have been money the payment whereof is secured by a mortgage of land.

(1) by inserting at the end of section forty-two the following new subsection :---

(2) Nothing in this Act or in any enactment by this Act repealed, shall be construed to prevent a mortgagee of a debt, trust fund or other chose in action (not being a mortgagee of a mortgage debt) from suing the debtor, trustee or other the person against whom the chose in action is enforceable, to recover any moneys due and payable by such debtor, trustee or other person under or by reason of such debt, trust or other chose in action or from receiving from such debtor, trustee or other person such moneys.

 (m) by inserting in section forty-three, after the words "section thirteen" the words "or section 13^x";

(n) by omitting from paragraph (b) of subsection one of section forty-six the words "aforesaid place of abode or business, and if that letter is not returned through the post-office undelivered" and by inserting in lieu thereof the words "place of abode or business last known to the person giving the notice."

(o) by inserting next after section forty-six the Newss. following new sections:-

46A, 46B. and 46C. Consents and

46A. In the events mentioned in the first and notices. column hereunder and distinguished by a number therein any notice required or authorised by this Act to be given may be given to the respective persons mentioned in the second column and distinguished by a corresponding number in place or on behalf of the persons respectively referred to in the first column as the mortgagor and the respective persons so mentioned and distinguished in the second column shall have and be deemed always to have had power to make any application to the court or to give any consent under any of the provisions of this Act in place or on behalf of the respective persons referred to in the first column as the mortgagor:-

First Column.

Second Column.

1. Where the mortgagor is dead and probate of his will or letters of administation of his estate have been granted or resealed in New South Wales. 1. The personal representative of the mortgagor or other the person in whom the interest of the mortgagor in the mortgaged property has vested.

- 2. Where the mortgagor is a bankrupt or has executed a deed of assignment or arrangement under the provisions of any bankruptey law for the time being in force.
- 2. The person in or to whom the interest of the mortgagor in the mortgaged property is vested or has been conveyed or assigned or, where the interest of the mortgagor in the mortgaged property is not vested in or has not been assigned or conveyed to any other person, the person who is empowered to direct the mortgagor to convey or assign his interest in the mortgaged property.

First

Act No. 58, 1936.

	Moratorium (1	Amendment).
	First Column.	Second Column.
3.	Where the mortga- gor is a company and the company is being wound up whether volun- tarily, compulsorily or under the super- vision of the Court.	3. The liquidator of the com- pany.
4.	Where the mortgagor is an insane patient or an incapable or insane person with- in the meaning of the Lunacy Act of 1898, or any Act amending or replac- ung the same.	4. The Master in Lunacy or the person to whom has been com- mitted the management of the estate of the mortgagor, as the case may be.
CO A	mmencement of the	ither before or after the Moratorium (Amendment)
ta ri	ined the leave of t ghts, powers and	ee has, under this Act, ob- he court to exercise all the remedies expressly or im- by the mortgage, any notice

commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act, 1936, a mortgagee has, under this Act, obtained the leave of the court to exercise all the rights, powers and remedies expressly or impliedly given to him by the mortgage, any notice required or authorised by this or any other Act to be given to the mortgagor or to any other person interested in the mortgaged property for any purpose of or relating to or in any way concerning the exercise of any such right, power or remedy may, where such mortgagor or person is dead and there is no personal representative of such mortgagor or person in New South Wales, be given personally or by post to the Public Trustee and shall be accompanied by a statement containing such particulars as may be prescribed.

(2) Any notice given in accordance with the provisions of subsection one of this section shall be as valid and effectual as if given to the personal representative of the mortgagor or person unless probate of the will or letters of administration

Notice to the Public Trustee in certain events.

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administration of the estate of such mortgagor or person is granted to some person other than the Public Trustee within one month after such notice has been so given.

46c. During such time as any right or remedy statutes of of the mortgagee of any property or the vendor limitations of any land against the mortgagor or mortgaged property or the purchaser or purchased land is or has been, by reason of this Act or any Act hereby repealed, suspended, time shall not run against such mortgagee or vendor under the provisions of any Statute of Limitations barring such right or remedy of the mortgagee or vendor against the mortgagor, mortgaged property, purchaser or purchased land.

(p) by omitting from the matter relating to Division Sec. 1. 1 of Part II appearing in section one the figures (Division "23" and by inserting in lieu thereof the figures and letter "23A."

In the name and on behalf of His Majesty I assent to this Act.

P. W. STREET. Lieutenant-Governor.

Government House. Sydney, 23rd December, 1936. not to run.

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Moratorium (Amenámout)

administration of the estate of such morigaror or person is granted to some person other flau the Public Frustee within one month after such setue, has been so suren

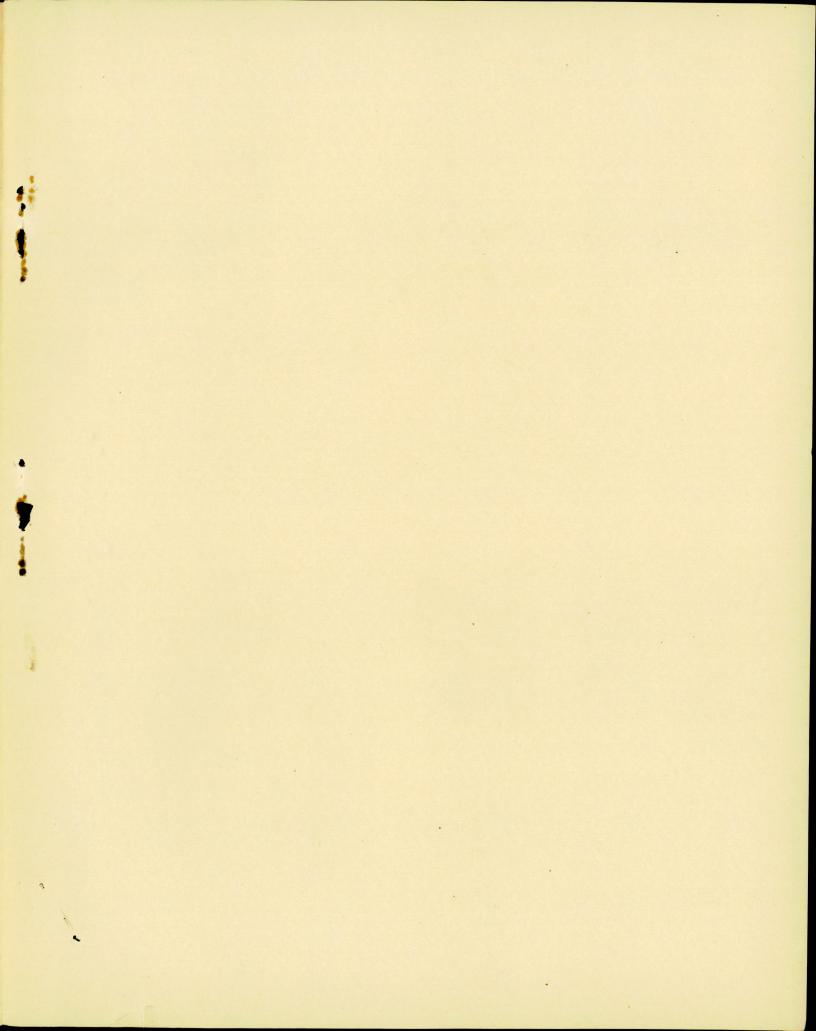
46a. Daring such time as any right or remarky of the mortgages of any property or the vendor of any land against the mortgages or mortgaged property or the parchaser or purchased land is or has been, by reason of this Act or any Act hereby repealed, suspended, time shall not run against such mortgages or vendor under the provisions of any Statute of Limitations barring such right or remedy of the mortgages or vendor against the mortgages, mortgaged property, purchaser or purchased land.

