

I Certify that this PUBLIC BILL, which originated in the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL, has finally passed the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL and the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY of NEW SOUTH WALES.

W. L. S. COOPER,
Clerk of the Parliaments.

*Legislative Council Chamber,
Sydney, 19th October, 1923.*

New South Wales.



ANNO QUARTO DECIMO

GEORGI V REGIS.

Act No. 14, 1923.

An Act to provide for the transfer of certain records from the Supreme Court to the office of the Registrar General; to amend the Bills of Sale Act, 1898, and certain other Acts; and for purposes connected therewith. [Assented to, 25th October, 1923.]

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Transfer of Records Act, 1923."

Short title
and com-
mencement.

(2)

Transfer of Records.

(2) This Act shall come into force upon a date to be fixed by the Governor by proclamation in the Gazette.

Transfer of records from Supreme Court to Registrar General's office.

2. (1) Upon the date of the commencement of this Act all instruments of whatsoever kind—

- (a) theretofore registered, enrolled, recorded, filed or deposited in the Supreme Court under or in pursuance of the provisions of any of the Acts mentioned in the First or Second Schedule hereto or of any other Act, or of any law at any time in force in this State; and
- (b) which shall then remain or be in the Supreme Court; and
- (c) which do not relate in any way to the business of the Supreme Court or any action, suit or proceeding in such court,

and all indexes, books, documents and writings relating exclusively to such instruments or any of them shall, save as in the next succeeding section provided, be transferred to the office of the Registrar General in Sydney, and the Registrar General shall take possession of the same.

(2) The said instruments shall thereupon and thenceforth continue to have the same force and effect respectively to all intents as they respectively would have had if they had remained in the Supreme Court and this Act had not been passed.

(3) Upon and from the same date all instruments of what nature soever which are now required by any of the Acts mentioned in the Second Schedule hereto or any other Act to be registered, enrolled, recorded, filed, or deposited in the Supreme Court, and which do not relate exclusively to the business of the Supreme Court or any suit or proceeding in such court shall be registered, enrolled, recorded, filed, or deposited in the office of the Registrar General in the same manner and form as is required by such Act, and all such last-mentioned registrations, enrolments, records, filings, and deposits shall be in all respects as valid and have the same effect respectively to all intents and purposes as if the same had been made, done, had, taken, or performed in the Supreme Court and this Act had not been passed.

(4)

Transfer of Records.

(4) Upon and from the same date all the duties now by law imposed upon and all the powers and authorities then vested in the Prothonotary or any other officer of the Supreme Court in relation to the matters referred to in the last preceding subsection shall be transferred to and imposed upon and vested in the Registrar General, and such fees may be taken by him for performing the said duties as may now by law be taken for the performance thereof, or as may be prescribed under the Conveyancing Act, 1919.

(5) In this section the expression "Supreme Court" includes the office of the Master in Equity or of any other officer of the said court.

3. (1) The Prothonotary shall retain and cause to be destroyed all bills of sale in his office (or copies thereof or documents relating thereto) in respect of which satisfaction has been entered prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, or of which no renewal of registration has been filed since that date.

Destruction
of records by
Protho-
notary.

(2) The Prothonotary shall furnish a list of all instruments so destroyed to the Registrar General, who shall note the fact of the destruction in the book in which the entry of the filing of the instrument destroyed occurs.

4. (1) The Registrar General may from time to time cause to be destroyed—

Destruction
of records
by Registrar
General.

(a) any bill of sale (or copy thereof or documents relating thereto) transferred to his office in respect of which satisfaction has been entered or a full discharge has been registered, but only after the lapse of ten years from the entry of satisfaction or the registration of the full discharge, as the case may be;

(b) any bill of sale (or copy thereof or documents relating thereto) filed or lodged more than ten years previously, and of which no renewal of registration has been filed within such period of ten years.

(2) On the destruction of any such bill of sale, or copy or documents, the Registrar General shall cause a note of the fact of such destruction to be made in the book in which the entry of the filing of the bill of sale occurs.

(3)

Transfer of Records.

(3) Such note shall be prima facie evidence of the matters set out therein and of the due observance of the requirements of this Act.

Saving of settlements.

5. The two last preceding sections shall not extend to any document which appears to be a settlement or deed of gift.

Amendment of various Acts. Bills of Sale Act, No. 10 of 1898.

6. (1) The Bills of Sale Act, 1898, is amended as follows :—

Sec. 4 and s. 7, subsec. 1.

(a) By omitting from section four and from subsection one of section seven the words "Supreme Court" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Registrar General";

Secs. 7, 10, 11.

(b) by omitting from sections seven, ten, and eleven the word "Prothonotary" wherever therein appearing, and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Registrar General";

Sec. 10.

(c) (i) by omitting from subsection one of section ten all words after the word "numbered";
 (ii) by omitting from subsection two of the same section the words "The said book and"; and by adding at the end of the same subsection the words "or such other fee as may be prescribed by regulations made under the Conveyancing Act, 1919";
 (iii) by omitting from subsection three of the same section—

(a) the words "In addition to the last-mentioned book";

(b) by substituting the word "a" for the word "another";

(c) by omitting the words "last mentioned" whenever occurring;

(d) and by adding at the end of the same subsection the words "or such other fee as may be prescribed by regulations made under the Conveyancing Act, 1919";

Sec. 12.

(d) by omitting from section twelve the words "like rate as for office copies of judgments in the Supreme

Transfer of Records.

Supreme Court” and inserting in lieu thereof the words “at the rate prescribed by regulations made under the Conveyancing Act, 1919”;

- (e) by omitting from section thirteen as inserted Sec. 13. by section two of the Bills of Sale (Amendment) Act, 1919, the word “Prothonotary” wherever therein appearing, and inserting in lieu thereof the words “Registrar General”; and by inserting in subsection two of the same section the words “or partly discharged” after the word “discharged”; and by inserting in subsection four of the same section the words “or part discharge” after the word “discharge”;

- (f) by adding after subsection four of the same section the following new subsections:—

(5) Attestation in accordance with section one hundred and sixty-eight of the Conveyancing Act, 1919, may be taken as sufficient proof of the execution of any such receipt.

(6) The fact of such registration and the extent of the discharge so registered shall be noted by the Registrar General in the book kept by him under this Act.

