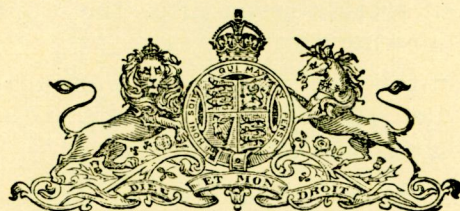


I certify that this PUBLIC BILL, which originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, has finally passed the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL and the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY of NEW SOUTH WALES.

S. G. BOYDELL,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

*Legislative Assembly Chamber,
Sydney, 11 December, 1929.*

New South Wales.



ANNO VICESIMO

GEORGII V REGIS.

Act No. 40, 1929.

An Act to make further provision with respect to the declaration of living wages; to amend the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1912, the Industrial Arbitration (Amendment) Act, 1926, as amended by subsequent Acts, and certain other Acts; to repeal the Industrial Arbitration (Living Wage Declaration) Act, 1927, and the Industrial Arbitration (Suspension of Living Wage Declaration) Act, 1929; and for purposes connected therewith. [Assented to, 13th December, 1929.]

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Industrial Arbitration (Living Wage) Amendment Act, 1929." Short title.

(2)

I have examined this Bill, and find it to correspond in all respects with the Bill as finally passed by both Houses.

R. B. WALKER,
Chairman of Committees of the Legislative Assembly.

Industrial Arbitration (Living Wage) Amendment.

(2) This Act shall be read and construed with the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1912, and the Industrial Arbitration (Amendment) Act, 1926, and Acts amending these Acts.

Amendment
of Act No. 14,
1926, s. 7.

2. The Industrial Arbitration (Amendment) Act, 1926, is amended by inserting in paragraph (b) of subsection one of section seven after the words "in the State" the following words:—

and, in the case of adult male employees, on the requirements of a man and wife with one child under the age of fourteen years.

First declara-
tion of living
wages.

3. (1) For the first declaration to be made after the commencement of this Act of the living wages for adult male and adult female employees, the provisions of this section shall have effect.

(2) The Commission shall declare the living wages for adult male and adult female employees within one month after the commencement of this Act.

(3) In fixing the amount of the living wage for adult male employees on the requirements of a man and wife with one child under the age of fourteen years the Commission shall add to the amount stated in its judgment of the twenty-fifth day of October, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-nine, as being sufficient for the requirements of a man and wife, the extra cost of maintaining one child under the age of fourteen years.

Such extra cost shall be determined from a consideration of such judgments, declarations, and reports of tribunals and Royal Commissions of the Commonwealth and of New South Wales relating to basic or living wages, and of such other information relating thereto in the possession of the Commission at the commencement of this Act, as the Commission deems proper to be considered for the purpose of fixing the amount of the living wage for adult male employees in accordance with the provisions of this section.

(4) The Commission shall fix the amount of the living wage for adult female employees at such percentage of the living wage for adult male employees as it deems proper.

4.

Industrial Arbitration (Living Wage) Amendment.

4. The Industrial Arbitration (Living Wage Declaration) Act, 1927, and the Industrial Arbitration (Suspension of Living Wage Declaration) Act, 1929, are hereby repealed. Repeal of Act No. 38, 1927, and Act No. 27, 1929.

In the name and on behalf of His Majesty I assent to this Act.

D. R. S. DE CHAIR,
Governor.
Government House,
Sydney, 13th December, 1929.

This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

S. G. BOYDELL,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.
Legislative Assembly Chamber,
Sydney, 6 December, 1929.

New South Wales.



ANNO VICESIMO

GEORGII V REGIS.

An Act to make further provision with respect to the declaration of living wages; to amend the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1912, the Industrial Arbitration (Amendment) Act, 1926, as amended by subsequent Acts, and certain other Acts; to repeal the Industrial Arbitration (Living Wage Declaration) Act, 1927, and the Industrial Arbitration (Suspension of Living Wage Declaration) Act, 1929; and for purposes connected therewith.

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of
5 the same, as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Industrial Short title.
Arbitration (Living Wage) Amendment Act, 1929."

Industrial Arbitration (Living Wage) Amendment.

(2) This Act shall be read and construed with the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1912, and the Industrial Arbitration (Amendment) Act, 1926, and Acts amending these Acts.

- 5 **2.** The Industrial Arbitration (Amendment) Act, 1926, is amended by inserting in paragraph (b) of sub-section one of section seven after the words "in the State" the following words:—

Amendment
of Act No. 14,
1926, s. 7.

- 10 and, in the case of adult male employees, on the requirements of a man and wife with one child under the age of fourteen years.

- 15 **3.** (1) For the first declaration to be made after the commencement of this Act of the living wages for adult male and adult female employees, the provisions of this section shall have effect.

First declara-
tion of living
wages.

(2) The Commission shall declare the living wages for adult male and adult female employees within one month after the commencement of this Act.

- 20 (3) In fixing the amount of the living wage for adult male employees on the requirements of a man and wife with one child under the age of fourteen years the Commission shall add to the amount stated in its judgment of the twenty-fifth day of October, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-nine, as being sufficient for
- 25 the requirements of a man and wife, the extra cost of maintaining one child under the age of fourteen years.

- Such extra cost shall be determined from a consideration of such judgments, declarations, and reports of tribunals and Royal Commissions of the Commonwealth and of
- 30 New South Wales relating to basic or living wages, and of such other information relating thereto in the possession of the Commission at the commencement of this Act, as the Commission deems proper to be considered for the purpose of fixing the amount of the living wage for
- 35 adult male employees in accordance with the provisions of this section.

- (4) The Commission shall fix the amount of the living wage for adult female employees at such percentage of the living wage for adult male employees as it
- 40 deems proper.

Industrial Arbitration (Living Wage) Amendment.

4. The Industrial Arbitration (Living Wage Declaration) Act, 1927, and the Industrial Arbitration (Suspension of Living Wage Declaration) Act, 1929, are hereby repealed.

Repeal of Act
No. 38, 1927,
and Act
No. 27, 1929.

Am. No. 1055

James P. Smith (1843-1900)

1. 1843, born at A. Smith, N. Y.
2. 1861, and 1862, and 1863, and 1864, and 1865, and 1866, and 1867, and 1868, and 1869, and 1870, and 1871, and 1872, and 1873, and 1874, and 1875, and 1876, and 1877, and 1878, and 1879, and 1880, and 1881, and 1882, and 1883, and 1884, and 1885, and 1886, and 1887, and 1888, and 1889, and 1890, and 1891, and 1892, and 1893, and 1894, and 1895, and 1896, and 1897, and 1898, and 1899, and 1900.