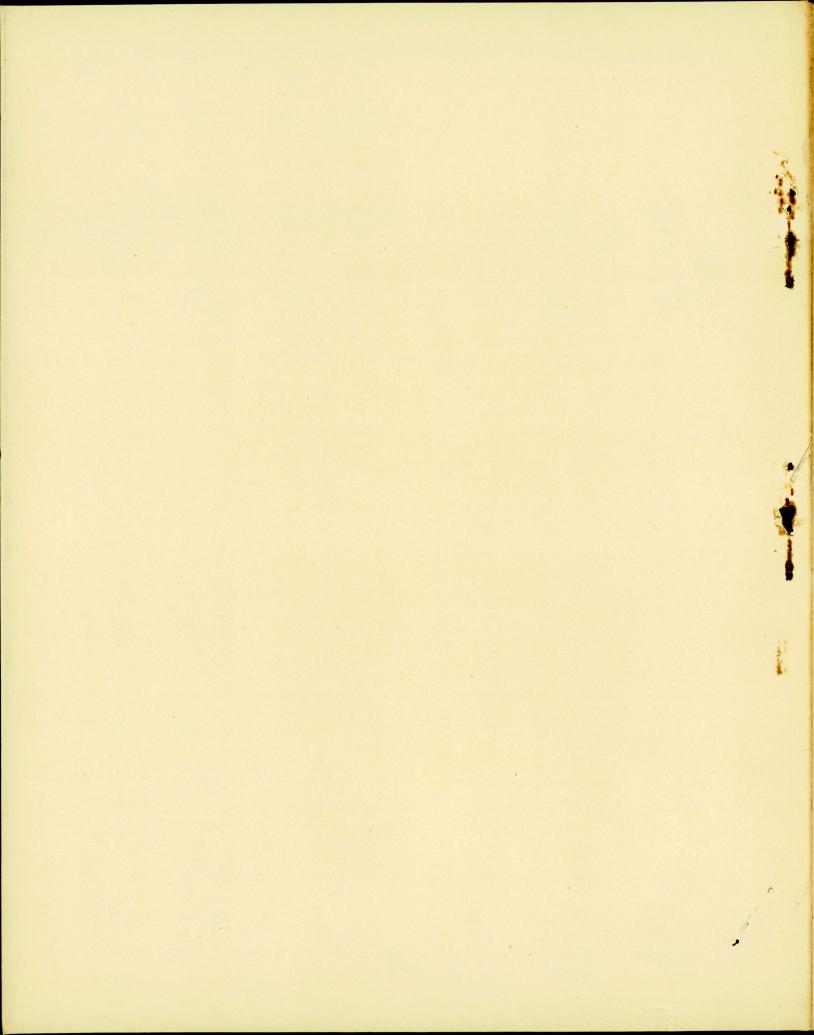
(p) by omitting from the matter relating to Division. See. 1. 1 of Part II appearing in section one the figures (Division "23" and by inserting in lien thereof the figures and letter "23,."

> In the name and on behalf of His Majesty I assent to this Act.

> > t House.

Sydney, 23rd December, 1936.





MORATORIUM (AMENDMENT) BILL.

SCHEDULE of the Amendment referred to in Message of 16th December, 1936.

Page 9, clause 2, line 4. After "Act" insert "or to the administration of the estate of a mortgagor against whom a sequestration order has, before such commencement, been made, or who has, before such commencement, executed a deed of assignment or of arrangement"

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MALEDUAR of the Amendment referred to in Decoupe of And Decounter, 1936.

Paro 1, alace 2, find 1. Afor " Act" inset " or to the minimistration of the emate of a morigagor neghts whom a sequentration order has, before each conventionent, been made, or who her, before such sommencement, expended a door of assignment or of arrangement."

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This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

W. R. McCOURT,

Clerk of the Legislative Assembly. Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 10 December, 1936.

The LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL has this day agreed to this Bill with an Amendment.

> C. H. H. CALVERT, Clerk of the Parliaments.

Legislative Council Chamber, Sydney, 16th December, 1936.



ANNO PRIMO

GEORGII VI REGIS.

Act No. , 1936.

An Act to amend the Moratorium Act, 1932, in certain respects; and for purposes connected therewith.

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of 5 the same, as follows :--

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Moratorium Short title. (Amendment) Act, 1936."

(2) The Moratorium Act, 1932-1935, is in this Act referred to as the Principal Act.

10 (3) The Principal Act, as amended by this Act, may be cited as the Moratorium Act, 1932-1936.

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Note .- The words to be inserted are printed in black letter.