(7) After the lapse of ten years from the date upon which a full discharge of a bill of sale has been registered the Registrar General may direct that the bill of sale or copy filed and any documents relating thereto be destroyed.

(8) The fact of such destruction shall be noted by the Registrar General in the book kept by him under this Act;

- (g) by omitting the Second Schedule.

(2) The Newspapers Act, 1898, is amended as follows:— Newspapers Act, 1898. No. 23 of 1898.

- (a) By omitting from section three all the words after the words “for that purpose specified” and inserting in lieu thereof the words “has been lodged in the office of the Registrar General”;

(b)

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- Sec. 5. (b) by omitting from section five the word "delivered" wherever therein appearing and inserting in lieu thereof the word "lodged";
- Sec. 6. (c) (i) by omitting from paragraph (c) of subsection one of section six all words after the words "be taken or made before the" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Registrar General or a Deputy Registrar General";
- (ii) by inserting in paragraph (d) of the same subsection the words "the Registrar General or a Deputy Registrar General or" after the word "before";
- (iii) by omitting from subsection three of the same section all words after the words "transmit the same to" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "the Registrar General";
- Sec. 7. (d) by omitting from section seven the word "delivered" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "lodged";
- Sec. 9. (e) (i) by omitting from section nine the word "Prothonotary" where firstly appearing and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Registrar General";
- (ii) by omitting the proviso to the same section and inserting in lieu thereof the following proviso :--

Provided always that if any such person against whom any such affidavit or affirmation or any copy thereof is offered in evidence proves that he has before the coming into operation of the Transfer of Records Act, 1923, signed, sworn, or affirmed and delivered to the Prothonotary or to one of the clerks of the Supreme Court authorised in that behalf by the Prothonotary, or since the coming into operation of the said Act has signed, sworn, or affirmed and lodged at the office of the Registrar
General

Transfer of Records.

General previous to the day of the publication of the newspaper to which the proceedings, civil or criminal, relate, an affidavit or affirmation that he has ceased to be the printer, publisher, or proprietor of such newspaper, such person shall not be deemed by reason of any former affidavit or affirmation so delivered or lodged as aforesaid, to have been the printer, publisher, or proprietor of such newspaper after the day on which such last-mentioned affidavit or affirmation shall have been lodged at the said office;

- (f) by omitting from subsection one of section ten Sec. 10. the word "editor" wherever occurring; and by omitting from subsection two of the same section the words "one of the judges of the Supreme Court" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "the Registrar General or a Deputy Registrar General"; and by inserting in subsection three of the same section after the word "before" the words "the Registrar General or a Deputy Registrar General or," and by omitting from the same subsection all words after the words "printed and published" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "and when taken before a police magistrate shall be forthwith transmitted by him to the Registrar General that the same may be duly registered and recorded";
- (g) by omitting from subsection one of section Sec. 11. eleven the word "editor" and by omitting from the same subsection the words "Prothonotary or clerk authorised as aforesaid at his office" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Registrar General";
- (h) by omitting section thirteen; Sec. 13.
- (i) by omitting the proviso to section sixteen, and Sec. 16. inserting the following proviso in lieu thereof:—

Provided always that if any such person as aforesaid has before the coming into operation of

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of the Transfer of Records Act, 1923, signed, sworn, or affirmed and delivered to the Prothonotary or to one of the clerks of the Supreme Court authorised in that behalf by the Prothonotary, or since the coming into operation of the said Act has signed, sworn, or affirmed, and lodged in the office of the Registrar General previous to the day of the publication of the newspaper to which the proceeding in court relates, an affidavit or affirmation that he has ceased to be the printer, publisher, or proprietor of such newspaper and makes proof thereof, such person shall not be deemed by reason of any former affidavit or affirmation so delivered or lodged as aforesaid to have been the printer, publisher, or proprietor of such paper after the day on which such last-mentioned affidavit or affirmation was lodged;

Sec. 17.

Registrar
General to
furnish certi-
fied copy of
affidavit or
affirmation
upon appli-
cation.

- (j) by omitting section seventeen and inserting the following section in lieu thereof:—

17. The Registrar General shall, upon application made to him by any person requiring a copy certified according to this Act of any such affidavit or affirmation as aforesaid in order that the same may be produced in any civil or criminal proceedings, deliver to the person so applying for the same such certified copy;

Sec. 18.

- (k) by omitting from section eighteen the words "the Prothonotary or clerk authorised as aforesaid to be a true copy shall upon proof made that such certificate has been signed by the said Prothonotary or clerk (and whom it shall not be necessary to prove to be such Prothonotary or clerk)" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Registrar General or a Deputy Registrar General to be a true copy shall."

(3)

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(3) The Printing Act, 1899, is amended as follows:—

Printing Act,
1899.
Act No. 16 of
1899.

Sec. 2.

- (a) By omitting from subsection one of section two the words "delivered to the Prothonotary of the Supreme Court, or to one of the clerks in the said court, authorised by the said Prothonotary to receive the same" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "lodged in the office of the Registrar General";
- (b) (i) by omitting from subsection two of the same section the words "Prothonotary or such clerk as aforesaid" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Registrar General";
(ii) by omitting from the same subsection the word "delivered" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "lodged";
- (c) by omitting from subsection three of the same section the word "delivered" wherever therein appearing and inserting in lieu thereof the word "lodged";
- (d) by omitting from the Second Schedule the first form and the short heading thereto and inserting the following new short heading and form in lieu thereof:—

Form of notice to the Registrar General that any person keeps any printing press or types for printing.

To the Registrar General.

Form of
notice.

I, A.B., of _____, do hereby declare that I have a printing press and types for printing, which I propose to use for printing at _____ (*place where printing press, &c., is kept*), and which I require to be entered for that purpose in pursuance of the Printing Act, 1899.

Witness my hand this _____ day of _____

Signed in the presence of _____

- (e) (i) by omitting from the second form in the Second Schedule the words "Prothonotary of the Supreme Court of New South Wales (*or a clerk of the Supreme Court of*

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of New South Wales, being duly authorised in that behalf by the Prothonotary of the said court) ” and inserting in lieu thereof the words “Registrar General (*or* a Deputy Registrar General) ”;

- (ii) by omitting from the same form the words “delivered to me” and inserting in lieu thereof the word “lodged”;
- (iii) by omitting from the same form the word “within” and inserting in lieu thereof the word “at.”