	Moratorium (Amendment).	
	2. The Principal Act is amended—	Amendment of Act No. 57, 1932.
	(a) (i) by inserting in subsection one of section two next after the definition of "Mortgagee" the following new definition :—	Sec. 2.
5	"Person who has guaranteed the payment of money" includes and shall be deemed always to have included a person who to the knowledge of the creditor at the time of incurring	
10	such liability has incurred a primary liability to the creditor to pay money to such creditor as surety for a third person.	
15	(ii) by inserting next after the same subsection the following new subsection :	
20	(1A) A lessee from a mortgagor shall not be and shall be deemed never to have been, for the purposes of this Act or of any Act repealed by this Act, a person entitled to redeem the mortgage.	
	(b) by inserting at the end of subsection two of section six the following words:—	Sec. 6. (Mortgages to the
25	Provided that where a mortgagor has by instrument inter vivos disposed of the whole of his estate or interest in any mortgaged property it shall not be necessary, nor shall it be deemed ever to have been necessary, to give any such notice to such mortgagor.	Crown, etc.)
30	Provided further that in the case of a mort- gage of land it shall not be necessary, nor shall it be deemed ever to have been necessary, to give notice to any person whose interest in the land was created by an instrument which is not	
35	registered either under the Registration of Deeds Act, 1897, or the Real Property Act, 1900, but this proviso shall not apply where the person whose interest is so unregistered is the original	

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original mortgagor or his personal representative or where such person is in possession of the land or where the mortgagee has express notice of the interest of such person.

5 (c) (i) by inserting in subsection two of section Sec. 9. nine after the words "from entering into (Limitation possession" wherever occurring the words of rights of mortgagee.) "or taking proceedings to obtain possession";

(ii) by inserting at the end of paragraph (a) of the same subsection the following new proviso:-

> Provided further that where on or after such date any unpaid interest has been or shall be capitalised in accordance with the terms of the mortgage, such interest shall not, for the purposes of this subsection, be, by reason of such capitalisation, deemed to have been or to be paid.

(iii) by inserting at the end of the same subsection the following new subsection :---

(2A) Where the mortgagor has, by failing to make a payment of money, made default under the provisions of any covenant or agreement referred to in paragraph (b) or paragraph (c) of subsection two of this section he shall be deemed to continue to be in such default notwithstanding that the mortgagee has made the payment which the mortgagor has so failed to make.

(iv) by inserting next after subsection four of the same section the following new subsection :--

(4A) An order made by the court under subsection one of this section, giving a mortgagee leave to exercise all or any of his rights, powers or remedies against the mortgaged property, shall enure and shall be deemed

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deemed always to have enured for the benefit of the assigns of the mortgagee, and shall not be and shall be deemed never to have been prejudiced or affected by any change occurring after the making of such order in the title to or ownership of the mortgaged property.

Sec. 10. (Remedy of mortgagee,

"Where the terms of a mortgage provide etc.) for the capitalisation of interest, the date at which by such terms a rest may be taken shall, for the purposes of this section, be regarded as the date upon which the interest is payable, and default shall be deemed to be made or to have been made in the payment thereof if such interest be not paid at such date notwithstanding any capitalisation thereof."

 (ii) by inserting after subsection four of the same section the following new subsection:—

> (4A) On any application under this section the court may order the mortgagor, puisne mortgagee or purchaser, as the case may be, to file accounts, verified by affidavit, showing, for or in respect of the period specified in the order, the amounts of rents, profits or income received by him from the mortgaged or purchased property, and the sums paid by him for rates, taxes, insurance premiums and other charges and outgoings on or in relation to such property, and may order the person making such affidavit to attend before the court for crossexamination thereon.

(e) by inserting next after section thirteen the New S. 13A. following new section :--

13A. (1) Where a mortgagee under a m gage of land to which the provisions of this l	ort-Part of	Further provisions as to mort- gagee in possession.
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Act No. , 1936.

Moratorium (Amendment).

of this Act apply has, either before or after the commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act, 1936, entered into possession of the mortgaged property or appointed a receiver thereof and has been paid or tendered by the mortgagor or any subsequent mortgagee. or has, out of the rents, profits or income of the mortgaged property, received an amount sufficient to discharge all interest due to him and to all prior mortgagees (if any) and all rates, taxes and other outgoings on or in respect of the mortgaged property properly paid by him, or, where a receiver has been appointed, such interest, rates, taxes and other outgoings have been discharged out of such rents, profits or income, the court may, on the application of the mortgagor or any subsequent mortgagee, order the mortgagee to deliver up possession to the applicant, or to determine the appointment of the receiver either absolutely or on such terms and conditions as it thinks fit.

(2) A mortgagee in possession of land comprised in any mortgage to him shall, on request in writing made by the mortgagor or any subsequent mortgagee and on tender of a reasonable sum for the expenses of preparing the account, give to such mortgagor or subsequent mortgagee an account in writing verified by statutory declaration showing all rents, profits and income received by him and all moneys appropriated or paid by him for interest, rates, taxes or other outgoings on or in respect of the mortgaged property.

The court may, on the application of the person who requested the account, order the person who made the statutory declaration to attend before the court for cross-examination thereon.

(3) If such mortgagee neglects or refuses, within a reasonable time to give such account, the court may, on the application of the

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the person who has requested such account, order such mortgagee to give to the applicant, within a time to be fixed by the order, such account.

(4) In this section "mortgagor" means the person entitled to the equity of redemption in the mortgaged land, or if the land comprised in the mortgage is under the provisions of the Real Property Act, 1900, has the same meaning as in that Act.

(f) by inserting at the end of section fourteen the $_{Sec. 14.}$ following new subsections :---

(Consent mortgagor powers,

(5) Where a mortgagor has, by instrument by the inter vivos, disposed of the whole of his estate to exeror interest in any mortgaged property, the con- cise of sent of such mortgagor shall not be necessary etc., by and shall be deemed never to have been neces- mortgagee.) sary under this Act or under any Act repealed by this Act to enable the mortgagee to exercise, without the leave of the court, any of his rights. powers or remedies against that mortgaged property.

(6) (a) In the case of a mortgage of land the consent of any person whose interest in the land was created by an instrument which is not at the time the right, power or remedy is exercised registered under either the Registration of Deeds Act, 1897, or the Real Property Act, 1900, shall not be necessary and shall be deemed never to have been necessary under this Act or under any Act repealed by this Act, to enable the mortgagee to exercise without the leave of the court all or any of his rights, powers or remedies against the land.

(b) Paragraph (a) of this subsection shall not apply where the person whose interest is so unregistered is the original mortgagor or his personal representative or where such person is in possession of the land or where the mortgagee has express notice of the interest of such person. (7)

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(7) Where a mortgagee exercises, without the leave of the court, any power of sale or foreclosure of the mortgaged property or of the land subject to the mortgage, as the case may be, the exercise of such power shall operate to discharge the liability under any covenant expressed or implied in the mortgage of any person whose consent would, but for subsection five or subsection six of this section, have been necessary to the exercise of such right, power or remedy and who has not in fact consented thereto.

(g) by inserting next after section fourteen the News. 14A. following new section :---

as to

14A. Unless otherwise therein expressly pro- Further vided and subject to any such provision a con- provisions sent given by a mortgagor pursuant to the consent. provisions of section six or of section fourteen of this Act or in accordance with the provisions of the Moratorium Act, 1930, or any Act amending the same in force at the date of the consent-

- (a) shall be, and shall, from the commencement of this Act, be deemed always to have been irrevocable;
- (b) shall enure and be deemed always to have enured for the benefit of any person thereafter acquiring any interest in the mortgage;

(c) shall, so far as it extends, be and be deemed always to have been sufficient for the purpose, without any further consent by any person thereafter acquiring any interest in the mortgaged property; and

(d) if given after the purported exercise by the mortgagee of any right, power or remedy to which such consent relates, shall be and be deemed always to have been as efficacious as if given before such exercise.

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(h) by inserting next after section twenty-three the News. 23A. following new section :--

23A. No suit shall be brought by the council Council not to bring of any municipality or shire to enforce the suit for charge for rates on land whilst such land is charging subject to any mortgage registered under either certain the Registration of Deeds Act, 1897, or the Real events. Property Act, 1900, to which the provisions of this Part of this Act apply, unless the mortgagee under such mortgage is in possession of the mortgaged land or he or any receiver appointed by him is in receipt of the rents and profits thereof.

- (i) (i) by inserting in paragraph (a) of subsection Sec. 34. seven of section thirty-four after the word (Restriction "mortgagor" the words "whether such mortgagees.) order be made before or after the commencement of this Act'':
 - (ii) by inserting in paragraph (b) of the same subsection after the word "force" the words "whether such deed be executed before or after the commencement of this Act";
 - (iii) by inserting in paragraph (c) of the same subsection after the words "being a company" the words "whether such order or resolution be made or passed before or after the commencement of this Act":
 - (iv) by inserting at the end of paragraph (d) of the same subsection the following words "whether the decree or order for such administration be made before or after the commencement of this Act";

(v) by inserting at the end of the same section the following new subsection :---

(8) A creditor whose proof of debt has, before the commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act, 1936, been rejected on the ground that the provisions of subsection seven of this section did not extend to the winding-up of a company or the

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the administration of the estate of a deceased mortgagor pursuant to an order or decree made or resolution passed before the commencement of this Act, or to the administration of the estate of a mortgagor against whom a sequestration order has, before such commencement, been made, or who has, before such commencement, executed a deed of assignment or of arrangement, and whose proof of debt is after the commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act, 1936, admitted, shall be entitled to be paid, out of any money available for dividend, any dividends he has failed to receive, before that money is applied to the payment of any future dividend; but he shall not be entitled to disturb the distribution of any dividend declared before his debt is proved after the commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act, 1936, by reason that he has not participated therein.

(j) by inserting next after section forty the News. 40A. following new section :--

40A. Where, under the provisions of a Further mortgage to which the provisions of Part II of restrictions on rights of this Act apply, a mortgagee is empowered to ex- mortgagee. pend moneys in payment of rates, taxes or insurance premiums or for the protection, preservation or benefit of the mortgaged property, and to add the amount of any such payments to the mortgage debt, and in pursuance of such provisions the mortgagee, after the commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act, 1936, has expended or shall expend moneys in any such payments, the moneys so expended shall, unless such moneys were so expended with the consent in writing, or at the request in writing, of the mortgagor, be deemed not to be advances made or credits provided or given within the meaning of paragraph (h) of section eight or of paragraph (c) of subsection six of section thirty-four of this Act. (k)

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	Moratorium (Amendment).			
	(k)	(i)	by omitting from subsection one of section forty-one the words "whether before or after" and by inserting in lieu thereof the word "before";	(Rights and remedies of
5		(ii)	by inserting next after the same subsection the following new subsection:—	
10			(1A) Money payable by a purchaser to a vendor under a contract for the sale of land for or on account of the purchase price thereof and interest thereon shall for the purposes of this section be and be deemed always to have been money the payment whereof is secured by a mortgage of land.	
15	(1)	foll	nserting at the end of section forty-two the owing new subsection :—	(Policies of insurance.)
	1.4.1.1	by pre- oth	2) Nothing in this Act or in any enactment this Act repealed, shall be construed to vent a mortgagee of a debt, trust fund or er chose in action (not being a mortgagee of	funds and other choses
20		or acti and per	ortgage debt) from suing the debtor, trustee other the person against whom the chose in on is enforceable, to recover any moneys due l payable by such debtor, trustee or other son under or by reason of such debt, trust or	
25		suc	er chose in action or from receiving from h debtor, trustee or other person such neys.	
30	(m)	WOI	inserting in section forty-three, after the rds "section thirteen" the words "or tion 13A";	Sec. 43. (Offences.)
35	(n)	one pla not and of	omitting from paragraph (b) of subsection of section forty-six the words "aforesaid ce of abode or business, and if that letter is returned through the post-office undelivered" by inserting in lieu thereof the words "place abode or business last known to the person ing the notice."	(Notices.)

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(o) by inserting next after section forty-six the Newss. following new sections :---

46A, 46B. and 46c. Consents

46A. In the events mentioned in the first and notices. column hereunder and distinguished by a number therein any notice required or authorised by this Act to be given may be given to the respective persons mentioned in the second column and distinguished by a corresponding number in place or on behalf of the persons respectively referred to in the first column as the mortgagor and the respective persons so mentioned and distinguished in the second column shall have and be deemed always to have had power to make any application to the court or to give any consent under any of the provisions of this Act in place or on behalf of the respective persons referred to in the first column as the mortgagor:-

First Column.

Second Column.

1. Where the mortgagor is dead and probate of his will or letters of administation of his estate have been granted or resealed in New South Wales.

1. The personal representative of the mortgagor or other the person in whom the interest of the mortgagor in the mortgaged property has vested.

2. Where the mort-2. The person in or to whom the gagor is a bankinterest of the mortgagor in rupt or has executed a deed of assignment or arrangement under the provisions of any bankruptcy law for the time being in force.

the mortgaged property is vested or has been conveyed or assigned or, where the interest of the mortgagor in the mortgaged property is not vested in or has not been assigned or conveyed to any other person. the person who is empowered to direct the mortgagor to convey or assign his interest in the mortgaged property.

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Act No. , 1936.