Mining Partnerships Act, 1900.

(4) The Mining Partnerships Act, 1900, is amended by omitting from subsection two of section eight the words “Supreme Court, Sydney,” and inserting in lieu thereof the words “office of the Registrar General.”

Government Savings Bank Act, 1906.

(5) The Government Savings Bank Act, 1906, is amended by omitting subsection one of section eighty-five and inserting the following subsection in lieu thereof:—

(1) A copy of every such regulation shall be deposited in the office of the Registrar General, who shall file the same without fee.

SCHEDULES.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Bills of Sale Act of 1898.
 Newspapers Act, 1898.
 Printing Act, 1899.
 Mining Partnerships Act, 1900.
 Destitute Children's Society Act, 1901.
 Government Savings Bank Act, 1906.
 Bill of Sale (Amendment) Act, 1919.

SECOND

Transfer of Records.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

- An Act for lighting with Gas the Town of Sydney in the Colony of New South Wales and to enable certain persons associated under the name style and firm of "The Australian Gas Light Company" to sue and be sued in the name of the secretary for the time being of the said company and for other purposes therein mentioned. [Assented to, 7th September, 1837.]
- An Act to enable "The Colonial Sugar Refining Company" to sue and be sued in the name of such company, and to vest the property of the company in the trustees for the time being of such company. [Assented to, 30th December, 1863.]
- Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company's Act of 1865.
- An Act to enable the members of the United Church of England and Ireland in New South Wales to manage the property of the said Church. [Assented to, 4th October, 1866.]
- Church of England Property Act of 1889.
- Australian Jockey Club Act, 1873.
- Murrumbidgee Turf Club Act of 1876.
- Tattersall's Club Act of 1888.
- Hawkesbury Racecourse Act of 1890.
- An Act for the purpose of enabling the trustees of Albury Racecourse to grant leases thereof to any club; to enable the members of the club to sue and be sued in the name of the chairman of the committee for the time being of the club; and for other purposes. [Assented to, 29th March, 1892.]
- City Tattersall's Club Act of 1912.
- Permanent Trustee Company of New South Wales (Limited) Act of 1888.
- Permanent Trustee Company of New South Wales, Limited (Amendment), Act, 1918.
- Perpetual Trustee Company (Limited) Act of 1888.
- Perpetual Trustee Company (Limited) Amendment Act, 1918.
- Union Trustee Company of Australia, Limited, Act, 1914.
- Union Trustee Company of Australia, Limited, Amendment Act, 1919.
- Elder's Trustee and Executor Company, Limited, Act, 1920.

In the name and on behalf of His Majesty I assent to this Act.

W. P. CULLEN,
Lieutenant-Governor.

*Government House,
Sydney, 25th October, 1923.*

Transfer of Records Bill, 1923.

EXPLANATORY NOTE.

THE object of the Bill is as follows :—

- (1) To provide for the transfer to the office of the Registrar-General of certain records now in the Supreme Court, and which were lodged or deposited there in pursuance of the Acts mentioned in the First and Second Schedules to the Bill. See Clause 2.

The records dealt with in the Bill consist in the main of bills of sale lodged under the Bills of Sale Act, 1898, affidavits, affirmations, and notices under the Newspapers Act, 1898, and the Printing Act, 1899, and certain memorials, regulations and other documents under the various Acts quoted in the Schedule.

- (2) To confer upon the Prothonotary and the Registrar-General a limited authority to destroy certain bills of sale and documents relating thereto, subject to the safeguards contained in the Bill. See Clauses 3-5.
- (3) To provide that in future records which heretofore were lodged in the Supreme Court in pursuance of the Acts mentioned in the Schedules shall be deposited with the Registrar-General. See Clause 6, which makes necessary verbal amendments in the public Acts affected.

Since certain consequential amendments of the Newspapers Act, 1898, are contained in the Bill, the present opportunity has been taken of introducing an amendment of that Act for the purpose of remedying a slight error in the consolidation. See Clause 6 (2) (c), (f), (g).

1870

EXPERIMENTAL

...

...

...

This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY for its concurrence.

W. L. S. COOPER,
Clerk of the Parliaments.

*Legislative Council Chamber,
Sydney, 13th September, 1923.*

New South Wales.



ANNO QUARTO DECIMO

GEORGI V REGIS.

Act No. , 1923.

An Act to provide for the transfer of certain records from the Supreme Court to the office of the Registrar General; to amend the Bills of Sale Act, 1898, and certain other Acts; and for purposes connected therewith.

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Transfer of Records Act, 1923."

Short title
and com-
mencement.

16873

c 18—A

(2)

Transfer of Records.

(2) This Act shall come into force upon a date to be fixed by the Governor by proclamation in the Gazette.

- 2.** (1) Upon the date of the commencement of this Act all instruments of whatsoever kind—
- (a) theretofore registered, enrolled, recorded, filed or deposited in the Supreme Court under or in pursuance of the provisions of any of the Acts mentioned in the First or Second Schedule hereto or of any other Act, or of any law at any time in force in this State; and
 - (b) which shall then remain or be in the Supreme Court; and
 - (c) which do not relate in any way to the business of the Supreme Court or any action, suit or proceeding in such court,

Transfer of records from Supreme Court to Registrar General's office.

and all indexes, books, documents and writings relating exclusively to such instruments or any of them shall, save as in the next succeeding section provided, be transferred to the office of the Registrar General in Sydney, and the Registrar General shall take possession of the same.

(2) The said instruments shall thereupon and thenceforth continue to have the same force and effect respectively to all intents as they respectively would have had if they had remained in the Supreme Court and this Act had not been passed.

(3) Upon and from the same date all instruments of what nature soever which are now required by any of the Acts mentioned in the Second Schedule hereto or any other Act to be registered, enrolled, recorded, filed, or deposited in the Supreme Court, and which do not relate exclusively to the business of the Supreme Court or any suit or proceeding in such court shall be registered, enrolled, recorded, filed, or deposited in the office of the Registrar General in the same manner and form as is required by such Act, and all such last-mentioned registrations, enrolments, records, filings, and deposits shall be in all respects as valid and have the same effect respectively to all intents and purposes as if the same had been made, done, had, taken, or performed in the Supreme Court and this Act had not been passed.

(4)

Transfer of Records.

(4) Upon and from the same date all the duties now by law imposed upon and all the powers and authorities then vested in the Prothonotary or any other officer of the Supreme Court in relation to the matters referred to in the last preceding subsection shall be transferred to and imposed upon and vested in the Registrar General, and such fees may be taken by him for performing the said duties as may now by law be taken for the performance thereof, or as may be prescribed under the Conveyancing Act, 1919.

(5) In this section the expression "Supreme Court" includes the office of the Master in Equity or of any other officer of the said court.

3. (1) The Prothonotary shall retain and cause to be destroyed all bills of sale in his office (or copies thereof or documents relating thereto) in respect of which satisfaction has been entered prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, or of which no renewal of registration has been filed since that date.

Destruction
of records by
Protho-
notary.

(2) The Prothonotary shall furnish a list of all instruments so destroyed to the Registrar General, who shall note the fact of the destruction in the book in which the entry of the filing of the instrument destroyed occurs.

4. (1) The Registrar General may from time to time cause to be destroyed—

Destruction
of records
by Registrar
General.

(a) any bill of sale (or copy thereof or documents relating thereto) transferred to his office in respect of which satisfaction has been entered or a full discharge has been registered, but only after the lapse of ten years from the entry of satisfaction or the registration of the full discharge, as the case may be;

(b) any bill of sale (or copy thereof or documents relating thereto) filed or lodged more than ten years previously, and of which no renewal of registration has been filed within such period of ten years.

(2) On the destruction of any such bill of sale, or copy or documents, the Registrar General shall cause a note of the fact of such destruction to be made in the book in which the entry of the filing of the bill of sale occurs.

(3)

Transfer of Records.

(3) Such note shall be prima facie evidence of the matters set out therein and of the due observance of the requirements of this Act.

5 **5.** The two last preceding sections shall not extend Saving of settlements.
to any document which appears to be a settlement or deed of gift.

6. (1) The Bills of Sale Act, 1898, is amended as Amendment of various Acts. Bills of Sale Act, No. 10 of 1898.
follows:—

- 10 (a) By omitting from section four and from Sec. 4 and s. 7, subsec. 1.
subsection one of section seven the words
“Supreme Court” and inserting in lieu
thereof the words “Registrar General”;
- 15 (b) by omitting from sections seven, ten, and Secs. 7, 10, 11.
eleven the word “Prothonotary” wherever
therein appearing, and inserting in lieu thereof
the words “Registrar General”;
- (c) (i) by omitting from subsection one of section Sec. 10.
ten all words after the word “numbered”;
- 20 (ii) by omitting from subsection two of the
same section the words “The said book
and”; and by adding at the end of the
same subsection the words “or such other
fee as may be prescribed by regulations
made under the Conveyancing Act, 1919”;
- 25 (iii) by omitting from subsection three of the
same section—
- (a) the words “In addition to the last-
mentioned book”;
- 30 (b) by substituting the word “a” for the
word “another”;
- (c) by omitting the words “last men-
tioned” whenever occurring;
- (d) and by adding at the end of the same
subsection the words “or such other
fee as may be prescribed by regula-
tions made under the Conveyancing
Act, 1919”;
- 35 (d) by omitting from section twelve the words “like Sec. 12.
rate as for office copies of judgments in the
Supreme

Transfer of Records.

Supreme Court" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "at the rate prescribed by regulations made under the Conveyancing Act, 1919";

5 (c) by omitting from section thirteen as inserted Sec. 13.
by section two of the Bills of Sale (Amendment) Act, 1919, the word "Prothonotary" wherever therein appearing, and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Registrar General";
10 and by inserting in subsection two of the same section the words "or partly discharged" after the word "discharged"; and by inserting in subsection four of the same section the words "or part discharge" after the word "discharge";

15 (f) by adding after subsection four of the same section the following new subsections:—

20 (5) Attestation in accordance with section one hundred and sixty-eight of the Conveyancing Act, 1919, may be taken as sufficient proof of the execution of any such receipt.

(6) The fact of such registration and the extent of the discharge so registered shall be noted by the Registrar General in the book kept by him under this Act.

25 (7) After the lapse of ten years from the date upon which a full discharge of a bill of sale has been registered the Registrar General may direct that the bill of sale or copy filed and any documents relating thereto be destroyed.

30 (8) The fact of such destruction shall be noted by the Registrar General in the book kept by him under this Act;

(g) by omitting the Second Schedule.

35 follows:—
(2) The Newspapers Act, 1898, is amended as Newspaper Act 1898. No. 23 of 1898.

(a) By omitting from section three all the words Sec. 3.
after the words "for that purpose specified" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "has been lodged in the office of the Registrar General";

40

(b)

Transfer of Records.

- (b) by omitting from section five the word ^{Sec. 5.} "delivered" wherever therein appearing and inserting in lieu thereof the word "lodged";
- 5 (c) (i) by omitting from paragraph (c) of sub-^{Sec. 6.} section one of section six all words after the words "be taken or made before the" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Registrar General or a Deputy Registrar General";
- 10 (ii) by inserting in paragraph (d) of the same subsection the words "the Registrar General or a Deputy Registrar General or" after the word "before";
- 15 (iii) by omitting from subsection three of the same section all words after the words "transmit the same to" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "the Registrar General";
- 20 (d) by omitting from section seven the word ^{Sec. 7.} "delivered" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "lodged";
- 25 (e) (i) by omitting from section nine the word ^{Sec. 9.} "Prothonotary" where firstly appearing and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Registrar General";
- (ii) by omitting the proviso to the same section and inserting in lieu thereof the following proviso :—
- 30 Provided always that if any such person against whom any such affidavit or affirmation or any copy thereof is offered in evidence proves that he has before the coming into operation of the Transfer of
- 35 Records Act, 1923, signed, sworn, or affirmed and delivered to the Prothonotary or to one of the clerks of the Supreme Court authorised in that behalf by the Prothonotary, or since the coming into operation of the said Act has signed, sworn, or affirmed
- 40 and lodged at the office of the Registrar General

Transfer of Records.