	Moratorium (Amendment).	
	First Column, Second Column.	
5	3. Where the mortga- gor is a company and the company is being wound up w hether volun- tarily, compulsorily or under the super- vision of the Court.	
10	 4. Where the mortgagor is an insane patient or an incapable or insane person within the meaning of 4. The Master in Lunacy or the person to whom has been committed the management of the estate of the mortgagor, as the case may be. 	6'i \$
15	in the meaning of case may be. the Lunacy Act of 1898, or any Act amending or replac- ing the same.	
20	46B. (1) Where, either before or after the Notice to commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) the Public Act, 1936, a mortgagee has, under this Act, ob- in certain tained the leave of the court to exercise all the rights, powers and remedies expressly or im-	
25	pliedly given to him by the mortgage, any notice required or authorised by this or any other Act to be given to the mortgagor or to any other person interested in the mortgaged property for	1.1
30	any purpose of or relating to or in any way con- cerning the exercise of any such right, power or remedy may, where such mortgagor or person is dead and there is no personal representative of such mortgagor or person in New South Wales, be given personally or by post to the	1988 - C
35	Public Trustee and shall be accompanied by a statement containing such particulars as may be prescribed.	112
40	(2) Any notice given in accordance with the provisions of subsection one of this section shall be as valid and effectual as if given to the personal representative of the mortgagor or per-	12
ŦŪ	son unless probate of the will or letters of administration	() %

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administration of the estate of such mortgagor or person is granted to some person other than the Public Trustee within one month after such notice has been so given.

46c. During such time as any right or remedy statutes of of the mortgagee of any property or the vendor limitations not to run. of any land against the mortgagor or mortgaged property or the purchaser or purchased land is or has been, by reason of this Act or any Act hereby repealed, suspended, time shall not run against such mortgagee or vendor under the provisions of any Statute of Limitations barring such right or remedy of the mortgagee or vendor against the mortgagor, mortgaged property, purchaser or purchased land.

- (p) by omitting from the matter relating to Division Sec. 1. 1 of Part II appearing in section one the figures (Division (122), and by incenting in line thereof the formers into Parts.) "23" and by inserting in lieu thereof the figures and letter "23A."

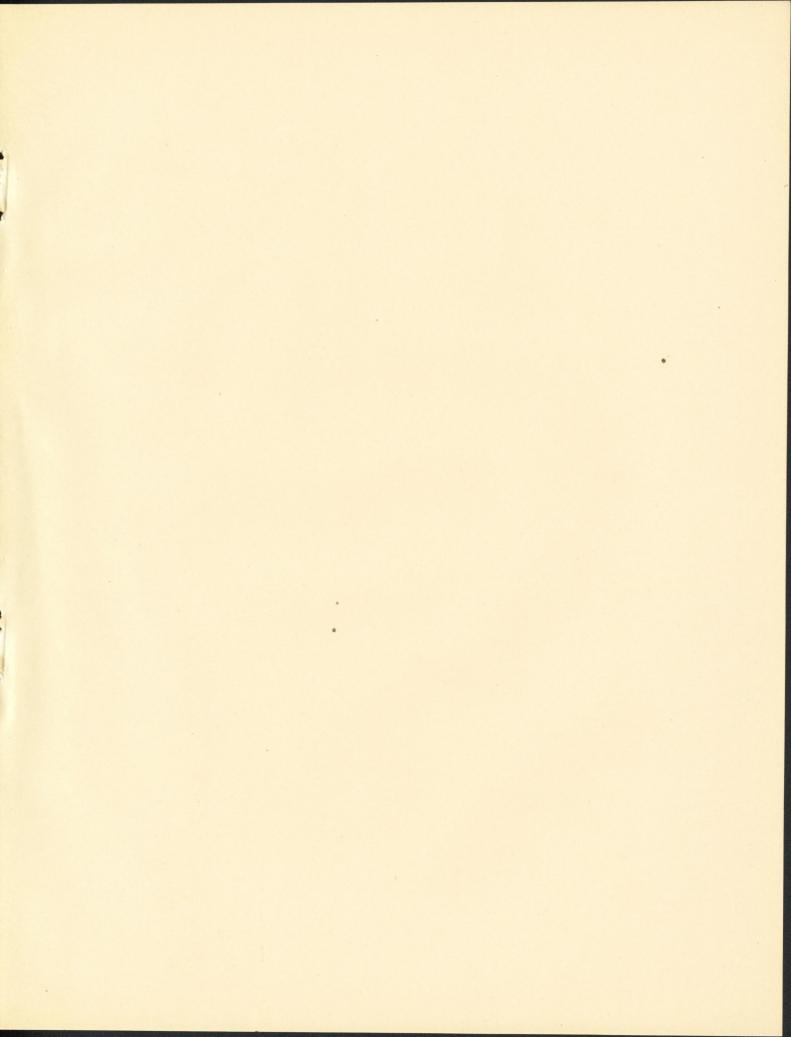
Sydney: David Harold Paisley, Government Printer-1936. [1s. 1d.]

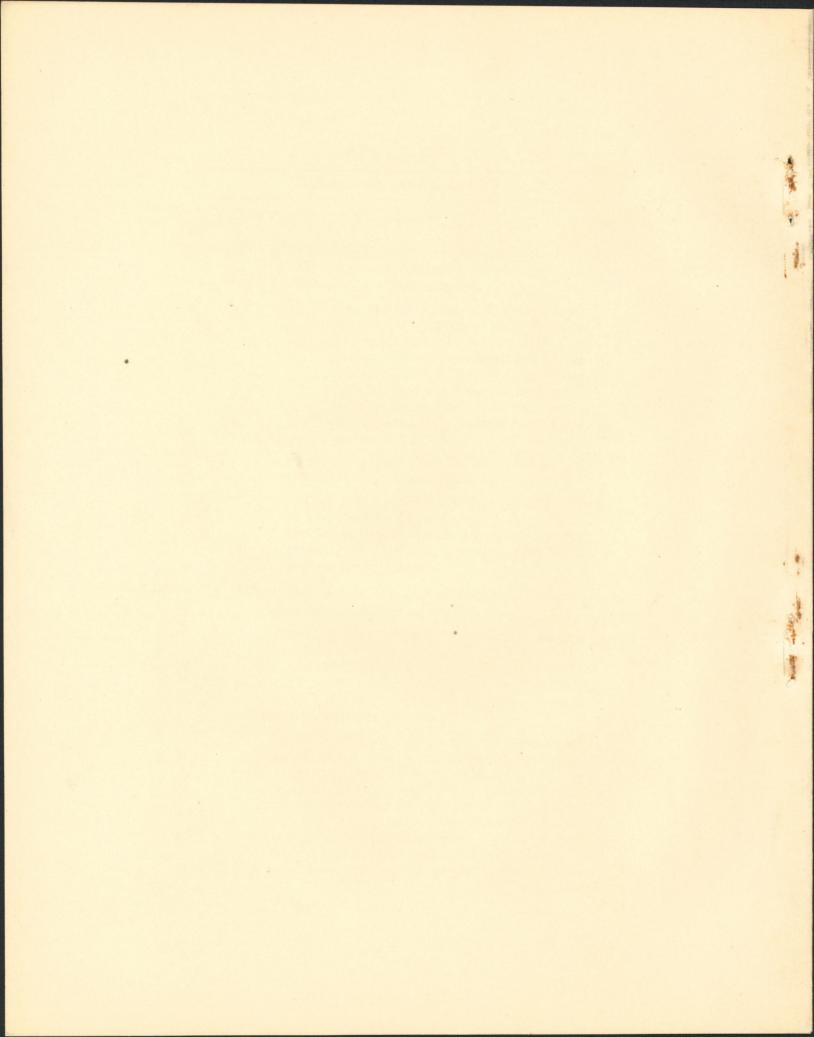
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This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