5 General previous to the day of the publica-
 tion of the newspaper to which the proceed-
 ings, civil or criminal, relate, an affidavit or
 affirmation that he has ceased to be the
 printer, publisher, or proprietor of such
 newspaper, such person shall not be
 deemed by reason of any former affidavit
 or affirmation so delivered or lodged as
 10 aforesaid, to have been the printer, pub-
 lisher, or proprietor of such newspaper
 after the day on which such last-mentioned
 affidavit or affirmation shall have been
 lodged at the said office;

- 15 (f) by omitting from subsection one of section ten Sec. 10.
 the word "editor" wherever occurring; and
 by omitting from subsection two of the same
 section the words "one of the judges of the
 Supreme Court" and inserting in lieu thereof
 20 the words "the Registrar General or a Deputy
 Registrar General"; and by inserting in sub-
 section three of the same section after the word
 "before" the words "the Registrar General
 or a Deputy Registrar General or," and by
 25 omitting from the same subsection all words
 after the words "printed and published" and
 inserting in lieu thereof the words "and when
 taken before a police magistrate shall be forth-
 with transmitted by him to the Registrar
 General that the same may be duly registered
 and recorded";
- 30 (g) by omitting from subsection one of section Sec. 11.
 eleven the word "editor" and by omitting
 from the same subsection the words "Protho-
 notary or clerk authorised as aforesaid at his
 35 office" and inserting in lieu thereof the words
 "Registrar General";
- (h) by omitting section thirteen; Sec. 13.
- (i) by omitting the proviso to section sixteen, and Sec. 16.
 inserting the following proviso in lieu
 40 thereof:—

Provided always that if any such person as
 aforesaid has before the coming into operation
 of

Transfer of Records.

- of the Transfer of Records Act, 1923, signed, sworn, or affirmed and delivered to the Prothonotary or to one of the clerks of the Supreme Court authorised in that behalf by the Prothonotary, or since the coming into operation of the said Act has signed, sworn, or affirmed, and lodged in the office of the Registrar General previous to the day of the publication of the newspaper to which the proceeding in court relates, an affidavit or affirmation that he has ceased to be the printer, publisher, or proprietor of such newspaper and makes proof thereof, such person shall not be deemed by reason of any former affidavit or affirmation so delivered or lodged as aforesaid to have been the printer, publisher, or proprietor of such paper after the day on which such last-mentioned affidavit or affirmation was lodged ;
- (j) by omitting section seventeen and inserting the following section in lieu thereof:—
17. The Registrar General shall, upon application made to him by any person requiring a copy certified according to this Act of any such affidavit or affirmation as aforesaid in order that the same may be produced in any civil or criminal proceedings, deliver to the person so applying for the same such certified copy ;
- (k) by omitting from section eighteen the words “the Prothonotary or clerk authorised as aforesaid to be a true copy shall upon proof made that such certificate has been signed by the said Prothonotary or clerk (and whom it shall not be necessary to prove to be such Prothonotary or clerk)” and inserting in lieu thereof the words “Registrar General or a Deputy Registrar General to be a true copy shall.”

Registrar
General to
furnish certi-
fied copy of
affidavit or
affirmation
upon appli-
cation.

Sec. 18.

Transfer of Records.

(3) The Printing Act, 1899, is amended as follows:—

Printing Act,
1899.
Act No. 16 of
1899.

- 5 (a) By omitting from subsection one of section two the words "delivered to the Prothonotary of the Supreme Court, or to one of the clerks in the said court, authorised by the said Prothonotary to receive the same" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "lodged in the office of the Registrar General";
- 10 (b) (i) by omitting from subsection two of the same section the words "Prothonotary or such clerk as aforesaid" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Registrar General";
- 15 (ii) by omitting from the same subsection the word "delivered" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "lodged";
- 20 (c) by omitting from subsection three of the same section the word "delivered" wherever therein appearing and inserting in lieu thereof the word "lodged";
- 25 (d) by omitting from the Second Schedule the first form and the short heading thereto and inserting the following new short heading and form in lieu thereof:—

Form of notice to the Registrar General that any person keeps any printing press or types for printing.

To the Registrar General.

Form of
notice.

30 I, A.B., of , do hereby declare that I have a printing press and types for printing, which I propose to use for printing at (place where printing press, &c., is kept), and which I require to be entered for that purpose in pursuance of the Printing Act, 1899.

Witness my hand this day of

35 Signed in the presence of

- (e) (i) by omitting from the second form in the Second Schedule the words "Prothonotary of the Supreme Court of New South Wales (or a clerk of the Supreme Court

Transfer of Records.

- of New South Wales, being duly authorised in that behalf by the Prothonotary of the said court) ” and inserting in lieu thereof the words “ Registrar General (*or* a Deputy Registrar General) ” ;
- 5 (ii) by omitting from the same form the words “ delivered to me ” and inserting in lieu thereof the word “ lodged ” ;
- 10 (iii) by omitting from the same form the word “ within ” and inserting in lieu thereof the word “ at. ”
- (4) The Mining Partnerships Act, 1900, is amended by omitting from subsection two of section eight the words “ Supreme Court, Sydney, ” and insert-
15 ing in lieu thereof the words “ office of the Registrar General. ” Mining Partnerships Act, 1900.
- (5) The Government Savings Bank Act, 1906, is amended by omitting subsection one of section eighty-
20 five and inserting the following subsection in lieu thereof :— Government Savings Bank Act, 1906.
- (1) A copy of every such regulation shall be deposited in the office of the Registrar General, who shall file the same without fee.

SCHEDULES.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

- 25 Bills of Sale Act of 1898.
Newspapers Act, 1898.
Printing Act, 1899.
Mining Partnerships Act, 1900.
- 30 Destitute Children’s Society Act, 1901.
Government Savings Bank Act, 1906.
Bill of Sale (Amendment) Act, 1919.

Transfer of Records.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

- An Act for lighting with Gas the Town of Sydney in the Colony of New South Wales and to enable certain persons associated under the name style and firm of "The Australian Gas Light Company" to sue and be sued in the name of the secretary for the time being of the said company and for other purposes therein mentioned. [Assented to, 7th September, 1837.]
- 5 An Act to enable "The Colonial Sugar Refining Company" to sue and be sued in the name of such company, and to vest the property of the company in the trustees for the time being of such company. [Assented to, 30th December, 1863.]
- 10 Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company's Act of 1865.
An Act to enable the members of the United Church of England and Ireland in New South Wales to manage the property of the said Church. [Assented to, 4th October, 1866.]
- 15 Church of England Property Act of 1889.
Australian Jockey Club Act, 1873.
Murrumbidgee Turf Club Act of 1876.
Tattersall's Club Act of 1888.
- 20 Hawkesbury Racecourse Act of 1890.
An Act for the purpose of enabling the trustees of Albury Racecourse to grant leases thereof to any club; to enable the members of the club to sue and be sued in the name of the chairman of the committee for the time being of the club; and for other purposes. [Assented to, 29th March, 1892.]
- 25 City Tattersall's Club Act of 1912.
Permanent Trustee Company of New South Wales (Limited) Act of 1888.
Permanent Trustee Company of New South Wales, Limited (Amendment), Act, 1918.
- 30 Perpetual Trustee Company (Limited) Act of 1888.
Perpetual Trustee Company (Limited) Amendment Act, 1918.
Union Trustee Company of Australia, Limited, Act, 1914.
Union Trustee Company of Australia, Limited, Amendment Act, 1919.
- 35 Elder's Trustee and Executor Company, Limited, Act, 1920.

The first part of the document discusses the general principles of the system. It is divided into several sections, each dealing with a different aspect of the overall framework. The text is dense and technical, covering various details of the system's architecture and its intended use.

The second part of the document provides a detailed description of the system's components. It includes a list of the various modules and their functions, as well as a discussion of how these components interact with each other. This section is particularly important for understanding the system's internal structure.

The third part of the document describes the system's implementation. It details the hardware and software requirements, as well as the steps involved in installing and configuring the system. This section is essential for anyone looking to set up the system in a practical environment.

The fourth part of the document discusses the system's performance and reliability. It includes a discussion of the system's response time, throughput, and other key performance indicators. This section is important for evaluating the system's suitability for a particular application.

The fifth part of the document provides a summary of the system's features and benefits. It highlights the key advantages of the system and discusses how it can be used to improve efficiency and productivity. This section is useful for anyone looking to understand the value of the system.

The final part of the document contains a list of references and a bibliography. It includes a list of the books, articles, and other sources that were consulted during the development of the system. This section is useful for anyone looking to further research the system or its related technologies.

1923.

Legislative Council.

Transfer of Records Bill, 1923.

EXPLANATORY NOTE.

THE object of the Bill is as follows :—

- (1) To provide for the transfer to the office of the Registrar-General of certain records now in the Supreme Court, and which were lodged or deposited there in pursuance of the Acts mentioned in the First and Second Schedules to the Bill. See Clause 2.

The records dealt with in the Bill consist in the main of bills of sale lodged under the Bills of Sale Act, 1898, affidavits, affirmations, and notices under the Newspapers Act, 1898, and the Printing Act, 1899, and certain memorials, regulations and other documents under the various Acts quoted in the Schedule.

- (2) To confer upon the Prothonotary and the Registrar-General a limited authority to destroy certain bills of sale and documents relating thereto, subject to the safeguards contained in the Bill. See Clauses 3-5.
- (3) To provide that in future records which heretofore were lodged in the Supreme Court in pursuance of the Acts mentioned in the Schedules shall be deposited with the Registrar-General. See Clause 6, which makes necessary verbal amendments in the public Acts affected.

Since certain consequential amendments of the Newspapers Act, 1898, are contained in the Bill, the present opportunity has been taken of introducing an amendment of that Act for the purpose of remedying a slight error in the consolidation. See Clause 6 (2) (c), (f), (g).

Legislative Council.

No. , 1923.

A BILL

To provide for the transfer of certain records from the Supreme Court to the office of the Registrar General; to amend the Bills of Sale Act, 1898, and certain other Acts; and for purposes connected therewith.

[SIR JOSEPH CARRUTHERS;—5 *September*, 1923.]

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of
5 the same, as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Transfer of Records Act, 1923." Short title and commencement.

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c 18—A

(2)

(2) This Act shall come into force upon a date to be fixed by the Governor by proclamation in the Gazette.

Transfer of records from Supreme Court to Registrar General's office.

2. (1) Upon the date of the commencement of this Act all instruments of whatsoever kind— 5

- (a) theretofore registered, enrolled, recorded, filed or deposited in the Supreme Court under or in pursuance of the provisions of any of the Acts mentioned in the First or Second Schedule hereto or of any other Act, or of any law at 10 any time in force in this State; and
- (b) which shall then remain or be in the Supreme Court; and
- (c) which do not relate in any way to the business of the Supreme Court or any action, suit or 15 proceeding in such court,

and all indexes, books, documents and writings relating exclusively to such instruments or any of them shall, save as in the next succeeding section provided, be transferred to the office of the Registrar General in 20 Sydney, and the Registrar General shall take possession of the same.

(2) The said instruments shall thereupon and thenceforth continue to have the same force and effect respectively to all intents as they respectively would 25 have had if they had remained in the Supreme Court and this Act had not been passed.

(3) Upon and from the same date all instruments of what nature soever which are now required by any of the Acts mentioned in the Second Schedule hereto 30 or any other Act to be registered, enrolled, recorded, filed, or deposited in the Supreme Court, and which do not relate exclusively to the business of the Supreme Court or any suit or proceeding in such court shall be registered, enrolled, recorded, filed, or deposited in the 35 office of the Registrar General in the same manner and form as is required by such Act, and all such last-mentioned registrations, enrolments, records, filings, and deposits shall be in all respects as valid and have the same effect respectively to all intents and purposes 40 as if the same had been made, done, had, taken, or performed in the Supreme Court and this Act had not been passed. (4)

(4) Upon and from the same date all the duties now by law imposed upon and all the powers and authorities then vested in the Prothonotary or any other officer of the Supreme Court in relation to the matters
5 referred to in the last preceding subsection shall be transferred to and imposed upon and vested in the Registrar General, and such fees may be taken by him for performing the said duties as may now by law be taken for the performance thereof, or as may be prescribed
10 under the Conveyancing Act, 1919.

(5) In this section the expression "Supreme Court" includes the office of the Master in Equity or of any other officer of the said court.