W. R. McCOURT, Clerk of the Legislative Assembly. Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 10 December, 1936.

New Houth Males.



ANNO PRIMO

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Act No. , 1936.

An Act to amend the Moratorium Act, 1932, in certain respects; and for purposes connected therewith.

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of 5 the same, as follows :--

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Moratorium that like. (Amendment) Act, 1936."

(2) The Moratorium Act, 1932-1935, is in this Act referred to as the Principal Act.

10 (3) The Principal Act, as amended by this Act, may be cited as the Moratorium Act, 1932-1936.

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2. The Principal Act is amended-

Amendment of Act No. 57, 1932.

- (a) (i) by inserting in subsection one of section two Sec. 2.
 next after the definition of "Mortgagee" the (Interprefollowing new definition:—
 - "Person who has guaranteed the payment of money" includes and shall be deemed always to have included a person who to the knowledge of the creditor at the time of incurring such liability has incurred a primary liability to the creditor to pay money to such creditor as surety for a third person.
- -(ii) by inserting next after the same subsection the following new subsection :--

(1A) A lessee from a mortgagor shall not be and shall be deemed never to have been, for the purposes of this Act or of any Act repealed by this Act, a person entitled to redeem the mortgage.

(b) by inserting at the end of subsection two of sec. 6. section six the following words:-- (Mort

(Mortgages to the Crown,

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Provided that where a mortgagor has by ^{Crown}, instrument inter vivos disposed of the whole of his estate or interest in any mortgaged property it shall not be necessary, nor shall it be deemed ever to have been necessary, to give any such notice to such mortgagor.

Provided further that in the case of a mortgage of land it shall not be necessary, nor shall it be deemed ever to have been necessary, to give notice to any person whose interest in the land was created by an instrument which is not registered either under the Registration of Deeds Act, 1897, or the Real Property Act, 1900, but this proviso shall not apply where the person whose interest is so unregistered is the original

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original mortgagor or his personal representative or where such person is in possession of the land or where the mortgagee has express notice of the interest of such person.

- (c) (i) by inserting in subsection two of section Sec. 9.
 nine after the words "from entering into (Limitation possession" wherever occurring the words "or taking proceedings to obtain possession";
 - (ii) by inserting at the end of paragraph (a) of the same subsection the following new proviso:—

Provided further that where on or after such date any unpaid interest has been or shall be capitalised in accordance with the terms of the mortgage, such interest shall not, for the purposes of this subsection, be, by reason of such capitalisation, deemed to have been or to be paid.

(iii) by inserting at the end of the same subsection the following new subsection :--

(2A) Where the mortgagor has, by failing to make a payment of money, made default under the provisions of any covenant or agreement referred to in paragraph (b) or paragraph (c) of subsection two of this section he shall be deemed to continue to be in such default notwithstanding that the mortgagee has made the payment which the mortgagor has so failed to make.

(iv) by inserting next after subsection four of the same section the following new subsection:—

(4A) An order made by the court under subsection one of this section, giving a mortgagee leave to exercise all or any of his rights, powers or remedies against the mortgaged property, shall enure and shall be deemed

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deemed always to have enured for the benefit of the assigns of the mortgagee, and shall not be and shall be deemed never to have been prejudiced or affected by any change occurring after the making of such order in the title to or ownership of the mortgaged property.

(d) (i) by inserting at the end of subsection one of sec. 10. section ten the following words :--

(Remedy of mortgagee,

"Where the terms of a mortgage provide etc.) for the capitalisation of interest, the date at which by such terms a rest may be taken shall, for the purposes of this section, be regarded as the date upon which the interest is payable, and default shall be deemed to be made or to have been made in the payment thereof if such interest be not paid at such date notwithstanding any capitalisation thereof."

(ii) by inserting after subsection four of the same section the following new subsection:-

(4A) On any application under this section the court may order the mortgagor, puisne mortgagee or purchaser, as the case may be, to file accounts, verified by affidavit, showing, for or in respect of the period specified in the order, the amounts of rents, profits or income received by him from the mortgaged or purchased property, and the sums paid by him for rates, taxes, insurance premiums and other charges and outgoings on or in relation to such property, and may order the person making such affidavit to attend before the court for crossexamination thereon.

(c) by inserting next after section thirteen the News. 134. following new section :---

13A. (1) Where a mortgagee under a mortgage of land to which the provisions of this Part as to mort-

provisions gagee in of possession.

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Act No. 1936.

Moratorium (Amendment).

of this Act apply has, either before or after the commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act, 1936, entered into possession of the mortgaged property or appointed a receiver thereof and has been paid or tendered by the mortgagor or any subsequent mortgagee, or has, out of the rents, profits or income of the mortgaged property, received an amount sufficient to discharge all interest due to him and to all prior mortgagees (if any) and all rates, taxes and other outgoings on or in respect of the mortgaged property properly paid by him, or, where a receiver has been appointed, such interest, rates, taxes and other outgoings have been discharged out of such rents, profits or income, the court may, on the application of the mortgagor or any subsequent mortgagee, order the mortgagee to deliver up possession to the applicant, or to determine the appointment of the receiver either absolutely or on such terms and conditions as it thinks fit.

(2) A mortgagee in possession of land comprised in any mortgage to him shall, on request in writing made by the mortgagor or any subsequent mortgagee and on tender of a reasonable sum for the expenses of preparing the account, give to such mortgagor or subsequent mortgagee an account in writing verified by statutory declaration showing all rents, profits and income received by him and all moneys appropriated or paid by him for interest, rates, taxes or other outgoings on or in respect of the mortgaged property.

The court may, on the application of the person who requested the account, order the person who made the statutory declaration to attend before the court for cross-examination thereon.

(3) If such mortgagee neglects or refuses, within a reasonable time to give such account, the court may, on the application of the

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the person who has requested such account, order such mortgagee to give to the applicant, within a time to be fixed by the order, such account.

(4) In this section "mortgagor" means the person entitled to the equity of redemption in the mortgaged land, or if the land comprised in the mortgage is under the provisions of the Real Property Act, 1900, has the same meaning as in that Act.

(f) by inserting at the end of section fourteen the Sec. 14. following new subsections :---

(Consent by the mortgagor

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powers. mortgagee.)

(5) Where a mortgagor has, by instrument inter vivos, disposed of the whole of his estate to exeror interest in any mortgaged property, the con- cise of sent of such mortgagor shall not be necessary etc., by and shall be deemed never to have been necessary under this Act or under any Act repealed by this Act to enable the mortgagee to exercise, without the leave of the court, any of his rights, powers or remedies against that mortgaged property.

(6) (a) In the case of a mortgage of land the consent of any person whose interest in the land was created by an instrument which is not at the time the right, power or remedy is exercised registered under either the Registration of Deeds Act, 1897, or the Real Property Act, 1900, shall not be necessary and shall be deemed never to have been necessary under this Act or under any Act repealed by this Act, to enable the mortgagee to exercise without the leave of the court all or any of his rights, powers or remedies against the land.

(b) Paragraph (a) of this subsection shall not apply where the person whose interest is so unregistered is the original mortgagor or his personal representative or where such person is in possession of the land or where the mortgagee has express notice of the interest of such person. (7)

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(7) Where a mortgagee exercises, without the leave of the court, any power of sale or foreclosure of the mortgaged property or of the land subject to the mortgage, as the case may be, the exercise of such power shall operate to discharge the liability under any covenant expressed or implied in the mortgage of any person whose consent would, but for subsection five or subsection six of this section, have been necessary to the exercise of such right, power or remedy and who has not in fact consented thereto.

(g) by inserting next after section fourteen the News. 14A. following new section :--

14A. Unless otherwise therein expressly pro- Further vided and subject to any such provision a con- provisions sent given by a mortgagor pursuant to the consent. provisions of section six or of section fourteen of this Act or in accordance with the provisions of the Moratorium Act, 1930, or any Act amend. ing the same in force at the date of the consent--

- (a) shall be, and shall, from the commence. ment of this Act, be deemed always to have been irrevocable;
- (b) shall enure and be deemed always to have enured for the benefit of any person thereafter acquiring any interest in the mortgage;
- (c) shall, so far as it extends, be and be deemed always to have been sufficient for the purpose, without any further consent by any person thereafter acquiring any interest in the mortgaged property; and
- (d) if given after the purported exercise by the mortgagee of any right, power or remedy to which such consent relates, shall be and be deemed always to have been as efficacious as if given before such exercise.

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(h) by inserting next after section twenty-three the News. 23A. following new section :--

23A. No suit shall be brought by the council Council not of any municipality or shire to enforce the suit for charge for rates on land whilst such land is charging order in subject to any mortgage registered under either certain the Registration of Deeds Act, 1897, or the Real events. Property Act, 1900, to which the provisions of this Part of this Act apply, unless the mortgagee under such mortgage is in possession of the mortgaged land or he or any receiver appointed by him is in receipt of the rents and profits thereof.

- (i) (i) by inserting in paragraph (a) of subsection Sec. 34. seven of section thirty-four after the word (Restriction "mortgagor" the words "whether such mortgagees.) order be made before or after the commencement of this Act";
 - (ii) by inserting in paragraph (b) of the same subsection after the word "force" the words "whether such deed be executed before or after the commencement of this Act";
 - (iii) by inserting in paragraph (c) of the same subsection after the words "being a company" the words "whether such order or resolution be made or passed before or after the commencement of this Act":
 - (iv) by inserting at the end of paragraph (d) of the same subsection the following words "whether the decree or order for such administration be made before or after the commencement of this Act";
 - (v) by inserting at the end of the same section the following new subsection :---

(8) A creditor whose proof of debt has, before the commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act, 1936, been rejected on the ground that the provisions of subsection seven of this section did not extend

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Moratorium (Amendment).

extend to the winding-up of a company or the administration of the estate of a deceased mortgagor pursuant to an order or decree made or resolution passed before the commencement of this Act, and whose proof of debt is after the commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act, 1936, admitted, shall be entitled to be paid, out of any money available for dividend, any dividends he has failed to receive, before that money is applied to the payment of any future dividend; but he shall not be entitled to disturb the distribution of any dividend declared before his debt is proved after the commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act, 1936, by reason that he has not participated therein.

(j) by inserting next after section forty the News. 40A. following new section :---

40A. Where, under the provisions of a Further mortgage to which the provisions of Part II of restrictions this Act apply, a mortgagee is empowered to ex- mortgagee. pend moneys in payment of rates, taxes or insurance premiums or for the protection, preservation or benefit of the mortgaged property, and to add the amount of any such payments to the mortgage debt, and in pursuance of such provisions the mortgagee, after the commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) Act, 1936, has expended or shall expend moneys in any such payments, the moneys so expended shall, unless such moneys were so expended with the consent in writing, or at the request in writing, of the mortgagor, be deemed not to be advances made or credits provided or given within the meaning of paragraph (h) of section eight or of paragraph (c) of subsection six of section thirty-four of this Act.

(k) (i) by omitting from subsection one of section Sec. 41. forty-one the words "whether before or (Rights and after" and by inserting in lieu thereof the person en-titled to word "before"; (ii)

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(ii) by inserting next after the same subsection the following new subsection :---

> (1A) Money payable by a purchaser to a vendor under a contract for the sale of land for or on account of the purchase price thereof and interest thereon shall for the purposes of this section be and be deemed always to have been money the payment whereof is secured by a mortgage of land.

(1) by inserting at the end of section forty-two the sec. 42. following new subsection :---

(Policies of insurance.)

(2) Nothing in this Act or in any enactment Debts, trust by this Act repealed, shall be construed to funds and other choses prevent a mortgagee of a debt, trust fund or in action. other chose in action (not being a mortgagee of a mortgage debt) from suing the debtor, trustee or other the person against whom the chose in action is enforceable, to recover any moneys due and payable by such debtor, trustee or other person under or by reason of such debt, trust or other chose in action or from receiving from such debtor, trustee or other person such moneys.