3. (1) The Prothonotary shall retain and cause to be
15 destroyed all bills of sale in his office (or copies thereof or documents relating thereto) in respect of which satisfaction has been entered prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, or of which no renewal of registration has been filed since that date.

Destruction
of records by
Protho-
notary.

20 (2) The Prothonotary shall furnish a list of all instruments so destroyed to the Registrar General, who shall note the fact of the destruction in the book in which the entry of the filing of the instrument destroyed occurs.

25 **4.** (1) The Registrar General may from time to time cause to be destroyed—

Destruction
of records
by Registrar
General.

(a) any bill of sale (or copy thereof or documents
30 relating thereto) transferred to his office in respect of which satisfaction has been entered or a full discharge has been registered, but only after the lapse of ten years from the entry of satisfaction or the registration of the full discharge, as the case may be;

35 (b) any bill of sale (or copy thereof or documents relating thereto) filed or lodged more than ten years previously, and of which no renewal of registration has been filed within such period of ten years.

(2) On the destruction of any such bill of sale, or
40 copy or documents, the Registrar General shall cause a note of the fact of such destruction to be made in the book in which the entry of the filing of the bill of sale occurs.
(3)

(3) Such note shall be prima facie evidence of the matters set out therein and of the due observance of the requirements of this Act.

Saving of settlements.

5. The two last preceding sections shall not extend to any document which appears to be a settlement or deed of gift. 5

Amendment of various Acts.
Bills of Sale Act, No. 10 of 1898.

6. (1) The Bills of Sale Act, 1898, is amended as follows:—

Sec. 4 and s. 7, subsec. 1.

(a) By omitting from section four and from subsection one of section seven the words "Supreme Court" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Registrar General";

Secs 7, 10, 11.

(b) by omitting from sections seven, ten, and eleven the word "Prothonotary" wherever therein appearing, and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Registrar General";

Sec. 10.

(c) (i) by omitting from subsection one of section ten all words after the word "numbered";
(ii) by omitting from subsection two of the same section the words "The said book and"; and by adding at the end of the same subsection the words "or such other fee as may be prescribed by regulations made under the Conveyancing Act, 1919";
(iii) by omitting from subsection three of the same section—

(a) the words "In addition to the last-mentioned book";

(b) by substituting the word "a" for the word "another";

(c) by omitting the words "last mentioned" whenever occurring;

(d) and by adding at the end of the same subsection the words "or such other fee as may be prescribed by regulations made under the Conveyancing Act, 1919";

Sec. 12.

(d) by omitting from section twelve the words "like rate as for office copies of judgments in the Supreme

- Supreme Court" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "at the rate prescribed by regulations made under the Conveyancing Act, 1919";
- 5 (e) by omitting from section thirteen as inserted Sec. 13.
by section two of the Bills of Sale (Amendment) Act, 1919, the word "Prothonotary" wherever therein appearing, and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Registrar General"; and by inserting in subsection two of the same section the words "or partly discharged" after the word "discharged"; and by inserting in subsection four of the same section the words "or part discharge" after the word "discharge";
- 10 (f) by adding after subsection four of the same section the following new subsections:—
- (5) Attestation in accordance with section one hundred and sixty-eight of the Conveyancing Act, 1919, may be taken as sufficient proof of the execution of any such receipt.
- 20 (6) The fact of such registration and the extent of the discharge so registered shall be noted by the Registrar General in the book kept by him under this Act.
- 25 (7) After the lapse of ten years from the date upon which a full discharge of a bill of sale has been registered the Registrar General may direct that the bill of sale or copy filed and any documents relating thereto be destroyed.
- 30 (8) The fact of such destruction shall be noted by the Registrar General in the book kept by him under this Act;
- (g) by omitting the Second Schedule.
- 35 follows:— (2) The Newspapers Act, 1898, is amended as Newspapers Act, 1898, No. 23 of 1898, Sec. 3.
- (a) By omitting from section three all the words after the words "for that purpose specified" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "has been lodged in the office of the Registrar General";
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(b)

- Sec. 5. (b) by omitting from section five the word "delivered" wherever therein appearing and inserting in lieu thereof the word "lodged";
- Sec. 6. (c) (i) by omitting from paragraph (c) of subsection one of section six all words after the words "be taken or made before the" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Registrar General or a Deputy Registrar General"; 5
- (ii) by inserting in paragraph (d) of the same subsection the words "the Registrar General or a Deputy Registrar General or" after the word "before"; 10
- (iii) by omitting from subsection three of the same section all words after the words "transmit the same to" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "the Registrar General"; 15
- Sec. 7. (d) by omitting from section seven the word "delivered" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "lodged"; 20
- Sec. 9. (e) (i) by omitting from section nine the word "Prothonotary" where firstly appearing and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Registrar General"; 25
- (ii) by omitting the proviso to the same section and inserting in lieu thereof the following proviso:—
- Provided always that if any such person against whom any such affidavit or affirmation or any copy thereof is offered in evidence proves that he has before the coming into operation of the Transfer of Records Act, 1923, signed, sworn, or affirmed and delivered to the Prothonotary or to one of the clerks of the Supreme Court authorised in that behalf by the Prothonotary, or since the coming into operation of the said Act has signed, sworn, or affirmed and lodged at the office of the Registrar General 40

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General previous to the day of the publication of the newspaper to which the proceedings, civil or criminal, relate, an affidavit or affirmation that he has ceased to be the printer, publisher, or proprietor of such newspaper, such person shall not be deemed by reason of any former affidavit or affirmation so delivered or lodged as aforesaid, to have been the printer, publisher, or proprietor of such newspaper after the day on which such last-mentioned affidavit or affirmation shall have been lodged at the said office;

- (f) by omitting from subsection one of section ten Sec. 10. the word "editor" wherever occurring; and by omitting from subsection two of the same section the words "one of the judges of the Supreme Court" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "the Registrar General or a Deputy Registrar General"; and by inserting in subsection three of the same section after the word "before" the words "the Registrar General or a Deputy Registrar General or," and by omitting from the same subsection all words after the words "printed and published" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "and when taken before a police magistrate shall be forthwith transmitted by him to the Registrar General that the same may be duly registered and recorded";
- (g) by omitting from subsection one of section Sec. 11. eleven the word "editor" and by omitting from the same subsection the words "Prothonotary or clerk authorised as aforesaid at his office" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Registrar General";
- (h) by omitting section thirteen; Sec. 13.
- (i) by omitting the proviso to section sixteen, and Sec. 16. inserting the following proviso in lieu thereof:—