- (m) by inserting in section forty-three, after the Sec. 43. words "section thirteen" the words "or (Offences.) section 13A";
- (n) by omitting from paragraph (b) of subsection sec. 46, 46 one of section forty-six the words "aforesaid (Notices.) place of abode or business, and if that letter is not returned through the post-office undelivered" and by inserting in lieu thereof the words "place of abode or business last known to the person giving the notice."
- (o) by inserting next after section forty-six the Newss. following new sections :---

46A. In the events mentioned in the first Consents, column hereunder and distinguished by a num- and noti ber therein any notice required or authorised

46A, 46B. and 46c.

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by this Act to be given may be given to the respective persons mentioned in the second column and distinguished by a corresponding number in place or on behalf of the persons respectively referred to in the first column as the mortgagor and the respective persons so mentioned and distinguished in the second column shall have and be deemed always to have had power to make any application to the court or to give any consent under any of the provisions of this Act in place or on behalf of the respective persons referred to in the first column as the mortgagor:—

First Column.

1. Where the mortgagor is dead and probate of his will or letters of administation of his estate have been granted or resealed in New South Wales.

1. The personal representative of the mortgagor or other the person in whom the interest of the mortgagor in the mortgaged property has vested.

Second Column.

2. Where the mortgagor is a bankrupt or has executed a deed of assignment or arrangement under the provisions of a n y bankruptcy law for the time being in force.

3. Where the mortgagor is a company

> and the company is being wound up whether volun-

> tarily, compulsorily or under the supervision of the Court.

2. The person in or to whom the interest of the mortgagor in the mortgaged property is vested or has been conveyed or assigned or, where the interest of the mortgagor in the mortgaged property is not vested in or has not been assigned or conveyed to any other person, the person who is empowered to direct the mortgagor to convey or assign his interest in the mortgaged property.

3. The liquidator of the company.

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4. Where the mortgagor is an insane patient or an incapable or insane person within the meaning of the Lunacy Act of 1898, or any Act amending or replacing the same.

First Column.

4. The Master in Lunacy or the person to whom has been committed the management of the estate of the mortgagor, as the case may be.

Second Column.

46B. (1) Where, either before or after the Notice to commencement of the Moratorium (Amendment) the Public Trustee Act. 1936, a mortgagee has, under this Act, ob- in certain tained the leave of the court to exercise all the events. rights, powers and remedies expressly or impliedly given to him by the mortgage, any notice required or authorised by this or any other Act to be given to the mortgagor or to any other person interested in the mortgaged property for any purpose of or relating to or in any way concerning the exercise of any such right, power or remedy may, where such mortgagor or person is dead and there is no personal representative of such mortgagor or person in New South Wales, be given personally or by post to the Public Trustee and shall be accompanied by a statement containing such particulars as may be prescribed.

(2) Any notice given in accordance with the provisions of subsection one of this section shall be as valid and effectual as if given to the personal representative of the mortgagor or person unless probate of the will or letters of administration of the estate of such mortgagor or person is granted to some person other than the Public Trustee within one month after such notice has been so given.

46c. During such time as any right or remedy Statutes of of the mortgagee of any property or the vendor not to run. of any land against the mortgagor or mortgaged property or the purchaser or purchased land is

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- 5	 or has been, by reason of this Act or any Act hereby repealed, suspended, time shall not run against such mortgagee or vendor under the provisions of any Statute of Limitations barring such right or remedy of the mortgagee or vendor against the mortgagor, mortgaged property, purchaser or purchased land. (p) by omitting from the matter relating to Division 1 of Part II appearing in section one the figures 	Sec. 1. (Division
10	"23" and by inserting in lieu thereof the figures and letter "23."	into Parts.
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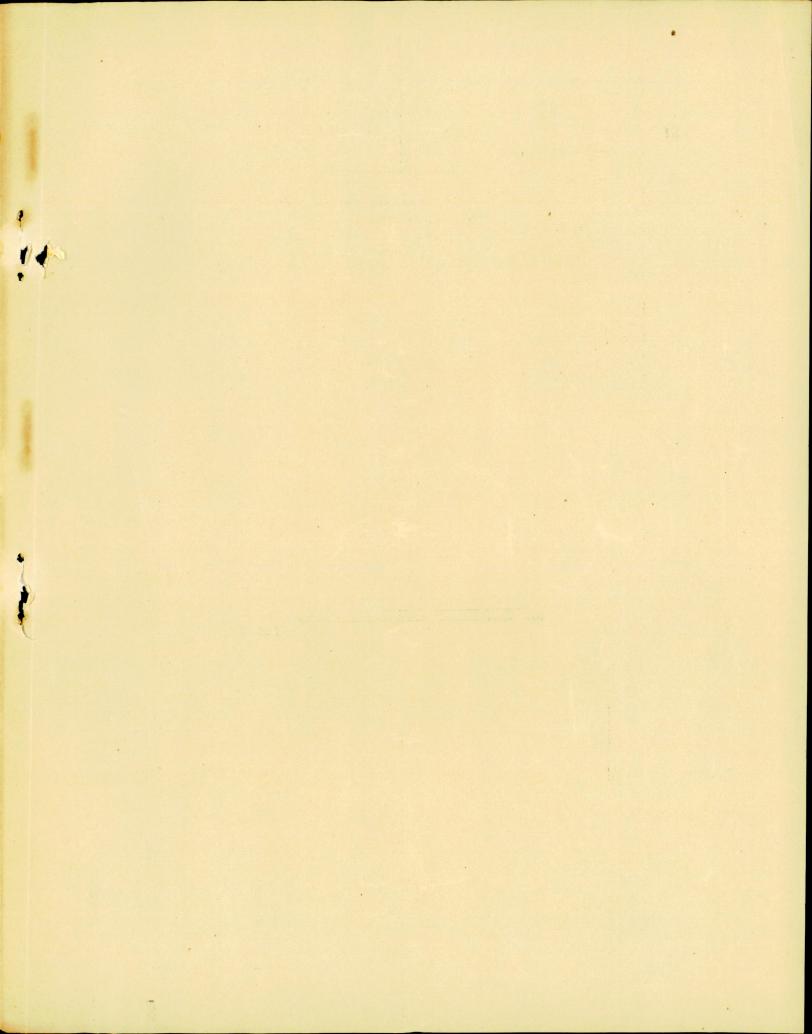
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