Provided always that if any such person as aforesaid has before the coming into operation of

of the Transfer of Records Act, 1923, signed, sworn, or affirmed and delivered to the Prothonotary or to one of the clerks of the Supreme Court authorised in that behalf by the Prothonotary, or since the coming into operation of the said Act has signed, sworn, or affirmed, and lodged in the office of the Registrar General previous to the day of the publication of the newspaper to which the proceeding in court relates, an affidavit or affirmation that he has ceased to be the printer, publisher, or proprietor of such newspaper and makes proof thereof, such person shall not be deemed by reason of any former affidavit or affirmation so delivered or lodged as aforesaid to have been the printer, publisher, or proprietor of such paper after the day on which such last-mentioned affidavit or affirmation was lodged;

Sec. 17.

Registrar General to furnish certified copy of affidavit or affirmation upon application.

- (j) by omitting section seventeen and inserting the following section in lieu thereof:—

17. The Registrar General shall, upon application made to him by any person requiring a copy certified according to this Act of any such affidavit or affirmation as aforesaid in order that the same may be produced in any civil or criminal proceedings, deliver to the person so applying for the same such certified copy;

Sec. 18.

- (k) by omitting from section eighteen the words "the Prothonotary or clerk authorised as aforesaid to be a true copy shall upon proof made that such certificate has been signed by the said Prothonotary or clerk (and whom it shall not be necessary to prove to be such Prothonotary or clerk)" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Registrar General or a Deputy Registrar General to be a true copy shall."

(3)

(3) The Printing Act, 1899, is amended as follows:—

Printing Act,
1899.
Act No. 16 of
1899.
Sec. 2.

- 5 (a) By omitting from subsection one of section two the words "delivered to the Prothonotary of the Supreme Court, or to one of the clerks in the said court, authorised by the said Prothonotary to receive the same" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "lodged in the office of the Registrar General";
- 10 (b) (i) by omitting from subsection two of the same section the words "Prothonotary or such clerk as aforesaid" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Registrar General";
- 15 (ii) by omitting from the same subsection the word "delivered" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "lodged";
- 20 (c) by omitting from subsection three of the same section the word "delivered" wherever therein appearing and inserting in lieu thereof the word "lodged";
- 25 (d) by omitting from the Second Schedule the first form and the short heading thereto and inserting the following new short heading and form in lieu thereof:—

Form of notice to the Registrar General that any person keeps any printing press or types for printing.

To the Registrar General

Form of notice.

30 I, A.B., of _____, do hereby declare that I have a printing press and types for printing, which I propose to use for printing at _____ (*place where printing press, &c., is kept*), and which I require to be entered for that purpose in pursuance of the Printing Act, 1899.

Witness my hand this _____ day of _____

35 Signed in the presence of _____

- (e) (i) by omitting from the second form in the Second Schedule the words "Prothonotary of the Supreme Court of New South Wales (*or* a clerk of the Supreme Court of _____)

of New South Wales, being duly authorised in that behalf by the Prothonotary of the said court) ” and inserting in lieu thereof the words “ Registrar General (*or* a Deputy Registrar General) ”; 5

(ii) by omitting from the same form the words “ delivered to me ” and inserting in lieu thereof the word “ lodged ”;

(iii) by omitting from the same form the word “ within ” and inserting in lieu thereof the word “ at. ” 10

Mining Partnerships Act, 1900.

(4) The Mining Partnerships Act, 1900, is amended by omitting from subsection two of section eight the words “ Supreme Court, Sydney, ” and inserting in lieu thereof the words “ office of the Registrar General. ” 15

Government Savings Bank Act, 1906.

(5) The Government Savings Bank Act, 1906, is amended by omitting subsection one of section eighty-five and inserting the following subsection in lieu thereof:— 20

(1) A copy of every such regulation shall be deposited in the office of the Registrar General, who shall file the same without fee.

SCHEDULES.

FIRST SCHEDULE. 25

Bills of Sale Act of 1898.

Newspapers Act, 1898.

Printing Act, 1899.

Mining Partnerships Act, 1900.

Destitute Children's Society Act, 1901. 30

Government Savings Bank Act, 1906.

Bill of Sale (Amendment) Act, 1919.

SECOND

SECOND SCHEDULE.

- An Act for lighting with Gas the Town of Sydney in the Colony of New South Wales and to enable certain persons associated under the name style and firm of "The Australian Gas Light Company" to sue and be sued in the name of the secretary for the time being of the said company and for other purposes therein mentioned. [Assented to, 7th September, 1837.]
- 5
- An Act to enable "The Colonial Sugar Refining Company" to sue and be sued in the name of such company, and to vest the property of the company in the trustees for the time being of such company. [Assented to, 30th December, 1863.]
- 10
- Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company's Act of 1865.
An Act to enable the members of the United Church of England and Ireland in New South Wales to manage the property of the said Church. [Assented to, 4th October, 1866.]
- 15
- Church of England Property Act of 1889.
Australian Jockey Club Act, 1873.
Murrumbidgee Turf Club Act of 1876.
Tattersall's Club Act of 1888.
- 20
- Hawkesbury Racecourse Act of 1890.
An Act for the purpose of enabling the trustees of Albury Racecourse to grant leases thereof to any club; to enable the members of the club to sue and be sued in the name of the chairman of the committee for the time being of the club; and for other purposes. [Assented to, 29th March, 1892.]
- 25
- City Tattersall's Club Act of 1912.
Permanent Trustee Company of New South Wales (Limited) Act of 1888.
Permanent Trustee Company of New South Wales, Limited (Amendment), Act, 1918.
- 30
- Perpetual Trustee Company (Limited) Act of 1888.
Perpetual Trustee Company (Limited) Amendment Act, 1918.
Union Trustee Company of Australia, Limited, Act, 1914.
Union Trustee Company of Australia, Limited, Amendment Act, 1919.
- 35
- Elder's Trustee and Executor Company, Limited, Act, 1920.

